

144

November 8, 2024 Letting

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



**Illinois Department
of Transportation**

**Contract No. 62W28
COOK County
Section 2024-994-I
Route FAI 290
District 1 Construction Funds**

Prepared by

S

Checked by

(Printed by authority of the State of Illinois)



NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. November 8, 2024 prevailing time at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK.** The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 62W28
COOK County
Section 2024-994-I
Route FAI 290
District 1 Construction Funds**

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.

(b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS.** This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the
Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman,
Secretary

INDEX
FOR
SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2024

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 1-1-22) (Revised 1-1-24)

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

<u>Std. Spec. Sec.</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
202 Earth and Rock Excavation	1
204 Borrow and Furnished Excavation	2
207 Porous Granular Embankment	3
211 Topsoil and Compost	4
407 Hot-Mix Asphalt Pavement (Full-Depth)	5
420 Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	6
502 Excavation for Structures	7
509 Metal Railings	8
540 Box Culverts	9
542 Pipe Culverts	29
586 Granular Backfill for Structures	34
630 Steel Plate Beam Guardrail	35
644 High Tension Cable Median Barrier	36
665 Woven Wire Fence	37
782 Reflectors	38
801 Electrical Requirements	40
821 Roadway Luminaires	43
1003 Fine Aggregates	44
1004 Coarse Aggregates	45
1010 Finely Divided Minerals	46
1020 Portland Cement Concrete	47
1030 Hot-Mix Asphalt	48
1061 Waterproofing Membrane System	49
1067 Luminaire	50
1097 Reflectors	57

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

<u>CHECK SHEET #</u>		<u>PAGE NO.</u>
1	Additional State Requirements for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts	59
2	Subletting of Contracts (Federal-Aid Contracts)	62
3	X EEO	63
4	X Specific EEO Responsibilities Non Federal-Aid Contracts	73
5	X Required Provisions - State Contracts	78
6	Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal	84
7	Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos HMA Surface Removal	85
8	Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads	86
9	Construction Layout Stakes	87
10	Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing	90
11	Subsealing of Concrete Pavements	92
12	Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction	96
13	Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing	98
14	Patching with Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlay Removal	99
15	Polymer Concrete	101
16	Reserved	103
17	Bicycle Racks	104
18	Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals	106
19	Nighttime Inspection of Roadway Lighting	108
20	English Substitution of Metric Bolts	109
21	Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete	110
22	Quality Control of Concrete Mixtures at the Plant	111
23	Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures	119
24	Reserved	135
25	Reserved	136
26	Temporary Raised Pavement Markers	137
27	Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam	138
28	Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay	141
29	Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	145
30	Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching	148
31	Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided	150
32	Station Numbers in Pavements or Overlays	151

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LOCATION OF IMPROVEMENT	1
DESCRIPTION OF IMPROVEMENT	1
TERM OF CONTRACT	2
CONTRACT COMPLETION DATE	2
PROSECUTION OF THE WORK	2
INTERPRETATION OF QUANTITIES.....	2
INTERIM COMPLETION DATE (VIA CALENDAR DAYS).....	2
FAILURE TO COMPLETE THE WORK ON TIME	3
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	3
GRAFFITI REMOVAL	4
WORK ORDER SHEET	9
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	10
TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (EXPRESSWAYS)(MAINTENANCE).....	10
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL (D-1 MAINTENANCE).....	14
KEEPING THE EXPRESSWAY OPEN TO TRAFFIC.....	14
PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY (D1)	15
RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE (BDE)	16
CSX PERMITTING.....	17
CSX APPLICATION FOR RIGHT-OF-ENTRY	31
CSX CONSTRUCTION SUBMISSION CRITERIA	35
CSXT SPECIAL PROVISIONS	45
CSXT SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT POLICY	50
COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE).....	52
CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY – DIESEL RETROFIT (BDE)	55
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE).....	57
ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE – STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDE).....	67
REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE).....	67
SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)	69
SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE).....	69
SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE).....	70
VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE).....	71
WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)	71
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)	71

STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1 2022, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAI Route 290 (I-290), Section 2024-994-I, Cook County, Contract No. 62W28 and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

FAI Route 290 (I-290)
Section 2024-994-I
Cook County
Contract No. 62W28

LOCATION OF IMPROVEMENT

This work is located on the Eisenhower (I-290) from Wells St to Mannheim Rd (US 45) in Cook County.

DESCRIPTION OF IMPROVEMENT

The work to be completed under this contract is GRAFFITI REMOVAL.

The work to be done under GRAFFITI REMOVAL shall consist of removing graffiti from the surfaces on State DOT right of way or other locations as directed by the Engineer, by the methods described in this specification.

TERM OF CONTRACT

The term of this contract shall be from contract execution to **December 31, 2025** for Graffiti Removal.

CONTRACT COMPLETION DATE

The Contractor shall schedule his/her operations to complete all work and open all roadways to traffic on or before **December 31, 2025**, or as specified for pay item.

The Provisions of Article 108.09 of the Standard Specification shall apply to the contract completion date.

PROSECUTION OF THE WORK

The Engineer will issue a work order to the Contractor prior to the Contractor proceeding with any work on this Contract. Terms of Contract are specified in these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall understand before bidding that the plan schedule of start and completion dates may be revised due to the Department's operational needs. There is no guaranteed minimum or maximum of any Pay Item Work.

INTERPRETATION OF QUANTITIES

The quantities shown in the Summary of Quantities are approximate to perform graffiti abatement during the Term of Contract. Railroad Protective Liability Insurance shall be carried throughout the Term of Contract.

The quantities in the Summary of Quantities may be increased, decreased or deleted. Adjustments in contract unit prices will not be made due to an increase, decrease or deletion of items.

INTERIM COMPLETION DATE (VIA CALENDAR DAYS)

The Contractor shall complete each Graffiti Removal Work Order on or before the completion date as stated in the Work Order which will be based upon 5 calendar days for regular work orders and 72 hours for priority work orders regardless of over lapping work orders. The number of over lapping work orders issued will not exceed the maximum square yardage (750) that the Contractor is expected to remove per calendar day.

The completion date will be determined by the issuance date of the Work Order adding the specified number of calendar days to the date the Work Order has been issued, unless a delayed start is granted by the Engineer. Failure to complete the work in the required calendar days will result in Liquidated damages as stated in Failure to Complete Work on Time section.

FAILURE TO COMPLETE THE WORK ON TIME

Should the Contractor fail to complete the work on or before the completion date as specified in the Special Provision for "Interim Completion Date (via Calendar days) ", or within such extended time as may have been allowed by the Department, the Contractor shall be liable to the Department in the amount of \$750.00, not as a penalty but as liquidated damages, for each calendar day or a portion thereof of overrun in the contract time or such extended time as may have been allowed.

In fixing the damages as set out herein, the desire is to establish a certain mode of calculation for the work since the Department's actual loss, in the event of delay, cannot be predetermined, would be difficult of ascertainment, and a matter of argument and unprofitable litigation. This said mode is an equitable rule for measurement of the Department's actual loss and fairly takes into account the loss of use of the roadway if the project is delayed in completion. The Department shall not be required to provide any actual loss in order to recover these liquidated damages provided herein, as said damages are very difficult to ascertain. Furthermore, no provision of this clause shall be construed as a penalty, as such is not the intention of the parties.

A calendar day is every day shown on the calendar and starts at 12:00 midnight and ends at the following 12:00 midnight, twenty-four hours later.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

WORK AUTHORIZATION AND APPROVAL: The Engineer will verbally instruct the Contractor on the type and the location of work to be performed (Graffiti Removal). The Contractor shall contact the Engineer by telephone no later than 6:30 AM each workday (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays observed by the Illinois Department of Transportation), to coordinate and obtain approval for daily work. The Contractor shall not revise the sequence of daily planned work without the Engineer's approval.

No Daily Contractor Work Requests / Scheduling shall be authorized or approved to start when it is determined by the Engineer that weather conditions will be unfavorable. Approval of all Daily Contractor Work Schedule Requests shall be solely determined by the Engineer and or Project Supervisor.

The Contractor shall contact the Engineer by telephone on a weekday (Monday through Friday excluding holidays observed by the Illinois Department of Transportation) at least **72 hours** in advance of work on Saturdays, Sundays or holidays (including holidays observed by the Illinois Department of Transportation). Verbal work authorization instructions will be followed by written confirmation.

The Contractor shall repeat work that is not satisfactory. If after inspection the Engineer determines the work is to be repeated, the Engineer will verbally instruct the Contractor on the type and the location of the work to be repeated by the later of the following: 11:30 AM of the 3rd day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays observed by the Illinois Department of Transportation) following the day the work was performed or 55 hours after receipt of the completed Report of Contractor's Daily Work.

After satisfactory completion of the work, the Contractor will be furnished a written document of acceptance. Written authorization and/or acceptance of work will be made on forms established for this purpose. Samples of these forms are part of these Special Provisions.

GRAFFITI REMOVAL

Description: This work shall consist of removing graffiti from various surfaces on State DOT right of way or other locations as directed by the Engineer, by the methods described in this specification. The work will be restricted to areas that allow for shoulder closures as per Traffic Control Standard TC-17 and 701426-09 (Detail A). Graffiti removal will be limited to areas from edge of mainline to the State right of way. There will be no work orders issued in lanes of traffic unless otherwise directed by Engineer to work within a traffic closure provided by others.

Materials: All materials and equipment shall be subject to the Engineer's approval before any work can begin.

Abrasive material for blast cleaning shall meet the requirements of IEPA.

Paint: All paint used shall meet the following requirements:

The paint shall be a quality primer formulated specifically for the purpose of covering graffiti. It shall be compatible with the surface it is used on as per the manufacturer's data sheet, and must adhere well to the substrate and resist fading and chalking. Compatibility shall be verified by the paint manufacturer's product data sheet or by written documentation from the paint manufacturer. Color of primer used to cover graffiti shall match existing paint color to the satisfaction of the engineer.

Power Wash: Soluble, abrasive blast media shall be a large crystal sodium bicarbonate or a magnesium sulfate-based media. Solubility of the media in water shall meet the requirements of IEPA.

The equipment with the media shall be a soluble media injector type power washer. The Contractor shall submit catalog cuts or other documentation for all equipment proposed for use in this work. The Engineer may require demonstration of the equipment's capabilities. No work shall begin until the equipment has been demonstrated to, and accepted by the Engineer.

Solvent Wash: The cleaning compound shall be a blend of an organic solvent of emulsifiers and surfactants. It shall be a bio-degradable water-based, mixture developed from non-toxic and noncorrosive substances. This may be a soybean solution or other, satisfactory to the Engineer. Mineral spirits are also acceptable for this usage.

The cleaner shall lift graffiti from the substrate surface, and emulsify and dissolve the paint constituents; pigments; oils; binders and fillers. Acceptance of the cleaning compound will be based on the manufacturer's certification that the material conforms to the requirements of this specification. No work shall begin until these materials have been delivered to, and accepted by the Engineer.

Construction Details: All work must conform to the OSHA standards.

Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, the following methods shall be used to remove graffiti from various surfaces. If one of these prescribed methods is used, and the graffiti still remains visible, the Contractor shall use an alternate method approved by the Engineer. Painting over graffiti is the preferred option on previously painted surfaces, and where solvents were unsuccessful at removing graffiti.

Unless otherwise noted or directed by the Engineer, graffiti shall be removed within three (3) working days of written notification.

Graffiti Surface	Suggested Graffiti Removal Method
Steel (smooth, non-porous) Wood (painted or unpainted)	Solvent wash with Enviro-Solutions Paint Stripper & Graffiti Remover; SOY solv; Mineral Spirits or Painting Over Graffiti or Power Washing
Brick, Stone, Concrete, Paving. Solvent blocks (porous, unpainted)	Wash with Taginator, or Power Washing, or Painting Over Graffiti or Abrasive Blasting
Painted Masonry	Painting Over Graffiti or Power Wash
Sign Panel Faces & Aluminum (unpainted mill finish or anodized finish)	Solvent Washing with Enviro-Solutions Paint Stripper & Graffiti Remover; SOY Solv; EZ Solv or Mineral Spirits.

Painting Over Graffiti: The Contractor shall primer paint over all graffiti on the concrete surfaces within project limits and take appropriate precautions to prevent paint from falling onto traffic.

The substrate surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned before painting. All dust, dirt, oil, grease, and other substances which might prevent the adhesion of the paint to the substrate shall be removed. No sandblasting will be allowed. Paint shall be applied as soon as practicable after cleaning is completed. If in the opinion of the Engineer, the substrate surface has become soiled, or otherwise contaminated, prior to the application of the paint, the surface shall be recleaned at no additional cost to the State. The paint shall be applied evenly in a neat and workman like manner by a roller or other suitable method, as approved by the Engineer. The rolling shall be done at such a pace that no spinning of the roller or throwing off of paint occurs when the roller is lifted from the surface. The paint shall be feathered out by using light pressure at the end of the stroke to promote uniformity. The first time a surface is painted, it shall be painted from column to column, post to post, and from top to bottom for panels and from joint to joint or score mark to score mark for other concrete surfaces. After the first time, which includes previous painting for graffiti removal, the substrate surface shall be painted in small rectangular patterns in order to minimize the area painted and ensure that the graffiti will no longer be "readable" when the painting is complete. If the paint to be applied requires more stringent or additional surface preparation than stated in this specification, the Contractor shall prepare the surface in accordance with the paint manufacturer's recommendations.

