

If you plan to submit a bid directly to the Department of Transportation

PREQUALIFICATION

Any contractor who desires to become pre-qualified to bid on work advertised by IDOT must submit the properly completed pre-qualification forms to the Bureau of Construction no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time twenty-one days prior to the letting of interest. This pre-qualification requirement applies to first time contractors, contractors renewing expired ratings, contractors maintaining continuous pre-qualification or contractors requesting revised ratings. To be eligible to bid, existing pre-qualification ratings must be effective through the date of letting.

REQUESTS FOR AUTHORIZATION TO BID

Contractors downloading and/or ordering CD-ROM's and are wanting to bid on items included in a particular letting must submit the properly completed "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124INT) and the ORIGINAL, signed and notarized, "Affidavit of Availability" (BC 57) to the proper office no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time, three (3) days prior to the letting date.

WHO CAN BID ?

Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written **Authorization to Bid** from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID? When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124INT) he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued a **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form**, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction, that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If **Authorization to Bid** cannot be approved, the **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form** will indicate the reason for denial.

ABOUT AUTHORIZATION TO BID: Firms that have not received an authorization form within a reasonable time of complete and correct original document submittal should contact the department as to status. This is critical in the week before the letting. These documents must be received three days before the letting date. Firms unsure as to authorization status should call the Prequalification Section of the Bureau of Construction at the number listed at the end of these instructions.

ADDENDA AND REVISIONS: It is the contractor's responsibility to determine which, if any, addenda or revisions pertain to any project they may be bidding. Failure to incorporate all relevant addenda or revisions may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

Each addendum will be placed with the contract number. Addenda and revisions will also be placed on the Addendum/Revision Checklist and each subscription service subscriber will be notified by e-mail of each addendum and revision issued.

The Internet is the Department's primary way of doing business. The subscription server e-mails are an added courtesy the Department provides. It is suggested that bidder check IDOT's website <http://www.dot.il.gov/desenv/delett.html> before submitting final bid information.

IDOT is not responsible for any e-mail related failures.

Addenda Questions may be directed to the Contracts Office at (217)782-7806 or D&Econtracts@dot.il.gov

Technical Questions about downloading these files may be directed to Tim Garman (217)524-1642 or garmantr@dot.il.gov.

WHAT MUST BE INCLUDED WHEN BIDS ARE SUBMITTED?: Bidders need not return the entire proposal when bids are submitted. That portion of the proposal that must be returned includes the following:

1. All documents from the Proposal Cover Sheet through the Proposal Bid Bond
2. Other special documentation and/or information that may be required by the contract special provisions

All proposal documents, including Proposal Guaranty Checks or Proposal Bid Bonds, should be stapled together to prevent loss when bids are processed by IDOT personnel.

ABOUT SUBMITTING BIDS: It is recommended that bidders deliver bids in person to insure they arrive at the proper location prior to the time specified for the receipt of bids. Any bid received at the place of letting after the time specified will not be accepted.

WHO SHOULD BE CALLED IF ASSISTANCE IS NEEDED?

| Questions Regarding | Call |
|--|---------------|
| Prequalification and/or Authorization to Bid | (217)782-3413 |
| Preparation and submittal of bids | (217)782-7806 |
| Mailing of plans and proposals | (217)782-7806 |
| Electronic plans and proposals | (217)524-1642 |

ADDENDUMS AND REVISIONS TO THE PROPOSAL FORMS

Planholders should verify that they have received and incorporated the addendum and/or revision prior to submitting their bid. Failure by the bidder to include an addendum could result in a bid being rejected as irregular.

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RETURN WITH BID

| |
|-----------------------|
| Proposal Submitted By |
| Name |
| Address |
| City |

Letting June 17, 2005

BIDDERS NEED NOT RETURN THE ENTIRE PROPOSAL
(See instructions inside front cover)

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS

This proposal can be used for bidding purposes by only those companies that request and receive written AUTHORIZATION TO BID from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.
(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE INSIDE OF COVER)

Notice To Bidders, Specifications, Proposal, Contract and Contract Bond



Illinois Department
of Transportation

Springfield, Illinois 62764

Contract No. 62291
DUPAGE County
Section 54WRS-7
District 1 Construction Funds
Route FAU 3545

PLEASE MARK THE APPROPRIATE BOX BELOW:

- A Bid Bond is included.
- A Cashier's Check or a Certified Check is included.

Prepared by

S

Checked by

(Printed by authority of the State of Illinois)

INSTRUCTIONS

ABOUT IDOT PROPOSALS: All proposals issued by IDOT are potential bidding proposals. Each proposal contains all Certifications and Affidavits, a Proposal Signature Sheet and a Proposal Bid Bond required for Prime Contractors to submit a bid after written **Authorization to Bid** has been issued by IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

WHO CAN BID?: Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written **Authorization to Bid** from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction. To request authorization, a potential bidder must complete and submit Part B of the Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status form (BDE 124 INT) and submit an original Affidavit of Availability (BC 57).

WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID?: When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Proposal Forms and Plans" he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued a **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form**, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction, that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If **Authorization to Bid** cannot be approved, the **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form** will indicate the reason for denial. If a contractor has requested to bid but has not received a **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form**, they should contact the Central Bureau of Construction in advance of the letting date.

WHAT MUST BE INCLUDED WHEN BIDS ARE SUBMITTED?: Bidders need not return the entire proposal when bids are submitted. That portion of the proposal that must be returned includes the following:

1. All documents from the Proposal Cover Sheet through the Proposal Bid Bond
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| Mailing of CD-ROMS | 217/782-7806 |

RETURN WITH BID



PROPOSAL

TO THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

1. Proposal of _____

for the improvement identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 62291
DUPAGE County
Section 54WRS-7
Route FAU 3545
District 1 Construction Funds**

This improvement consists of roadway widening and reconstruction of Illinois Route 56 from west of Summit Road to Illinois Route 83 within the Villages of Oakbrook and Oak Brook Terrace for a total length of 1.39 miles.

2. The undersigned bidder will furnish all labor, material and equipment to complete the above described project in a good and workmanlike manner as provided in the contract documents provided by the Department of Transportation. This proposal will become part of the contract and the terms and conditions contained in the contract documents shall govern performance and payments.

RETURN WITH BID

3. **ASSURANCE OF EXAMINATION AND INSPECTION/WAIVER.** The undersigned further declares that he/she has carefully examined the proposal, plans, specifications, form of contract and contract bond, and special provisions, and that he/she has inspected in detail the site of the proposed work, and that he/she has familiarized themselves with all of the local conditions affecting the contract and the detailed requirements of construction, and understands that in making this proposal he/she waives all right to plead any misunderstanding regarding the same.
4. **EXECUTION OF CONTRACT AND CONTRACT BOND.** The undersigned further agrees to execute a contract for this work and present the same to the department within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her. The undersigned further agrees that he/she and his/her surety will execute and present within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her contract bond satisfactory to and in the form prescribed by the Department of Transportation, in the penal sum of the full amount of the contract, guaranteeing the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the terms of the contract.
5. **PROPOSAL GUARANTY.** Accompanying this proposal is either a bid bond on the department form, executed by a corporate surety company satisfactory to the department, or a proposal guaranty check consisting of a bank cashier's check or a properly certified check for not less than 5 per cent of the amount bid or for the amount specified in the following schedule:

| <u>Amount of Bid</u> | | <u>Proposal Guaranty</u> | <u>Amount of Bid</u> | | <u>Proposal Guaranty</u> | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----|--------------------------|-------------|
| Up to | \$5,000 | \$150 | \$2,000,000 | to | \$3,000,000 | \$100,000 |
| \$5,000 | to \$10,000 | \$300 | \$3,000,000 | to | \$5,000,000 | \$150,000 |
| \$10,000 | to \$50,000 | \$1,000 | \$5,000,000 | to | \$7,500,000 | \$250,000 |
| \$50,000 | to \$100,000 | \$3,000 | \$7,500,000 | to | \$10,000,000 | \$400,000 |
| \$100,000 | to \$150,000 | \$5,000 | \$10,000,000 | to | \$15,000,000 | \$500,000 |
| \$150,000 | to \$250,000 | \$7,500 | \$15,000,000 | to | \$20,000,000 | \$600,000 |
| \$250,000 | to \$500,000 | \$12,500 | \$20,000,000 | to | \$25,000,000 | \$700,000 |
| \$500,000 | to \$1,000,000 | \$25,000 | \$25,000,000 | to | \$30,000,000 | \$800,000 |
| \$1,000,000 | to \$1,500,000 | \$50,000 | \$30,000,000 | to | \$35,000,000 | \$900,000 |
| \$1,500,000 | to \$2,000,000 | \$75,000 | over | | \$35,000,000 | \$1,000,000 |

Bank cashier's checks or properly certified checks accompanying proposals shall be made payable to the Treasurer, State of Illinois, when the state is awarding authority; the county treasurer, when a county is the awarding authority; or the city, village, or town treasurer, when a city, village, or town is the awarding authority.

If a combination bid is submitted, the proposal guaranties which accompany the individual proposals making up the combination will be considered as also covering the combination bid.

The amount of the proposal guaranty check is _____ \$(_____). If this proposal is accepted and the undersigned shall fail to execute a contract bond as required herein, it is hereby agreed that the amount of the proposal guaranty shall become the property of the State of Illinois, and shall be considered as payment of damages due to delay and other causes suffered by the State because of the failure to execute said contract and contract bond; otherwise, the bid bond shall become void or the proposal guaranty check shall be returned to the undersigned.

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Attach Cashier's Check or Certified Check Here | |
| In the event that one proposal guaranty check is intended to cover two or more proposals, the amount must be equal to the sum of the proposal guaranties which would be required for each individual proposal. If the guaranty check is placed in another proposal, state below where it may be found. | |
| The proposal guaranty check will be found in the proposal for: | Item _____ |
| | Section No. _____ |
| | County _____ |

Mark the proposal cover sheet as to the type of proposal guaranty submitted. BD 354 (Rev. 11/2001)

RETURN WITH BID

6. **COMBINATION BIDS.** The undersigned further agrees that if awarded the contract for the sections contained in the following combination, he/she will perform the work in accordance with the requirements of each individual proposal comprising the combination bid specified in the schedule below, and that the combination bid shall be prorated against each section in proportion to the bid submitted for the same. If an error is found to exist in the gross sum bid for one or more of the individual sections included in a combination, the combination bid shall be corrected as provided in the specifications.

When a combination bid is submitted, the schedule below must be completed in each proposal comprising the combination.

If alternate bids are submitted for one or more of the sections comprising the combination, a combination bid must be submitted for each alternate.

Schedule of Combination Bids

| Combination No. | Sections Included in Combination | Combination Bid | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| | | Dollars | Cents |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

7. **SCHEDULE OF PRICES.** The undersigned bidder submits herewith, in accordance with the rules and instructions, a schedule of prices for the items of work for which bids are sought. The unit prices bid are in U.S. dollars and cents, and all extensions and summations have been made. The bidder understands that the quantities appearing in the bid schedule are approximate and are provided for the purpose of obtaining a gross sum for the comparison of bids. If there is an error in the extension of the unit prices, the unit prices shall govern. Payment to the contractor awarded the contract will be made only for actual quantities of work performed and accepted or materials furnished according to the contract. The scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished may be increased, decreased or omitted as provided elsewhere in the contract.

8. **CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.** The undersigned bidder, if a business organized under the laws of another State, assures the Department that it will furnish a copy of its certificate of authority to do business in the State of Illinois with the return of the executed contract and bond. Failure to furnish the certificate within the time provided for execution of an awarded contract may be cause for cancellation of the award and forfeiture of the proposal guaranty to the State.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT
 NUMBER - 62291

State Job # - C-91-386-01
 PPS NBR - 1-71235-0200
 County Name - DUPAGE- -
 Code - 43 - -
 District - 1 - -
 Section Number - 54WRS-7

Project Number

Route
FAU 3545

| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| A2004820 | T-GLED TRI-I SK 2-1/2 | EACH | 11.000 | | | | |
| A2005020 | T-GYMNOCLA DIO 2-1/2 | EACH | 11.000 | | | | |
| A2006520 | T-QUERCUS BICOL 2-1/2 | EACH | 9.000 | | | | |
| A2007120 | T-QUERCUS RUBRA 2-1/2 | EACH | 16.000 | | | | |
| A2008120 | T-TILIA CORD GS 2-1/2 | EACH | 10.000 | | | | |
| B2005466 | T-PRUN VR SH CL 6' | EACH | 7.000 | | | | |
| B2006366 | T-SYRG RET IS CL 6' | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| C2C05824 | S-RHUS AROMA GRO 2'C | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| C2012036 | S-VIBURN DEN SYN 3' | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| D2002760 | E-PINUS NIGRA 5' | EACH | 9.000 | | | | |
| XX001877 | SUMP PUMP LINE CONN | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| XX002159 | WATER SERV INSTAL 1 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| XX002852 | RE-OPTIMIZE TR SIG SY | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| XX003402 | WATER MAIN INSULATION | FOOT | 150.000 | | | | |
| XX003516 | CONN EX W MN NP 8 | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| XX004360 | SAN SEWER BYPASS PUMP | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| XX004592 | MH TA 6D T1F CL RP | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| XX005449 | AGG SUBGRADE 16 | SQ YD | 254.000 | | | | |
| X0301335 | WATER MAIN REMOV 8 | FOOT | 749.000 | | | | |
| X0320591 | SAN MAN REMOVED | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| X0322033 | STORM SEW WM REQ 12 | FOOT | 1,880.000 | | | | |
| X0322034 | STORM SEW WM REQ 15 | FOOT | 285.000 | | | | |
| X0322035 | STORM SEW WM REQ 18 | FOOT | 280.000 | | | | |
| X0322089 | STORM SEW WM REQ 36 | FOOT | 291.000 | | | | |
| X0322127 | STORM SEW WM REQ 30 | FOOT | 39.000 | | | | |
| X0322256 | TEMP INFO SIGNING | SQ FT | 103.000 | | | | |
| X0322476 | CONN EX DOWNSPOUTS | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| X0322525 | STORM SEW WM REQ 21 | FOOT | 140.000 | | | | |
| X0322925 | ELCBL C TRACER 14 1C | FOOT | 5,135.000 | | | | |
| X0323168 | DROP CONNECTION | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| X0323207 | SAN SEW, PVC, 10" | FOOT | 111.000 | | | | |
| X0323841 | WM LINE STOP 8 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| X0325012 | CONN EX W MN NP 10 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| X0325013 | WATER SERV INST 1.5 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| X0325014 | WATER SERV INST 2 | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| X0487700 | SAN SEW REMOV 10 | FOOT | 111.000 | | | | |
| X0712400 | TEMP PAVEMENT | SQ YD | 9,070.000 | | | | |
| X2800100 | TEMP DITCH CHK ROL EX | EACH | 11.000 | | | | |
| X3550300 | BIT BC SUPER 6 | SQ YD | 1,999.000 | | | | |
| X3550500 | BIT BC SUPER 8 | SQ YD | 3,529.000 | | | | |
| X4066414 | BC SC SUPER "C" N50 | TON | 1,163.000 | | | | |
| X4066548 | P BCSC SUPER "F" N90 | TON | 6,606.000 | | | | |
| X4066614 | BCBC SUP IL-19.0 N50 | TON | 575.000 | | | | |
| X4066618 | BCBC SUP IL-19.0 N90 | TON | 33,359.000 | | | | |
| X4066770 | LEV BIND MM SUPER N70 | TON | 73.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| X4067100 | P LB MM SU IL4.75 N50 | TON | 279.000 | | | | |
| X4400100 | PCC SURF REM VAR DP | SQ YD | 942.000 | | | | |
| X7011005 | TR CONT-PROT TEMP DET | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| X7015000 | CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SN | CAL MO | 16.000 | | | | |
| X8050015 | SERV INSTALL POLE MT | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| X8710020 | FOCC62.5/125 MM12SM12 | FOOT | 5,147.000 | | | | |
| X8730027 | ELCBL C GROUND 6 1C | FOOT | 1,230.000 | | | | |
| X8730250 | ELCBL C 20 3C TW SH | FOOT | 657.000 | | | | |
| X8800020 | SH LED 1F 3S MAM | EACH | 8.000 | | | | |
| X8800040 | SH LED 1F 5S BM | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| X8800045 | SH LED 1F 5S MAM | EACH | 9.000 | | | | |
| X8800070 | SH LED 2F 5S BM | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| X8805280 | SH LED 2F 1-3 1-5 BM | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| X8810610 | PED SH LED 1F BM | EACH | 6.000 | | | | |
| X8810620 | PED SH LED 2F BM | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |

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| Z0001040 | AGG SUBGRADE 8 | SQ YD | 3,332.000 | | | | |
| Z0001050 | AGG SUBGRADE 12 | SQ YD | 55,876.000 | | | | |
| Z0013798 | CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| Z0030255 | IMP ATTN TEMP FRN TL2 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| Z0044800 | PRESS CONNECT 8X8 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| Z0044900 | PRESS CONNECT 10X10 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 20100110 | TREE REMOV 6-15 | UNIT | 887.000 | | | | |
| 20100210 | TREE REMOV OVER 15 | UNIT | 584.000 | | | | |
| 20100500 | TREE REMOV ACRES | ACRE | 0.500 | | | | |
| 20101100 | TREE TRUNK PROTECTION | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 20201200 | REM & DISP UNS MATL | CU YD | 37,195.000 | | | | |
| 20400800 | FURNISHED EXCAV | CU YD | 3,190.000 | | | | |
| 20700420 | POROUS GRAN EMB SUBGR | CU YD | 5,189.000 | | | | |
| 20800150 | TRENCH BACKFILL | CU YD | 9,716.000 | | | | |
| 21001000 | GEOTECH FAB F/GR STAB | SQ YD | 7,833.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 21101615 | TOPSOIL F & P 4 | SQ YD | 31,852.000 | | | | |
| 25000400 | NITROGEN FERT NUTR | POUND | 395.000 | | | | |
| 25000500 | PHOSPHORUS FERT NUTR | POUND | 395.000 | | | | |
| 25000600 | POTASSIUM FERT NUTR | POUND | 395.000 | | | | |
| 25100115 | MULCH METHOD 2 | ACRE | 6.000 | | | | |
| 25200110 | SODDING SALT TOLERANT | SQ YD | 31,852.000 | | | | |
| 25200200 | SUPPLE WATERING | UNIT | 410.000 | | | | |
| 28000250 | TEMP EROS CONTR SEED | POUND | 604.000 | | | | |
| 28000400 | PERIMETER EROS BAR | FOOT | 4,565.000 | | | | |
| 28000500 | INLET & PIPE PROTECT | EACH | 68.000 | | | | |
| 28000510 | INLET FILTERS | EACH | 152.000 | | | | |
| 28100107 | STONE RIPRAP CL A4 | SQ YD | 44.000 | | | | |
| 28200200 | FILTER FABRIC | SQ YD | 60.000 | | | | |
| 31101200 | SUB GRAN MAT B 4 | SQ YD | 5,508.000 | | | | |
| 35300300 | PCC BSE CSE 8 | SQ YD | 186.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 40200800 | AGG SURF CSE B | TON | 2,199.000 | | | | |
| 40600200 | BIT MATLS PR CT | TON | 146.000 | | | | |
| 40600300 | AGG PR CT | TON | 307.000 | | | | |
| 40600400 | MIX CR JTS FLANGEWYS | TON | 5.000 | | | | |
| 40600895 | CONSTRUC TEST STRIP | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 40600980 | BIT SURF REM BUTT JT | SQ YD | 28.000 | | | | |
| 40600985 | PCC SURF REM BUTT JT | SQ YD | 355.000 | | | | |
| 40600990 | TEMPORARY RAMP | SQ YD | 127.000 | | | | |
| 42001300 | PROTECTIVE COAT | SQ YD | 6,673.000 | | | | |
| 42300200 | PCC DRIVEWAY PAVT 6 | SQ YD | 38.000 | | | | |
| 42300400 | PCC DRIVEWAY PAVT 8 | SQ YD | 454.000 | | | | |
| 42400200 | PC CONC SIDEWALK 5 | SQ FT | 4,424.000 | | | | |
| 44000008 | BIT SURF REM 2 1/2 | SQ YD | 1,625.000 | | | | |
| 44000030 | BIT SURF REM VAR DP | SQ YD | 1,520.000 | | | | |
| 44000100 | PAVEMENT REM | SQ YD | 38,551.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 4400200 | DRIVE PAVEMENT REM | SQ YD | 7,424.000 | | | | |
| 4400300 | CURB REM | FOOT | 1,315.000 | | | | |
| 4400500 | COMB CURB GUTTER REM | FOOT | 8,127.000 | | | | |
| 4400600 | SIDEWALK REM | SQ FT | 2,551.000 | | | | |
| 44001700 | COMB C C&G REM & REPL | FOOT | 225.000 | | | | |
| 44002020 | CONC MEDIAN SURF REM | SQ FT | 704.000 | | | | |
| 44003100 | MEDIAN REMOVAL | SQ FT | 3,991.000 | | | | |
| 44003510 | MEDIAN REMOVAL (PD) | SQ FT | 3,366.000 | | | | |
| 44004250 | PAVED SHLD REMOVAL | SQ YD | 77.000 | | | | |
| 44200966 | CL B PATCH T1 10 | SQ YD | 15.000 | | | | |
| 44200970 | CL B PATCH T2 10 | SQ YD | 231.000 | | | | |
| 44200974 | CL B PATCH T3 10 | SQ YD | 168.000 | | | | |
| 44200976 | CL B PATCH T4 10 | SQ YD | 90.000 | | | | |
| 44201718 | CL D PATCH T2 6 1/2 | SQ YD | 28.000 | | | | |
| 44201722 | CL D PATCH T3 6 1/2 | SQ YD | 91.000 | | | | |

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
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 NUMBER - 62291

State Job # - C-91-386-01
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 Code - 43 - -
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 FAU 3545

| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 44201724 | CL D PATCH T4 6 1/2 | SQ YD | 485.000 | | | | |
| 44300200 | STRIP REF CR CON TR | FOOT | 243.000 | | | | |
| 48101200 | AGGREGATE SHLDS B | TON | 911.000 | | | | |
| 48202600 | BIT SHLD SUPER 8 | SQ YD | 583.000 | | | | |
| 48300400 | PCC SHOULDERS 9 | SQ YD | 266.000 | | | | |
| 50104400 | CONC HDWL REM | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| 50105220 | PIPE CULVERT REMOV | FOOT | 1,247.000 | | | | |
| 5421D012 | P CUL CL D 1 12 TEMP | FOOT | 129.000 | | | | |
| 5421D015 | P CUL CL D 1 15 TEMP | FOOT | 98.000 | | | | |
| 5421D027 | P CUL CL D 1 27 TEMP | FOOT | 5.000 | | | | |
| 54213655 | PRC FLAR END SEC 10 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 54213657 | PRC FLAR END SEC 12 | EACH | 9.000 | | | | |
| 54213666 | PRC FLAR END SEC 21 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 54213675 | PRC FLAR END SEC 30 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 54213681 | PRC FLAR END SEC 36 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |

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| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 54214713 | PRCF END S EL EQRS 18 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 54214725 | PRCF END S EL EQRS 30 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 54217711 | R C PIPE TEE 42P 24R | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 54247150 | GRATING-C FL END S 30 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 54247170 | GRATING-C FL END S 36 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 54248150 | GRT-C FL END S EQV 30 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 550A0030 | STORM SEW CL A 1 8 | FOOT | 12.000 | | | | |
| 550A0050 | STORM SEW CL A 1 12 | FOOT | 1,294.000 | | | | |
| 550A0070 | STORM SEW CL A 1 15 | FOOT | 435.000 | | | | |
| 550A0090 | STORM SEW CL A 1 18 | FOOT | 71.000 | | | | |
| 550A0110 | STORM SEW CL A 1 21 | FOOT | 129.000 | | | | |
| 550A0120 | STORM SEW CL A 1 24 | FOOT | 93.000 | | | | |
| 550A0160 | STORM SEW CL A 1 36 | FOOT | 10.000 | | | | |
| 550A0340 | STORM SEW CL A 2 12 | FOOT | 1,339.000 | | | | |
| 550A0360 | STORM SEW CL A 2 15 | FOOT | 1,141.000 | | | | |

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| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 550A0380 | STORM SEW CL A 2 18 | FOOT | 782.000 | | | | |
| 550A0400 | STORM SEW CL A 2 21 | FOOT | 1,961.000 | | | | |
| 550A0410 | STORM SEW CL A 2 24 | FOOT | 196.000 | | | | |
| 550A0450 | STORM SEW CL A 2 36 | FOOT | 99.000 | | | | |
| 550A0470 | STORM SEW CL A 2 42 | FOOT | 81.000 | | | | |
| 550A0700 | STORM SEW CL A 3 21 | FOOT | 132.000 | | | | |
| 550B0010 | STORM SEW CL B 1 4 | FOOT | 8.000 | | | | |
| 55034200 | SS 1 RCEP S23 R14 | FOOT | 259.000 | | | | |
| 55034300 | SS 1 RCEP S30 R19 | FOOT | 302.000 | | | | |
| 55034500 | SS 1 RCEP S38 R24 | FOOT | 626.000 | | | | |
| 55034700 | SS 1 RCEP S53 R34 | FOOT | 153.000 | | | | |
| 55035800 | SS 2 RCEP S53 R34 | FOOT | 352.000 | | | | |
| 55037900 | SS CLEANED 15 | FOOT | 443.000 | | | | |
| 55038000 | SS CLEANED 18 | FOOT | 400.000 | | | | |
| 55038600 | SS CLEANED 36 | FOOT | 192.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 55100200 | STORM SEWER REM 6 | FOOT | 86.000 | | | | |
| 55100500 | STORM SEWER REM 12 | FOOT | 961.000 | | | | |
| 55100700 | STORM SEWER REM 15 | FOOT | 2,141.000 | | | | |
| 55101200 | STORM SEWER REM 24 | FOOT | 30.000 | | | | |
| 55101400 | STORM SEWER REM 30 | FOOT | 160.000 | | | | |
| 56100400 | WATER MAIN 3 | FOOT | 45.000 | | | | |
| 56100500 | WATER MAIN 4 | FOOT | 45.000 | | | | |
| 56100600 | WATER MAIN 6 | FOOT | 101.000 | | | | |
| 56100700 | WATER MAIN 8 | FOOT | 717.000 | | | | |
| 56100800 | WATER MAIN 10 | FOOT | 885.000 | | | | |
| 56104700 | WATER VALVES 3 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 56104800 | WATER VALVES 4 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 56104900 | WATER VALVES 6 | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 56105000 | WATER VALVES 8 | EACH | 6.000 | | | | |
| 56105100 | WATER VALVES 10 | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 56106400 | ADJ WATER MAIN 8 | FOOT | 20.000 | | | | |
| 56106500 | ADJ WATER MAIN 10 | FOOT | 26.000 | | | | |
| 56400100 | FIRE HYDNPTS TO BE MVD | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 56400300 | FIRE HYDNPTS TO BE ADJ | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 56400500 | FIRE HYDNPTS TO BE REM | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 56400600 | FIRE HYDRANTS | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 56500200 | DOM WAT SER BOX MOVED | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 56500600 | DOM WAT SER BOX ADJ | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 60100060 | CONC HDWL FOR P DRAIN | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60107600 | PIPE UNDERDRAINS 4 | FOOT | 2,244.000 | | | | |
| 60200205 | CB TA 4 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| 60200805 | CB TA 4 DIA T8G | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 60201340 | CB TA 4 DIA T24F&G | EACH | 88.000 | | | | |
| 60207605 | CB TC T8G | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| 60207905 | CB TC T11F&G | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |

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| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 60208240 | CB TC T24F&G | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 60209005 | CB TC MED INL 604101 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60214714 | RD CB 4 DIA T24F&G | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 60218400 | MAN TA 4 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 28.000 | | | | |
| 60219000 | MAN TA 4 DIA T8G | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 60221100 | MAN TA 5 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 29.000 | | | | |
| 60221700 | MAN TA 5 DIA T8G | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 60223800 | MAN TA 6 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 60224460 | MAN TA 7 DIA T24F&G | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60228110 | MAN SAN 4 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60231400 | MAN SPL 5 DIA | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60236200 | INLETS TA T8G | EACH | 20.000 | | | | |
| 60237470 | INLETS TA T24F&G | EACH | 14.000 | | | | |
| 60240301 | INLETS TB T8G | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60248000 | JUNCTION CHAMBER N1 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |

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| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 60248100 | JUNCTION CHAMBER N2 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60248200 | JUNCTION CHAMBER N3 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60248300 | JUNCTION CHAMBER N4 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60248400 | JUNCTION CHAMBER N5 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60248500 | JUNCTION CHAMBER N6 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60248700 | VV TA 4 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| 60248900 | VV TA 5 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 6.000 | | | | |
| 60249400 | VALVE BOXES 6 | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| 60250500 | CB ADJ NEW T1F CL | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 60251730 | CB ADJ NEW T23F&G | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60251740 | CB ADJ NEW T24F&G | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 60252800 | CB RECONST | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60253100 | CB RECON NEW T1F CL | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 60255800 | MAN ADJ NEW T1F CL | EACH | 13.000 | | | | |
| 60258200 | MAN RECON NEW T1F CL | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |

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| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 60261000 | INLETS ADJ NEW T8G | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60265900 | VV ADJ NEW T1F CL | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60266100 | VV RECONST | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60266500 | VV REMOVED | EACH | 7.000 | | | | |
| 60266600 | VALVE BOX ADJ | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 60266910 | VALVE BOX REMOVED | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 60300105 | FR & GRATES ADJUST | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 60300305 | FR & LIDS ADJUST | EACH | 54.000 | | | | |
| 60500040 | REMOV MANHOLES | EACH | 10.000 | | | | |
| 60500050 | REMOV CATCH BAS | EACH | 21.000 | | | | |
| 60500060 | REMOV INLETS | EACH | 28.000 | | | | |
| 60600095 | CLASS SI CONC OUTLET | CU YD | 9.000 | | | | |
| 60600505 | CONC CURB SPL | FOOT | 13.000 | | | | |
| 60600605 | CONC CURB TB | FOOT | 48.000 | | | | |
| 60603800 | COMB CC&G TB6.12 | FOOT | 2,307.000 | | | | |

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| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 60605000 | COMB CC&G TB6.24 | FOOT | 13,910.000 | | | | |
| 60605300 | COMB CC&G TB6.24 MOD | FOOT | 670.000 | | | | |
| 60618300 | CONC MEDIAN SURF 4 | SQ FT | 704.000 | | | | |
| 60619700 | CONC MED TSB6.12 DOW | SQ FT | 852.000 | | | | |
| 60624600 | CORRUGATED MED | SQ FT | 1,012.000 | | | | |
| 66900200 | NON SPL WASTE DISPOSL | CU YD | 1,356.000 | | | | |
| 66900400 | SPL WAST GRD WAT DISP | GALLON | 277.000 | | | | |
| 66900450 | SPL WASTE PLNS/REPORT | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| 66900530 | SOIL DISPOSAL ANALY | EACH | 7.000 | | | | |
| 66901000 | BACKFILL PLUGS | CU YD | 20.000 | | | | |
| 67000400 | ENGR FIELD OFFICE A | CAL MO | 12.000 | | | | |
| 67000600 | ENGR FIELD LAB | CAL MO | 12.000 | | | | |
| 67100100 | MOBILIZATION | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| 70101800 | TRAF CONT & PROT SPL | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| 70103815 | TR CONT SURVEILLANCE | CAL DA | 230.000 | | | | |

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| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 70300100 | SHORT-TERM PAVT MKING | FOOT | 6,759.000 | | | | |
| 70300210 | TEMP PVT MK LTR & SYM | SQ FT | 838.000 | | | | |
| 70300220 | TEMP PVT MK LINE 4 | FOOT | 94,890.000 | | | | |
| 70300240 | TEMP PVT MK LINE 6 | FOOT | 5,731.000 | | | | |
| 70300260 | TEMP PVT MK LINE 12 | FOOT | 394.000 | | | | |
| 70300280 | TEMP PVT MK LINE 24 | FOOT | 577.000 | | | | |
| 70300520 | PAVT MARK TAPE T3 4 | FOOT | 7,235.000 | | | | |
| 70300540 | PAVT MARK TAPE T3 6 | FOOT | 116.000 | | | | |
| 70300560 | PAVT MARK TAPE T3 12 | FOOT | 153.000 | | | | |
| 70301000 | WORK ZONE PAVT MK REM | SQ FT | 38,053.000 | | | | |
| 70400100 | TEMP CONC BARRIER | FOOT | 290.000 | | | | |
| 72000100 | SIGN PANEL T1 | SQ FT | 289.000 | | | | |
| 72000200 | SIGN PANEL T2 | SQ FT | 50.000 | | | | |
| 72900100 | METAL POST TY A | FOOT | 460.000 | | | | |
| 72900200 | METAL POST TY B | FOOT | 252.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 73400100 | CONC FOUNDATION | CU YD | 95.000 | | | | |
| 73502000 | REL GR-MT SIN SUPPORT | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 73700200 | REM CONC FDN-GR MT | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 78000100 | THPL PVT MK LTR & SYM | SQ FT | 1,274.000 | | | | |
| 78000200 | THPL PVT MK LINE 4 | FOOT | 32,727.000 | | | | |
| 78000400 | THPL PVT MK LINE 6 | FOOT | 3,726.000 | | | | |
| 78000500 | THPL PVT MK LINE 8 | FOOT | 179.000 | | | | |
| 78000600 | THPL PVT MK LINE 12 | FOOT | 1,228.000 | | | | |
| 78000650 | THPL PVT MK LINE 24 | FOOT | 440.000 | | | | |
| 78100100 | RAISED REFL PAVT MKR | EACH | 950.000 | | | | |
| 78100200 | TEMP RAIS REF PVT MKR | EACH | 375.000 | | | | |
| 78300100 | PAVT MARKING REMOVAL | SQ FT | 13,384.000 | | | | |
| 78300200 | RAISED REF PVT MK REM | EACH | 548.000 | | | | |
| 81000600 | CON T 2 GALVS | FOOT | 5,048.000 | | | | |
| 81000700 | CON T 2 1/2 GALVS | FOOT | 216.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 81001000 | CON T 4 GALVS | FOOT | 28.000 | | | | |
| 81001100 | CON T 5 GALVS | FOOT | 10.000 | | | | |
| 81018500 | CON P 2 GALVS | FOOT | 955.000 | | | | |
| 81018900 | CON P 4 GALVS | FOOT | 793.000 | | | | |
| 81400100 | HANDHOLE | EACH | 18.000 | | | | |
| 81400200 | HD HANDHOLE | EACH | 6.000 | | | | |
| 81400300 | DBL HANDHOLE | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 81500200 | TR & BKFIL F ELECT WK | FOOT | 5,209.000 | | | | |
| 85000200 | MAIN EX TR SIG INSTAL | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 85700205 | FAC T4 CAB SPL | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 86400100 | TRANSCEIVER - FIB OPT | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 87301215 | ELCBL C SIGNAL 14 2C | FOOT | 1,791.000 | | | | |
| 87301225 | ELCBL C SIGNAL 14 3C | FOOT | 2,173.000 | | | | |
| 87301245 | ELCBL C SIGNAL 14 5C | FOOT | 2,098.000 | | | | |
| 87301255 | ELCBL C SIGNAL 14 7C | FOOT | 3,541.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 87301305 | ELCBL C LEAD 14 1PR | FOOT | 4,345.000 | | | | |
| 87301805 | ELCBL C SERV 6 2C | FOOT | 98.000 | | | | |
| 87502500 | TS POST GALVS 16 | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| 87502520 | TS POST GALVS 18 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87700170 | S MAA & P 26 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87700190 | S MAA & P 30 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87700200 | S MAA & P 32 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87700210 | S MAA & P 34 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87700230 | S MAA & P 38 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87700240 | S MAA & P 40 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87700270 | S MAA & P 46 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87700280 | S MAA & P 48 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 87800100 | CONC FDN TY A | FOOT | 24.000 | | | | |
| 87800200 | CONC FDN TY D | FOOT | 8.000 | | | | |
| 87800400 | CONC FDN TY E 30D | FOOT | 66.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 87800415 | CONC FDN TY E 36D | FOOT | 39.000 | | | | |
| 87900200 | DRILL EX HANDHOLE | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 88200100 | TS BACKPLATE | EACH | 17.000 | | | | |
| 88500100 | INDUCTIVE LOOP DETECT | EACH | 18.000 | | | | |
| 88600100 | DET LOOP T1 | FOOT | 1,745.000 | | | | |
| 88600600 | DET LOOP REPL | FOOT | 324.000 | | | | |
| 88700200 | LIGHT DETECTOR | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| 88700300 | LIGHT DETECTOR AMP | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 88800100 | PED PUSH-BUTTON | EACH | 8.000 | | | | |
| 89000100 | TEMP TR SIG INSTALL | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 89502375 | REMOV EX TS EQUIP | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 89502380 | REMOV EX HANDHOLE | EACH | 15.000 | | | | |
| 89502385 | REMOV EX CONC FDN | EACH | 18.000 | | | | |

CONTRACT NUMBER

62291

THIS IS THE TOTAL BID

\$ _____

NOTES:

1. Each PAY ITEM should have a UNIT PRICE and a TOTAL PRICE.
2. The UNIT PRICE shall govern if no TOTAL PRICE is shown or if there is a discrepancy between the product of the UNIT PRICE multiplied by the QUANTITY.
3. If a UNIT PRICE is omitted, the TOTAL PRICE will be divided by the QUANTITY in order to establish a UNIT PRICE.
4. A bid may be declared UNACCEPTABLE if neither a unit price nor a total price is shown.

RETURN WITH BID

STATE REQUIRED ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING CONTRACT PROCUREMENT: ASSURANCES, CERTIFICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES

I. GENERAL

A. Article 50 of the Illinois Procurement Code establishes the duty of all State chief procurement officers, State purchasing officers, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.

B. In order to comply with the provisions of Article 50 and to carry out the duty established therein, all bidders are to adhere to ethical standards established for the procurement process, and to make such assurances, disclosures and certifications required by law. By execution of the Proposal Signature Sheet, the bidder indicates that each of the mandated assurances has been read and understood, that each certification is made and understood, and that each disclosure requirement has been understood and completed.

C. In addition to all other remedies provided by law, failure to comply with any assurance, failure to make any disclosure or the making of a false certification shall be grounds for termination of the contract and the suspension or debarment of the bidder.

II. ASSURANCES

A. The assurances hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous assurance, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for the completion of the contract.

B. Felons

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-10. Felons. Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any state agency from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-10.

C. Conflicts of Interest

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides in pertinent part:

Section 50-13. Conflicts of Interest.

(a) Prohibition. It is unlawful for any person holding an elective office in this State, holding a seat in the General Assembly, or appointed to or employed in any of the offices or agencies of state government and who receives compensation for such employment in excess of 60% of the salary of the Governor of the State of Illinois, or who is an officer or employee of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority, or who is the spouse or minor child of any such person to have or acquire any contract, or any direct pecuniary interest in any contract therein, whether for stationery, printing, paper, or any services, materials, or supplies, that will be wholly or partially satisfied by the payment of funds appropriated by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois or in any contract of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway authority.

(b) Interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) is entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(c) Combined interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association, or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) together with his or her spouse or minor children is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(d) Securities. Nothing in this Section invalidates the provisions of any bond or other security previously offered or to be offered for sale or sold by or for the State of Illinois.

(e) Prior interests. This Section does not affect the validity of any contract made between the State and an officer or employee of the State or member of the General Assembly, his or her spouse, minor child or any combination of those persons if that contract was in existence before his or her election or employment as an officer, member, or employee. The contract is voidable, however, if it cannot be completed within 365 days after the officer, member, or employee takes office or is employed.

The current salary of the Governor is \$150,700.00. Sixty percent of the salary is \$90,420.00.

RETURN WITH BID

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-13, or that an effective exemption has been issued by the Board of Ethics to any individual subject to the Section 50-13 prohibitions pursuant to the provisions of Section 50-20 of the Code and Executive Order Number 3 (1998). Information concerning the exemption process is available from the Department upon request.

D. Negotiations

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides in pertinent part:

Section 50-15. Negotiations.

(a) It is unlawful for any person employed in or on a continual contractual relationship with any of the offices or agencies of State government to participate in contract negotiations on behalf of that office or agency with any firm, partnership, association, or corporation with whom that person has a contract for future employment or is negotiating concerning possible future employment.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-15, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

E. Inducements

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-25. Inducement. Any person who offers or pays any money or other valuable thing to any person to induce him or her not to bid for a State contract or as recompense for not having bid on a State contract is guilty of a Class 4 felony. Any person who accepts any money or other valuable thing for not bidding for a State contract or who withholds a bid in consideration of the promise for the payment of money or other valuable thing is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-25, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

F. Revolving Door Prohibition

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-30. Revolving door prohibition. Chief procurement officers, associate procurement officers, State purchasing officers, their designees whose principal duties are directly related to State procurement, and executive officers confirmed by the Senate are expressly prohibited for a period of 2 years after terminating an affected position from engaging in any procurement activity relating to the State agency most recently employing them in an affected position for a period of at least 6 months. The prohibition includes, but is not limited to: lobbying the procurement process; specifying; bidding; proposing bid, proposal, or contract documents; on their own behalf or on behalf of any firm, partnership, association, or corporation. This Section applies only to persons who terminate an affected position on or after January 15, 1999.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-30, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

G. Reporting Anticompetitive Practices

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-40. Reporting anticompetitive practices. When, for any reason, any vendor, bidder, contractor, chief procurement officer, State purchasing officer, designee, elected official, or State employee suspects collusion or other anticompetitive practice among any bidders, offerors, contractors, proposers, or employees of the State, a notice of the relevant facts shall be transmitted to the Attorney General and the chief procurement officer.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has not failed to report any relevant facts concerning the practices addressed in Section 50-40 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

H. Confidentiality

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-45. Confidentiality. Any chief procurement officer, State purchasing officer, designee, or executive officer who willfully uses or allows the use of specifications, competitive bid documents, proprietary competitive information, proposals, contracts, or selection information to compromise the fairness or integrity of the procurement, bidding, or contract process shall be subject to immediate dismissal, regardless of the Personnel code, any contract, or any collective bargaining agreement, and may in addition be subject to criminal prosecution.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any fact relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-45 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

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I. Insider Information

1. The Illinois Procurement Act provides:

Section 50-50. Insider information. It is unlawful for any current or former elected or appointed State official or State employee to knowingly use confidential information available only by virtue of that office or employment for actual or anticipated gain for themselves or another person.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-50 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

III. CERTIFICATIONS

A. The certifications hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous certification, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

B. Bribery

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-5. Bribery.

(a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:

(1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or

(2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.

(b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:

(1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or

(2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

(c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.

(d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State shall contain a certification by the contractor that the contractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

2. The bidder certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50.5.

C. Educational Loan

1. Section 3 of the Educational Loan Default Act provides:

§ 3. No State agency shall contract with an individual for goods or services if that individual is in default, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, on an educational loan. Any contract used by any State agency shall include a statement certifying that the individual is not in default on an educational loan as provided in this Section.

2. The bidder, if an individual as opposed to a corporation, partnership or other form of business organization, certifies that the bidder is not in default on an educational loan as provided in Section 3 of the Act.

D. Bid-Rigging/Bid Rotating

1. Section 33E-11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 provides:

§ 33E-11. (a) Every bid submitted to and public contract executed pursuant to such bid by the State or a unit of local government shall contain a certification by the prime contractor that the prime contractor is not barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or 33E-4 of this Article. The State and units of local government shall provide the appropriate forms for such certification.

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(b) A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

A violation of Section 33E-3 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rigging which, in addition to Class 3 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be barred for 5 years from the date of conviction from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

A violation of Section 33E-4 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rotating which, in addition to Class 2 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be permanently barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

2. The bidder certifies that it is not barred from contracting with the Department by reason of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or Section 33E-4.

E. International Anti-Boycott

1. Section 5 of the International Anti-Boycott Certification Act provides:

§ 5. State contracts. Every contract entered into by the State of Illinois for the manufacture, furnishing, or purchasing of supplies, material, or equipment or for the furnishing of work, labor, or services, in an amount exceeding the threshold for small purchases according to the purchasing laws of this State or \$10,000.00, whichever is less, shall contain certification, as a material condition of the contract, by which the contractor agrees that neither the contractor nor any substantially-owned affiliated company is participating or shall participate in an international boycott in violation of the provisions of the U.S. Export Administration Act of 1979 or the regulations of the U.S. Department of Commerce promulgated under that Act.

2. The bidder makes the certification set forth in Section 5 of the Act.

F. Drug Free Workplace

1. The Illinois "Drug Free Workplace Act" applies to this contract and it is necessary to comply with the provisions of the "Act" if the contractor is a corporation, partnership, or other entity (including a sole proprietorship) which has 25 or more employees.

2. The bidder certifies that if awarded a contract in excess of \$5,000 it will provide a drug free workplace by:

(a) Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of a controlled substance, including cannabis, is prohibited in the contractor's workplace; specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violations of such prohibition; and notifying the employee that, as a condition of employment on such contract, the employee shall abide by the terms of the statement, and notify the employer of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five (5) days after such conviction.

(b) Establishing a drug free awareness program to inform employees about the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace; the contractor's policy of maintaining a drug free workplace; any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and the penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug violations.

(c) Providing a copy of the statement required by subparagraph (1) to each employee engaged in the performance of the contract and to post the statement in a prominent place in the workplace.

(d) Notifying the Department within ten (10) days after receiving notice from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of the conviction of an employee for a violation of any criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace.

(e) Imposing or requiring, within 30 days after receiving notice from an employee of a conviction or actual notice of such a conviction, an appropriate personnel action, up to and including termination, or the satisfactory participation in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved by a federal, state or local health, law enforcement or other appropriate agency.

(f) Assisting employees in selecting a course of action in the event drug counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation is required and indicating that a trained referral team is in place.

(g) Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug free workplace through implementation of the actions and efforts stated in this certification.

G. Debt Delinquency

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.

The contractor or bidder certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract under 30 ILCS 500. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The contractor further acknowledges that the contracting State agency may declare the contract void if this certification is false or if the contractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

H. Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-60(c).

The contractor certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 for a period of five years prior to the date of the bid or contract. The contractor acknowledges that the contracting agency shall declare the contract void if this certification is false.

I. ADDENDA

The contractor or bidder certifies that all relevant addenda have been incorporated in to this contract. Failure to do so may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

J. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

The contractor certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-12 that the bidder or contractor is not barred from being awarded a contract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The contractor acknowledges that the contracting agency may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

K. Apprenticeship and Training Certification (Does not apply to federal aid projects)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 30-22 (6) of the Illinois Procurement Code, the bidder certifies that it is a participant, either as an individual or as part of a group program, in the approved apprenticeship and training programs applicable to each type of work or craft that the bidder will perform with its own forces. The bidder further certifies for work that will be performed by subcontract that each of its subcontractors submitted for approval either (a) is, at the time of such bid, participating in an approved, applicable apprenticeship and training program; or (b) will, prior to commencement of performance of work pursuant to this contract, begin participation in an approved apprenticeship and training program applicable to the work of the subcontract. The Department, at any time before or after award, may require the production of a copy of each applicable Certificate of Registration issued by the United States Department of Labor evidencing such participation by the contractor and any or all of its subcontractors. Applicable apprenticeship and training programs are those that have been approved and registered with the United States Department of Labor. The bidder shall list in the space below, the official name of the program sponsor holding the Certificate of Registration for all of the types of work or crafts in which the bidder is a participant and that will be performed with the bidder's forces. Types of work or craft work that will be subcontracted shall be included and listed as subcontract work. The list shall also indicate any type of work or craft job category that does not have an applicable apprenticeship or training program. **The bidder is responsible for making a complete report and shall make certain that each type of work or craft job category that will be utilized on the project as reported on the Construction Employee Workforce Projection (Form BC-1256) and returned with the bid is accounted for and listed.**

The requirements of this certification and disclosure are a material part of the contract, and the contractor shall require this certification provision to be included in all approved subcontracts. In order to fulfill this requirement, it shall not be necessary that an applicable program sponsor be currently taking or that it will take applications for apprenticeship, training or employment during the performance of the work of this contract.

TO BE RETURNED WITH BID

IV. DISCLOSURES

A. The disclosures hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous disclosure, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Illinois Procurement Code provides that all bids of more than \$10,000 shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the bidder. This disclosed information for the successful bidder, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the bidding entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the contractor or bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 400 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any person or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each person making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each person making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the bidding entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. Disclosure Forms. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. Subject individuals should be covered each by one form. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies. **The forms must be included with each bid or incorporated by reference.**

C. Disclosure Form Instructions

Form A: For bidders that have previously submitted the information requested in Form A

The Department has retained the Form A disclosures submitted by all bidders responding to these requirements for the April 24, 1998 or any subsequent letting conducted by the Department. The bidder has the option of submitting the information again or the bidder may sign the following certification statement indicating that the information previously submitted by the bidder is, as of the date of signature, current and accurate. The Certification must be signed and dated by a person who is authorized to execute contracts for the bidding company. Before signing this certification, the bidder should carefully review its prior submissions to ensure the Certification is correct. If the Bidder signs the Certification, the Bidder should proceed to Form B instructions.

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

I have determined that the Form A disclosure information previously submitted is current and accurate, and all forms are hereby incorporated by reference in this bid. Any necessary additional forms or amendments to previously submitted forms are attached to this bid.

(Bidding Company)

Name of Authorized Representative (type or print)

Title of Authorized Representative (type or print)

Signature of Authorized Representative

Date

Form A: For bidders who have NOT previously submitted the information requested in Form A

If the bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 400 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any person or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a bidder is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the bidder must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the bidder should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on the second page of Form A must be signed and dated by a person that is authorized to execute contracts for the bidding company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

1. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES ___ NO ___
2. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than \$90,420.00? YES ___ NO ___
3. Does anyone in your organization receive more than \$90,420.00 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income? (Note: Distributive income is, for these purposes, any type of distribution of profits. An annual salary is not distributive income.) YES ___ NO ___
4. Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the bidding entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than \$90,420.00? YES ___ NO ___

(Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed per person per bid even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)

A "YES" answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The bidder must determine each individual in the bidding entity or the bidding entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by a person that is authorized to execute contracts for your organization. **Photocopied or stamped signatures are not acceptable.** The person signing can be, but does not have to be, the person for which the form is being completed. The bidder is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.

If the answer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on page 2 of Form A must be signed and dated by a person that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.

Form B: Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information Disclosure Form B must be completed for each bid submitted by the bidding entity. It must be signed by an individual who is authorized to execute contracts for the bidding entity. *Note: Signing the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A does not allow the bidder to ignore Form B. Form B must be completed, signed and dated or the bidder may be considered nonresponsive and the bid will not be accepted.*

The Bidder shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the signature box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the bidder must do one of the following:

Option I: If the bidder did not submit an Affidavit of Availability to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). Do not include IDOT contracts. Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts and are not to be included. Contracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital Development Board must be included. Bidders who submit Affidavits of Availability are suggested to use Option II.

Option II: If the bidder is required and has submitted an Affidavit of Availability in order to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder may write or type "See Affidavit of Availability" which indicates that the Affidavit of Availability is incorporated by reference and includes all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. For any contracts that are not covered by the Affidavit of Availability, the bidder must identify them on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). These might be such things as leases.

D. Bidders Submitting More Than One Bid

Bidders submitting multiple bids may submit one set of forms consisting of all required Form A disclosures and one Form B for use with all bids. Please indicate in the space provided below the bid item that contains the original disclosure forms and the bid items which incorporate the forms by reference.

- The bid submitted for letting item _____ contains the Form A disclosures or Certification Statement and the Form B disclosures. The following letting items incorporate the said forms by reference:

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Form A
Financial Information &
Potential Conflicts of Interest
Disclosure**

| | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Contractor Name | | |
| Legal Address | | |
| City, State, Zip | | |
| Telephone Number | Email Address | Fax Number (if available) |

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by the Section 50-35 of the Illinois Procurement Code (30 ILCS 500). Vendors desiring to enter into a contract with the State of Illinois must disclose the financial information and potential conflict of interest information as specified in this Disclosure Form. This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form A must be completed for bids in excess of \$10,000, and for all open-ended contracts. **A publicly traded company may submit a 10K disclosure (or equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Form A. See Disclosure Form Instructions.**

DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Disclosure of Financial Information. The individual named below has an interest in the BIDDER (or its parent) in terms of ownership or distributive income share in excess of 5%, or an interest which has a value of more than \$90,420.00 (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/01). **(Make copies of this form as necessary and attach a separate Disclosure Form A for each individual meeting these requirements)**

FOR INDIVIDUAL (type or print information)

NAME: _____

ADDRESS _____

Type of ownership/distributable income share:

stock _____ sole proprietorship _____ Partnership _____ other: (explain on separate sheet):
% or \$ value of ownership/distributable income share: _____

2. Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest. Check "Yes" or "No" to indicate which, if any, of the following potential conflict of interest relationships apply. If the answer to any question is "Yes", please attach additional pages and describe.

(a) State employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, including contractual employment of services. Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Are you currently an officer or employee of either the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No ___
2. Are you currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds \$90,420.00, (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/01) provide the name the State agency for which you are employed and your annual salary. _____

RETURN WITH BID/OFFER

3. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds \$90,420.00, (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/01) are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___
4. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds \$90,420.00, (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/01) are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15 % in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___

(b) State employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, including contractual employment services in the previous 2 years.

Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer or employee of the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No ___
2. Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds \$90,420.00, (60 % of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/01) provide the name of your spouse and/or minor children, the name of the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/her annual salary. _____
3. If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds \$90,420.00, (60% of the salary of the Governor as of 7/1/01) are you entitled to receive (i) more then 71/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___
4. If your spouse or any minor children are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds \$90,420.00, (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/01) are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15 % in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___

(c) Elective status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois, the government of the United States, any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois currently or in the previous 3 years.

Yes ___ No ___

(d) Relationship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter.

Yes ___ No ___

(e) Appointive office; the holding of any appointive government office of the State of Illinois, the United States of America, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensation in excess of the expenses incurred in the discharge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years.

Yes ___ No ___

(f) Relationship to anyone holding appointive office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter.

Yes ___ No ___

(g) Employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any registered lobbyist of the State government.

Yes ___ No ___

RETURN WITH BID/OFFER

(h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered election or reelection committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

(j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensated employee in the last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

APPLICABLE STATEMENT

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the INDIVIDUAL named on previous page.

Completed by: _____
Name of Authorized Representative (type or print)

Completed by: _____
Title of Authorized Representative (type or print)

Completed by: _____ Date _____
Signature of Individual or Authorized Representative

NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT

I have determined that no individuals associated with this organization meet the criteria that would require the completion of this Form A.

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the CONTRACTOR listed on the previous page.

Name of Authorized Representative (type or print)

Title of Authorized Representative (type or print)

Signature of Authorized Representative Date _____

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ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form B Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information Disclosure

Contractor Name
Legal Address
City, State, Zip
Telephone Number Email Address Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by the Section 50-35 of the Illinois Procurement Act (30 ILCS 500). This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form B must be completed for bids in excess of \$10,000, and for all open-ended contracts.

DISCLOSURE OF OTHER CONTRACTS AND PROCUREMENT RELATED INFORMATION

1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information. The BIDDER shall identify whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other State of Illinois agency: Yes ___ No ___

If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the signature box on the bottom of this page.

2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such relationship by showing State of Illinois agency name and other descriptive information such as bid or project number (attach additional pages as necessary). SEE DISCLOSURE FORM INSTRUCTIONS:

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE SIGNED

Name of Authorized Representative (type or print)
Title of Authorized Representative (type or print)
Signature of Authorized Representative Date

RETURN WITH BID

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The following requirements of the Illinois Department of Human Rights' Rules and Regulations are applicable to bidders on all construction contracts advertised by the Illinois Department of Transportation:

CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYEE UTILIZATION PROJECTION

- (a) All bidders on construction contracts shall complete and submit, along with and as part of their bids, a Bidder's Employee Utilization Form (Form BC-1256) setting forth a projection and breakdown of the total workforce intended to be hired and/or allocated to such contract work by the bidder including a projection of minority and female employee utilization in all job classifications on the contract project.
- (b) The Department of Transportation shall review the Employee Utilization Form, and workforce projections contained therein, of the contract awardee to determine if such projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification in accordance with the Equal Employment Opportunity Clause and Section 7.2 of the Illinois Department of Human Rights' Rules and Regulations for Public Contracts adopted as amended on September 17, 1980. If it is determined that the contract awardee's projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification, it shall be advised in writing of the manner in which it is underutilizing and such awardee shall be considered to be in breach of the contract unless, prior to commencement of work on the contract project, it submits revised satisfactory projections or an acceptable written affirmative action plan to correct such underutilization including a specific timetable geared to the completion stages of the contract.
- (c) The Department of Transportation shall provide to the Department of Human Rights a copy of the contract awardee's Employee Utilization Form, a copy of any required written affirmative action plan, and any written correspondence related thereto. The Department of Human Rights may review and revise any action taken by the Department of Transportation with respect to these requirements.

RETURN WITH BID



**Contract No. 62291
 DUPAGE County
 Section 54WRS-7
 Route FAU 3545
 District 1 Construction Funds**

PART I. IDENTIFICATION

Dept. Human Rights # _____ Duration of Project: _____

Name of Bidder: _____

PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION

A. The undersigned bidder has analyzed minority group and female populations, unemployment rates and availability of workers for the location in which this contract work is to be performed, and for the locations from which the bidder recruits employees, and hereby submits the following workforce projection including a projection for minority and female employee utilization in all job categories in the workforce to be allocated to this contract:

TABLE A

| TOTAL Workforce Projection for Contract | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---|--------------------|---|----------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|---------------------|---|
| JOB CATEGORIES | TOTAL EMPLOYEES | | MINORITY EMPLOYEES | | | | | | TRAINEES | | | |
| | | | BLACK | | HISPANIC | | *OTHER MINOR. | | APPRENTICES | | ON THE JOB TRAINEES | |
| | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| OFFICIALS (MANAGERS) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SUPERVISORS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FOREMEN | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLERICAL EQUIPMENT OPERATORS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MECHANICS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TRUCK DRIVERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IRONWORKERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CARPENTERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CEMENT MASONS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ELECTRICIANS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PIPEFITTERS, PLUMBERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PAINTERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABORERS, SEMI-SKILLED | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABORERS, UNSKILLED | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE B

| CURRENT EMPLOYEES TO BE ASSIGNED TO CONTRACT | | | |
|--|---|--------------------|---|
| TOTAL EMPLOYEES | | MINORITY EMPLOYEES | |
| M | F | M | F |
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TABLE C

| TOTAL Training Projection for Contract | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---|-------|---|----------|---|---------------|---|
| EMPLOYEES IN TRAINING | TOTAL EMPLOYEES | | BLACK | | HISPANIC | | *OTHER MINOR. | |
| | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
| APPRENTICES | | | | | | | | |
| ON THE JOB TRAINEES | | | | | | | | |

FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

*Other minorities are defined as Asians (A) or Native Americans (N).
 Please specify race of each employee shown in Other Minorities column.
Note: See instructions on the next page

RETURN WITH BID

**Contract No. 62291
DUPAGE County
Section 54WRS-7
Route FAU 3545
District 1 Construction Funds**

PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION - continued

B. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is the total number of **new hires** that would be employed in the event the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract.

