

STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

Proposed SN 041-0114

Existing SN 041-0020

IL Route 15 over Elk Horn Creek
FAP Route 821
Section 12B-2
Jefferson County

PTB 157 - Item 46
Contract No. 78458
Job No. D-99-018-15



Prepared By: Michael Haley, P.E., S.E.
Lin Engineering, Ltd.
3261 S. Meadowbrook Rd.,
Suite 500
Springfield, IL 62711
(217) 679-2928
mhaley@lineng.com

Prepared For: Eric Henkel, P.E., S.E.
ESCA Consultants, Inc.
2008 Linview Ave.
Urbana, IL 61803
(217)384-0505, ext. 16
elh@escaconsultants.com

Date Prepared: 4/25/2018

Date Revised: 9/10/2018

Table of Contents

Project Description and Scope	1
Field Exploration	
Subsurface Exploration and Testing	1
Subsurface Conditions	2
Geotechnical Evaluations	
Settlement	3
Slope Stability	3
Seismic Considerations	3
Scour	4
Approach Slab	4
Mining Activity	4
Foundation Recommendations	
Abutments	4
Lateral Loading Analysis	6
Construction Considerations	
Stage Construction	6
Foundation Construction	7
Limitations	7
Exhibits	
A. Location Map	
B. Preliminary TSL	
C. Subsurface Data Profile	
D. Soil Borings	
E. Liquefaction Analysis	
F. Pile Length Analysis	
G. Slope Stability	

Project Description and Scope

This project involves the complete replacement of an existing bridge carrying Illinois Route 15 over Elk Horn Creek in Jefferson County. The project site is located in Section 35, Range 1E, Township 2S, in the 3rd Principal Meridian, about 4.4 miles east of the Washington County line. A *Location Map* is presented in Exhibit A.

The existing bridge at this location, SN 041-0020, was constructed in 1921 and reconstructed in 1970. It is a two span structure with precast channel beams supported on a hammerhead pier and closed abutments. The existing pier is founded on untreated timber piles while the abutments utilize spread footing foundations. Riprap was placed at the substructure to repair scour. The bridge measures 44'-0" back to back abutments and 33'-6" between the railings, with no skew.

Per the preliminary Type, Size & Location Plan (TSL), the proposed structure is a single span bridge with W33 rolled steel beams supported on integral abutments. The proposed structure will have a back-to-back abutment length of 66'-8", out-to-out width of 39'-2" and no skew. The roadway will be on a horizontal tangent alignment and on a vertically tangent section of roadway between two sag vertical curves. The proposed center of bridge will be constructed approximately 14 feet to the west of the existing center of bridge. The west abutment will be constructed on existing embankment with the profile raised by over two feet. The east abutment will be constructed in the existing channel on approximately two feet of fill beneath the proposed cap. The new abutment foundations will be located to avoid conflict with the existing foundations. Traffic will be maintained utilizing stage construction. The new structure is to be designed following LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

See *Preliminary TSL* attached in Exhibit B for further information about the proposed structures.

Field Exploration

Subsurface Exploration and Testing

The site is located in a rural area west of Mt. Vernon with wooded areas located on both sides of the roadway. The structure crosses over Elk Horn Creek, which has a channel approximately 22 feet wide. Overhead power lines are running along IL Route 15 on the north side of the structure.

The subsurface investigation consisted of two borings (1-S and 2-S) drilled by IDOT District 9 personnel in May of 2015. 1-S was drilled near the proposed west abutment along the edge of the eastbound lane; 2-S was drilled east of the existing east abutment along the edge of the westbound lane. Boring locations can be found in Exhibit B.

Beginning at the ground surface, standard penetration tests (SPT) were conducted every 2.5 feet according to AASHTO T 206, using a Hollow Stem Auger. Borings 1-S and 2-S were terminated in hard clay shale at depths ranging from 63 to 70 feet.

Subsurface Conditions

While drilling, groundwater was encountered at an elevation between 431.2 and 435.7 with surface water elevation in Elk Horn Creek at 442.2.