The graffiti must be completely hidden before the painted area will be measured for payment.

The Contractor will be required to repaint areas if the graffiti remains visible after painting at no additional cost to the State. New graffiti at the same location will be measured for payment when the painting meets the requirements of this specification. The Engineer may require sand be added to the paint to provide a texture to the final surface.

Power Washing Graffiti Surfaces: All graffitied surfaces shall be cleaned with a soluble, abrasive blasting media applied with a soluble media injector or a compressed air delivery system, whichever is satisfactory to the Engineer. No particulate matter of any nature shall be permitted to remain on the cleaned surface. After cleaning, the surface shall be rinsed with tap water applied with a power washer. All visible media shall be removed from the surface.

After rinsing, the Contractor shall repeat the cleaning process in areas where graffiti or paint is still visible. If the second cleaning process fails to remove the graffiti or paint to the Engineer's satisfaction, the equipment and methods used by the Contractor will again be subject to review and approved by the Engineer. Cleaned surfaces shall bear no evidence of graffiti paint layers.

Solvent Washing Graffiti Surfaces: Pre-Cleaning Materials: A wet, non-abrasive cleanser is recommended. This cleanser shall not contain strong solvents or alcohols.

Pre-Cleaning Procedure: Cleanse the surface of loose dirt particles with clean water. Use a soft sponge or brush to wash the graffitied surface with detergent and water. Avoid scrubbing the surface unnecessarily. After the cleaner has been utilized, apply a steady stream of water on the cleaned surface to wash the dirt particles away. Allow to dry.

Cleaning Procedure: The Contractor shall supply the instructions of the cleaning procedure, to the Engineer, at least two days prior to starting this work. Graffiti Removal material shall be applied to surfaces as per the manufacturer's instructions. Graffiti Removal material shall not be applied to silk screen processed areas.

After the solvent is applied, the surfaces shall then be wiped with a non-abrasive material. The wiped surfaces shall then be rinsed with a water wash. The cleanliness of the surfaces is subject to the approval by the Engineer.

After rinsing, the Contractor shall repeat the cleaning process in areas where graffiti is still visible. If the second cleaning process fails to remove the graffiti to the Engineer's satisfaction, the equipment and methods used by the Contractor will again be subject to review and approval by the Engineer.

Cleaned surfaces shall bear no evidence of graffiti. The cleaning of the graffiti image shall be feathered out by using light pressure at the end of the stroke to promote uniformity on the surrounding surface.

Abrasive Blasting off Graffiti: Due to the potential of abrasive blasting to damage the substrate, this method of graffiti removal may only be performed as a last resort, at the direction of the Engineer, after all other methods to remove graffiti have failed.

Graffiti should be removed using vacuum-shrouded blasting or power-tool equipment that has the appropriate attachments for the surface being cleaned to ensure that no dust or abrasive escapes during operation. This equipment should be capable of cleaning all the graffiti off the surface at a rate acceptable to the Engineer while producing no detectable dust. The equipment should operate in a manner such that all dust or abrasive/dust mix generated is simultaneously drawn away from the contact surface into attached vacuum hoses leading to a vacuum that utilizes HEPA filters. The vacuum and its hoses should be sufficiently rated for the volume of debris and/or abrasive/debris generated. The equipment, its method of use, and efficiency shall be demonstrated to the Engineer prior to the start of work. Power tool cleaning should remove the graffiti without causing undue damage to the surface being cleaned.

Graffiti Removal from Overhead Structures: If the use of a mechanical aerial lift is required to safely access the graffitied surface, the Contractor shall obtain the necessary equipment and use it in conjunction with the other graffiti removal items at no additional cost to the State.

Graffiti Removal Work Order: No work shall be performed by the Contractor without the issuance of a work order authorizing the work. Work orders may be issued from date of contract execution to the completion date of this contract. A work order will show the type of work, date issued to the Contractor, work order number, location, limits, quantity and completion date.

The Contractor shall schedule his/her operations to complete a Priority Work Order within 72 Hours after issued.

The Contractor shall schedule his/her operations to complete a Regular Work Order within five (5) calendar days after the date issued.

The number of working days for all work orders will have an extended timeframe based on the availability of flagging services when work is issued on the I-290 retaining wall along the CSX Railroad Tracks between Home Ave and Austin Blvd. The Contractor will be required to coordinate and schedule flagging services with the CSX Railroad immediately upon issuance of work orders.

The Contractor will be expected to provide the necessary manpower and equipment to satisfactorily complete all work orders for all class of work orders on time. Work orders will not exceed more than 750 square yards per calendar day. Work orders will be a minimum of 250 square yards and a maximum of 750 square yards and will be contained to a continuous stretch of an expressway.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured in square yards of surface area that graffiti is either removed from, or painted over, in accordance with this specification. There will be no payment for removing graffiti that is not done within the time limitations stated in this specification.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for GRAFFITI REMOVAL.

WORK ORDER SHEET



Illinois Department
of Transportation

**Graffiti Removal
Work Order**

Cleaning Year: _____

Contract Number: **62W28**

This is an Authorization to Clean:

Expressway: _____

Limits: _____

Proposed Miles/
Square Yards: _____

NOTE: The contractor, SHALL NOT perform any work during any adverse weather conditions such as rain, drizzle snow, fog and as deremined by the Engineer and/or Inspectors. The contractor shall immediately implement this contract requirement without need to be instructed. All lane and shoulder closures shall be removed during any adverse weather conditions.

Issued Date of Work Order: _____

Number of Production/Work Order: _____

Work Completed Date: _____

Authorized by: _____

NOTE: The contractor, at least 24 hours in advance, must physically inspect in detail the site of work to determine the required traffic control and protection and materials needed before proceeding with work.

Special Instructions: _____

Authorization of Work:

Engineer Signature: _____

Date: _____

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

STANDARDS: 701106, 701426 and 701901

DETAILS: Traffic Control Details for Freeway Shoulder Closures and Partial Ramp Closures (TC-17)

SPECIAL PROVISIONS: Keeping Expressways Open to Traffic
Traffic Control and Protection (Expressways)(Maintenance)
Public Convenience and Safety (D-1)
Short Term and Temporary Pavement Marking (BDE)
Vehicle and Equipment Warning Lights (BDE)
Work Zone Traffic Control Devices (BDE)

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (EXPRESSWAYS)(MAINTENANCE)

Effective: March 8, 1996

Revised: January 1, 2018

Description. This work shall include furnishing, installing, maintaining, replacing, relocating, and removing all traffic control devices used for the purpose of regulating, warning, or directing traffic. Traffic control and protection shall be provided as called for in the plans, applicable Highway Standards, District One Expressway details, Standards and Supplemental Specifications, these Special Provisions, or as directed by the Engineer.

General. The governing factor in the execution and staging of work for this project is to provide the motoring public with the safest possible travel conditions on the expressway through the construction zone. The Contractor shall arrange his operations to keep the closing of lanes and/or ramps to a minimum.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper location, installation, and arrangement of all traffic control devices. Special attention shall be given to existing warning signs and overhead guide signs during all construction operations. Warning signs and existing guide signs with down arrows shall be kept consistent with the barricade placement at all times. The Contractor shall immediately remove, completely cover, or turn from the motorist's view all signs which are inconsistent with lane assignment patterns.

The Contractor shall coordinate all traffic control work on this project with adjoining or overlapping projects, including barricade placement necessary to provide a uniform traffic detour pattern. When directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall remove all traffic control devices that were furnished, installed, or maintained by him under this contract, and such devices shall remain the property of the Contractor. All traffic control devices shall remain in place until specific authorization for relocation or removal is received from the Engineer.

Additional requirements for traffic control devices shall be as follows.

- (a) Traffic Control Setup and Removal. The setting and removal of barricades for the taper portion of a lane closure shall be done under the protection of a vehicle with a truck/trailer mounted attenuator and arrow board per State Standard 701428 and Section 701 of the Standard Specifications. Failure to meet this requirement will be subject to a Traffic Control Deficiency. The deficiency will be calculated as outlined in Article 105.03 of the Standard Specifications. Truck/trailer mounted attenuators shall comply with Article 1106.02(g) or shall meet the requirements of NCHRP 350 Test Level 3 with vehicles used in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and requirements.

(b) Sign Requirements

- (1) Sign Maintenance. Prior to the beginning of construction operations, the Contractor will be provided a sign log of all existing signs within the limits of the construction zone. The Contractor is responsible for verifying the accuracy of the sign log. Throughout the duration of this project, all existing traffic signs shall be maintained by the Contractor. All provisions of Article 107.25 of the Standard Specifications shall apply except the third paragraph shall be revised to read: "The Contractor shall maintain, furnish, and replace at his own expense, any traffic sign or post which has been damaged or lost by the Contractor or a third party.
- (2) Work Zone Speed Limit Signs. Work zone speed limit signs shall be installed as required in Article 701.14(b) and as shown in the plans and Highway Standards. Based upon the existing posted speed limit, work zone speed limits shall be established and signed as follows.
 - a. Existing Speed Limit of 55mph or higher. The initial work zone speed limit assembly located approximately 4200' before the closure, and shall be 55mph as shown in 701400. Additional work zone 45mph assemblies shall be used as required according to Article 701.14(b) and as shown in the Highway Standards and plans. WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT 55 PHOTO ENFORCED assemblies may be omitted when this assembly would normally be placed within 1500 feet of the END WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT sign. If existing speed limit is over 65mph then additional signage should be installed per 701400.

- b. Existing Speed Limit of 45mph. The advance 55mph work zone speed limit assembly shown in 701400 shall be replaced with a 45mph assembly. Additional work zone 45mph assemblies shall be used as required according to Article 701.14(b) and as shown in the Highway Standards and plans. WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT 55 PHOTO ENFORCED assemblies shall be eliminated in all cases. END WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT signs are required.
- (3) Exit Signs. The exit gore signs as shown in Standard 701411 shall be a minimum size of 48 inch by 48 inch with 12-inch capital letters and a 20-inch arrow. EXIT OPEN AHEAD signs shown in Standard 701411 shall be a minimum size of 48 inch by 48 inch with 8-inch capital letters.
- (4) Uneven Lanes Signs. The Contractor shall furnish and erect "UNEVEN LANES" signs (W8-11) on both sides of the expressway, at any time when the elevation difference between adjacent lanes open to traffic equals or exceeds one inch. Signs shall be placed 500' in advance of the drop-off, within 500' of every entrance, and a minimum of every mile.
- (c) Drums/Barricades. Check barricades shall be placed in work areas perpendicular to traffic every 1000', one per lane and per shoulder, to prevent motorists from using work areas as a traveled way. Check barricades shall also be placed in advance of each open patch, or excavation, or any other hazard in the work area, the first at the edge of the open traffic lane and the second centered in the closed lane. Check barricades, either Type I or II, or drums shall be equipped with a flashing light.
- To provide sufficient lane widths (10' minimum) for traffic and also working room, the Contractor shall furnish and install vertical barricades, in lieu of Type II or drums, along the cold milling and asphalt paving operations. The vertical barricades shall be placed at the same spacing as the drums.
- (d) Vertical Barricades. Vertical barricades shall not be used in lane closure tapers, lane shifts, exit ramp gores, or staged construction projects lasting more than 12 hours. Also, vertical barricades shall not be used as patch barricades or check barricades. Special attention shall be given, and ballast provided per manufacture's specification, to maintain the vertical barricades in an upright position and in proper alignment.
- (e) Temporary Concrete Barrier Wall. Prismatic barrier wall reflectors shall be installed on both the face of the wall next to traffic, and the top of sections of the temporary concrete barrier wall as shown in Standard 704001. The color of these reflectors shall match the color of the edgelines (yellow on the left and crystal or white on the right). If the base of the temporary concrete barrier wall is 12 inches or less from the travel lane, then the lower slope of the wall shall also have a 6-inch-wide temporary pavement marking edgeline (yellow on the left and white on the right).

(f) Full Expressway Closures. Full Expressway Closures will only be permitted for a maximum of 15 minutes during the allowable hours listed in the Keeping the Expressway Open to Traffic Special Provision. During Full Expressway Closures, the Contractor will be required to close off all lanes except one, using Freeway Standard Closures. The Contractor will be required to provide one changeable message sign to be placed at the direction of the Engineer. The sign shall display a message as directed by the Engineer. A Maintenance of Traffic Plan shall be submitted to the District One Expressway Traffic Control Supervisor 14 days in advance of the planned work; including all stage changes. The Maintenance of Traffic Plan shall include, but not be limited to: lane and ramp closures, existing geometrics, and equipment and material location. The District One Expressway Traffic Control Supervisor (847-705-4151) shall be contacted at least 3 working days in advance of the proposed road closure and will coordinate the closure operation with police forces.