The undersigned bidder projects that: (number) _____ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the contract project is located; and/or (number) _____ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the bidder's principal office or base of operation is located.

C. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is a projection of numbers of persons to be employed directly by the undersigned bidder as well as a projection of numbers of persons to be employed by subcontractors.

The undersigned bidder estimates that (number) _____ persons will be directly employed by the prime contractor and that (number) _____ persons will be employed by subcontractors.

PART III. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN

A. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that in the event the foregoing minority and female employee utilization projection included under **PART II** is determined to be an underutilization of minority persons or women in any job category, and in the event that the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract, he/she will, prior to commencement of work, develop and submit a written Affirmative Action Plan including a specific timetable (geared to the completion stages of the contract) whereby deficiencies in minority and/or female employee utilization are corrected. Such Affirmative Action Plan will be subject to approval by the contracting agency and the **Department of Human Rights**.

B. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that the minority and female employee utilization projection submitted herein, and the goals and timetable included under an Affirmative Action Plan if required, are deemed to be part of the contract specifications.

Company _____ Telephone Number _____

Address _____

NOTICE REGARDING SIGNATURE

The Bidder's signature on the Proposal Signature Sheet will constitute the signing of this form. The following signature block needs to be completed only if revisions are required.

Signature: _____ Title: _____ Date: _____

- Instructions: All tables must include subcontractor personnel in addition to prime contractor personnel.
- Table A - Include both the number of employees that would be hired to perform the contract work and the total number currently employed (Table B) that will be allocated to contract work, and include all apprentices and on-the-job trainees. The "Total Employees" column should include all employees including all minorities, apprentices and on-the-job trainees to be employed on the contract work.
- Table B - Include all employees currently employed that will be allocated to the contract work including any apprentices and on-the-job trainees currently employed.
- Table C - Indicate the racial breakdown of the total apprentices and on-the-job trainees shown in Table A.

RETURN WITH BID

**Contract No. 62291
DUPAGE County
Section 54WRS-7
Route FAU 3545
District 1 Construction Funds**

PROPOSAL SIGNATURE SHEET

The undersigned bidder hereby makes and submits this bid on the subject Proposal, thereby assuring the Department that all requirements of the Invitation for Bids and rules of the Department have been met, that there is no misunderstanding of the requirements of paragraph 3 of this Proposal, and that the contract will be executed in accordance with the rules of the Department if an award is made on this bid.

Firm Name _____
(IF AN INDIVIDUAL) Signature of Owner _____
Business Address _____

Firm Name _____
By _____
(IF A CO-PARTNERSHIP) Business Address _____

Name and Address of All Members of the Firm:

Corporate Name _____
By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative

Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative
(IF A CORPORATION) Attest _____
Signature
(IF A JOINT VENTURE, USE THIS SECTION
FOR THE MANAGING PARTY AND THE
SECOND PARTY SHOULD SIGN BELOW) Business Address _____

Corporate Name _____
By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative

Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative
(IF A JOINT VENTURE) Attest _____
Signature
Business Address _____

If more than two parties are in the joint venture, please attach an additional signature sheet.



RETURN WITH BID

Division of Highways
Proposal Bid Bond
(Effective November 1, 1992)

Item No.
Letting Date

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That We
as PRINCIPAL, and

held jointly, severally and firmly bound unto the STATE OF ILLINOIS in the penal sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amount specified in Article 102.09 of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, whichever is the lesser sum, well and truly to be paid unto said STATE OF ILLINOIS, for the payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

THE CONDITION OF THE FOREGOING OBLIGATION IS SUCH, That Whereas, the PRINCIPAL has submitted a bid proposal to the STATE OF ILLINOIS, acting through the Department of Transportation, for the improvement designated by the Transportation Bulletin Item Number and Letting Date indicated above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Department shall accept the bid proposal of the PRINCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time and as specified in the bidding and contract documents, submit a DBE Utilization Plan that is accepted and approved by the Department; and if, after award by the Department, the PRINCIPAL shall enter into a contract in accordance with the terms of the bidding and contract documents including evidence of the required insurance coverages and providing such bond as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the failure of the PRINCIPAL to make the required DBE submission or to enter into such contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL pays to the Department the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for which the Department may contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN THE EVENT the Department determines the PRINCIPAL has failed to comply with any requirement as set forth in the preceding paragraph, then Surety shall pay the penal sum to the Department within fifteen (15) days of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make full payment within such period of time, the Department may bring an action to collect the amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all its expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in any litigation in which it prevails either in whole or in part.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said PRINCIPAL and the said SURETY have caused this instrument to be signed by their respective officers this day of A.D.,

PRINCIPAL SURETY
(Company Name) (Company Name)
By: (Signature & Title) By: (Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)

Notary Certification for Principal and Surety

STATE OF ILLINOIS,
COUNTY OF

I, a Notary Public in and for said County, do hereby certify that
and

(Insert names of individuals signing on behalf of PRINCIPAL & SURETY)

who are each personally known to me to be the same persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument on behalf of PRINCIPAL and SURETY, appeared before me this day in person and acknowledged respectively, that they signed and delivered said instrument as their free and voluntary act for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Given under my hand and notarial seal this day of, A.D.

My commission expires Notary Public

In lieu of completing the above section of the Proposal Bid Form, the Principal may file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing below the Principal is ensuring the identified electronic bid bond has been executed and the Principal and Surety are firmly bound unto the State of Illinois under the conditions of the bid bond as shown above.

Electronic Bid Bond ID# Company/Bidder Name Signature and Title

PROPOSAL ENVELOPE



PROPOSALS

for construction work advertised for bids by the
Illinois Department of Transportation

| Item No. | Item No. | Item No. |
|----------|----------|----------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Submitted By:

| |
|-----------|
| Name: |
| Address: |
| |
| |
| Phone No. |

Bidders should use an IDOT proposal envelope or affix this form to the front of a 10" x 13" envelope for the submittal of bids. If proposals are mailed, they should be enclosed in a second or outer envelope addressed to:

Engineer of Design and Environment - Room 326
Illinois Department of Transportation
2300 South Dirksen Parkway
Springfield, Illinois 62764

NOTICE

Individual bids, including Bid Bond and/or supplemental information if required, should be securely stapled.

CONTRACTOR OFFICE COPY OF CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS

NOTICE

None of the following material needs to be returned with the bid package unless the special provisions require documentation and/or other information to be submitted.

**Contract No. 62291
DUPAGE County
Section 54WRS-7
Route FAU 3545
District 1 Construction Funds**



Illinois Department of Transportation



NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Sealed proposals for the improvement described herein will be received by the Department of Transportation at the Harry R. Hanley Building, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, in Springfield, Illinois until 10:00 o'clock a.m., June 17, 2005. All bids will be gathered, sorted, publicly opened and read in the auditorium at the Department of Transportation's Harry R. Hanley Building shortly after the 10:00 a.m. cut off time.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK.** The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 62291
DUPAGE County
Section 54WRS-7
Route FAU 3545
District 1 Construction Funds**

This improvement consists of roadway widening and reconstruction of Illinois Route 56 from west of Summit Road to Illinois Route 83 within the Villages of Oakbrook and Oak Brook Terrace for a total length of 1.39 miles.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.

(b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS.** This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the
Illinois Department of Transportation

Timothy W. Martin, Secretary

BD 351 (Rev. 01/2003)

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Adopted March 1, 2005

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 1-1-02) (Revised 3-1-05)

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STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2002, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAU Route 3545 (Illinois Route 56), Section: 54 WRS-7, County: DuPage and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

This project begins at a point on the centerline of Illinois Route 56 approximately 35 feet north of the centerline of 22nd Street and extends in a northerly and then easterly direction for a distance of 1.381 mi. The project is located in the City of Oakbrook Terrace, the Village of Oak Brook and unincorporated DuPage County.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

This project consists of the resurfacing of Illinois Route 56 from 22nd Street to 700 feet north/east of 22nd Street, and widening and reconstruction from that point to the east project limit to accommodate one 12 foot inside lane and one 13 foot outside lane in each direction, separated by a 14 foot two-way center turn lane. Type B-6.24 curb and gutter will be provided throughout the project limits. Other work will include earthwork, drainage, pavement removal, aggregate sub-grade, full-depth bituminous concrete pavement, pavement striping, traffic signal modernization, signing and all other work necessary to complete the project as shown in the plans and as described herein.

MAINTENANCE OF ROADWAYS

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: November 1, 1996

Beginning on the date that work begins on this project, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer, but shall not include snow removal operations. Traffic control and protection for maintenance of roadways will be provided by the Contractor as required by the Engineer.

If items of work have not been provided in the contract, or otherwise specified for payment, such items, including the accompanying traffic control and protection required by the Engineer, will be paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

STATUS OF UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED

Effective: January 30, 1987

Revised: July 1, 1994

Utility companies involved in this project have provided the following estimated dates:

| <u>Name of Utility</u> | <u>Type</u> | <u>Location</u> | <u>Estimated Dates for Start and Completion of Relocation or Adjustments</u> |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| DuPage Water Commission (1) | Water mains | Left of centerline | No Conflicts Anticipated |
| SBC (2) | Underground telephone | Left and right of centerline | Approximately 30 working days |
| ComEd (3) | Overhead and underground electric | Left and right of centerline | Approximately 75 working days |
| Nicor (4) | Underground gas | Left and right of centerline | Approximately 25 working days |
| AT&T Local Services (5) | Underground fiberoptics | Right of centerline | Approximately 30 working days |
| MCI Worldcom (6) | Underground fiberoptic communications | Left of centerline | Approximately 60 working days |
| Level 3 Communications (7) | Underground fiberoptic communications | Left of centerline | Approximately 60 working days |
| Comcast (8) | Underground fiberoptic communications | Left of centerline | Approximately 15 working days |

The above represents the best information available to the Department and is included for the convenience of the bidder. The applicable portions of Articles 105.07 and 107.31 of the Standard Specifications shall apply.

(1) DuPage Water Commission – There are no identified potential conflicts with DuPage Water Commission water main. DuPage Water Commission will need to adjust their at grade utilities such and valve vault frames and corrosion control test stations.

(2) SBC – Work shall consist of replacing buried cables under the proposed pavement from Sta. 234+00 to 239+25 R and Sta. 248+76 to 252+85 R; adjusting underground telephone lines for spot conflicts with the proposed storm sewers at Stations 222+90 R, 229+20 R, 242+03 R, 243+28 R, 245+05 R, 245+47 R, 246+73 R, 246+88 R, 247+95 R, 248+40 L, and from Sta. 243+00 to 243+30 R; adjusting underground telephone lines crossing the proposed roadway that conflict with excavation for roadway pavement or parkway grading at Stations 234+15, 242+03, 263+84, 285+75, 96+22, 99+34, and from 98+30 to 99+30. Work will also include adjusting, relocating, or replacing various manholes within the project area. Some existing overhead utilities are on poles to be relocated by ComEd and will have to be relocated accordingly.

(3) Commonwealth Edison – Work shall consist of relocation of utility poles that conflict with the proposed bike path from Sta. 234+32 to Sta. 262+30 on the north side of Route 56 and that conflict with proposed roadway excavation at stations 229+97 L, 248+43 L, 249+64 L, 262+76 R, 263+32 L, 267+99 R, 277+54 R, 98+24 R, 98+82 R, and 99+52 R; and bracing utility poles adjacent to proposed storm sewer construction from Sta. 269+67 to Sta. 275+53 on the south side of Route 56. Potential spot conflicts between underground electric lines and proposed storm sewer construction occur at stations 231+08 R, 252+89 L, 252+90 L, 252+73 R, 252+79 R, 252+83 L, 255+08 L, 256+21 L, 258+19 L, 260+12 L, 261+08 L, 262+12 L, 262+70 L, 263+43 L, and 276+50 L. Potential conflicts between underground electric facilities and roadway or parkway grading occur at Sta. 220+92 (crossing), from Sta. 220+92 to 223+00 R, Sta. 231+06 (crossing), from Sta. 262+50 to 263+50 L, from Sta. 263+50 to 280+15 L, from Sta. 280+15 to 281+00 R, Sta. 280+15 (crossing), and Sta. 98+00 (crossing).

(4) Nicor – Work shall consist of relocation or adjustment of underground gas mains due to conflict with proposed storm sewers and sewer structures at stations 222+91 R, 229+12 R, 232+22 R, 232+82 R, 234+19 R, 240+49 R, 243+25 R, from 244+15 to 245+68 R, 248+82 R, 255+08 L, 256+21 L, 257+71 R, from 258+96 to 259+70 R, 258+19 L, 260+12 L, 261+08 L, 262+12 L, 262+70 L, 266+53 R, from 267+68 to 273+75 R, from 274+50 to 277+00 R, 98+29 R, 99+45 R, 99+93 R, and 21+43 R; and relocation or adjustment of gas mains due to conflict with roadway or parkway excavation from Sta. 247+55 to 249+10 R, Sta. 257+20 to 257+85 R, Sta. 262+70 to 263+25 L, Sta. 263+75 to 264+75 R, Sta. 99+45 to 101+26 R, and Sta. 19+55 to 22+50 R.

(5) AT&T Local Services - Work shall consist of relocating of fiber optic cables to near the south right-of-way line from approximately Sta. 222+50 to Midwest Rd., due to conflicts with proposed storm sewers or drainage structures and roadway or parkway grading. Several manhole structures will have to be replaced, relocated, or adjusted to grade.

(6) MCI Worldcom - Work shall consist of relocation of fiber optic cables due to conflicts with proposed roadway excavation from Sta. 223+75 to 226+00 L, Sta. 230+00 to 231+65 L, and 234+25 to Sta. 277+50, L; and adjustment or relocation of fiber optic cables due to conflicts with proposed storm sewers or drainage structures at stations 224+19 L, 225+36 L, 231+87 L, and 278+93 L. Several handholes will have to be replaced, relocated, or adjusted to grade.

(7) Level 3 Communications - Work shall consist of adjustment or relocation of fiber optic cables due to conflicts with proposed storm sewers or drainage structures at stations 232+00 L, 240+00 (crossing), 242+38 L, 245+06 L, 245+25 L, 246+88 L, 247+99 L, 249+69 L, and from 253+00 to 278+00 L; and adjustment or relocation of fiber optic cables due to conflicts with proposed roadway excavation at station 245+55 (crossing). Several manholes will have to be replaced, relocated, or adjusted to grade.

(8) Comcast – Work shall consist of relocation of fiber optic cables due to conflicts with proposed roadway excavation from Sta. 220+90 to 222+10 L, Sta. 248+82 to 253+39 L, 251+21 (crossing), 252+81 (crossing), Sta. 257+05 R, and 258+66 (crossing); and adjustment or relocation of fiber optic cables due to conflicts with proposed storm sewers or drainage structures at stations 248+82 L, 249+69 L, 250+71 L, 251+76 L, 252+81 L, 251+22 R (2), 252+83 R, 256+55 R, 257+05 R, 257+94 R, and 258+66 R. Several manholes will have to be replaced, relocated, or adjusted to grade. Comcast also has overhead facilities located on ComEd utility poles from east of Renaissance Blvd. to Patton Ave. Many of these utility poles will have to be relocated, so these Comcast facilities will have to be relocated accordingly.

START OF WORK

The contractor will not be allowed to proceed with any construction operations on the pavement, which require a permanent lane closure, or to otherwise interfere with traffic as determined by the Engineer, prior to March 15, 2006. The Engineer's written approval shall be obtained by the Contractor before proceeding with any work on this project, prior to the stipulated date.

Temporary lane closures for off-road work and the installation of the temporary pavement will be allowed prior to March 15, 2006, between 9 am and 3 pm with written approval from the Engineer.

COMPLETION DATE PLUS GUARANTEED WORKING DAYS

The Contractor shall complete all contract items and safely open all roadways to traffic by 11:59 PM on October 31, 2006, except as specified herein.

The Contractor will be allowed to complete traffic signal and all clean-up work and punch list items within 10 guaranteed working days after the completion date for opening the roadway to traffic. Under extenuating circumstances the Engineer may direct that certain items of work, not affecting the safe opening of the roadway to traffic, may be completed within the guaranteed working days allowed for clean up work and punch list items. Temporary lane closures for this work may be allowed at the discretion of the Engineer.

Article 108.09 of the Standard Specifications or the Special Provision for Failure to Complete the Work on Time, if included in this contract, shall apply to both the completion date and the number of working days.

RESTRICTION ON GUARANTEED WORKING DAYS

Effective: January 21, 2003

All temporary lane closures during the period governed by guaranteed working days will not be permitted during the hours of 6:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.

All lane closure signs shall not be erected any earlier than one-half (1/2) hour before the starting hours listed above. Also, these signs should be taken down within one-half (1/2) hour after the closure is removed.

FAILURE TO OPEN TRAFFIC LANES TO TRAFFIC: Should the Contractor fail to completely open and keep open all the traffic lanes to traffic in accordance with the limitations specified above, the Contractor shall be liable and shall pay to the Department the amount of \$250 per lane blocked, not as a penalty but as liquidated and ascertained damages, for each and every 15 minute interval or a portion thereof that a lane is blocked outside the allowable time limitations. The Department may deduct such damages from any monies due the Contractor. These damages shall apply during the period governed by guaranteed working days and any extensions of that contract time.

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL

This item shall include all work and equipment necessary for the complete removal and approved disposal of excavated soils and existing bituminous shoulders at locations shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. All work shall be in accordance with Section 202 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

This work will be measured according to Article 202.07 of the Standard Specifications and paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard for REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL, which price shall be full compensation for completing this work as specified.

POROUS GRANULAR EMBANKMENT, SUBGRADE

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: November 1, 1996

This work consists of furnishing, placing, and compacting porous granular material to the lines and grades shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer in accordance with applicable portions of Section 207 of the Standard Specifications. The material shall be used as a bridging layer over soft, pumpy, loose soil and for placing under water and shall conform with Article 1004.06 of the Standard Specifications except the gradation shall be as follows:

1. Crushed Stone, Crushed Blast Furnace Slag, and Crushed Concrete

| <u>Sieve Size</u> | <u>Percent Passing</u> |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| *150 mm (6 inches) | 97±3 |
| *100 mm (4 inches) | 90±10 |
| 50 mm (2 inches) | 45±25 |
| 75 um (#200) | 5±5 |

2. Gravel, Crushed Gravel and Pit Run Gravel

| <u>Sieve Size</u> | <u>Percent Passing</u> |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| *150 mm (6 inches) | 97±3 |
| *100 mm (4 inches) | 90±10 |
| 50 mm (2 inches) | 55±25 |
| 4.75 mm (#4) | 30±20 |
| 75 um (#200) | 5±5 |

*For undercut greater than 450 mm (18 inches) the percent passing the 150 mm (6 inches) sieve may be 90±10 and the 100 mm (4 inches) sieve requirements eliminated.

The porous granular material shall be placed in one lift when the total thickness to be placed is 600 mm (2 feet) or less or as directed by the Engineer. Each lift of the porous granular material shall be rolled with a vibratory roller meeting the requirements of Article 1101.01 of the Standard Specifications to obtain the desired keying or interlock and compaction. The Engineer shall verify that adequate keying has been obtained.

A 75 mm (3 inches) nominal thickness top lift of capping aggregate having a gradation of CA 6 will be required when Aggregate Subgrade is not specified in the contract and Porous Granular Embankment, Subgrade will be used under the pavement and shoulders. Capping aggregate will not be required when embankment meeting the requirements of Section 207 of the Standard Specifications or granular subbase is placed on top of the porous granular material.

Construction equipment not necessary for the completion of the replacement material will not be allowed on the undercut areas until completion of the recommended thickness of the porous granular embankment subgrade.

Full depth subgrade undercut should occur at limits determined by the Engineer. A transition slope to the full depth of undercut shall be made outside of the undercut limits at a taper of 300 mm (1 foot) longitudinal per 25 mm (1 inch) depth below the proposed subgrade or bottom of the proposed aggregate subgrade when included in the contract.

This work will be measured for payment in accordance with Article 207.04 of the Standard Specifications. When specified on the contract, the theoretical elevation of the bottom of the aggregate subgrade shall be used to determine the upper limit of Porous Granular Embankment, Subgrade. The volume will be computed by the method of average end areas.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic meter (cubic yard) for POROUS GRANULAR EMBANKMENT, SUBGRADE which price shall include the capping aggregate, when required.

The Porous Granular Embankment, Subgrade shall be used as field conditions warrant at the time of construction. No adjustment in unit price will be allowed for an increase or decrease in quantities from the estimated quantities shown on the plans.

AGGREGATE SUBGRADE

This work shall be done in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 207 of the Standard Specifications. The material shall conform with Article 1004.06 of the Standard Specifications except as follows:

For nominal aggregate subgrade thicknesses of less than 10 inches the course aggregate gradations shall conform to CA 18 gradation.

For nominal aggregate subgrade thicknesses of 10 inches or more, the following shall apply:

1. Crushed Stone, Crushed Blast Furnace Slag, and Crushed Concrete will be permitted. Steel slag and other expansive materials as determined through testing by the Department will not be permitted.

| <u>Sieve Size</u> | <u>Percent Passing</u> |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 150 mm (6 inches) | 97±3 |
| 100 mm (4 inches) | 90±10 |
| 50 mm (2 inches) | 45±25 |
| 75 µm (#200) | 5±5 |

2. Gravel, Crushed Gravel, and Pit Run Gravel

| <u>Sieve Size</u> | <u>Percent Passing</u> |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 150 mm (6 inches) | 97±3 |
| 100 mm (4 inches) | 90±10 |
| 50 mm (2 inches) | 55±25 |
| 4.75 mm (#4) | 30±20 |
| 75 µm (#200) | 5±5 |

3. Crushed Concrete with Bituminous Materials**

| <u>Sieve Size</u> | <u>Percent Passing</u> |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 150 mm (6 inches) | 97±3 |
| 100 mm (4 inches) | 90±10 |
| 50 mm (2 inches) | 45±25 |
| 4.75 mm(#4) | 20±20 |
| 75 µm (#200) | 5±5 |

**The bituminous material shall be separated and mechanically blended with the crushed concrete so that the bituminous material does not exceed 40% of the final product. The top size of the bituminous material in the final product shall be less than 100 mm (4 inches) and shall not contain steel slag or any material that is considered expansive by the Department.

The Aggregate Subgrade shall be placed in two lifts consisting of a 75 mm (3 inches) nominal thickness top lift of capping aggregate having a gradation of CA 6 and a base layer of the remaining specified thickness, having the gradations specified above. Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) meeting Article 1004.07 of the Standard Specifications and having 100% passing the 75 mm (3 inches) sieve and well-graded down through fines may also be used as capping aggregate. RAP shall not contain steel slag or other expansive material. The results of the Department's tests on the RAP material will be the determining factor for consideration as expansive. A vibratory roller meeting the requirements of Article 1101.01 of the Standard Specifications shall be used to roll each lift of material to obtain the desired keying or interlock and necessary compaction. The Engineer will verify that adequate keying has been obtained.

When a recommended remedial treatment for unstable subgrades is included in the contract, the lower lift of Aggregate Subgrade may be placed simultaneously with the material for Porous Granular Embankment, Subgrade when the total thickness to be placed is 600 mm (2 feet) or less.

Method of Measurement.

- (a) Contract Quantities. Contract quantities shall be in accordance with Article 202.07.
- (b) Measured Quantities. Aggregate subgrade will be measured in place and the area computed in square meters (square yards).

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE, of the thickness specified, which price shall include the capping aggregate.

RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT FOR NON-POROUS EMBANKMENT AND BACKFILL

Effective: April 1, 2001

Add the following sentence to Article 1004.06 (a) Description of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction:

"Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) may be used as aggregate in Non-porous Granular Embankment and Backfill. The Rap material shall be reclaimed asphalt pavement material resulting from the cold milling or crushing of an existing hot-mix bituminous concrete pavement structure, including shoulders. RAP containing contaminants such as earth, brick, concrete, sheet asphalt, sand, or other materials identified by the Department will be unacceptable until the contaminants are thoroughly removed.

Add the following sentence to Article 1004.06 (C) Gradation of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

"One hundred percent of the RAP when used shall pass the 75mm (3 inch) sieve. The RAP shall be well graded from coarse to fine. RAP that is gap-graded or single-sized will not be accepted.

RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT (RAP) FOR TEMPORARY ACCESS ENTRANCES AND/OR AGGREGATE SHOULDERS, TYPE B

Effective: April 1, 2001

Replace the Note in Articles 402.02(a) and 481.02(a) of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction with the following:

"Note: Reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) may be used as aggregate in surface course for temporary access entrances and/or aggregate shoulders Type B. The RAP material shall be reclaimed asphalt pavement material resulting from the cold milling or crushing of an existing hot-mix bituminous concrete pavement structure, including shoulders. RAP containing contaminants such as earth, brick, concrete, sheet asphalt, sand, or other materials identified by the Department will be unacceptable until the contaminants are thoroughly removed. The RAP shall also meet the following requirements:

One hundred percent of the RAP material shall pass the 37.5 mm (1 1/2 inch) sieve. The RAP material shall be reasonably well graded from coarse to fine. RAP material that is gap-graded or single-sized will not be accepted."

TEMPORARY DITCH CHECKS, ROLLED EXCELSIOR

This work shall be constructed in accordance with Section 280 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Article 280.02 shall be modified such that the only material allowed for use with this pay item will be Rolled Excelsior.

The Rolled Excelsior shall be maintained as described in Section 280.05 of the Standard Specifications and measured for payment as described in Section 280.06(b).

In Article 280.07, delete paragraph (b) and add the following:

(b) "Temporary Ditch Checks, Rolled Excelsior will be paid for at the contract unit price each for TEMPORARY DITCH CHECKS, ROLLED EXCELSIOR."

TEMPORARY PAVEMENT

This item shall include all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to construct and remove temporary pavement at the locations shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

The temporary pavement, at the option of the contractor, shall be either 7" P.C. Concrete Base Course or 11.5" Bituminous Pavement (Bituminous Concrete Surface Course, Superpave, Mix D, N50, 1.75" and Bituminous Base Course, Superpave, 9.75"). The Temporary Pavement shall be constructed in accordance with Sections 353, 354, 355, 356 and 358 of the Standard specifications and details in the plans except as here in specified.

No extra compensation will be given for the construction of the temporary pavement in the winter months with P.C. Concrete Base Course.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for TEMPORARY PAVEMENT which price shall include payment in full for all materials, labor and equipment necessary to perform the work as here in specified.

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SHOULDERS

This work shall consist of constructing Portland Cement Concrete shoulders adjacent to existing or new pavement. All work shall be done in accordance with Section 483 of the Standard Specifications and the details in the plans, except as modified herein.

The PCC shoulders shall be constructed prior to construction of the adjacent bituminous pavement and tie bars to the proposed pavement structure will not be required. Transverse contraction joints shall be provided every 15 feet and transverse expansion joints shall be provided every 90 feet. An aggregate shoulder will not be required at the outside edge of the PCC shoulder.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SHOULDERS, of the thickness specified, which price shall include payment for furnishing and installing all joints as required, materials, labor and all equipment necessary to complete the work as herein specified.

BITUMINOUS SURFACE REMOVAL (VARIABLE DEPTH)

This work shall consist of removing the existing bituminous surface at varying depths to the limits specified on the plans in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 440 of the Standard Specifications.

The depth of removal will vary between 0" and 4" (0 mm and 100 mm). The removal shall be done by cold milling. The machine used for the surface removal shall be a milling machine meeting the requirements of Article 440.03 of the Standard Specifications.

Pavement patching shall be done before the pavement is milled. If new curb and gutter is part of the project, the curb and gutter shall be constructed prior to the start of the milling operation.

After cold milling the pavement shall be swept by a mechanical broom to prevent recompaction of the cuttings onto the pavement. All loose material shall be removed from the roadway to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Should the milled pavement surface be open to traffic the following will be required:

The maximum grade differential between lanes and/or adjacent passes of the milling equipment shall not exceed 1-1/2" (38 mm), or one inch (25 mm) if the posted speed limit exceeds 45 MPH (70 KPH). With the written approval of the Engineer, a maximum three inch (75 mm) differential between adjacent passes of the milling operation may be allowed if the grade differential is sloped with a minimum 3:1 slope.

Only the milled area of bituminous surface removal will be measured for payment. The milled area will be measured in place and the area computed in square yards (square meters), without regard for the number of passes required to complete the removal.

This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for BITUMINOUS SURFACE REMOVAL (VARIABLE DEPTH).

CONCRETE MEDIAN SURFACE REMOVAL

This work shall consist of the removal and satisfactory disposal of portland cement concrete median surface in accordance with Section 440 of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall form a perpendicular straight joint by full-depth machine sawing at the ends and all edges of portions to be removed, to prevent surface spalling of portions to remain when the concrete is broken out. Any damage done to the existing pavement, median or median surface to remain in place shall be repaired or removed and replaced by the Contractor at his/her own expense, as directed by the Engineer. All required machine sawing shall be included in this work and will not be paid for separately.

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine the thickness of the existing median surface, and the extent to which they are reinforced. No additional compensation will be allowed because of variations from the assumed thickness or from the thickness shown on the plans, or for variations in the amount of reinforcement.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per square foot for CONCRETE MEDIAN SURFACE REMOVAL.

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SURFACE REMOVAL

This work shall consist of removing a portion of the surface of the existing P.C.C. pavement at the locations shown on the plans or as designated by the Engineer.

Depth of removal will be as specified on the plans. The depth of removal will vary between 0" and 4" (0 mm and 100 mm) at locations where variable depth surface removal is specified.

The machine used for surface removal shall be a self-propelled grinding machine capable of removing in one pass, a layer at least six feet (1.8 meters) in width and 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) in depth. The grinding machine shall be capable of accurately and automatically establishing the grade for the variable depths required. It shall also have an effective means for removing excess material from the surface and for preventing any dust resulting from the operation from escaping into the air.

The nature and condition of the equipment and the manner of performing the work shall be such that the ground surface is not torn, gouged, shoveled or otherwise injured by the grinding operations. Sufficient cutting passes shall be made so that the profile can be obtained to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Removing the pavement to the required depth adjacent to structures in the pavement surface, such as drainage castings and utility covers, shall be accomplished in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer, using machine or hand methods. Unless otherwise specified, excess material resulting from the operation shall be removed and disposed of as specified in Section 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

After cold milling and planing a traffic lane, the pavement shall be swept by a mechanical broom to prevent recompaction of the cuttings onto the pavement. All loose material shall be removed from the roadway to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Only the milled area of Portland cement concrete surface removal will be measured for payment. The milled area will be measured in place and the area computed in square yards (square meters). The area measured will be paid for once regardless of the number of passes needed to remove the material.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SURFACE REMOVAL (VARIABLE DEPTH), or for PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SURFACE REMOVAL, of the depth specified, which price includes all labor and equipment necessary to remove and dispose of the existing Portland cement concrete surface as specified herein.

CONCRETE CURB (SPECIAL)

This work shall consist of constructing a concrete curb (special) according the detail, limits and elevations as shown on the plans. All work shall be done in accordance with Section 606 of the Standard Specifications.

Materials shall comply with the requirements of Section 1006, 1020, and 1051 of the Standard Specifications for Class SI concrete. No concrete for this work shall be placed until the Engineer has inspected and approved the formwork and subgrade.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for CONCRETE CURB (SPECIAL), which price shall be full compensation for all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals to complete the items shown on the plans and as specified herein.

COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER (MODIFIED)

This work shall consist of constructing a combination concrete curb and gutter (modified) according the detail, limits and elevations as shown on the plans. All work shall be done in accordance with Section 606 of the Standard Specifications.

Materials shall comply with the requirements of Section 1006, 1020, and 1051 of the Standard Specifications for Class SI concrete.

No concrete for this work shall be placed until the Engineer has inspected and approved the formwork and subgrade.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER (MODIFIED), of the type specified, which price shall be full compensation for all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals to complete the items shown on the plans and as specified herein.

PIPE UNDERDRAINS

This work shall consist of constructing pipe underdrains perpendicular to the roadway at locations shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. This work shall be done in accordance with Section 601 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The pipe underdrains shall be constructed to a minimum slope of 0.5%, and shall be set entirely below the proposed aggregate base course, except where the elevation of the outlet will not allow for this depth.

Where shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, the outlet end(s) of the pipe underdrain shall be connected to an existing or proposed drainage structure. This connection shall be made by sawing a hole in the sidewall of the drainage structure, inserting the pipe into the structure, and filling the void space around the pipe with brick and mortar, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the cost of PIPE UNDERDRAINS.

This work shall include all excavation and backfilling, except excavation in rock; bedding material, pipe, pipe tees and bends, and all other material necessary to complete the work as detailed on the plans and as specified herein.

Basis of Payment This item shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for PIPE UNDERDRAINS, of the specified diameter.

STORM SEWER ADJACENT TO OR CROSSING WATER MAIN

This work consists of constructing storm sewer of the specified diameter adjacent to or crossing water main, at the locations shown on the plans, meeting the material and installation requirements of the latest edition of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", and the applicable portions of Section 550 of the Standard Specifications.

Pipe materials shall meet the requirements of Sections 40 and 41-2.01 of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", except PVC pipe will not be allowed. Ductile-Iron pipe shall meet the minimum requirements for Thickness Class 50. Where pipe material meeting these requirements is not available in the specified diameter, the contractor shall construct the storm sewer of the next larger diameter pipe size available meeting these requirements. No additional compensation will be allowed for this increase in pipe size.

Encasing of standard type storm sewer, in accordance with the details for "Water and Sewer Separation Requirements (Vertical Separation)", (DIV. V/STANDARD DRAWINGS) in the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", may be used for storm sewers crossing water mains.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for in accordance with Article 550.09 of the Standard Specifications, except the pay item shall be STORM SEWER (WATER MAIN REQUIREMENTS), of the diameter specified, and shall include all materials, labor, equipment, concrete collars and encasing pipe with seals.

CONNECTION OF EXISTING DOWNSPOUTS

This work shall consist of connecting existing downspout discharge lines to the proposed or existing collection system as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer. All work shall be done in accordance with Section 550 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

Pipe material and required fittings shall be Poly Vinyl Chloride (P.V.C.) conforming to article 1040.10 of the Standard Specifications of the same diameter as the existing pipe. Connection to the existing pipe shall be made with a band seal connector. All excavation, fittings and pipe necessary to connect the existing downspout discharge lines to the storm water collection system shall be included in this pay item will not be paid for separately.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the Contract unit price per each for CONNECTION OF EXISTING DOWNSPOUTS, which price shall be payment in full for completing this work as specified.

SUMP PUMP LINE CONNECTION

This work shall consist of connecting existing sump pump lines, field tiles, and/or drain tile to the proposed or existing collection system as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer. All work shall be done in accordance with Section 550 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

Pipe material and required fittings shall be Poly Vinyl Chloride (P.V.C.) conforming to article 1040.10 of the Standard Specifications. All existing sump pump lines, field tiles, and/or drain tile shall be replaced back to the right of way with four inch (100 mm) P.V.C. and connection to the existing pipe shall be made with a band seal connector. All excavation, fittings and pipe necessary to connect the existing sump pump lines, field tile and/or tile shall be included in this pay item will not be paid for separately.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the Contract unit price per each for SUMP PUMP LINE CONNECTION, which price shall be payment in full for completing this work as specified.

BACKFILLING SEWERS AND WATER MAIN UNDER ROADWAY

All trenches under within 2 feet of existing or proposed pavements shall be backfilled according to Section 208 of the Standard Specifications. All instances of "SELECTED GRANULAR BACKFILL" in referenced specifications shall be interpreted as TRENCH BACKFILL, and shall meet the requirements of Section 208 of the Standard Specifications. For storm sewer, sanitary sewer and water main constructed under the roadway, backfilling methods two and three authorized under the provisions of Article 550.07 will not be allowed.

MANHOLES, SANITARY, 4' DIAMETER, TYPE 1 FRAME, CLOSED LID

This work shall consist of constructing manholes together with the specified cast iron frames and lids, in accordance with Divisions II and III of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois, the plan detail and section 602 of the Standard Specifications, except as specified herein.

Sanitary manholes shall be provided with rubber gasketed couplings to ensure a watertight seal between the sewer pipe and the manhole. The rubber gasketed couplings shall conform to ASTM Specification C-923. A pre-cast concrete bench shall be supplied for each manhole. Manholes shall also be provided with polypropylene coated steel bar steps on 16" centers from frame to invert. The rubber gasketed couplings and steps shall be included in the cost of Sanitary Manhole and will not be paid for separately.

Frames and lids for sanitary manholes shall be type 1 with self-sealing, watertight lids. The lids shall have concealed pick holes and a continuous gasket suitable for preventing inflow of water. The lids shall also have "HINSDALE SANITARY DISTRICT" cast into them.

An internal rubber chimney seal shall be installed on all new sanitary manholes. An internal rubber seal extension shall be installed, as directed, to cover any additional heights of chimney not covered by the seal itself. The internal manhole chimney seal shall be as manufactured by Cretex Specialty products, or approved equal, and shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

The internal rubber sleeve and extension shall have a minimum thickness of 3/16 inches and shall be extruded from a high grade rubber compound conforming to the applicable requirements of ASTM C-923. The bands used to compress the rubber sleeve against the manhole shall be fabricated from 16 ga. stainless steel conforming to ASTM A240 type 304. Any screws, bolts and nuts used on this mechanism shall be stainless steel conforming to ASTM F593 and 594, type 304.

The internal rubber sleeve shall be corrugated and available in unexpanded vertical heights of 6 and 9 inches. The internal rubber sleeve shall be capable of vertical expansion of not less than 2 inches when installed.

All costs for furnishing and installing the internal manhole chimney seal and chimney seal extension shall be included in the unit bid price for sanitary manholes.

All sanitary manhole joints shall be installed with an external joint seal conforming to all applicable requirements of ASTM C-877. The external joint seal shall be MacWrap Exterior Joint Sealer as manufactured by Mar-Mac Manufacturing Co., Inc. or approved equal, and shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

The seal shall consist of a collar 9 inches wide with an outer layer of polyethylene and an under layer of rubberized mastic that is reinforced with woven polypropylene fabric. Two 5/8 inches steel straps shall be located within the collar 3/4 inches from each edge. The straps shall be confined in the tubes that isolate them from the mastic and allow them to slip freely when tightened around the manhole. The seal shall be centered on the joint and the straps tightened with a minimum 6" overlap and a closing flap to cover any remaining exposed strap.

All costs for furnishing and installing the external joint seals shall be included in the unit bid price for sanitary manholes.

All connections and reconnections of sanitary sewer mains and service pipes to the propose manholes will not be measured for payment but shall be include in the unit bid price for this pay item. All sewer pipe and connectors required to reconnect existing sanitary sewer service lines to the new manhole shall also be included in the unit bid price for this item.

The Contractor shall verify the depth of each manhole as shown on the plans and bid a unit price accordingly. Additional depth of manhole will not be measured or paid for separately but shall be considered as included in the unit bid price for this pay item.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for MANHOLES, SANITARY, 4' DIAMETER, TYPE 1 FRAME, CLOSED LID which shall include all labor and materials necessary to complete this work as specified.

MANHOLES, SPECIAL

This work shall consist of constructing manholes with an in-line stormwater separator, with frames and grates or lids. This work shall conform to the requirements of Section 602 of the Standard Specifications and the details on the plans.

The in-line stormwater separator shall be model designation PMSU 20_20, manufactured by CDS Technologies, Inc., or an approved equal. The separator shall remove sediment and hydrocarbons from stormwater runoff and shall store the pollutants for subsequent removal and disposal.

This work shall include all frames, lids, grade rings, sand cushion, steps, manhole sections, flat slab tops, base slab, internal separation slab, butyl mastic joint sealant, fiberglass separation cylinder, separation screen, oil baffle, fiberglass inlet, and all excavation and backfilling, except excavation in rock.

Basis of Payment This item shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for MANHOLES, SPECIAL, 5'-DIAMETER.

JUNCTION CHAMBER

This work shall consist of constructing drainage junction chamber structures, together with steel gratings. The junction chambers may be precast structures or cast in place, at the Contractor's option. This work shall conform to the applicable portions of Sections 503 and 602 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein, and the details on the plans.

All steel grating for the junction chambers shall be in accordance with the details on the plans and the Heavy Duty Metal Bar Grating Manual for Structural Carbon Steel and Stainless Steel, published by the National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers. The steel gratings will not be measured and paid for separately, but shall be considered included in the cost of the drainage structures. Each grating shall be equipped with a minimum of one access hatch for maintenance purposes. When a restrictor plate or wall is provided within the junction chamber, two access hatches shall be provided, one on the upstream side and one on the downstream side of the restrictor.

This work shall include all excavation and backfilling, except excavation in rock; and all concrete, steel reinforcement, restrictor plates, steel gratings, sand cushion, and all other material necessary to complete the work as detailed on the plans and as specified herein.

Basis of Payment This item shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for JUNCTION CHAMBER, of the number specified.

RESTRICTED DEPTH CATCH BASINS

This work shall consist of constructing catch basins with a restricted depth sump pit, together with the specified frame and grate. All work shall be completed in accordance with the requirements of Section 602 of the Standard Specification, except as modified herein.

The catch basin shall be constructed in accordance with Standard Detail 602001 (CATCH BASIN TYPE A), except that the depth of the sump (distance from outlet pipe to the bottom of the catch basin) shall be 15" instead of 34".

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for RESTRICTED DEPTH CATCH BASINS, of the diameter specified, and with the type of frame and grate specified, which price shall include all frames, grates, sand cushion, steps, and flat slab tops, and all excavation and backfilling, except excavation in rock.

SANITARY SEWER REMOVAL

This work shall consist of removal and disposal of existing sanitary sewers. All work shall be performed in accordance with Section 551 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

All sewer bypass pumping necessary to maintain flow for the duration of the sewer replacement operation shall be completed and fully operational prior to the removal of any sanitary sewer pipe.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot for SANITARY SEWER REMOVAL, of the size specified, which price shall include all labor and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified, including excavation, disposing of the existing pipe, and backfilling the trench. TRENCH BACKFILL, where required, will be paid for separately.

SANITARY SEWER BYPASS PUMPING

This work shall consist of installing a bypass pumping system for an existing sanitary sewer line to be replaced. This system shall bypass sewerage flows from the manhole at station 234+79 Lt., to the manhole at station 233+89 Lt., for the entire duration of sanitary sewer pipe replacement of this downstream line.

This system shall be capable of displacing the peak flow from the existing 10" sewer without leaking sewerage outside of the sanitary sewer system.

This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for SANITARY SEWER BYPASS PUMPING, which price shall include all labor, equipment and materials necessary to complete this work as specified. This work will only be paid for once, regardless of the duration of pumping required or the number of setups required to accommodate the proposed traffic staging.

SANITARY SEWERS, PVC

This work shall consist of constructing sanitary sewers of the required inside diameter with the necessary fittings. All work shall be done in accordance with the Divisions II and III of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Construction in Illinois.

The bedding for the sanitary sewer pipe shall be CA-11 or CA-13 course aggregate, and shall be placed from six inches below the pipe to 12 inches over the top of the pipe. The cost for the bedding shall be included in this work and will not be paid for separately.

The sanitary sewer pipe shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) sewer pipe conforming to ASTM D-2241 with rubber gasket joints conforming to ASTM D-3139. The Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) for the PVC sewer pipe shall be 26.

The sanitary sewer shall be tested for exfiltration of air pressure and for deflection in accordance with Section 31-1.11 of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois. All testing shall be performed with the Engineer's inspector in attendance. The Engineer shall be notified by the Contractor at least 48 hours in advance of the testing operations.

In the event the air or deflection tests fail to meet the allowable testing limits, the Contractor shall determine the sources of leakage and/or location of excessive deflection. The failed sections shall be repaired and retested, as necessary, at the Contractor's own expense, until test results meeting the requirements of Article 31-1.11 are achieved. The cost of exfiltration and deflection testing will not be measured for payment, but shall be included in the cost of the sanitary sewer construction.

All sanitary sewer construction shall be staged in accordance with the proposed traffic staging. Any sewers to be completed across multiple stages of construction shall be temporarily connected to the existing sewer at the construction limits of each stage. All labor and materials necessary to complete and remove these temporary connections shall not be paid for separately, but shall be considered included in the cost of SANITARY SEWERS, PVC.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for SANITARY SEWERS, PVC, of the diameter specified, which price shall include all labor, material, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified. For payment purposes, the length of sewer will be measured from manhole to manhole along the centerline of the sewer. This unit price shall also include any repairs necessary to comply with the testing standards as referenced herein. Trench backfill will be paid for separately at the contract unit price for TRENCH BACKFILL.

SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE REMOVED

This work shall consist of removing and disposing of existing sanitary manholes. All work shall be in accordance with Section 605 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The existing sanitary manhole shall be removed in a manner that will minimize damage to all sanitary sewer mains and service lines connected to it that are to remain or be reconnected to a new manhole.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE REMOVED, which price shall include all equipment and labor necessary to complete the work as specified.

DROP CONNECTION

This work shall consist of removing an existing drop connection and constructing a new drop connection in an existing manhole in accordance with the details in the plans and as specified herein.

The existing pipe for the drop connection shall be completely removed and disposed of by the contractor. The hole in the manhole wall shall be filled with brick and mortar and sealed with tar from the outside.

A new hole shall be core drilled into the side of the existing manhole at the required elevation and a rubber gasket coupling shall be installed to ensure a watertight seal between the existing manhole and new 10" pipe. The rubber gasket coupling shall conform to ASTM Specification C-923.

For a distance of not less than 3 feet outside of the manhole wall, the incoming sewer pipe shall be constructed of 10" diameter class 52 ductile iron pipe. The ductile iron pipe shall be connected to the proposed 10" PVC pipe with a transition coupling, which joint shall be constructed over undisturbed soil.

Along the inside wall of the manhole, a 6" diameter ductile iron pipe riser shall be connected to the 10" sewer with a 10" x 6" 90° reducing bend. This riser pipe shall include a 6" 90° bend at the bottom to direct the flow in the appropriate direction and shall discharge the flow within 3 inches of the bottom of the manhole. The riser pipe shall be secured to the inside wall of the manhole with bracing blocks and stainless steel straps.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for DROP CONNECTION, which price shall include removing the existing drop connection and filling the existing hole, core drilling a new hole and inserting a rubber gasket coupling, and all materials, labor and equipment necessary to construct the new drop connection as specified.

STORM SEWERS TO BE CLEANED

This work includes cleaning existing storm sewers that are to remain within the right of way at locations shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. All such storm sewers shall be cleaned of any accumulation of silt, debris, or foreign matter of any kind, and shall be free from such accumulations at the time of final inspection.

This work will be measured for each pipe run, from manhole to manhole, and will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for STORM SEWERS TO BE CLEANED, of the diameter specified, which price shall include labor, equipment, and materials necessary to complete the work as specified, including disposing of all removed debris.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: October 1, 1995

Traffic Control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

| | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| STANDARDS: | 701011 | 701301 | 701311 | 701326 | 701422 | 701423 | 701426 |
| | 701501 | 701502 | 701601 | 701602 | 701606 | 701701 | 701801 |
| | 702001 | 704001 | | | | | |

DETAILS: Suggested Stages of Construction and Traffic Control
Maintenance of Traffic Stages 2 and 3 Detour Routes
Temporary Information Signing
Traffic Control and Protection for Side Roads, Intersections and Driveways
Traffic Control and Protection at Turn Bays (To Remain Open to Traffic)
Pavement Marking Letters and Symbols for Traffic Staging

SPECIAL PROVISIONS: Changeable Message Sign
Flagger Vests
Maintenance of Roadways
Temporary Information Signing
Traffic Control Deficiency Deduction
Work Zone Traffic Control Devices
Work Zone Traffic Control (Lump Sum Payment)

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL (LUMP SUM PAYMENT)

Effective: February 1, 1996 Revised: November 1, 1996

Specific traffic control plan details and Special Provisions have been prepared for this contract.

Method of Measurement: All traffic control (except traffic control pavement marking) indicated on the traffic control plan details and specified in the Special Provisions will be measured for payment on a lump sum basis. Traffic control pavement markings will be measured per meter (foot).

Basis of Payment: All traffic control and protection will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (SPECIAL). This price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, transportation, handling and incidental work necessary to furnish, install, maintain and remove all traffic control devices required as indicated in the plans and as approved by the Engineer.

SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKING, TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKING and PAVEMENT MARKING TAPE TYPE III will be paid for separately.

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION FOR TEMPORARY DETOUR

Effective: September 1, 1995 Revised: January 1, 1997

When traffic is to be directed over a detour route, the Contractor shall furnish, erect, maintain and remove all applicable traffic control devices along the detour route.

Furnishing, erecting, maintaining and removing traffic control devices along detour routes, in accordance with the details shown in the plans, will be paid for at the contract unit price each for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION FOR TEMPORARY DETOUR.

TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating for various states of construction and eventually removing temporary informational signs. Included in this item may be ground mount signs, signs on temporary stands, truss mount signs, bridge mount signs, and overlay sign panels which cover portions of existing signs.

Materials: Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials:

| | <u>Item</u> | <u>Article/Section</u> |
|-----|-------------------------|------------------------|
| a.) | Sign Base (Notes 1 & 2) | 1090 |
| b.) | Sign Face (Note 3) | 1091 |
| c.) | Sign Legends | 1092 |
| d.) | Sign Supports | 1093 |
| e.) | Overlay Panels (Note 4) | 1090.01 |

Note 1. The Contractor may use 16mm (5/8 inch) instead of 19mm (3/4 inch) thick plywood.

Note 2. Type A sheeting can be used on the plywood base.

Note 3. All sign faces shall be Type A except all orange signs shall meet the requirements of Article 1084.02(b).

Note 4. The overlay panels shall be 2mm (0.08 inch) thick.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Installation: The sign sizes and legend sizes shall be verified by the Contractor prior to fabrication.

Signs which are placed along the roadway and/or within the construction zone shall be installed according to the requirements of Article 702.05 and Article 720.04. The signs shall be 2.1m (7') above the near edge of the pavement and shall be a minimum of 600mm (2') beyond the edge of the paved shoulder. A minimum of 2 posts shall be used.

The attachment of temporary signs to existing sign structures or sign panels shall be approved by the Engineer. Any damage to the existing signs due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired or signs replaced, as determined by the Engineer, at the Contractor's expense.

Signs which are placed on overhead bridge structures shall be fastened to the handrail with stainless steel bands. These signs shall rest on the concrete parapet where possible. The Contractor shall furnish mounting details for approval by the Engineer.

Method Of Measurement: This work shall be measured for payment in square meters (square feet) edge to edge (horizontally and vertically).

All hardware, posts, supports, bases for ground mounted signs, connections, which are required for mounting these signs will be included as part of this pay item.

Basis Of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square feet) for TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment and materials required for performing the work as herein specified.

CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

This item shall be as contained in the Special Provisions for "Portable Changeable Message Signs" except as follows:

2 signs will be required for this contract.

NON-SPECIAL WASTE WORKING CONDITIONS

This work shall be according to Article 669 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted January 1, 2002 and the following:

Qualifications. The term environmental firm shall mean an environmental firm with at least five (5) documented leaking underground storage tank (LUST) cleanups or that is prequalified in hazardous waste by the Department. Documentation includes but not limited to verifying remediation and special waste operations for sites contaminated with gasoline, diesel, or waste oil in accordance with all Federal, State, or local regulatory requirements and shall be provided to the Engineer for approval. The environmental firm selected shall not be a former or current consultant or have any ties with any of the properties contained within and/or adjacent to this construction project.

General. Implementation of this Special Provision will likely require the Contractor to subcontract for the execution of certain activities. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to assess the working conditions and adjust anticipated production rates accordingly.

The Contractor shall manage all contaminated materials as non-special waste as previously identified. This work shall include monitoring and potential sampling, analytical testing, and management of petroleum contaminated material.

The Contractor shall excavate and dispose of any soil classified as a non-special waste or groundwater classified as a special waste as directed by this project or the Engineer. Any excavation or disposal beyond what is required by this project or the Engineer shall be at the Contractor's expense. The preliminary site investigation (PSI) report, available through the District's Environmental Studies Unit, estimated the excavation quantity of non-special waste at the following location. The information available at the time of plan preparation determined the limits of the contamination and the quantities estimated were based on soil excavation for construction purposes only. The lateral distance is measured from centerline and the farthest distance is the offset distance or construction limit which ever is less. The Environmental Firm shall continuously monitor for worker protection and the Contractor shall manage and dispose of all soils excavated within the following areas as classified below. Any soil samples or analysis without the approval of the Engineer shall be at the Contractor's expense.

1. Station 230+00 to Station 230+20 0 to 50 feet LT (Vacant Lot - northeast quadrant of IL 56 and Renaissance Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Arsenic.
2. Station 231+15 to Station 231+35 0 to 50 feet LT (Vacant Lot - northeast quadrant of IL 56 and Renaissance Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Arsenic.
3. Station 232+20 to Station 233+35 0 to 60 feet RT (Loyola University Primary Care Center). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Arsenic.
4. Station 238+45 to Station 239+35 0 to 60 feet LT (Versailles Luxury Apartments - 17 West 750 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Arsenic.
5. Station 96+65 to Station 99+70 0 to 200 feet LT (Amoco Oil Company- 17 West 615 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: BETX, PNAs, Arsenic, and TCLP Lead.
6. Station 99+95 to Station 100+55 0 to 110 feet LT (Jiffy Lube International - 17 West 620 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: BETX, PNAs, Arsenic, and TCLP Lead.
7. Station 98+55 to Station 99+20 0 to 70 feet RT (D's Diggety Dogs - 2121 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Arsenic.
8. Station 251+30 to Station 252+25 0 to 70 feet LT (Three Oaks Plaza - 17 West 580 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Arsenic.

Although the above areas contain contaminated soil, the Environmental Firm must continuously monitor for worker protection and soil contamination at the following areas.

1. Station 246+00 to Station 246+45 0 to 60 feet RT (Amoco Oil Company- 17 West 615 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: BETX, PNAs, Arsenic, and TCLP Lead.

Backfill pugs shall be place within the following locations.

1. Station 246+00 to Station 249+00 0 to 60 feet RT (Amoco Oil Company- 17 West 615 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: BETX, PNAs, Arsenic, and TCLP Lead.
2. Station 247+00 to Station 249+00 0 to 60 feet RT (Jiffy Lube International - 17 West 620 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: BETX, PNAs, Arsenic, and TCLP Lead.
3. Station 96+65 to Station 99+70 0 to 60 feet RT (Amoco Oil Company- 17 West 615 Butterfield Road). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: BETX, PNAs, Arsenic, and TCLP Lead.

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rev June 3, 2005

TRAFFIC SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS

Effective: January 1, 2002

Revised: May 22, 2002

These Traffic Signal Special Provisions and the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" supplement the requirements of the State of Illinois "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction." The intent of these Special Provisions is to prescribe the materials and construction methods commonly used for traffic signal installations. All material furnished shall be new. The locations and the details of all installations shall be as indicated on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer. The work to be done under this contract consists of furnishing and installing all traffic signal work as specified in the Plans and as specified herein in a manner acceptable and approved by the Engineer.

SECTION 720 SIGNING

MAST ARM SIGN PANELS.

Add the following to Section 720.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Signs attached to poles or posts (such as mast arm signs) shall have mounting brackets and sign channels which are equal to and completely interchangeable with those used by the District Sign Shops. Signfix Aluminum Channel Framing System is currently recommended, but other brands of mounting hardware are acceptable based upon the Department's approval.

SECTION 800 ELECTRICAL

INSPECTION OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS.

Add the following to Section 802.01 of the Standard Specifications:

All cabinets including temporary traffic signal cabinets shall be assembled by an approved equipment supplier in District One. The Department reserves the right to request any controller and cabinet to be tested at the equipment supplier facilities prior to field installation, at no extra cost to this contract. All railroad interconnected (including temporary railroad interconnect) controllers and cabinets shall be new, built, tested and approved by the controller equipment vendor, in the vendor's District One facility, prior to field installation. The vendor shall provide the technical equipment and assistance as required by the Engineer to fully test this equipment.

DAMAGE TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM.

Revise Section 802.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Any damaged equipment or equipment not operating properly from any cause whatsoever shall be repaired with new equipment provided by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Contract and or owner of the traffic signal system, all as approved by the Engineer. Final repairs or replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted. Cable splices outside the controller cabinet shall not be allowed.

RESTORATION OF WORK AREA.

Add to Section 802 of the Standard Specifications:

Restoration of the traffic signal work area shall be included in the related pay items such as foundation, conduit, handhole, trench and backfill, etc. All roadway surfaces such as shoulders, medians, sidewalks, pavement, etc. shall be replaced in kind. All damage to mowed lawns shall be replaced with an approved sod, and all damage to unmowed fields shall be seeded. Restoration of the work area shall be incidental to the contract without any extra compensation allowed to the Contractor.

SUBMITTALS.