Boring 1-S: Starting at ground surface, the boring data depicts medium brown silty clay to an elevation of 445.7, with a Q_u value of 0.8 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 3 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 22%. Soft brown silty clay loam is present down to elevation 440.7, with Q_u values from 0.3 to 0.4 tsf, SPT (N) values ranging from 1 to 2 blows per foot, and moisture contents ranging between 20% and 24%. Medium brown mottled gray clay is present down to elevation 435.7, with Q_u values of 0.7 tsf, SPT (N) values ranging from 1 to 3 blows per foot, and moisture contents ranging between 23% and 24%. Very loose sandy gravel with clay is present down to elevation 433.2, with a Q_u value of 0.4 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 3 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 16%. Soft brown mottled grey silty clay loam is present down to elevation 430.7, with a Q_u value of 0.4tsf, an SPT (N) value of 1 blow per foot, and a moisture content of 23%. Loose sand with gravel and some clay is present down to elevation 428.2, an SPT (N) value of 6 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 19%. Stiff grey clay is present down to elevation 423.2, with Q_u values from 1.4 to 1.6 tsf, SPT (N) values of 4 blows per foot, and moisture contents ranging between 21% and 22%. Very stiff grey mottled brown clay is present down to elevation 420.7, with a Q_u value of 2.3 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 10 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 23%. Stiff grey clay is present down to elevation 415.7, with Q_u values from 1.6 to 1.9 tsf, SPT (N) values ranging from 3 to 4 blows per foot, and moisture contents ranging between 22% and 26%. Medium grey clay is present down to elevation 413.2, with a Q_u value of 0.8 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 2 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 25%. Stiff grey mottled brown clay is present down to elevation 410.7, with a Q_u value of 1.8 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 5 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 22%. Medium grey clay is present down to elevation 405.7, with a Q_u value of 0.8 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 3 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 21%. Stiff grey silty clay is present down to elevation 401.7, with a Q_u value of 1.1 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 2 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 20%. Very loose grey fine to medium sand is present down to elevation 390.7, with SPT (N) values ranging from 1 to 3 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 24%. Loose grey sand is present down to elevation 387.7, with an SPT (N) value of 9 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 12%. Hard grey clay shale was encountered at elevation 387.7 with SPT (N) values of over 100 blows per foot.

Boring 2-S: Starting at ground surface, the boring data depicts medium brown clay to silty clay to an elevation of 443.7, with Q_u values from 0.7 to 0.8 tsf, SPT (N) values ranging from 3 to 4 blows per foot, and moisture contents of 29%. Soft brown mottled grey clay to silty clay is present down to elevation 441.2, with a Q_u value of 0.4 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 1 blow per foot, and a moisture content of 31%. Medium silty clay loam with a sand seam is present down to elevation 438.7, with a Q_u value of 0.6 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 4 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 24%. Very soft brown silty clay loam is present down to elevation 435.7, with a Q_u value of 0.2 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 1 blow per foot, and a moisture content of 20%. Very stiff grey and brown clay to clay loam is present down to elevation 428.7, with Q_u values from 2.9 to 3.9 tsf, SPT (N) values ranging from 7 to 12 blows per foot, and moisture contents ranging between 15% and 16%. Stiff grey clay is present down to elevation 411.2, with Q_u values from 1.1 to 1.8 tsf, SPT (N) values ranging from 5 to 9 blows per foot, and moisture contents ranging between 17% and 21%. Medium grey clay is present down to elevation 406.2, with a Q_u

value of 0.8 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 4 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 21%. Stiff grey silty clay is present down to elevation 401.2, with a Q_u value of 1.1 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 5 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 24%. Medium to stiff grey sandy clay loam is present down to elevation 398.2, with a Q_u value of 1.0 tsf, an SPT (N) value of 7 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 20%. Very loose grey sand with gravel is present down to elevation 391.2, with an SPT (N) value of 2 blows per foot, and a moisture content of 20%. Hard grey clay shale was encountered at elevation 391.2 with SPT (N) values of over 100 blows per foot.

Further descriptions of the soil conditions encountered in the borings are presented in the *Soil Borings* attached in Exhibit D and the *Subsurface Data Profile* in Exhibit C.

Geotechnical Evaluations

Settlement

Per the preliminary TSL, it is estimated the profile will be raised between 2.1 to 2.3 feet at the abutments. The proposed west abutment will be located behind the existing west abutment on existing embankment, resulting in calculated settlement of less than 0.4 inches. Since the west abutment settlement is negligible, downdrag forces are not significant and no pre-coring will be required. The proposed east abutment will be located just in front of the existing east abutment with the bottom of cap on approximately 2 feet of fill. Without considering the presence of the existing east abutment, the calculated theoretical settlement is approximately 2.5", which includes the entire mass of embankment behind the abutment. However, a majority of the embankment will be located behind the existing abutment with only a few feet wide strip of new embankment between the abutments bearing on un-compressed soil. Since the zone of influence from this new soil overlaps that of the existing abutment footing, the amount of settlement is considered insignificant, and therefore, downdrag forces are not considered significant and no pre-coring will be required.