Method of Measurement.

Traffic Control and Protection will not be measured for payment.

All work for furnishing, installing, maintaining, replacing, relocating, and removing traffic control devices required in the plans and these Special Provisions shall be included in the contract unit prices for the construction item involved. Traffic control and protection required under Standards 701101, 701400, 701401, 701402, 701406, 701411, 701416, 701426, 701428, 701446, 701901 and District details TC-8, TC-9, TC-17, TC-18 and TC-25 will be included with this item.

Basis of Payment.

- (a) Traffic Control and Protection will not be paid for as separate items, but the costs shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices for the construction items involved, and no additional compensation will be allowed.
- (b) Work or revisions in the phasing of construction or maintenance operations may require traffic control to be installed in accordance with a Standard other than those included in the plans. In such cases, the Standards will be made available to the Contractor at least one week in advance of the change in traffic control. Payment for traffic control required by these added Standards will be according to Article 109.04. Revisions or modifications to increase the traffic control protection shown in the contract shall be submitted by the Contractor for approval by the Engineer. A reduction of the traffic control shown in the contract will not be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL (D-1 MAINTENANCE)

Effective: May 30, 2006

Revised: June 15, 2010

Revise Article 701.19 Method of Measurement to read:

"Traffic Control and Protection will not be measured for payment."

Revise Article 701.20 Basis of Payment to read:

"(a) Traffic Control and Protection will not be paid for as separate items, but the costs shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices for the construction items involved, and no additional compensation will be allowed.

(b) Work or revisions in the phasing of construction or maintenance operations may require traffic control to be installed in accordance with a Standard other than those included in the plans. In such cases, the Standards will be made available to the Contractor at least one week in advance of the change in traffic control. Payment for traffic control required by these added Standards will be according to Article 109.04. Revisions or modifications to increase the traffic control protection shown in the contract shall be submitted by the Contractor for approval by the Engineer. A reduction of the traffic control shown in the contract will not be allowed."

KEEPING THE EXPRESSWAY OPEN TO TRAFFIC

Effective: March 22, 1996

Revised: October 9, 2020

Whenever work is in progress on or adjacent to an expressway, the Contractor shall provide the necessary traffic control devices to warn the public and to delineate the work zone as required in these Special Provisions, the Standard Specifications, the State Standards and the District Freeway details. All Contractors' personnel shall be limited to these barricaded work zones and shall not cross the expressway.

The Contractor shall request and gain approval from the Illinois Department of Transportation's Expressway Traffic Operations Engineer at www.idotlcs.com twenty-four (24) hours in advance of all daily lane, ramp and shoulder closures and 7 days in advance of all permanent and weekend closures on all Freeways and/or Expressways in District One. This advance notification is calculated based on workweek of Monday through Friday and shall not include weekends or Holidays.

Temporary shoulder and non-system interchange partial ramp closures are allowed weekdays between 9:00 A.M. and 3:00 P.M. and between 7:00 P.M. and 5:00 A.M or as approved by the Expressway Traffic Operations Engineer.

Narrow Lanes and permanent shoulder closures will not be allowed between Dec. 1st and April 1st. Permanent shoulder closures per District Detail TC-17 will only be permitted if called for in the plans or as approved by the Expressway Traffic Operations Engineer.

All daily lane closures shall be removed during adverse weather conditions such as rain, snow, and/or fog and as determined by the Engineer. Also, the Contractor shall promptly remove their lane closures when Maintenance forces are out for snow and ice removal.

Additional lane closure hour restrictions may have to be imposed to facilitate the flow of traffic to and from major sporting events and/or other events.

Private vehicles shall not be parked in the work zone. Contractor's equipment and/or vehicles shall not be parked on the shoulders or in the median during non-working hours. The parking of equipment and/or vehicles on State right-of-way will only be permitted at the locations approved by the Engineer.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY (D1)

Effective: May 1, 2012

Revised: July 15, 2012

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

“If the holiday is on a Saturday or Sunday, and is legally observed on a Friday or Monday, the length of Holiday Period for Monday or Friday shall apply.”

Add the following sentence after the Holiday Period table in the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

“The Length of Holiday Period for Thanksgiving shall be from 5:00 AM the Wednesday prior to 11:59 PM the Sunday After”

Delete the fifth paragraph of Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications:

“On weekends, excluding holidays, roadways with Average Daily Traffic of 25,000 or greater, all lanes shall be open to traffic from 3:00 P.M. Friday to midnight Sunday except where structure construction or major rehabilitation makes it impractical.”

RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE (BDE)

Effective: December 1, 1986

Revised: January 1, 2022

Description. Railroad Protective Liability and Property Damage Liability Insurance shall be carried according to Article 107.11 of the Standard Specifications. A separate policy is required for each railroad unless otherwise noted.

NAMED INSURED & ADDRESS	NUMBER & SPEED OF PASSENGER TRAINS	NUMBER & SPEED OF FREIGHT TRAINS
CSX Transportation, Inc. 500 Water Street, C907 Jacksonville, FL 32202	0	2 trains/day @ 10 mph
Class 1 RR (Y or N): Y		
DOT/AAR No.: I-290 between Austin Blvd to IL 43 (Harlem Ave) RR Mile Post: 34.55 to 36.13		
RR Division: CHICAGO RR Sub-Division: ALTENHEIM		
For Freight/Passenger Information Contact:	Brad Armstrong	Phone: (513) 853-1221
For Insurance Information Contact:	Richard Shepard	Phone: 904-359-1782

Basis of Payment. Providing Railroad Protective Liability and Property Damage Liability Insurance will be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE.

CSX PERMITTING



Permitting

Information Packet

Version 3.0
April 2018

Permitting

Table of Contents

Introduction	1
Utility Permitting	1
Contact Us	1
Summary of Services	2
Encroachments	2
Design & Construction	2
Design Requirements	2
Construction Activities	3
Railroad Valuation Maps	4
Agreements/Permits	4
Insurance	5
Submitting a Request	6
Application	6
Plans and Drawings	7
Review Fees	8
Appendix	10
News You Can Use	10
Permitting Links	10
Other Links	10
Drawing Guidelines	11
System Map	12

INFORMATION PACKET

Introduction

Utility Permitting

CSX property encompassing 22 states, the District of Columbia and a portion of eastern Canada (see appendix for system map) and is responsible for the review and approval of all requests for facility encroachments and permits for rights of entry. Three key service roles include:

- Customer Accounts: permit requests; permit/contract negotiations
- Engineering: review/approval of permit facility design plans
- Construction: scheduling of permitted facility installations

Contact Us

For questions concerning the permitting process see “Permitting Contacts” in the Appendix, Page 13. Other questions involving CSX:

- Call during business hours (7:30 AM to 5:30 PM): 1-877-TellCSX (1-877-835-5279)
- Email inquiries: www.csx.com;
 - Select: About CSX
 - Select: Contact Us
 - Select: Category of your choice in the TellCSX form field
- Headquarters: CSX Transportation, Inc.
500 Water Street
Jacksonville, FL 32202
Attn: TellCSX, C420
- Utility Permitting: CSX Transportation, Inc.
6737 Southpoint Drive S.
Suite 100
Jacksonville, FL 32216-6177
Attn: Utility Permitting (J180)

To report a **railroad emergency**, please contact the CSX Public Safety Coordination Center at **1-800-232-0144** immediately.

INFORMATION PACKET

Summary of Services

Encroachments

Typical encroachments reviewed by CSX on a case-by-case basis include:

- Wirelines (electric, fiber, cable, etc.)
- Pipelines (water, sewer, gas, culverts, etc.)
- Towers (cellular/co-location)
- Right of Entry (Temporary)
 - Access (surveys, soil borings, inspections, oversized equipment, etc.)
 - Environmental (soil sampling, monitoring wells, remediation, etc.)

Upon review and approval of the project proposal, CSX will prepare an agreement to document access to the railroad property for the approved project. See “Submitting a Request” for additional information on how to facilitate review and approval of the project.

Facilities that should be designed to be located off the CSX system due to negative impact on railroad operations include:

- Manholes
- Catch Basins
- Headwalls

For any encroachment request not referenced above, please contact CSX (see *Contact Us*) to discuss feasibility of the project.

Design and Construction

Design Requirements

Please carefully review CSX’s Design and Construction Standard Specifications prior to designing an encroachment proposal. These specifications can be found on the CSX website by clicking the link below or following the instructions outlined below.

- [Permitting](#)
- All efforts should be made to comply with CSX’s standard specifications. You may request CSX to review a design that does not meet the specification criteria by submitting a variance proposal; however, additional review fees are required for variance requests (see page 7) and approval is not guaranteed.

The American Railway of Engineering and Maintenance of Way Association (AREMA) is also a resource that could prove helpful in designing your project. The AREMA website is www.arena.org.

All occupancies should be designed and constructed so that rail operations and facilities are not interfered with, interrupted, or endangered. In addition, proposed facilities should be located to minimize encumbrance to the corridor so that the railroad will have unrestricted use of its corridor for current and future operations.

To assist you with preparing drawings, CSX has developed samples and templates identifying the information required for our staff to complete a review. See “Drawing Guidelines” in the Appendix for details. The drawings contain tables requesting specific information. While this information may not be necessary for your particular operations or industry, it is required for CSX to properly consider the proposal.

INFORMATION PACKET

Construction Activities

The safety and integrity of CSX rail operations is of paramount importance to CSX. Each project is reviewed by CSX independently to determine, in its sole discretion, the need for protection services and/or construction manager services and/or On-Track Worker Safety Training. If required for the project, the project owner will be invoiced for the services provided during the project.

- **Protection Services:** This service cannot be provided by any personnel other than an authorized CSX employee or agent. Daily costs can be estimated at:
 - \$1,500.00 per day per protection provider
 - \$1,500.00 per day if a signal locate is needed
 - Any signal locate performed by CSX is for CSX facilities only – the project owner is responsible for contacting State "Call Before You Dig" programs or the nationally designated number - 811
- **Construction Managers:** Current policy and daily cost estimates include:
 - Subgrade: construction managers required for any project activity on CSX
 - Aerial: construction managers required for project set-up and final inspection
 - \$1,500.00 per day, per construction manager
 - Depending on the nature of the project, additional experts may be required

Entering any railroad right of way or other railroad property without the permission of the railroad is trespassing and illegal. Violators will be prosecuted, and they risk the possibility of serious, even fatal, injury.

INFORMATION PACKET

Railroad Valuation Maps

Railroad valuation maps (commonly referred to as “val maps”) are available for informational purposes to assist with your project references. These maps provide the width of the railroad corridor as well as other railroad nomenclature such as the milepost reference and GIS#. To obtain a copy of a valuation map, please complete the [Valuation Map Reproduction Request Form](#) which can be obtained via the following:

RAILROAD VALUATION MAPS	
Web:	External Valuation Map Request
Phone:	904.633.4571
Fax:	904.633.4545
Mail:	CSX Real Property, Inc. Val Map Request Coordinator, J915 301 West Bay Street, Suite 800 Jacksonville, FL 32202
Fees:	
First Map	\$ 85.00
Each Additional Map	\$ 50.00
U.S. Mail Shipping (<i>per map</i>)	\$ 2.00
Overnight Mail	\$ 12.00

Upon receipt of the Valuation Map Reproduction Request Form, the Val Map Request Coordinator will contact the customer within three business days to discuss payment options.

Agreements/Permits

All work activities within the CSX operating rail corridor and/or other CSX property must be reviewed and approved, including installations within public road rights-of-way. For installation of utilities or requests to access CSX property for surveying, an agreement/permit will be provided upon completion and acceptance of the proposal review.