Revise Section 802.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

The Contractor shall provide:

- a. All material approval requests shall be submitted a minimum of seven (7) days prior to the delivery of equipment to the job site, or within 30 consecutive calendar days after the contract is awarded, or within 15 consecutive calendar days after the preconstruction meeting, whichever is first.
- b. Seven (7) copies of a letter from the Traffic Signal Contractor listing the manufacturer's name and model numbers of the proposed equipment and stating that the proposed equipment meets all contract requirements. The letter will be reviewed by the Traffic Design Engineer to determine whether the equipment to be used is approvable. The letters will be stamped as approved or not approved accordingly and returned to the Contractor.
- c. One (1) copy of material catalog cuts.
- d. Seven (7) copies of mast arm poles and assemblies.
- e. The contract number or permit number, project location/limits and corresponding pay code number must be on each sheet of the letter, material catalog cuts and mast arm poles and assemblies drawings as required in items b, c and d.
- f. Exceptions, Deviations and Substitutions. In general, exceptions to and deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents will not be allowed. It is the Contractor's responsibility to note any deviations from Contract requirements at the time of submittal and to make any requests for deviations in writing to the Engineer. In general, substitutions will not be acceptable. Requests for substitutions must demonstrate that the proposed substitution is superior to the material or equipment required by the Contract Documents. No exceptions, deviations or substitutions will be permitted without the approval of the Engineer.

MAINTENANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY.

Revise Section 802.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

- a) Existing traffic signal installations and/or any electrical facilities at all or various locations may be altered or reconstructed totally or partially as part of the work on this Contract. The Contractor is hereby advised that all traffic control equipment, presently installed at these locations, may be the property of the State of Illinois, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, County, Private Developer, or the Municipality in which they are located. Once the Contractor has begun any work on any portion of the project all traffic signals within the limits of this contract or those which have the item "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation", "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s)" and/or "Maintenance of Existing Flashing Beacon Installation", shall become the full responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall supply the engineer and the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor a 24-hour emergency contact name and telephone number.
- b) When the project has a pay item for "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation", "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s)" and/or "Maintenance of Existing Flashing Beacon Installation", the Contractor must notify both the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847) 705-4139 and the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor, of their intent to begin any physical construction work on the Contract or any portion thereof. This notification must be made a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the start of construction to allow sufficient time for inspection of the existing traffic signal installation(s) and transfer of maintenance to the Contractor. If work is started prior to an inspection, maintenance of the traffic signal installation(s) will be transferred to the Contractor without an inspection. The Contractor will become responsible for repairing or replacing all equipment that is not operating properly or is damaged at no cost to the owner of the traffic signal. Final repairs or replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted.
- c) Contracts such as pavement grinding or patching which result in the destruction of traffic signal loops do not require maintenance transfer, but require a notification of intent to work and an inspection. A minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the loop removal, the Contractor shall notify the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847) 705-4139 and the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor, at which time arrangements will be made to adjust the traffic controller timing to compensate for the absence of detection. See additional requirements in these specifications under Inductive Loop Detector.
- d) The Contractor is advised that the existing and/or temporary traffic signal installation must remain in operation during all construction stages, except for the most essential down time. Any shutdown of the traffic signal installation, which exceeds fifteen (15) minutes, must have prior approval of the Engineer. Approval to shutdown the traffic signal installation will only be granted during the period extending from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on weekdays. Shutdowns shall not be allowed during inclement weather or holiday periods.

- e) The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the safe and efficient operation of the traffic signals. Any inquiry, complaint or request by the Department, the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor or the public, shall be investigated and repairs begun within one hour. Failure to provide this service will result in liquidated damages of \$500 per day per occurrence. In addition, the Department reserves the right to assign any work not completed within this timeframe to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor. All costs associated to repair this uncompleted work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Failure to pay these costs to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor within one month after the incident will result in additional liquidated damages of \$500 per month per occurrence. Unpaid bills will be deducted from the cost of the Contract. The District's Electrical Maintenance Contractor may inspect any signaling device on the Department's highway system at any time without notification.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSPECTION (TURN-ON).

Revise Section 802.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

It is the intent to have all electric work completed and equipment field tested by the vendor prior to the Department's "turn-on" field inspection. If in the event the Engineer determines work is not complete and the inspection will require more than two (2) hours to complete, the inspection shall be canceled and the Contractor will be required to reschedule at another date. The maintenance of the traffic signals will not be accepted until all punch list work is corrected and re-inspected.

When the road is open to traffic, except as otherwise provided in Section 850 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request a turn-on and inspection of the completed traffic signal installation at each separate location. This request must be made to the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847) 705-4139 a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. The Department will not grant a field inspection until notification is provided from the Contractor that the equipment has been field tested and the intersection is operating according to Contract requirements. The Department's facsimile number is (847) 705-4089.

The Contractor must have all traffic signal work completed and the electrical service installation connected by the utility company prior to requesting an inspection and turn-on of the traffic signal installation. The Contractor shall be responsible to provide a police officer to direct traffic at the time of testing.

The Contractor shall provide a representative from the control equipment vendor's office to attend the traffic signal inspection for both permanent and temporary traffic signal turn-ons. Upon demonstration that the signals are operating and all work is completed in accordance with the Contract and to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the Engineer will then allow the signals to be placed in continuous operation. The Agency that is responsible for the maintenance of each traffic signal installation will assume the maintenance upon successful completion of this inspection.

The District requires the following from the Contractor at traffic signal turn-ons.

1. One set of signal plans of record with field revisions marked in red ink.
2. Notification from the Contractor and the equipment vendor of satisfactory field testing.

3. A knowledgeable representative of the controller equipment supplier shall be required at the traffic signal turn-on. The representative shall be knowledgeable of the cabinet design and controller functions.
4. A copy of the approved material letter.
5. One (1) copy of the operation and service manuals of the signal controller and associated control equipment.
6. Five (5) copies (280 mm X 430 mm) 11" x 17" of the cabinet wiring diagrams.
7. The controller manufacturer shall provide a printer at the turn-on to supply a printed form, not to exceed (280 mm X 430 mm) 11" x 17" for recording the traffic signal controller's timings; backup timings; coordination splits, offsets, and cycles; TBC Time of Day, Week and Year Programs; Traffic Responsive Program, Detector Phase Assignment, Type and Detector Switching; and any other functions programmable from the keyboard. The form shall include a location, date, manufacturer's name, controller model and software version. The form shall be approved by the Engineer and a minimum of three (3) copies must be furnished at each turn-on. The manufacturer must provide all programming information used within the controller at the time of turn-on.

Acceptance of the traffic signal equipment by the Department shall be based upon inspection results at the traffic signal "turn on." If approved, traffic signal acceptance shall be verbal at the "turn on" inspection followed by written correspondence from the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for all traffic signal equipment and associated maintenance thereof until Departmental acceptance is granted.

All equipment and/or parts to keep the traffic signal installation operating shall be furnished by the Contractor. No spare traffic signal equipment is available from the Department.

All punch list work shall be completed within two (2) weeks after the final inspection. The Contractor shall notify the Electrical Maintenance Contractor to inspect all punch list work. Failure to meet these time constraints shall result in liquidated damage charges of \$500 per month per incident.

All cost of work and materials required to comply with the above requirements shall be included in the pay item bid prices, under which the subject materials and signal equipment are paid, and no additional compensation will be allowed. Materials and signal equipment not complying with the above requirements shall be subject to removal and disposal at the Contractor's expense.

LOCATING UNDERGROUND FACILITIES.

Revise Section 803.00 to the Standard Specifications to read:

If this Contract requires the services of an Electrical Contractor, the Contractor shall be responsible at his/her own expense for locating existing IDOT electrical facilities prior to performing any work. If this Contract does not require the services of an Electrical Contractor, the Contractor may request one free locate for existing IDOT electrical facilities from the District 1 Electrical Maintenance Contractor prior to the start of any work. Additional requests may be at the expense of the Contractor. The location of underground traffic facilities does not relieve the Contractor of their responsibility to repair any facilities damaged during construction at their expense.

The exact location of all utilities shall be field verified by the Contractor before the installation of any components of the traffic signal system. For locations of utilities the local Counties or Municipalities may need to be contacted, in the City of Chicago contact D.I.G.G.E.R. at (312) 744-7000 and for all other locations contact J.U.L.I.E. at 1-800-892-0123.

ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION.

Revise Section 805.00 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Description. This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to install, modify, or extend the electric service installation. All installations shall meet the requirements of the details in the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" and applicable portions of the Specifications.

Materials.

- a. General. The completed control panel shall be constructed in accordance with UL Std. 508, Industrial Control Panel, and carry the UL label. Wire terminations shall be UL listed.
- b. Enclosures.
 1. Pole Mounted Cabinet. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 4X, unfinished single door design, fabricated from minimum 2.03 mm (0.080-inch) thick Type 5052 H-32 aluminum. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. Stainless steel screws and clamps shall secure the cover and assure a watertight seal. The cover shall be removable by pulling the continuous stainless steel hinge pin. The cabinet shall have an oil-resistant gasket and a lock kit shall be provided with an internal O-ring in the locking mechanism assuring a watertight and dust-tight seal. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 350 mm (14-inches) high, 225 mm (9-inches) wide and 200 mm (8-inches) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be channel mounted to a wooden utility pole using assemblies recommended by the manufacturer.
 2. Ground Mounted Cabinet. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 3R unfinished single door design with back panel. The cabinet shall be fabricated from Type 5052 H-32 aluminum with the frame and door 3.175 mm (0.125-inch) thick, the top 6.350 mm (0.250-inch) thick and the bottom 12.70 mm (0.500-inch) thick. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. The door and door opening shall be double flanged. The door shall be approximately 80% of the front surface, with a full length tamperproof stainless steel 1.91 mm (.075-inch) thick hinge bolted to the cabinet with stainless steel carriage bolts and nylocks nuts. The locking mechanism shall be slam-latch type with a keyhole cover. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 1000 mm (40-inches high), 400 mm (16-inches) wide and 375 mm (15-inches) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be mounted upon a square Type A concrete foundation as indicated on the plans. The foundation is paid for separately.

- c. Surge Protector. Overvoltage protection, with LED indicator, shall be provided for the 120 volt load circuit by the means MOV and thermal fusing technology. The response time shall be <5n seconds and operate within a range of -40C to +85C. The surge protector shall be UL 1449 Listed.
- d. Circuit Breakers. Circuit breakers shall be standard UL listed molded case, thermal-magnetic bolt-on type circuit breakers with trip free indicating handles. 120 volt circuit breakers shall have an interrupting rating of not less than 65,000 rms symmetrical amperes. Unless otherwise indicated, the main disconnect circuit breaker for the traffic signal controller shall be rated 60 amperes, otherwise noted on the plans, 120 V and the auxiliary circuit breakers shall be rated 10 amperes, 120 V.
- e. Fuses, Fuseholders and Power Indicating Light. Fuses shall be small-dimensional cylindrical fuses of the dual element time-delay type. The fuses shall be rated for 600 V AC and shall have a UL listed interrupting rating of not less than 10,000 rms symmetrical amperes at rated voltage. The power indicating light shall be LED type with a green colored lens and shall be energized when electric utility power is present.
- f. Ground and Neutral Bus Bars. A single copper ground and neutral bus bar, mounted on the equipment panel shall be provided. Ground and neutral conductors shall be separated on the bus bar. Compression lugs, plus 2 spare lugs, shall be sized to accommodate the cables with the heads of the connector screws painted green for ground connections and white for neutral connections.
- g. Utility Services Connection. The Contractor shall notify the Utility Company marketing representative a minimum of 30 working days prior to the anticipated date of hook-up. This 30 day advance notification will begin only after the Utility Company marketing representative has received service charge payments from the Contractor. Prior to contacting the Utility Company marketing representative for service connection, the service installation controller cabinet and cable must be installed for inspection by the Utility Company.
- h. Ground Rod. Ground rods shall be copper-clad steel, a minimum of 3.0 meters (10') in length, and 20mm (3/4") in diameter. Ground rod resistance measurements to ground shall be 25 ohms or less. If necessary additional rods shall be installed to meet resistance requirements at no additional cost to the contract.

Installation

- a. General. The Contractor shall confirm the orientation of the traffic service installation and its door side with the engineer, prior to installation. All conduit entrances into the service installation shall be sealed with a pliable waterproof material.
- b. Pole Mounted. Brackets designed for pole mounting shall be used. All mounting hardware shall be stainless steel. Mounting height shall be as noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

- c. Ground Mounted. The service installation shall be mounted plumb and level on the foundation and fastened to the anchor bolts with hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel nuts and washers. The space between the bottom of the enclosure and the top of the foundation shall be caulked at the base with silicone.

Basis of Payment. The service installation shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SERVICE INSTALLATION of the type specified which shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the service installation complete. The type A foundation which includes the ground rod shall be paid for separately. SERVICE INSTALLATION, POLE MOUNTED shall include the 20mm (3/4") grounding conduit, ground rod, and pole mount assembly. Any changes by the utility companies shall be approved by the engineer and paid for as an addition to the contract according to Article 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.

GROUNDING OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS.

Revise Section 807.00 of the Standard Specifications to read:

General. All traffic signal systems, equipment and appurtenances shall be properly grounded in strict conformance with the NEC. See IDOT District 1 Traffic Signal detail plan sheet for additional information.

The grounding electrode system shall include a ground rod installed with each traffic signal controller concrete foundation and all mast arm and post concrete foundations. An additional ground rod will be required at locations where measured resistance exceeds 25 ohms. Ground rods are included in the applicable foundation paid item and will not be paid for separately.

Testing shall be according to Section 801.11.

- a) The grounded conductor (neutral conductor) shall be white color coded. This conductor shall be bonded to the equipment grounding conductor only at the Electric Service Installation. All power cables shall include one neutral conductor of the same size.
- b) The equipment grounding conductor shall be green color coded. The following is in addition to Section 801.14 of the Standard Specifications.
 - 1) Equipment grounding conductors shall be XLP insulated No. 6, unless otherwise noted on the plans, and bonded to the grounded conductor (neutral conductor) only at the Electric Service Installation. The equipment grounding conductor is paid for separately and shall be continuous. The Earth shall not be used as the equipment grounding conductor.
 - 2) Equipment grounding conductors shall be bonded, using a Listed grounding connector, to all traffic signal mast arm poles, traffic signal posts, pedestrian posts, pull boxes, handhole frames and covers and other metallic enclosures throughout the traffic signal wiring system, except where noted herein. A Listed electrical joint compound shall be applied to all conductors terminations, connector threads and contact points.
 - 3) All metallic and non-metallic raceways containing traffic signal circuit runs shall have a continuous equipment grounding conductor, except raceways containing only detector loop lead-in circuits, circuits under 50 volts and/or fiber optic cable will not be required to include an equipment grounding conductor.

- c) The grounding electrode conductor shall be similar to the equipment grounding conductor in color coding (green) and size. The grounding electrode conductor is used to connect the ground rod to the equipment grounding conductor and is bonded to ground rods via exothermic welding, listed pressure connectors, listed clamps or other approved listed means.

HANDHOLES.

Add the following to Section 814.00 of the Standard Specifications:

All handholes shall be concrete, poured in place, with inside dimensions of 549 mm (21-1/2") minimum. Frames and lid openings shall match this dimension. The cover of the handhole frame shall be labeled "Traffic Signals" with legible raised letters.

For grounding purposes the handhole frame shall have provisions for a 15.875 mm (7/16") diameter stainless bolt cast into the frame. The covers shall have a stainless steel threaded stint extended from the eye hook assembly for the purpose of attaching the grounding conductor to the handhole cover.

The minimum wall thickness for heavy duty hand holes shall be 300 mm (12 inches).

All conduits shall enter the handhole at a depth of (760 mm) 30" except for the conduits for detector loops when the handhole is less than (1.52 m) 5' from the detector loop.

Steel cable hooks shall be coated with hot-dipped galvanization in accordance with AASHTO Specification M111. Hooks shall be a minimum of 9.525 mm (3/8") diameter and extend into the handhole at least 150 mm (6 inches). Hooks shall be placed a minimum of 300 mm (12 inches) below the lid or lower if additional space is required.

FIBER OPTIC TRACER CABLE.

The cable shall meet the requirements of Section 817 of the "Standard Specifications," except for the following:

Add to Section 817.03 of the Standard Specifications:

In order to trace the fiber optic cable after installation, the tracer cable shall be installed in the same conduit as the fiber optic cable. The tracer cable shall be continuous, extended into the controller cabinet and terminated on a barrier type terminal strip mounted on the side wall of the controller cabinet. The barrier type terminal strip and tracer cable shall be clearly marked and identified. The tracer cable will be allowed to be spliced at the handholes only. All tracer cable splices shall be kept to a minimum and shall incorporate maximum lengths of cable supplied by the manufacturer. The tracer cable splice shall use a Western Union Splice soldered with resin core flux. All exposed surfaces of the solder shall be smooth. Splices shall be soldered using a soldering iron. Blow torches or other devices which oxidize copper cable shall not be allowed for soldering operations. The splice shall be covered with WCSMW 30/100 heat shrink tube, minimum length (100 mm) 4" and with a minimum (25 mm) 1" coverage over the XLP insulation, underwater grade.

Revise Section 817.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Basis of Payment: The tracer cable shall be paid for separately as ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, TRACER, NO. 14 1C per (meter) foot, which price shall include all associated labor and material for installation.

GROUNDING CABLE.

The cable shall meet the requirements of Section 817 of the "Standard Specifications," except for the following:

Add to Section 817.02 (b) of the Standard Specifications:

Unless otherwise noted on the Plans, traffic signal grounding conductor shall be one conductor, #6 gauge copper, with a XLP jacket.

The traffic signal grounding conductor shall be bonded, using a Listed grounding connector (Burndy type KC/K2C, as applicable, or approved equal), to all proposed and existing traffic signal mast arm poles and traffic/pedestrian signal posts, including push button posts. The grounding conductor shall be bonded to all proposed and existing pull boxes, handhole frames and covers and other metallic enclosures throughout the traffic signal wiring system and noted herein and detailed on the plans. Bonding to existing handhole frames and covers shall be paid for separately.

Revise Section 817.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Basis of Payment. Grounding cable shall be measured in place for payment in (meter) foot. Payment shall be at the contract unit price for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, GROUNDING, NO. 6, 1C, which price includes all associated labor and material including grounding clamps, splicing, exothermic welds/other Listed connectors and hardware.

RAILROAD INTERCONNECT CABLE.

The cable shall meet the requirements of Section 817 of the "Standard Specifications," except for the following:

Add to Section 817.02 of the Standard Specifications:

The cable shall be three conductor standard #14 copper cable in a clear polyester binder, shielded with #36 AWG tinned copper braid with 85% coverage, and insulated with .016" polyethylene (black, blue, red). The jacket shall be black 0.045 PVC or polyethylene.

Revise Section 817.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Basis of Payment. This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per (meter) foot for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, RAILROAD, NO. 14 3C, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing, installing, and making all electrical connections in the traffic signal controller cabinet. Connections in the railroad controller cabinet shall be performed by railroad personnel.

MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION.

Revise Section 850.00 of the Standard Specifications to read:

The energy charges for the operation of the traffic signal installation shall be paid for by others. Full maintenance responsibility shall start as soon as the Contractor begins any physical work on the Contract or any portion thereof.

The Contractor shall have on staff electricians with IMSA Level II certification to provide signal maintenance.

This item shall include maintenance of all traffic signal equipment at the intersection, including emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment, master controllers, telephone service installations, communication cables and conduits to adjacent intersections.

The maintenance shall be according to District 1 revised Article 802.07 and the following contained herein.

The Contractor shall check all controllers every two (2) weeks, which will include visually inspecting all timing intervals, relays, detectors, and pre-emption equipment to ensure that they are functioning properly. This item includes, as routine maintenance, all portions of emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment. The Contractor shall maintain in stock at all times a sufficient amount of materials and equipment to provide effective temporary and permanent repairs.

The Contractor shall provide immediate corrective action when any part or parts of the system fail to function properly. Two far side heads facing each approach shall be considered the minimum acceptable signal operation pending permanent repairs. When repairs at a signalized intersection require that the controller be disconnected, and power is available, the Contractor shall place the traffic signal installation on flashing operation. The signals shall flash RED for all directions unless a different indication has been specified by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be required to place stop signs (R1-1-36) at each approach of the intersection as a temporary means of regulating traffic. At approaches where a yellow flashing indication is necessary, as directed by the Engineer, stop signs will not be required. The Contractor shall furnish and equip all their vehicles assigned to the maintenance of traffic signal installations with a sufficient number of stop signs as specified herein. The Contractor shall maintain a sufficient number of spare stop signs in stock at all times to replace stop signs which may be damaged or stolen.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a 24 hour telephone number for the maintenance of the traffic signal installation and for emergency calls by the Engineer.

Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to the Department for any reason shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the requirements of these Specifications.

The Contractor shall respond to all emergency calls from the Department or others within one hour after notification and provide immediate corrective action. When equipment has been damaged or becomes faulty beyond repair, the Contractor shall replace it with new and identical equipment. The cost of furnishing and installing the replaced equipment shall be borne by the Contractor at no additional charge to the State. The Contractor may institute action to recover damages from a responsible third party. If at any time the Contractor fails to perform all work as specified herein to keep the traffic signal installation in proper operating condition or if the Engineer cannot contact the Contractor's designated personnel, the Engineer shall have the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor perform the maintenance work required. The State's

Electrical Maintenance Contractor shall bill the Contractor for the total cost of the work. The Contractor shall pay this bill within thirty (30) days of the date of receipt of the invoice or the cost of such work will be deducted from the amount due the Contractor. The Contractor shall allow the Electrical Maintenance Contractor to make reviews of the Existing Traffic Signal Installation that has been transferred to the Contractor for Maintenance.

Basis of Payment. This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION.

TRAFFIC ACTUATED CONTROLLER.

Add the following to Section 857.00 of the Standard Specifications:

Controllers shall be NEMA TS2 Type 1, Econolite ASC/2S-1000 or Eagle M41 unless specified otherwise on the plans or elsewhere on these specifications. Only controllers supplied by one of the District 1 approved closed loop equipment manufacturers will be allowed. The controller shall be the most recent model and software version supplied by the manufacturer at the time of the approval. The traffic signal controller shall provide features to inhibit simultaneous display of a circular yellow ball and a yellow arrow display. Individual load switches shall be provided for each vehicle, pedestrian, and right turn over lap phase.

By December 31, 2002, the controller shall provide a background timer which will prevent phases from being skipped during program changes.

MASTER CONTROLLER.

Revise Sections 860.02 - Materials and 860.03 - Installation of the Standard Specifications to read:

Only controllers supplied by one of the District approved closed loop equipment manufacturers will be allowed. Only NEMA TS 2 Type 1 Eagle and Econolite closed loop systems shall be supplied. The latest model and software version of master controller shall be supplied.

Functional requirements in addition to those in section 863 of the Standard Specification include:

The system commands shall consist of, as a minimum, six (6) cycle lengths, five (5) offsets, three (3) splits, and four (4) special functions. The system commands shall also include commands for free or coordinated operation.

Traffic Responsive operation shall consist of the real time acquisition of system detector data, data validation, and the scaling of acquired volumes and occupancies in a deterministic fashion so as to cause the selection and implementation of the most suitable traffic plan.

Full duplex communication between the master and its local controllers is recommended, but at this time not required. The data rate shall be 1200 baud minimum.

The cabinet shall be provided with a Siecor CAC 3000, or equivalent, Outdoor Network Interface for termination of the telephone service. It shall be mounted to the inside of the cabinet in a location suitable to provide access for termination of the telephone service at a later date. The CAC 3000 shall be equipped with a standard Three-Electrode Heavy Duty Gas Tube Surge Arrestor.

The cabinet shall provide a caller identification unit with 50 number memory.

The cabinet shall be equipped with a 9600 baud, auto dial/auto answer, modem. It shall be a US robotics 33.6K baud rate or equal.

Each master shall be delivered with up to three (3) complete sets of the latest edition of registered remote monitoring software with full manufacture's support. Each set shall consist of software on suitable media (CD, 3 1/2" or 5 1/4" floppy disks as requested by the Engineer), and a bound set of manuals containing loading and operating instruction. One copy of the software and support data shall be delivered to the Agency in charge of system operation, if other than IDOT. One of these two sets will be provided to the Agency Signal Maintenance Contractor for his use in monitoring the system.

The Contractor shall be required to setup graphic displays and all software parameters for every intersection to be interconnected under this Contract, including complete viewing and control capabilities from IDOT remote monitor.

The approved manufacturer of equipment shall loan the District one master controller and two intersection controllers of the most recent models and the newest software version to be used for instructional purposes in addition to the equipment to be supplied for the Contract.

The Contractor shall arrange to install a standard voice-grade dial-up telephone line to the master controller. This shall be accomplished through the following process utilizing District 1 staff.

As soon as practical or within one week after the contract has been awarded, the Contractor shall contact (via phone) the Administrative Support Manager in the District 1 Business Services Section at (847) 705-4011 to request a phone line installation.

A follow-up fax transmittal to the Administrative Support Manager (847-705-4712) with all required information pertaining to the phone installation is required from the Contractor as soon as possible or within one week after the initial request has been made. A copy of this fax transmittal must also be faxed by the Contractor to the Traffic Signal Systems Engineer at (847) 705-4089. The required information to be supplied on the fax shall include (but not limited to): A street address for the new traffic signal controller (or nearby address); a nearby existing telephone number; what type of telephone service is needed; the name and number of the Contractor's employee for the telephone company to contact regarding site work and questions.

The usual time frame for the activation of the phone line is 4-6 weeks after the Business Services Section has received the Contractor supplied fax. It is, therefore, imperative that the phone line conduit and pull-string be installed by the Contractor in anticipation of this time frame. On jobs which include roadway widening in which the conduit cannot be installed until this widening is completed, the Contractor will be allowed to delay the phone line installation request to the Business Services Section until a point in time that is 4-6 weeks prior to the anticipated completion of the traffic signal work. The contractor shall provide the Administrative Support Manager with an expected installation date considering the 4-6 week processing time.

The telephone line shall be installed and activated one month before the system final inspection.

All costs associated with the telephone line installation and activation (not including the Contract specified conduit installation between the point of telephone service and the traffic signal controller cabinet) shall be paid for by the District One Business Services Section (i.e., this will be an IDOT phone number not a Contractor phone number).

FIBER OPTIC CABLE.

Revise Section 871.00 of the Standard Specifications to read:

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing Fiber Optical cable in conduit with all accessories and connectors according to Section 871 of the Standard Specifications. The cable shall be of the type, size, and the number of fiber specified.

The control cabinet distribution enclosure shall be 3M Model 8173 or an approved equivalent. The fiber optic cable shall provide six fibers per tube for the amount of fibers called for in the Fiber Optic Cable pay item in the Contract. A minimum of six multimode fibers from each cable shall be terminated with approved mechanical connectors at the distribution enclosure. Fibers not being used shall be labeled "spare." Fibers not attached to the distribution enclosure shall be capped and sealed. A minimum of (4m) 13.0' of slack cable shall be provided for the controller cabinet. The controller cabinet slack cable shall be stored as directed by the Engineer.

Fiber Optic cable may be gel filled or an approved water blocking tape.

Basis of Payment. The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price for FIBER OPTIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, NO. 62.5/125, MM12F SM12F, per (meter) foot for the cable in place, including distribution enclosure and all connectors.

CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS.

Add the following to Section 878.03 of the Standard Specifications:

All anchor bolts shall be according to Section 1006.09, except all anchor bolts shall be hot dipped galvanized the full length of the anchor bolt including the hook.

Concrete Foundations, Type "A" for Traffic Signal Posts shall provide anchor bolts with the bolt pattern specified within the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." All Type "A" foundations shall be a minimum depth of 1.22 m (48").

Concrete Foundations, Type "D" for Traffic Signal Cabinets shall be a minimum of 1.22 m (48") long and 790 mm (31") wide. All Type "D" foundations shall be a minimum depth of 1.22 m (48"). The concrete apron shall be 910 mm X 1220 mm X 130 mm (36"x48"x5"). Anchor bolts shall provide bolt spacing as required by the manufacturer.

Concrete Foundations, Type "E" for Mast Arm and Combination Mast Arm Poles shall meet the following requirements:

DESIGN TABLE FOR 750 mm (30-INCH) DIAMETER FOUNDATION

FOR ALL MAST ARMS 4.26M (14 FEET) TO 16.76M (55 FEET)

AND ALL COMBINATION POLES (DESIGN DEPTH IS 4.57 m [15 FEET])

| | TYPE OF SOIL DESCRIPTION | DESIGN DEPTH OF FOUNDATION | | TYPE OF SOIL DESCRIPTION | DESIGN DEPTH OF FOUNDATION |
|----|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | SOFT CLAY | 5.33 m(17' – 6") | *4. | LOOSE SAND | 3.05 m(10' – 0") |
| 2. | MEDIUM CLAY | 3.81 m(12' – 6") | *5. | MEDIUM SAND | 2.74 m(9' – 0") |
| 3. | STIFF CLAY | 2.59 m(8' – 6") | *6. | DENSE SAND | 2.44 m(8' – 0") |

* WATER TABLE ASSUMED BELOW DEPTHS SPECIFIED

No foundation is to be poured until the Resident Engineer gives his/her approval as to the depth of the foundation. Foundations used for Roadway Lighting shall provide an extra 65 mm (2-1/2 inch) duct.

DETECTOR LOOP.

Revise Section 886 of the Standard Specifications to read:

A minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the Contractor cutting loops, the Contractor shall have the proposed loop locations marked and contact the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer (847) 705-4139 to inspect and approve the layout. When preformed detector loops are installed, the Contractor shall have them inspected and approved prior to the pouring of the portland cement concrete surface, using the same notification process as above.

Loop detectors shall be installed according to the requirements of the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details". Saw-cuts (homeruns on preformed detector loops) from the loop to the edge of pavement shall be made perpendicular to the edge of pavement when possible in order to minimize the length of the saw-cut (homerun on preformed detector loops) unless directed otherwise by the Engineer or as shown on the plan.

The detector loop cable insulation shall be labeled with the cable specifications.

Each loop detector lead-in wire shall be labeled in the handhole using a Panduit 250W175C water proof tag, or an approved equal, secured to each wire with nylon ties.

Resistance to ground shall be a minimum of 100 mega-ohms under any conditions of weather or moisture. Inductance shall be more than 50 and less than 700 microhenries. Quality readings shall be more than 5.

- (a) Type I. All loops installed in new asphalt pavement shall be installed in the binder course and not in the surface course. The edge of pavement, curb and handhole shall be cut with a 6.3 mm (1/4") deep x 100 mm (4") saw cut to mark location of each loop lead-in.

Loop sealant shall be a two-component thixotropic chemically cured polyurethane either Chemque Q-Seal 295, Percol Elastic Cement A/C Grade or an approved equal. The sealant shall be installed 3 mm (1/8") below the pavement surface, if installed above the surface the overlap shall be removed immediately.

Detector loop measurements shall include the saw cut and the length of the loop lead-in to the edge of pavement. The lead-in wire, including all necessary connections for proper operations, from the edge of pavement to the handhole, shall be incidental to the price of the detector loop. Unit duct, trench and backfill, and drilling of pavement or handholes shall be incidental to detector loop quantities.

- (b) Preformed. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a rubberized heat resistant preformed traffic signal loop in accordance with the Standard Specifications, except for the following:

Preformed detector loops shall be installed in new pavement constructed of portland cement concrete using mounting chairs or tied to re-bar or the preformed detector loops may be placed in the sub-base. Loop lead-ins shall be protected to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Handholes shall be placed next to the shoulder or back of curb when preformed detector loops enter the handhole.

Preformed detector loops shall be factory assembled. Homeruns and interconnects shall be pre-wired and shall be an integral part of the loop assembly. The loop configurations and homerun lengths shall be assembled for the specific application. The loop and homerun shall be constructed using 17.2 mm (11/16") outside diameter (minimum), 9.5 mm (3/8") inside diameter (minimum) Class A oil resistant synthetic cord reinforced hydraulic hose with 1,720 kPa (250 psi) internal pressure rating. Hose for the loop and homerun assembly shall be one continuous piece. No joints or splices shall be allowed in the hose except where necessary to connect homeruns or interconnects to the loops. This will provide maximum wire protection and loop system strength. Hose tee connections shall be heavy duty high temperature synthetic rubber. The tee shall be of proper size to attach directly to the hose, minimizing glue joints. The tee shall have the same flexible properties as the hose to insure that the whole assembly can conform to pavement movement and shifting without cracking or breaking. The wire used shall be #16 THWN stranded copper. The number of turns in the loop shall be application specific. Homerun wire pairs shall be twisted a minimum of four turns per foot. No wire splices will be allowed in the preformed loop assembly. The loop and homeruns shall be filled and sealed with a flexible sealant to insure complete moisture blockage and further protect the wire.

Basis of Payment. This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per meter (foot) for DETECTOR LOOP, TYPE I or PREFORMED DETECTOR LOOP as specified in the plans, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the detector loop and all related connections for proper operation.

EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM.

Revise Section 887.00 of the Standard Specifications to read:

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the municipality or fire district to verify the brand of emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment to be installed prior to the contract bidding. The equipment must be completely compatible with all components of the equipment currently in use by the Agency.

All new installations shall be equipped with Confirmation Beacons as shown on the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." The Confirmation Beacon shall consist of a 150 watt Par 38 flood lamp for each direction of pre-emption. The lamp shall have an adjustable mount with a weatherproof enclosure for cable splicing. All hardware shall be cast aluminum or stainless steel. Holes drilled into signal poles, mast arms, or posts shall require rubber grommets. In order to maintain uniformity between communities, the confirmation beacons shall indicate when the control equipment receives the pre-emption signal. The pre-emption movement shall be signaled by a flashing indication at the rate specified by Section 4E-5 of the "Manual On Uniform Traffic Control Devices." The stopped pre-empted movements shall be signaled by a continuous indication.

All light operated systems shall operate at a uniform rate of 14.035 Hz \pm 0.002, or as otherwise required by the Engineer, and provide compatible operation with other light systems currently being operated in the District.

Basis of Payment. The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for furnishing and installing LIGHT DETECTOR and LIGHT DETECTOR AMPLIFIER. Furnishing and installing the confirmation beacon shall be incidental to the cost of the Light Detector. The preemption detector amplifier shall be paid for on a basis of (1) one each per intersection controller and shall provide operation for all movements required in the pre-emption phase sequence.

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION.

Revise Section 890.00 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Only an approved equipment vendor will be allowed to assemble the temporary traffic signal cabinet. Also, an approved equipment vendor shall assemble and test a temporary railroad traffic signal cabinet. (Refer to the "Inspection of Controller and Cabinet" specification). A representative of the approved control equipment vendor shall be present at the temporary traffic signal turn-on inspection.

Only controllers supplied by one of the District approved closed loop equipment manufacturers will be approved for use at temporary signal locations. All controllers used for temporary traffic signals shall be fully actuated NEMA microprocessor based with RS232 data entry ports compatible with existing monitoring software approved by IDOT District 1, installed in NEMA TS1 or TS2 cabinets with 8 phase back panels, capable of supplying 255 seconds of cycle length and individual phase length settings up to 99 seconds. On projects with one lane open and two way traffic flow, such as bridge deck repairs, the temporary signal controller shall be capable of providing an adjustable all red clearance setting of up to 30 seconds in length. All controllers used for temporary traffic signals shall meet or exceed the requirements of Section 857 of the Standard Specifications with regards to internal time base coordination and preemption.

All temporary traffic signal cabinets shall have a closed bottom made of aluminum alloy. The bottom shall be sealed along the entire perimeter of the cabinet base to ensure a water, dust and insect-proof seal. The bottom shall provide a minimum of two (2) 100 mm (4 inch) diameter holes to run the electric cables through. The 100 mm (4 inch) diameter holes shall have a bushing installed to protect the electric cables and shall be sealed after the electric cables are installed.

Grounding shall be provided for the temporary traffic signal cabinet meeting or exceeding the applicable portions of the National Electrical Code, Section 807 of the Standard Specifications and shall meet the requirements of the District 1 Traffic Signal Specifications for "Grounding of Traffic Signal Systems".

All traffic signal sections and pedestrian signal sections shall be 300 mm (12 inches). The temporary traffic signal heads shall be placed as indicated on the temporary traffic signal plan or as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish enough cable slack to relocate heads to any position on the span wire or at locations illustrated on the plans for construction staging. The temporary traffic signal shall remain in operation during all signal head relocations. Each temporary traffic signal head shall have its own cable from the controller cabinet to the signal head.

The existing system interconnect is to be maintained as part of the Temporary Traffic Signal Installation specified for on the plan. The interconnect shall be installed into the temporary controller cabinet as per the notes or details on the plans. All labor and equipment required to install and maintain the existing interconnect as part of the Temporary Traffic Signal Installation shall be incidental to the item Temporary Traffic Signal Installation.

All emergency vehicle preemption equipment (light detectors, light detector amplifiers, confirmation beacons, etc.) as shown on the temporary traffic signal plans shall be provided by the Contractor. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the municipality or fire district to verify the brand of emergency vehicle preemption equipment to be installed prior to the contract bidding. The equipment must be completely compatible with all components of the equipment currently in use by the Agency. All light operated systems shall operate at a uniform rate of 14.035 hz \pm 0.002, or as otherwise required by the Engineer, and provide compatible operation with other light systems currently being operated in the District. All labor and material required to install and maintain the Emergency Vehicle Preemption installation shall be incidental to the item Temporary Traffic Signal Installation.

All temporary traffic signal installations shall have vehicular detection installed as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Pedestrian push buttons shall be provided for all pedestrian signal heads/phases as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Minor cross streets shall have vehicular detection provided by Microwave Vehicle Sensors or Video Vehicle Detection System as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system shall be approved by IDOT before furnishing and installing. The Contractor shall install, wire, and adjust the alignment of the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system in accordance to the manufacturer's recommendations and requirements. The Contractor shall be responsible for adjusting the alignment of the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system for all construction staging changes and for maintaining proper alignment throughout the project. A representative of the approved control equipment vendor shall be present and assist the contractor in setting up and maintaining the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system.

All existing street name and intersection regulatory signs shall be removed from existing poles and relocated to the temporary signal span wire. If new mast arm assembly and pole(s) and posts are specified for the permanent signals, the signs shall be relocated to the new equipment at no extra cost.

The energy charges for the operation of the traffic signal installation shall be paid for by others if the installation replaces an existing signal. Otherwise charges shall be paid for under 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.

All control equipment for the temporary traffic signal(s) shall be furnished by the Contractor unless otherwise stated in the plans. On projects with multiple temporary traffic signal installations, all controllers shall be the same manufacturer brand and model number with current software installed.

Maintenance shall meet the requirements of the Traffic Specifications and District Specifications for "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation." Maintenance of temporary signals and of the existing signals shall be incidental to the cost of this item. When temporary traffic signals are to be installed at locations where existing signals are presently operating, the Contractor shall be fully responsible for the maintenance of the existing signal installation as soon as he begins any physical work on the Contract or any portion thereof. Maintenance responsibility of the existing signals shall be incidental to the item Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s). In addition, a minimum of seven (7) days prior to assuming maintenance of the existing traffic signal installation(s) under this Contract, the Contractor shall request that the Resident Engineer contact the Bureau of Traffic (847) 705-4139 for an inspection of the installation(s).

Temporary Traffic Signals for bridge projects shall follow the State Standards, Standard Specifications, District 1 Traffic Signal Specifications and any plans for Bridge Temporary Traffic Signals included in the plans. The installation shall meet the above requirements for "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation". In addition all electric cable shall be aurally suspended, at a minimum height of 5.5m (18 feet), on temporary wood poles (Class 5 or better) of 13.7 m (45 feet), minimum height. The signal heads shall be span wire mounted or bracket mounted to the wood pole or as directed by the Engineer. The Controller cabinet shall be mounted to the wood pole or as directed by the Engineer. Microwave vehicle sensors or video vehicle detection may be used in place of the detector loops as approved by the Engineer.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION. The price of which shall include all costs for the modifications required for traffic staging, changes in signal phasing as required in the Contract plans, microwave vehicle sensors, video vehicle detection system, any maintenance or adjustment to the microwave vehicle sensors/video vehicle detection system, all material required, the installation and complete removal of the temporary traffic signal.

REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT.

Add the following to Section 895.05 of the Standard Specifications:

The traffic signal equipment which is to be removed and is to become the property of the Contractor shall be disposed of by them outside the right-of-way at their expense.

All equipment to be returned to the State shall be delivered by the Contractor to the State's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor's main facility. The Contractor shall contact the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor to schedule an appointment to deliver the equipment. No equipment will be accepted without a prior appointment. All equipment shall be delivered within 30 days of removing it from the traffic signal installation. The Contractor shall provide 5 copies of a list of equipment that is to remain the property of the State, including model and serial numbers, where applicable. He shall also provide a copy of the Contract plan or special provision showing the quantities and type of equipment. Controllers and peripheral equipment from the same location shall be boxed together (equipment from different locations may not be mixed) and all boxes and controller cabinets shall be clearly marked or labeled with the location from which they were removed. If equipment is not returned with these requirements, it will be rejected by the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for the condition of the traffic signal equipment from the time he takes maintenance of the signal installation until the acceptance of a receipt drawn by the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor indicating the items have been returned in good condition.

The Contractor shall safely store and arrange for pick up of all equipment to be returned to agencies other than the State. The Contractor shall package the equipment and provide all necessary documentation as stated above.

Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to the Department for any reason shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the requirements of these Specifications.

SECTION 1000 MATERIALS

PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON.

Add the following to Section 1074.02 (b) and (d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

(b) Push-button assemblies shall be a cast aluminum alloy Pelco Push-button station, or an approved equivalent.

(d) The assembly shall provide ADA push-buttons with one of the following signs: SF-1017, 1018 or 1020 - 5" x 7³/₄" (127 mm x 197 mm).

CONTROLLER CABINET AND PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT.

Revise Section 1074.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Cabinets shall be designed for NEMA TS2 Type 1 operation. All cabinets shall be pre-wired for a minimum of eight (8) phases of vehicular, four (4) phases of pedestrian and four (4) phases of overlap operation.

- Cabinets – Provide 1/8" (3.2 mm) thick unpainted aluminum alloy 5052-H32. The surface shall be smooth, free of marks and scratches. All external hardware shall be stainless steel.
- Controller Harness – Provide a TS2 Type 2 "A" wired harness in addition to the TS2 Type 1 harness.
- BIU – Containment screw required.
- Transfer Relays – Solid state or mechanical flash relays are acceptable.
- Switch Guards – All switches shall be guarded.
- Heating – Two (2) porcelain light receptacles with cage protection controlled by both a wall switch and a thermostat.
- Plan & Wiring Diagrams – 12" x 16" (3.05mm x 4.06mm) moisture sealed container attached to door.
- Detector Racks – Fully wired and labeled for four (4) channels of emergency vehicle pre-emption and sixteen channel (16) of vehicular operation.
- Field Wiring Labels – All field wiring shall be labeled.
- Field Wiring Termination – Approved channel lugs required.
- Power Panel – Provide a nonconductive shield.
- Circuit Breaker – The circuit breaker shall be sized for the proposed load but shall not be rated less than 30 amps.
- Police Door – Provide wiring and termination for plug in manual phase advance switch.
- Railroad Pre-Emption Test Switch – Eaton 8830K13 SHA 1250 or equivalent.

TRAFFIC ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND CABINET INTERCONNECTED WITH RAILROADS.

Add the following to Section 1074.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Cabinets shall be new and NEMA TS2 Type 1 design. In addition to the aforementioned District One equipment specifications, the following shall apply to railroad interconnected equipment: Railroad interconnected controllers and cabinets shall be assembled only by an approved traffic signal equipment supplier. The equipment shall be tested and approved in the equipment suppliers District One facility prior to field installation.

Pedestrian clearance during railroad pre-emption shall be limited to a flashing don't walk interval in length to the vehicle yellow clearance interval and shall time concurrently with the vehicle yellow clearance.

The controller shall provide for immediate track clearance green re-service upon receipt of each subsequent pre-empt demand. During this re-service all normal vehicle clearance intervals, including red revert, will be respected.

The terminal facility shall be wired so as to provide supervision of all essential pre-emption components. This wiring shall cause the facility to transfer to or remain in flashing operation in the event any critical component is missing, not connected or failed. Interface relays shall be wired so as to be in the energized state during normal (non-pre-empt) operation. Failure of a relay coil shall open the supervision loop and cause the intersection to transfer to flashing operation. Each critical element such as controller harnesses and interface relays shall be wired to form a series loop which must be complete for normal operation.

A method of supervising the 3 conductor cable interconnecting the traffic and railroad facilities shall provide flashing operation during failed cable conditions. Upon detection of a failed railroad interconnect the controller shall provide one (1) track clearance green interval and shall enter flashing operation at end of track clearance yellow interval. Such flashing operation must be manually reset. The supervision circuit shall, within reason, be capable of detecting failure of the supervision circuit components themselves, and shall provide fail-safe operation upon such failure.

The interconnect to railroad facility shall be such that demand for pre-emption begins when the railroad flashers begin to flash and ends when railroad gates begin to rise.

An IDOT approved method of controller security shall be implemented to assure data integrity and to preclude changes to critical data. The method shall include a means for the controller to continuously verify controller/cabinet CRC match. The CRC will be developed based on pre-emptor entries, unit data (including phases in use, sequence and ring structure, etc.), overlap assignment and timing, firmware version, and any special memory content necessary to proper operation. Where data is stored in a data module a spare data module shall be provided to the Engineer.

A test switch shall be provided in the railroad circuit to initiate pre-emption. See cabinet specifications.

ELECTRIC CABLE.

Delete "or stranded, and No. 12 or" from the last sentence of Section 1076.04 (a) of the Standard Specifications.

MAST ARM ASSEMBLY AND POLE.

Add the following to Section 1077.03 (a) of the Standard Specifications:

Traffic signal mast arms shall be one piece construction, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. All poles shall be galvanized. If the Department approves painting, powder coating by the manufacturer will be required over the galvanization.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a galvanized steel or extruded aluminum shroud for protection of the mast arm pole base plate similar to the dimensions detailed in the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." The shroud shall be of sufficient strength to deter pedestrian and vehicular damage. The shroud shall allow air to circulate throughout the mast arm but not allow manifestation of insects or critters. The shroud shall be constructed, installed and designed not to be hazardous to probing fingers and feet. All mounting hardware shall be stainless steel. The shroud shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of the mast arm assembly and pole.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL POST.

Add the following to Section 1077.03 (b) of the Standard Specifications:

All posts and bases shall be steel and hot dipped galvanized. If the Department approves painting, powder coating by the manufacturer will be required over the galvanization.

SIGNAL HEADS.

Add the following to Section 1078 of the Standard Specifications to read:

All signal and pedestrian heads shall provide 12" (300 mm) displays with glossy yellow or black polycarbonate housings. All head housings shall be the same color (yellow or black) at the intersection. For new signalized intersections and existing signalized intersections where all signal and/or pedestrian heads are being replaced, the proposed head housings shall be black. Where only selected heads are being replaced, the proposed head housing color (yellow or black) shall match existing head housings. Connecting hardware and mounting brackets shall be polycarbonate (black) or galvanized. A corrosive resistant anti-seize lubricant shall be applied to all metallic mounting bracket joints, and shall be visible to the inspector at the signal turn-on. Post top mounting collars are required on all posts, and shall be constructed of the same material as the brackets.

Pedestrian signal heads shall be furnished with the international symbolic "Walking Person" and "Upraised Palm" lenses. Egg crate sun shields are not permitted.

Signal heads shall be positioned according to the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details."

SIGNAL HEAD, BACKPLATE.

Delete 1st sentence of 1078.03 of the Standard Specifications and add "All backplates shall be aluminum and louvered".

INDUCTIVE LOOP DETECTOR.

Add the following to Section 1079.01 of the Standard Specifications:

Contracts requiring new cabinets shall provide for card mounted detector amplifiers. Loop amplifiers shall provide LCD displays with loop frequency, inductance, and change of inductance readings.

ILLUMINATED SIGN, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE.

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing an illuminated sign with light emitting diodes.

General. The light emitting diode (LED) blank out signs shall be manufactured by National Sign & Signal Company, or an approved equal and consist of a weatherproof housing and door, LEDs and transformers.

Display. The LED blank out sign shall provide the correct symbol and color for "NO LEFT TURN" OR "NO RIGHT TURN" indicated in accordance with the requirements of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices". The message shall be formed by rows of LEDs.

The message shall be clearly legible. The message shall be highly visible, anywhere and under any lighting conditions, within a 15 degree cone centered about the optic axis.

The sign face shall be 24 inches (600 mm) by 24 inches (600 mm). The sign face shall be completely illegible when not illuminated. No symbol shall be seen under any ambient light condition when not illuminated.

All LEDs shall be T-1 ¼ (5mm) and have an expected lamplife of 100,000 hours. Operating wavelengths will be Red-626nm, Amber-590nm, and Bluish/Green-505nm. Transformers shall be rated for the line voltage with Class A insulation and weatherproofing. The sign shall be designed for operation over a range of temperatures from -35F to +165 F (-37C to +75C).

The LED module shall include the message plate, high intensity LEDs and LED drive electronics. Door panels shall be flat black and electrical connections shall be made via barrier-type terminal strip. All fasteners and hardware shall be corrosion resistant stainless steel.

Housing. The housing shall be constructed of extruded aluminum. All corners and seams shall be heli-arc welded to provide a weatherproof seal around the entire case. Hinges shall be continuous full-length stainless steel. Signs shall have stainless steel hardware and provide tool free access to the interior of the sign. Doors shall be 0.125-inch thick extruded aluminum with a 3/16-inch x 1-inch neoprene gasket and sun hood. The sign face shall have a polycarbonate, matte clear, lexan face plate. Drainage shall be provided by four drain holes at the corners of the housing. The finish on the sign housing shall include two coats of exterior enamel applied after the surface is acid-etched and primed with zinc-chromate primer.

Mounting hardware shall be black polycarbonate or galvanized steel and similar to mounting Signal Head hardware and brackets specified herein.

Basis of Payment. This work shall be paid for at the unit price each for ILLUMINATED SIGN, L.E.D.

GROUNDING EXISTING HANDHOLE FRAME AND COVER.

Description. This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to bond the equipment grounding conductor to the existing handhole frame and handhole cover. All installations shall meet the requirements of the details in the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" and applicable portions of the Specifications.

The equipment grounding conductor shall be bonded to the handhole frame and to the handhole cover. Two (2) ½-inch diameter x 1 ¼-inch long hex-head stainless steel bolts, spaced 1.75-inches apart center-to-center shall be fully welded to the frame and to the cover to accommodate a heavy duty Listed grounding compression terminal (Burndy type YGHA or approved equal). The grounding compression terminal shall be secured to the bolts with stainless steel split-lock washers and nylon-insert locknuts.

Welding preparation for the stainless steel bolt hex-head to the frame and to the cover shall include thoroughly cleaning the contact and weldment area of all rust, dirt and contaminates. The Contractor shall assure a solid strong weld. The welds shall be smooth and thoroughly cleaned of flux and spatter. The grounding installation shall not affect the proper seating of the cover when closed.

The grounding cable shall be paid for separately.

Method of Measurement. Units measured for payment will be counted on a per handhole basis, regardless of the type of handhole and its location.

Basis of Payment. This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for GROUNDING EXISTING HANDHOLE FRAME AND COVER which shall be payment in full for grounding the handhole complete.

RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM

This work shall consist of providing a revised Signal Coordination and Timing (SCAT) Report and implementing optimized timings to an existing previously optimized closed loop traffic signal system. This work is required due to the addition of a signalized intersection to an existing system or a modification of an existing signalized intersection which affects the quality of an existing system's operation. MAINTENANCE OF THE SUBJECT INTERSECTION SHALL NOT BE ACCEPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT UNTIL THIS WORK IS COMPLETED.

After the new signalized intersection is added or the existing signal is modified, the traffic signal system shall be re-optimized by an approved Consultant who has previous experience in optimizing Closed Loop Traffic Signal Systems for District 1 of the Illinois Department of Transportation. The Contractor shall contact the Area Traffic Signal Operations Engineer at (708) 705-4139 for a listing of approved Consultants.

A listing of existing signal equipment, interconnect information and existing phasing/timing patterns may be obtained from the Department if available and as appropriate. The existing SCAT Report is available for review at the District One office and if the Consultant provides blank floppy disks, copies containing software runs for the existing optimized system and a timing database that includes intersection displays will be made for the Consultant. The Consultant shall consult with the Area Traffic Signal Operations Engineer prior to optimizing the system to determine if any extraordinary conditions exist that would affect traffic flows in the vicinity of the system; in which case, the Consultant may be instructed to wait until the conditions return to normal or to follow specific instructions regarding the re-optimization.

Traffic counts shall be taken at the subject intersection a minimum of 30 days after the traffic signals are approved for operation by the Area Traffic signal Operations Engineer. Seven day/twenty-four hour automatic traffic recorder counts will be required and manual turning movement counts shall be conducted from 6:30 a.m. to 9:30 a.m., 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. on typical weekday from midday Monday to midday Friday, and if necessary, on the weekend. Additional manual turning movement counts may be necessary if heavy traffic flows exist during off peak hours. The turning movement counts shall identify cars, heavy vehicles, buses, and pedestrian movements.

A Capacity Analysis shall be conducted at the subject intersection to determine its level of service and degree of saturation. Appropriate signal timings shall be developed for the subject intersection and existing timings shall be utilized for the rest of the intersections in the system with minor adjustments if necessary. Changes to the cycle lengths and offsets for the entire system may be required due to the addition/modification of the subject intersection. Both volume and occupancy shall be considered when developing the re-optimized timing program. Signal system optimization analyses shall be conducted utilizing SYNCHRO, PASSER II, TRANSYT 7F, SIGNAL 2000 or other appropriate approved computer software.

If the system is being re-optimized due to the addition of a signalized intersection, all the intersections shall be re-addressed according to the current standard of District One. The proposed signal timing plan shall be forwarded to IDOT for review prior to implementation. The timing plan shall include a traffic responsive program and a time-of-day program which may be used as a back-up system. After downloading the system timings, the Consultant shall make fine tuning adjustments to the timing in the field to alleviate observed adverse operating conditions and to enhance operations.

The Consultant shall furnish to IDOT an original and two copies of the revised SCAT Report for the re-optimized system. The report shall contain the following: turning movement and automatic traffic recorder counts, capacity analyses for each count period, computer optimization analysis for each count period, proposed implementation plans and summaries including system description, analysis methodology, method of effectiveness comparison results and special recommendations and/or observations. The new report shall follow the format of the old report and shall incorporate all data from the old report which remains unchanged. Copies of the entire database including intersection displays and any other displays which the system software allows shall be furnished to IDOT and to IDOT's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor.

Basis of Payment. This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per lump sum for RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, which price shall be payment in full for performing all work described herein.

UNIT DUCT.

All installations of Unit Duct shall be incidental to the contract and not paid for separately. Polyethylene unit duct shall be used for detector loop raceways to the handholes. On temporary traffic signal installations with detector loops, polyethylene unit duct shall be used for detector loop raceways from the saw-cut to (3 m) 10' up the wood pole, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Unit duct shall meet the requirements of NEC Article 343.

SIGNAL HEAD, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE.

a) General:

- 1) Signal Head, Light Emitting Diode (LED), 1 Face, (All Section Quantities), (All Mounting Types) shall meet the requirements of Sections 880 and 881 and Articles 1078.01 and 1078.02 of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", adopted January 1, 2002, with the following modifications:
- 2) All signal and pedestrian heads shall be 300 mm (12") glossy black polycarbonate. Connecting hardware and mounting brackets shall be polycarbonate (black) or galvanized. A corrosive resistant anti-seize lubricant shall be applied to all metallic mounting bracket joints, and shall be visible to the inspector at the signal turn-on. Post top mounting collars are required on all posts, and shall be constructed of the same material as the brackets.
- 3) The optical unit of all traffic signal and pedestrian head sections shall be light emitting diodes (LEDs) instead of incandescent bulbs. Each signal head shall conform fully to the "Interim Purchase Specification of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) for LED Vehicle Traffic Signal Modules" published July, 1998, or applicable successor ITE specification.
- 4) The lens of each signal indication shall be tinted with a wavelength-matched color to reduce sun phantom effect and enhance on/off contrast. The tinting shall be uniform across the lens face. Polymeric lens shall provide a surface coating applied to provide abrasion resistance.
- 5) Each pedestrian signal LED module shall provide the ability to actuate the outlined upraised hand and the outlined walking person on one 12-inch (300mm) section. Two (2) sections shall be installed. The top section shall be wired to illuminate only the upraised hand and the bottom section shall be the walking man. "Egg Crate" type sun shields are not permitted. All figures must be a minimum of 9 inches (225mm) in height and easily identified from a distance of 120-feet (36.6m).
- 6) The LED modules shall provide constant light output under power. Modules with dimming capabilities shall have the option disabled or set on a non-dimming operation.

- 7) In the event of a power outage, light output from the LED modules shall cease instantaneously.
 - 8) In addition to conforming with the requirements for circular LED signal modules, LED arrow indication modules shall meet existing specifications stated in the ITE Standard: "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads," section 9.01. The LEDs arrow indication shall be a solid display with a minimum of three (3) outlining rows of LEDs and at least one (1) fill row of LEDs. The LEDs shall be spread evenly across the illuminated portion of the arrow area.
 - 9) The LED signal modules shall be replaced or repaired if an LED signal module fails to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within the first 60 months from the date of delivery. LED signal modules which exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum values specified in Section 4.1.1 of the Interim Purchase Specification of the ITE for LED Vehicle Traffic Signal Modules within the first 60 months of the date of delivery shall be replaced or repaired. The manufacturer's written warranty for the LED signal modules shall be dated, signed by an Officer of the company and included in the product submittal to the State.
 - 10) Each module shall consist of an assembly that utilizes LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal sections.
 - 11) The LEDs utilized in the modules shall be AllnGaP technology for red, yellow, Portland orange (pedestrian) and white (pedestrian) indications, and GaN for green indications, and shall be the ultra bright type rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°C to +74°C.
 - 12) The individual LEDs shall be wired such that a catastrophic loss or the failure of one or more LED will not result in the loss of the entire module.
- b) Electrical
- 1) Maximum power consumption for LED modules is per Table 1.
 - 2) LED modules will have EPA Energy Star compliance ratings, if applicable to that shape, size and color.
 - 3) The modules shall operate from a 60 HZ \pm 3 HZ AC line over a voltage ranging from 95 volts to 135 volts. The fluctuations of line voltage shall have no visible effect on the luminous intensity of the indications.
 - 4) Operating voltage of the modules shall be 120 VAC. All parameters shall be measured at this voltage.
 - 5) The LED signal module shall have a power factor of 0.90 or greater.
 - 6) Total harmonic distortion (current and voltage) induced into an AC power line by a LED signal module shall not exceed 20 percent.