Slope Stability

Preliminary stability analyses using Bishop's method were performed for both abutments. According to AASHTO LRFD 11.6.2.3, the required resistance factor for slope stability is 0.65 which is equivalent to factor of safety of 1.54. The west abutment used a 8.14 foot high 2H:1V (at right angles) end slope model which rendered factor of safety of 2.38. The east abutment used a 9.17 foot high 2H:1V (at right angles) end slope model which rendered factor of safety of 1.80. The Seismic slope stability was also analyzed and yielded factors of safety of 1.65 and 1.22 at west and east abutments respectively. As per AASHTO LRFD 11.6.5.3, minimum required factor of safety under the effect of seismic loads is 1. The horizontal coefficient was calculated according to FHWA-NHI-11-032. The horizontal coefficient for both abutments is 0.175g. Slope stability analyses are presented in Exhibit G. No slope stability problems are expected.

Seismic Considerations

Based on the method described in the IDOT Design Guide LRFD Soil Site Class Definition, Soil Site Class E controls. The Design Spectral Acceleration at 1.0 sec (S_{D1}) is 0.427g and at 0.2 sec (S_{D2}) is 0.849g. These values are based on a 1000 year design

return period earthquake. According to AASHTO LRFD 3.10.6 the Seismic Performance Zone is 3 based on the 1.0 second Design Spectral Acceleration.

Liquefaction analysis was performed using the IDOT Liquefaction Analysis spreadsheet for each new boring at the proposed bridge. Boring 1-S at the proposed west abutment was found to contain potentially liquefiable loose sand layers between elevations 390.7 and 401.7. Boring 2-S behind the proposed east abutment was found to contain potentially liquefiable loose sand layers between elevations 391.2 and 398.2. Liquefaction calculations are presented in Exhibit E.

Scour

With integral abutments protected by riprap, the design scour elevation is set at the bottom of abutment cap per IDOT Bridge Manual 2.3.6.3.2.

Approach Slab

Due to the profile raise, the approach slabs will rest on fill material where bearing capacities above the required 2 ksf should be expected.

Mining Activity

A review of the Illinois State Geological Survey (ISGS) "Directory of Coal Mines in Illinois" for Jefferson County indicates that no mining activity has been present at the project location. The nearest underground mine proximity region is located 3.8 miles southwest of the bridge location.

Foundation Recommendations

Following is the summary of preliminary factored vertical loads for the AASHTO LRFD Strength I load combination provided by ESCA Consultants, Inc. The Extreme Event I load combination was estimated to be 75% of Strength I.

Strength I Load Combination

West Abutment	788 kips
East Abutment	788 kips

Abutments

Due to IDOT's strong desire for a jointless structure, integral abutments will be provided. Per IDOT Integral Abutment Pile Selection Design Guide, all pile types are permissible with an effective expansion length of 34.22'. Unless the abutment type is changed, spread footings and drilled shafts are not allowed for integral abutments as per the IDOT Bridge Manual.

Driven pile foundation design includes a seismic case since liquefiable soils are present within the upper 60 feet of the borings. The downdrag applied to the piles during the seismic design case limits the pile type to H-piles driven to end bearing in the shale layers. For this reason, only this scenario is provided in the below tables. Analyses have been performed using the Modified IDOT Static Method for estimating nominal pile resistance. Pile size calculations are presented in Exhibit F and summarized in Tables 1 thru 4. The estimated lengths include a 2 foot embedment into the abutment cap and

are based on top of pile elevations of 446.48 at the west abutment and 446.80 at the east abutment. R_n values in tables represent the maximum nominal required bearing. Per IDOT Bridge Manual 3.10.1.6, the suggested upper limit for pile length is 75 ft for HP 10's and 100 ft for HP 12's.