To access CSX property to perform activities relative to an existing facility, please review the existing agreement verbiage to determine (a) if the activity is permissible and (b) which form to submit for the request (see: “Submitting a Request,” page 6). If you do not have a copy of the agreement, CSX may be able to provide a copy to you for your records. Research fees are as follows:

AGREEMENT COPIES	
Web:	Agreement Copies
Fee:	\$ 50.00 per agreement

INFORMATION PACKET

Insurance

CSX requires that insurance coverage be provided prior to any entry and/or work activity within the railroad corridor. The agreement will define the requirement in greater detail but for summary purposes, the following identifies the components:

INSURANCE COVERAGE		
COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY		(CGL)
Coverage:	Per Occurrence	
Insured:		\$ 5,000,000
Additional Insured (unless otherwise advised):		Facility Owner
Duration:		CSX Transportation, Inc. Encroachment Lifetime
RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY		(RPL)
Coverage:	Per Occurrence	\$ 5,000,000
	Aggregate	\$ 10,000,000
Insured:		CSX Transportation, Inc.
Duration:		Encroachment Construction Activity

Depending on the nature of the project, CSX may offer the option of paying a risk fee to cover the cost of adding the work activity to CSX's Railroad Protective Liability (RPL) Policy for the period of actual construction. The fees, if approved, can generally be estimated as noted below but are subject to change depending on the specific project parameters:

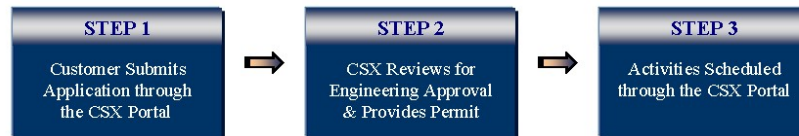
RPL Risk Fee					
FACILITY CROSSING INSTALLATION – PER TRACK			ACCESS ONLY		
<u>Aerial</u>	<u>Sub-Grade</u>		<u>Right of Entry</u>		
	(Casing Diameter Size - Inches)				
\$ 700	From 0 to less than 30	\$ 750	Surveys	\$	500.00
	30 to less than 45	\$ 1,500	Inspections/Access (no equipment)	\$	500.00
	45 to less than 75	\$ 3,000	Inspections/Access/ Soil Borings (w/ equipment)	\$	3,000
	75 to less than 100	\$ 6,000	Grading	\$	3,000
	100 to less than 120	\$ 12,000	Environmental (investigations)	\$	3,000
FACILITY PARALLEL INSTALLATION: CONTACT CSX					

INFORMATION PACKET

Submitting a Request

Application

Consideration of your proposal follows three primary steps:



It is important that your request be as complete and accurate as possible to prevent delay or rejection. Upon receipt of the application and related documents, CSX will provide the project contact noted on the application form an email acknowledging receipt, invoice of fees, and the current estimated time for review of the proposal. Due to the variation in the number and complexity of proposals received by CSX during the course of the year, timeframes for review can vary from 60 to 120 days. If the nature of the project requires a variance approval, site assessment or resources outside of the CSX organization, timeframes for review would increase dependent on availability of the resources.

*****Please write down the tracking number assigned to your application for future reference.

Templates and sample forms can be found on the CSX website at:



Guidelines for form selection include:

- **Facility (Utility) Encroachment Form** (new installations, upgrade/modification to existing facilities)
 - Pipelines
 - Wirelines
 - Culverts
- **Tower Encroachment Form** (new installations, upgrade/modification to existing facilities)
 - Cellular/Wireless
 - Co-location requests
- **Right of Entry Form** (temporary purpose only)
 - Surveys
 - Environmental Investigation
 - Ingress/Egress (short-term over non-operating operating)
 - Inspection (bridges, roads, etc.)
 - Monitoring wells
 - Soil boring or sampling

INFORMATION PACKET

- Oversized equipment move over operating track and/or property
- Property remediation
- **Outside Party Request Form**
 - Schedule an approved activity within/on CSX property
 - Existing Facilities with executed Permit/Agreement
 - Minor inspection/maintenance activities
 - Replacement of existing facility with like kind
 - New Facilities

Please Note Our New Process****

You must schedule your work activity through the CSX Property Portal. You will receive an email notification containing a special reference number and link to the CSX Property Outside Party Request Form.

- **Design and Construction Specifications**
 - Wirelines
 - If subgrade, and casing is greater than six (6) inches, use pipeline specifications for pipe details
 - Pipelines

Plans and Drawings

Plans/drawings are required for review and approval of encroachment and access requests. The plans should be clear, concise, and accurately reflect design scope of the project and the impact to the CSX rail corridor or property. The nature of the project prescribes the information required for CSX to complete a review. Please note that review of your project will be delayed if the necessary information is not provided.

- **Facility Encroachment Forms** must be submitted with design plans that indicate the following:
 - See "Drawing Guidelines" in Appendix, Pages 10 and/or 11, for more details
- **Tower Encroachment Forms** must be submitted with design plans that indicate the following:
 - **Dimensions of Land space requirements**
 - **Equipment/shelter location**
 - **CSX property lines**
 - **Approximate distance to nearest railroad track, if any**
- **Right of Entry Forms** must be submitted with location maps that indicate the following:
 - Area of access on CSX property
 - Nearest public road
 - If environmental investigation also include maps that indicate:
 - Ground water flow
 - Distribution of contaminants and soil
 - Distribution of contaminants and ground water

INFORMATION PACKET

Review Fees

All requests require a non-refundable review fee payable to CSX Transportation, Inc. Below is the schedule of fees. A “**standard**” proposal meets CSX’s specifications, i.e., no design or construction method variation. A “**variance**” proposal does not meet CSX’s specifications. Horizontal directional drilling is not a standard approved method of installation and considered a variance.

REVIEW FEE SCHEDULE: UTILITY ENCROACHMENTS		
Per Location		
Aerial Proposals	Standard	Variance
Crossings		
Wireline	\$ 1,250	\$ 3,750
Pipeline: Overhead pipe structures not accepted	Contact CSX	Contact CSX
Parallel		
0 to less than 500 lineal feet	\$ 1,250	\$ 3,750
500 feet to less than 1,000 lineal feet	\$ 2,500	\$ 4,750
Greater than 1,000 lineal feet	Contact CSX	Contact CSX
Sub-Grade Proposals	Standard	Variance
Per Location - Based on Casing diameter Size		
Crossings		
0 to less than 10 inches	\$ 1,450	\$ 3,950
10 inches to less than 24 inches	\$ 1,950	\$ 5,450
24 inches to less than 30 inches	\$ 2,500	\$ 6,000
30 inches to less than 42 inches	\$ 3,500	\$ 7,000
42 inches to less than 66 inches	\$ 4,000	\$ 7,500
66 inches to less than 96 inches*	\$ 6,000	\$ 9,500
Greater than 96 inches*	Contact CSX	Contact CSX
Parallel - 0 to less than 500 lineal feet		
0 to less than 10 inches	\$ 1,450	\$ 3,950
10 inches to less than 24 inches	\$ 1,950	\$ 5,450
24 inches to less than 30 inches	\$ 2,500	\$ 6,000
30 inches to less than 42 inches	\$ 3,500	\$ 7,000
42 inches to less than 66 inches	\$ 4,000	\$ 7,500
66 inches to less than 96 inches*	\$ 6,000	\$ 9,500
Greater than 96 inches*	Contact CSX	Contact CSX
Parallel - 500 to less than 1,000 lineal feet		
0 to less than 10 inches	\$ 2,150	\$ 4,650
10 inches to less than 24 inches	\$ 2,650	\$ 6,150
24 inches to less than 30 inches	\$ 3,200	\$ 6,700
30 inches to less than 42 inches	\$ 4,200	\$ 7,700
42 inches to less than 66 inches	\$ 4,700	\$ 8,200
66 inches to less than 96 inches*	\$ 6,700	\$ 10,250
Greater than 96 inches*	Contact CSX	Contact CSX
Parallel - 1,000 lineal feet or greater	Contact CSX	Contact CSX
REVIEW FEE SCHEDULE: OTHER ACTIVITIES		
Towers	Standard	Variance

INFORMATION PACKET

Tower*	\$	4,000	Contact CSX
Tower Co-location	\$	4,000	
Modification	\$	350	
Site Study Fee	\$	250 per location	
Rights of Entry		Standard	Variance
General Access	\$	1,250	Contact CSX Contact CSX
Environmental Investigation	\$	4,000	
Wide Load Crossing	\$	150	
Site Assessments		Standard	Variance
Site Assessment	\$	2,500	Contact CSX
Project Activities		Standard	Variance
Project Coordination/Scheduling	\$	150	N/A
<p>CSX RESERVES THE RIGHT TO CHARGE AN ADDITIONAL \$700 REVIEW FEE FOR ANY PERMIT SUBMITTAL THAT REQUIRES 3 OR MORE REVIEWS OF REVISIONS TO THE ENGINEERING DRAWINGS.</p> <p>* Indicates transactions that may require a site assessment or additional fees for consultant services</p>			

Review

CSX reviews each request independently for safety, specification compliance, and both short-term and long-term impacts to railroad operations and property usage. The contact identified on the application will receive:

- **Receipt Notification**
 - Advises request received by CSX
 - Provides estimated timeframe to complete review
- **Engineering Notification**
 - Advises request either:
 - Approved and permit forthcoming
 - Requires additional information for approval
 - Declined – CSX will endeavor to assist you with alternatives to any proposal that is declined
- **Permit Notification**
 - Provides permit/agreement for facility occupation
 - Instructions for scheduling work activity

Scheduling Activity

The Outside Party Request Form (OP Form) is utilized for scheduling all work activities on CSX property.

- **New Installations**
 - Form is provided with permit/agreement
- **Existing Facilities w/ approved Permit/Agreement**
 - Please schedule your request through CSX Property Portal via link: [Scheduling Project Activity](#).
 - Provide scheduling fee
 - Provide evidence of insurances (see “Insurance” on page 5)

If you require a copy of the permit/agreement for an existing facility, see “Agreements/Permits” on page 4 for additional information on how to obtain a copy.

INFORMATION PACKET

Appendix

News You Can Use

PERMITTING LINKS

CSX Website: www.csx.com
Permit Information Location: Type "Permits" in site search box (top right hand corner) and select "Permits: Real Estate" from list.

Forms:

Information:
Permitting Instructions: [Information Packet](#)
Specifications: Pipeline: CSXT Design Construction Standards
Wireline: CSXT Design Construction Standards
Interim Guidelines for Horizontal Directional

Drilling

Sample Fraction Mitigation Plan for Horizontal

Directional Drilling

Drawings: Drawing Guidelines (Utility Installations)
Sample Drawings (Utility Installations)
Blank Canvas Drawings (Utility Installations)

Applications:
Facility Encroachment: Facility Application
Tower/Co-location: Tower Application
Right of Entry: Right of Entry Application

Scheduling Activity:
Request: Outside Party Request Form

OTHER LINKS

CSX Emergency Hotline: 1-800-232-0144
Railroad Valuation Map Request: [External Valuation Map Request](#)
Existing Contract Information: [Existing Contracts](#)
Request Copy of Agreements: [Agreement Copies](#)
TellCSX: 1-877-TellCSX (1-877-835-5279)

Drawing Guidelines

Drawings

INFORMATION PACKET

Each application submitted to CSX must include drawings/plans for the proposed project. The drawings should be no larger than 11 x 17 (inches) in size.

Plan and Profile

CSX has developed plan and profile drawings illustrating **required** data as outlined in CSX's Design & Construction Standard Specifications for both pipeline and wireline occupancies. The tables in the drawings identify the information that is **required** for CSX to complete a review of your proposal. Drawings for your use include:

- **Instructional:** identifies information **required for submittal**
 - *Plan View*
 - *Pipeline Profile View*
 - *Sub-grade Wireline Profile View*
 - *Aerial Wireline Profile View*
- **Canvas:** templates which can be saved and information inserted electronically
 - *Plan View*
 - *Pipeline Profile View*
 - *Sub-grade Wireline Profile View*
 - *Aerial Wireline Profile View*

Please review the instructional drawings prior to completing your proposal drawings (see: Drawing Package). The drawings contain tables requesting specific information. While this information may not be necessary for your particular operation or industry, it is **required** for CSX to properly consider the proposal. Requests submitted that do not include the required information will be declined. The instructional and canvas drawings can be found on the CSX website:

<https://www.csx.com/>

When using the blank canvas templates, please note the following:

- A current version of Adobe Reader (or use of Adobe Acrobat Version 8 to current) is required. To download a current version of Adobe Reader, please click [here](#).
- Once the blank canvas template is open and selected, click on the "Highlight Fields" button in the top right section of the screen. All fields that can be completed electronically will appear in a light blue color. For easier navigation, you may also press the tab key on your keyboard to move the cursor from field to field.
- Ensure that all applicable fields in the table(s) are completed and in compliance with CSXT's current Design & Construction Standard Specifications for both Pipeline and Wireline occupancies.
- Once the tables are completed, click in the large image area to upload the plan or profile view of the drawing. If desired, click in the small image area to upload your company log.