- 7) The signal module on-board circuitry shall include voltage surge protection to withstand high-repetition noise transients as stated in Section 2.1.6 of NEMA Standard TS-2, 1992.
 - 8) The LED circuitry shall prevent perceptible flicker to the unaided eye over the voltage range specified above.
 - 9) All wiring and terminal blocks shall meet the requirements of Section 13.02 of the ITE Publication: Equipment and Material Standards, Chapter 2 (Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads).
 - 10) The modules shall be operationally compatible with currently used controller assemblies (solid state load switches, flashers, and conflict monitors).
 - 11) When a current of 20 mA AC (or less) is applied to the unit, the voltage read across the two leads shall be 15 VAC or less.
 - 12) The modules and associated on-board circuitry must meet Class A emission limits referred in Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Title 47, SubPart B, Section 15 regulations concerning the emission of electronic noise.
- c) Photometric Requirements
- 1) The minimum initial luminous intensity values for the modules shall be as stated in Table 2 and/or Table 4 at 25°C.
 - 2) The modules shall meet or exceed the illumination values as shown in Table 3 and/or Table 4, throughout the useful life based on normal use in a traffic signal operation over the operating temperature range.
 - 3) The measured chromaticity coordinates of the modules shall conform to the chromaticity requirements of Table 5, throughout the useful life over the operating temperature range.
- d) Environmental Requirements
- 1) The LED signal module shall be rated for use in the operating temperature range of -40°C (-40°F) to +74°C (+165°F). The modules shall meet all specifications throughout this range.
 - 2) The LED signal module shall be protected against dust and moisture intrusion per the requirements of NEMA Standard 250-1991 for Type 4 enclosures to protect all internal components.
- e) Construction
- 1) The LED signal module shall be a single, self-contained device, not requiring on-site assembly for installation. The power supply for the module shall be integral to the unit.
 - 2) The circuit board and power supply shall be contained inside the module.

- 3) The assembly and manufacturing process for the LED signal assembly shall be designed to assure all internal components are adequately supported to withstand mechanical shock and vibration from high winds and other sources.

f) Materials

- 1) Material used for the lens and signal module construction shall conform to ASTM specifications for the materials.
- 2) Enclosures containing either the power supply or electronic components of the signal module shall be made of UL94VO flame retardant materials. The lens of the signal module is excluded from this requirement.

g) Traffic Signal and Pedestrian LED Module Identification

- 1) Each module shall have the manufacturer's name, trademark, model number, serial number, date of manufacture (month-year), and lot number as identification permanently marked on the back of the module.
- 2) The following operating characteristics shall be permanently marked on the back of the module: rated voltage and rated power in Watts and Volt-Ampere.
- 3) Each module shall have a symbol of the type of module (i.e. circle, arrow, etc.) in the color of the module. The symbol shall be 25.4 mm (one inch) in diameter. Additionally, the color shall be written out in 12.7mm (½ in) letters next to the symbol.
- 4) If a specific mounting orientation is required, each module shall have prominent and permanent marking(s) for correct indexing and orientation within a signal housing. The markings shall consist of an up arrow, or the word "UP" or "TOP".

h) Traffic Signal LED Module

- 1) Modules can be manufactured under this specification for the following faces:
 - a 300 mm (12-inch) circular, multi-section
 - b 300 mm (12-inch) arrow, multi-section
 - c 300 mm (12-inch) pedestrian, 2 sections
- 2) The maximum weight of a module shall be 1.8 kg (4 lbs.).
- 3) Each module shall be a sealed unit to include all parts necessary for operation (a printed circuit board, power supply, a lens and gasket, etc.), and shall be weather proof after installation and connection.

i) Retrofit Traffic Signal Module

- 1) The following specification requirements apply to the Retrofit module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superceded in this section.

- 2) Retrofit modules can be manufactured under this specification for the following faces:
 - a 300 mm (12-inch) circular, multi-section
 - b 300 mm (12-inch) arrow, multi-section
 - c 300 mm (12-inch) pedestrian, 2 sections
- 3) The module shall fit into existing traffic signal section housings built to the specifications detailed in ITE Publication: Equipment and Material Standards, Chapter (Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads).
- 4) Each Retrofit module shall be designed to be installed in the doorframe of a standard traffic signal housing. The Retrofit module shall be sealed in the doorframe with a one-piece EPDM (ethylene propylene rubber) gasket.
- 5) The maximum weight of a Retrofit module shall be 1.8 kg (4 lbs.).
- 6) Each Retrofit module shall be a sealed unit to include all parts necessary for operation (a printed circuit board, power supply, a lens and gasket, etc.), and shall be weather proof after installation and connection.
- 7) The lens of the Retrofit module shall be integral to the unit, shall be convex with a smooth outer surface and made of plastic or of glass.
- j) Two secured, color coded, 600 V, 20 AWG minimum, jacketed wires, conforming to the National Electric Code, rated for service at +105°C, are to be provided for electrical connection for each LED signal module. Conductors for modules, including Retrofit modules, shall be 39.4-inches (1m) in length, with quick disconnect terminals attached.
- k) Lens
 - 1) The lens of the module shall be tinted and integral to the unit, convex with a smooth outer surface and made of plastic.
 - 2) The use of tinting or other materials to enhance ON/OFF contrasts shall not affect chromaticity and shall be uniform across the face of the lens.
 - 3) The LED signal module lens shall be UV stabilized and shall be capable of withstanding ultraviolet (direct sunlight) exposure for a minimum period of 60 months without exhibiting evidence of deterioration.
 - 4) The polymeric lens shall have a surface coating or chemical surface treatment to provide front surface abrasion resistance.
- l) The following specification requirements apply to the 12-inch (300 mm) arrow module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superseded in this section.
 - 1) The arrow module shall meet specifications stated in Section 9.01 of the ITE Publication: Equipment and Material Standards, Chapter 2 (Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads) for arrow indications.

- 2) The LEDs shall be spread evenly across the illuminated portion of the arrow area.
- m) The following specification requirements apply to the 12-inch (300 mm) PV module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superceded in this section.
- 1) The module shall be a module designed and constructed to be installed in a programmed visibility (PV) signal housing without modification to the housing.
 - 2) The LEDs shall be spread evenly across the module.

Basis of Payment. This item shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SIGNAL HEAD, LED, of the type specified, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing the equipment described above including signal head, LED(s) modules, all mounting hardware, and installing them in satisfactory operating condition.

The type specified will indicate the number of signal faces, the number of signal sections, and the method of mounting.

Pedestrian head(s) shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, LED, of the type specified and of the particular kind of material when specified.

The type specified will indicate the number of faces and the method of mounting.

When installed in an existing signal head, this item shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SIGNAL HEAD, LED of the type specified, RETROFIT, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing the equipment described above including LED(s) modules, all mounting hardware, and installing them in satisfactory operating condition.

The type specified will indicate the number of signal faces, the number of signal sections, and the method of mounting.

When installed in an existing signal head, this item shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, LED, of the type specified, RETROFIT, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing the equipment described above including LED(s) modules, all mounting hardware, and installing them in satisfactory operating condition.

The type specified will indicate the number of faces and the method of mounting.

TABLES

Table 1 Maximum Power Consumption (in Watts)

| | Red | | Yellow | | Green | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|------|--------------|------|-------|------|
| | 25°C | 74°C | 25°C | 74°C | 25°C | 74°C |
| 300 mm (12-inch) circular | 11 | 17 | 22 | 25 | 15 | 15 |
| 300 mm (12-inch) arrow | 9 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 11 | 11 |
| | Hand-Portland Orange | | Person-White | | | |
| Pedestrian Indication | 6.2 | | 6.3 | | | |

Table 2 Minimum Initial Intensities for Circular Indications (in cd)

| Angle(v,h) | 300 mm (12-inch) | | |
|-------------|------------------|--------|-------|
| | Red | Yellow | Green |
| 2.5, ±2.5 | 399 | 798 | 798 |
| 2.5, ±7.5 | 295 | 589 | 589 |
| 2.5, ±12.5 | 166 | 333 | 333 |
| 2.5, ±17.5 | 90 | 181 | 181 |
| 7.5, ±2.5 | 266 | 532 | 532 |
| 7.5, ±7.5 | 238 | 475 | 475 |
| 7.5, ±12.5 | 171 | 342 | 342 |
| 7.5, ±17. | 105 | 209 | 209 |
| 7.5, ±22.5 | 45 | 90 | 90 |
| 7.5, ±27.5 | 19 | 38 | 38 |
| 12.5, ±2.5 | 59 | 119 | 119 |
| 12.5, ±7.5 | 57 | 114 | 114 |
| 12.5, ±12.5 | 52 | 105 | 105 |
| 12.5, ±17.5 | 40 | 81 | 81 |
| 12.5, ±22.5 | 26 | 52 | 52 |
| 12.5, ±27.5 | 19 | 38 | 38 |
| 17.5, ±2.5 | 26 | 52 | 52 |
| 17.5, ±7.5 | 26 | 52 | 52 |
| 17.5, ±12.5 | 26 | 52 | 52 |
| 17.5, ±17.5 | 26 | 52 | 52 |
| 17.5, ±22.5 | 24 | 48 | 48 |
| 17.5, ±27.5 | 19 | 38 | 38 |

Table 3 Maintained Minimum Intensities for Circular Indications (in cd)

| Angle(v,h) | 300 mm (12-inch) | | |
|-------------|------------------|--------|-------|
| | Red | Yellow | Green |
| 2.5, ±2.5 | 339 | 678 | 678 |
| 2.5, ±7.5 | 251 | 501 | 501 |
| 2.5, ±12.5 | 141 | 283 | 283 |
| 2.5, ±17.5 | 77 | 154 | 154 |
| 7.5, ±2.5 | 226 | 452 | 452 |
| 7.5, ±7.5 | 202 | 404 | 404 |
| 7.5, ±12.5 | 145 | 291 | 291 |
| 7.5, ±17.5 | 89 | 178 | 178 |
| 7.5, ±22.5 | 38 | 77 | 77 |
| 7.5, ±27.5 | 16 | 32 | 32 |
| 12.5, ±2.5 | 50 | 101 | 101 |
| 12.5, ±7.5 | 48 | 97 | 97 |
| 12.5, ±12.5 | 44 | 89 | 89 |
| 12.5, ±17.5 | 34 | 69 | 69 |
| 12.5, ±22.5 | 22 | 44 | 44 |
| 12.5, ±27.5 | 16 | 32 | 32 |
| 17.5, ±2.5 | 22 | 44 | 44 |
| 17.5, ±7.5 | 22 | 44 | 44 |
| 17.5, ±12.5 | 22 | 44 | 44 |
| 17.5, ±17.5 | 22 | 44 | 44 |
| 17.5, ±22.5 | 20 | 41 | 41 |
| 17.5, ±27.5 | 16 | 32 | 32 |

Table 4 Minimum Initial & Maintained Intensities for Arrow and Pedestrian Indications (in cd/m²)

| | Red | Yellow | Green |
|------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| Arrow Indication | 5,500 | 11,000 | 11,000 |

Table 5 Chromaticity Standards (CIE Chart) Section 8.04 of

| | |
|--------|---|
| Red | Y: not greater than 0.308, or less than 0.998 - x |
| Yellow | Y: not less than 0.411, nor less than 0.995 - x, |
| Green | Y: Not less than 0.506 - .519x, nor less than 0.150 + 1.068x, nor more than 0.730 - x |

**TRAFFIC SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR DETECTOR REPLACEMENT AND/OR
INSTALLATION ON ROADWAY GRINDING, RESURFACING, & PATCHING OPERATIONS**

Effective: October 1, 1999

Revised August 20, 2001

The following Traffic Signal Special Provisions and the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" supplement the requirements of the State of Illinois "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction."

The intent of this Special Provision is to prescribe the materials and construction methods commonly used to replace traffic signal detector loops and replace magnetic signal detectors with detector loops during roadway resurfacing, grinding and patching operations. Loop detector replacement will not require the transfer of traffic signal maintenance from the District Electrical Maintenance Contractor to this contract's electrical contractor. Replacement of magnetic detector will require wiring revisions inside the control cabinet and therefore the transfer of maintenance will be required. All material furnished shall be new. The locations and the details of all installations shall be as indicated on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.

The work to be provided under this contract consists of furnishing and installing all traffic signal work as specified on the Plans and as specified herein in a manner acceptable and approved by the Engineer.

NOTIFICATION OF INTENT TO WORK. Contracts such as pavement grinding or patching which result in the destruction of traffic signal detection require a notification of intent to work and an inspection. A minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the detection removal, the Contractor shall notify the:

- Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847)705-4139
- IDOT Electrical Maintenance Contractor at (847) 680-5200.

at which time arrangements will be made to adjust the traffic controller timing to compensate for the absence of detection.

Failure to provide proper notification may require the District's Electrical Maintenance Contractor to be called to investigate complaints of inadequate traffic signal timing. All costs associated with these expenses will be paid for by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Department according to Section 109 of the "Standard Specifications."

ACCEPTANCE OF MATERIAL.

The Contractor shall provide:

1. All material approval requests shall be submitted a minimum of seven (7) days prior to the delivery of equipment to the job site, or within 30 consecutive calendar days after the contract is awarded, or within 15 consecutive calendar days after the preconstruction meeting, whichever is first.
2. Seven (7) copies of a letter listing the manufacturer's name and model numbers of the proposed equipment shall be supplied. The letter will be reviewed by the Traffic Design Engineer to determine whether the equipment to be used is approved. The letters will be stamped as approved or not approved accordingly and returned to the Contractor.
3. One (1) copy of material catalog cuts.
4. The contract number, permit number or intersection location must be on each sheet of the letter and material catalog cuts as required in items 2 and 3.

INSPECTION OF CONSTRUCTION.

When the road is open to traffic, except as otherwise provided in Section 849 and 850 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request a turn-on and inspection of the completed traffic signal installation at each separate location. This request must be made to the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847)705-4139 a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the time of the requested inspection.

Acceptance of the traffic signal equipment by the Department shall be based upon inspection results at the traffic signal "turn on." If approved, traffic signal acceptance shall be verbal at the "turn on" inspection followed by written correspondence from the Engineer. If this work is not completed in time, the Department reserves the right to have the work completed by others at the Contractor's expense.

All cost of work and materials required to comply with the above requirements shall be included in the pay item bid prices, under which the subject materials and signal equipment are paid, and no additional compensation will be allowed. Materials and signal equipment not complying with the above requirements will be subject to removal and disposal at the Contractor's expense.

RESTORATION OF WORK AREA. Restoration of the traffic signal work area shall be incidental to the related pay item such as foundation, conduit, handhole, trench and backfill, etc., and no extra compensation shall be allowed. All roadway surfaces such as shoulders, medians, sidewalks, pavement, etc. shall be replaced as shown in the plans or in kind. All damage to mowed lawns shall be replaced with an approved sod, and all damage to unmowed fields shall be seeded.

REMOVAL, DISPOSAL AND SALVAGE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT. This item shall be incidental to this contract. All material and equipment removed shall become the property of the Contractor and disposed of by the Contractor outside the State's right-of-way. No additional compensation shall be provided to the Contractor for removal, disposal or salvage expense for the work in this contract.

DETECTOR LOOP REPLACEMENT. This work shall consist of replacing existing detector loops which are destroyed during grinding, resurfacing, or patching operations.

If damage to the detector loop is unavoidable, replacement of the existing detection system will be necessary. This work shall be completed by an approved Electrical Contractor as directed by the Engineer.

Replacement of the loops shall be accomplished in the following manner: The Engineer shall mark the location of the replacement loops. The Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer shall be called to approve loop locations prior to the cutting of the pavement. The Contractor may reuse the existing conduit (duct) located between the existing handhole and the pavement if it hasn't been damaged. All burrs shall be removed from the edges of the existing conduit which may cause damage to the new detector loop during installation. If the existing conduit is damaged beyond repair, or if it cannot be located, or if additional conduits are required to provide one lead-in duct for each proposed loop; the Contractor shall be required to drill through the existing pavement into the appropriate handhole, and install 25 mm (1") unit duct conduit. This work and the required materials shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the pay item Detector Loop Replacement. Upon establishment of the duct, the loop may be cut, installed, sealed and spliced to the twisted-shielded controller cable in the handhole.

Detector loop measurements shall include the saw-cut and the length of the loop lead-in leading to the edge of pavement. Unit duct, splicing, trench and backfill, and drilling of pavement or handholes shall be incidental to detector loop quantities.

All loops installed in new asphalt pavement shall be installed in the binder course and not in the surface course. The edge of pavement or the curb shall be cut with a 6.3 mm (1/4") deep x 100 mm (4") saw-cut to mark location of each loop lead-in.

A minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the Contractor cutting loops, the Contractor shall have the proposed loop locations marked and contact the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer (847)705-4139 to inspect and approve the layout.

Loop detectors shall be installed according to the requirements of the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." Saw-cuts from the loop to the edge of pavement shall be made perpendicular to the edge of pavement when possible in order to minimize the length of the saw-cut unless directed otherwise by the Engineer or as shown on the plan.

The detector loop cable insulation shall be labeled with the cable specifications.

Each loop detector lead-in wire shall be labeled in the handhole using a Panduit 250W175C water proof tag or approved equal secured to each wire with nylon ties. The lead-in wire, including all necessary connections for proper operation, from the edge of pavement to the handhole, shall be incidental to the price of the detector loop.

Loop sealant shall be a two-component thixotropic chemically cured polyurethane either Chemque Q-Seal 295, Percol Elastic Cement A/C Grade or an approved equal. The sealant shall be installed 3 mm (1/8") below the pavement surface, if installed above the surface the overlap shall be removed immediately.

Round loop(s) 1.8 m (six foot) diameter may be substituted for 1.8 m (six foot) by 1.8 m (six foot) square loop(s) and shall be paid for as 7.2 m (24 feet) of detector loop.

Resistance to ground shall be a minimum of 100 megohms under any conditions of weather or moisture.

Heat shrink splices shall be used according to the "District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Details."

Basis of Payment. Detector Loop Replacement shall be paid for at the contract unit price per meter (foot) of DETECTOR LOOP REPLACEMENT measured along the sawed slot in the pavement containing the loop and lead-in, rather than the actual length of the wire in the slot, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing, installing, and testing the detector loop complete in place. Drilling handholes, sawing the pavement, furnishing and installing unit-duct to the appropriate handhole, cable splicing to provide a fully operable detector loop, and all trench and backfill shall be considered incidental to the cost of DETECTOR LOOP REPLACEMENT.

MAGNETIC DETECTOR REMOVAL AND DETECTOR LOOP INSTALLATION. This work shall consist of the removal of existing magnetic detectors, magnetic detector lead-in cable and magnetic detection amplifiers and related control equipment wiring, installation of detector lead-in cable, detector loops, detector amplifiers and related equipment wiring. The detector loop, cable, and amplifier shall be installed according to the applicable portions of the "Standard Specifications" and the applicable portions of the Special Provision for "Detector Loop Replacement."

Basis of Payment. Magnetic Detector Removal and Detector Loop Installation shall be paid for at the contract unit price per meter (foot) for DETECTOR LOOP, TYPE I, per each for INDUCTIVE LOOP DETECTOR, and meter (foot) for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, LEAD-IN, NO. 14 1 PAIR. All drilling of handholes, furnishing and installing unit duct, cable splicing, trench and backfill, removal of equipment, and pulling cable from conduit shall be incidental to this work.

WATER MAIN - SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2002, and the latest edition of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois" for all water main work included in this contract, and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

All water main work included in this contract west of station 254+00 shall conform to the requirements of the Village of Oak Brook Water Main Specifications listed herein. All water main work east of station 254+00 shall conform to the requirements of the City of Oakbrook Terrace Water Main Specifications listed herein. All water main shutdowns and required notifications shall be coordinated with the appropriate governing municipality.

The Contractor shall coordinate construction of all proposed water main with the staging for other roadway and drainage improvements to facilitate the movement of traffic during construction. In many locations, the water main, fire hydrants, water service lines, etc. will have to be constructed in multiple stages. No additional compensation will be awarded to the Contractor for mobilizing crews to complete this work in stages. All traffic control set ups and devices necessary to complete the water main work shall be included in the lump sum cost for Traffic Control and Protection (Special). Any pavement patching or other removals and replacements of newly constructed items that could have been avoided by properly staging the water main work, will not be paid for but shall be repaired by the Contractor at his expense to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

WATER MAIN

This work shall consist of constructing ductile iron water main in accordance with Section 41 of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois" and as described in the water main specifications of the governing municipality.

All testing and chlorination shall conform to Sections 41-2.13 and 41-2.14 of the Standard Specifications and the requirements of the Municipality. Chlorination, re-chlorination, testing and re-testing will not be measured for payment, but shall be considered included in the cost of water main.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for WATER MAIN; of the size specified which payment will be full compensation for all bends, tees, crosses, reducers, plugs, fittings, thrust blocks, retainer glands, encasement and for all labor, tools equipment and incidental items necessary to complete this work as specified.

WATER VALVES

This work shall in accordance with Section 42 of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois and as specified herein.

The type of valve used shall be in accordance with the specifications for the governing municipality. Connections to valves shall be restrained as specified by the governing municipality.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for WATER VALVES of the size indicated, which payment will be full compensation for all fittings, materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary.

ADJUSTING WATER MAIN

This work shall consist of adjusting a water main of the diameter indicated which interferes with the placement of a proposed storm sewer or other construction. All work shall be in accordance with Section 561 of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at once upon encountering a conflict. The Engineer shall then determine the extent of the conflict and what remedial action is appropriate.

All water main pipe, joints, and fittings shall meet the requirements of the governing municipality. Adjustments in elevation shall be made through use of four (4) 45 degree bends. All joints shall be restrained as required by the governing municipality. Precast concrete thrust blocks shall be placed against undisturbed earth at all bends. The trench shall be backfilled with material meeting the requirements of Section 208 of the Standard Specifications.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for ADJUSTING WATER MAIN, of the diameter specified, which price shall be considered payment in full for adjusting a water main as specified, including all necessary pipe, fittings, retainer glands, thrust blocks, excavation, labor, equipment and materials. Trench backfill, if required, shall be paid for as specified in Section 208 of the Standard Specifications.

FIRE HYDRANTS TO BE MOVED

This work consists of removing an existing fire hydrant and installing it at a new location. All work shall be in accordance with Section 564 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

After the existing fire hydrant, auxiliary valve and 6" water main have been removed back to the tee, the tee shall be plugged with a mechanical joint plug and stainless steel bolts.

The hydrant shall be installed plumb at the new location and set so that the lowest hose connection is at least 18" above finished grade. The breakaway flange shall be set at least 2" and no more than 6" above finished grade. New stainless steel bolts and retainer glands shall be used with the salvaged hydrant and auxiliary valve and box. At least 1/4 cubic yard of coarse stone, IDOT gradation CA-7, shall be placed at and around the base of the hydrant to ensure proper drainage of the hydrant after use. The hydrant shall be set on a concrete base and shall be blocked. The hydrant, valve and tee shall all be restrained as specified by the governing municipality.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for FIRE HYDRANTS TO BE MOVED, which price shall be payment in full for all materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work, including the hydrant removal and re-installation, restraining devices, and all 6" water main from the tee to the valve.

FIRE HYDRANTS TO BE ADJUSTED

This work shall consist of adjusting an existing fire hydrant, together with the auxiliary valve box, to the new elevation required by the proposed improvement, in accordance with Section 564 of the Standard Specifications, as directed by the Engineer, and as specified herein.

The hydrant shall be raised or lowered by providing a riser extension, replacing the riser or adjusting the elevation of the lateral feed pipe between the auxiliary valve and the hydrant. The bottom flange of the hydrant shall be set at an elevation above the proposed final ground elevation that conforms to the manufacturer's recommendations.

All materials necessary to complete this work shall be in accordance with the requirements of the governing municipality.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for FIRE HYDRANTS TO BE ADJUSTED, which price shall be payment in full for all materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work, including the hydrant removal and re-installation and restraining devices.

FIRE HYDRANTS TO BE REMOVED

This work consists of removing and disposing of existing fire hydrants and auxiliary valves. This work shall also include capping the end of the existing hydrant lead pipe and filling the hole left by the removal of the fire hydrant with approved earth or granular material.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for FIRE HYDRANT TO BE REMOVED, which price shall be payment in full for all materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work.

FIRE HYDRANTS

This work consists of furnishing and installing a dry barrel fire hydrant, tee, thrust blocking and gate valve in a valve box as a complete and functional unit. All work shall be in accordance with Section 45 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein. The fire hydrants shall be as specified by the governing municipality.

Hydrants shall be furnished with a six inch gate valve with resilient seat or wedge attached directly to the hydrant and valve box.

Hydrants shall be installed plumb and set so that the lowest hose connection is at least 18" above finished grade. The breakaway flange shall be set at least 2" and no more than 6" above finished grade. At least 1/4 cubic yard of coarse stone, IDOT gradation CA-7, shall be placed at and around the base of the hydrant to ensure proper drainage of the hydrant after use. The hydrant shall be set on a concrete base and shall be blocked. The hydrant, valve and tee shall all be restrained as required by the governing municipality.

This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for FIRE HYDRANTS, which price shall be payment in full for all materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work, including the hydrant, valve, valve box and cover, tee, restraining devices, and all 6" water main from the tee to the valve.

DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE BOXES TO BE ADJUSTED

This work shall consist of adjusting existing domestic water service boxes to the proposed finished grade at the locations indicated on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer, in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 602 of the Standard Specifications.

Each existing domestic water service box requiring adjustment shall only be measured for payment once. This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE BOXES TO BE ADJUSTED, which price shall include all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to complete this work.

VALVE BOXES

This work consists of furnishing and installing valve boxes at locations shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer. All work shall be constructed in accordance with Section 44-3.02 of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois and as specified herein. All materials for this work shall be in accordance with the specifications of the governing municipality.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for VALVE BOXES, of the size specified, which price shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary to complete the work as specified, including adjusting the valve box to the finish grade.

VALVE BOXES TO BE ADJUSTED

This work shall consist of adjusting cast iron valve boxes at locations designated by the Engineer.

Valve boxes shall be adjusted in accordance with the applicable portion of Section 602 of the Standard Specifications as directed by the Engineer.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for VALVE BOXES TO BE ADJUSTED, which price shall be payment in full for all work necessary to complete the adjustment of said boxes as herein specified.

VALVE BOXES TO BE REMOVED

This work shall consist of removing cast iron valve boxes at locations designated by the Engineer.

Valve boxes shall be removed and disposed of in accordance with the applicable portion of Section 605 of the Standard Specifications as directed by the Engineer.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price each for VALVE BOXES TO BE REMOVED, which price shall be payment in full for all work necessary to completely remove and dispose of said boxes as herein specified.

VALVE VAULTS TO BE REMOVED

This work consists of removing and disposing of an existing valve vault and the existing valve within the vault. All work shall be in accordance with Section 605 of the Standard Specifications, except that all references to existing manholes shall be interpreted as existing valve vaults.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for VALVE VAULTS TO BE REMOVED, which price shall include removing and disposing of the existing structure and valve and all labor and materials required to complete the work as specified, including backfilling the hole with sand.

WATER MAIN INSULATION

This work shall consist of insulating an existing water main with 2" polystyrene insulation at locations where the depth of cover over the water main will be reduced to less than 5 feet in accordance with the details in the plans.

The contractor shall CAREFULLY excavate to approximately 4 inches over the top of the existing water main and along each side of the water main. The contractor shall hand dig to completely expose the main at reasonable intervals to assure that the insulation boards are constructed at the appropriate depth and alignment. The polystyrene insulation boards shall be installed along the sides of the water main to a depth of at least 5.5 feet below the proposed ground line and the trench shall be backfilled to the top of these insulation boards. The top insulation board shall be constructed over this compacted backfill. All backfill between the insulating boards shall be compacted granular material. All backfill outside of the side insulation board and over the top insulation board shall be in accordance with Article 550.07 of the Standard Specifications.

This work shall be measured in feet along the length of water main to be insulated. This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for WATER MAIN INSULATION, which price shall include all excavation, backfilling, sheeting or shoring, and all materials, equipment and labor required to complete the work as necessary. TRENCH BACKFILL will be measured and paid for according to Articles 208.03 and 208.04 of the Standard Specifications.

CONNECTION TO EXISTING MAINS

In addition to the requirements of Section 41-2.10 and 42-2.07 of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois, the Contractor will be required to make connections to the existing mains as follows:

PRESSURE CONNECTION

The Contractor shall make connection to the existing Water Main with a stainless steel tapping sleeve and resilient wedge gate valve of the appropriate diameter. The Contractor will also be required to construct a five foot diameter valve vault with a type 1 frame and closed lid, around the connection in conformance with Section 44 of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for PRESSURE CONNECTION, of the size indicated, which payment will be full compensation for completing the work as specified, including the valve, valve vault, frame and lid, sand cushion, all excavation and backfilling, and all fittings and incidentals necessary to connect the proposed water main to the existing water system. TRENCH BACKFILL, where required, will be paid for according to Article 208.04 of the Standard Specifications.

NON-PRESSURE CONNECTION

The Contractor shall make a connection to the existing main by cutting the pipe and inserting a tee or bend as specified to connect to the new water main, providing all necessary fittings, retainer glands, labor and equipment required. The end of the existing water main that is not connected to the new main shall be plugged with a cap.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each of CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING WATER MAINS (NON-PRESSURE), of the size indicated, which payment will be full compensation for all fitting, materials, labor, tools and incidentals to complete these items. TRENCH BACKFILL, where required, will be paid for according to Article 208.04 of the Standard Specifications.

WATER MAIN REMOVAL

This work shall consist of removing a portion of the existing water main at locations where it will conflict with the proposed improvements. All portions of the water main to be replaced that is not in conflict with any of the proposed improvements may either be removed or abandoned in place, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Only that portion of water main removed and disposed of shall be measured for payment.

The existing water main shall not be removed until the new water main has been constructed, pressure tested and chlorinated, and all water services have been transferred to the new main. All portions of abandoned water main not removed shall be capped at each end as directed by the Engineer.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for WATER MAIN REMOVAL, of the diameter specified, which price shall include all capping materials required, excavation and backfilling. TRENCH BACKFILL, where required, will be measured and paid for according to Section 208 of the Standard Specifications.

WATER SERVICES

Water services shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of Section 41-2.11 and 41-2.12 of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois, and as specified by the governing municipality.

Water Services shall include a corporation stop installed on the new water main with a tapping saddle, copper pipe from the corporation stop to the curb stop, a curb stop installed at the location shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer, and a cast iron service box constructed over the curb stop. The contractor shall connect the new curb stop to the existing water service line in as short of time as possible after testing, disinfection, and receipt of a IEPA operating permit. No water customer shall be without water in excess of two (2) hours and shall be notified prior to disconnecting service. Materials of existing services include lead, copper, galvanized iron, or other materials.

Where necessary to maintain traffic flow or directed by the Engineer, the new water service lines shall be augered under the pavement. No additional compensation will be allowed for service lines that are augered.

The service box shall be installed in a true vertical position and the top shall be adjusted to be flush with the finished grade. All copper pipe shall be laid to a depth sufficient to provide five feet of cover, measured from the existing ground surface or proposed finished grade to the top of the barrel of the pipe.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for WATER SERVICES, of the size specified, which price shall be payment in full for completing this work as specified. Payment shall include a tapping saddle tap, corporation stop, curb stop, copper pipe of the diameter specified, service box, bushings, unions, and other materials necessary to connect to the newly installed water main and to reconnect to the existing water service. Disconnection of the service from the existing main is included in this item.

WATER MAIN LINE STOPS

This work shall consist of installing water main line stops into existing water mains at locations shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer. The work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable portions of the Standard Specifications, Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois, American Water Works Association Standards, and as specified herein.

The LINE STOPS shall be installed in a manner that disrupts the water pressure or service upstream of the line stops. The work shall be performed in a manner approved by the Engineer. The LINE STOPS shall be performed using the Hydra-Stop, Inc. Line Stop system, or an approved equal. Once all work necessitating the line stop has been completed, the line stop shall be removed to reinstate flow in the water main.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit per each for WATER MAIN LINE STOP, of the diameter specified. This price shall include payment for all excavation, line stop installation, and disposal of surplus materials.

VILLAGE OF OAK BROOK WATER MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

1. All water main construction shall be in accordance with the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Construction in Illinois", Fifth Edition, dated May 1996 and all revisions thereto; these special provisions; and with the Village of Oak Brook ordinances, requirements and policies. The Village of Oak Brook shall be given 48 hours advanced notice for any water main or service line interruptions.
2. All water main shall be constructed of cement lined ductile iron pipe, class 52 with mechanical and/or push-on joints. Ductile iron water main shall conform to ANSI A21.51/AWWA C151, ductile iron compact fittings to ANSI A21.53/AWWA C153 and cement lining to ANSI A21.4. Retainer glands shall be used where specified in the plans and where directed in the field by the Village.
3. The water main shall be wrapped in polyethylene encasement, (8 mil thick) conforming to ANSI A21.5/AWWA C105.
4. The water main shall be subjected to a pressure and leakage test according to the standard specifications except the water main shall be subjected to a minimum hydrostatic pressure of 150 psi for a period of not less than two (2) hours and leakage shall not exceed the allowable leakage as shown in the following table:

Allowable leakage for pipeline per 1,000 feet (in gallons per hour)

| Pipe size (in inches) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 24 | 30 |
| 0.19 | 0.28 | 0.37 | 0.55 | 0.74 | 0.92 | 1.10 | 1.29 | 1.47 | 1.66 | 1.84 | 2.21 | 2.76 |

Said pressure test must be witnessed by a staff member of the Village's Engineering Department.

5. All new water main shall have a minimum cover of 5'-6" (1.7 m) from finished surface elevation to top of pipe.
6. Water mains and water services shall be installed in separate trenches and at least 10 feet (3.0 m) horizontal away from storm sewers and storm services and from sanitary sewers and sanitary services unless otherwise approved by the Village in writing.
7. Trenches under or within 5 feet (1.5 m) of roadways/pathways/ driveways resulting from water main or water service construction shall be backfilled, as soon as practicable, to 5 feet (1.5 m) outside the roadway/pathway/driveway with CA-6 trench backfill mechanically compacted in 1 foot (0.3 m) lifts starting 1 foot (0.3 m) above the top of pipe.
8. All water services shall be copper water tube type K pipe, soft temper of the size shown on the plans with a minimum of 4'-6" (1.4 m) cover. No unions or couplings are allowed unless approved by the Village. No solder or sweat joints are allowed.
9. No water service connection tap shall be made until the newly constructed water main has been tested, chlorinated and found to be acceptable by the Village and the IEPA operating permit has been issued. New material shall be used for the entire service to be constructed.

10. All water mains and all water services shall not be backfilled until inspected by the Engineer.
11. Water service boxes and hydrant boxes shall be adjusted to the elevations of the finished ground surface as soon as construction operations permit. Care is to be taken in grading around these boxes. Any boxes damaged during construction shall be replaced by the contractor at his own expense.
12. Valve vaults shall be provided on all valves that are within existing or proposed pavement or sidewalk except fire hydrant auxiliary valves. Vaults shall be constructed of precast concrete units conforming to section 44 in the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois" and standard detail 602501. All joints of these units shall be set in a bituminous mastic bed; mortar is not allowed.
13. Cast iron valve boxes shall be provided on all valves that are within grassed or unpaved areas. Boxes shall be 5-1/4" (133 mm) two piece Tyler no. 664S.
14. Fire hydrants shall only be Mueller Super Centurion, model no. A-423, complying with AWWA C-502 and have breakable safety flanges, as currently installed in the Village. The main valve opening shall be 5-1/4" (133 mm). Two (2) 2-1/2" (64 mm) hose nozzles and one (1) 4-1/2" (114 mm) hose nozzle shall be provided. Hydrants shall be furnished with a 6" (150 mm) R/W (resilient wedge) Mueller gate valve, (Mueller no. A-2360-16) attached directly to the hydrant, and cast iron valve box two-piece (Tyler no. 664S). Hydrants shall have national standard threads and shall be painted a green color, (Glidden structure green no. 4503, or rust scat mack green no. 138). All port caps shall be painted a highly reflective white color (3M traffic control division white paint no. 7216). All bonnets shall be painted a color in accordance with the following table:

| Water main size | Bonnet color | Paint specification |
|-----------------|--------------|---|
| 6" | Red | Glidden Co. Paint no. 4520, safety red alkyd gloss enamel |
| 8" | Yellow | Glidden Co. Paint no. 4540, safety yellow alkyd gloss enamel |
| 10" | Green | Glidden Co. Paint no. 4503, structure green or rust scat mack green no. 138 |
| 12" | Blue | Glidden Co. Paint no. 4580, safety blue alkyd deep tint base |
| 16" | Brown | Glidden Co. Paint no. 4537, safety brown alkyd gloss enamel |

For further information contact the Village Water Department.

Where the hydrant is being installed adjacent to D.I.W.M. wrapped with polyethylene encasement, all metal appurtenances, including tee, bends, hydrant barrel, hydrant lead, valve, etc., shall be wrapped with a polyethylene encasement conforming to ANSI. A21.5. All hydrant leads shall be 6" (150 mm) D.I.W.M. and shall be constructed with retainer glands (see paragraph 24). All hydrants shall face the street and shall be 5' (1.5 m) from back of curb to face of hydrant or 10' (3.0 m) from edge of pavement to face of hydrant when there is no curb, or as shown on the plans and details.

15. A 4" x 4" x 6' (100 mm x 100 mm x 1.8 m) wood post, painted blue on top, shall be placed vertically in the ground at each b-box and valve vault not in the roadway and shall have a minimum of 2' (0.6 m) of post buried in the ground.
16. The exact location of each b-box shall be determined in the field at the time of construction. B-boxes shall not be placed within driveways.
17. All water main valves shall be Mueller resilient seat gate valve (resilient wedge, R/W) for mechanical joints conforming to AWWA C 111 (Mueller no. A-2360-20).
18. Cast in place thrust blocks or pre-cast solid concrete masonry units shall be provided at all changes in alignment of the water main and opposite all "tee" connections. All thrust blocks shall bear against undisturbed earth.
19. Water main flushing and chlorination
 - A. The water main shall be flushed and chlorinated in accordance with the requirements of the Village and the Standard Specifications. Any portion of the new water main extension so sterilized shall be isolated and valved off from the rest of the system until a certificate of approval is received from the regulatory agencies. The Village shall decide the location and number of tests to be done.
 - B. Chlorination/disinfection of the water main system shall be accomplished by chlorine gas-water mixture only.
 - C. Chlorination of the water main must be witnessed by a staff member of the Village Engineering Department or its authorized representative. All chlorinating procedures will be completed on either a Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday; no other days will be allowed by the Village.
20. Following the disinfection and flushing procedures, samples shall be collected for bacteriological analysis on two (2) successive days, but not less than 24 hours apart, from various points determined by the Village on the new portion of the system (approximately every 500 feet (150 m)), subject to each project's unique characteristics.

All samples will be collected by the contractor but will be delivered to the Village's state certified laboratory for analysis by a staff member of the Village's Water Department. All laboratory costs shall be borne by the contractor and he/she will arrange to be billed by either the laboratory or the Village prior to any water main sterilization work.

All laboratory test results must be furnished in writing to the Village.

Chlorination, flushing and water sampling shall also include, when necessary, the remaining portions of the existing water main system as determined by the Village.
21. All water main valves will be operated by Village personnel only.
22. At the end of the day, the contractor will barricade and fence all open trench excavated areas, all open manhole areas and all open valve vault areas.

23. Castings for vault access, frame and closed lid, shall conform to Neenah foundry company catalog no. R-1712, or equal. The solid lid (cover) shall bear the marking "WATER". Castings placed on precast reinforced concrete masonry units shall be set in a bituminous mastic bed; mortar will not be allowed.
24. Pipe fittings:
 - A. Fittings shall be ductile iron in accordance with ANSI A21.53/AWWA C153.
 - B. Fitting pressure rating: 350 psi
 - C. Retainer glands for mechanical joint fittings
 1. Meg a lug joint restraint by EBAA iron co.
 2. Uni-Flange Series 1400 by Ford
 3. PVC (Series 2000PV) by EBAA
 4. PVC (Series 1500) by Ford
 - D. Couplings for connecting new water main to existing water mains.
 1. Tyler/Union Solid Sleeve MJ C153 Long Fitting
 2. Some existing water mains may have non-standard external diameters, measure existing mains prior to ordering couplings (Tyler/Union Dual Purpose).
 3. All Glands must meet Paragraph "C" above.
 - E. Tie rods and bands for restraining couplings
 1. Stainless steel or-malleable iron
 2. Corrosion resistant alloy or coated to resist corrosion
 3. Rod diameter: 3/4" (20 mm) minimum
 4. Sufficient in strength and restraining ability to resist working pressures, test pressures, and surge pressures in water mains.
 - F. Valve/Fitting Cut-in sleeves
 1. Mueller H-840 (Gland, see "C" above)
 2. Tyler/Union Dual Purpose
 3. All Glands must meet Paragraph "C" above.
 - G. Tapping sleeve
 1. Mueller H-615
 2. Or equal in strength and sealing ability
 - H. Anchoring tee
 1. Tyler MJ Swivel Tee
25. After the IEPA operating permit has been issued and/or when approved by the Village, all corporation stops, installed for testing purposes only, will be removed by the contractor and replaced with a brass plug. This work must be witnessed by a staff member of the Village Engineering Department.
26. Water mains and water services shall be installed at least 10' (3.0m) horizontal away from buildings and from any DuPage Water Commission water main unless adequate precautions, as determined by the Village, are taken.
27. Where specified in the plans or where directed in the field by the Village, special hydrant tees shall be used which conform to Tyler catalog no. 5-119, or approved equal.
28. Corporation stops shall be Mueller H-15000 fitted with Mueller H-15063 eighth bend coupling.
Curb stops shall be Mueller H-15154.

CITY OF OAKBROOK TERRACE WATER MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

The Contractor shall complete all work in a manner that will not disrupt service to the existing water mains crossing IL Route 56 at stations 262+72 and 277+10.

Materials

1. Water mains shall be secured to resist movements at all fittings, hydrants and valves using restrained joint pipe and fittings as follows: Restrained joint pipe and fittings shall be manufactured by A) American Ductile Iron Pipe Co. -lok ring or flex joints; or (B) U.S. Pipe Company- TR flex joints; (C) Griffin Pipe Products snap-lok joint; or (D) EBBA Iron, mc- Mega Lugs. The EBBA, Inc Mega Lugs shall be used only with mechanical joint pipe and fittings. The required length of restrained pipe shall be in accordance with the table at the end of this section. Half of the total restrained length for elbows as shown in the table shall be installed on each side of the elbow. Plugs only require restraint in one direction. Tees require the perpendicular branch to be restrained. Both plugs and tees shall be restrained to the distances provided by the City.
2. The length of restrained pipe at valves shall be the same as for plugs or dead ends; this restrained length shall be installed on both sides of each valve. The length of restrained pipe at tees shall be based on the size of the run of the tee.
3. All water main shall be constructed of cement lined ductile iron pipe, class 52 with restrained joint, mechanical with mega lugs, or push on joints. Refer to (1) above. Water main shall conform to ANSI A21.51/AWWA C151.
4. All water main valves will be American Flow Control 2500 resilient wedge or comparable type AWWA C509 and suitable for buried service. In circumstances where gate valves cannot be used, Henry Pratt or equivalent Butterfly valves shall be used. All bonnet bolts, studs, and nuts shall be made of "304" stainless steel per ASTM F593 and F594. All valves bodies; bonnets and gates shall be ductile iron per ASTM A 536, valves to open in a counter clockwise direction.
5. The water main shall be subjected to a pressure and leakage test according to the standard specifications except the water main shall be subjected to minimum hydrostatic pressure of 150 psi for a minimum of two hours, and leakage shall not exceed one (1) P.S.I. of loss. This test must be scheduled 48 hours in advance and witnessed by a member of the City Water Department.
6. No water service connection tap shall be made until the newly constructed main has been tested, chlorinated and found to be acceptable by the City and the I.E.P.A. operating permit has been issued. New material shall be used for the entire service to be constructed.

7. Fire hydrants shall be only American Flow Controll Waterous Pacer model WB67-250, complying with AWWA standard C-502. Hydrants shall have two 2-1/2" inch hose nozzles and one 4-1/2" pumper nozzle and each nozzle shall have National Standard threads (N.S.T.) on nozzles and caps. Hydrants shall have "304" stainless steel shoe bolts and nuts, trim for the shoe bolts connection shall be bronze. All hydrants must be visible in area clear of trees, bushes, vegetation etc. All hydrants shall be yellow in color and shall be designed to withstand a 300 psi test pressure and 150 psi working pressure. Finished grade must be 2" below breakaway flange. Each auxiliary valve shall be place 24" away from barrel with minimum 16" spool piece . Each valve box shall be provided with a rubber insert in the base of the valve box and this rubber insert shall be the Valve Box Adapter II as manufactured by Adapter Inc. West Allis, WI, or equivalent.

Water Services

1. All water service lines shall be one (1") minimum copper water service pipe, type "K", soft temper, conforming to ASTM B88 and B25 1. Water service shall be laid at a depth so that the service line has a minimum of four feet six inches (4'-6") of cover. No solder or sweat joints are allowed. Dielectric unions shall be placed on water heaters and on adjoining dissimilar metals.
2. Water service taps into a water main shall be made at an upward angle of forty-five (45) degrees. Along a street right-of-way, the preferred location for the curb valve (Buffalo Box) shall be on line eight feet (8') within the right-of-way.
3. Water Service boxes and hydrant boxes shall be adjusted to the elevations of the finished ground surface as soon as construction operations permit. Any boxes damaged or backfilled during construction, and prior to written acceptance by the City shall be replaced by the contractor/developer at his or her own expense.
4. The exact location of the Buffalo Box shall be determined in the field by the Engineer at the time of construction.
5. Valve Vaults shall be installed over all valves located on the water mains providing the distribution of water throughout the system. Valves having a diameter of 10" inches or less shall be housed in valve vaults having an inside diameter of forty-eight (48"). All valves twelve inches (12") or larger shall be placed in valve vaults sixty inches (60") in diameter. Vaults shall be constructed of precast concrete units conforming to section 44 in the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer in Illinois". Valve basins shall be provided on all valves except for hydrant valves. Valve basins shall be constructed of precast concrete, with cut and fit for pipe. Each valve basin shall provide KOR-N-SEAL A-Lock gaskets, or approved equal, to seal around pipe openings.
6. (a). Valves shall be installed at the following locations:
 - a. on each branch of the water main.
 - b. At each water main connection, not exceeding six hundred feet.
 - c. At intervals of 1500 feet on all principle feeder mains.

- d. Valves to be installed at junctions of mains in a manner that will allow any section of water main to be isolated by closing of no more than three valves.
 - e. The City will ultimately decide the number and placement of each valve. All joints of valve vaults shall be sealed in a bituminous mastic bed. Mortar is not allowed.
7. Corporations and Curb Stops shall be Mueller: Corp stops shall be model H-15000. Curb Stops shall be model H-15154. Curb box/stop key Model-10302 for one inch (1) Curb stops and Model 10304 for two inch (2") Curb Stops.
 8. Tapping shall be done by direct tap or by using tapping saddle; Model BR2B conforming with AWWA C800. Corporation stops and curb stops shall be brass and suitable for copper connections. Curb stops shall be round way type.
 9. All sampling of water mains will be collected by The Water Department and sent to a Certified Laboratory for analysis. This will be done after chlorination of the main has been accomplished with chlorine gas-water mixture to at least 50 ppm, and must maintain at least 25 ppm after 24 hours to be acceptable. Each portion of the chlorination process must be witnessed by a representative of the City to be valid. Isolation of the portion to be chlorinated must be sealed by valve to isolate. Samples will be collected by the City Water Department on two consecutive days not less than 24 hours apart. This must be scheduled at least 48 hours in advance. This portion of the main will not be placed into service until I.E.P.A. has issued an operating permit. All construction water use will be monitored by the City's Water Department. Any hydrant or main used for construction purposes must have prior approval from the City and must be properly metered with provisions made for backflow prevention.
 10. Fire protection systems need not be chlorinated and bacteriologically tested provided the system is not for potable use and an approved backflow device separates the system and has been tested. All other backflow devices must be installed and tested before acceptance by the City.

WATER RESTRAINED JOINT SCHEDULE

| Type of Fitting | 6" | 8" |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Total Restrained Length | Total Restrained Length |
| Horizontal | Ductile Iron Pipe | Ductile Iron Pipe |
| 90 Deg. Bend | 90 | 117 |
| 75 Deg. Bend | N.A. | N.A. |
| 60 Deg. Bend | N.A. | N.A. |
| 45 Deg. Bend | 37 | 48 |
| 22 1/2 Deg. Bend | 18 | 23 |
| 11 1/4 Deg. Bend | 9 | 11 |
| Tee | 30 | 40 |
| Plug (Dead End) | 30 | 40 |
| Vertical | | |
| 90 Deg. Bend | 166 | 217 |
| 45 Deg. Bend | 69 | 90 |
| 22 1/2 Deg. Bend | 33 | 43 |
| 11 1/4 Deg. Bend | 16 | 21 |

| Type of Fitting | 10" | 12" |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Total Restrained Length | Total Restrained Length |
| Horizontal | Ductile Iron Pipe | Ductile Iron Pipe |
| 90 Deg. Bend | 144 | 171 |
| 75 Deg. Bend | N.A. | N.A. |
| 60 Deg. Bend | N.A. | N.A. |
| 45 Deg. Bend | 60 | 71 |
| 22 1/2 Deg. Bend | 29 | 34 |
| 11 1/4 Deg. Bend | 14 | 17 |
| Tee | 50 | 61 |
| Plug (Dead End) | 60 | 61 |
| Vertical | | |
| 90 Deg. Bend | 269 | 318 |
| 45 Deg. Bend | 111 | 132 |
| 22 1/2 Deg. Bend | 54 | 53 |
| 11 1/4 Deg. Bend | 26 | 31 |

| Type of Fitting | Total Restrained Length | Total Restrained Length |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Ductile Iron Pipe | Ductile Iron Pipe |
| 90 Deg. Bend | 379 | 16" x 12" |
| 75 Deg. Bend | N.A. | 36 |
| 60 Deg. Bend | N.A. | 16" x 8" |
| 45 Deg. Bend | 145 | 62 |
| 22 1/2 Deg. Bend | 74 | 12" x 10" |
| 11 1/4 Deg. Bend | 37 | 19 |
| Tee | 379 | 12" x 8" |
| Plug (Dead End) | 379 | 34 |
| Vertical | | 10" x 8" |
| 90 Deg. Bend | 379 | 18 |
| 45 Deg. Bend | 145 | |
| 22 1/2 Deg. Bend | 74 | |
| 11 1/4 Deg. Bend | 37 | |

**BITUMINOUS BASE COURSE / WIDENING SUPERPAVE
BITUMINOUS BASE COURSE / WIDENING SUPERPAVE (BDE)**

Effective: April 1, 2002

Revised: April 1, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of constructing bituminous base course Superpave and bituminous concrete base course widening Superpave according to Sections 355 and 356 respectively, of the Standard Specifications and the special provision, "Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete Mixtures" except as modified herein.

Revise Article 355.02(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

" (d) RAP Material (Note3)"

Revise Note 2 of Article 355.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" Note 2. Unless otherwise specified on the plans, the bituminous material shall be performance graded (PG) asphalt cement (AC) , PG58-22. When more than 15 percent RAP is used, a softer PG binder may be required as determined by the Engineer. When the pavement has a structural number (D_t) of 3.00 or less, the low temperature grade of the asphalt cement shall be lowered one grade (i.e. PG58-28 replaces PG58-22)."

Add the following to the end Article 355.02 of the Standard Specifications:

" Note 3. RAP shall meet the requirements of the special provision "RAP for Use in Bituminous Concrete Mixtures"."

Revise Article 355.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"355.05 Mixture Design. The Contractor shall submit mix designs for approval, for each required mixture. Mix designs shall be developed by Level III personnel who have completed the course, "Superpave Mix Design Upgrade". The mixtures shall be designed according to the respective Illinois Modified AASHTO references listed below:

AASHTO MP 2 Standard Specification for Superpave Volumetric Mix Design

AASHTO R 30 Standard Practice for Mixture Conditioning of Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA)

AASHTO PP 28 Standard Practice for Designing Superpave HMA

AASHTO T 209 Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Bituminous Paving Mixtures

AASHTO T 312 Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyratory Compactor

AASHTO T 308 Determining the Asphalt Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method

(a) Job Mix Formula (JMF). The JMF shall be according to the following limits:

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>Percent by Dry Weight</u> |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Aggregate | 93.0 to 96.0 |
| Asphalt Cement | 4.0 to 7.0 |
| Dust/AC Ratio | 1.4 |

When RAP material is being used, the JMF shall be according to the following limits:

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>Percent by Dry Weight</u> |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Virgin Aggregate(s) | 46.0 to 96.0 |
| RAP Material(s) (Note 1) | 0 to 50 |
| Mineral Filler (if required) | 0 to 5.0 |
| Asphalt Cement | 4.0 to 7.0 |
| Dust/AC Ratio | 1.4 |

Note 1. If specified on the plans, the maximum percentage of RAP shall be as specified therein.

It is recommended that the selected combined aggregate gradation not pass through the restricted zones specified in Illinois Modified AASHTO MP 2.

Bituminous concrete binder course Superpave mixture IL-25.0 or IL-19.0 meeting the requirements of the special provision, "Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures" may also be used. The minimum compacted lift thickness specified therein shall apply.

(b) Volumetric Requirements.

| Design Compactive Effort | Design Air Voids Target (%) |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| N _{DES} =50 | 2.0 |

(c) Determination of Need for Anti-Stripping Additive. The mixture designer shall determine if an additive is needed in the mix to prevent stripping. The determination will be made on the basis of tests performed according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 283 using 4 in. Marshall bricks. To be considered acceptable by the Engineer as a mixture not susceptible to stripping, the ratio of conditioned to unconditioned split tensile strengths (TSR) shall be equal to or greater than 0.75. Mixtures, either with or without an additive, with TSR values less than 0.75 will be considered unacceptable.

If it is determined that an additive is required, the additive may be hydrated lime, slaked quicklime, or a liquid additive, at the Contractor's option. The liquid additive shall be selected from the Department's list of approved additives and may be limited to those which have exhibited satisfactory performance in similar mixes.

Dry hydrated lime shall be added at a rate of 1.0 to 1.5 percent by weight of total dry aggregate. Slurry shall be added in such quantity as to provide the required amount of hydrated lime solids by weight of total dry aggregate. The exact rate of application for all anti-stripping additives will be determined by the Engineer. The method of application shall be according to Article 406.12 of the Standard Specifications."

Revise Article 355.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"355.06 Mixture Production. The asphalt cement shall be transferred to the asphalt tanks and heated to a temperature of 120 °C (250 °F) to 175 °C (350 °F). If the loading temperature exceeds 175 °C (350 °F), the asphalt shall not be used until it has cooled to 175 °C (350 °F). Wide variations in temperature which affect the amount of asphalt delivered will not be permitted.

When a hot-mix plant conforming to Article 1102.01 is used, the aggregate shall be dried and heated in the revolving dryer to a temperature of 120 °C (250 °F) to 175 °C (350 °F).

The aggregate and bituminous material used in the bituminous aggregate mixture shall be measured separately and accurately by weight or by volume. When the aggregate is in the mixer, the bituminous material shall be added and mixing continued for a minimum of 30 seconds and until a homogeneous mixture is produced in which all particles of the aggregate are coated. The mixing period, size of the batch and the production rate shall be approved by the Engineer.

The ingredients shall be heated and combined in such a manner as to produce a mixture which, when discharged from the mixer, shall be workable and vary not more 10 °C (20 °F) from the temperature set by the Engineer.

When RAP material(s) is used in the bituminous aggregate mixture, the virgin aggregate(s) shall be dried and heated in the dryer to a temperature that will produce the specified resultant mix temperature when combined with the RAP material.

The heated virgin aggregates and mineral filler shall be combined with RAP material in such a manner as to produce a bituminous mixture which when discharged from the mixer shall not vary more than 15 °C (30 °F) from the temperature set by the Engineer. The combined ingredients shall be mixed for a minimum of 35 seconds and until a homogeneous mixture as to composition and temperature is obtained. The total mixing time shall be a minimum of 45 seconds consisting of dry and wet mixing. Variation in wet and dry mixing times may be permitted, depending on the moisture content and amount of salvaged material used. The mix temperature shall not exceed 175 °C (350 °F). Wide variations in the mixture temperature will be cause for rejection of the mix.

(a) Personnel. The QC Manager and Level I Technician shall have successfully completed the Department's "Superpave Field Control Course".

(b) Required Tests. Testing shall be conducted to control the production of the bituminous mixture using the test methods identified and performed at a frequency not less than indicated in the following table.

| Parameter | Frequency of Tests Non-Class I Mixtures | Test Method |
|--|---|---|
| Aggregate Gradation Hot bins for batch and continuous plants. Individual cold-feeds or combined belt-feed for drier-drum plants. (% passing sieves: 12.5 mm (1/2 In.), 4.75 mm (No. 4), 75 µm (No. 200)) | 1 gradation per day of production. The first day of production shall be washed ignition oven test on the mix. Thereafter, the testing shall alternate between dry gradation and washed ignition oven test on the mix. The dry gradation and the washed ignition oven test results shall be plotted on the same control chart. | Illinois Procedure (See Manual of Test Procedures for Materials). |
| Asphalt Content by ignition oven (Note 1.) | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 308 |
| Air Voids Bulk Specific Gravity of Gyratory Sample | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 312 |
| Maximum Specific Gravity of Mixture | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 209 |

Note 1. The Engineer may waive the ignition oven requirement for AC content if the aggregates to be used are known to have ignition AC content calibration factors which exceed 1.5 percent. If the ignition oven requirement is waived, other Department approved methods shall be used to determine AC content.

During production, the ratio of minus 75 µm (#200) sieve material to total asphalt cement shall be not less than 0.6 nor more than 1.6, and the moisture content of the mixture at discharge from the mixer shall not exceed 0.5 percent. If at any time the ratio of minus 75 µm (#200) material to asphalt or moisture content of the mixture falls outside the stated limits, production of the mix shall cease. The cause shall be determined and corrective action satisfactory to the Engineer shall be initiated prior to resumption of production.

During production, mixture containing an anti-stripping additive will be tested by the Engineer for stripping according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 283. If the mixture fails to meet the TSR criteria for acceptance, no further mixture will be accepted until the Contractor takes such action as is necessary to furnish a mixture meeting the criteria.

(c) Control Charts/Limits. Control charts/limits shall be according to QC/QA requirements for Non-Class I Mixtures, except air voids shall be plotted on the control charts within the following control limits:

| Air Void Control Limits | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Mixture | Individual Test |
| Shoulders | ± 1.2 % |
| Others | ± 1.2 %” |

Revise Article 355.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“ **355.08 Placing.** The bituminous mixture shall be placed with a spreading and finishing machine. The minimum compacted thickness of each lift shall be according to the following table:

| Nominal Aggregate Size of Mixture | Maximum Minimum Compacted Lift Thickness |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| CA 10 - 19 mm (3/4 in.) | 57 mm (2 1/4 in.) |
| CA 6 – 25 mm (1 in.) | 76 mm (3 in.) |

The maximum compacted thickness of each lift shall be 100 mm (4 in.). If the Contractor elects to substitute an approved vibratory roller for one of the required rollers, the maximum compacted thickness of the each lift, excluding the top lift, may be increased to 150 mm (6 in.) provided the required density is obtained.

The surface of each lift shall be clean and dry before succeeding lifts are placed.”

Revise Article 355.13 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" **355.13 Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for BITUMINOUS BASE COURSE SUPERPAVE of the thickness specified."

Revise Article 356.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" **356.02 Materials.** The materials for the bituminous concrete mixture shall meet the requirements of Article 355.02, be designed according to Article 355.05 and produced according to Article 355.06. Bituminous concrete binder course Superpave mixture IL-25.0 or IL-19.0 meeting the requirements of the special provision, "Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures" may also be used. The minimum compacted lift thickness specified therein shall apply."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 356.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" **356.06 Base Course Widening.** The bituminous concrete mixture shall be transported according to Article 406.14."

Revise the second sentence of the fifth paragraph of Article 356.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“ The minimum compacted thickness of each lift shall be according to the table shown in Article 355.08.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 356.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" **356.11 Basis of Payment.** Where the Department requires that bituminous concrete be used, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BASE COURSE WIDENING SUPERPAVE of the thickness specified."

80065

BITUMINOUS CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2001

Revised: April 1, 2003

Replace the fourth paragraph of Article 406.23(b) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“Mixture for cracks, joints, flangeways, leveling binder (machine method), leveling binder (hand method) and binder course in excess of 103 percent of the quantity specified by the Engineer will not be measured for payment.

Surface course mixture in excess of 103 percent of adjusted plan quantity will not be measured for payment. The adjusted plan quantity for surface course mixtures will be calculated as follows:

Adjusted Plan Quantity = C x quantity shown on the plans or as specified by the Engineer.

where C = metric: $C = \frac{G_{mb} \times 24.99}{U}$ English: $C = \frac{G_{mb} \times 46.8}{U}$

and where:

G_{mb} = average bulk specific gravity from approved mix design.

U = Unit weight of surface course shown on the plans in kg/sq m/25 mm (lb/sq yd/in.), used to estimate plan quantity.

24.99 = metric constant.

46.8 = English constant.

If project circumstances warrant a new surface course mix design, the above equations shall be used to calculate the adjusted plan quantity for each mix design using its respective average bulk specific gravity.”

80050

BITUMINOUS EQUIPMENT, SPREADING AND FINISHING MACHINE (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2005

Revise the fourth paragraph of Article 1102.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The paver shall be equipped with a receiving hopper having sufficient capacity for a uniform spreading operation. The hopper shall be equipped with a distribution system to uniformly place a non-segregated mixture in front of the screed. The distribution system shall have chain curtains, deflector plates, and/or other devices designed and built by the paver manufacturer to prevent segregation during distribution of the mixture from the hopper to the paver screed. The Contractor shall submit a written certification that the devices recommended by the paver manufacturer to prevent segregation have been installed and are operational. Prior to paving, the Contractor, in the presence of the Engineer, shall visually inspect paver parts specifically identified by the manufacturer for excessive wear and the need for replacement. The Contractor shall supply a completed check list to the Engineer noting the condition of the parts. Worn parts shall be replaced. The Engineer may require an additional inspection prior to the placement of a surface course or at other times throughout the work.”

80142

BUTT JOINTS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2004

Revised: April 1, 2005

Revise Article 406.18 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“406.18 Butt Joints. Butt joints shall be constructed according to the details shown on the plans. The surface removal shall be performed according to Section 440. Construction of butt joints shall not begin prior to beginning general operations on the project.

When butt joints are to be constructed under traffic, temporary ramps shall be constructed and maintained at both the upstream and downstream ends of the surface removal areas immediately upon completion of the surface removal operation. The temporary ramps shall be constructed by the following methods.

- (a) Temporary Bituminous Ramps. Temporary bituminous ramps shall have a minimum taper rate of 1:40 (V:H). The bituminous material used shall meet the approval of the Engineer. Cold-milled bituminous tailings will not be acceptable.
- (b) Temporary Rubber Ramps. Temporary rubber ramps shall only be used on roadways with permanent posted speeds of 55 mph or less. The ramps shall have a minimum taper rate of 1:30 (V:H). The leading edge of the rubber ramp shall have a maximum thickness of 6 mm (1/4 in.) and the trailing edge shall match the height of the adjacent pavement \pm 6 mm (1/4 in.).

The rubber material shall conform to the following.

| Property | Test Method | Requirement |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Durometer Hardness, Shore A | ASTM D 2240 | 80 \pm 10 |
| Tensile Strength | ASTM D 412 | 5500 kPa (800 psi) min. |
| Elongation, percent | ASTM D 412 | 100 min. |
| Specific Gravity | ASTM D 297 | 1.1-1.3 |
| Brittleness | ASTM D 746 | -40 °C (-40 °F) |

The rubber ramps shall be installed according to the manufacturer’s specifications and fastened with the anchors provided. Rubber ramps that fail to stay in place or create a traffic hazard shall be replaced immediately with temporary bituminous ramps at the Contractor’s expense.

The temporary ramps shall be removed just prior to placing the proposed surface course. If work is suspended for the winter season prior to completion of surface course construction, precut butt joints shall be filled to the elevation of the existing pavement surface with compacted bituminous concrete surface course or binder course.”

80118

COARSE AGGREGATE FOR TRENCH BACKFILL, BACKFILL AND BEDDING (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2001

Revised: November 1, 2003

Revise Article 208.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“208.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Section 1000 – Materials:

- (a) Fine Aggregate (Note 1)..... 1003.04
- (b) Coarse Aggregate (Note 2) 1004.06

Note 1. The fine aggregate shall be moist to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Note 2. The coarse aggregate shall be wet to the satisfaction of the Engineer.”

Revise the first sentence of the second paragraph of subparagraph (b) in Article 208.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Any material meeting the requirements of Articles 1003.04 or 1004.06 which has been excavated from the trenches shall be used for backfilling the trenches."

Add the following to the end of Article 542.02 of the Standard Specifications:

- “(bb) Fine Aggregate (Note 1)..... 1003.04
- (cc) Coarse Aggregate (Note 2) 1004.06

Note 1. The fine aggregate shall be moist to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Note 2. The coarse aggregate shall be wet to the satisfaction of the Engineer.”

Revise the first and second sentences of the second paragraph of subparagraph (a) of Article 542.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The unstable and unsuitable material shall be removed to a depth determined by the Engineer and for a width of one diameter (or equivalent diameter) of the pipe on each side of the pipe culvert, and replaced with aggregate. Rock shall be removed to an elevation 300 mm (1 ft) lower than the bottom of the pipe or to a depth equal to 40 mm/m (1/2 in./ft) of ultimate fill height over the top of the pipe culvert, whichever is the greater depth, and for a width as specified in (b) below, and replaced with aggregate."

Revise the second paragraph of subparagraph (c) of Article 542.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Well compacted aggregate, at least 100 mm (4 in.) in depth below the pipe culvert, shall be placed the entire width of the trench and for the length of the pipe culvert, except well compacted impervious material shall be used for the outer 1 m (3 ft) at each end of the pipe. When the trench has been widened by the removal and replacement of unstable or unsuitable material, the foundation material shall be placed for a width not less than the above specified widths on each side of the pipe. The aggregate and impervious material shall be approved by the Engineer and shall be compacted to the Engineer's satisfaction by mechanical means."

Revise subparagraph (e) of Article 542.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(e) Backfilling. As soon as the condition of the pipe culvert will permit, the entire width of the trench shall be backfilled with aggregate to a height of at least the elevation of the center of the pipe. The aggregate shall be placed longitudinally along the pipe culvert, except at the outer 1 m (3 ft) at each end of the culvert which shall be backfilled with impervious material. The elevation of the backfill material on each side of the pipe shall be the same. The space under the pipe shall be completely filled. The aggregate and impervious material shall be placed in 200 mm (8 in.) layers, loose measurement. When using PVC, PE, or corrugated metal pipe, the aggregate shall be continued to a height of at least 300 mm (1 ft) above the top of the pipe and compacted to a minimum of 85 percent of standard lab density by mechanical means. When reinforced concrete pipes are used and the trench is within 600 mm (2 ft) of the pavement structure, the backfill shall be compacted to a minimum of 85 percent of standard lab density by mechanical means.

When using PVC, PE, or corrugated metal pipe a minimum of 300 mm (1 ft) of cover from the top of the pipe to the top of the subgrade will be required.

The installed pipe and its embedment shall not be disturbed when using movable trench boxes and shields, sheet pile, or other trench protection.

The remainder of the trench shall be backfilled with select material, from excavation or borrow, free from large or frozen lumps, clods or rock, meeting the approval of the Engineer. The material shall be placed in layers not exceeding 200 mm (8 in.) in depth, loose measurement and compacted to 95 percent of the standard laboratory density. Compaction shall be obtained by use of mechanical tampers or with approved vibratory compactors. Before compacting, each layer shall be wetted or dried to bring the moisture content within the limits of 80 to 110 percent of optimum moisture content determined according to AASHTO T 99 (Method C). All backfill material shall be deposited in the trench or excavation in such a manner as not to damage the culvert. The filling of the trench shall be carried on simultaneously on both sides of the pipe. The Contractor may, at his/her expense, backfill the entire trench with aggregate in lieu of select material. The aggregate shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer by mechanical means.

The backfill material for all trenches and excavations made in the subgrade of the proposed improvement, and for all trenches outside of the subgrade where the inner edge of the trench is within 600 mm (2 ft) of the edge of the proposed pavement, curb, gutter, curb and gutter, stabilized shoulder, or sidewalk shall be according to Section 208. The trench backfill material shall be compacted to a minimum of 85 percent of standard lab density by mechanical means.

The Contractor may, at his/her expense, backfill the entire trench with controlled low strength material meeting the approval of the Engineer.

When the trench has been widened for the removal and replacement of unstable or unsuitable material, the backfilling with aggregate and impervious material, will be required for a width of at least the specified widths on each side of the pipe. The remaining width of each layer may be backfilled with select material. Each 200 mm (8 in.) layer for the entire trench width shall be completed before beginning the placement of the next layer."

Revise subparagraph (b) of Article 542.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Embankment. Embankment extending to an elevation of 300 mm (1 ft) over the top of the pipe shall be constructed according to Article 542.04(f), except the material up to the elevation of the center of the pipe and extending to a width of at least 450 mm (18 in.) on each side of the pipe, exclusive of the outer 1 m (3 ft) at each end of the pipe, shall consist of aggregate. At the outer 1 m (3 ft) at each end of the culvert, impervious material shall be used."

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 542.10 of the Standard Specifications:

"Trench backfill will be measured for payment according to Article 208.03."

Add the following paragraph after the third paragraph of Article 542.11 of the Standard Specifications:

"Trench backfill will be paid for according to Article 208.04."

Add the following to of Article 550.02 of the Standard Specifications:

"(m) Fine Aggregate (Note 2)..... 1003.04
(n) Coarse Aggregate (Note 3) 1004.06

Note 2. The fine aggregate shall be moist to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Note 3. The coarse aggregate shall be wet to the satisfaction of the Engineer."

Revise the first two sentences of the third paragraph of Article 550.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Well compacted, aggregate bedding material at least 100 mm (4 in.) in depth below the pipe, shall be placed for the entire width of the trench and length of the pipe. The aggregate shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer by mechanical means."

Revise Article 550.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

550.07 Backfilling. As soon as the condition of the pipe will permit, the entire width of the trench shall be backfilled with aggregate to a height of at least the elevation of the center of the pipe. The aggregate shall be placed longitudinally along the pipe. The elevation of the backfill material on each side of the pipe shall be the same. The space under the pipe shall be completely filled. The aggregate backfill material shall be placed in 200 mm (8 in.) layers, loose measurement and compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer by mechanical means. When using PVC pipe, the aggregate shall be continued to a height of at least 300 mm (12 in.) above the top of the pipe.

The installed pipe and its embedment shall not be disturbed when using movable trench boxes and shields, sheet pile, or other trench protection.

The remainder of the trench and excavation shall be backfilled to the natural line or finished surface as rapidly as the condition of the sewer will permit. The backfill material shall consist of suitable excavated material from the trench or of trench backfill as herein specified. All backfill material shall be deposited in the trench or excavation in such a manner as not to damage the sewer and shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer by mechanical means. The filling of the trench shall be carried on simultaneously on both sides of the pipe.

The backfill material for trenches and excavation made in the subgrade of the proposed improvement, and for all trenches outside of the subgrade where the inner edge of the trench is within 600 mm (2 ft) of the edge of the proposed pavement, curb, gutter, curb and gutter, stabilized shoulder or sidewalk shall be according to Section 208. The backfill material shall be compacted to 85 percent of standard lab density by mechanical means.

All backfill material up to a height of 300 mm (1 ft) above the pipe shall be deposited in uniform layers not exceeding 200 mm (8 in.) thick, loose measurement. The material in each layer shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer by mechanical means. The backfilling above this height shall be done according to Method 1, 2 or 3 as described below, with the following exceptions.

When trench backfill or excavated material meeting the requirements of Section 208 is required above the first 300 mm (1 ft) of the pipe, the layers shall not exceed 200 mm (8 in.). Gradations CA6 or CA10 shall not be used with Method 2 or Method 3.

Method 1. The material shall be deposited in uniform layers not exceeding 300 mm (1 ft) thick, loose measurement, and each layer shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer by mechanical means.

Method 2. The material shall be deposited in uniform layers not exceeding 300 mm (1 ft) thick, loose measurement, and each layer shall be either inundated or deposited in water.

Method 3. The trench shall be backfilled with loose material, and settlement secured by introducing water through holes jetted into the backfill to a point approximately 600 mm (2 ft) above the top of the pipe. The holes shall be spaced as directed by the Engineer but shall be no farther than 2 m (6 ft) apart.

The water shall be injected at a pressure just sufficient to sink the holes at a moderate rate of speed. The pressure shall be such that the water will not cut cavities in the backfill material nor overflow the surface. If water does overflow the surface, it shall be drained into the jetted holes by means of shallow trenches.

Water shall be injected as long as it will be absorbed by the backfill material and until samples taken from test holes in the trench show a satisfactory moisture content. The Contractor shall bore the test holes not more than 15 m (50 ft) apart and at such other locations in the trench designated by the Engineer. As soon as the watersoaking has been completed, all holes shall be filled with soil and compacted by ramming with a tool approved by the Engineer.

Backfill material which has been watersoaked shall be allowed to settle and dry for at least 10 days before any surface course or pavement is constructed on it. The length of time may be altered, if deemed desirable, by the Engineer. Where the inner edge of the trench is within 600 mm (2 ft) of the edge of the proposed pavement, curb, gutter, curb and gutter, stabilized shoulder or sidewalk, the provisions of this paragraph shall also apply.

At the end of the settling and drying period, the crusted top of the backfill material shall be scarified and, if necessary, sufficient backfill material added, as specified in Method 1, to complete the backfilling operations.

The method used for backfilling and compacting the backfill material shall be the choice of the Contractor. If the method used does not produce results satisfactory to the Engineer, the Contractor will be required to alter or change the method being used so the resultant backfill will be satisfactory to the Engineer. Should the Contractor be required to alter or change the method being used, no additional compensation will be allowed for altering or changing the method.

The Contractor may, at his/her expense, backfill the entire trench with controlled low strength material meeting the approval of the Engineer.

When sheeting and bracing have been used, sufficient bracing shall be left across the trench as the backfilling progresses to hold the sides firmly in place without caving or settlement. This bracing shall be removed as soon as practicable. Any depressions which may develop within the area involved in the construction operation due to settlement of the backfilling material shall be filled in a manner approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor constructs the trench with sloped or benched sides according to Article 550.04, backfilling for the full width of the excavation shall be as specified, except no additional compensation will be allowed for trench backfill material required outside the vertical limits of the specified trench width.

Whenever excavation is made for installing sewer pipe across earth shoulders or private property, the topsoil disturbed by excavation operations shall be replaced as nearly as possible in its original position, and the whole area involved in the construction operations shall be left in a neat and presentable condition.

When using any PVC pipe, the pipe shall be backfilled with aggregate to 300 mm (1 ft) over the top of the pipe and compacted to a minimum of 85 percent of standard lab density by mechanical means.

When reinforced concrete pipes are used and the trench is within 600 mm (2 ft) of the pavement structure, the backfill shall be compacted to a minimum of 85 percent of standard lab density by mechanical means.

Deflection Testing for Storm Sewers. All PVC storm sewers will be tested for deflection not less than 30 days after the pipe is installed and the backfill compacted.

For PVC storm sewers with diameters 600 mm (24 in.) or smaller, a mandrel drag shall be used for deflection testing. For PVC storm sewers with diameters over 600 mm (24 in.), deflection measurements other than by a mandrel drag shall be used.

Where the mandrel is used, the mandrel shall be furnished by the Contractor and pulled by hand through the pipeline with a suitable rope or cable connected to each end. Winching or other means of forcing the deflection gauge through the pipeline will not be allowed.

The mandrel shall be of a shape similar to that of a true circle enabling the gauge to pass through a satisfactory pipeline with little or no resistance. The mandrel shall be of a design to prevent it from tipping from side to side and to prevent debris build-up from occurring between the channels of the adjacent fins or legs during operation. Each end of the core of the mandrel shall have fasteners to which the pulling cables can be attached. The mandrel shall have 9, various sized fins or legs of appropriate dimension for various diameter pipes. Each fin or leg shall have a permanent marking that states its designated pipe size and percent of deflection allowable.

The outside diameter of the mandrel shall be 95 percent of the base inside diameter, where the base inside diameter is:

For all PVC pipe (as defined using ASTM D 3034 methodology):

If the pipe is found to have a deflection greater than specified, that pipe section shall be removed, replaced, and retested."

Revise subparagraph (c) of Article 1003.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) Gradation. The fine aggregate gradation shall be as follows:

| Backfill, bedding and trench backfill for pipe culverts and storm sewers FA 1, FA 2, FA 6, or FA 21
| Porous granular embankment and backfill, french drains, and sand backfill for
| underdrains FA 1, FA 2, or FA20 (Note 1)

| Note 1: For FA 1, FA 2, and FA 20 the percent passing the 75 m (No. 200) sieve shall
| be 2 ± 2 ."

Revise the title of Article 1004.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

**"Coarse Aggregate for Blotter, Embankment, Backfill, Trench Backfill, French Drains,
and Bedding."**

Add the following to the end of subparagraph (c) of Article 1004.06 of the Standard Specifications:

"Backfill, bedding, and trench backfill for pipe culverts and storm sewers CA 6, CA 10, and CA 18"

80051

CONCRETE ADMIXTURES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2003

Revised: July 1, 2004

Revise Article 1020.05(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Admixtures. Except as specified, the use of admixtures to increase the workability or to accelerate the hardening of the concrete will be permitted only when approved in writing by the Engineer. The Department will maintain an Approved List of Concrete Admixtures. When the Department permits the use of a calcium chloride accelerator, it shall be according to Article 442.02, Note 5.

When the atmosphere or concrete temperature is 18 °C (65 °F) or higher, a retarding admixture meeting the requirements of Article 1021.03 shall be used in the Class BD Concrete and portland cement concrete bridge deck overlays. The amount of retarding admixture to be used will be determined by the Engineer. The proportions of the ingredients of the concrete shall be the same as without the retarding admixture except that the amount of mixing water shall be reduced, as may be necessary, in order to maintain the consistency of the concrete as required. In addition, a high range water-reducing admixture shall be used in Class BD Concrete. The amount of high range water-reducing admixture will be determined by the Engineer. At the option of the Contractor, a water-reducing admixture may be used. Type I cement shall be used.

For Class PC and PS Concrete, a retarding admixture may be added to the concrete mixture when the concrete temperature is 18 °C (65 °F) or higher. Other admixtures may be used when approved by the Engineer, or if specified by the contract. If an accelerating admixture is permitted by the Engineer, it shall be the non-chloride type.

At the Contractor’s option, admixtures in addition to an air-entraining admixture may be used for Class PP-1 concrete. The accelerator shall be the non-chloride type. If a water-reducing or retarding admixture is used, the cement factor may be reduced a maximum 18 kg/cu m (0.30 hundredweight/cu yd). If a high range water-reducing admixture is used, the cement factor may be reduced a maximum 36 kg/cu m (0.60 hundredweight/cu yd). Cement factor reductions shall not be cumulative when using multiple admixtures. An accelerator shall always be added prior to a high range water-reducing admixture, if both are used.

If Class C fly ash or ground granulated blast-furnace slag is used in Class PP-1 concrete, a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture shall be used. However, the cement factor shall not be reduced if a water-reducing, retarding, or high range water-reducing admixture is used. In addition, an accelerator shall not be used.

For Class PP-2 or PP-3 concrete, a non-chloride accelerator followed by a high range water-reducing admixture shall be used, in addition to the air-entraining admixture. For Class PP-3 concrete, the non-chloride accelerator shall be calcium nitrite.

For Class PP-2 or PP-3 concrete, the Contractor has the option to use a water-reducing admixture. A retarding admixture shall not be used unless approved by the Engineer. A water-reducing, retarding, or high range water-reducing admixture shall not be used to reduce the cement factor.

When the air temperature is less than 13 °C (55 °F) for Class PP-1 or PP-2 concrete, the non-chloride accelerator shall be calcium nitrite.

For Class PP-4 concrete, a high range water-reducing admixture shall be used in addition to the air-entraining admixture. The Contractor has the option to use a water-reducing admixture. An accelerator shall not be used. For stationary or truck mixed concrete, a retarding admixture shall be used to allow for haul time. The Contractor has the option to use a mobile portland cement concrete plant according to Article 1103.04, but a retarding admixture shall not be used unless approved by the Engineer. A water-reducing, retarding, or high range water-reducing admixture shall not be used to reduce the cement factor.

If the Department specifies a calcium chloride accelerator for Class PP-1 concrete, the maximum chloride dosage shall be 1.0 L (1.0 quart) of solution per 45 kg (100 lb) of cement. The dosage may be increased to a maximum 2.0 L (2.0 quarts) per 45 kg (100 lb) of cement if approved by the Engineer. If the Department specifies a calcium chloride accelerator for Class PP-2 concrete, the maximum chloride dosage shall be 1.3 L (1.3 quarts) of solution per 45 kg (100 lb) of cement. The dosage may be increased to a maximum 2.6 L (2.6 quarts) per 45 kg (100 lb) of cement if approved by the Engineer.

For Class PV, MS, SI, RR, SC and SH concrete, at the option of the Contractor, or when specified by the Engineer, a water-reducing admixture or a retarding admixture may be used. The amount of water-reducing admixture or retarding admixture permitted will be determined by the Engineer. The air-entraining admixture and other admixtures shall be added to the concrete separately, and shall be permitted to intermingle only after they have separately entered the concrete batch. The sequence, method and equipment for adding the admixtures shall be approved by the Engineer. The water-reducing admixture shall not delay the initial set of the concrete by more than one hour. Type I cement shall be used.

When a water-reducing admixture is added, a cement factor reduction of up to 18 kg/cu m (0.30 hundredweight/cu yd), from the concrete designed for a specific slump without the admixture, will be permitted for Class PV, MS, SI, RR, SC and SH concrete. When an approved high range water-reducing admixture is used, a cement factor reduction of up to 36 kg/cu m (0.60 hundredweight/cu yd), from a specific water cement/ratio without the admixture, will be permitted based on a 14 percent minimum water reduction. This is applicable to Class PV, MS, SI, RR, SC and SH concrete. A cement factor below 320 kg/cu m (5.35 hundredweight/cu yd) will not be permitted for Class PV, MS, SI, RR, SC and SH concrete. A cement factor reduction will not be allowed for concrete placed underwater. Cement factor reductions shall not be cumulative when using multiple admixtures.

For use of admixtures to control concrete temperature, refer to Articles 1020.14(a) and 1020.14(b).

The maximum slumps given in Table 1 may be increased to 175 mm (7 in.) when a high range water-reducing admixture is used for all classes of concrete except Class PV and PP.”

Revise Section 1021 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“SECTION 1021. CONCRETE ADMIXTURES”

1021.01 General. Admixtures shall be furnished in liquid form ready for use. The admixtures may be delivered in the manufacturer's original containers, bulk tank trucks or such containers or tanks as are acceptable to the Engineer. Delivery shall be accompanied by a ticket which clearly identifies the manufacturer and trade name of the material. Containers shall be readily identifiable to the satisfaction of the Engineer as to manufacturer and trade name of the material they contain.

Prior to inclusion of a product on the Department's Approved List of Concrete Admixtures, the manufacturer shall submit a report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by the AASHTO Accreditation Program. The report shall show the results of physical tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal, according to applicable specifications.

Tests shall be conducted using materials and methods specified on a "test" concrete and a "reference" concrete, together with a certification that no changes have been made in the formulation of the material since the performance of the tests. Per the manufacturer's option, the cement content for all required tests shall either be according to applicable specifications or 335 kg/cu m (5.65 cwt/cu yd). Compressive strength test results for six months and one year will not be required.

In addition to the report, the manufacturer shall submit AASHTO T 197 water content and set time test results on the standard cement used by the Department. The test and reference concrete mixture shall contain a cement content of 335 kg/cu m (5.65 cwt/cu yd). The manufacturer may select their lab or an independent lab to perform this testing. The laboratory is not required to be accredited by the AASHTO Accreditation Program.

Prior to the approval of an admixture, the Engineer may conduct all or part of the applicable tests on a sample that is representative of the material to be furnished. The test and reference concrete mixtures tested by the Engineer will contain a cement content of 335 kg/cu m (5.65 cwt/cu yd). For freeze-thaw testing, the Department will perform the test according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 161, Procedure B.

The manufacturer shall include in the submittal the following information according to ASTM C 494; the average and manufacturing range of specific gravity, the average and manufacturing range of solids in the solution, and the average and manufacturing range of pH. The submittal shall also include an infrared spectrophotometer trace no more than five years old.

When test results are more than seven years old, the manufacturer shall re-submit the infrared spectrophotometer trace and the report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by the AASHTO Accreditation Program.

All admixtures, except chloride-based accelerators, shall contain no more than 0.3 percent chloride by mass (weight).

1021.02 Air-Entraining Admixtures. Air-entraining admixtures shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 154.

If the manufacturer certifies that the air-entraining admixture is an aqueous solution of Vinsol resin that has been neutralized with sodium hydroxide (caustic soda), testing for compliance with the requirements may be waived by the Engineer. In the certification, the manufacturer shall show complete information with respect to the formulation of the solution, including the number of parts of Vinsol resin to each part of sodium hydroxide. Before the approval of its use is granted, the Engineer will test the solution for its air-entraining quality in comparison with a solution prepared and kept for that purpose.

1021.03 Retarding and Water-Reducing Admixtures. The admixture shall comply with the following requirements:

- (a) The retarding admixture shall comply with the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type B (retarding) or Type D (water-reducing and retarding).
- (b) The water-reducing admixture shall comply with the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type A.
- (c) The high range water-reducing admixture shall comply with the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type F (high range water-reducing) or Type G (high range water-reducing and retarding).

When a Type F or Type G high range water-reducing admixture is used, water-cement ratios shall be a minimum of 0.32.

Type F or Type G admixtures may be used, subject to the following restrictions:

For Class MS, SI, RR, SC and SH concrete, the water-cement ratio shall be a maximum of 0.44.

The Type F or Type G admixture shall be added at the jobsite unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. The initial slump shall be a minimum of 40 mm (1 1/2 in.) prior to addition of the Type F or Type G admixture, except as approved by the Engineer.

When a Type F or Type G admixture is used, retempering with water or with a Type G admixture will not be allowed. An additional dosage of a Type F admixture, not to exceed 40 percent of the original dosage, may be used to retemper concrete once, provided set time is not unduly affected. A second retempering with a Type F admixture may be used for all classes of concrete except Class PP and SC, provided that the dosage does not exceed the dosage used for the first retempering, and provided that the set time is not unduly affected. No further retempering will be allowed.

Air tests shall be performed after the addition of the Type F or Type G admixture.

1021.04 Set Accelerating Admixtures. The admixture shall comply with the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type C (accelerating) or Type E (water reducing and accelerating)”
80094

CORRUGATED METAL PIPE CULVERTS (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2003

Revised: July 1, 2004

Revise the fourth paragraph of Article 542.04(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“When corrugated steel or aluminum alloy culvert pipe (including bituminous coated steel or aluminum and pre-coated steel) is used, the pipe shall be placed such that the longitudinal lap is placed at the sides and separate sections of pipe shall be joined with a hugger-type band. When the pipes are fabricated with a smooth sleeve-type coupler, the gasket shall meet the requirements of Article 1006.01.”

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 1006.01 of the Standard Specifications:

“Round pipes 1200 mm (48 in.) in diameter and smaller may be fabricated with a smooth sleeve-type coupler. Gasket material on the smooth sleeve-type coupler shall be polyisoprene or equal with a durometer hardness of 45 ± 5 (ASTM D 2240, Shore A). Pipe used with smooth sleeve-type couplers shall contain a homing mark that indicates when the joint is tight. The homing mark shall consist of a painted stripe around the circumference of the male end of the pipe.”

Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1006.01(a) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 1006.03 of the Standard Specifications:

“Round pipes 1200 mm (48 in.) in diameter and smaller may be fabricated with a smooth sleeve-type coupler. Gasket material on the smooth sleeve-type coupler shall be polyisoprene or equal with a durometer hardness of 45 ± 5 (ASTM D 2240, Shore A). Pipe used with smooth sleeve-type couplers shall contain a homing mark that indicates when the joint is tight. The homing mark shall consist of a painted stripe around the circumference of the male end of the pipe.”

80102

CURB RAMPS FOR SIDEWALK (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of constructing sidewalk curb ramps with detectable warnings in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG). Work shall be according to Section 424 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The detectable warnings shall consist of an area of truncated domes that provide both visual and tactile cues to pedestrians who are about to enter into traffic. The warning area shall begin 150 mm (6 in.) from the back of the curb and continue 600 mm (2 ft) in the direction of pedestrian travel for the entire width of the walking surface.

The detectable warnings shall also present a contrast in color from the adjacent sidewalk. This shall be accomplished by constructing the warning area, plus the 150 mm (6 in.) area between the warning area and the back of curb, out of concrete that is integrally colored red. However if the sidewalk is brick or of some dark color, the contrast requirement shall be achieved with normal (grey), Class SI concrete.

Materials. Materials for the detectable warning area of the curb ramps shall meet the following requirements.

- a) Integrally Colored Concrete. Integrally colored concrete shall be according to Section 1020 of the Standard Specification for Class SI concrete except as follows.

Article 1020.04 The allowable water/cement ratio range shall be 0.40 minimum to 0.44 maximum.

Article 1020.04 The allowable slump range shall be 75 mm (3 in.) minimum to 125 mm (5 in.) maximum.

Article 1020.04 The allowable coarse aggregate gradations shall be CA 11, CA 13, CA 14, and CA 16.

Article 1020.05(b) A calcium chloride accelerating admixture shall not be used.

Article 1020.05(b) The cement factor shall not be reduced if a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture is used.

Article 1020.05(c) Fly ash shall not be used.

Article 1020.05(k) Ground granulated blast-furnace slag shall not be used.

Article 1020.11 Pigment for integrally colored concrete shall be added to the concrete and mixed per the Manufacturer's recommendation.

Article 1020.13 The curing method shall be Type I membrane curing.

Article 1020.13. The protection method shall be according to Article 1020.13(e)(1) and the protection period shall be 96 hours. No material, including the insulating material, shall be placed in direct contact with the concrete surface.

- (b) Pigment for Integrally Colored Concrete. The pigment shall meet the requirements of ASTM C 979, match color number 30166 of Federal Standard 595, and be on the Department's Approved List of Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete.

- (c) Release Agent for Concrete Stamping Tools. The release agent shall be according to the stamping tool manufacturer's recommendations and the following: it shall be a clear liquid that will evaporate, it shall not harm the concrete, and it shall allow the application of Type I membrane curing.

Equipment. Equipment for the detectable warning area of the curb ramps shall meet the following requirements.

- (a) Concrete Stamps. Sufficient numbers and sizes of stamps shall be furnished to cover the various widths of the curb ramps. The stamps shall have an air opening at the top of each truncated dome recess; and shall be rigid enough to evenly distribute the force exerted during tamping.
- (b) Tamper. The tamper shall be according to the concrete stamp manufacturer's recommendations.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Stamping. The concrete shall be placed and finished according to Article 424.06 except the area to be stamped shall not be brushed. When the bleed water has been absorbed, stamping shall begin. The entire width of the curb ramp shall be stamped at the same time. A single stamp or a combination of stamps may be used.

Prior to placing the stamp on the concrete, the stamp shall be coated with the release agent. When recommended by the manufacturer, the release agent shall also be applied to the concrete surface. Once the stamp has been placed on the ramp, it shall remain down until the stamping is complete.

The entire area of the stamp shall be tamped with a short, slow, repetitive action such that the concrete is caused to move up and into the dome recesses of the stamp. Tamping shall continue until mortar has come through the air openings in the stamp. Stepping or walking on the stamp will not be allowed. The base elevation of the domes shall be even with the adjacent sidewalk surface; the stamp shall not be forced down into the concrete.

When stamping is complete, the stamp shall be removed and the concrete cured.

Upon completion of curing, or after cold weather protection if required, the protruding mortar tip on the top of each dome shall be removed and the dome rubbed or ground smooth.

80113

CURING AND PROTECTION OF CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2004

Revise the second and third sentences of the eleventh paragraph of Article 503.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Forms on substructure units shall remain in place at least 24 hours. The method of form removal shall not result in damage to the concrete.”

Delete the twentieth paragraph of Article 503.22 of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the “Unit Price Adjustments” table of Article 503.22 of the Standard Specifications to read:

| “UNIT PRICE ADJUSTMENTS | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Type of Construction | Percent Adjustment in Unit Price |
| For concrete in substructures, culverts (having a waterway opening of more than 1 sq m (10 sq ft)), pump houses, and retaining walls (except concrete pilings, footings and foundation seals): | |
| When protected by: | |
| Protection Method II | 115% |
| Protection Method I | 110% |
| For concrete in superstructures: | |
| When protected by: | |
| Protection Method II | 123% |
| Protection Method I | 115% |
| For concrete in footings: | |
| When protected by: | |
| Protection Method I, II or III | 107% |
| For concrete in slope walls: | |
| When protected by: | |
| Protection Method I | 107%” |

Delete the fourth paragraph of Article 504.05(a) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the second and third sentences of the fifth paragraph of Article 504.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“All test specimens shall be cured with the units according to Article 1020.13.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 504.06(c)(6) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Curing and Low Air Temperature Protection. The curing and protection for precast, prestressed concrete members shall be according to Article 1020.13 and this Article.”

Revise the first sentence of the second paragraph of Article 504.06(c)(6) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“For curing, air vents shall be in place, and shall be so arranged that no water can enter the void tubes during the curing of the members.”

Revise the first sentence of the third paragraph of Article 504.06(c)(6) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“As soon as each member is finished, the concrete shall be covered with curing material according to Article 1020.13.”

Revise the eighth paragraph of Article 504.06(c)(6) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The prestressing force shall not be transferred to any member before the concrete has attained the compressive strength of 28,000 kPa (4000 psi) or other higher compressive release strength specified on the plans, as determined from tests of 150 mm (6 in.) by 300 mm (12 in.) cylinders cured with the member according to Article 1020.13. Members shall not be shipped until 28-day strengths have been attained and members have a yard age of at least 4 days.”

Delete the third paragraph of Article 512.03(a) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete the last sentence of the second paragraph of Article 512.04(d) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the "Index Table of Curing and Protection of Concrete Construction" table of Article 1020.13 of the Standard Specifications to read:

| "INDEX TABLE OF CURING AND PROTECTION OF CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION" | | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION | CURING METHODS | CURING PERIOD DAYS | LOW AIR TEMPERATURE PROTECTION METHODS |
| Cast-in-Place Concrete: ^{11/} | | | |
| Pavement | | | |
| Shoulder | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{3/ 5/} | 3 | 1020.13(c) |
| Base Course | | | |
| Base Course Widening | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{1/ 2/} | 3 | 1020.13(c) |
| Driveway | | | |
| Median | | | |
| Curb | | | |
| Gutter | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{4/ 5/} | 3 | 1020.13(c) ^{16/} |
| Curb and Gutter | | | |
| Sidewalk | | | |
| Slope Wall | | | |
| Paved Ditch | | | |
| Catch Basin | | | |
| Manhole | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{4/} | 3 | 1020.13(c) |
| Inlet | | | |
| Valve Vault | | | |
| Pavement Patching | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{2/} | 3 ^{12/} | 1020.13(c) |
| Pavement Replacement | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{1/ 2/} | 3 | 442.06(h) and 1020.13(c) |
| Railroad Crossing | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) | 1 | 1020.13(c) |
| Piles | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) | 7 | 1020.13(e)(1)(2)(3) |
| Footings | | | |
| Foundation Seals | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{4/6/} | 7 | 1020.13(e)(1)(2)(3) |
| Substructure | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{1/7/} | 7 | 1020.13(e)(1)(2)(3) |
| Superstructure (except deck) | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(5) ^{8/} | 7 | 1020.13(e)(1)(2) |
| Deck | 1020.13(a)(5) | 7 | 1020.13(e)(1)(2) ^{17/} |
| Retaining Walls | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{1/7/} | 7 | 1020.13(e)(1)(2) |
| Pump Houses | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{1/} | 7 | 1020.13(e)(1)(2) |
| Culverts | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{4/6/} | 7 | 1020.13(e)(1)(2) ^{18/} |
| Other Incidental Concrete | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(5) | 3 | 1020.13(c) |
| Precast Concrete: ^{11/} | | | |
| Bridge Beams | | | |
| Piles | | | |
| Bridge Slabs | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) ^{9/10/} | As required. | ^{13/} 504.06(c)(6), 1020.13(e)(2) ^{19/} |
| Nelson Type Structural Member | | | |
| All Other Precast Items | 1020.13(a)(3)(4)(5) ^{2/9/10/} | As required. | ^{14/} 504.06(c)(6), 1020.13(e)(2) ^{19/} |
| Precast, Prestressed Concrete: ^{11/} | | | |
| All Items | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) ^{9/10/} | Until strand tensioning is released. ^{15/} | 504.06(c)(6), 1020.13(e)(2) ^{19/} |

Notes-General:

- 1/ Type I, membrane curing only
- 2/ Type II, membrane curing only
- 3/ Type III, membrane curing only
- 4/ Type I, II and III membrane curing
- 5/ Membrane curing will not be permitted between November 1 and April 15.
- 6/ The use of water to inundate footings, foundation seals or the bottom slab of culverts is permissible when approved by the Engineer, provided the water temperature can be maintained at 7 °C (45 °F) or higher.
- 7/ Asphalt Emulsion for Waterproofing may be used in lieu of other curing methods when specified and permitted according to Article 503.18.
- 8/ On non-traffic surfaces which receive protective coat according to Article 503.19, a linseed oil emulsion curing compound may be used as a substitute for protective coat and other curing methods. The linseed emulsion curing compound will be permitted between April 16 and October 31 of the same year, provided it is applied with a mechanical sprayer according to Article 1101.09 (b), and meets the material requirements of Article 1022.07.
- 9/ Steam curing (heat and moisture) is acceptable and shall be accomplished by the method specified in Article 504.06(c)(6).
- 10/ A moist room according to AASHTO M 201 is acceptable for curing.
- 11/ If curing is required and interrupted because of form removal for cast-in-place concrete items, precast concrete products, or precast prestressed concrete products, the curing shall be resumed within two hours from the start of the form removal.
- 12/ Curing maintained only until opening strength is attained, with a maximum curing period of three days.
- 13/ The curing period shall end when the concrete has attained the mix design strength. The producer has the option to discontinue curing when the concrete has attained 80 percent of the mix design strength or after seven days. All strength test specimens shall remain with the units and shall be subjected to the same curing method and environmental condition as the units, until the time of testing.
- 14/ The producer shall determine the curing period or may elect to not cure the product. All strength test specimens shall remain with the units and shall be subjected to the same curing method and environmental condition as the units, until the time of testing.
- 15/ The producer has the option to continue curing after strand release.
- 16/ When structural steel or structural concrete is in place above slope wall, Article 1020.13(c) shall not apply. The protection method shall be according to Article 1020.13(e)(1).
- 17/ When Article 1020.13(e)(2) is used to protect the deck, the housing may enclose only the bottom and sides. The top surface shall be protected according to Article 1020.13(e)(1).
- 18/ For culverts having a waterway opening of 1 sq m (10 sq ft) or less, the culverts may be protected according to Article 1020.13(e)(3).
- 19/ The seven day protection period in the first paragraph of Article 1020.13(e)(2) shall not apply. The protection period shall end when curing is finished. For the third paragraph of Article 1020.13(e)(2), the decrease in temperature shall be according to Article 504.06(c)(6)."

Add the following to Article 1020.13(a) of the Standard Specifications:

“(5) Wetted Cotton Mat Method. After the surface of concrete has been textured or finished, it shall be covered immediately with dry cotton mats. The cotton mats shall be placed in a manner which will not mar the concrete surface. A texture resulting from the cotton mat material is acceptable. The cotton mats shall then be wetted immediately and thoroughly soaked with a gentle spray of water. For bridge decks, a foot bridge shall be used to place and wet the cotton mats.

The cotton mats shall be maintained in a wetted condition until the concrete has hardened sufficiently to place soaker hoses without marring the concrete surface. The soaker hoses shall be placed on top of the cotton mats at a maximum 1.2 m (4 ft) spacing. The cotton mats shall be kept wet with a continuous supply of water for the remainder of the curing period. Other continuous wetting systems may be used if approved by the Engineer.

After placement of the soaker hoses, the cotton mats shall be covered with white polyethylene sheeting or burlap-polyethylene blankets.

For construction items other than bridge decks, soaker hoses or a continuous wetting system will not be required if the alternative method keeps the cotton mats wet. Periodic wetting of the cotton mats is acceptable.

For areas inaccessible to the cotton mats on bridge decks, curing shall be according to Article 1020.13(a)(3).”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1020.13(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Protection of Portland Cement Concrete, Other Than Structures, From Low Air Temperatures. When the official National Weather Service forecast for the construction area predicts a low of 0 °C (32 °F), or lower, or if the actual temperature drops to 0 °C (32 °F), or lower, concrete less than 72 hours old shall be provided at least the following protection:”

Delete Article 1020.13(d) and Articles 1020.13(d)(1),(2),(3),(4) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first five paragraphs of Article 1020.13(e) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Protection of Portland Cement Concrete Structures From Low Air Temperatures. When the official National Weather Service Forecast for the construction area predicts a low below 7 °C (45 °F), or if the actual temperature drops below 7 °C (45 °F), concrete less than 72 hours old shall be provided protection. Concrete shall also be provided protection when placed during the winter period of December 1 through March 15. Concrete shall not be placed until the materials, facilities and equipment for protection are approved by the Engineer.

When directed by the Engineer, the Contractor may be required to place concrete during the winter period. If winter construction is specified, the Contractor shall proceed with the construction, including concrete, excavation, pile driving, steel erection and all appurtenant work required for the complete construction of the item, except at times when weather conditions make such operations impracticable.

Regardless of the precautions taken, the Contractor shall be responsible for protection of the concrete placed and any concrete damaged by cold temperatures shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at his/her own expense.”

Add the following at the end of the third paragraph of Article 1020.13(e)(1) of the Standard Specifications:

“The Contractor shall provide means for checking the temperature of the surface of the concrete during the protection period.”

Revise the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1020.13(e)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The Contractor shall provide means for checking the temperature of the surface of the concrete or air temperature within the housing during the protection period.”

Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1020.13(e)(3) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following Article to Section 1022 of the Standard Specifications:

“1022.06 Cotton Mats. Cotton mats shall consist of a cotton fill material, minimum 400 g/sq m (11.8 oz/sq yd), covered with unsized cloth or burlap, minimum 200 g/sq m (5.9 oz/sq yd), and be tufted or stitched to maintain stability.

Cotton mats shall be in a condition satisfactory to the Engineer. Any tears or holes in the mats shall be repaired.

Add the following Article to Section 1022 of the Standard Specifications:

“1022.07 Linseed Oil Emulsion Curing Compound. Linseed oil emulsion curing compound shall be composed of a blend of boiled linseed oil and high viscosity, heavy bodied linseed oil emulsified in a water solution. The curing compound shall meet the requirements of a Type I, II, or III according to Article 1022.01, except the drying time requirement will be waived. The oil phase shall be 50 ± 4 percent by volume. The oil phase shall consist of 80 percent by mass (weight) boiled linseed oil and 20 percent by mass (weight) Z-8 viscosity linseed oil. The water phase shall be 50 ± 4 percent by volume.”

Revise Article 1020.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“1020.14 Temperature Control for Placement. Temperature control for concrete placement shall conform to the following requirements:

- (a) Temperature Control other than Structures. The temperature of concrete immediately before placing, shall be not less than 10 °C (50 °F) nor more than 32 °C (90 °F). Aggregates and/or water shall be heated or cooled as necessary to produce concrete within these temperature limits.

When the temperature of the plastic concrete reaches 30 °C (85 °F), an approved retarding admixture shall be used or the approved water reducing admixture in use shall have its dosage increased by 50 percent over the dosage recommended on the Department's Approved List of Concrete Admixtures for the temperature experienced. The amount of retarding admixture to be used will be determined by the Engineer. This requirement may be waived by the Engineer when fly ash compensated mixtures are used.

Plastic concrete temperatures up to 35 °C (96 °F), as placed, may be permitted provided job site conditions permit placement and finishing without excessive use of water on and/or overworking of the surface. The occurrence within 24 hours of unusual surface distress shall be cause to revert to a maximum 32 °C (90 °F) plastic concrete temperature.

Concrete shall not be placed when the air temperature is below 5 °C (40 °F) and falling or below 2 °C (35 °F), without permission of the Engineer. When placing of concrete is authorized during cold weather, the Engineer may require the water and/or the aggregates to be heated to not less than 20 °C (70 °F) nor more than 65 °C (150 °F). The aggregates may be heated by either steam or dry heat prior to being placed in the mixer. The apparatus used shall heat the mass uniformly and shall be so arranged as to preclude the possible occurrence of overheated areas which might damage the materials. No frozen aggregates shall be used in the concrete.

For pavement patching, refer to Article 442.06(e) for additional information on temperature control for placement.

- (b) Temperature Control for Structures. The temperature of concrete as placed in the forms shall be not less than 10 °C (50 °F) nor more than 32 °C (90 °F). Aggregates and/or water shall be heated or cooled as necessary to produce concrete within these temperature limits. When insulated forms are used, the temperature of the concrete mixture shall not exceed 25 °C (80 °F). If the Engineer determines that heat of hydration might cause excessive temperatures in the concrete, the concrete shall be placed at a temperature between 10 °C (50 °F) and 15 °C (60 °F), per the Engineer's instructions. When concrete is placed in contact with previously placed concrete, the temperature of the concrete may be increased as required to offset anticipated heat loss.

Concrete shall not be placed when the air temperature is below 7 °C (45 °F) and falling or below 4 °C (40 °F), without permission of the Engineer. When placing of concrete is authorized during cold weather, the Engineer may require the water and/or the aggregates to be heated to not less than 20 °C (70 °F) nor more than 65 °C (150 °F). The aggregates may be heated by either steam or dry heat prior to being placed in the mixer. The apparatus used shall heat the mass uniformly and shall be so arranged as to preclude the possible occurrence of overheated areas which might damage the materials. No frozen aggregates shall be used in the concrete.

When the temperature of the plastic concrete reaches 30 °C (85 °F), an approved retarding admixture shall be used or the approved water reducing admixture in use shall have its dosage increased by 50 percent over the dosage recommended on the Department's Approved List of Concrete Admixtures for the temperature experienced. The amount of retarding admixture to be used will be determined by the Engineer. This requirement may be waived by the Engineer when fly ash compensated mixtures are used.

- (c) Temperature. The concrete temperature shall be determined according to ASTM C 1064."

80114

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: June 2, 2005

FEDERAL OBLIGATION. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR part 26 and listed in the DBE Directory or most recent addendum.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100% state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100% state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor:

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE firms performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. This determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 30.00% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that firmly committed DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal; or
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES. Bidders may consult the DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE companies certified by the Department. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217)785-4611, or by visiting the Department's web site at www.dot.state.il.us.

BIDDING PROCEDURES. Compliance with the bidding procedures of this Special Provision is required prior to the award of the contract and the failure of the as-read low bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

- (a) In order to assure the timely award of the contract, the as-read low bidder shall submit a Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan on Department form SBE 2026 within seven (7) working days after the date of letting. To meet the seven (7) day requirement, the bidder may send the Plan by certified mail or delivery service within the seven (7) working day period. If a question arises concerning the mailing date of a Plan, the mailing date will be established by the U.S. Postal Service postmark on the original certified mail receipt from the U.S. Postal Service or the receipt issued by a delivery service. It is the responsibility of the bidder to ensure that the postmark or receipt date is affixed within the seven (7) working days if the bidder intends to rely upon mailing or delivery to satisfy the submission day requirement. The Plan is to be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217)785-1524). It is the responsibility of the bidder to obtain confirmation of telefax delivery. The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the seven (7) day submittal requirement and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive due to a failure to submit a Plan or failure to comply with the bidding procedures set forth herein, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty, and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids. The Department reserves the right to invite any other bidder to submit a Utilization Plan at any time for award consideration or to extend the time for award.

- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.
- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. The signatures on these forms must be original signatures. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:
- (1) The name and address of each DBE to be used;
 - (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the commercially useful work to be done by each DBE;
 - (3) The price to be paid to each DBE for the identified work specifically stating the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;
 - (4) A commitment statement signed by the bidder and each DBE evidencing availability and intent to perform commercially useful work on the project; and
 - (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE firms and non-DBE firms, the plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s).
- (d) The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder is approved. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Plan commits sufficient commercially useful DBE work performance to meet the contract goal. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Plan does not commit sufficient DBE performance to meet the contract goal unless the bidder documents that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. The good faith procedures of Section VIII of this special provision apply. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient in a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no less than a five (5) working day period in order to cure the deficiency.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100% goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100% goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100% goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100% goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the full value of all such DBE trucks operated using DBE employed drivers. Goal credit will be limited to the value of the reasonable fee or commission received by the DBE if trucks are leased from a non-DBE company.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60% goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100% goal credit for the cost of materials or supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100% credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a regular dealer or manufacturer.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. If the bidder cannot obtain sufficient DBE commitments to meet the contract goal, the bidder must document in the Utilization Plan the good faith efforts made in the attempt to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken those efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.

- (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
- (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.

b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.

(8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.

- (b) If the Department determines that the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the bidder of that preliminary determination by contacting the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan. The preliminary determination shall include a statement of reasons why good faith efforts have not been found, and may include additional good faith efforts that the bidder could take. The notification will designate a five (5) working day period during which the bidder shall take additional efforts. The bidder is not limited by a statement of additional efforts, but may take other action beyond any stated additional efforts in order to obtain additional DBE commitments. The bidder shall submit an amended Utilization Plan if additional DBE commitments to meet the contract goal are secured. If additional DBE commitments sufficient to meet the contract goal are not secured, the bidder shall report the final good faith efforts made in the time allotted. All additional efforts taken by the bidder will be considered as part of the bidder's good faith efforts. If the bidder is not able to meet the goal after taking additional efforts, the Department will make a pre-final determination of the good faith efforts of the bidder and will notify the designated responsible company official of the reasons for an adverse determination.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a pre-final determination adverse to the bidder within the five (5) working days after the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217)785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The pre-final determination shall become final if a request is not made and delivered. A request may provide additional written documentation and/or argument concerning the issue of whether an adequate good faith effort was made to meet the contract goal. In addition, the request shall be considered a consent by the bidder to extend the time for award. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in order to consider all issues of whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten (10) working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal.

- (a) No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the Participation Statement. The Contractor shall not terminate for convenience a DBE listed in the Utilization Plan and then perform the work of the terminated DBE with its own forces, those of an affiliate or those of another subcontractor, whether DBE or not, without first obtaining the written consent of the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises to amend the Utilization Plan. If a DBE listed in the Utilization Plan is terminated for reasons other than convenience, or fails to complete its work on the contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make good faith efforts to find another DBE to substitute for the terminated DBE. The good faith efforts shall be directed at finding another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, but only to the extent needed to meet the contract goal or the amended contract goal. The Contractor shall notify the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises of any termination for reasons other than convenience, and shall obtain approval for inclusion of the substitute DBE in the Utilization Plan. If good faith efforts following a termination of a DBE for cause are not successful, the Contractor shall contact the Bureau and provide a full accounting of the efforts undertaken to obtain substitute DBE participation. The Bureau will evaluate the good faith efforts in light of all circumstances surrounding the performance status of the contract, and determine whether the contract goal should be amended.
- (c) The Contractor shall maintain a record of payments for work performed to the DBE participants. The records shall be made available to the Department for inspection upon request. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefor to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty (30) calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Report on Department form SBE 2115 to the Regional Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the Report shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Plan, the Department will deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages.

- (d) The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEFICIENCY DEDUCTION (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2001

Revised: November 1, 2001

When the Engineer is notified or determines an erosion and/or sediment control deficiency(s) exists, he/she will direct the Contractor in writing to correct the deficiency. The Contractor shall then correct the deficiency within 24 hours. The deficiency may be any lack of repair, maintenance, or implementation of erosion and/or sediment control devices included in the contract, or any failure to comply with the conditions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Storm Water Permit for Construction Site Activities.

If the Contractor fails to correct the deficiency(s) within 24 hours, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency exists. The time period will begin with the initial written notification to the Contractor and end with the Engineer's acceptance of the corrected work. The per calendar day deduction will be either \$1000.00 or 0.05 percent of the awarded contract value, whichever is greater.

If the Contractor fails to respond, the Engineer may correct the deficiencies and deduct the cost from monies due or which may become due the Contractor. This corrective action shall in no way relieve the Contractor of his/her contractual requirements or responsibilities.

80055

EXPANSION JOINTS (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2003

Add the following paragraph after the second paragraph of Article 420.10(e) of the Standard Specifications:

“After the dowel bars are oiled, plastic expansion caps shall be secured to the bars maintaining a minimum expansion gap of 50 mm (2 in.) between the end of the bar and the end of the cap. The caps shall fit snugly on the bar and the closed end shall be watertight. For expansion joints formed using dowel bar basket assemblies, the caps shall be installed on the alternating free ends of the bars. For expansion joints formed using a construction header, the caps shall be installed on the exposed end of each bar once the header has been removed and the joint filler material has been installed.”

80103

FLAGGER VESTS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2003

Revised: April 1, 2005

Revise the first sentence of Article 701.04(c)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The flagger shall be stationed to the satisfaction of the Engineer and be equipped with a fluorescent orange, fluorescent yellow/green or a combination of fluorescent orange and fluorescent yellow/green vest meeting the requirements of the American National Standards Institute specification ANSI/ISEA 107-1999 for Conspicuity Class 2 garments and approved flagger traffic control signs conforming to Standard 702001 and Article 702.05(e).”

Revise Article 701.04(c)(6) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(6) Nighttime Flagging. The flagger station shall be lit by additional overhead lighting other than streetlights. The flagger shall be equipped with a fluorescent orange, fluorescent yellow/green, or a combination of fluorescent orange and fluorescent yellow/green garment meeting the requirements of the American National Standards Institute specification ANSI/ISEA 107-1999 for Conspicuity Class 3 garments.”

80101

FREEZE-THAW RATING (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2002

Revise the first sentence of Article 1004.02(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“When coarse aggregate is used to produce portland cement concrete for base course, base course widening, pavement, driveway pavement, sidewalk, shoulders, curb, gutter, combination curb and gutter, median, paved ditch or their repair using concrete, the gradation permitted will be determined from the results of the Department’s Freeze-Thaw Test.”

80079

FURNISHED EXCAVATION (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2002

Revised: November 1, 2004

Revise Article 204.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**Description.** Borrow excavation and furnished excavation shall consist of excavating suitable materials obtained from locations approved by the Engineer and transporting the materials to various locations throughout the limits of the contract.”

Revise Article 204.07(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Measured Quantities. Furnished excavation will be computed for payment in cubic meters (cubic yards) as follows:

Furnished Excavation = Embankment - [Suitable Excavation x (1 - Shrinkage Factor)]

Where:

Embankment = the volume of fill in its final position computed by the method of average end areas and based upon the existing ground line as shown on the plans except as noted in (1) and (2) below;

Suitable Excavation = earth excavation, rock excavation, and other on-site excavation suitable for use in embankments as shown in the Earthwork Schedule on the plans;

Shrinkage Factor = 0.25 unless otherwise shown on the plans.

(1) If the Contractor so requests, the Engineer will reestablish the existing ground line after the clearing and tree removal have been performed according to Section 201 and the top 150 mm (6 in.) of the existing ground surface has been disked and compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

(2) If settlement platforms are erected, the Engineer will reestablish the existing ground line after the embankment is complete as specified in Article 204.07(a)(2).

Furnished excavation placed in excess of that required for the execution of the contract will not be measured for payment.”

Add the following paragraph to the end of Article 204.07 of the Standard Specifications:

“The quantity for furnished excavation will not be recalculated when surplus, suitable materials are utilized in embankments according to Article 202.03.”