INFORMATION PACKET

CSX SYSTEM MAP



CSX APPLICATION FOR RIGHT-OF-ENTRY



APPLICATION FOR RIGHT-OF-ENTRY

Mail Application, Maps, and Fee(s) To:
CSX Transportation, Inc.
ATTN: Corridor Occupancy Services
6737 Southpoint Drive South, J-180
Jacksonville, FL 32216

Application Date: _____ CSXT File/Agreement Number: _____
(CSX Use Only)

SECTION1: PROJECT INFORMATION		TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT	
ALL FIELDS MARKED WITH AN ASTERICK (*) ARE REQUIRED FIELDS AND MUST BE COMPLETED			
Legal Name of Party Performing the Work (required)			
*Owner's Complete Legal Company Name:			
Legal Address (1):			
Legal Address (2):			
City:	State:	Zip:	
*Business Type:	<input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Limited Liability Company <input type="checkbox"/> Limited Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Municipality <input type="checkbox"/> Limited Liability Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> General Partnership		
*State of Incorporation:	Other Business Type - Describe: _____		
Billing Address			
<input type="checkbox"/> (Check box if same as above); if not, please complete below.			
Billing Address (1):			
Billing Address (2):			
City:	State:	Zip:	
Project Contact Information			
*Contact Name:	Contact Title:		
Office Phone:	Mobile Phone:		
*Email:	*24/7 Emergency Phone:		
SECTION 2: PROJECT REFERENCE		TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT	
Is this a time extension request or a request to add an additional location to an existing right-of-entry agreement?			
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes Provide Agreement # and/or date: <input type="checkbox"/> No			
Is this project related to another transaction/project with CSX:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes Describe: <input type="checkbox"/> No			
Provide Applicant's Project Reference Number:			

SECTION 3: PROJECT LOCATION/SCOPE/DESCRIPTION		TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT	
Project Location			
*City:	*County:	*State:	
In addition to the above location information, a minimum of one of the below location references must be provided for processing:			
Latitude:		Longitude:	
_____ feet	_____	(Direction) from AAR/DOT Road Crossing Number	
_____ feet	_____	(Direction) from CSX Railroad Milepost Number	
Project Scope			
Check box to indicate type of entry request:			
General Access:		Environmental Investigation:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Bridge Inspection (include DOT Crossing Number)		<input type="checkbox"/> Ground Water Sampling	
<input type="checkbox"/> Engineering		<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Sampling	
<input type="checkbox"/> House Moving		<input type="checkbox"/> Soil Sampling	
<input type="checkbox"/> Staging Area		<input type="checkbox"/> Remediation	
<input type="checkbox"/> Geotechnical Soil Borings		<input type="checkbox"/> Monitoring Wells # of Wells:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surveying		<input type="checkbox"/> If state or Federal Site, provide	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Non-Construction)		<input type="checkbox"/> Site #	
Railroad Operations:			
How close will the proposed activity be to the nearest railroad track:			
Will the proposed activity require crossing railroad track(s):			
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	Describe:		
<input type="checkbox"/> No			
Project Description			
*Detailed Scope of Work:			
*Equipment:			
Proposed Project Start Date:			
Proposed Project Duration:			
Is This Project Federally Funded:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	Federal Project Reference #:
Location map showing project location at a local street level is required. Please attach with submittal of this application.			

Safety is a Way of Life

Right of Entry

The safety of all persons entering onto CSX property is of paramount importance to CSX. Each project is reviewed by CSX independently to determine, in its sole discretion, the need for flagman and/or inspection services and/or On-Track Worker Safety Training. If required for the project, the project owner will be invoiced for the services provided during the project (see Information Packet for more details).

Review Fee Schedule: Right of Entry	
Per Location	
Rights of Entry	
General Access	\$950.00
<i>Bridge Inspections; Engineering; House Moves; Large/Heavy Moves; Staging; Geotechnical Soil Borings; Surveying</i>	
Environmental Investigation	\$3,500.00
<i>(includes review fee and site inspection fee)</i>	
<i>Groundwater, Soil, and Sediment Sampling; Remediation; Monitoring Wells</i>	
<i>Review Fees are non-refundable</i>	

Entering any railroad right of way or other railroad property without the permission of the railroad is trespassing and illegal. Violators will be prosecuted, and they risk the possibility of serious, even fatal, injury.

Corridor Occupancy Services

ROE Application Instructions

Summary - A right of entry is a request for temporary access onto CSXT property for non construction activity, which includes surveys, soil borings, inspections, ingress/egress, monitoring wells, remediation, etc... Use the Facility Encroachment Application for construction related activity. All fields on the application must be completed. Any missing information will cause a delay in processing.

Bridge Inspections - For bridge inspections only, the Application Review Fee for multiple bridge inspections is \$950.00 USD for the first location, and \$475.00 USD for each additional location. Please provide bridge information as shown on the attached sample bridge inspection sheet. (Figure 1)

Requests for bridge washing and/or painting are handled by CSX Public Projects Department. Their website is: <http://csx.com/index.cfm/community/property-and-projects/>

Street Name	County	State	Milepost	AAR/DOT #

Figure 1

Legal Name of Party Performing the Work - All information must be filled out correctly in order to generate an accurate agreement. Please include the complete and legal name of the party performing the work, the legal address, the business type and state of incorporation. If any of this information is not provided an accurate agreement cannot be generated, which will cause a delay in processing your request.

CSX CONSTRUCTION SUBMISSION CRITERIA

APPENDIX

CSX Transportation

**CONSTRUCTION
SUBMISSION CRITERIA**

Public Projects Group
Jacksonville, FL
Date Issued: April 14, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

SECTION I:	Definitions
SECTION II:	Construction Submissions
SECTION III:	Hoisting Operations
SECTION IV:	Demolition Procedure
SECTION V:	Erection Procedure
SECTION VI:	Temporary Excavation and Shoring
SECTION VII:	Track Monitoring

INTRODUCTION

The intent of this document is to guide outside agencies and their Contractors when performing work on, over, or with potential to impact CSXT property (ROW). Work plans shall be submitted for review to the designated CSXT Engineering Representative for all work which presents the potential to affect CSXT property or operations; this document shall serve as a guide in preparing these work plans. All work shall be performed in a manner that does not adversely impact CSXT operations or safety; as such, the requirements of this document shall be strictly adhered to, in addition to all other applicable standards associated with the construction. Applicable standards include, but are not limited to, CSXT Standards and Special Provisions, CSXT Insurance Requirements, CSXT Pipeline Occupancy Criteria, as well as the governing local, county, state and federal requirements. It shall be noted that this document and all other CSXT standards are subject to change without notice, and future revisions will be made available at the CSXT website: www.csx.com.

I. DEFINITIONS

1. *Agency* – The project sponsor (i.e., State DOT, Local Agencies, Private Developer, etc.)
2. *AREMA* – American Railway Engineering and Maintenance-of-Way Association – the North American railroad industry standards group. The use of this term shall be in specific reference to the AREMA Manual for Railway Engineering.
3. *Construction Submission* – The Agency or its representative shall submit six (6) sets of plans, supporting calculations, and detailed means and methods procedures for the specific proposed activity. All plans, specifications, and supporting calculations shall be signed/sealed by a Professional Engineer as defined below.
4. *Controlled Demolition* – Removal of an existing structure or subcomponents in a manner that positively prevents any debris or material from falling, impacting, or otherwise affecting CSXT employees, equipment or property. Provisions shall be made to ensure that there is no impairment of railroad operations or CSXT's ability to access its property at all times.
5. *Contractor* – The Agency's representative retained to perform the project work.
6. *Engineer* – CSXT Engineering Representative or a GEC authorized to act on the behalf of CSXT.
7. *Flagman* – A qualified CSXT employee with the sole responsibility to direct or restrict movement of trains, at or through a specific location, to provide protection for workers.
8. *GEC* – General Engineering Consultant who has been authorized to act on the behalf of CSXT.
9. *Horizontal Clearance* – Distance measured perpendicularly from centerline of any track to the nearest obstruction at any elevation between TOR and the maximum vertical clearance of the track.
10. *Professional Engineer* – An engineer who is licensed in State or Commonwealth in which the project is to occur. All plans, specifications, and supporting calculations shall be prepared by the Licensed Professional Engineer and shall bear his/her seal and signature.
11. *Potential to Foul* – Work having the possibility of impacting CSXT property or operations; defined as one or more of the following:
 - a. Any activity where access onto CSXT property is required.
 - b. Any activity where work is being performed on CSXT ROW.
 - c. Any excavation work adjacent to CSXT tracks or facilities, within the Theoretical Railroad Live Load Influence Zone, or where the active earth pressure zone extends within the CSXT property limits.
 - d. The use of any equipment where, if tipped and laid flat in any direction (360 degrees) about its center pin, can encroach within twenty five feet (25'-0") of the nearest track centerline. This is based upon the proposed location of

- the equipment during use, and may be a function of the equipment boom length. Note that hoisting equipment with the potential to foul must satisfy the 150% factor of safety requirement for lifting capacities.
- e. Any work where the scatter of debris, or other materials has the potential to encroach within twenty five feet (25'-0") of the nearest track centerline.
 - f. Any work where significant vibration forces may be induced upon the track structure or existing structures located under, over, or adjacent to the track structure.
 - g. Any other work which poses the potential to disrupt rail operations, threaten the safety of railroad employees, or otherwise negatively impact railroad property, as determined by CSXT.
12. *ROW – Right of Way*; Refers to CSXT Right-of-Way as well as all CSXT property and facilities. This includes all aerial space within the property limits, and any underground facilities.
13. *Submission Review Period* - a minimum of thirty (30) days in advance of start of work. Up to thirty (30) days will be required for the initial review response. Up to an additional thirty (30) days may be required to review any/all subsequent submissions or resubmission.
14. *Theoretical Railroad Live Load Influence Zone* – A 1 horizontal to 1 vertical theoretical slope line starting at bottom corner of tie.
15. *TOR – Top of Rail*. This is the base point for clearance measurements. It refers to the crown (top) of the steel rail; the point where train wheels bear on the steel rails.
16. *Track Structure* – All load bearing elements which support the train. This includes, but is not limited to, the rail, ties, appurtenances, ballast, sub-ballast, embankment, retaining walls, and bridge structures.
17. *Vertical Clearance* – Distance measured from TOR to the lowest obstruction within six feet (6'-0") of the track centerline, in either direction.

II. GENERAL SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- A. A construction work plan is required to be submitted by the Agency or its Contractor, for review and acceptance, prior to accessing or performing any work with Potential to Foul.
- B. The Agency or its representative shall submit six (6) sets of plans, specifications, supporting calculations, and detailed means and methods procedures for the specific proposed work activity.
- C. Construction submissions shall include all information relevant to the work activity, and shall clearly and concisely explain the nature of the work, how it is being performed, and what measures are being taken to ensure that railroad property and operations are continuously maintained.
- D. All construction plans shall include a map of the work site, depicting the CSXT tracks, the CSXT right of way, proposed means of access, proposed locations for equipment and material staging (dimensioned from nearest track centerline), as well as all other relevant project information. An elevation drawing may also be necessary in order to depict clearances or other components of the work.
- E. Please note that CSXT will not provide pricing to individual contractors involved in bidding projects. Bidding contractors shall request information from the agency and not CSXT.
- F. The Contractor shall install a geotextile fabric ballast protection system to prevent construction or demolition debris and fines from fouling ballast. The geotextile ballast protection system shall be installed and maintained by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- G. The Engineer shall be kept aware of the construction schedule. The Contractor shall provide timely communication to the Engineer when scheduling the work such that the Engineer may be present during the work. The Contractor's schedule shall not dictate the work plan review schedule, and flagging shall not be scheduled prior to receipt of an accepted work plan.

H. At any time during construction activities, the Engineer may require revisions to the previously approved procedures to address weather, site conditions or other circumstances that may create a potential hazard to rail operations or CSXT facilities. Such revisions may require immediate interruption or termination of ongoing activities until such time the issue is resolved to the Engineer's satisfaction. CSXT and its GEC shall not be responsible for any additional costs or time claims associated with such revisions.

I. Blasting will not be permitted to demolish a structure over or within CSXT's right-of-way. When blasting off of CSXT property but with Potential to Foul, vibration monitoring, track settlement surveying, and/or other protective measures may be required as determined by the Engineer.

J. Blasting is not permitted adjacent to CSXT right-of-way without written approval from the Chief Engineer, CSXT.

K. Mechanical and chemical means of rock removal must be explored before blasting is considered. If written permission for the use of explosives is granted, the Agency or Contractor must submit a work plan satisfying the following requirements:

1. Blasting shall be done with light charges under the direct supervision of a responsible officer or employee of the Agency or Contractor.
2. Electronic detonating fuses shall not be used because of the possibility of premature explosions resulting from operation of two-way train radios.
3. No blasting shall be done without the presence of an authorized representative of CSXT. Advance notice to the Engineer is required to arrange for the presence of an authorized CSXT representative and any flagging that CSXT may require.
4. Agency or Contractor must have at the project site adequate equipment, labor and materials, and allow sufficient time, to clean up debris resulting from the blasting and correct any misalignment of tracks or other damage to CSXT property resulting from the blasting. Any corrective measures required must be performed as directed by the Engineer at the Agency's or Contractor's expense without any delay to trains. If Agency's or Contractor's actions result in the delay of any trains including passenger trains, the Agency or Contractor shall bear the entire cost thereof.
5. The Agency or Contractor may not store explosives on CSXT property.
6. At any time during blasting activities, the Engineer may require revisions to the previously approved procedures to address weather, site conditions or other circumstances that may create a potential hazard to rail operations or CSXT facilities. Such revisions may require immediate interruption or termination of ongoing activities until such time the issue is resolved to the Engineer's satisfaction. CSXT and its GEC shall not be responsible for any additional costs or time claims associated with such revisions.

III. HOISTING OPERATIONS

A. All proposed hoisting operations with Potential to Foul shall be submitted in accordance with the following:

1. A plan view drawing shall depict the work site, the CSXT track(s), the proposed location(s) of the lifting equipment, as well as the proposed locations for picking, any intermediate staging, and setting the load(s). All locations shall be dimensioned from centerline of the nearest track. Crane locations shall also be dimensioned from a stationary point at the work site for field confirmation.
2. Computations showing the anticipated weight of all picks. Computations shall be made based upon the field-verified plans of the existing structure. Pick weights shall account for the weight of concrete rubble or other materials attached to the component being removed; this includes the weight of subsequent rigging devices/components. Rigging components shall be sized for the subsequent pick weight.
3. All lifting equipment, rigging devices, and other load bearing elements shall have a rated (safe lifting) capacity that is greater than or equal to 150% of the load it is carrying, as a factor of safety. Supporting calculations shall be furnished to verify the minimum capacity requirement is maintained for the duration of the hoisting operation.