80072

IMPACT ATTENUATORS, TEMPORARY (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2003

Revised: April 1, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing temporary impact attenuators of the category and test level specified.

Materials. Materials shall meet the requirements of the impact attenuator manufacturer and the following:

| Item | Article/Section |
|--|---------------------------|
| (a) Fine Aggregate (Note 1)..... | 1003.01 |
| (b) Steel Posts, Structural Shapes, and Plates | 1006.04 |
| (c) Rail Elements, End Section Plates, and Splice Plates | 1006.25 |
| (d) Bolts, Nuts, Washers and Hardware | 1006.25 |
| (e) Hollow Structural Tubing | 1006.27(b) |
| (f) Wood Posts and Wood Blockouts..... | 1007.01, 1007.02, 1007.06 |
| (g) Preservative Treatment..... | 1007.12 |
| (h) Rapid Set Mortar (Note 2) | |

Note 1. Fine aggregate shall be FA-1 or FA-2, Class A quality. The sand shall be unbagged and shall have a maximum moisture content of five percent.

Note 2. Rapid set mortar shall be obtained from the Department's approved list of Packaged, Dry, Rapid Hardening Cementitious Materials for Concrete Repairs. For a rapid set mortar mixture, one part packaged rapid set cement shall be combined with two parts fine aggregate, by volume or a packaged rapid set mortar shall be used. Mixing of the rapid set mortar shall be according to the manufacturer's instructions.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

General. Impact Attenuators shall meet the testing criteria contained in National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 for the test level specified and shall be on the Department's approved list.

Installation. Regrading of slopes or approaches for the installation shall be as shown on the plans.

Attenuator bases, when required by the manufacturer, shall be constructed on a prepared subgrade according to the manufacturer's specifications. The surface of the base shall be slightly sloped or crowned to facilitate drainage.

Impact attenuators shall be installed according to the manufacturer's specifications and include all necessary transitions between the impact attenuator and the item to which it is attached.

When water filled attenuators are used between November 1 and April 15, they shall contain anti-freeze according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Markings. Sand module impact attenuators shall be striped with alternating reflectorized Type AA or Type AP fluorescent orange and reflectorized white horizontal, circumferential stripes. There shall be at least two of each stripe on each module.

Other types of impact attenuators shall have a terminal marker applied to their nose and reflectors along their sides.

Maintenance. All maintenance of the impact attenuators shall be the responsibility of the Contractor until removal is directed by the Engineer.

Relocate. When relocation of temporary impact attenuators is specified, they shall be removed, relocated and reinstalled at the new location. The reinstallation requirements shall be the same as those for a new installation.

Removal. When the Engineer determines the temporary impact attenuators are no longer required, the installation shall be dismantled with all hardware becoming the property of the Contractor.

Surplus material shall be disposed of according to Article 202.03. Anti-freeze, when present, shall be disposed of/recycled according to local ordinances.

When impact attenuators have been anchored to the pavement, the anchor holes shall be repaired with rapid set mortar. Only enough water to permit placement and consolidation by rodding shall be used and the material shall be struck-off flush.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment as each, where each is defined as one complete installation.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for IMPACT ATTENUATORS, TEMPORARY (FULLY REDIRECTIVE, NARROW); IMPACT ATTENUATORS, TEMPORARY (FULLY REDIRECTIVE, WIDE); IMPACT ATTENUATORS, TEMPORARY (SEVERE USE, NARROW); IMPACT ATTENUATORS, TEMPORARY (SEVERE USE, WIDE); or IMPACT ATTENUATORS, TEMPORARY (NON-REDIRECTIVE) of the test level specified.

Relocation of the devices will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for IMPACT ATTENUATORS, RELOCATE (FULLY REDIRECTIVE); IMPACT ATTENUATORS, RELOCATE (SEVERE USE); or IMPACT ATTENUATORS, RELOCATE (NON-REDIRECTIVE); of the test level specified.

Regrading of slopes or approaches will be paid for according to Section 202 and/or Section 204 of the Standard Specifications.

80110
INLET FILTERS (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2003

Add the following to Article 280.02 of the Standard Specifications:

“(k) Inlet Filters..... 1081.15(h)”

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 280.04(c) of the Standard Specifications:

“When specified, drainage structures shall be protected with inlet filters. Inlet filters shall be installed either directly on the drainage structure or under the grate of the drainage structure resting on the lip of the frame. The fabric bag shall hang down into the drainage structure. Prior to ordering materials, the Contractor shall determine the size and shape of the various drainage structures being protected.”

Revise Article 280.07(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(d) Inlet and Pipe Protection. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for INLET AND PIPE PROTECTION.

Protection of drainage structures with inlet filters will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for INLET FILTERS.”

Add the following to Article 1081.15 of the Standard Specifications:

“(h) Inlet Filters. An inlet filter shall consist of a steel frame with a two piece geotextile fabric bag attached with a stainless steel band and locking cap that is suspended from the frame. A clean, used bag and a used steel frame in good condition meeting the approval of the Engineer may be substituted for new materials. Materials for the inlet filter assembly shall conform to the following requirements:

(1) Frame Construction. Steel shall conform to Article 1006.04.

Frames designed to fit under a grate shall include an overflow feature that is welded to the frame's ring. The overflow feature shall be designed to allow full flow of water into the structure when the filter bag is full. The dimensions of the frame shall allow the drainage structure grate to fit into the inlet filter assembly frame opening. The assembly frame shall rest on the inside lip of the drainage structure frame for the full variety of existing and proposed drainage structure frames that are present on this contract. The inlet filter assembly frame shall not cause the drainage structure grate to extend higher than 6 mm (1/4 in.) above the drainage structure frame.

(2) Grate Lock. When the inlet is located in a traffic lane, a grate lock shall be used to secure the grate to the frame. The grate lock shall conform to the manufacturer's requirements for materials and installation.

(3) Geotextile Fabric Bag. The sediment bag shall be constructed of an inner filter bag and an outer reinforcement bag.

a. Inner Filter Bag. The inner filter bag shall be constructed of a polypropylene geotextile fabric with a minimum silt and debris capacity of 0.06 cu m (2.0 cu ft). The bag shall conform to the following requirements:

| Inner Filter Bag | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Material Property | Test Method | Minimum Avg. Roll Value |
| Grab Tensile Strength | ASTM D 4632 | 45 kg (100 lb) |
| Grab Tensile Elongation | ASTM D 4632 | 50% |
| Puncture Strength | ASTM D 4833 | 29 kg (65 lb) |
| Trapezoidal Tear | ASTM D 4533 | 20 kg (45 lb) |
| UV Resistance | ASTM D 4355 | 70% at 500 hours |
| Actual Open Size | ASTM D 1420 | 212 μm (No. 70 sieve US) |
| Permittivity | ASTM D 4491 | 2.0/sec |
| Water Flow Rate | ASTM D 4491 | 5900 Lpm/sq m (145 gpm/sq ft) |

- b. Outer Reinforcement Bag. The outer reinforcement bag shall be constructed of polyester mesh material that conforms to the following requirements:

| Outer Reinforcement Bag | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Material Property | Test Method | Value |
| Content | ASTM D 629 | Polyester |
| Weight | ASTM D 3776 | 155 g/sq m (4.55 oz/sq yd) ±15% |
| Whales (holes) | ASTM D 3887 | 7.5 ± 2 holes/25 mm (1 in.) |
| Chorses (holes) | ASTM D 3887 | 15.5 ± 2holes/25 mm (1 in.) |
| Instronball Burst | ASTM D 3887 | 830 kPa (120 psi) min. |
| Thickness | ASTM D 1777 | 1.0 ± 0.1 mm (0.040 ± 0.005 in.) |

- (4) Certification. The manufacturer shall furnish a certification with each shipment of inlet filters, stating the amount of product furnished, and that the material complies with these requirements.”

80104

MULCHING SEEDED AREAS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2005

Delete Article 251.02(a) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following to Article 251.02 of the Standard Specifications:

“(h) Compost 1081.05(b)”

Delete Article 251.03(b)(1) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following to Article 251.03 of the Standard Specifications:

“(d) Method 4. This method shall consist of applying compost combined with a performance additive designed to bind/stabilize the compost. The compost/performance additive mixture shall be applied to the surface of the slope using a pneumatic blower at a depth of 50 mm (2 in.)”

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 251.06(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Mulch Methods 1, 2, 3, and 4 will be measured for payment in hectares (acres) of surface area mulched.”

Revise Article 251.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**251.07 Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per hectare (acre) for MULCH, METHOD 1; MULCH, METHOD 2; MULCH, METHOD 3; or MULCH, METHOD 4; and at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for EROSION CONTROL BLANKET or HEAVY DUTY EROSION CONTROL BLANKET.”

Add the following after the second paragraph of Article 1081.05(b) of the Standard Specifications:

“Chemical Compost Binder. Chemical compost binder shall be a commercially available product specifically recommended by the manufacturer for use as a compost stabilizer.

The compost binder shall be nonstaining and nontoxic to vegetation and the environment. It shall disperse evenly and rapidly and remain in suspension when agitated in water.

Prior to use of the compost binder, the Contractor shall submit a notarized certification by the manufacturer stating that it meets these requirements. Chemical compost binder shall be packaged, stored, and shipped according to the manufacturer’s recommendations with the net quantity plainly shown on each package or container.”

80138

PARTIAL PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2003

Revise Article 109.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**109.07 Partial Payments.** Partial payments will be made as follows:

- (a) Progress Payments. At least once each month, the Engineer will make a written estimate of the amount of work performed in accordance with the contract, and the value thereof at the contract unit prices. The amount of the estimate approved as due for payment will be vouchered by the Department and presented to the State Comptroller for payment. No amount less than \$1000.00 will be approved for payment other than the final payment.

The failure to perform any requirement, obligation, or term of the contract by the Contractor shall be reason for withholding any progress payments until the Department determines that compliance has been achieved. Furthermore, progress payments may be reduced by liens filed pursuant to Section 23(c) of the Mechanics Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c).

- (b) Material Allowances. At the discretion of the Department, payment may be made for materials, prior to their use in the work, when satisfactory evidence is presented by the Contractor. Satisfactory evidence includes justification for the allowance (to expedite the work, meet project schedules, regional or national material shortages, etc.), documentation of material and transportation costs, and evidence that such material is properly stored on the project or at a secure location acceptable and accessible to the Department.

Material allowances will be considered only for nonperishable materials when the cost, including transportation, exceeds \$10,000 and such materials are not expected to be utilized within 60 days of the request for the allowance. For contracts valued under \$500,000, the minimum \$10,000 requirement may be met by combining the principal (material) product of no more than two contract items. An exception to this two item limitation may be considered for any contract regardless of value for items in which material (products) are similar except for type and/or size.

Material allowances shall not exceed the value of the contract items in which used and shall not include the cost of installation or related markups. Amounts paid by the Department for material allowances will be deducted from estimates due the Contractor as the material is used. Two-sided copies of the Contractor's cancelled checks for materials and transportation must be furnished to the Department within 60 days of payment of the allowances or the amounts will be reclaimed by the Department."

80116

PAVEMENT THICKNESS DETERMINATION FOR PAYMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 1999

Revised: January 1, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of determining pavement thickness for payment for full depth bituminous concrete and all pcc pavements. Pavement pay items that individually contain at least 840 sq m (1000 sq yd) of contiguous pavement will be subject to this Special Provision with the following exclusions: temporary pavements; variable width pavement; radius returns and side streets less than 125 m (400 ft) in length; and turn lanes of constant width less than 125 m (400 ft) in length. The areas of pavement excluded from the pay adjustment as described in this Special Provision will be cored according to Article 407.10 of the Standard Specifications. Temporary pavements are defined as pavements constructed and removed under this contract.

Materials. Rapid set materials shall be obtained from the Department's approved list of Packaged, Dry, Rapid Hardening Cementitious Materials For Concrete Repairs. Coarse aggregate may be added to the mortar if allowed by the manufacturer's instructions on the package. Mixing shall be according to the manufacture's recommendations.

Equipment. Cores shall be taken utilizing an approved coring machine. The cores shall have a diameter of 50 mm (2 in.). The cores shall be measured utilizing an approved measuring device.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Tolerance in Thickness. Determination of the pavement thickness shall be performed after the pavement surface tests and all corrective grinding are complete according to Article 407.09 of the Standard Specifications. Adjustments made in the contract unit price for pavement thickness will be in addition to and independent of those made for the Profile Index.

The pavement will be divided into approximately equal lots of not more than 1500 m (5000 ft) in length. When the length of a continuous strip of pavement is less than 1500 m (5000 ft), these short lengths of pavement, ramps, turn lanes, and other short sections of continuous pavement shall be grouped together to form lots of approximately 1500 m (5000 ft) in length. Short segments between structures will be measured continuously with the structure segments omitted. Each lot will be subdivided into ten equal sublots. The width of a subplot and lot will be the width from the pavement edge to the adjacent lane line, from one lane line to the next, or between pavement edges for single-lane pavements.

Fifty millimeter (Two inch) cores shall be taken from the pavement by the Contractor at random locations selected by the Engineer. When computing the thickness of a lot, one core will be taken per subplot. Core locations will be specified by the Engineer prior to beginning the coring operations.

The Contractor and the Engineer shall witness the coring operations, the measurement, and recording of the cores. Core measurements will be determined immediately upon removal from the core bit and prior to moving to the next core location. Upon concurrence of the length, the core samples may be discarded.

Patching Holes. Upon completion of coring, all core holes shall be filled with a rapid set mortar or concrete. Only enough water to permit placement and consolidation by rodding shall be used, and the material shall be struck-off flush with the adjacent pavement.

For a rapid set mortar mixture, one part packaged rapid set cement shall be combined with two parts fine aggregate, by volume; or a packaged rapid set mortar shall be used. For a rapid set concrete mixture, a packaged rapid set mortar shall be combined with coarse aggregate according to the manufacturer's instructions or a packaged rapid set concrete shall be used. Mixing of a rapid set mortar or concrete shall be according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Deficient Sublot. When the thickness of the core in a subplot is deficient by more than ten percent of plan thickness, the Contractor will have the option of taking three additional cores selected at random by the Engineer within the same subplot at the Contractor's expense. The thickness of the additional three cores will be averaged with the original core thickness. When the average thickness shows the subplot to be deficient by ten percent or less, no additional action is necessary. If the Contractor chooses not to take additional cores, the pavement in the subplot shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. When additional cores are taken and the average thickness of the additional cores show the subplot to be deficient by more than ten percent, the pavement in that subplot shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. When requested in writing by the Contractor, the Engineer, at his/her option, may permit in writing such thin pavement to remain in place. For Bituminous Concrete Pavement (Full Depth) allowed to remain in place, additional lift(s) may be placed, at the Contractor's expense, to bring the deficient pavement to plan thickness when the Engineer determines grade control conditions will permit such lift(s). The material thickness(es), areas to be overlaid, and method of placement used for additional lift(s) will be approved by the Engineer. When the thin pavement is removed and replaced or additional lifts are placed, the replacement pavement will be retested for thickness at the Contractor's expense. When the thin pavement is left in place and no additional lift(s) are placed, no payment will be made for the deficient pavement subplot. The thickness of the original core taken in the subplot will be used in determining the payment for the entire lot and no adjustment to the pay factor will be made for any corrective action taken.

Deficient Lot. After analyzing the cores, the Percent Within Limits will be calculated. A lot of pavement represented by the Percent Within Limits (PWL) of 60 percent or less, shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. When requested in writing by the Contractor, the Engineer, at his/her option, may permit in writing such pavement to remain in place. For Bituminous Concrete Pavement (Full Depth), allowed to remain in place, additional lift(s) may be placed, at the Contractor's expense, to bring the deficient pavement to plan thickness when the Engineer determines grade control conditions will permit such lift(s). The material, thickness(es), areas to be overlaid and method of placement used for the additional lift(s) will be approved by the Engineer. After either corrective action, the Contractor shall core the lot according to the "Coring Procedures" at no additional cost to the Department. The PWL will then be recalculated for the lot, however, the pay factor for the lot will be a maximum of 100 percent. When requested in writing by the Contractor, the Engineer, at his/her option, may permit in writing, the lot to remain in place. When the lot is left in place and no additional lifts are placed the pay factor for the lot will be based on the calculated PWL.

Right of Discovery. When the Engineer has reason to believe the random core selection process will not accurately represent the true conditions of the work, he/she may order cores in addition to those specified. The additional cores shall be taken at specific locations determined by the Engineer. The Engineer will provide notice to the Contractor containing an explanation of the reasons for his/her action. These additional cores and locations will be determined prior to commencement of coring operations. When the additional cores show the pavement to be deficient by more than ten percent, additional cores shall be taken at locations determined by the Engineer to determine the limits of the deficient pavement area. The deficient pavement area will be defined as the area between two acceptable cores. An acceptable core is a core with a thickness of 90 percent or more of plan thickness. The defined pavement area shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. When requested by the Contractor, the Engineer, at his/her option, may permit in writing such thin pavement to remain in place. On Bituminous Concrete Pavement (Full Depth) allowed to remain in place, additional lift(s) may be placed to bring the deficient pavement to plan thickness when the Engineer determines that grade control conditions will permit such lift(s). The material, thickness(es), areas to be overlaid and method of placement for the additional lift(s) will be approved by the Engineer. When the thin pavement is removed and replaced or additional lifts are placed, the replacement pavement will be retested for thickness at the Contractor's expense. When the thin pavement is left in place and no additional lift(s) are placed, no payment will be made for the deficient pavement. When the additional cores show the pavement to be deficient by ten percent or less the additional cores will be paid for according to Article 109.04. When the additional cores show the pavement to be deficient by more than ten percent the additional cores taken in the deficient area shall be at the Contractor's expense.

Profile Index Adjustment. After any section of pavement is removed and replaced or any additional lifts are added, the corrected areas shall be tested for pavement smoothness and any necessary Profile Index adjustments and/or corrections will be made based on these final profile readings. Such surface testing shall be performed at the Contractor's expense.

Core Analysis. Cores will be analyzed according to the following:

(a) Definition:

- x_i = Individual values (core lengths) under consideration
- n = Number of individual values under consideration
(10 per lot)

- \bar{x} = Average of the values under consideration
- LSL = Lower Specification Limit (LSL = 0.98 plan thickness for pavement)
- Q_L = Lower Quality Index
- S = Sample Standard Deviation
- PWL = Percent Within Limits

Determine \bar{x} for the lot to the nearest two decimal places.

Compute the sample standard deviation to the nearest three decimal places using:

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \quad \text{where} \quad \Sigma(x_i - \bar{x})^2 = (x_1 - \bar{x})^2 + (x_2 - \bar{x})^2 + \dots + (x_{10} - \bar{x})^2$$

Determine the Lower Quality Index to the nearest two decimal places using:

$$Q_L = \frac{(\bar{x} - LSL)}{S}$$

Determine the percentage that will fall above the Lower Specification Limit (LSL) by going to the attached Table and utilizing calculated Q_L . Read the appropriate PWL value from the Table. For Q_L values less than zero the value shown in the table must be subtracted from 100 to obtain PWL.

Pay Adjustment. The following pay adjustment equation will be used to determine (to the nearest two decimal places) the pay factor for each lot.

$$\text{Pay Factor (PF) in percent} = 55 + 0.5 (\text{PWL})$$

If \bar{x} for a lot is less than the plan thickness, the maximum pay factor for that lot will be 100 percent.

Total Payment. The payment will be based on the appropriate pay items in Sections 407, 420, and 421. The final payment will be adjusted according to the following equation:

$$\text{Total Payment} = \text{TPF}[\text{CUP} (\text{TOTPAVT} - \text{DEFFPAVT})]$$

TPF = Total Pay Factor

CUP = Contract Unit Price

TOTPAVT = Area of Pavement Subject to Coring

DEFFPAVT = Area of Deficient Pavement

The TPF for the entire pavement will be the average of the PF for all the lots, however, not more than 102 percent of plan quantity will be paid.

Deficient pavement is defined as an area of pavement represented by a subplot deficient by more than 10 percent which is left in place with no additional thickness added.

All work involved in determining the total payment will be included in the contract unit prices of the pay items involved.

| Percent Within Limits | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Quality Index (Q _L)* | Percent Within Limits (PWL) | Quality Index (Q _L)* | Percent Within Limits (PWL) | Quality Index (Q _L)* | Percent Within Limits (PWL) | Quality Index (Q _L)* | Percent Within Limits (PWL) |
| 0.00 | 50.00 | 0.40 | 65.07 | 0.80 | 78.43 | 1.20 | 88.76 |
| 0.01 | 50.38 | 0.41 | 65.43 | 0.81 | 78.72 | 1.21 | 88.97 |
| 0.02 | 50.77 | 0.42 | 65.79 | 0.82 | 79.02 | 1.22 | 89.17 |
| 0.03 | 51.15 | 0.43 | 66.15 | 0.83 | 79.31 | 1.23 | 89.38 |
| 0.04 | 51.54 | 0.44 | 66.51 | 0.84 | 79.61 | 1.24 | 89.58 |
| 0.05 | 51.92 | 0.45 | 66.87 | 0.85 | 79.90 | 1.25 | 89.79 |
| 0.06 | 52.30 | 0.46 | 67.22 | 0.86 | 80.19 | 1.26 | 89.99 |
| 0.07 | 52.69 | 0.47 | 67.57 | 0.87 | 80.47 | 1.27 | 90.19 |
| 0.08 | 53.07 | 0.48 | 67.93 | 0.88 | 80.76 | 1.28 | 90.38 |
| 0.09 | 53.46 | 0.49 | 68.28 | 0.89 | 81.04 | 1.29 | 90.58 |
| 0.10 | 53.84 | 0.50 | 68.63 | 0.90 | 81.33 | 1.30 | 90.78 |
| 0.11 | 54.22 | 0.51 | 68.98 | 0.91 | 81.61 | 1.31 | 90.96 |
| 0.12 | 54.60 | 0.52 | 69.32 | 0.92 | 81.88 | 1.32 | 91.15 |
| 0.13 | 54.99 | 0.53 | 69.67 | 0.93 | 82.16 | 1.33 | 91.33 |
| 0.14 | 55.37 | 0.54 | 70.01 | 0.94 | 82.43 | 1.34 | 91.52 |
| 0.15 | 55.75 | 0.55 | 70.36 | 0.95 | 82.71 | 1.35 | 91.70 |
| 0.16 | 56.13 | 0.56 | 70.70 | 0.96 | 82.97 | 1.36 | 91.87 |
| 0.17 | 56.51 | 0.57 | 71.04 | 0.97 | 83.24 | 1.37 | 92.04 |
| 0.18 | 56.89 | 0.58 | 71.38 | 0.98 | 83.50 | 1.38 | 92.22 |
| 0.19 | 57.27 | 0.59 | 71.72 | 0.99 | 83.77 | 1.39 | 92.39 |
| 0.20 | 57.65 | 0.60 | 72.06 | 1.00 | 84.03 | 1.40 | 92.56 |
| 0.21 | 58.03 | 0.61 | 72.39 | 1.01 | 84.28 | 1.41 | 92.72 |
| 0.22 | 58.40 | 0.62 | 72.72 | 1.02 | 84.53 | 1.42 | 92.88 |
| 0.23 | 58.78 | 0.63 | 73.06 | 1.03 | 84.79 | 1.43 | 93.05 |
| 0.24 | 59.15 | 0.64 | 73.39 | 1.04 | 85.04 | 1.44 | 93.21 |
| 0.25 | 59.53 | 0.65 | 73.72 | 1.05 | 85.29 | 1.45 | 93.37 |
| 0.26 | 59.90 | 0.66 | 74.04 | 1.06 | 85.53 | 1.46 | 93.52 |
| 0.27 | 60.28 | 0.67 | 74.36 | 1.07 | 85.77 | 1.47 | 93.67 |
| 0.28 | 60.65 | 0.68 | 74.69 | 1.08 | 86.02 | 1.48 | 93.83 |
| 0.29 | 61.03 | 0.69 | 75.01 | 1.09 | 86.26 | 1.49 | 93.98 |
| 0.30 | 61.40 | 0.70 | 75.33 | 1.10 | 86.50 | 1.50 | 94.13 |
| 0.31 | 61.77 | 0.71 | 75.64 | 1.11 | 86.73 | 1.51 | 94.27 |
| 0.32 | 62.14 | 0.72 | 75.96 | 1.12 | 86.96 | 1.52 | 94.41 |
| 0.33 | 62.51 | 0.73 | 76.27 | 1.13 | 87.20 | 1.53 | 94.54 |
| 0.34 | 62.88 | 0.74 | 76.59 | 1.14 | 87.43 | 1.54 | 94.68 |
| 0.35 | 63.25 | 0.75 | 76.90 | 1.15 | 87.66 | 1.55 | 94.82 |
| 0.36 | 63.61 | 0.76 | 77.21 | 1.16 | 87.88 | 1.56 | 94.95 |
| 0.37 | 63.98 | 0.77 | 77.51 | 1.17 | 88.10 | 1.57 | 95.08 |
| 0.38 | 64.34 | 0.78 | 77.82 | 1.18 | 88.32 | 1.58 | 95.20 |
| 0.39 | 64.71 | 0.79 | 78.12 | 1.19 | 88.54 | 1.59 | 95.33 |

*For Q_L values less than zero, subtract the table value from 100 to obtain PWL

| Percent Within Limits (continued) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Quality Index (Q _L)* | Percent Within Limits (PWL) | Quality Index (Q _L)* | Percent Within Limits (PWL) | Quality Index (Q _L)* | Percent Within Limits (PWL) |
| 1.60 | 95.46 | 2.00 | 98.83 | 2.40 | 99.89 |
| 1.61 | 95.58 | 2.01 | 98.88 | 2.41 | 99.90 |
| 1.62 | 95.70 | 2.02 | 98.92 | 2.42 | 99.91 |
| 1.63 | 95.81 | 2.03 | 98.97 | 2.43 | 99.91 |
| 1.64 | 95.93 | 2.04 | 99.01 | 2.44 | 99.92 |
| 1.65 | 96.05 | 2.05 | 99.06 | 2.45 | 99.93 |
| 1.66 | 96.16 | 2.06 | 99.10 | 2.46 | 99.94 |
| 1.67 | 96.27 | 2.07 | 99.14 | 2.47 | 99.94 |
| 1.68 | 96.37 | 2.08 | 99.18 | 2.48 | 99.95 |
| 1.69 | 96.48 | 2.09 | 99.22 | 2.49 | 99.95 |
| 1.70 | 96.59 | 2.10 | 99.26 | 2.50 | 99.96 |
| 1.71 | 96.69 | 2.11 | 99.29 | 2.51 | 99.96 |
| 1.72 | 96.78 | 2.12 | 99.32 | 2.52 | 99.97 |
| 1.73 | 96.88 | 2.13 | 99.36 | 2.53 | 99.97 |
| 1.74 | 96.97 | 2.14 | 99.39 | 2.54 | 99.98 |
| 1.75 | 97.07 | 2.15 | 99.42 | 2.55 | 99.98 |
| 1.76 | 97.16 | 2.16 | 99.45 | 2.56 | 99.98 |
| 1.77 | 97.25 | 2.17 | 99.48 | 2.57 | 99.98 |
| 1.78 | 97.33 | 2.18 | 99.50 | 2.58 | 99.99 |
| 1.79 | 97.42 | 2.19 | 99.53 | 2.59 | 99.99 |
| 1.80 | 97.51 | 2.20 | 99.56 | 2.60 | 99.99 |
| 1.81 | 97.59 | 2.21 | 99.58 | 2.61 | 99.99 |
| 1.82 | 97.67 | 2.22 | 99.61 | 2.62 | 99.99 |
| 1.83 | 97.75 | 2.23 | 99.63 | 2.63 | 100.00 |
| 1.84 | 97.83 | 2.22 | 99.66 | 2.64 | 100.00 |
| 1.85 | 97.91 | 2.25 | 99.68 | ≥ 2.65 | 100.00 |
| 1.86 | 97.98 | 2.26 | 99.70 | | |
| 1.87 | 98.05 | 2.27 | 99.72 | | |
| 1.88 | 98.11 | 2.28 | 99.73 | | |
| 1.89 | 98.18 | 2.29 | 99.75 | | |
| 1.90 | 98.25 | 2.30 | 99.77 | | |
| 1.91 | 98.31 | 2.31 | 99.78 | | |
| 1.92 | 98.37 | 2.32 | 99.80 | | |
| 1.93 | 98.44 | 2.33 | 99.81 | | |
| 1.94 | 98.50 | 2.34 | 99.83 | | |
| 1.95 | 98.56 | 2.35 | 99.84 | | |
| 1.96 | 98.61 | 2.36 | 99.85 | | |
| 1.97 | 98.67 | 2.37 | 99.86 | | |
| 1.98 | 98.72 | 2.38 | 99.87 | | |
| 1.99 | 98.78 | 2.39 | 99.88 | | |

*For Q_L values less than zero, subtract the table value from 100 to obtain PWL

53600

PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2000

Revised: September 1, 2003

Federal regulations found at 49 CFR §26.29 mandate the Department to establish a contract clause to require Contractors to pay subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their subcontracts no later than 30 days from the receipt of each payment made to the Contractor.

State law addresses the timing of payments to be made to subcontractors. Section 7 of the Prompt Payment Act, 30 ILCS 540/7, generally requires that when a Contractor receives any payment from the Department, the Contractor is required to make corresponding, proportional payments to each subcontractor performing work within 15 calendar days after receipt of the state payment. Section 7 of the State Prompt Payment Act further provides that interest in the amount of 2% per month, in addition to the payment due, shall be paid to any subcontractor by the Contractor if the payment required by the Act is withheld or delayed without reasonable cause. The Act also provides that the time for payment required and the calculation of any interest due applies to transactions between subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors throughout the contracting chain.

This Special Provision establishes the required federal contract clause, and adopts the 15 calendar day requirement of the Act for purposes of compliance with the federal regulation regarding payments to subcontractors. This contract is subject to the following payment obligations.

As progress payments are made to the Contractor in accordance with Article 109.07 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the Contractor shall make a corresponding partial payment within 15 calendar days to each subcontractor in proportion to the work satisfactorily completed by each subcontractor. The proportionate amount of partial payment due to each subcontractor shall be determined by the quantities measured or otherwise determined as eligible for payment by the Department and included in the progress payment to the Contractor. Subcontractors shall be paid in full within 15 calendar days after the subcontractor's work has been satisfactorily completed. The Contractor shall hold no retainage from the subcontractors.

This Special Provision does not create any rights in favor of any subcontractor against the State of Illinois or authorize any cause of action against the State of Illinois on account of any payment, nonpayment, delayed payment or interest claimed by application of the State Prompt Payment Act. The Department will neither determine the reasonableness of any cause for delay of payment nor enforce any claim to payment, including interest. Moreover, the Department will not approve any delay or postponement of the 15 day requirement. State law creates remedies available to any subcontractor or material supplier, regardless of tier, who has not been paid for work properly performed or material furnished. These remedies are a lien against public funds set forth in Section 23(c) of the Mechanics Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c), and a recovery on the Contractor's payment bond in accordance with the Public Construction Bond Act, 30 ILCS 550.

80022

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2004

All personnel, excluding flaggers, working outside of a vehicle (car or truck) within 7.6 m (25 ft) of pavement open to traffic shall wear a fluorescent orange, fluorescent yellow/green or a combination of fluorescent orange and fluorescent yellow/green vest meeting the requirements of the American National Standards Institute specification ANSI/ISEA 107-1999 for Conspicuity Class 2 garments. Other types of garments may be substituted for the vest as long as the garments have manufacturers tags identifying them as meeting the ANSI Class 2 requirement.

80130

POLYMER MODIFIED EMULSIFIED ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2002

Add the following to Article 1009.07 of the Standard Specifications: (insert it before the table on page 853 which begins, "The different grades are, in general, used for the following:")

- “(f) Polymer Modified Emulsified Asphalt. Polymer modified emulsified asphalts shall be either anionic (SS-1hP) or cationic (CSS-1hP). They shall meet the SS-1h requirements of Article 1009.07(a) or the CSS-1h requirements of Article 1009.07(b) respectively, with the following exceptions for both types:
- (1) The emulsified asphalt shall be modified with a styrene-butadiene diblock or triblock copolymer, or a styrene butadiene rubber.
 - (2) The cement mixing and ductility tests will be waived.
 - (3) Upon examination of the storage stability test cylinder after standing undisturbed for 24 hours, the surface shall show no white, milky colored substance and shall be a homogeneous brown color throughout.
 - (4) The distillation for polymer modified emulsion shall be performed according to AASHTO T 59 except the temperature shall be 190 +/- 5 °C (374 +/- 9 °F) and measured using an ASTM 16C (16F) thermometer.
 - (5) The residue from distillation shall have a minimum elastic recovery value of 30 percent when tested according to AASHTO T 301. The specified temperature shall be 4.0 +/- 0.5 °C (39.2 +/- 1.0 °F).”

Add the following grades “for tack or fog seal” to the table at the end of Article 1009.07 of the Standard Specifications which begins, “The different grades are, in general, used for the following:”

“SS-1hP, CSS-1hP”

80073

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 1993

Revised: April 2, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing, placing, and maintaining changeable message sign(s) at the locations(s) shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

The sign(s) shall be trailer mounted. The message panel shall be at least 2.1 m (7 ft) above the pavement, present a level appearance, and be capable of displaying up to eight characters in each of three lines at a time. Character height shall be 450 mm (18 in.).

The message panel shall be of either a bulb matrix or disc matrix design controlled by an onboard computer capable of storing a minimum of 99 programmed messages for instant recall. The computer shall be capable of being programmed to accept messages created by the operator via an alpha-numeric keyboard and able to flash any six messages in sequence. The message panel shall also be capable of being controlled by a computer from a remote location via a cellular linkage. The Contractor shall supply the modem, the cellular phone, and the necessary software to run the sign from a remote computer at a location designated by the Engineer. The Contractor shall promptly program and/or reprogram the computer to provide the messages as directed by the Engineer.

The message panel shall be visible from 400 m (1/4 mile) under both day and night conditions. The letters shall be legible from 250 m (750 ft).

The sign shall include automatic dimming for nighttime operation and a power supply capable of providing 24 hours of uninterrupted service.

The Contractor shall provide all preventive maintenance efforts s(he) deems necessary to achieve uninterrupted service. If service is interrupted for any cause and not restored within 24 hours, the Engineer will cause such work to be performed as may be necessary to provide this service. The cost of such work shall be borne by the Contractor or deducted from current or future compensation due the Contractor.

When the sign(s) are displaying messages, they shall be considered a traffic control device. At all times when no message is displayed, they shall be considered equipment.

Basis of Payment. When portable changeable message signs are shown on the Standard, this work will not be paid for separately but shall be considered as included in the cost of the Standard.

For all other portable changeable message signs, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per calendar month for each sign as CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN.

80124

PORTLAND CEMENT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2005

Replace the first sentence of the second paragraph of Article 1001.01 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“For portland cement according to ASTM C 150, the addition of up to 5.0 percent limestone by mass (weight) to the cement will not be permitted. Also, the total of all organic processing additions shall not exceed 1.0 percent by mass (weight) of the cement and the total of all inorganic processing additions shall not exceed 4.0 percent by mass (weight) of the cement.”

80139

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2002

Add the following paragraph after the fourth paragraph of Article 1103.01(b) of the Standard Specifications:

“The truck mixer shall be approved before use according to the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research’s Policy Memorandum, “Approval of Concrete Plants and Delivery Trucks”.”

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 1103.01(c) of the Standard Specifications:

“The truck agitator shall be approved before use according to the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research’s Policy Memorandum, “Approval of Concrete Plants and Delivery Trucks”.”

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 1103.01(d) of the Standard Specifications:

“The nonagitator truck shall be approved before use according to the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research’s Policy Memorandum, “Approval of Concrete Plants and Delivery Trucks”.”

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1103.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The plant shall be approved before production begins according to the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research’s Policy Memorandum, “Approval of Concrete Plants and Delivery Trucks”.”

80083

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PATCHING (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2001

Revised: January 1, 2004

Revise Note 1 of Article 442.02 of the Standard Specifications, to read:

"Note 1. When patching ramp pavements and two lane pavements with two way traffic, Class PP-2, PP-3, or PP-4 concrete shall be used for Class A, Class B and Class C patching. For all other pavements, Class PP-1, PP-2, PP-3, or PP-4 concrete shall be used, at the Contractor's option, for Class A, Class B and Class C patching."

Delete Note 2 of Article 442.02 of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following to Article 442.02 of the Standard Specifications:

"(l) Calcium Chloride (Note 5)..... 1013.01

Note 5. The calcium chloride accelerator, when permitted by the Department, shall be Type L (Liquid) with a minimum of 32.0 percent by mass (weight) of calcium chloride."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 442.06(e) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(e) Concrete Placement. For Class A, Class B and Class C Patches, concrete shall be placed according to Article 420.07 and governed by the limitations set forth in Article 1020.14, except that the maximum temperature of the mixed concrete immediately before placing shall be 35 °C (96 °F), the required use of an approved retarding admixture when the plastic concrete reaches 30 °C (85 °F) shall not apply."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 442.06(h) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(h) Curing and Protection. In addition to Article 1020.13, when the air temperature is less than 13 °C (55 °F), the Contractor shall cover the patch with minimum R12 insulation until opening strength is reached. Insulation is optional when the air temperature is 13 °C - 35 °C (55 °F - 96 °F). Insulation shall not be placed when the air temperature is greater than 35 °C (96 °F)."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 701.05(e)(1)d.1. of the Standard Specifications to read:

"No open holes, broken pavement, or partially filled holes shall remain overnight for bituminous patching or when the Department specifies only Class PP-2, PP-3, or PP-4 concrete be used. The only exception is conditions beyond the control of the Contractor."

Revise Article 701.05(e)(2)b. of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "b. Strength Tests. For patches constructed with Class PP-1, PP-2, PP-3, or PP-4 concrete, the pavement may be opened to traffic when test specimens cured with the patches have obtained a minimum flexural strength of 4150 kPa (600 psi) or a minimum compressive strength of 22,100 kPa (3200 psi) according to Article 1020.09.

For patches constructed with Class PP-2, PP-3, or PP-4 concrete which can obtain a minimum flexural strength of 4150 kPa (600 psi) or a minimum of compressive strength of 22,100 kPa (3200 psi) in 16 hours, the pavement may be opened to traffic at a lower opening strength. The specimens cured with the patches shall have obtained a minimum flexural strength of 2050 kPa (300 psi) or a minimum compressive strength of 11,000 kPa (1600 psi) according to Article 1020.09, to permit opening pavement to traffic.

With the approval of the Engineer, concrete strength may be determined according to AASHTO T 276. The strength-maturity relationship shall be developed from concrete which has an air content near the upper specification limit. The strength-maturity relationship shall be re-established if the mix design or materials are changed."

Revise Article 701.05(e)(2)c. of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "c. Construction Operations. For Class PP-2, PP-3, or PP-4 concrete used on ramp pavements and two lane pavements with two way traffic, or when the Department specifies only Class PP-2, PP-3, or PP-4 concrete be used for other pavements, Contractor construction operations shall be performed in a manner which allows the patches to be opened the same day and before nightfall. If patches are not opened before nightfall, the additional traffic control shall be at the Contractor's expense. Any time patches cannot be opened before nightfall, the Contractor shall change subsequent construction operations or the mix design. The changes shall be at no additional cost to the Department."

Revise Table 1 of Article 1020.04 of the Standard Specifications by replacing Class PP concrete with the following:

| "TABLE 1. CLASSES OF PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE AND MIX DESIGN CRITERIA | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Class of Concrete | Use | Specification Section Reference | Cement Factor kg/cu m (cwt/cu yd) | Max. Water/Cement Ratio kg/kg (lb/lb) |
| PP-1 | PCC Pavement Patching Bridge Deck Patching | 442 | Type I Cement 385 to 445 (6.50 to 7.50) Type III Cement 365 to 425 (6.20 to 7.20) | 0.44 |

| | | | | |
|------|--|-----|---|------|
| PP-2 | PCC Pavement Patching Bridge Deck Patching | 442 | Type I Cement 435 (7.35) | 0.38 |
| PP-3 | PCC Pavement Patching Bridge Deck Patching | 442 | Type III Cement 435 (7.35) | 0.35 |
| PP-4 | PCC Pavement Patching Bridge Deck Patching | 442 | Rapid Hardening Cement 355 to 370 (6.00 to 6.25) | 0.50 |

For PP-1, the Contractor has the option to replace the Type I Cement with Class C fly ash or ground granulated blast-furnace slag. The amount of cement replaced shall not exceed 15 percent by mass (weight), at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.5:1.

For PP-2, the Contractor has the option to replace the Type I cement with ground granulated blast-furnace slag. The amount of cement replaced shall not exceed 30 percent by mass (weight), at a minimum replacement ratio of 1:1.

For PP-3, in addition to the cement, 60 kg/cu m (100 lb/cu yd) of ground granulated blast-furnace slag and 30 kg/cu m (50 lb/cu yd) of microsilica are required. For an air temperature greater than 30 °C (85 °F), the Contractor has the option to replace the Type III cement with Type I cement.

For PP-4, the cement shall be from the Department's "Approved List of Packaged, Dry, Rapid Hardening Cementitious Materials for Concrete Repairs".

| Class of Concrete | Slump, mm (in.) | Mix Design Compressive Strength, kPa (psi) | Mix Design Flexural Strength, kPa (psi) | Air Content, % | Coarse Aggregate Gradations Permitted |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|---|----------------|--|
| | | Hours | Hours | | |
| | | 48 | 48 | | |
| PP – 1 | 100 (4) Max | 22,100 (3200) | 4150 (600) | 4.0 – 7.0 | CA-7, CA-11, CA-13, CA14, or CA-16 |
| PP – 2 | 150 (6) Max | 22,100 (3200) | 4150 (600) | 4.0 – 6.0 | CA-7, CA-11, CA-13, CA14, or CA-16 |
| PP – 3 | 100 (4) Max | 22,100 (3200) | 4150 (600) | 4.0 – 6.0 | CA-7, CA-11, CA-13, CA14, or CA-16 |
| PP – 4 | 150 (6) Max | 22,100 (3200) | 4150 (600) | 4.0 – 6.0 | CA-7, CA-11, CA-13, CA14, or CA-16 |

For PP-1, PP-2, PP-3 or PP-4; only CA-13, CA-14, or CA-16 may be used for bridge deck patching. In addition, the mix design strength at 48 hours shall be increased to 27,500 kPa (4,000 psi) compressive or 4,650 kPa (675 psi) flexural for bridge deck patching.

For PP-1, the slump may be increased to 150 mm (6 in.) Max if a high range water-reducing admixture is used.”

Delete Article 1020.05(g) of the Standard Specifications.

80036

PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 1999

Revised: November 1, 2004

Product Approval. Precast concrete products shall be produced according to the Department's current Policy Memorandum, "Quality Control/Quality Assurance Program for Precast Concrete Products". The Policy Memorandum applies to precast concrete products listed under the Products Key of the "Approved List of Certified Precast Concrete Producers".

Precast Concrete Box Culverts. Add the following sentence to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 540.06:

“After installation, the interior and exterior joint gap between precast concrete box culvert sections shall not exceed 38 mm (1 1/2 in.)”

Portland Cement Replacement. For precast concrete products using Class PC concrete or other mixtures, portland cement replacement with fly ash or ground granulated blast-furnace (GGBF) slag shall be governed by the AASHTO or ASTM standard specification referenced in the Standard Specifications.

For all other precast concrete products using Class PC concrete or other mixtures, portland cement replacement with fly ash or GGBF slag shall be approved by the Engineer. Class F fly ash shall not exceed 15 percent by mass (weight) of the total portland cement and Class F fly ash. Class C fly ash shall not exceed 20 percent by mass (weight) of the total portland cement and Class C fly ash. GGBF slag shall not exceed 25 percent by mass (weight) of the total portland cement and GGBF slag.

Concrete mix designs, for precast concrete products, shall not consist of portland cement, fly ash and GGBF slag.

Ready-Mixed Concrete. Delete the last paragraph of Article 1020.11(a) of the Standard Specifications.

Shipping. When a precast concrete product has attained the specified strength, the earliest the product may be loaded, shipped, and used is on the fifth calendar day. The first calendar day shall be the date casting was completed.

Acceptance. Products which have been lot or piece inspected and approved by the Department prior to July 1, 1999, will be accepted for use on this contract.

419.doc

PERFORMED RECYCLED RUBBER JOINT FILLER (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2002

Revise Article 503.02(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(c) Performed Expansion Joint Filler 1051”

Revise Article 637.02(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(d) Performed Expansion Joint Filler 1051”

Add the following Article to Section 1051 of the Standard Specifications:

“1051.10 Performed Recycled Rubber Joint Filler. Performed recycled rubber joint filler shall consist of ground tire rubber, free of steel and fabric, combined with ground scrap or waste polyethylene. It shall not have a strong hydrocarbon or rancid odor and shall meet the physical property requirements of ASTM D 1752. Water absorption by volume shall not exceed 5.0 percent.”

80084

RAP FOR USE IN BITUMINOUS CONCRETE MIXTURES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2000

Revised: April 1, 2002

Revise Article 1004.07 to read:

“**1004.07 RAP Materials.** RAP is reclaimed asphalt pavement resulting from cold milling or crushing of an existing dense graded hot-mix asphalt pavement. RAP must originate from routes or airfields under federal, state or local agency jurisdiction. The Contractor shall supply documentation that the RAP meets these requirements.

(a) Stockpiles. The Contractor shall construct individual, sealed RAP stockpiles meeting one of the following definitions. No additional RAP will be allowed on top of the pile after the pile has been sealed.

(1) Homogeneous. Homogeneous RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I/ Superpave, or equivalent mixtures only and represent the same aggregate quality, but shall be at least C quality or better, the same type of crushed aggregate (either crushed natural aggregate, ACBF slag, or steel slag), similar gradation and similar AC content. If approved by the Engineer, combined single pass surface/binder millings may be considered “homogenous”, with a quality rating dictated by the lowest coarse aggregate quality present in the mixture. Homogenous stockpiles shall meet the requirements of Article 1004.07(d). Homogeneous RAP stockpiles not meeting these requirements may be processed (crushing and screening) and retested.

(2) Conglomerate. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I/ Superpave, or equivalent mixtures only. The coarse aggregate in this RAP shall be crushed aggregate only and may represent more than one aggregate type and/or quality but shall be at least C quality or better. This RAP may have an inconsistent gradation and/or asphalt cement content prior to processing. All conglomerate RAP shall be processed prior to testing by crushing to where all RAP shall pass the 16 mm (5/8 in.) or smaller screen. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall not contain steel slag or other expansive material as determined by the Department. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall meet the requirements of Article 1004.07(d).

(3) Conglomerate "D" Quality (DQ). Conglomerate DQ RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP containing coarse aggregate (crushed or round) that is at least D quality or better. This RAP may have an inconsistent gradation and/or asphalt content. Conglomerate DQ RAP stockpiles shall not contain steel slag or other expansive material as determined by the Department. Conglomerate DQ RAP shall meet the requirements of Article 1004.07(d).

Reclaimed Superpave Low ESAL IL-9.5L surface mixtures shall only be placed in conglomerate DQ RAP stockpiles due to the potential for rounded aggregate.

(4) Other. RAP stockpiles that do not meet the requirements of the stockpile categories listed above shall be classified as "Other". "Other" RAP stockpiles shall not be used in any of the Department's bituminous mixtures.

(b) Use. The allowable use of a RAP stockpile shall be set by the lowest quality of coarse aggregate in the RAP stockpile. Class I/Superpave surface mixtures are designated as containing Class B quality coarse aggregate only. Superpave Low ESAL IL-19.0L binder and IL-9.5L surface mixtures are designated as Class C quality coarse aggregate only. Class I/Superpave binder mixtures, bituminous base course mixtures, and bituminous base course widening mixtures are designated as containing Class C quality coarse aggregate only. Bituminous stabilized subbase and BAM shoulders are designated as containing Class D quality coarse aggregate only. Any mixture not listed above shall have the designated quality determined by the Department.

RAP containing steel slag or other expansive material, as determined by the Department, shall be homogeneous and will be approved for use in Class I/Superpave (including Low ESAL) surface mixtures only. RAP stockpiles for use in Class I/Superpave mixtures (including Low ESAL), base course, base course widening and Class B mixtures shall be either homogeneous or conglomerate RAP stockpiles except conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall not be used in Superpave surface mixture Ndesign 50 or greater. RAP for use in bituminous aggregate mixtures (BAM) shoulders and BAM stabilized subbase shall be from homogeneous, conglomerate, or conglomerate DQ stockpiles.

Additionally, RAP used in Class I/Superpave surface mixtures shall originate from milled or crushed mixtures only, in which the coarse aggregate is of Class B quality or better. RAP stockpiles for use in Class I/Superpave (including Low ESAL) binder mixes as well as base course, base course widening and Class B mixtures shall originate from milled or processed surface mixture, binder mixture, or a combination of both mixtures uniformly blended to the satisfaction of the Engineer, in which the coarse aggregate is of Class C quality or better.

- (c) Contaminants. RAP containing contaminants, such as earth, brick, sand, concrete, sheet asphalt, bituminous surface treatment (i.e. chip seal), pavement fabric, etc., will be unacceptable unless the contaminants are removed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Sheet asphalt shall be stockpiled separately.
- (d) Testing. All RAP shall be sampled and tested either during or after stockpiling.

For testing during stockpiling, washed extraction samples shall be run at the minimum frequency of one sample per 450 metric tons (500 tons) for the first 1800 metric tons (2,000 tons) and one sample per 1800 metric tons (2,000 tons) thereafter. A minimum of five tests shall be required for stockpiles less than 3600 metric tons (4,000 tons).

For testing existing stockpiles, the Contractor shall submit a plan for approval to the District proposing a satisfactory method of sampling and testing the RAP pile either in-situ or by restocking. The sampling plan shall meet the minimum frequency required above and detail the procedure used to extract representative samples throughout the pile for testing.

Before extraction, each field sample shall be split to test sample size. One of the two test samples from the final split shall be labeled and stored for Department use. The Contractor shall extract the other test sample according to Department procedure. The Engineer reserves the right to test any sample (split or Department-taken) to verify Contractor test results.

All of the extraction results shall be compiled and averaged for asphalt content and gradation. Individual extraction test results, when compared to the averages, will be accepted if within the tolerances listed below.

| Parameter | Homogeneous / Conglomerate | Conglomerate "D" Quality |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 25 mm (1 in.) | | ± 5% |
| 12.5 mm (1/2 in.) | ± 8% | ± 15% |
| 4.75 mm (No. 4) | ± 6% | ± 13% |
| 2.36 mm (No. 8) | ± 5% | |
| 1.18 mm (No. 16) | | ± 15% |
| 600 μm (No. 30) | ± 5% | |
| 75 μm (No. 200) | ± 2.0% | ± 4.0% |
| AC | ± 0.4% | ± 0.5% |

If more than 20 percent of the individual sieves are out of the gradation tolerances, or if more than 20 percent of the asphalt content test results fall outside the appropriate tolerances, the RAP will not be allowed to be used in the Department's bituminous concrete mixtures unless the RAP representing the failing tests is removed from the stockpile to the satisfaction of the Engineer. All test data and acceptance ranges shall be sent to the District for evaluation.

With the approval of the Engineer, the ignition oven may be substituted for extractions according to the Illinois Test Procedure, "Calibration of the Ignition Oven for the Purpose of Characterizing Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)".

- (e) Designs. At the Contractor's option, bituminous concrete mixtures may be constructed utilizing RAP material meeting the above detailed requirements. The amount of RAP included in the mixture shall not exceed the percentages specified in the plans.

RAP designs shall be submitted for volumetric verification. If additional RAP stockpiles are tested and found that no more than 20 percent of the results, as defined under "Testing" herein, are outside of the control tolerances set for the original RAP stockpile and design, and meets all of the requirements herein, the additional RAP stockpiles may be used in the original mix design at the percent previously verified.

- (f) Production. The coarse aggregate in all RAP used shall be equal to or less than the nominal maximum size requirement for the bituminous mixture being produced.

To remove or reduce agglomerated material, a scalping screen, crushing unit or comparable sizing device approved by the Engineer shall be used in the RAP feed system to remove or reduce oversized material. If material passing the sizing device adversely affects the mix production or quality of the mix, the sizing device shall be set at a size specified by the Engineer.

If the RAP control tolerances or QC/QA test results require corrective action, the Contractor shall cease production of the mixture containing RAP and either switch to the virgin aggregate design or submit a new RAP design.

80011

SEEDING AND SODDING (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2004

Revised: November 1, 2004

Revise Class 1A and 2A seeding mixtures shown in Table 1 of Article 250.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

| "Table 1 - SEEDING MIXTURES | | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Class – Type | Seeds | kg/hectare (lb/acre) |
| 1A Salt Tolerant Lawn Mixture 7/ | Bluegrass | 70 (60) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | Audubon Red Fescue | 20 (20) |
| | Rescue 911 Hard Fescue | 20 (20) |
| | Fults Salt Grass* | 70 (60) |
| 2A Salt Tolerant Roadside Mixture 7/ | Alta Fescue or Ky 31 | 70 (60) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | Audubon Red Fescue | 20 (30) |
| | Rescue 911 Hard Fescue | 20 (30) |
| | Fults Salt Grass 1/ | 70 (60)" |

Revise Note 7 of Article 250.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Note 7. In Districts 1 through 6, the planting times shall be April 1 to June 15 and August 1 to November 1. In Districts 7 through 9, the planting times shall be March 1 to June 1 and August 1 to November 15. Seeding may be performed outside these dates provided the Contractor guarantees a minimum of 75 percent coverage over the entire seeded area(s) after one growing season. The guarantee shall be submitted to the Engineer in writing prior to performing the work. After one growing season, areas not sustaining 75 percent growth shall be interseeded or reseeded, as determined by the Engineer, at the Contractor’s expense.”

Add the following sentence to Article 252.04 of the Standard Specifications:

“Sod shall not be placed during the months of July and August.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 252.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**252.08 Sod Watering.** Within two hours after the sod has been placed, water shall be applied at a rate of 25 L/sq m (5 gal/sq yd). Additional water shall be applied every other day at a rate of 15 L/sq m (3 gal/sq yd) for a total of 15 additional waterings. During periods exceeding 26 °C (80 °F) or subnormal rainfall, the schedule of additional waterings may be altered with the approval of the Engineer.”

Revise Article 252.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**252.09 Supplemental Watering.** During periods exceeding 26 °C (80 °F) or subnormal rainfall, supplemental watering may be required after the initial and additional waterings. Supplemental watering shall be performed when directed by the Engineer. Water shall be applied at the rate specified by the Engineer within 24 hours of notice.”

Revise the first and third paragraphs of Article 252.12 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**252.12 Method of Measurement.** Sodding will be measured for payment in place and the area computed in square meters (square yards). To be acceptable for final payment, the sod shall be growing in place for a minimum of 30 days in a live, healthy condition. When directed by the Engineer, any defective or unacceptable sod shall be removed, replaced and watered by the Contractor at his/her own expense.”

“Supplemental watering will be measured for payment in units of 1000 L (1000 gal) of water applied on the sodded areas. Waterings performed in addition to those required by Article 252.08 or after the 30 day establishment period will be considered as supplemental watering.”

Replace the first paragraph of Article 252.13 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“**252.13 Basis of Payment.** Sodding will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for SODDING or SODDING, SALT TOLERANT according to the following schedule.

(a) Initial Payment. Upon placement of sod, 25 percent of the pay item will be paid.

(b) Final Payment. Upon acceptance of sod, the remaining 75 percent of the pay item will be paid.”

Revise Article 1081.03(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Salt Tolerant Sod.

| Variety | Percent by Weight |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Buffalo Grass | 30% |
| Buchloe Dactyloides | |
| Amigo Fineleaf Tall Fescue | 20% |
| Audubon Red Fescue | 15% |
| Rescue 911 Hard Fescue | 15% |
| Rugby Kentucky Bluegrass | 5% |
| Fults Pucinnellia Distans | 15%” |

Revise Table II of Article 1081.04(c)(6) of the Standard Specifications to read:

| TABLE II | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------|
| Variety of Seeds | Hard Seed Percent Maximum | Purity Percent Minimum | Pure, Live Seed Percent Minimum | Weed Percent Maximum | Secondary | Remarks |
| | | | | | Noxious Weeds No. per kg (oz) Max. Permitted* | |
| Alfalfa | 20 | 92 | 89 | 0.50 | 211 (6) | 1/ |
| Brome Grass | - | 90 | 75 | 0.50 | 175 (5) | - |
| Clover, Alsike | 15 | 92 | 87 | 0.30 | 211 (6) | 2/ |
| Clover, Crimson | 15 | 92 | 83 | 0.50 | 211 (6) | - |
| Clover, Ladino | 15 | 92 | 87 | 0.30 | 211 (6) | - |
| Clover, Red | 20 | 92 | 87 | 0.30 | 211 (6) | - |
| Clover, White Dutch | 30 | 92 | 87 | 0.30 | 211 (6) | 3/ |
| Audubon Red Fescue | 0 | 97 | 82 | 0.10 | 105 (3) | - |
| Fescue, Alta or Ky. 31 | - | 97 | 82 | 1.00 | 105 (3) | - |
| Fescue, Creeping Red | - | 97 | 82 | 1.00 | 105 (3) | - |
| Fults Salt Grass | 0 | 98 | 85 | 0.10 | 70 (2) | - |
| Kentucky Bluegrass | - | 97 | 80 | 0.30 | 247 (7) | 5/ |
| Lespedeza, Korean | 20 | 92 | 84 | 0.50 | 211 (6) | 3/ |
| Oats | - | 92 | 88 | 0.50 | 70 (2) | 4/ |
| Orchard Grass | - | 90 | 78 | 1.50 | 175 (5) | 4/ |
| Redtop | - | 90 | 78 | 1.80 | 175 (5) | 4/ |
| Ryegrass, Perennial, Annual | - | 97 | 85 | 0.30 | 175 (5) | 4/ |
| Rye, Grain, Winter | - | 92 | 83 | 0.50 | 70 (2) | 4/ |
| Rescue 911 Hard Fescue | 0 | 97 | 82 | 0.10 | 105 (3) | - |
| Timothy | - | 92 | 84 | 0.50 | 175 (5) | 4/ |
| Vetch, Crown | 30 | 92 | 67 | 1.00 | 211 (6) | 3/ & 6/ |
| Vetch, Spring | 30 | 92 | 88 | 1.00 | 70 (2) | 4/ |
| Vetch, Winter | 15 | 92 | 83 | 1.00 | 105 (3) | 4/ |
| Wheat, hard Red Winter | - | 92 | 89 | 0.50 | 70 (2) | 4/ |

80131

SELF-CONSOLIDATING CONCRETE FOR PRECAST PRODUCTS (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2004

Definition. Self-consolidating concrete is a flowable mixture that does not require mechanical vibration for consolidation.