4. Dynamic hoisting operations are prohibited when carrying a load with the Potential to Foul. Cranes or other lifting equipment shall remain stationary during lifting. (i.e., no moving picks).
5. For lifting equipment, the manufacturer's capacity charts, including crane, counterweight, maximum boom angle, and boom nomenclature is to be submitted.
6. A schematic rigging diagram must be provided to clearly call out each rigging component from crane hook to the material being hoisted. Copies of catalog or information sheets shall be provided to verify rigging weights and capacities.
7. For built-up rigging devices, the contractor shall submit the following:
 - i. Details of the device, calling out material types, sizes, connections and other properties.
 - ii. Load test certification documents and/or design computations bearing the seal and signature of a Professional Engineer. Load test shall be performed in the configuration of its intended use as part of the subject demolition procedure.
 - iii. Copies of the latest inspection reports of the rigging device. The device shall be inspected within one (1) calendar year of the proposed date for use.
8. A detail shall be provided showing the crane outrigger setup, including dimensions from adjacent slopes or facilities. The detail shall indicate requirements for bearing surface preparation, including material requirements and compaction efforts. As a minimum, outriggers and/or tracks shall bear on mats, positioned on level material with adequate bearing capacity.
9. A complete written narrative that describes the sequence of events, indicating the order of lifts and any repositioning or re-hitching of the crane(s).

IV. DEMOLITION PROCEDURE

- A. The Agency or its Contractor shall submit a detailed procedure for a controlled demolition of any structure on, over, or adjacent to the ROW. The controlled demolition procedure must be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning work on the project.
- B. Existing Condition of structure being demolished:
 1. The Contractor shall submit as-built plans for the structure(s) being demolished.
 2. If as-built plans are unavailable, the Contractor shall perform an investigation of the structure, including any foundations, substructures, etc. The field measurements are to be made under the supervision of the Professional Engineer submitting the demolition procedure. Findings shall be submitted as part of the demolition means and methods submittal for review by the Engineer.
 3. Any proposed method for temporary stabilization of the structure during the demolition shall be based on the existing plans or investigative findings, and submitted as part of the demolition means and methods for review by the Engineer.
- C. Demolition work plans shall include a schematic plan depicting the proposed locations of the following, at various stages of the demolition:
 1. All cranes and equipment, calling out the operating radii.
 2. All proposed access and staging locations with all dimensions referenced from the center line of the nearest track.
 3. Proposed locations for stockpiling material or locations for truck loading.
 4. The location, with relevant dimensions, of all tracks, other railroad facilities; wires, poles, adjacent structures, or buried utilities that could be affected, showing that the proposed lifts are clear of these obstructions.
 5. Note that no crane or equipment may be set on the CSXT rails or track structure and no material may be dropped on CSXT property.
- D. Demolition submittal shall also include the following information:
 1. All hoisting details, as dictated by Section III of this document.
 2. A time schedule for each of the various stages must be shown as well as a schedule for the entire lifting procedure.

The proposed time frames for all critical subtasks (i.e., torch/saw cutting various portions of the superstructure or substructure, dismantling splices, installing temporary bracing, etc.) shall be furnished so that the potential impact(s) to CSXT operations may be assessed and eliminated or minimized.

3. The names and experience of the key Contractor personnel involved in the operation shall be included in the Contractor's means and methods submission.
 4. Design and supporting calculations shall be prepared, signed, and sealed by the Professional Engineer for items including the temporary support of components or intermediate stages shall be submitted for review. A guardrail will be required to be installed in a track in the proximity of temporary bents or shoring towers, when located within twelve feet (12'-0") from the centerline of the track. The guardrail will be installed by CSXT forces, at the expense of the Agency or its contractor.
- E. Girders or girder systems shall be stable at all times during demolition. Temporary bracing shall be provided at the piers, abutments, or other locations to resist overturning and/or buckling of the member(s). The agency shall submit a design and details of the proposed temporary bracing system, for review by the Engineer. Lateral wind forces for the temporary conditions shall be considered in accordance with AREMA, Chapter 8, Section 28.6.2. The minimum lateral wind pressure shall be fifteen pounds per square foot (15 psf).
- F. Existing, obsolete, bridge piers shall be removed to a minimum of three feet (3'-0") below the finished grade, final ditch line invert, or as directed by the Engineer.
- G. A minimum quantity of twenty five (25) tons of CSXT approved granite track ballast may be required to be furnished and stockpiled on site by the Contractor, or as directed by the Engineer.
- H. The use of acetylene gas is prohibited for use on or over CSXT property. Torch cutting shall be performed utilizing other materials such as propane.
- I. CSXT's tracks, signals, structures, and other facilities shall be protected from damage during demolition of existing structure or replacement of deck slab.
- J. Demolition Debris Shield
1. On-track or ground-level debris shields (such as crane mats) are prohibited for use by CSXT.
 2. Demolition Debris Shield shall be installed prior to the demolition of the bridge deck or other relevant portions of the structure. The demolition debris shield shall be erected from the underside of the bridge over the track area to catch all falling debris. The debris shield shall not be the primary means of debris containment.
 - i. The demolition debris shield design and supporting calculations, all signed/sealed by a Professional Engineer, shall be submitted for review and acceptance.
 - ii. The demolition debris shield shall have a minimum design load of 50 pounds per square foot (50 psf) plus the weight of the equipment, debris, personnel, and all other loads.
 - iii. The Contractor shall verify the maximum particle size and quantity of the demolition debris generated during the procedure does not exceed the shield design loads. Shield design shall account for loads induced by particle impact; however the demolition procedure shall be such that impact forces are minimized. The debris shield shall not be the primary means of debris containment.
 - iv. The Contractor shall include installation/removal means and methods for the demolition debris shield as part of the proposed Controlled Demolition procedure submission.
 - v. The demolition debris shield shall provide twenty three feet (23'-0") minimum vertical clearance, or maintain the existing vertical clearance if the existing clearance is less than twenty three feet (23'-0").
 - vi. Horizontal clearance to the centerline of the track should not be reduced unless approved by the Engineer.
 - vii. The Contractor shall clean the demolition debris shield daily or more frequently as dictated either by the approved design parameters or as directed by the Engineer.
- K. Vertical Demolition Debris Shield
1. This type of shield may be required for substructure removals in close proximity to CSXT track and other facilities, as determined by the Engineer.
 2. The Agency or its Contractor shall submit detailed plans with detailed calculations, prepared, signed, and sealed by a Professional Engineer, of the protection shield.

V. ERECTION PROCEDURE

- A. The Agency or its Contractor shall submit a detailed procedure for erection of a structure with Potential to Foul. The erection procedure must be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning work on the project.
- B. Erection work plans shall include a schematic plan depicting the following, at all stages of the construction:
 - 1. All proposed locations of all cranes and equipment, calling out the operating radii.
 - 2. All proposed access and staging locations with all dimensions referenced from the center line of the nearest track.
 - 3. All proposed locations for stockpiling material or locations for truck loading.
 - 4. The location, with relevant dimensions, of all tracks, other railroad facilities; wires, poles, adjacent structures, or buried utilities that could be affected, showing that the proposed lifts are clear of these obstructions.
- C. No crane or equipment may be set on the CSXT rails or track structure and no material may be dropped on CSXT property.
- D. For erection of a structure over the tracks, the following information shall be submitted for review and acceptance by the Engineer, at least thirty (30) days prior to erection:
 - 1. As-built beam seat elevations – field surveyed upon completion of pier/abutment construction.
 - 2. Current Top of Rail (TOR) elevations – field measured at the time of as-built elevation collection.
 - 3. Computations verifying the anticipated minimum vertical clearance in the final condition which accounts for all deflection and camber, based upon the current TOR and as-built beam seat elevations. The anticipated minimum vertical clearance shall be greater than or equal to that which is indicated by the approved plans. Vertical clearance (see definitions) is measured from TOR to the lowest point on the overhead structure at any point within six feet (6'-0") from centerline of the track. Calculations shall be signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer.
- E. Girders or girder systems shall be stable at all times during erection. No crane may unhook prior to stabilizing the beam or girder.
 - 1. Lateral wind forces for the temporary conditions shall be considered in accordance with AREMA, Chapter 8, Section 28.6.2. The minimum lateral wind pressure shall be fifteen pounds per square foot (15 psf).
 - 2. Temporary bracing shall be provided at the piers, abutments, or other locations to resist overturning and/or buckling of the member(s). The agency shall submit a design and details of the proposed temporary bracing system, for review by the Engineer.
 - 3. Temporary bracing shall not be removed until sufficient lateral bracing or diaphragm members have been installed to establish a stable condition. Supporting calculations, furnished by the Professional Engineer, shall confirm the stable condition.
- F. Erection procedure submissions shall also include the following information:
 - 1. All hoisting details, as dictated by Section III of this document.
 - 2. A time schedule for each of the various stages must be shown as well as a schedule for the entire lifting procedure. The proposed time frames for all critical subtasks (i.e., performing aerial splices, installing temporary bracing, installation of diaphragm members, etc.) shall be furnished so that the potential impact(s) to CSXT operations may be assessed and eliminated or minimized.
 - 3. The names and experience of the key Contractor personnel involved in the operation shall be included in the Contractor's means and methods submission.
 - 4. A guardrail will be required to be installed in a track in the proximity of temporary bents or shoring towers, when located within twelve feet (12'-0") from the centerline of the track. The guardrail will be installed by CSXT forces, at the expense of the Agency or its Contractor.
 - 5. Design and supporting calculations prepared by the Professional Engineer for items including the temporary support of components or intermediate stages shall be submitted for review.

VI. TEMPORARY EXCAVATION AND SHORING

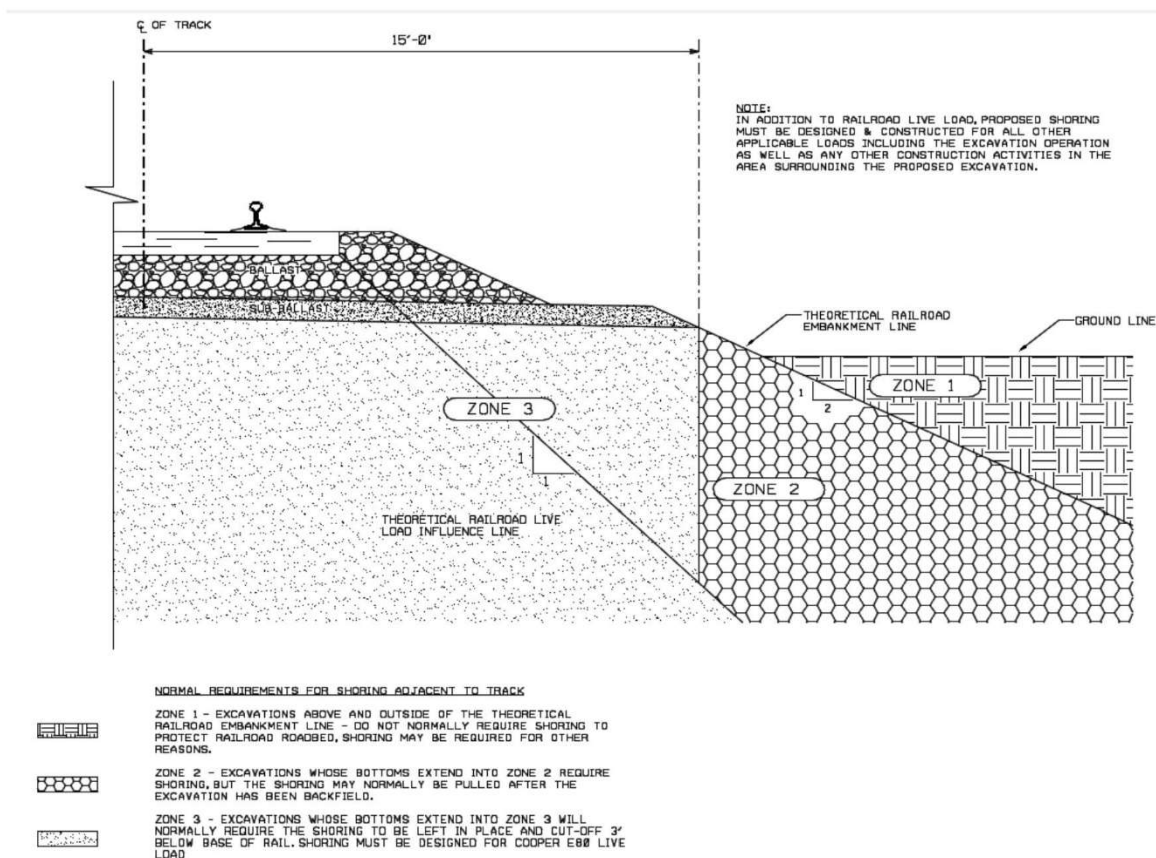
- A. The Agency or its Contractor shall submit a detailed design and procedure for the installation of a sheeting/shoring system adjacent to the tracks. Shoring protection shall be provided when excavating with Potential to Foul, or as otherwise determined by CSXT. Shoring shall be provided in accordance with the AREMA, except as noted below.
- B. Shoring may not be required if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
 - 1. The excavation does not encroach within the Theoretical Live Load Influence Zone. Please refer to Figure 1.

2. The track structure is situated on level ground, or in a cut section, and on stable soil.
 3. The excavation does not adversely impact the stability of a CSXT facility (i.e., signal bungalow, drainage facility, undergrade bridge, building, etc), or the stability of any structure on, over, or adjacent to CSXT property with potential to foul.
 4. Shoring is not required by any governing federal, state, local or other construction code.
- C. Shoring is required when excavating the toe of an embankment. Excavation of any embankment which supports an active CSXT track structure without shoring will not be permitted.
- D. Trench boxes are not an acceptable means of shoring. Trench boxes are prohibited for use on CSXT property or within the Theoretical Railroad Live Load Influence Zone.
- E. Shoring shall be a cofferdam-type, which completely encloses the excavation. However, where justified by site or work conditions, partial cofferdams with open sides away from the track may be permissible, as determined by the Engineer.
- F. Cofferdams shall be constructed using interlocking steel sheet piles, or when approved by the Engineer, steel soldier piles with timber lagging. Wales and struts shall be included when dictated by the design.
- G. The use of tiebacks can be permissible for temporary shoring systems, when conditions warrant. Tiebacks shall have a minimum clear cover of 6'-0", measured from the bottom of the rail. Upon completion of the work, tiebacks shall be grouted, cut off, and remain in place.
- H. All shoring systems on, or adjacent to CSXT right-of-way, shall be equipped with railings or other fall protection, compliant with the governing federal, state or local requirements. Area around pits shall be graded to eliminate all potential tripping hazards.
- I. Interlocking steel sheet piles shall be used for shoring systems qualifying one or more of the following conditions:
1. Within 18'-0" of the nearest track centerline
 2. Within the live load influence zone
 3. Within slopes supporting the track structure
 4. As otherwise deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- J. Sheet piles qualifying for one or more of the requirements listed in Section VI.I (above) of this document shall not be removed. Sheet piles shall be left in place and cut off a minimum of 3'-0" below the finished grade, the ditch line invert, or as otherwise directed by the Engineer. The ground shall be backfilled and compacted immediately after sheet pile is cut off.
- K. The following design considerations shall be considered when preparing the shoring design package:
1. Shoring shall be designed to resist a vertical live load surcharge of 1,880 lbs. per square foot, in addition to active earth pressure. The surcharge shall be assumed to act on a continuous strip, eight feet six inches (8'-6") wide. Lateral pressures due to surcharge shall be computed using the strip load formula shown in *AREMA Manual for Railway Engineering*, Chapter 8, Part 20.
 2. Allowable stresses in materials shall be in accordance with AREMA Chapter 7, 8, and 15.3.
 3. A minimum horizontal clearance of ten feet (10'-0") from centerline of the track to face of nearest point of shoring shall be maintained, provided a twelve feet (12'-0") roadbed is maintained with a temporary walkway and handrail system.
 4. For temporary shoring systems with Potential to Foul, piles shall be plumb under full dead load. Maximum deflection at the top of wall, under full live load, shall be as follows:
 - i. One-half (1/2) inch for walls within twelve feet (12'-0") of track centerline (Measured from centerline of the nearest track to the nearest point of the supporting structure).
 - ii. One (1) inch for walls located greater than twelve feet (12'-0") from track centerline
- L. Shoring work plans shall be submitted in accordance with Section II of this document, as well as the following additional requirements:
1. The work plan shall include detailed drawings of the shoring systems calling out the sizes of all structural members, details of all connections. Both plan and elevation drawings shall be provided, calling out dimensions from the face of shoring relative to the nearest track centerline. The elevation drawing shall also show the height of shoring, and track elevation in relation to bottom of excavation.
 2. Full design calculations for the shoring system shall be furnished.
 3. A procedure for cutting off the sheet pile, backfilling and restoring the embankment.

VII. TRACK MONITORING

- A. When work being performed has the potential to disrupt the track structure, a work plan must be submitted detailing a track monitoring program which will serve to monitor and detect both horizontal and vertical movement of the CSXT track and roadbed.
- B. The program shall specify the survey locations, the distance between the location points, and frequency of monitoring before, during, and after construction. CSXT reserves to the right to modify the survey locations and monitoring frequency as necessary during the project.
- C. The survey data shall be collected in accordance with the approved frequency and immediately furnished to the Engineer for analysis.
- D. If any movement has occurred as determined by the Engineer, CSXT will be immediately notified. CSXT, at its sole discretion, shall have the right to immediately require all contractor operations to be ceased, have the excavated area immediately backfilled and/or determine what corrective action is required. Any corrective action required by CSXT or performed by CSXT including the monitoring of corrective action of the contractor will be at project expense.

FIGURE 1: Theoretical Live Load Influence Zone



CSXT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

APPENDIX

CSX Transportation

CSXT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Public Projects Group
Jacksonville, FL
Date Issued: July 2017

CSXT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

AUTHORITY OF CSXT ENGINEER

The CSXT Representative shall have final authority in all matters affecting the safe maintenance of CSXT operations and CSXT property, and his or her approval shall be obtained by the Agency or its Contractor for methods of construction to avoid interference with CSXT operations and CSXT property and all other matters contemplated by the Agreement and these Special Provisions.

II. INTERFERENCE WITH CSXT OPERATIONS

A. Agency or its Contractor shall arrange and conduct its work so that there will be no interference with CSXT operations, including train, signal, telephone and telegraphic services, or damage to CSXT's property, or to poles, wires, and other facilities of tenants on CSXT's Property or right-of-way. Agency or its Contractor shall store materials so as to prevent trespassers from causing damage to trains, or CSXT Property. Whenever Work is likely to affect the operations or safety of trains, the method of doing such Work shall first be submitted to the CSXT Representative for approval, but such approval shall not relieve Agency or its Contractor from liability in connection with such Work.

B. If conditions arising from or in connection with the Project require that immediate and unusual provisions be made to protect train operation or CSXT's property, Agency or its Contractor shall make such provision. If the CSXT Representative determines that such provision is insufficient, CSXT may, at the expense of Agency or its Contractor, require or provide such provision as may be deemed necessary, or cause the Work to cease immediately.

III. NOTICE OF STARTING WORK. Agency or its Contractor shall not commence any work on CSXT Property or rights-of-way until it has complied with the following conditions:

A. Notify CSXT in writing of the date that it intends to commence Work on the Project. Such notice must be received by CSXT at least 10 business days in advance of the date Agency or its Contractor proposes to begin Work on CSXT property. The notice must refer to this Agreement by date. If flagging service is required, such notice shall be submitted at least thirty (30) business days in advance of the date scheduled to commence the Work.

B. Obtain authorization from the CSXT Representative to begin Work on CSXT property, such authorization to include an outline of specific conditions with which it must comply.

C. Obtain from CSXT the names, addresses and telephone numbers of CSXT's personnel who must receive notice under provisions in the Agreement. Where more than one individual is designated, the area of responsibility of each shall be specified.

IV. WORK FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONTRACTOR

A. No temporary or permanent changes to wire lines or other facilities (other than third party fiber optic cable transmission systems) on CSXT property that are considered necessary to the Work are anticipated or shown on the Plans. If any such changes are, or become, necessary in the opinion of CSXT or Agency, such changes will be covered by appropriate revisions to the Plans and by preparation of a force account estimate. Such force account estimate may be initiated by either CSXT or Agency, but must be approved by both CSXT and Agency. Agency or Contractor shall be responsible for arranging for the relocation of the third party fiber optic cable transmission systems, at no cost or expense to CSXT.

B. Should Agency or Contractor desire any changes in addition to the above, then it shall make separate arrangements with CSXT for such changes to be accomplished at the Agency or Contractor's expense.

V. HAUL ACROSS RAILROAD

A. If Agency or Contractor desires access across CSXT property or tracks at other than an existing and open public road crossing in or incident to construction of the Project, the Agency or Contractor must first obtain the permission of CSXT and shall execute a license agreement or right of entry satisfactory to CSXT, wherein Agency or Contractor agrees to bear all costs and liabilities related to such access.

B. Agency and Contractor shall not cross CSXT's property and tracks with vehicles or equipment of any kind or character, except at such crossing or crossings as may be permitted pursuant to this section.

VI. COOPERATION AND DELAYS

A. Agency or Contractor shall arrange a schedule with CSXT for accomplishing stage construction involving work by CSXT. In arranging its schedule, Agency or Contractor shall ascertain, from CSXT, the lead time required for assembling crews and materials and shall make due allowance therefor.

B. Agency or Contractor may not charge any costs or submit any claims against CSXT for hindrance or delay caused by railroad traffic; work done by CSXT or other delay incident to or necessary for safe maintenance of railroad traffic; or for any delays due to compliance with these Special Provisions.

C. Agency and Contractor shall cooperate with others participating in the construction of the Project to the end that all work may be carried on to the best advantage.

D. Agency and Contractor understand and agree that CSXT does not assume any responsibility for work performed by others in connection the Project. Agency and Contractor further understand and agree that they shall have no claim whatsoever against CSXT for any inconvenience, delay or additional cost incurred by Agency or Contractor on account of operations by others.

VII. STORAGE OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

Agency and Contractor shall not store their materials or equipment on CSXT's property or where they may potentially interfere with CSXT's operations, unless Agency or Contractor has received CSXT Representative's prior written permission. Agency and Contractor understand and agree that CSXT will not be liable for any damage to such materials and equipment from any cause and that CSXT may move, or require Agency or Contractor to move, such material and equipment at Agency's or Contractor's sole expense. To minimize the possibility of damage to the railroad tracks resulting from the unauthorized use of equipment, all grading or other construction equipment that is left parked near the tracks unattended by watchmen shall be immobilized to the extent feasible so that it cannot be moved by unauthorized persons.

VIII. CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

A. General

1. Construction work on CSXT property shall be subject to CSXT's inspection and approval.
2. Construction work on CSXT property shall be in accord with CSXT's written outline of specific conditions and with these Special Provisions.
3. Contractor shall observe the terms and rules of the CSXT Safe Way manual, which Agency and Contractor shall be required to obtain from CSXT, and in accord with any other instructions furnished by CSXT or CSXT's Representative.

B. Blasting

1. Agency or Contractor shall obtain CSXT Representative's and Agency Representative's prior written approval for use of explosives on or adjacent to CSXT property. If permission for use of explosives is granted, Agency or Contractor must comply with the following:
 - a. Blasting shall be done with light charges under the direct supervision of a responsible officer or employee of Agency or Contractor.
 - b. Electric detonating fuses shall not be used because of the possibility of premature explosions resulting from operation of two-way train radios.
 - c. No blasting shall be done without the presence of an authorized representative of CSXT. At least 30 days' advance notice to CSXT Representative is required to arrange for the presence of an authorized CSXT representative and any flagging that CSXT may require.

d. Agency or Contractor must have at the Project site adequate equipment, labor and materials, and allow sufficient time, to (i) clean up (at Agency's expense) debris resulting from the blasting without any delay to trains; and (ii) correct (at Agency's expense) any track misalignment or other damage to CSXT's property resulting from the blasting, as directed by CSXT Representative, without delay to trains. If Agency's or Contractor's actions result in delay of any trains, including Amtrak passenger trains, Agency shall bear the entire cost thereof.

e. Agency and Contractor shall not store explosives on CSXT property.

2. CSXT Representative will:

a. Determine the approximate location of trains and advise Agency or Contractor of the approximate amount of time available for the blasting operation and clean-up.

b. Have the authority to order discontinuance of blasting if, in his or her opinion, blasting is too hazardous or is not in accord with these Special Provisions.

IX. MAINTENANCE OF DITCHES ADJACENT TO CSXT TRACKS

Agency or Contractor shall maintain all ditches and drainage structures free of silt or other obstructions that may result from their operations. Agency or Contractor shall provide erosion control measures during construction and use methods that accord with applicable state standard specifications for road and bridge construction, including either (1) silt fence; (2) hay or straw barrier; (3) berm or temporary ditches; (4) sediment basin; (5) aggregate checks; and (6) channel lining. All such maintenance and repair of damages due to Agency's or Contractor's operations shall be performed at Agency's expense.

X. FLAGGING / INSPECTION SERVICE

A. CSXT has sole authority to determine the need for flagging required to protect its operations and property. In general, flagging protection will be required whenever Agency or Contractor or their equipment are, or are likely to be, working within fifty (50) feet of live track or other track clearances specified by CSXT, or over tracks.

B. Agency shall reimburse CSXT directly for all costs of flagging that is required on account of construction within CSXT property shown in the Plans, or that is covered by an approved plan revision, supplemental agreement or change order.