Usage. Self-consolidating concrete may be used for precast concrete products. The design and testing of a self-consolidating concrete mixture shall be according to Section 1020 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Materials. Materials shall conform to the following requirements:

- (a) Self-Consolidating Admixtures. The self-consolidating admixture system shall consist of either a high range water-reducing admixture only or a high range water-reducing admixture combined with a separate viscosity modifying admixture. The one or two component admixture system shall be capable of producing a flowable concrete that does not require mechanical vibration.

The high range water-reducing admixture shall comply with the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type F.

The viscosity modifying admixture will be evaluated according to the test methods and mix design proportions referenced in AASHTO M 194, except the following physical requirements shall be met:

- (1) For initial and final set times, the allowable deviation of the test concrete from the reference concrete shall not be more than 1.0 hour earlier or 1.5 hours later.
 - (2) For compressive and flexural strengths, the test concrete shall be a minimum of 90 percent of the reference concrete at 3, 7 and 28 days.
 - (3) The length change of the test concrete shall be a maximum 135 percent of the reference concrete. However, if the length change of the reference concrete is less than 0.030 percent, the length change of the test concrete shall be a maximum 0.010 percentage units greater than the reference concrete.
 - (4) The relative durability factor of the test concrete shall be a minimum 80 percent.
- (b) Fine Aggregate. A fine aggregate used alone in the mix design shall not have an expansion greater than 0.30 percent per ASTM C 1260. For a blend of two or more fine aggregates, the resulting blend shall not have an expansion greater than 0.30 percent.

The aggregate blend expansion will be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Aggregate Blend Expansion} = (a/100 \times A) + (b/100 \times B) + (c/100 \times C) + \dots \text{etc.}$$

Where: a, b, c, ... = percent of aggregate blend

A, B, C, ... = aggregate expansion according to ASTM C 1260

Mix Design Criteria. The slump requirements of Article 1020.04 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply. In addition, the allowable coarse aggregate gradations shall be CA 11, CA 13, CA 14, CA 16, or a blend of these gradations. The fine aggregate proportion shall be a maximum 50 percent by mass (weight) of the total aggregate used.

Trail Batch. A minimum 1 cu m (1 cu yd) trial batch shall be produced. The mixture will be evaluated for air content, slump flow, visual stability index, compressive strength, passing ability, and static/dynamic segregation resistance.

The trial batch shall be scheduled and performed in the presence of the Engineer. Testing shall be performed per the Department's test method or as approved by the Engineer.

For the trial batch, the air content shall be within the top half of the allowable specification range. The slump flow range shall be 510 mm (20 in.) minimum to 710 mm (28 in.) maximum. The visual stability index shall be a maximum of 1. Strength shall be determined at 28 days. At the Contractor's option, strength may be determined for additional days.

Passing ability and static/dynamic segregation resistance shall be determined by tests selected by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. The visual stability index shall not be used as the sole criteria for evaluating static segregation resistance.

After an acceptable mixture has been batched and tested, the mixture shall also be evaluated for robustness. Robustness shall be evaluated by varying the dosage of the self-consolidating admixture system and water separately. Additional trial batches may be necessary to accomplish this.

When necessary, the trial batches shall be disposed of according to Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

Quality Control. Once testing is completed and acceptable results have been attained, production test frequencies and allowable test ranges for slump flow, visual stability index, passing ability, and static/dynamic segregation resistance shall be proposed. The production test frequencies and allowable test ranges will be approved by the Engineer.

The slump flow range shall be ± 50 mm (± 2 in.) of the target value, and within the overall range of 510 mm (20 in.) minimum to 710 mm (28 in.) maximum. The visual stability index shall be a maximum of 1. The approved test ranges for passing ability and static/dynamic segregation resistance will be based on recommended guidelines determined by the Engineer.

80132

STABILIZED SUBBASE AND BITUMINOUS SHOULDERS SUPERPAVE (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of constructing stabilized subbase and bituminous shoulders Superpave according to Sections 312 and 482 respectively, of the Standard Specifications and the special provision, "Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete Mixtures" except as modified herein.

Revise Article 312.03(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) RAP Material (Note 3)”

Revise Note 2 of Article 312.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Note 2. Gradation CA 6, CA 10, or CA 12 shall be used.”

Revise Note 3 of Article 312.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 3. RAP shall meet the requirements of the special provision "RAP for Use in Bituminous Concrete Mixtures". RAP containing steel slag shall be permitted for use in top-lift surface mixtures only."

Revise Note 4 of Article 312.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 4. Unless otherwise specified on the plans, the bituminous material shall be performance graded asphalt cement, PG58-22. When more than 15 percent RAP is used, a softer PG binder may be required as determined by the Engineer."

Revise Article 312.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"312.06 Mixture Design. The Contractor shall submit mix designs for approval, for each required mixture. Mix designs shall be developed by Level III personnel who have completed the course, "Superpave Mix Design Upgrade". The mixtures shall be designed according to the respective Illinois Modified AASHTO references listed below:

- AASHTO MP 2 Standard Specification for Superpave Volumetric Mix Design
- AASHTO R 30 Standard Practice for Mixture Conditioning of Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA)
- AASHTO PP 28 Standard Practice for Designing Superpave HMA
- AASHTO T 209 Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Bituminous Paving Mixtures
- AASHTO T 312 Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyrotory Compactor
- AASHTO T 308 Determining the Asphalt Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method

(a) Job Mix Formula (JMF). The JMF shall be according to the following limits:

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>Percent by Dry Weight</u> |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Aggregate..... | 94.0 to 96.0 |
| Asphalt Cement..... | 4.0 to 6.0* |
| Dust/AC Ratio | 1.4 |

*Upper limit may be raised for the lower or top lifts if the Contractor elects to use a highly absorptive coarse and/or fine aggregate requiring more than six percent asphalt. The additional asphalt shall be furnished at no cost to the Department.

When RAP material is being used, the JMF shall be according to the following limits:

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>Percent by Dry Weight</u> |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Virgin Aggregate(s) | 46.0 to 96.0 |
| RAP Material(s) (Note 1) | 0 to 50 |
| Mineral Filler (if required) | 0 to 5.0 |
| Asphalt Cement..... | 4.0 to 7.0 |
| Dust/AC Ratio | 1.4 |

Note 1. If specified on the plans, the maximum percentage of RAP shall be as specified therein.

It is recommended that the selected combined aggregate gradation not pass through the restricted zones specified in Illinois Modified AASHTO MP 2.

(b) Volumetric Requirements.

| Design Compactive Effort | Design Air Voids Target (%) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| $N_{DES} = 30$ | 2.0 |

(c) Determination of Need for Anti-Stripping Additive. The mixture designer shall determine if an additive is needed in the mix to prevent stripping. The determination will be made on the basis of tests performed according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 283 using 4 in. Marshall bricks. To be considered acceptable by the Engineer as a mixture not susceptible to stripping, the ratio of conditioned to unconditioned split tensile strengths (TSR) shall be equal to or greater than 0.75. Mixtures, either with or without an additive, with TSR values less than 0.75 will be considered unacceptable.

If it is determined that an additive is required, the additive may be hydrated lime, slaked quicklime, or a liquid additive, at the Contractor's option. The liquid additive shall be selected from the Department's list of approved additives and may be limited to those which have exhibited satisfactory performance in similar mixes.

Dry hydrated lime shall be added at a rate of 1.0 to 1.5 percent by weight of total dry aggregate. Slurry shall be added in such quantity as to provide the required amount of hydrated lime solids by weight of total dry aggregate. The exact rate of application for all anti-stripping additives will be determined by the Engineer. The method of application shall be according to Article 406.12 of the Standard Specifications."

Revise Article 312.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"312.08 Mixture Production. When a hot-mix plant conforming to Article 1102.01 is used, the aggregate shall be dried and heated in the revolving dryer to a temperature of 120 °C (250 °F) to 175 °C (350 °F).

The aggregate and bituminous material used in the bituminous aggregate mixture shall be measured separately and accurately by weight or by volume. When the aggregate is in the mixer, the bituminous material shall be added and mixing continued for a minimum of 35 seconds and until a homogeneous mixture is produced in which all particles of the aggregate are coated. The mixing period, size of the batch and the production rate shall be approved by the Engineer.

The ingredients shall be heated and combined in such a manner as to produce a mixture which, when discharged from the mixer, shall be workable and vary not more 10 °C (20 °F) from the temperature set by the Engineer.

When RAP material(s) is used in the bituminous aggregate mixture, the virgin aggregate(s) shall be dried and heated in the dryer to a temperature that will produce the specified resultant mix temperature when combined with the RAP material.

The heated virgin aggregates and mineral filler shall be combined with RAP material in such a manner as to produce a bituminous mixture which when discharged from the mixer shall not vary more than 15 °C (30 °F) from the temperature set by the Engineer. The combined ingredients shall be mixed for a minimum of 35 seconds and until a homogeneous mixture as to composition and temperature is obtained. The total mixing time shall be a minimum of 45 seconds consisting of dry and wet mixing. Variation in wet and dry mixing times may be permitted, depending on the moisture content and amount of salvaged material used. The mix temperature shall not exceed 175 °C (350 °F). Wide variations in the mixture temperature will be cause for rejection of the mix.

- (a) Personnel. The QC Manager and Level I Technician shall have successfully completed the Department's "Superpave Field Control Course".
- (b) Required Tests. Testing for stabilized subbase and bituminous shoulders shall be conducted to control the production of the bituminous mixture using the test methods identified and performed at a frequency not less than indicated in the following table.

| Parameter | Frequency of Tests Non-Class I Mixtures | Test Method |
|--|---|---|
| Aggregate Gradation Hot bins for batch and continuous plants. Individual cold-feeds or combined belt-feed for drier-drum plants. (% passing sieves: 12.5 mm (1/2 In.), 4.75 mm (No. 4), 75 µm (No. 200)) | 1 gradation per day of production. The first day of production shall be washed ignition oven test on the mix. Thereafter, the testing shall alternate between dry gradation and washed ignition oven test on the mix. The dry gradation and the washed ignition oven test results shall be plotted on the same control chart. | Illinois Procedure (See Manual of Test Procedures for Materials). |
| Asphalt Content by ignition oven (Note 1.) | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 308 |
| Air Voids | | |
| Bulk Specific Gravity of Gyratory Sample | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 312 |
| Maximum Specific Gravity of Mixture | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 209 |

Note 1. The Engineer may waive the ignition oven requirement for AC content if the aggregates to be used are known to have ignition AC content calibration factors which exceed 1.5 percent. If the ignition oven requirement is waived, other Department approved methods shall be used to determine the AC content.

During production, the ratio of minus 75 μm (#200) sieve material to total asphalt cement shall be not less than 0.6 nor more than 1.6, and the moisture content of the mixture at discharge from the mixer shall not exceed 0.5 percent. If at any time the ratio of minus 75 μm (#200) material to asphalt or moisture content of the mixture falls outside the stated limits, production of the mix shall cease. The cause shall be determined and corrective action satisfactory to the Engineer shall be initiated prior to resumption of production.

During production, mixture containing an anti-stripping additive will be tested by the Engineer for stripping according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 283. If the mixture fails to meet the TSR criteria for acceptance, no further mixture will be accepted until the Contractor takes such action as is necessary to furnish a mixture meeting the criteria.

- (c) Control Charts/Limits. Control charts/limits shall be according to QC/QA requirements for Non-Class I Mixtures except air voids shall be plotted on the control charts within the following control limits:

| Air Void Control Limits | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Mixture | Individual Test |
| Shoulders | $\pm 1.2 \%$ |
| Others | $\pm 1.2 \%$ |

Replace the first paragraph of Article 312.10 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“312.10 Placing and Compacting. After the subgrade has been compacted and is acceptable to the Engineer, the bituminous aggregate mixture shall be spread upon it with a mechanical spreader. The maximum compacted thickness of each lift shall be 150 mm (6 in.) provided the required density is obtained. The minimum compacted thickness of each lift shall be according to the following table:

| Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size of Mixture | Minimum Compacted Lift Thickness |
|---|----------------------------------|
| CA 12 – 12.5 mm (1/2 in.) | 38 mm (1 1/2 in.) |
| CA 10 - 19 mm (3/4 in.) | 57 mm (2 1/4 in.) |
| CA 6 – 25 mm (1 in.) | 76 mm (3 in.) |

The surface of each lift shall be clean and dry before succeeding lifts are placed.”

Revise Article 482.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“482.02 Materials. Materials shall meet the requirements of Article 312.03. For the top lift, the aggregate used shall meet the gradation requirements for a CA 10 or CA 12. Blending of aggregates to meet these gradation requirements will be permitted.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 482.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“482.04 General. For pavement and shoulder resurfacing projects, Superpave binder and surface course mixtures may be used in lieu of bituminous aggregate mixture for the resurfacing of shoulders, at the option of the Contractor, or shall be used when specified on the plans.”

Revise Article 482.04(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(c) Mixture Production312.08”

Revise Article 482.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“482.05 Composition of Bituminous Aggregate Mixture. The composition of the mixture shall be according to Article 312.06, except that the amount of asphalt cement used in the top lift shall be increased up to 0.5 percent more than that required in the lower lifts. For resurfacing projects when the Superpave binder and surface course mixtures option is used, the asphalt cement used in the top lift shall not be increased. Superpave mixtures used on the top lift of such shoulders shall meet the gradation requirements of the special provision “Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures”.

For shoulder and strip construction, the composition of the Superpave binder and surface course shall be the same as that specified for the mainline pavement.”

In the following locations of Section 482 of the Standard Specifications, change “Class I” to “Superpave”:

- the second paragraph of Article 482.04
- the first sentence of the second paragraph of Article 482.06
- the first sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 482.06
- the second sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 482.06
- the first sentence of the third paragraph of Article 482.08(b)

Revise the first paragraph of Article 482.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“482.06 Placing and Compacting. This work shall be according to Article 312.10. The mechanical spreader for the top lift of shoulders shall meet the requirements of Article 1102.03 when the shoulder width is 3 m (10 ft) or greater.”

Revise Article 482.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“482.09 Basis of Payment. When bituminous shoulders are constructed along the edges of the completed pavement structure, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for BITUMINOUS SHOULDERS SUPERPAVE of the thickness specified. The specified thickness shall be the thickness shown on the plans at the edge of the pavement.

On pavement and shoulder resurfacing projects, the shoulder resurfacing will be paid for at the contract unit price per metric ton (ton) for BITUMINOUS SHOULDERS SUPERPAVE.

The construction of shoulder strips for resurfacing pavements will be paid according to the special provision, “Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures”.

80070

STABILIZED SUBBASE AND BITUMINOUS SHOULDERS SUPERPAVE (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of constructing stabilized subbase and bituminous shoulders Superpave according to Sections 312 and 482 respectively, of the Standard Specifications and the special provision, "Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete Mixtures" except as modified herein.

Revise Article 312.03(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) RAP Material (Note 3)"

Revise Note 2 of Article 312.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 2. Gradation CA 6, CA 10, or CA 12 shall be used."

Revise Note 3 of Article 312.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 3. RAP shall meet the requirements of the special provision "RAP for Use in Bituminous Concrete Mixtures". RAP containing steel slag shall be permitted for use in top-lift surface mixtures only."

Revise Note 4 of Article 312.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 4. Unless otherwise specified on the plans, the bituminous material shall be performance graded asphalt cement, PG58-22. When more than 15 percent RAP is used, a softer PG binder may be required as determined by the Engineer."

Revise Article 312.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"312.06 Mixture Design. The Contractor shall submit mix designs for approval, for each required mixture. Mix designs shall be developed by Level III personnel who have completed the course, "Superpave Mix Design Upgrade". The mixtures shall be designed according to the respective Illinois Modified AASHTO references listed below:

| | |
|--------------|---|
| AASHTO MP 2 | Standard Specification for Superpave Volumetric Mix Design |
| AASHTO R 30 | Standard Practice for Mixture Conditioning of Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) |
| AASHTO PP 28 | Standard Practice for Designing Superpave HMA |
| AASHTO T 209 | Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Bituminous Paving Mixtures |
| AASHTO T 312 | Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyrotory Compactor |
| AASHTO T 308 | Determining the Asphalt Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method |

(a) Job Mix Formula (JMF). The JMF shall be according to the following limits:

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>Percent by Dry Weight</u> |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Aggregate..... | 94.0 to 96.0 |
| Asphalt Cement..... | 4.0 to 6.0* |
| Dust/AC Ratio | 1.4 |

*Upper limit may be raised for the lower or top lifts if the Contractor elects to use a highly absorptive coarse and/or fine aggregate requiring more than six percent asphalt. The additional asphalt shall be furnished at no cost to the Department.

When RAP material is being used, the JMF shall be according to the following limits:

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>Percent by Dry Weight</u> |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Virgin Aggregate(s) | 46.0 to 96.0 |
| RAP Material(s) (Note 1)..... | 0 to 50 |
| Mineral Filler (if required) | 0 to 5.0 |
| Asphalt Cement..... | 4.0 to 7.0 |
| Dust/AC Ratio | 1.4 |

Note 1. If specified on the plans, the maximum percentage of RAP shall be as specified therein.

It is recommended that the selected combined aggregate gradation not pass through the restricted zones specified in Illinois Modified AASHTO MP 2.

(b) Volumetric Requirements.

| | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Design Compactive Effort | Design Air Voids Target (%) |
| $N_{DES} = 30$ | 2.0 |

(c) Determination of Need for Anti-Stripping Additive. The mixture designer shall determine if an additive is needed in the mix to prevent stripping. The determination will be made on the basis of tests performed according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 283 using 4 in. Marshall bricks. To be considered acceptable by the Engineer as a mixture not susceptible to stripping, the ratio of conditioned to unconditioned split tensile strengths (TSR) shall be equal to or greater than 0.75. Mixtures, either with or without an additive, with TSR values less than 0.75 will be considered unacceptable.

If it is determined that an additive is required, the additive may be hydrated lime, slaked quicklime, or a liquid additive, at the Contractor's option. The liquid additive shall be selected from the Department's list of approved additives and may be limited to those which have exhibited satisfactory performance in similar mixes.

Dry hydrated lime shall be added at a rate of 1.0 to 1.5 percent by weight of total dry aggregate. Slurry shall be added in such quantity as to provide the required amount of hydrated lime solids by weight of total dry aggregate. The exact rate of application for all anti-stripping additives will be determined by the Engineer. The method of application shall be according to Article 406.12 of the Standard Specifications."

Revise Article 312.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"312.08 Mixture Production. When a hot-mix plant conforming to Article 1102.01 is used, the aggregate shall be dried and heated in the revolving dryer to a temperature of 120 °C (250 °F) to 175 °C (350 °F).

The aggregate and bituminous material used in the bituminous aggregate mixture shall be measured separately and accurately by weight or by volume. When the aggregate is in the mixer, the bituminous material shall be added and mixing continued for a minimum of 35 seconds and until a homogeneous mixture is produced in which all particles of the aggregate are coated. The mixing period, size of the batch and the production rate shall be approved by the Engineer.

The ingredients shall be heated and combined in such a manner as to produce a mixture which, when discharged from the mixer, shall be workable and vary not more 10 °C (20 °F) from the temperature set by the Engineer.

When RAP material(s) is used in the bituminous aggregate mixture, the virgin aggregate(s) shall be dried and heated in the dryer to a temperature that will produce the specified resultant mix temperature when combined with the RAP material.

The heated virgin aggregates and mineral filler shall be combined with RAP material in such a manner as to produce a bituminous mixture which when discharged from the mixer shall not vary more than 15 °C (30 °F) from the temperature set by the Engineer. The combined ingredients shall be mixed for a minimum of 35 seconds and until a homogeneous mixture as to composition and temperature is obtained. The total mixing time shall be a minimum of 45 seconds consisting of dry and wet mixing. Variation in wet and dry mixing times may be permitted, depending on the moisture content and amount of salvaged material used. The mix temperature shall not exceed 175 °C (350 °F). Wide variations in the mixture temperature will be cause for rejection of the mix.

- (a) Personnel. The QC Manager and Level I Technician shall have successfully completed the Department's "Superpave Field Control Course".
- (b) Required Tests. Testing for stabilized subbase and bituminous shoulders shall be conducted to control the production of the bituminous mixture using the test methods identified and performed at a frequency not less than indicated in the following table.

| Parameter | Frequency of Tests Non-Class I Mixtures | Test Method |
|--|---|---|
| Aggregate Gradation Hot bins for batch and continuous plants. Individual cold-feeds or combined belt-feed for drier-drum plants. (% passing sieves: 12.5 mm (1/2 In.), 4.75 mm (No. 4), 75 µm (No. 200)) | 1 gradation per day of production. The first day of production shall be washed ignition oven test on the mix. Thereafter, the testing shall alternate between dry gradation and washed ignition oven test on the mix. The dry gradation and the washed ignition oven test results shall be plotted on the same control chart. | Illinois Procedure (See Manual of Test Procedures for Materials). |
| Asphalt Content by ignition oven (Note 1.) | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 308 |
| Air Voids | | |
| Bulk Specific Gravity of Gyratory Sample | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 312 |
| Maximum Specific Gravity of Mixture | 1 per day | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 209 |

Note 1. The Engineer may waive the ignition oven requirement for AC content if the aggregates to be used are known to have ignition AC content calibration factors which exceed 1.5 percent. If the ignition oven requirement is waived, other Department approved methods shall be used to determine the AC content.

During production, the ratio of minus 75 µm (#200) sieve material to total asphalt cement shall be not less than 0.6 nor more than 1.6, and the moisture content of the mixture at discharge from the mixer shall not exceed 0.5 percent. If at any time the ratio of minus 75 µm (#200) material to asphalt or moisture content of the mixture falls outside the stated limits, production of the mix shall cease. The cause shall be determined and corrective action satisfactory to the Engineer shall be initiated prior to resumption of production.

During production, mixture containing an anti-stripping additive will be tested by the Engineer for stripping according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 283. If the mixture fails to meet the TSR criteria for acceptance, no further mixture will be accepted until the Contractor takes such action as is necessary to furnish a mixture meeting the criteria.

- (c) Control Charts/Limits. Control charts/limits shall be according to QC/QA requirements for Non-Class I Mixtures except air voids shall be plotted on the control charts within the following control limits:

| Air Void Control Limits | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Mixture | Individual Test |
| Shoulders | ± 1.2 % |
| Others | ± 1.2 %" |

Replace the first paragraph of Article 312.10 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“312.10 Placing and Compacting. After the subgrade has been compacted and is acceptable to the Engineer, the bituminous aggregate mixture shall be spread upon it with a mechanical spreader. The maximum compacted thickness of each lift shall be 150 mm (6 in.) provided the required density is obtained. The minimum compacted thickness of each lift shall be according to the following table:

| Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size of Mixture | Minimum Compacted Lift Thickness |
|---|----------------------------------|
| CA 12 – 12.5 mm (1/2 in.) | 38 mm (1 1/2 in.) |
| CA 10 - 19 mm (3/4 in.) | 57 mm (2 1/4 in.) |
| CA 6 – 25 mm (1 in.) | 76 mm (3 in.) |

The surface of each lift shall be clean and dry before succeeding lifts are placed.”

Revise Article 482.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“482.02 Materials. Materials shall meet the requirements of Article 312.03. For the top lift, the aggregate used shall meet the gradation requirements for a CA 10 or CA 12. Blending of aggregates to meet these gradation requirements will be permitted.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 482.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“482.04 General. For pavement and shoulder resurfacing projects, Superpave binder and surface course mixtures may be used in lieu of bituminous aggregate mixture for the resurfacing of shoulders, at the option of the Contractor, or shall be used when specified on the plans.”

Revise Article 482.04(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(c) Mixture Production312.08”

Revise Article 482.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“482.05 Composition of Bituminous Aggregate Mixture. The composition of the mixture shall be according to Article 312.06, except that the amount of asphalt cement used in the top lift shall be increased up to 0.5 percent more than that required in the lower lifts. For resurfacing projects when the Superpave binder and surface course mixtures option is used, the asphalt cement used in the top lift shall not be increased. Superpave mixtures used on the top lift of such shoulders shall meet the gradation requirements of the special provision “Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures”.

For shoulder and strip construction, the composition of the Superpave binder and surface course shall be the same as that specified for the mainline pavement.”

In the following locations of Section 482 of the Standard Specifications, change "Class I" to "Superpave":

- the second paragraph of Article 482.04
- the first sentence of the second paragraph of Article 482.06
- the first sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 482.06
- the second sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 482.06
- the first sentence of the third paragraph of Article 482.08(b)

Revise the first paragraph of Article 482.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"482.06 Placing and Compacting. This work shall be according to Article 312.10. The mechanical spreader for the top lift of shoulders shall meet the requirements of Article 1102.03 when the shoulder width is 3 m (10 ft) or greater."

Revise Article 482.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"482.09 Basis of Payment. When bituminous shoulders are constructed along the edges of the completed pavement structure, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for BITUMINOUS SHOULDERS SUPERPAVE of the thickness specified. The specified thickness shall be the thickness shown on the plans at the edge of the pavement.

On pavement and shoulder resurfacing projects, the shoulder resurfacing will be paid for at the contract unit price per metric ton (ton) for BITUMINOUS SHOULDERS SUPERPAVE.

The construction of shoulder strips for resurfacing pavements will be paid according to the special provision, "Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures".

80070

SUBGRADE PREPARATION (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2002

Revise the tenth paragraph of Article 301.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Equipment of such weight, or used in such a way as to cause a rut in the finished subgrade of 13 mm (1/2 in.) or more in depth, shall be removed from the work or the rutting otherwise prevented."

| 80086

SUPERPAVE BITUMINOUS CONCRETE MIXTURE IL-4.75 (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of constructing bituminous concrete surface course or leveling binder with a Superpave, IL-4.75 mixture. Work shall be according to Section 406 of the Standard Specifications and the special provision "Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete Mixtures", except as modified herein.

Materials.

- (a) Fine Aggregate. The fine aggregate shall be at least 50 percent manufactured sand meeting FA 20 gradation. The manufactured sand shall be stone sand, slag sand, steel slag sand, or combinations thereof. When used as leveling binder, steel slag sand will not be permitted.

The fine aggregate quality shall be Class B. The total minus 75 μm (No. 200) material in the mixture shall be free from organic impurities.

- (b) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP). RAP will not be permitted.
- (c) Bituminous Material. The asphalt cement (AC) shall conform to Article 1009.05 of the Standard Specifications for SBS PG76-28 or SBR PG76-28, except the elastic recovery shall be a minimum of 80.

The AC shall be shipped, maintained, and stored at the mix plant according to the manufacturer's requirements. It shall be placed in an empty tank and not blended with other asphalt cements.

- (d) Mineral Filler. Mineral filler shall conform to the requirements of Article 1011.01 of the Standard Specifications, except it shall not be collected dust.

Laboratory Equipment.

- (a) Superpave Gyratory Compactor. The Superpave gyratory compactor (SGC) shall be used for all laboratory mixture compaction.
- (b) Ignition Oven. The ignition oven shall be used for determination of AC content. The ignition oven shall also be used to recover aggregates for all required washed gradations.

The Engineer may waive the ignition oven requirement for AC content if the aggregates to be used are known to have ignition AC content calibration factors, which exceed 1.5 percent. If the calibration factor exceeds 1.5 percent other IDOT approved methods shall be utilized for determination of AC content.

Mixture Design. The Contractor shall submit mix designs for approval, for each required mixture. Mix designs shall be developed by Level III personnel who have successfully completed the course, "Superpave Mix Design Upgrade". Articles 406.10 and 406.13 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply. The mixtures shall be designed according to the respective Illinois Modified AASHTO references listed below.

| | |
|--------------|--|
| AASHTO MP 2 | Standard Specification for Superpave Volumetric Mix Design |
| AASHTO PP 2 | Standard Practice for Short and Long Term Aging of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) |
| AASHTO PP 19 | Standard Practice for Volumetric Analysis of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) |
| AASHTO PP 28 | Standard Practice for Designing Superpave HMA |

- AASHTO T 209 Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Bituminous Paving Mixtures
- AASHTO T 305 Standard Method of Test for Determination of Draindown Characteristics in Uncompacted Asphalt Mixtures.
- AASHTO T 308 Determining the Asphalt Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method
- AASHTO T 312 Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyrotory Compactor

(a) Mixture Composition. The job mix formula (JMF) shall conform to the following:

| Sieve | Percent Passing |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 12.5 mm (1/2 in.) | 100 |
| 9.5 mm (3/8 in.) | 100 |
| 4.75 mm (No. 4) | 90-100 |
| 2.36 mm (No. 8) | 70-90 |
| 1.18 mm (No. 16) | 50-65 |
| 600 μm (No. 30) | 35-55 |
| 300 μm (No. 50) | 15-30 |
| 150 μm (No. 100) | 10-18 |
| 75 μm (No. 200) | 8-10 |
| AC Content | 8% to 10% |

(b) Volumetric Requirements.

| Volumetric Parameter | Requirement |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Design Air Voids | 2.5 % at Ndesign 50 |
| Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA) | 19.0% minimum |
| Voids Filled with Asphalt (VFA) | 87-95% |
| Maximum Draindown | 0.3% |

(c) Determination of Need for Anti-Stripping Additive. The mixture designer shall determine if an additive is needed in the mix to prevent stripping. The determination shall be made on the basis of tests performed according to Illinois Modified T 283. To be considered acceptable by the Engineer as a mixture not susceptible to stripping, the ratio of conditioned to unconditioned split tensile strengths (TSRs) shall be equal to or greater than 0.75 for 4 in. specimens or 0.85 for 6 in. specimens. Mixtures having TSRs less than these, either with or without an additive, will be considered unacceptable.

When it is determined that an additive is required, the additive may be hydrated lime, slaked quicklime, or a liquid additive, at the Contractor's option. The liquid additive shall be selected from the Department's list of approved additives and may be limited to those, which have exhibited satisfactory performance in similar mixes.

Dry hydrated lime shall be added at a rate of 1.0 to 1.5 percent by weight of total dry aggregate. Slurry shall be added in such quantity as to provide the required amount of hydrated lime solids by weight of total dry aggregate. The exact rate of application for all anti-stripping additives will be determined by the Engineer. The method of application shall be according to Article 406.12 of the Standard Specifications.

Mixture Production. Plant modifications may be required to accommodate the addition of higher percentages of mineral filler as required by the JMF.

During production, mineral filler shall not be stored in the same silo as collected dust. This may require the wasting of any previously collected baghouse fines prior to production of the IL-4.75 mixture. Only dust collected during the production of IL-4.75 may be returned directly to the IL-4.75 mixture. Any additional minus 75 μm (No. 200) material needed to produce the IL-4.75 shall be mineral filler.

The mixture shall be produced within the temperature range recommended by the asphalt cement producer; but not less than 155 °C (310 °F).

The amount of moisture remaining in the finished mixture shall be less than 0.3 percent based on the weight of the test sample after drying.

Mixtures containing steel slag sand or aggregate having absorptions \geq 2.5 percent shall have a silo storage plus haul time of not less than 1.5 hours.

Control Charts/Limits. Control charts/limits and testing frequency shall be according to QC/QA requirements for Class I mixtures except as follows:

| Parameter | Individual Test | Moving Average |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| % Passing | | |
| 1.18 mm (No. 16) | \pm 4% | \pm 3% |
| 75 μm mm (No. 200) | \pm 1.0% | \pm 0.8% |
| Asphalt Content | \pm 0.2% | \pm 0.1% |
| Air Voids | \pm 1.0% (of design) | \pm 0.8% (of design) |
| Density | 93.5 - 97.4% | |

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Placement. The mixture shall be placed on a dry, clean surface when the air temperature in the shade is 10 °C (50 °F) or above. The mixture temperature shall be 155 °C (310 °F) or above and shall be measured in the truck just prior to placement.

When used as leveling binder, the mixture shall be overlaid within five days of being placed.

Lift Thickness.

- (a) Surface Course. The minimum and maximum compacted lift thickness for the IL-4.75 mixture shall be 19 mm (3/4 in.) and 32 mm (1 1/4 in.) respectively.

- (b) Leveling Binder. Density requirements for IL-4.75 mixture shall apply when the nominal , compacted thickness is 19 mm (3/4 in.) or greater.

Compaction. The compaction operation shall start immediately after the mixture has been placed. The Contractor shall provide a minimum of two steel-wheeled tandem rollers for breakdown (T_B) and one finish steel-wheeled roller (T_F) meeting the requirements of Article 406.16(a) and 1101.01(e) of the Standard Specifications except the minimum compression for all of the rollers shall be 49 N/mm (280 lb/in.) of roller width. Pneumatic-tired and vibratory rollers will not be permitted.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per metric ton (ton) for POLYMERIZED LEVELING BINDER (MACHINE METHOD), SUPERPAVE, IL-4.75, N50; and POLYMERIZED BITUMINOUS CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, SUPERPAVE, IL-4.75, N50.

80136

SUPERPAVE BITUMINOUS CONCRETE MIXTURES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2000

Revised: April 1, 2004

Description. This work shall consist of designing, producing and constructing Superpave bituminous concrete mixtures using Illinois Modified Strategic Highway Research Program (SHRP) Superpave criteria. This work shall be according to Sections 406 and 407 of the Standard Specifications and the special provision, "Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Bituminous Concrete Mixtures", except as follows.

Materials.

- (a) Fine Aggregate Blend Requirement. The Contractor may be required to provide FA 20 manufactured sand to meet the design requirements. For mixtures with $N_{design} \geq 90$, at least 50 percent of the required fine aggregate fraction shall consist of either stone sand, slag sand, or steel slag sand meeting the FA/FM 20 gradation.
- (b) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP). If the Contractor is allowed to use more than 15 percent RAP, as specified in the plans, a softer performance-graded binder may be required as determined by the Engineer.

RAP shall meet the requirements of the special provision, "RAP for Use in Bituminous Concrete Mixtures".

RAP will not be permitted in mixtures containing polymer modifiers.

RAP containing steel slag will be permitted for use in top-lift surface mixtures only.

- (c) Bituminous Material. The asphalt cement (AC) shall be performance-graded (PG) or polymer modified performance-graded (SBS-PG or SBR-PG) meeting the requirements of Article 1009.05 of the Standard Specifications for the grade specified on the plans.

The following additional guidelines shall be used if a polymer modified asphalt is specified:

- (1) The polymer modified asphalt cement shall be shipped, maintained, and stored at the mix plant according to the manufacturer's requirements. Polymer modified asphalt cement shall be placed in an empty tank and shall not be blended with other asphalt cements.
- (2) The mixture shall be designed using a mixing temperature of 163 ± 3 °C (325 ± 5 °F) and a gyratory compaction temperature of 152 ± 3 °C (305 ± 5 °F).
- (3) Pneumatic-tired rollers will not be allowed unless otherwise specified by the Engineer. A vibratory roller meeting the requirements of Article 406.16 of the Standard Specifications shall be required in the absence of the pneumatic-tired roller.

Laboratory Equipment.

- (a) Superpave Gyratory Compactor. The superpave gyratory compactor (SGC) shall be used for all QC/QA testing.
- (b) Ignition Oven. The ignition oven shall be used to determine the AC content. The ignition oven shall also be used to recover aggregates for all required washed gradations.

The Engineer may waive the ignition oven requirement for AC content if the aggregates to be used are known to have ignition AC content calibration factors which exceed 1.5 percent. If the ignition oven requirement is waived, other Department approved methods shall be used to determine the AC content.

Mixture Design. The Contractor shall submit mix designs, for approval, for each required mixture. Mix designs shall be developed by Level III personnel who have successfully completed the course, "Superpave Mix Design Upgrade". Articles 406.10 and 406.13 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply. The mixtures shall be designed according to the respective Illinois Modified AASHTO references listed below.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| AASHTO MP 2 | Standard Specification for Superpave Volumetric Mix Design |
| AASHTO R 30 | Standard Practice for Mixture Conditioning of Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) |
| AASHTO PP 28 | Standard Practice for Designing Superpave HMA |
| AASHTO T 209 | Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Bituminous Paving Mixtures |
| AASHTO T 312 | Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyratory Compactor |
| AASHTO T 308 | Determining the Asphalt Content of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) by the Ignition Method |

- (a) Mixture Composition. The ingredients of the bituminous mixture shall be combined in such proportions as to produce a mixture conforming to the composition limits by weight. The gradation mixture specified on the plans shall produce a mixture falling within the limits specified in Table 1.

| TABLE 1. MIXTURE COMPOSITION (% PASSING) ^{1/} | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------------|------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Sieve Size | IL-25.0 mm | | IL-19.0 mm | | IL-12.5 mm ^{4/} | | IL-9.5 mm ^{4/} | |
| | min | max | min | max | Min | max | min | max |
| 37.5 mm (1 1/2 in.) | | 100 | | | | | | |
| 25 mm (1 in.) | 90 | 100 | | 100 | | | | |
| 19 mm (3/4 in.) | | 90 | 82 | 100 | | 100 | | |
| 12.5 mm (1/2 in.) | 45 | 75 | 50 | 85 | 90 | 100 | | 100 |
| 9.5 mm (3/8 in.) | | | | | | 89 | 90 | 100 |
| 4.75 mm (#4) | 24 | 42 ^{2/} | 24 | 50 ^{2/} | 28 | 65 | 28 | 65 |
| 2.36 mm (#8) | 16 | 31 | 20 | 36 | 28 | 48 ^{3/} | 28 | 48 ^{3/} |
| 1.18 mm (#16) | 10 | 22 | 10 | 25 | 10 | 32 | 10 | 32 |
| 600 µm (#30) | | | | | | | | |
| 300 µm (#50) | 4 | 12 | 4 | 12 | 4 | 15 | 4 | 15 |
| 150 µm (#100) | 3 | 9 | 3 | 9 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 10 |
| 75 µm (#200) | 3 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 6 |

- 1/ Based on percent of total aggregate weight.
- 2/ The mixture composition shall not exceed 40 percent passing the 4.75 mm (#4) sieve for binder courses with Ndesign ≥ 90.
- 3/ The mixture composition shall not exceed 40 percent passing the 2.36 mm (#8) sieve for surface courses with Ndesign ≥ 90.
- 4/ The mixture composition for surface courses shall be according to IL-12.5 mm or IL-9.5 mm, unless otherwise specified by the Engineer.

One of the above gradations shall be used for leveling binder as specified in the plans and according to Article 406.04 of the Standard Specifications.

It is recommended that the selected combined aggregate gradation not pass through the restricted zones specified in Illinois Modified AASHTO MP 2.

- (b) Dust/AC Ratio for Superpave. The ratio of material passing the 75 μm (#200) sieve to total asphalt cement shall not exceed 1.0 for mixture design (based on total weight of mixture).
- (c) Volumetric Requirements. The target value for the air voids of the hot mix asphalt (HMA) shall be 4.0 percent at the design number of gyrations. The VMA and VFA of the HMA design shall be based on the nominal maximum size of the aggregate in the mix and shall conform to the requirements listed in Table 2.

| TABLE 2. VOLUMETRIC REQUIREMENTS | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| Ndesign | Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA), % minimum | | | | Voids Filled with Asphalt (VFA), % |
| | IL-25.0 | IL-19.0 | IL-12.5 | IL-9.5 | |
| 50 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 14.0 | 15 | 65 - 78 |
| 70 | | | | | 65 - 75 |
| 90 | | | | | |
| 105 | | | | | |

- (d) Determination of Need for Anti-Stripping Additive. The mixture designer shall determine if an additive is needed in the mix to prevent stripping. The determination will be made on the basis of tests performed according to Illinois Modified T 283 using 4 in. Marshall bricks. To be considered acceptable by the Department as a mixture not susceptible to stripping, the ratio of conditioned to unconditioned split tensile strengths (TSRs) shall be equal to or greater than 0.75. Mixtures, either with or without an additive, with TSRs less than 0.75 will be considered unacceptable.

If it is determined that an additive is required, the additive may be hydrated lime, slaked quicklime, or a liquid additive, at the Contractor's option. The liquid additive shall be selected from the Department's list of approved additives and may be limited to those which have exhibited satisfactory performance in similar mixes.

Dry hydrated lime shall be added at a rate of 1.0 to 1.5 percent by weight of total dry aggregate. Slurry shall be added in such quantity as to provide the required amount of hydrated lime solids by weight of total dry aggregate. The exact rate of application for all anti-stripping additives will be determined by the Department. The method of application shall be according to Article 406.12 of the Standard Specifications.

Personnel. The QC Manager and Level I Technician shall have successfully completed the Department's "Superpave Field Control Course".

Required Plant Tests. Testing shall be conducted to control the production of the bituminous mixture. The Contractor shall use the test methods identified to perform the following mixture tests at a frequency not less than that indicated in Table 3.

| TABLE 3. REQUIRED PLANT TESTS for SUPERPAVE | | |
|---|---|--|
| Parameter | Frequency of Tests | Test Method |
| Aggregate Gradation Hot bins for batch and continuous plants Individual cold-feeds or combined belt-feed for drier drum plants. (% passing sieves: 12.5 mm (1/2 in.), 4.75 mm (No. 4), 2.36 mm (No. 8), 600 µm (No. 30), 75 µm (No. 200)) | 1 dry gradation per day of production (either morning or afternoon sample). And 1 washed ignition oven test on the mix per day of production (conduct in afternoon if dry gradation is conducted in the morning or vice versa). NOTE. The order in which the above tests are conducted shall alternate from the previous production day (example: a dry gradation conducted in the morning will be conducted in the afternoon on the next production day and so forth). The dry gradation and washed ignition oven test results shall be plotted on the same control chart. | Illinois Procedure (See Manual of Test Procedures for Materials). |
| Asphalt Content by Ignition Oven (Note 1.) | 1 per half day of production | Illinois Modified AASHTO T 308 |
| Air Voids | Bulk Specific Gravity of Gyratory Sample | 1 per half day of production for first 2 days and 1 per day thereafter (first sample of the day) |
| | Maximum Specific Gravity of Mixture | Illinois Modified AASHTO T 209 |

Note 1. The Engineer may waive the ignition oven requirement for AC content if the aggregates to be used are known to have ignition AC content calibration factors which exceed 1.5 percent. If the ignition oven requirement is waived, other Department approved methods shall be used to determine the AC content.

During production, the ratio of minus 75 µm (#200) sieve material to total asphalt cement shall be not less than 0.6 nor more than 1.2 and the moisture content of the mixture at discharge from the mixer shall not exceed 0.5 percent. If at any time the ratio of minus 75 µm (#200) material to asphalt or moisture content of the mixture falls outside the stated limits, production of the mix shall cease. The cause shall be determined and corrective action satisfactory to the Engineer shall be initiated prior to resuming production.

During production, mixtures containing an anti-stripping additive will be tested by the Department for stripping according to Illinois Modified T 283. If the mixture fails to meet the TSR criteria for acceptance, no further mixture will be accepted until the Contractor takes such action as is necessary to furnish a mixture meeting the criteria.

Construction Requirements

Lift Thickness.

- (a) Binder and Surface Courses. The minimum compacted lift thickness for constructing bituminous concrete binder and surface courses shall be according to Table 4:

| TABLE 4 – MINIMUM COMPACTED LIFT THICKNESS | |
|---|---------------------|
| Mixture | Thickness, mm (in.) |
| IL-9.5 | 32 (1 1/4) |
| IL-12.5 | 38 (1 1/2) |
| IL-19.0 | 57 (2 1/4) |
| IL-25.0 | 76 (3) |

- (b) Leveling Binder. Mixtures used for leveling binder shall be as follows:

| TABLE 5 – LEVELING BINDER | |
|---|-------------------|
| Nominal, Compacted, Leveling Binder Thickness, mm (in.) | Mixture |
| ≤ 32 (1 1/4) | IL-9.5 |
| 32 (1 1/4) to 50 (2) | IL 9.5 or IL-12.5 |

Density requirements shall apply for leveling binder when the nominal, compacted thickness is 32 mm (1 1/4 in.) or greater for IL-9.5 mixtures and 38 mm (1 1/2 in.) or greater for IL-12.5 mixtures.

- (c) Full-Depth Pavement. The compacted thickness of the initial lift of binder course shall be 100 mm (4 in.). The compacted thickness of succeeding lifts shall meet the minimums specified in Table 4 but not exceed 100 mm (4 in.).

If a vibratory roller is used for breakdown, the compacted thickness of the binder lifts, excluding the top lift, may be increased to 150 mm (6 in.) provided the required density is obtained.

- (d) Bituminous Patching. The minimum compacted lift thickness for constructing bituminous patches shall be according to Table 4.

Control Charts/Limits. Control charts/limits shall be according to QC/QA Class I requirements, except density shall be plotted on the control charts within the following control limits:

| TABLE 6. DENSITY CONTROL LIMITS | | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Mixture | Parameter | Individual Test |
| 12.5 mm / 9.5 mm | N _{design} ≥ 90 | 92.0 – 96.0% |
| 12.5 mm / 9.5 mm | N _{design} < 90 | 92.5 – 97.4% |
| 19.0 mm / 25.0 mm | N _{design} ≥ 90 | 93.0 – 96.0% |
| 19.0 mm / 25.0 mm | N _{design} < 90 | 93.0 – 97.4% |

Basis of Payment. On resurfacing projects, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per metric ton (ton) for BITUMINOUS CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, SUPERPAVE, of the friction aggregate mixture and Ndesign specified, LEVELING BINDER (HAND METHOD), SUPERPAVE, of the Ndesign specified, LEVELING BINDER (MACHINE METHOD), SUPERPAVE, of the Ndesign specified, and BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BINDER COURSE, SUPERPAVE, of the mixture composition and Ndesign specified.

On resurfacing projects in which polymer modifiers are required, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per metric ton (ton) for POLYMERIZED BITUMINOUS CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, SUPERPAVE, of the friction aggregate mixture and Ndesign specified, POLYMERIZED LEVELING BINDER (HAND METHOD), SUPERPAVE, of the Ndesign specified, POLYMERIZED LEVELING BINDER (MACHINE METHOD), SUPERPAVE, of the Ndesign specified, and POLYMERIZED BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BINDER COURSE, SUPERPAVE, of the mixture composition and Ndesign specified.

On full-depth pavement projects, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT, (FULL-DEPTH), SUPERPAVE, of the thickness specified.

On projects where widening is constructed and the entire pavement is then resurfaced, the binder for the widening will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BINDER COURSE, SUPERPAVE, of the mixture composition, Ndesign, and thickness specified. The surface and binder used to resurface the entire pavement will be paid for according to the paragraphs above for resurfacing projects.

80010

TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER (BDE)

Effective: October 1, 2002

Revised: November 1, 2003

Revise Section 704 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“SECTION 704. TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER

704.01 Description. This work shall consist of furnishing, placing, maintaining, relocating and removing precast concrete barrier at temporary locations as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

704.02 Materials. Materials shall meet the requirements of the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials:

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Portland Cement Concrete..... | 1020 |
| (b) Reinforcement Bars (Note 1) | 1006.10(a)(b) |
| (c) Connecting Pins and Anchoring Pins..... | 1006.09 |
| (d) Connecting Loop Bars (Note 2) | |
| (e) Rapid Set Mortar (Note 3) | |

Note 1. Reinforcement bars shall be Grade 400 (Grade 60).

Note 2. Connecting loop bars shall be smooth bars conforming to the requirements of ASTM A 36.

Note 3. Rapid set materials shall be obtained from the Department's approved list of Packaged, Dry, Rapid Hardening Cementitious Materials for Concrete Repairs. For a rapid set mortar mixture, one part packaged rapid set cement shall be combined with two parts fine aggregate, by volume or a packaged rapid set mortar shall be used. Mixing of the rapid set mortar shall be according to the manufacturer's instructions.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

704.03 General. Precast concrete barrier produced after October 1, 2002 shall meet National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350, Category 3, Test Level 3 requirements and have the F shape. Precast concrete barrier shall be constructed according to the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum "Quality Control/Quality Assurance Program for Precast Concrete Products", applicable portions of Sections 504 and 1020, and to the details shown on the plans.

Precast units shall not be removed from the casting beds until a flexural strength of 2,000 kPa (300 psi) or a compressive strength of 10,000 kPa (1400 psi) is attained. When the concrete has attained a compressive strength according to Article 1020.04, and not prior to four days after casting, the units may be loaded, shipped and used.

704.04 Installation. F shape barrier units shall be seated on bare, clean pavement or paved shoulder and pinned together in a smooth, continuous line at the exact locations provided by the Engineer. The barrier unit at each end of the installation shall be secured to the pavement or paved shoulder using six anchoring pins and protected with an impact attenuator as shown on the plans.

F shape and New Jersey shape barrier units shall not be mixed in the same run.

Barrier units or attachments damaged during transportation or handling, or by traffic during the life of the installation, shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at his/her expense. The Engineer will be the sole judge in determining which units or attachments require repair or replacement.

The temporary barriers shall be removed when no longer required by the contract. After removal, all anchoring holes in the pavement or paved shoulder shall be filled with a rapid set mortar. Only enough water to permit placement and consolidation by rodding shall be used and the material shall be struck-off flush.

704.05 New Jersey Shape Barrier. New Jersey shape barrier produced prior to October 1, 2002 according to earlier Department standards, may be used until January 1, 2008.

Barrier units or attachments damaged during transportation or handling, or by traffic during the life of the installation, shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at his/her expense. The Engineer will be the sole judge in determining which units or attachments require repair or replacement.

F shape and New Jersey shape barrier units shall not be mixed in the same run.

The barrier unit at each end of the installation shall be secured to the pavement or paved shoulder using six dowel bars and protected with an impact attenuator as shown on the plans.

The temporary barriers shall be removed when no longer required by the contract. After removal, all anchoring holes in the pavement or paved shoulder shall be filled with a rapid set mortar. Only enough water to permit placement and consolidation by rodding shall be used and the material shall be struck-off flush.

704.06 Method of Measurement. Temporary concrete barrier will be measured for payment in meters (feet) in place along the centerline of the barrier. When temporary concrete barrier is relocated within the limits of the jobsite, the relocated barrier will be measured for payment in meters (feet) in place along the centerline of the barrier.

704.07 Basis of Payment. When the Contractor furnishes the barrier units, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter (foot) for TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER or RELOCATE TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER.

When the Department furnishes the barrier units, this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter (foot) for TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER, STATE OWNED or RELOCATE TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER, STATE OWNED.

Impact attenuators will be paid for separately.”

80092

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEFICIENCY DEDUCTION (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 1992

Revised: January 1, 2005

To ensure a prompt response to incidents involving the integrity of work zone traffic control, the Contractor shall provide a telephone number where a responsible individual can be contacted 24 hours-a-day.

When the Engineer is notified, or determines a traffic control deficiency exists, he/she will notify and direct the Contractor to correct the deficiency within a specified time. The specified time, which begins upon notification to the Contractor, will be from 1/2 hour to 12 hours based upon the urgency of the situation and the nature of the deficiency. The Engineer shall be the sole judge.

A deficiency may be any lack of repair, maintenance, or non-compliance with the traffic control plan. A deficiency may also be applied to situations where corrective action is not an option such as the use of non-certified flaggers for short term operations; working with lane closures beyond the time allowed in the contract; or failure to perform required contract obligations such as traffic control surveillance.

If the Contractor fails to correct a deficiency within the specified time, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency exists. The calendar day(s) will begin with notification to the Contractor and end with the Engineer's acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be either \$1,000 or 0.05 percent of the awarded contract value, whichever is greater. For those deficiencies where corrective action was not an option this monetary deduction will be immediate.

In addition, if the Contractor fails to respond, the Engineer may correct the deficiency and the cost thereof will be deducted from monies due or which may become due the Contractor. This corrective action will in no way relieve the Contractor of his/her contractual requirements or responsibilities.

5729I

TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SURGE SUPPRESSION (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2003

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1074.03(a)(4) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(4) Transient Voltage Surge Suppression. The cabinet shall be provided with transient voltage surge suppression. Transient surge suppression unit leads shall be kept as short as possible and ground shall be made directly to the cabinet wall or ground plate as near as possible to the object being grounded. All transient surge suppression units shall be tested and certified as meeting this specification by an independent testing laboratory. One copy of each of the full testing report shall be submitted to the Engineer.”

Revise Article 1074.03(a)(4)a. of the Standard Specifications to read:

- “a. Surge Suppressor. The suppressor protecting the solid state controller, conflict monitor, and detection equipment shall consist of two stages: stage one which shall include a controller cabinet AC power protection assembly and stage two which shall include AC circuit protection.

The design of the stage one suppressor shall be modular and it shall be installed in such a way that it may be removed and replaced with the intersection under power and in flashing operation. It shall have a permanently mounted and wired base and a removable circuit package. The stage one suppressor shall have two LED failure indicators for power ‘on’ and suppression ‘failure’ and shall meet the following properties:

| Stage One Suppressor | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Properties | Criteria |
| “Plug-in” suppression module | 12 pin connector assembly |
| Clamp voltage | 250 V at 20,000 A typical |
| Response time | Less than 5 nanoseconds |
| Maximum continuous service current | 15 A at 120 VAC 60 Hz |
| High frequency noise attenuation | At least 50 dB at 100,000 Hz |
| Operating temperature | -40 °C (-40 °F) to 85 °C (185 °F) |

If the controller assembly includes a system telemetry module or remote intersection monitor, the status of the stage one suppressor shall be continuously and remotely monitored by an appropriate alarm circuit.

The stage two, high speed, solid state, transient suppressor shall protect the system from transient over voltage without affecting power at the load. It shall suppress transients of either polarity and from either direction (source or load). The suppressor shall have a visual "on" indicator lamp when the unit is operating normally. It shall also have a UL plastic enclosure, a four position terminal strip for power connection, and it shall utilize silicon avalanche diode technology. The stage two suppressor shall meet the following properties:

| Stage Two Suppressor | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Properties | Criteria |
| Nominal service voltage | 120 V at 50/60 Hz |
| Maximum voltage protection level | ±330 V |
| Minimum voltage protection level | ±220 V ±5% |
| Minimum surge current rating | 700 A |
| Stand by power | Less than 0.5 Watts |
| Hot to neutral leakage current at 120 V RMS | Less than 5µA |
| Maximum response time | 5 nanoseconds |
| Operating and Storage temperature | -20 °C (-4 °F) to 50 °C (122 °F)" |

80107m

TRUCK BED RELEASE AGENT (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2004

Add the following sentence after the third sentence of the first paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications.

"In addition to the release agent, the Contractor may use a light scatter of manufactured sand (FA 20 or FA 21) evenly distributed over the bed of the vehicle."

80123

WEIGHT CONTROL DEFICIENCY DEDUCTION

Effective: April 1, 2001

Revised: August 1, 2002

The Contractor shall provide accurate weights of materials delivered to the contract for incorporation into the work (whether temporary or permanent) and for which the basis of payment is by weight. These weights shall be documented on delivery tickets which shall identify the source of the material, type of material, the date and time the material was loaded, the contract number, the net weight, the tare weight when applicable and the identification of the transporting vehicle. For aggregates, the Contractor shall have the driver of the vehicle furnish or establish an acceptable alternative to provide the contract number and a copy of the material order to the source for each load. The source is defined as that facility that produces the final material product that is to be incorporated into the contract pay items.

The Department will conduct random, independent vehicle weight checks for material sources according to the procedures outlined in the Documentation Section Policy Statement of the Department's Construction Manual and hereby incorporated by reference. The results of the independent weight checks shall be applicable to all contracts containing this Special Provision. Should the vehicle weight check for a source result in the net weight of material on the vehicle exceeding the net weight of material shown on the delivery ticket by 0.50% (0.70% for aggregates) or more, the Engineer will document the independent vehicle weight check and immediately furnish a copy of the results to the Contractor. No adjustment in pay quantity will be made. Should the vehicle weight check for a source result in the net weight of material shown on the delivery ticket exceeding the net weight of material on the vehicle by 0.50% (0.70% for aggregates) or more, the Engineer will document the independent vehicle weight check and immediately furnish a copy of the results to the Contractor. The Engineer will adjust the net weight shown on the delivery ticket to the checked delivered net weight as determined by the independent vehicle weight check.

The Engineer will also adjust the method of measurement for all contracts for subsequent deliveries of all materials from the source based on the independent weight check. The net weight of all materials delivered to all contracts containing this Special Provision from this source, for which the basis of payment is by weight, will be adjusted by applying a correction factor "A" as determined by the following formula:

$$A = 1.0 - \left(\frac{B - C}{B} \right); \text{ Where } A \leq 1.0; \left(\frac{B - C}{C} \right) > 0.50\% \text{ (0.70\% for aggregates)}$$

Where A = Adjustment factor
B = Net weight shown on delivery ticket
C = Net weight determined from independent weight check

The adjustment factor will be applied as follows:

$$\text{Adjusted Net Weight} = A \times \text{Delivery Ticket Net Weight}$$

The adjustment factor will be imposed until the cause of the deficient weight is identified and corrected by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the cause of the deficient weight is not identified and corrected within seven (7) calendar days, the source shall cease delivery of all materials to all contracts containing this Special Provision for which the basis of payment is by weight.

Should the Contractor elect to challenge the results of the independent weight check, the Engineer will continue to document the weight of material for which the adjustment factor would be applied. However, provided the Contractor furnishes the Engineer with written documentation that the source scale has been calibrated within seven (7) calendar days after the date of the independent weight check, adjustments in the weight of material paid for will not be applied unless the scale calibration demonstrates that the source scale was not within the specified Department of Agriculture tolerance.

At the Contractor's option, the vehicle may be weighed on a second independent Department of Agriculture certified scale to verify the accuracy of the scale used for the independent weight check.

80048

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2003

Revised: November 1, 2004

Add the following to Article 702.01 of the Standard Specifications:

“All devices and combinations of devices shall meet the requirements of the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 for their respective categories. The categories are as follows:

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, flexible delineators and plastic drums with no attachments. Category 1 devices shall be crash tested and accepted or may be self-certified by the manufacturer.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include drums and vertical panels with lights, barricades and portable sign supports. Category 2 devices shall be crash tested and accepted for Test Level 3.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions, truck mounted attenuators and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested and accepted for either Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals and area lighting supports. Currently, there is no implementation date set for this category and it is exempt from the NCHRP 350 compliance requirement.