C. Agency or Contractor shall give a minimum of 30 days' advance notice to CSXT Representative for anticipated need for flagging service. No work shall be undertaken until the flag person(s) is/are at the job site. If it is necessary for CSXT to advertise a flagging job for bid, it may take up to 90-days to obtain this service, and CSXT shall not be liable for the cost of delays attributable to obtaining such service.

D. CSXT shall have the right to assign an individual to the site of the Project to perform inspection service whenever, in the opinion of CSXT Representative, such inspection may be necessary. Agency shall reimburse CSXT for the costs incurred by CSXT for such inspection service. Inspection service shall not relieve Agency or Contractor from liability for its Work.

E. CSXT shall render invoices for, and Agency shall pay for, the actual pay rate of the flagpersons and inspectors used, plus standard additives, whether that amount is above or below the rate provided in the Estimate. If the rate of pay that is to be used for inspector or flagging service is changed before the work is started or during the progress of the work, whether by law or agreement between CSXT and its employees, or if the tax rates on labor are changed, bills will be rendered by CSXT and paid by Agency using the new rates. Agency and Contractor shall perform their operations that require flagging protection or inspection service in such a manner and sequence that the cost of such will be as economical as possible.

XI. UTILITY FACILITIES ON CSXT PROPERTY

Agency shall arrange, upon approval from CSXT, to have any utility facilities on or over CSXT Property changed as may be necessary to provide clearances for the proposed trackage.

XII. CLEAN-UP

Agency or Contractor, upon completion of the Project, shall remove from CSXT's Property any temporary grade crossings, any temporary erosion control measures used to control drainage, all machinery, equipment, surplus materials, falsework, rubbish, or temporary buildings belonging to Agency or Contractor. Agency or Contractor, upon completion of the Project, shall leave CSXT Property in neat condition, satisfactory to CSXT Representative.

XIII. FAILURE TO COMPLY

If Agency or Contractor violate or fail to comply with any of the requirements of these Special Provisions, (a) CSXT may require Agency and/or Contractor to vacate CSXT Property; and (b) CSXT may withhold monies due Agency and/or Contractor; (c) CSXT may require Agency to withhold monies due Contractor; and (d) CSXT may cure such failure and the Agency shall reimburse CSXT for the cost of curing such failure.

CSXT SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT POLICY

APPENDIX

CSX TRANSPORTATION

SOIL AND WATER
MANAGEMENT POLICY

Public Projects Group
Jacksonville, FL
Date Issued: April 2022

Any CSX environmental costs associated with a public project shall be borne by the Agency.

Public projects that generate soils from CSX property must adhere to CSX's soil management policies. CSX requires soils generated from its property to either be properly disposed in a CSX approved disposal facility or reused on CSX property. The management of soils generated from CSX property should be planned for and properly permitted (if applicable) prior to initiating any work on CSX property.

- Soil Reuse: CSX Environmental Department must review and approve reuse of soil on CSX property.
- Soil Disposal: If the soil cannot be reused on CSX property, it must be properly disposed at a CSX approved disposal facility. CSX prohibits any contractor from taking soils for off property reuse. CSX Environmental Department will handle waste characterization and profiling into an approved disposal facility. CSX prohibits any environmental sampling on its property unless granted through a written Environmental Right of Entry or approved in writing by the CSX Environmental Department. For access or right-of-entry issues for outside parties (Right-of-Entry) on CSX property please see: <https://www.csx.com/index.cfm/customers/value-added-services/property-real-estate/>. All analytical analyses must be completed at a CSX approved laboratory.

If Agency has arrangements with a disposal facility not approved by CSX, Agency can request CSX to evaluate the disposal facility. Request to evaluate alternate disposal facilities should take place prior to work being initiated on CSX property. Contact the CSX Manager Environmental Programs at (904) 366-4174 for assistance.

- If dewatering is planned for a public project, CSX Environmental Department must review and approve the dewatering plan prior to work being initiated on CSX property. CSX prohibits the discharge of water onto its property without prior approval. CSX prohibits environmental sampling of groundwater or surface water unless granted through a written Environmental Right of Entry or approved in writing by the CSX Environmental Department. Contact the Manager Environmental Programs at (904) 359-4833 for assistance.

All waste must be removed from the project site in a timely manner. It is the policy of CSX that all materials discarded by or on behalf of CSX will be managed in accordance with local, state and federal regulations as well as CSX's best management practices and sustainability goals. To ensure that these goals are achieved, CSX has mechanisms in place to monitor waste management activities, capture the information necessary to ensure 100% compliance with local, state and federal requirements 100% of the time, and track progress in the CSX sustainability program. These mechanisms also allow CSX to complete reporting requirements to federal and state regulatory agencies and document CSX's progress toward its sustainability goals.

Prior to disposal, recycling, or reuse, a CSX authorization number for transportation and disposal of all waste types (i.e. – hazardous, non-hazardous, special, etc.) must be obtained from the CSX Manager Environmental Programs and included on the disposal manifest or Bill of Lading (BOL). Promptly forward completed hazardous waste, non-hazardous waste, special waste manifests, BOLs, analytical, and profiles to the CSX Project Manager with copies to CSX's Manager Environmental Programs to wastedisposal@csx.com.

Containment system, clean up and disposal of all paint and other material removed from a bridge: The clean-up and disposal of material from the surface preparation for painting and the actual painting must comply with all appropriate regulations and CSX's policies and procedures. The materials removed during the surface preparation must not impact the surrounding area including ground, water, or air impacts. Materials must not be stored on CSX property.

A list of the CSX approved laboratories and disposal/recycling facilities can be obtained from the Manager Environmental Programs at wastedisposal@csx.com.

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.

- (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
- (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
- (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days.”

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.

- (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

- (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor’s yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

- (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13.”

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.

- (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
- (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
- (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
- (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
- (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
- (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item.”

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited.”

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

“109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk

(2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.

(c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY – DIESEL RETROFIT (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2010

Revised: November 1, 2014

The reduction of emissions of particulate matter (PM) for off-road equipment shall be accomplished by installing retrofit emission control devices. The term "equipment" refers to diesel fuel powered devices rated at 50 hp and above, to be used on the jobsite in excess of seven calendar days over the course of the construction period on the jobsite (including rental equipment).

Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract shall be retrofitted using the phased in approach shown below. Equipment that is of a model year older than the year given for that equipment's respective horsepower range shall be retrofitted:

Effective Dates	Horsepower Range	Model Year
June 1, 2010 ^{1/}	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006
June 1, 2011 ^{2/}	100-299	2003
	300-599	2001
	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006
June 1, 2012 ^{2/}	50-99	2004
	100-299	2003
	300-599	2001
	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006

1/ Effective dates apply to Contractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

2/ Effective dates apply to Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

The retrofit emission control devices shall achieve a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent and shall be:

- a) Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) *Verified Retrofit Technology List* (<http://www.epa.gov/cleandiesel/verification/verif-list.htm>), or verified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (<http://www.arb.ca.gov/diesel/verdev/vt/cvt.htm>); or
- b) Retrofitted with a non-verified diesel retrofit emission control device if verified retrofit emission control devices are not available for equipment proposed to be used on the project, and if the Contractor has obtained a performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer that the emission control device provides a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent.

Note: Large cranes (Crawler mounted cranes) which are responsible for critical lift operations are exempt from installing retrofit emission control devices if such devices adversely affect equipment operation.

Diesel powered off-road equipment with engine ratings of 50 hp and above, which are unable to be retrofitted with verified emission control devices or if performance certifications are not available which will achieve a minimum 50 percent PM reduction, may be granted a waiver by the Department if documentation is provided showing good faith efforts were made by the Contractor to retrofit the equipment.

Construction shall not proceed until the Contractor submits a certified list of the diesel powered off-road equipment that will be used, and as necessary, retrofitted with emission control devices. The list(s) shall include (1) the equipment number, type, make, Contractor/rental company name; and (2) the emission control devices make, model, USEPA or CARB verification number, or performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer. Equipment reported as fitted with emissions control devices shall be made available to the Engineer for visual inspection of the device installation, prior to being used on the jobsite.

The Contractor shall submit an updated list of retrofitted off-road construction equipment as retrofitted equipment changes or comes on to the jobsite. The addition or deletion of any diesel powered equipment shall be included on the updated list.

If any diesel powered off-road equipment is found to be in non-compliance with any portion of this special provision, the Engineer will issue the Contractor a diesel retrofit deficiency deduction.

Any costs associated with retrofitting any diesel powered off-road equipment with emission control devices shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed. The Contractor's compliance with this notice and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a claim.

Diesel Retrofit Deficiency Deduction

When the Engineer determines that a diesel retrofit deficiency exists, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency continues to exist. The calendar day(s) will begin when the time period for correction is exceeded and end with the Engineer's written acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be \$1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

The deficiency will be based on lack of diesel retrofit emissions control.

If a Contractor accumulates three diesel retrofit deficiency deductions for the same piece of equipment in a contract period, the Contractor will be shutdown until the deficiency is corrected. Such a shutdown will not be grounds for any extension of the contract time, waiver of penalties, or be grounds for any claim.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: March 2, 2019

FEDERAL OBLIGATION. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform **0.00%** of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

<http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index>.

BIDDING PROCEDURES. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

- (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
- (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4)
 - a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.

- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials or supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) **NO AMENDMENT.** No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov.
- (b) **CHANGES TO WORK.** Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) **SUBCONTRACT.** The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) **ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS.** In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractor-initiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:

- (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;

- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.
- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) ENFORCEMENT. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) RECONSIDERATION. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE – STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2021

Revised: April 2, 2024

Illinois Works Jobs Program Act (30 ILCS 559/20-1 et seq.). For contracts having an awarded contract value of \$500,000 or more, the Contractor shall comply with the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative (30 ILCS 559/20-20 to 20-25) and all applicable administrative rules. The goal of the Illinois Apprenticeship Works Initiative is that apprentices will perform either 10% of the total labor hours actually worked in each prevailing wage classification or 10% of the estimated labor hours in each prevailing wage classification, whichever is less. Of this goal, at least 50% of the labor hours of each prevailing wage classification performed by apprentices shall be performed by graduates of the Illinois Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, the Illinois Climate Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, or the Highway Construction Careers Training Program.

The Contractor may seek from the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) a waiver or reduction of this goal in certain circumstances pursuant to 30 ILCS 559/20-20(b). The Contractor shall ensure compliance during the term of the contract and will be required to report on and certify its compliance. An apprentice use plan, apprentice hours, and a compliance certification shall be submitted to the Engineer on forms provided by the Department and/or DCEO.

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024

Revised: April 1, 2024

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities. The excavated soil and groundwater within the work areas shall be managed as either uncontaminated soil, hazardous waste, special waste, or non-special waste.

As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 “Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)”.

Revise the first two sentences of the nineteenth paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility and provide the specific analytical testing requirements of that facility. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection, transportation, and analysis of landfill acceptance testing.”

Revise the last paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The Contractor shall select a permitted landfill facility or CCDD/USFO facility meeting the requirements of 35 Ill. Admin. Code Parts 810-814 or Part 1100, respectively. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor based upon information provided in BDE 2730. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected facility shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**669.07 Temporary Staging.** Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. All other soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Topsoil for re-use as final cover which has been field screened and found not to exhibit PID readings over daily background readings as documented on the BDE 2732, visual staining or odors, and is classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option.”

Add the following paragraph after the sixth paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications.

“The sampling and testing of effluent water derived from dewatering discharges for priority pollutants volatile organic compounds (VOCs), priority pollutants semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), or priority pollutants metals, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for VOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8260B, SVOCs GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8270C, or RCRA METALS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 6010B and 7471A. This price shall include transporting the sample from the job site to the laboratory.”

Revise the first sentence of the eight paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) to be managed and disposed of, if required and approved by the Engineer, will be paid according to Article 109.04.”

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

“109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting.

The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment.”

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%”

SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021

Revised: November 2, 2023

FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

“STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include the worker’s name, social security number, last known address, telephone number, email address, classification(s) of work actually performed, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof), daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit certified payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers, last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls need only include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee’s social security number). The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at <https://lcptracker.com/>. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option (“No Work”, “Suspended”, or “Complete”) selected.”

STATE CONTRACTS. Revise Item 3 of Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

- “3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, no later than the 15th day of each calendar month, file a certified payroll for the immediately preceding month to the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) through the Illinois Prevailing Wage Portal in compliance with the State Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130). The portal can be found on the IDOL website at <https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Prevailing-Wage-Portal.aspx>. Payrolls shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the IDOL.

In addition to filing certified payroll(s) with the IDOL, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee’s social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at <https://lcptracker.com/>. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option (“No Work”, “Suspended”, or “Complete”) selected.”

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021

Revised: November 1, 2022

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

“The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. In accordance with 625 ILCS 5/12-215, the lights may only be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations.”

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012

Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form “SBE 723” within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

“(q) Temporary Sign Supports 1106.02”

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer’s specifications.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer’s self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device.”

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019.”

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

“(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.

(k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department’s qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.

(l) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department’s qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis.”

REVISIONS TO THE ILLINOIS PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at <http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/> or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.