The Contractor shall provide a manufacturer’s self-certification letter for each Category 1 device and an FHWA acceptance letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The letters shall state the device meets the NCHRP 350 requirements for its respective category and test level, and shall include a detail drawing of the device.”

Delete the third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Article 702.03(b) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete the third sentence of the first paragraph of Article 702.03(c) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 702.03(e) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Drums shall be nonmetallic and have alternating reflectorized Type AA or Type AP fluorescent orange and reflectorized white horizontal, circumferential stripes.”

Add the following to Article 702.03 of the Standard Specifications:

“(h) Vertical Barricades. Vertical barricades may be used in lieu of cones, drums or Type II barricades to channelize traffic.”

Delete the fourth paragraph of Article 702.05(a) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the sixth paragraph of Article 702.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“When the work operations exceed four days, all signs shall be post mounted unless the signs are located on the pavement or define a moving or intermittent operation. When approved by the Engineer, a temporary sign stand may be used to support a sign at 1.2 m (5 ft) minimum where posts are impractical. Longitudinal dimensions shown on the plans for the placement of signs may be increased up to 30 m (100 ft) to avoid obstacles, hazards or to improve sight distance, when approved by the Engineer. “ROAD CONSTRUCTION AHEAD” signs will also be required on side roads located within the limits of the mainline “ROAD CONSTRUCTION AHEAD” signs.”

Delete all references to “Type 1A barricades” and “wing barricades” throughout Section 702 of the Standard Specifications.

80097

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2005

To account for the preparatory work and operations necessary for the movement of subcontractor personnel, equipment, supplies, and incidentals to the project site and for all other work or operations that must be performed or costs incurred when beginning work approved for subcontracting in accordance with Article 108.01 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall make a mobilization payment to each subcontractor.

This mobilization payment shall be made at least 14 days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be equal to 3 percent of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor’s work.

This provision shall be incorporated directly or by reference into each subcontract approved by the Department.

80143

STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2004

Revised: July 1, 2004

Description. At the bidder’s option, a steel cost adjustment will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor or a credit to the Department for fluctuations in steel prices. The bidder must indicate on the attached form whether or not steel cost adjustments will be part of this contract. This attached form shall be submitted with the bid. Failure to submit the form shall make this contract exempt of steel cost adjustments.

Types of Steel Products. An adjustment will be made for fluctuations in the cost of steel used in the manufacture of the following items:

Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling)
Structural Steel
Reinforcing Steel

Other steel materials such as dowel bars, tie bars, mesh reinforcement, guardrail, steel traffic signal and light poles, towers and mast arms, metal railings (excluding wire fence), frames and grates, and other miscellaneous items will be subject to a steel cost adjustment when the pay item they are used in has a contract value of \$10,000 or greater.

Documentation. Sufficient documentation shall be furnished to the Engineer to verify the following:

- (a) Evidence that increased or decreased steel costs have been passed on to the Contractor.
- (b) The dates and quantity of steel, in kg (lb), shipped from the mill to the fabricator.
- (c) The quantity of steel, in kg (lb), incorporated into the various items of work covered by this special provision. The Department reserves the right to verify submitted quantities.

Method of Adjustment. Steel cost adjustments will be computed as follows:

$$SCA = Q \times D$$

Where: SCA = steel cost adjustment, in dollars
Q = quantity of steel incorporated into the work, in kg (lb)
D = price factor, in dollars per kg (lb)

$$D = CBP_M - CBP_L$$

Where: CBP_M = The average of the Consumer Buying Price indices for Shredded Auto Scrap (Chicago) and No. 1 Heavy Melt (Chicago) as published by the American Metal Market (AMM) for the day the steel is shipped from the mill. The indices will be converted from dollars per ton to dollars per kg (lb).

CBP_L = The average of the Consumer Buying Price indices for Shredded Auto Scrap (Chicago) and No. 1 Heavy Melt (Chicago) as published by the AMM for the day the contract is let. The indices will be converted from dollars per ton to dollars per kg (lb).

The unit masses (weights) of steel that will be used to calculate the steel cost adjustment for the various items are shown in the attached table.

No steel cost adjustment will be made for any products manufactured from steel having a mill shipping date prior to the letting date.

If the Contractor fails to provide the required documentation, the method of adjustment will be calculated as described above; however, the CBP_M will be based on the date the steel arrives at the job site. In this case, an adjustment will only be made when there is a decrease in steel costs.

Basis of Payment. Steel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the CBP_L and CBP_M in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

$$\text{Percent Difference} = \{(CBP_L - CBP_M) \div CBP_L\} \times 100$$

Steel cost adjustments will be calculated by the Engineer and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the steel items are satisfied. Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the cost of the steel as described herein. No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of manufacturing, fabrication, shipping, storage, etc.

Attachment

| Item | Unit Mass (Weight) |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling) | |
| Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 305 mm (12 in.), 3.80 mm (0.179 in.) wall thickness) | 34 kg/m (23 lb/ft) |
| Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 305 mm (12 in.), 6.35 mm (0.250 in.) wall thickness) | 48 kg/m (32 lb/ft) |
| Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 356 mm (14 in.), 6.35 mm (0.250 in.) wall thickness) | 55 kg/m (37 lb/ft) |
| Other piling | See plans |
| Structural Steel | See plans for weights |
| Reinforcing Steel | See plans for weights |
| Dowel Bars and Tie Bars | 3 kg (6 lb) each |
| Mesh Reinforcement | 310 kg/sq m (63 lb/100 sq ft) |
| Guardrail | |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type A w/steel posts | 30 kg/m (20 lb/ft) |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type B w/steel posts | 45 kg/m (30 lb/ft) |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Types A and B w/wood posts | 12 kg/m (8 lb/ft) |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 2 | 140 kg (305 lb) each |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 6 | 570 kg (1260 lb) each |
| Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Tangent) | 330 kg (730 lb) each |
| Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Flared) | 185 kg (410 lb) each |
| Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms | |
| Traffic Signal Post | 16 kg/m (11 lb/ft) |
| Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 9 m – 12 m (30 - 40 ft) | 21 kg/m (14 lb/ft) |
| Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 13.5 m – 16.5 m (45 - 55 ft) | 31 kg/m (21 lb/ft) |
| Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 9 m – 15.2 m (30 - 50 ft) | 19 kg/m (13 lb/ft) |
| Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 16.5 m – 18 m (55 - 60 ft) | 28 kg/m (19 lb/ft) |
| Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 24 m – 33.5 m (80 - 110 ft) | 46 kg/m (31 lb/ft) |
| Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 36.5 m – 42.5 m (120 - 140 ft) | 97 kg/m (65 lb/ft) |
| Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 45.5 m – 48.5 m (150 - 160 ft) | 119 kg/m (80 lb/ft) |
| Metal Railings (excluding wire fence) | |
| Steel Railing, Type SM | 95 kg/m (64 lb/ft) |
| Steel Railing, Type S-1 | 58 kg/m (39 lb/ft) |
| Steel Railing, Type T-1 | 79 kg/m (53 lb/ft) |
| Steel Bridge Rail | 77 kg/m (52 lb/ft) |
| Frames and Grates | |
| Frame | 115 kg (250 lb) |
| Lids and Grates | 70 kg (150 lb) |

RETURN WITH BID

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**OPTION FOR
STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT**

The bidder shall submit this form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form shall make this contract exempt of steel cost adjustments. After award, this form, when submitted shall become part of the contract.

Contract No.: _____

Company Name: _____

Contractor's Option:

Is your company opting to include this special provision as part of the contract plans?

Yes No

Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

80127



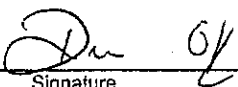
Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

Route FAU 3545
Section 54 WRS - 7
County DuPage

Marked Illinois Route 56
Project No. IDOT Contract No. 62291

This plan has been prepared to comply with the provisions of the NPDES Permit Number ILR10, issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for storm water discharges from Construction Site Activities.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.


Signature

4/4/05
Date

Deputy Director of Highways, Region One Engineer
Title

1. Site Description

- a. The following is a description of the construction activity which is the subject of this plan (use additional pages, as necessary):

This project is located at IL Route 56 from 22nd Street to IL Route 83. This project consists of milling and resurfacing a 0.12 mile section of IL Route 56 from 22nd Street to Renaissance Blvd., and roadway widening and reconstruction to a 1.27 mile section of Illinois Route 56, from Renaissance Blvd. to just west of IL Route 83 in DuPage County. The proposed roadway will have two through lanes in each direction, separated by a flush median. Curb and gutter, as well as a combination enclosed storm sewer / open ditch drainage system, will be provided.

- b. The following is a description of the intended sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the construction site, such as grubbing, excavation and grading (use additional pages, as necessary):

1) Clearing and grubbing will remove trees and underbrush within the limits of the proposed right of way. Erosion control devices should be installed immediately after clearing and grubbing, and before earth excavation. 2) Earth excavation and embankment to construct drainage ditches and swales will disturb all grassed right of way. 3) Pavement removal, curb and gutter construction, pavement construction and driveway replacement will disturb the center of the proposed right of way. 4) Top soil placement, tree planting and seeding will affect all grassed right of way. Erosion control devices should remain in place until ground cover has been established.

- c. The total area of the construction site is estimated to be 23.7 acres.

The total area of construction includes all of the proposed right of way and includes approximately 20.8 acres along Illinois Route 56, 1.4 acres along Myrtle Ave./MacArthur Dr., and 1.5 acres along Midwest Rd./Summit Ave.

The total area of the site that it is estimated will be disturbed by excavation, grading or other activities is 21.9 acres.

- d. The estimated runoff coefficients of the various areas of the site after construction activities are completed are contained in the project drainage study which is hereby incorporated by reference in this plan. Information describing the soils at the site is contained either in the Soils Report for the project, which is hereby incorporated by reference, or in an attachment to this plan.
- e. The design/project report, hydraulic report, or plan documents, hereby incorporated by reference, contain site map(s) indicating drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities, areas of major soil disturbance, the location of major structural and nonstructural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands), and locations where storm water is discharged to a surface water.
- f. The names of receiving water(s) and areal extent of wetland acreage at the site are in the design/project report or plan documents which are incorporated by reference as a part of this plan.

2. Controls

This section of the plan addresses the various controls that will be implemented for each of the major construction activities described in 1.b. above. For each measure discussed, the contractor that will be responsible for its implementation is indicated. Each such contractor has signed the required certification on forms which are attached to, and a part of, this plan:

a. Erosion and Sediment Controls

- (i) Stabilization Practices. Provided below is a description of interim and permanent stabilization practices, including site-specific scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will ensure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practices may include: temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other appropriate measures. Except as provided in 2.a.(i).(A) and 2.b., stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased on all disturbed portions of the site where construction activity will not occur for a period of 21 or more calendar days.

- (A) where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporarily or permanently ceases is precluded by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable thereafter.

Description of Stabilization Practices (use additional pages, as necessary):

After clearing and grubbing has been completed, structural perimeter erosion barrier shall be installed. As earth excavation and embankment progresses and the drainage ditches are completed, structural ditch checks shall be installed to reduce ditch flow velocity. As storm sewer construction progresses, all completed inlet structures and end sections shall be protected with inlet filters. As soon as top soil placement and stabilization seeding has been completed on a section of parkway, all slopes 3:1 or greater shall be protected by erosion blanket. Perimeter erosion barrier and ditch checks shall not be removed until ground cover has been established.

- (ii) **Structural Practices.** Provided below is a description of structural practices that will be implemented, to the degree attainable, to divert flows from exposed soils, store flows or otherwise limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Such practices may include silt fences, earth dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, check dams, subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm drain inlet protection, rock outlet protection, reinforced soil retaining systems, gabions and temporary or permanent sediment basins. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

Description of Structural Practices (use additional pages, as necessary):

Perimeter erosion barrier (silt fence) shall be installed along the right of way lines, to the limits of the improvement, as shown on the plans. Inlet protection within the improvement limits shall be provided by installation of geotextile filter bags attached to the inlet frames with stainless steel straps and locks. All perimeter erosion barrier and inlet protection for existing structures shall be installed and functional prior to the start of excavation. Ditch checks shall be installed as each section of drainage ditch is excavated. Inlet protection for proposed structures shall be installed as each section of storm sewer is completed. Erosion blanket shall be installed on all slopes 3:1 or steeper as each section of parkway is top soiled and seeded.

b. **Storm Water Management**

Provided below is a description of measures that will be installed during the construction process to control pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

(i) Such practices may include: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds); storm water retention structures; flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions; infiltration of runoff on site; and sequential systems (which combine several practices). **The practices selected for implementation were determined on the basis of the technical guidance in Section 10-300 (Design Considerations) in Chapter 10 (Erosion and Sedimentation Control) of the Illinois Department of Transportation Drainage Manual. If practices other than those discussed in Section 10-300 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Section 10-300, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below.**

(ii) Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g., maintenance of hydrologic conditions, such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities).

Description of Storm Water Management Controls (use additional pages, as necessary):

The proposed storm sewer system will discharge to the same outlets as the stormwater runoff under existing conditions. The proposed pavement widening will result in an increase in impervious area and additional runoff. Stormwater detention will be provided to compensate for the proposed pavement widening. Detention will be provided by installing oversized storm sewers and restricting their release rate. A storm water treatment unit will be installed on the south side of Illinois Route 56, west of Midwest Road to prevent suspended solids and oils from running off into existing pond and streams. Vegetated ditches along Route 56, Midwest Road and MacArthur Drive, will help to promote infiltration on-site and will help remove suspended solids from the runoff.

c. Other Controls

- (i) Waste Disposal. No solid materials, including building materials, shall be discharged into Waters of the State, except as authorized by a Section 404 permit.
- (ii) The provisions of this plan shall ensure and demonstrate compliance with applicable State and/or local waste disposal, sanitary sewer or septic system regulations.
- (iii) Sanitary Waste Materials. The provisions of these plans shall ensure and demonstrate compliance with applicable State and/or local waste disposal, sanitary sewer, or septic system regulations. The Contractor shall not create or allow unsanitary conditions.
- (iv) Off-Site Vehicle Tracking. Each site shall have one or more stabilized construction entrance(s) in conformance with Standard Specifications and Standard Design Details. Where the contractor's equipment is operated on any portion of the traveled surface or structures used by traffic on or adjacent to the section under construction, the contractor shall clean (not flushing) the traveled surface of all dirt and debris at the end of each day's operations, or more frequently if directed by the Engineer.
- (v) Site Cleanup. Trapped sediment and other disturbed soils resulting from the disposition of temporary erosion and sediment control measures shall be permanently stabilized to prevent further erosion and sedimentation.

d. Approved State or Local Plans

The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Illinois Urban Manual, 1995. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans or site permits or storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI to be authorized to discharge under permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

None. The proposed design does not include sediment and erosion site plans or stormwater management plans approved by local officials.

3. Maintenance

The following is a description of procedures that will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan (use additional pages, as necessary):

During construction, inlet protection bags will be emptied as necessary and inlet structures and storm sewer pipes will be cleaned as needed. Soil will be removed from the face of the silt fence and the silt fence will be re-erected as necessary. The proposed plantings and sod will be watered daily until they have become established.

4. Inspections

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site which have not been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site. Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within 24 hours of the end of a storm that is 0.5 inches or greater or equivalent snowfall.

- a. Disturbed areas and areas used for storage of materials that are exposed to precipitation shall be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system. Erosion and sediment control measures identified in the plan shall be observed to ensure that they are operating correctly. Where discharge locations or points are accessible, they shall be inspected to ascertain whether erosion control measures are effective in preventing significant impacts to receiving waters. Locations where vehicles enter or exit the site shall be inspected for evidence of off site sediment tracking.
- b. Based on the results of the inspection, the description of potential pollutant sources identified in section 1 above and pollution prevention measures identified in section 2 above shall be revised as appropriate as soon as practicable after such inspection. Any changes to this plan resulting from the required inspections shall be implemented within 7 calendar days following the inspection.
- c. A report summarizing the scope of the inspection, name(s) and qualifications of personnel making the inspection, the date(s) of the inspection, major observations relating to the implementation of this storm water pollution prevention plan, and actions taken in accordance with section 4.b. shall be made and retained as part of the plan for at least three (3) years after the date of the inspection. The report shall be signed in accordance with Part VI. G of the general permit.
- d. If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer or Resident Technician shall complete and file an "Incidence of Noncompliance" (ION) report for the identified violation. The Resident Engineer or Resident Technician shall use forms provided by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of noncompliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the general permit.



FAU 3545 (IL 56)
 Section: 54 WRS-7
 DuPage County
 Contract No. 62291

Contractor Certification Statement

This certification statement is a part of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan for the project described below, in accordance with NPDES Permit No. ILR10, issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency on May 14, 1998.

Project Information:

Route FAU 3545 Marked Illinois Route 56
 Section 54 WRS - 7 Project No. IDOT Contract No. 62291
 County DuPage

I certify under penalty of law that I understand the terms of the general National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit (ILR 10) that authorizes the storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the construction site identified as part of this certification.

 Signature

 Title

 Name of Firm

 Street Address

 City State

 Zip Code

 Telephone Number

 Date

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI)
 GENERAL PERMIT TO DISCHARGE STORM WATER
 CONSTRUCTION SITE ACTIVITIES

OWNER INFORMATION

| | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| NAME: | LAST ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION | FIRST | MIDDLE | (OR COMPANY NAME) | OWNER TYPE: STATE |
| MAILING ADDRESS: | 201 WEST CENTER COURT | | | | |
| CITY: | SCHAUMBURG | STATE: | IL | ZIP: | 60196-1096 |
| CONTACT PERSON: | MR. RICK WANNER | TELEPHONE NUMBER: | AREA CODE 847 | NUMBER 705-4172 | |

CONTRACTOR INFORMATION

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------|-------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|--------|
| NAME: | LAST | FIRST | MIDDLE | (OR COMPANY NAME) | TELEPHONE NUMBER: | AREA CODE | NUMBER |
| MAILING ADDRESS: | | CITY: | | STATE: | | ZIP: | |

CONSTRUCTION SITE INFORMATION

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|----------|---|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|--------|----|------------|----|----|----|
| SELECT ONE: | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Site <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE OF INFORMATION TO PERMIT NO. ILR10 _____ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FACILITY NAME: | IL 56 PROJECT IDOT CONTRACT #62291 | | | | OTHER NPDES PERMIT NOS.: | | | | | | | | | |
| FACILITY LOCATION: | IL 56 (WEST OF SUMMIT ROAD TO IL 83) | | | | | | TELEPHONE NUMBER: | AREA CODE | NUMBER | | | | | |
| CITY: | OAK TERRACE | BROOK | ST: | IL | ZIP: | 60181 | LATITUDE: | 41 | 51 | 10 | LONGITUDE: | 87 | 58 | 05 |
| COUNTY: | DUPAGE | | | SECTION: | 22 | TOWNSHIP: | 39 N | RANGE: | 11 E | | | | | |
| APPROX. CONST. START DATE: | 6/1/05 | APPROX. CONSTRUCTION END DATE: | 12/31/06 | TOTAL SIZE OF CONSTRUCTION SITE IN ACRES: | 0016 | | | | | | | | | |
| STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN COMPLETED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO (If no, separate notification required to Agency prior to construction.) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION

| | |
|----------------|---|
| TRANSPORTATION | TYPE BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT: ROADWAY WIDENING AND RECONSTRUCTION |
|----------------|---|

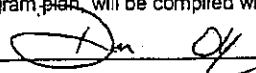
HISTORIC PRESERVATION AND ENDANGERED SPECIES COMPLIANCE

| | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|--|
| HAS THIS PROJECT SATISFIED APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH ILLINOIS LAW ON: | | | |
| HISTORIC PRESERVATION | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES | <input type="checkbox"/> NO | |
| ENDANGERED SPECIES | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES | <input type="checkbox"/> NO | |

RECEIVING WATER INFORMATION

| | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| DOES YOUR STORM WATER DISCHARGE DIRECTLY TO: <input type="checkbox"/> WATERS OF THE STATE OR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> STORM SEWER | OWNER OF STORM SEWER SYSTEM: STATE |
| NAME OF CLOSEST RECEIVING WATER: | SALT CREEK |

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction and supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage this system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. In addition, I certify that the provisions of the permit, including the development and implementation of a storm water pollution prevention plan and a monitoring program, will be complied with.

OWNER SIGNATURE:  DATE: 4/4/05

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

| | | |
|--|--|------------------|
| MAIL COMPLETED FORM TO: (DO NOT SUBMIT ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION UNLESS REQUESTED) | ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ATTN: PERMIT SECTION POST OFFICE BOX 19276 SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62794-9276 www.epa.state.il.us | LOG: |
| | | PERMIT NO. ILR10 |
| | | DATE: |

Information required by this form must be provided to comply with 415 ILCS 5/39 (1996). Failure to do so may prevent this form from being processed and could result in your application being denied. This form has been approved by the Forms Management Center.

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
1021 N. Grand Avenue East, P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, IL 62794-9276

CONTRACT 62291

Division of Public Water Supplies

Telephone 217/782-1724

PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

SUBJECT: OAK BROOK (DuPage County-0430700)

Permit Issued to:
Village President and Board of Trustees
1200 Oak Brook Road
Oak Brook, IL 60523

PERMIT NUMBER: 1332-FY2005
Proposed Improvement

DATE ISSUED: March 7, 2005
PERMIT TYPE: Water Main

The issuance of this permit is based on plans and specifications prepared by the engineers/architects indicated, and are identified as follows:

FIRM: James J. Benes and Associates, Inc.
NUMBER OF PLAN SHEETS: 32
TITLE OF PLANS: "F.A.U. Route 3545 (IL Rte. 56) West of Summit Avenue to IL 83 **SR**"

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS:

Install approximately 885 lineal feet of 10-inch water main and 417 lineal feet of 8-inch water main

ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS:

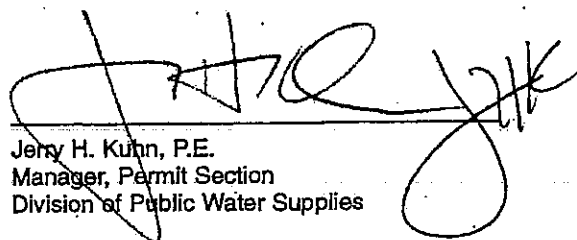
1. All water mains shall be satisfactorily disinfected prior to use. In accordance with the requirements of AWWA C651-99, at least one set of samples shall be collected from every 1,200 feet of new water main, plus one set from the end of the line and at least one set from each branch. Satisfactory disinfection shall be demonstrated in accordance with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 652.203.
2. There are no further conditions to this permit.

JHK:ALD:dsa

CC: James J. Benes and Associates, Inc.
Elgin Regional Office
DuPage County Health Department

This permit is issued for the construction and/or installation of the public water supply improvements described above, in accordance with the provisions of the "Environmental Protection Act," Title IV, Sections 14 through 17, and Title X, Sections 39 and 40, and is subject to the conditions printed on the reverse side of this page and the ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS printed above.

IL 532-0168
PWS 065 Rev. 12/01


Jerry H. Kuhn, P.E.
Manager, Permit Section
Division of Public Water Supplies

STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION/DEVELOPMENT PERMITS
ISSUED BY THE ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

(July 1, 1979)

The Illinois Environmental Protection Act (Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 111-1/2, Section 1039) grants the Environmental Protection Agency authority to impose conditions on permits which it issues.

These standard conditions shall apply to all permits which the Agency issues for construction or development projects which require permits under the Divisions of Water Pollution Control, Air Pollution Control, Public Water Supplies, and Land and Noise Pollution Control. Special conditions may also be imposed by the separate divisions in addition to these standard conditions.

1. Unless this permit has been extended or it has been voided by a newly issued permit, this permit will expire one year after date of issuance unless construction or development on this project has started on or prior to that date. (See below).
2. The construction or development of facilities covered by this permit shall be done in compliance with applicable provisions of Federal laws and regulations, the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, and Rules and Regulations adopted by the Illinois Pollution Control Board.
3. There shall be no deviations from the approved plans and specifications unless a written request for modification of the project, along with plans and specifications as required, shall have been submitted to the Agency and a supplemental written permit issued.
4. The permittee shall allow any agent duly authorized by the Agency upon the presentation of credentials:
 - a. to enter at reasonable times the permittee's premises where actual or potential effluent, emission or noise sources are located or where any activity is to be conducted pursuant to this permit.
 - b. to have access to and copy at reasonable times any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit.
 - c. to inspect at reasonable times, including during any hours of operation of equipment constructed or operated under this permit, such equipment or monitoring methodology or equipment required to be kept, used, operated, calibrated and maintained under this permit.
 - d. to obtain and remove at reasonable times samples of any discharge or emission of pollutants.
 - e. to enter at reasonable times and utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring or other equipment for the purpose of preserving, testing, monitoring, or recording any activity, discharge, or emission authorized by this permit.
5. The issuance of this permit:
 - a. shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the permitted facilities are to be located;
 - b. does not release the permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the construction, maintenance, or operation of the proposed facilities;
 - c. does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable statutes and regulations of the United States, of the State of Illinois, or with applicable local laws, ordinances and regulations;
 - d. does not take into consideration or attest to the structural stability of any units or parts of the project;
 - e. in no manner implies or suggests that the Agency (or its officers, agents or employees) assumes any liability directly or indirectly for any loss due to damage, installation, maintenance, or operation of the proposed equipment or facility.
6. Unless a joint construction/operation permit has been issued, a permit for operating shall be obtained from the Agency before the facility or equipment covered by this permit is placed into operation.
7. These standard conditions shall prevail unless modified by special conditions.
8. The Agency may file a complaint with the Board of modification, suspension or revocation of a permit:
 - a. upon discovery that the permit application contained misrepresentation or false statements or that all relevant facts were not disclosed; or
 - b. upon finding that any standard or special conditions have been violated; or
 - c. upon any violation of the Environmental Protection Act or any Rule or Regulation effective thereunder as a result of the construction or development authorized by this permit.

For Division of Public Water Supply Construction Permits, construction on this project, once started, may continue for four years before this permit expires. A request for extension shall be filed at least 90 days prior to the permit expiration date.

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

1021 N. Grand Avenue East, P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, IL 62794-9276

FAU 3545 (IL 56)
Section: 54 WRS-7
DuPage County
Contract No. 62291

CONTRACT 62291

Division of Public Water Supplies

Telephone 217/782-1724

PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

SUBJECT: OAKBROOK TERRACE (DuPage County-0430750)

Permit Issued to:
Mayor and City Council
17 W 275 Butterfield Road
Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181

PERMIT NUMBER: 1333-FY2005
Proposed Improvement

DATE ISSUED: February 18, 2005
PERMIT TYPE: Water Main

The issuance of this permit is based on plans and specifications prepared by the engineers/architects indicated, and are identified as follows:

FIRM: James J. Benes and Associates, Inc.
NUMBER OF PLAN SHEETS: 23
TITLE OF PLANS: "F.A.U. 3545 (IL Rte. 56)-West of Summit Avenue to IL 83"

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS:

Installation of approximately 300 feet of 8-inch water main

ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS:

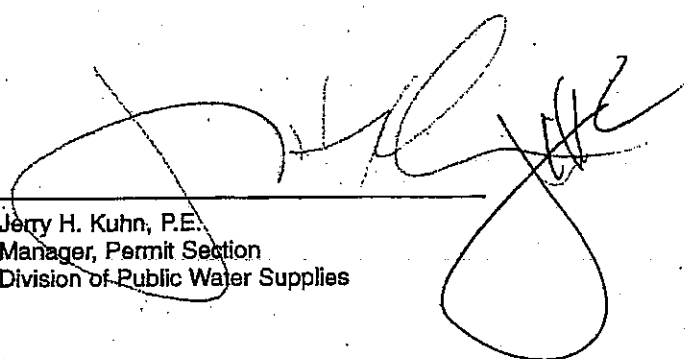
1. There are no further conditions to this permit.

JHK:MPH:dsa

CC: James J. Benes and Associates, Inc.
Elgin Regional Office
DuPage County Health Department

This permit is issued for the construction and/or installation of the public water supply improvements described above, in accordance with the provisions of the "Environmental Protection Act," Title IV, Sections 14 through 17, and Title X, Sections 39 and 40, and is subject to the conditions printed on the reverse side of this page and the ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS printed above.

IL 532-0168
PWS 065 Rev. 12/01


Jerry H. Kuhn, P.E.
Manager, Permit Section
Division of Public Water Supplies

STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION/DEVELOPMENT PERMITS
ISSUED BY THE ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

(July 1, 1979)

The Illinois Environmental Protection Act (Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 111-1/2, Section 1039) grants the Environmental Protection Agency authority to impose conditions on permits which it issues.

These standard conditions shall apply to all permits which the Agency issues for construction or development projects which require permits under the Divisions of Water Pollution Control, Air Pollution Control, Public Water Supplies, and Land and Noise Pollution Control. Special conditions may also be imposed by the separate divisions in addition to these standard conditions.

1. Unless this permit has been extended or it has been voided by a newly issued permit, this permit will expire one year after date of issuance unless construction or development on this project has started on or prior to that date. (See below).
2. The construction or development of facilities covered by this permit shall be done in compliance with applicable provisions of Federal laws and regulations, the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, and Rules and Regulations adopted by the Illinois Pollution Control Board.
3. There shall be no deviations from the approved plans and specifications unless a written request for modification of the project, along with plans and specifications as required, shall have been submitted to the Agency and a supplemental written permit issued.
4. The permittee shall allow any agent duly authorized by the Agency upon the presentation of credentials:
 - a. to enter at reasonable times the permittee's premises where actual or potential effluent, emission or noise sources are located or where any activity is to be conducted pursuant to this permit.
 - b. to have access to and copy at reasonable times any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit.
 - c. to inspect at reasonable times, including during any hours of operation of equipment constructed or operated under this permit, such equipment or monitoring methodology or equipment required to be kept, used, operated, calibrated and maintained under this permit.
 - d. to obtain and remove at reasonable times samples of any discharge or emission of pollutants.
 - e. to enter at reasonable times and utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring or other equipment for the purpose of preserving, testing, monitoring, or recording any activity, discharge, or emission authorized by this permit.
5. The issuance of this permit:
 - a. shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the permitted facilities are to be located;
 - b. does not release the permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the construction, maintenance, or operation of the proposed facilities;
 - c. does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable statutes and regulations of the United States, of the State of Illinois, or with applicable local laws, ordinances and regulations;
 - d. does not take into consideration or attest to the structural stability of any units or parts of the project;
 - e. in no manner implies or suggests that the Agency (or its officers, agents or employees) assumes any liability directly or indirectly for any loss due to damage, installation, maintenance, or operation of the proposed equipment or facility.
6. Unless a joint construction/operation permit has been issued, a permit for operating shall be obtained from the Agency before the facility or equipment covered by this permit is placed into operation.
7. These standard conditions shall prevail unless modified by special conditions.
8. The Agency may file a complaint with the Board of modification, suspension or revocation of a permit:
 - a. upon discovery that the permit application contained misrepresentation or false statements or that all relevant facts were not disclosed; or
 - b. upon finding that any standard or special conditions have been violated; or
 - c. upon any violation of the Environmental Protection Act or any Rule or Regulation effective thereunder as a result of the construction or development authorized by this permit.

For Division of Public Water Supply Construction Permits, construction on this project, once started, may continue for four years before this permit expires. A request for extension shall be filed at least 90 days prior to the permit expiration date.

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PERMIT

LOG NUMBERS: 3324-05 (3072-05)

PERMIT NO.: 2005-HB-3324

FINAL PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, APPLICATION
AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

DATE ISSUED: APR 28 2005

PREPARED BY: James J. Benes & Associates, Inc.

SUBJECT: HINSDALE SD- F.A.U. Route 3545 (IL Route 56)

(Hinsdale Sanitary District- John A. McElwain Sewage Treatment Plant) -- Sanitary Sewer Permit

PERMITTEE TO CONSTRUCT, OWN AND OPERATE

Hinsdale Sanitary District
6975 Commonwealth Avenue
Burr Ridge, Illinois 60527

Permit is hereby granted to the above designated permittee(s) to construct and/or operate water pollution control facilities described as follows (quantities are approximate):

111 feet of 10 inch sanitary sewer and one manhole to serve an existing developed area (0 P.E., 0 GPD, DAF) located at Summit Avenue with discharge to an existing 36 inch sanitary sewer tributary to the above indicated sewage treatment plant.

This Permit is issued subject to the following Special Condition(s). If such Special Condition(s) require(s) additional or revised facilities, satisfactory engineering plan documents must be submitted to this Agency for review and approval for issuance of a Supplemental Permit.

SPECIAL CONDITION 1: Any connections to this sanitary sewer extension must be in accordance with the latest Revisions of Title 35, Subtitle C, Chapter 1. Permits must be obtained if required by said regulations.

SPECIAL CONDITION 2: If this project is located within a wetlands, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers may require a permit for construction pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

SPECIAL CONDITION 3: The Permittee to Construct shall be responsible for obtaining an NPDES Storm Water Permit prior to initiating construction if the construction activities associated with this project will result in the disturbance of one (1) or more acres total land area.

An NPDES Storm Water Permit may be obtained by submitting a properly completed Notice of Intent (NOI) form by certified mail to the Agency's Division of Water Pollution Control - Permit Section.

SPECIAL CONDITION 4: Horizontal and/or vertical separation between any sanitary sewers and water mains must be in conformance with Section 370.350 of the Illinois Recommended Standards for Sewage Works.


SPECIAL CONDITION 5: The proposed manhole shall be tested for watertightness in accordance with the Illinois Recommended Standards for Sewage Works Section 370.330 (e) (2).

THE STANDARD CONDITIONS OF ISSUANCE INDICATED ON THE REVERSE SIDE MUST BE COMPLIED WITH IN FULL. READ ALL CONDITIONS CAREFULLY.

SAK:MRA:j:\docs\permits\statecon\ashraf\332405.wpd

DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

cc: EPA - Des Plaines FOS
James J. Benes & Associates, Inc.
Records - Municipal
Binds


Alan Keller, P.E.
Manager, Permit Section

**READ ALL CONDITIONS CAREFULLY:
STANDARD CONDITIONS**

The Illinois Environmental Protection Act (Illinois Revised Statutes Chapter 111-12, Section 1039) grants the Environmental Protection Agency authority to impose conditions on permits which it issues.

1. Unless the construction for which this permit is issued has been completed, this permit will expire (1) two years after the date of issuance for permits to construct sewers or wastewater sources or (2) three years after the date of issuance for permits to construct treatment works or pretreatment works.
2. The construction or development of facilities covered by this permit shall be done in compliance with applicable provisions of Federal laws and regulations, the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, and Rules and Regulations adopted by the Illinois Pollution Control Board.
3. There shall be no deviations from the approved plans and specifications unless a written request for modification of the project, along with plans and specifications as required, shall have been submitted to the Agency and a supplemental written permit issued.
4. The permittee shall allow any agent duly authorized by the Agency upon the presentations of credentials:
 - a. to enter at reasonable times, the permittee's premises where actual or potential effluent, emission or noise sources are located or where any activity is to be conducted pursuant to this permit;
 - b. to have access to and copy at reasonable times any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit;
 - c. to inspect at reasonable times, including during any hours of operation of equipment constructed or operated under this permit, such equipment or monitoring methodology or equipment required to be kept, used, operated, calibrated and maintained under this permit;
 - d. to obtain and remove at reasonable times samples of any discharge or emission of pollutants;
 - e. to enter at reasonable times and utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring or other equipment for the purpose of preserving, testing, monitoring, or recording any activity, discharge, or emission authorized by this permit.
5. The issuance of this permit:
 - a. shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the permitted facilities are to be located;
 - b. does not release the permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the construction, maintenance, or operation of the proposed facilities;
 - c. does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable statutes and regulations of the United States, of the State of Illinois, or with applicable local laws, ordinances and regulations;
 - d. does not take into consideration or attest to the structural stability of any units or parts of the project;
 - e. in no manner implies or suggests that the Agency (or its officers, agents or employees) assumes any liability, directly or indirectly, for any loss due to damage, installation, maintenance, or operation of the proposed equipment or facility.
6. Unless a joint construction/operation permit has been issued, a permit for operating shall be obtained from the agency before the facility or equipment covered by this permit is placed into operation.
7. These standard conditions shall prevail unless modified by special conditions.
8. The Agency may file a complaint with the Board for suspension or revocation of a permit:
 - a. upon discovery that the permit application contained misrepresentations, misinformation or false statement or that all relevant facts were not disclosed; or
 - b. upon finding that any standard or special conditions have been violated; or
 - c. upon any violation of the Environmental Protection Act or any Rules or Regulation effective thereunder as a result of the construction or development authorized by this permit.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

**PREVAILING WAGES FOR
COUNTY
EFFECTIVE JUNE 2005**

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at <http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/> or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.

Du Page County Prevailing Wage for June 2005

| Trade Name | RG | TYP | C | Base | FRMAN | *M-F>8 | OSA | OSH | H/W | Pensn | Vac | Trng |
|----------------------|----|-----|---|--------|--------|--------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| ASBESTOS ABT-GEN | | ALL | | 29.000 | 29.750 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.310 | 3.440 | 0.000 | 0.170 |
| ASBESTOS ABT-MEC | | BLD | | 23.300 | 24.800 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.640 | 5.520 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| BOILERMAKER | | BLD | | 36.820 | 40.140 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.920 | 6.260 | 0.000 | 0.210 |
| BRICK MASON | | BLD | | 32.050 | 35.260 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.650 | 6.340 | 0.000 | 0.440 |
| CARPENTER | | ALL | | 34.320 | 35.820 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.560 | 4.860 | 0.000 | 0.490 |
| CEMENT MASON | | ALL | | 30.600 | 31.850 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.000 | 8.700 | 0.000 | 0.130 |
| CERAMIC TILE FNSHER | | BLD | | 25.450 | 0.000 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.000 | 4.350 | 0.000 | 0.100 |
| COMMUNICATION TECH | | BLD | | 28.300 | 30.100 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.300 | 7.370 | 0.000 | 0.420 |
| ELECTRIC PWR EQMT OP | | ALL | | 26.940 | 34.540 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.750 | 7.440 | 0.000 | 0.130 |
| ELECTRIC PWR GRNDMAN | | ALL | | 20.970 | 34.540 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.750 | 5.760 | 0.000 | 0.100 |
| ELECTRIC PWR LINEMAN | | ALL | | 31.980 | 34.540 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.750 | 8.850 | 0.000 | 0.160 |
| ELECTRIC PWR TRK DRV | | ALL | | 21.640 | 34.540 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.750 | 5.950 | 0.000 | 0.110 |
| ELECTRICIAN | | BLD | | 31.000 | 34.100 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 8.000 | 9.510 | 3.410 | 0.470 |
| ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTOR | | BLD | | 38.995 | 43.870 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 7.275 | 3.420 | 2.340 | 0.370 |
| FENCE ERECTOR | NE | ALL | | 24.840 | 26.090 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.650 | 6.740 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| FENCE ERECTOR | W | ALL | | 32.990 | 34.630 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.440 | 12.82 | 0.000 | 0.230 |
| GLAZIER | | BLD | | 30.000 | 31.000 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.090 | 8.450 | 0.000 | 0.500 |
| HT/FROST INSULATOR | | BLD | | 31.650 | 33.400 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 7.260 | 8.360 | 0.000 | 0.230 |
| IRON WORKER | E | ALL | | 34.850 | 36.350 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 8.220 | 10.27 | 0.000 | 0.270 |
| IRON WORKER | W | ALL | | 32.990 | 34.630 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.440 | 12.82 | 0.000 | 0.230 |
| LABORER | | ALL | | 29.000 | 29.750 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.310 | 3.440 | 0.000 | 0.170 |
| LATHER | | BLD | | 34.320 | 35.820 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.560 | 4.860 | 0.000 | 0.490 |
| MACHINIST | | BLD | | 34.540 | 36.290 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 3.200 | 4.100 | 2.380 | 0.000 |
| MARBLE FINISHERS | | ALL | | 25.050 | 0.000 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.220 | 6.340 | 0.000 | 0.570 |
| MARBLE MASON | | BLD | | 32.050 | 35.260 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.650 | 6.340 | 0.000 | 0.570 |
| MILLWRIGHT | | ALL | | 34.320 | 35.820 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.560 | 4.860 | 0.000 | 0.490 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | BLD | 1 | 37.600 | 41.600 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | BLD | 2 | 36.300 | 41.600 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | BLD | 3 | 33.750 | 41.600 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | BLD | 4 | 32.000 | 41.600 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | HWY | 1 | 35.800 | 39.800 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | HWY | 2 | 35.250 | 39.800 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | HWY | 3 | 33.200 | 39.800 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | HWY | 4 | 31.800 | 39.800 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| OPERATING ENGINEER | | HWY | 5 | 30.600 | 39.800 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.050 | 4.850 | 1.800 | 0.600 |
| ORNAMNTL IRON WORKER | E | ALL | | 32.300 | 34.050 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.650 | 9.690 | 0.000 | 0.750 |
| ORNAMNTL IRON WORKER | W | ALL | | 32.990 | 34.630 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.440 | 12.82 | 0.000 | 0.230 |
| PAINTER | | ALL | | 33.330 | 34.330 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 5.150 | 5.000 | 0.000 | 0.250 |
| PAINTER SIGNS | | BLD | | 25.150 | 28.240 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.600 | 2.010 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| PILEDRIVER | | ALL | | 34.320 | 35.820 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.560 | 4.860 | 0.000 | 0.490 |
| PIPEFITTER | | BLD | | 34.010 | 36.010 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.800 | 6.690 | 0.000 | 0.850 |
| PLASTERER | | BLD | | 31.150 | 32.650 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.650 | 5.840 | 0.000 | 0.250 |
| PLUMBER | | BLD | | 34.010 | 36.010 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 6.800 | 6.690 | 0.000 | 0.850 |
| ROOFER | | BLD | | 31.950 | 33.950 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.470 | 2.950 | 0.000 | 0.330 |
| SHEETMETAL WORKER | | BLD | | 33.680 | 35.680 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.950 | 6.840 | 0.000 | 0.540 |
| SPRINKLER FITTER | | BLD | | 34.500 | 36.500 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 7.000 | 5.550 | 0.000 | 0.500 |
| STEEL ERECTOR | E | ALL | | 34.850 | 36.350 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 8.220 | 10.27 | 0.000 | 0.270 |
| STEEL ERECTOR | W | ALL | | 32.990 | 34.630 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 6.440 | 12.82 | 0.000 | 0.230 |
| STONE MASON | | BLD | | 32.050 | 35.260 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.650 | 6.340 | 0.000 | 0.440 |
| TERRAZZO FINISHER | | BLD | | 26.200 | 0.000 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.750 | 4.750 | 0.000 | 0.220 |
| TERRAZZO MASON | | BLD | | 30.050 | 32.550 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.750 | 6.150 | 0.000 | 0.120 |
| TILE MASON | | BLD | | 31.000 | 34.000 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.000 | 5.350 | 0.000 | 0.180 |
| TRAFFIC SAFETY WRKR | | HWY | | 22.800 | 24.400 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.078 | 1.875 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| TRUCK DRIVER | | ALL | 1 | 27.900 | 28.450 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.350 | 3.100 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| TRUCK DRIVER | | ALL | 2 | 28.050 | 28.450 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.350 | 3.100 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| TRUCK DRIVER | | ALL | 3 | 28.250 | 28.450 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.350 | 3.100 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| TRUCK DRIVER | | ALL | 4 | 28.450 | 28.450 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 5.350 | 3.100 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| TUCKPOINTER | | BLD | | 33.500 | 34.500 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 4.210 | 5.840 | 0.000 | 0.400 |

Legend :

M-F>8 (Overtime is required for any hour greater than 8 worked each day, Monday through Friday.)

OSA (Overtime is required for every hour worked on Saturday)

OSH (Overtime is required for every hour worked on Sunday and Holidays)

H/W (Health & Welfare Insurance)

Pensn (Pension)

Vac (Vacation)

Trng (Training)

Explanations

DUPAGE COUNTY

IRON WORKERS AND FENCE ERECTOR (WEST) - West of Route 53.

The following list is considered as those days for which holiday rates of wages for work performed apply: New Years Day, Memorial/Decoration Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day. Generally, any of these holidays which fall on a Sunday is celebrated on the following Monday. This then makes work performed on that Monday payable at the appropriate overtime rate for holiday pay. Common practice in a given local may alter certain days of celebration such as the day after Thanksgiving for Veterans Day. If in doubt, please check with IDOL.

EXPLANATION OF CLASSES

ASBESTOS - GENERAL - removal of asbestos material/mold and hazardous materials from any place in a building, including mechanical systems where those mechanical systems are to be removed. This includes the removal of asbestos materials/mold and hazardous materials from ductwork or pipes in a building when the building is to be demolished at the time or at some close future date.

ASBESTOS - MECHANICAL - removal of asbestos material from mechanical systems, such as pipes, ducts, and boilers, where the mechanical systems are to remain.

TRAFFIC SAFETY - work associated with barricades, horses and drums used to reduce lane usage on highway work, the installation and removal of temporary lane markings, and the installation and removal of temporary road signs.

CERAMIC TILE FINISHER

The grouting, cleaning, and polishing of all classes of tile, whether for interior or exterior purposes, all burned, glazed or unglazed products; all composition materials, granite tiles, warning detectable tiles, cement tiles, epoxy composite materials, pavers, glass, mosaics, fiberglass, and all substitute materials, for tile made in tile-like units; all mixtures in tile like form of cement, metals, and other materials that are for and intended for use as a finished floor

surface, stair treads, promenade roofs, walks, walls, ceilings, swimming pools, and all other places where tile is to form a finished interior or exterior. The mixing of all setting mortars including but not limited to thin-set mortars, epoxies, wall mud, and any other sand and cement mixtures or adhesives when used in the preparation, installation, repair, or maintenance of tile and/or similar materials. The handling and unloading of all sand, cement, lime, tile, fixtures, equipment, adhesives, or any other materials to be used in the preparation, installation, repair, or maintenance of tile and/or similar materials. Ceramic Tile Finishers shall fill all joints and voids regardless of method on all tile work, particularly and especially after installation of said tile work. Application of any and all protective coverings to all types of tile installations including, but not be limited to, all soap compounds, paper products, tapes, and all polyethylene coverings, plywood, masonite, cardboard, and any new type of products that may be used to protect tile installations, Blastrac equipment, and all floor scarifying equipment used in preparing floors to receive tile. The clean up and removal of all waste and materials. All demolition of existing tile floors and walls to be re-tiled.

COMMUNICATIONS TECHNICIAN

Low voltage installation, maintenance and removal of telecommunication facilities (voice, sound, data and video) including telephone and data inside wire, interconnect, terminal equipment, central offices, PABX, fiber optic cable and equipment, micro waves, V-SAT, bypass, CATV, WAN (wide area networks), LAN (local area networks), and ISDN (integrated system digital network), pulling of wire in raceways, but not the installation of raceways.

MARBLE FINISHER

Loading and unloading trucks, distribution of all materials (all stone, sand, etc.), stocking of floors with material, performing all rigging for heavy work, the handling of all material that may be needed for the installation of such materials, building of scaffolding, polishing if needed, patching, waxing of material if damaged, pointing up, caulking, grouting and cleaning of marble, holding water on diamond or Carborundum blade or saw for setters cutting, use of tub saw or any other saw needed for preparation of material, drilling of holes for wires that anchor material set by setters, mixing up of molding plaster for installation of material, mixing up thin set for the installation of material, mixing up of sand to cement for the installatin of material and such other work as may be required in helping a Marble Setter in the handling of all material in the erection or installation of interior marble, slate, travertine, art marble, serpentine, alberene stone, blue stone, granite and other stones (meaning as to stone any foreign or domestic materials as are specified and used in building interiors and experiors and customarily known as stone in the trade), carrara, sanionyx, vitrolite and similar opaque glass and the laying of all marble tile, terrazzo tile, slate tile and precast tile, steps, risers treads, base, or any other materials that may be used as substitutes for any of the aforementioned materials and which are used on interior and exterior which sare installed in a similar manner.

TRUCK DRIVER - BUILDING, HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

Class 1. Two or three Axle Trucks. A-frame Truck when used for transportation purposes; Air Compressors and Welding Machines, including those pulled by cars, pick-up trucks and tractors; Ambulances; Batch Gate Lockers; Batch Hopperman; Car and Truck Washers; Carry-alls; Fork Lifts and Hoisters; Helpers; Mechanics

Helpers and Greasers; Oil Distributors 2-man operation; Pavement Breakers; Pole Trailer, up to 40 feet; Power Mower Tractors; Self-propelled Chip Spreader; Skipman; Slurry Trucks, 2-man operation; Slurry Truck Conveyor Operation, 2 or 3 man; Teamsters Unskilled dumpman; and Truck Drivers hauling warning lights, barricades, and portable toilets on the job site.

Class 2. Four axle trucks; Dump Crets and Adgetors under 7 yards; Dumpsters, Track Trucks, Euclids, Hug Bottom Dump Turnapulls or Turnatrailers when pulling other than self-loading equipment or similar equipment under 16 cubic yards; Mixer Trucks under 7 yards; Ready-mix Plant Hopper Operator, and Winch Trucks, 2 Axles.

Class 3. Five axle trucks; Dump Crets and Adgetors 7 yards and over; Dumpsters, Track Trucks, Euclids, Hug Bottom Dump Turnatrailers or turnapulls when pulling other than self-loading equipment or similar equipment over 16 cubic yards; Explosives and/or Fission Material Trucks; Mixer Trucks 7 yards or over; Mobile Cranes while in transit; Oil Distributors, 1-man operation; Pole Trailer, over 40 feet; Pole and Expandable Trailers hauling material over 50 feet long; Slurry trucks, 1-man operation; Winch trucks, 3 axles or more; Mechanic--Truck Welder and Truck Painter.

Class 4. Six axle trucks; Dual-purpose vehicles, such as mounted crane trucks with hoist and accessories; Foreman; Master Mechanic; Self-loading equipment like P.B. and trucks with scoops on the front.

OPERATING ENGINEERS - BUILDING

Class 1. Mechanic; Asphalt Plant; Asphalt Spreader; Autograde; Backhoes with Caisson attachment; Batch Plant; Benoto; Boiler and Throttle Valve; Caisson Rigs; Central Redi-Mix Plant; Combination Back Hoe Front End-loader Machine; Compressor and Throttle Valve; Concrete Breaker (Truck Mounted); Concrete Conveyor; Concrete Paver; Concrete Placer; Concrete Placing Boom; Concrete Pump (Truck Mounted); Concrete Tower; Cranes, All; Cranes, Hammerhead; Cranes, (GCI and similar Type); Creter Crane; Crusher, Stone, etc.; Derricks, All; Derricks, Traveling; Formless Curb and Gutter Machine; Grader, Elevating; Grouting Machines; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloader 2-1/4 yd. and over; Hoists, Elevators, outside type rack and pinion and similar machines; Hoists, one, two and three Drum; Hoists, Two Tugger One Floor; Hydraulic Backhoes; Hydraulic Boom Trucks; Hydro Vac (and similar equipment); Locomotives, All; Motor Patrol; Pile Drivers and Skid Rig; Post Hole Digger; Pre-Stress Machine; Pump Cretes Dual Ram; Pump Cretes; Squeeze Cretes-screw Type Pumps; Raised and Blind Hole Drill; Roto Mill Grinder; Scoops - Tractor Drawn; Slip-form Paver; Straddle Buggies; Tournapull; Tractor with Boom and Side Boom; Trenching Machines.

Class 2. Bobcat (over 3/4 cu. yd.); Boilers; Brick Forklift; Broom, All Power Propelled; Bulldozers; Concrete Mixer (Two Bag and Over); Conveyor, Portable; Fortlist Trucks; Greaser Engineer; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloaders under 2-1/4 yd.; Hoists, Automatic; Hoists, inside Freight Elevators; Hoists, Sewer Dragging Machine; Hoists, Tugger Single Drum; Laser Screed; Rock Drill (self-propelled); Rock Drill (truck mounted); Rollers, All; Steam Generators; Tractors, All; Tractor Drawn Vibratory Roller; Winch Trucks with "A" Frame.

Class 3. Air Compressor; Combination - Small Equipment Operator; Generators; Heaters, Mechanical; Hoists, Inside Elevators - (Rheostat Manual Controlled); Hydraulic Power Units (Pile Driving, Extracting, and Drilling); Pumps, over 3" (1 to 3 not to exceed a total of 300

ft.); Pumps, Well Points; Welding Machines (2 through 5); Winches, 4 small Electric Drill Winches; Bobcat (up to and including 3/4 cu. yd.).

Class 4. Bobcats and/or other Skid Steer Loaders; Oilers; and Brick Forklift.

OPERATING ENGINEERS - HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

Class 1. Craft Foreman; Asphalt Plant; Asphalt Heater and Planer Combination; Asphalt Heater Scarfire; Asphalt Spreader; Autograder/GOMACO or other similar type machines; ABG Paver; Backhoes with Caisson attachment; Ballast Regulator; Belt Loader; Caisson Rigs; Car Dumper; Central Redi-Mix Plant; Combination Backhoe Front Endloader Machine, (1 cu. yd. Backhoe Bucket or over or with attachments); Concrete Breaker (Truck Mounted); Concrete Conveyor; Concrete Paver over 27E cu. ft.; Concrete Placer; Concrete Tube Float; Cranes, all attachments; Cranes, Hammerhead, Linden, Peco & Machines of a like nature; Crete Crane; Crusher, Stone, etc.; Derricks, All; Derrick Boats; Derricks, Traveling; Dowell machine with Air Compressor; Dredges; Field Mechanic-Welder; Formless Curb and Gutter Machine; Gradall and Machines of a like nature; Grader, Elevating; Grader, Motor Grader, Motor Patrol, Auto Patrol, Form Grader, Pull Grader, Subgrader; Guard Rail Post Driver Mounted; Hoists, One, Two and Three Drum; Hydraulic Backhoes; Backhoes with shear attachments; Mucking Machine; Pile Drivers and Skid Rig; Pre-Stress Machine; Pump Cretes Dual Ram; Rock Drill - Crawler or Skid Rig; Rock Drill - Truck Mounted; Roto Mill Grinder; Slip-Form Paver; Soil Test Drill Rig (Truck Mounted); Straddle Buggies; Hydraulic Telescoping Form (Tunnel); Tractor Drawn Belt Loader (with attached pusher - two engineers); Tractor with Boom; Tractaire with Attachments; Trenching Machine; Truck Mounted Concrete Pump with Boom; Raised or Blind Hole; Drills (Tunnel Shaft); Underground Boring and/or Mining Machines; Wheel Excavator; Widener (APSCO).

Class 2. Batch Plant; Bituminous Mixer; Boiler and Throttle Valve; Bulldozers; Car Loader Trailing Conveyors; Combination Backhoe Front Endloader Machine (less than 1 cu. yd. Backhoe Bucket or over or with attachments); Compressor and Throttle Valve; Compressor, Common Receiver (3); Concrete Breaker or Hydro Hammer; Concrete Grinding Machine; Concrete Mixer or Paver 7S Series to and including 27 cu. ft.; Concrete Spreader; Concrete Curing Machine, Burlap Machine, Belting Machine and Sealing Machine; Concrete Wheel Saw; Conveyor Muck Cars (Haglund or Similar Type); Drills, All; Finishing Machine - Concrete; Greaser Engineer; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloader; Hoist - Sewer Dragging Machine; Hydraulic Boom Trucks (All Attachments); Hydro-Blaster; All Locomotives, Dinky; Pump Cretes; Squeeze Cretes-Screw Type Pumps, Gypsum Bulker and Pump; Roller, Asphalt; Rotary Snow Plows; Rototiller, Seaman, etc., self-propelled; Scoops - Tractor Drawn; Self-Propelled Compactor; Spreader - Chip - Stone, etc.; Scraper; Scraper - Prime Mover in Tandem (Regardless of Size); Tank Car Heater; Tractors, Push, Pulling Sheeps Foot, Disc, Compactor, etc.; Tug Boats.

Class 3. Boilers; Brooms, All Power Propelled; Cement Supply Tender; Compressor, Common Receiver (2); Concrete Mixer (Two Bag and Over); Conveyor, Portable; Farm-Type Tractors Used for Mowing, Seeding, etc.; Fireman on Boilers; Forklift Trucks; Grouting Machine; Hoists, Automatic; Hoists, All Elevators; Hoists, Tugger Single Drum; Jeep Diggers; Pipe Jacking Machines; Post-Hole Digger; Power Saw, Concrete Power Driven; Pug Mills; Rollers, other than asphalt; Seed and Straw Blower; Steam Generators; Stump Machine; Winch Trucks with "A" Frame; Work Boats; Tamper - Form-Motor Driven.

Class 4. Air Compressor; Combination - Small Equipment Operator; Directional Boring Machine; Generators; Heaters, Mechanical; Hydraulic Power Unit (Pile Driving, Extracting, or Drilling); Hydro-Blaster; Light Plants, All (1 through 5); Pumps, over 3" (1 to 3 not to exceed a total of 300 ft.); Pumps, Well Points; Tractaire; Welding Machines (2 through 5); Winches, 4 Small Electric Drill Winches.

Class 5. Bobcats (all); Brick Forklifts, Oilers.

TERRAZZO FINISHER

The handling of sand, cement, marble chips, and all other materials that may be used by the Mosaic Terrazzo Mechanic, and the mixing, grinding, grouting, cleaning and sealing of all Marble, Mosaic, and Terrazzo work, floors, base, stairs, and wainscoting by hand or machine, and in addition, assisting and aiding Marble, Masonic, and Terrazzo Mechanics.

Other Classifications of Work:

For definitions of classifications not otherwise set out, the Department generally has on file such definitions which are available. If a task to be performed is not subject to one of the classifications of pay set out, the Department will upon being contacted state which neighboring county has such a classification and provide such rate, such rate being deemed to exist by reference in this document. If no neighboring county rate applies to the task, the Department shall undertake a special determination, such special determination being then deemed to have existed under this determination. If a project requires these, or any classification not listed, please contact IDOL at 618/993-7271 for wage rates or clarifications.

LANDSCAPING

Landscaping work falls under the existing classifications for laborer, operating engineer and truck driver. The work performed by landscape plantsman and landscape laborer is covered by the existing classification of laborer. The work performed by landscape operators (regardless of equipment used or its size) is covered by the classifications of operating engineer. The work performed by landscape truck drivers (regardless of size of truck driven) is covered by the classifications of truck driver.