Location	Pile Size	R_n Nominal Required Bearing (kips)	R_f Factored Resistance Available (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft)	Pile Tip Elev.	Estimated Embedment into rock (ft)
West Abutment Strength Limit State	HP 10x42	335	184	63	383.5	4
	HP 12x53	418	230	63	383.5	4
	HP 12x63	497	273	65	381.5	6
	HP 14x73	578	318	64	382.5	5
	HP 14x89	705	388	65	381.5	6

Table 1

Location	Pile Size	R_n Nominal Required Bearing (kips)	R_f Factored Resistance Available (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft)	Pile Tip Elev.	Estimated Embedment into rock (ft)
West Abutment Extreme Event (Liquefaction)	HP 10x42	335	132	63	383.5	4
	HP 12x53	418	174	63	383.5	4
	HP 12x63	497	251	65	381.5	6
	HP 14x73	578	288	64	382.5	5
	HP 14x89	705	413	65	381.5	6

Table 2

Location	Pile Size	R_n Nominal Required Bearing (kips)	R_f Factored Resistance Available (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft)	Pile Tip Elev.	Estimated Embedment into rock (ft)
East Abutment Strength Limit State	HP 10x42	335	184	59	387.8	3
	HP 12x53	418	230	59	387.8	3
	HP 12x63	497	273	61	385.8	5
	HP 14x73	578	318	60	386.8	4
	HP 14x89	705	388	61	385.8	5

Table 3

Location	Pile Size	R_n Nominal Required Bearing (kips)	R_f Factored Resistance Available (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft)	Pile Tip Elev.	Estimated Embedment into rock (ft)
East Abutment Extreme Event (Liquefaction)	HP 10x42	335	68	59	387.8	3
	HP 12x53	418	97	59	387.8	3
	HP 12x63	497	174	61	385.8	5
	HP 14x73	578	198	60	386.8	4
	HP 14x89	705	321	61	385.8	5

Table 4

Lateral Loading Analysis

Tables 5 and 6 provide soil parameters for the LPile program (or other approved programs) for the structural engineer to perform the lateral analysis of the foundations. The effective unit weights provided are based on groundwater elevations of 435.70 at the west abutment and 431.20 at the east abutment.

Preliminary analysis has determined that adequate lateral resistance can be provided for the piles prior to reaching rock strata. Per Bridge Manual 3.10.1.10, if the lateral load on a pile exceeds 3 kips then a detailed soil structure interaction analysis shall be performed.

Soil Type	Elev. At Bottom of Layer	Effective Unit Wt. (pci)	Friction Angle (deg)	k (pci)	c (psi)	E50
Medium Silty Clay	445.7	0.069	-	100	5.56	0.010
Soft Silty Clay Loam	440.7	0.064	-	30	2.43	0.020
Medium Silty Clay	435.7	0.050	-	100	4.86	0.010
Very Loose Sandy Gravel w/ Clay	433.2	0.028	-	25	2.78	0.020
Soft Silty Clay Loam	430.7	0.028	-	30	2.78	0.020
Loose Sand w/ Gravel and Clay	428.2	0.033	29.4	20	-	-
Stiff Clay	423.2	0.037	-	500	10.42	0.007
Very Stiff Clay	420.7	0.040	-	1000	15.97	0.005
Stiff Clay	415.7	0.038	-	500	12.15	0.007
Medium Clay	413.2	0.033	-	100	5.56	0.010
Stiff Clay	410.7	0.038	-	500	12.50	0.007
Medium Clay	405.7	0.033	-	100	5.56	0.010
Stiff Silty Clay	401.7	0.035	-	500	7.64	0.007
Very Loose Fine to Medium Sand	390.7	0.027	25.9	20	-	-
Loose Sand	387.7	0.035	30.8	20	-	-
Hard Clay Shale	377.7	0.048	44.0	-	-	-

Table 5 –West Abutment (1-S)

Soil Type	Elev. At Bottom of Layer	Effective Unit Wt. (pci)	Friction Angle (deg)	k (pci)	c (psi)	E50
Medium Clay to Silty Clay	443.7	0.068	-	100	5.24	0.010
Soft Clay to Silty Clay	441.2	0.064	-	30	2.78	0.020
Medium Silty Clay Loam w/ Sand	438.7	0.067	-	100	4.17	0.010
Very Soft Silty Clay Loam	435.7	0.060	-	30	1.39	0.020
Very Stiff Clay to Clay Loam	428.7	0.053	-	1000	22.12	0.005
Stiff Clay	411.2	0.036	-	500	9.03	0.007
Medium Clay	406.2	0.033	-	100	5.56	0.010
Stiff Silty Clay	401.2	0.035	-	500	7.64	0.007
Medium to Stiff Sandy Clay Loam	398.2	0.034	-	100	6.94	0.010
Very Loose Sand w/ Gravel	391.2	0.028	26.2	20	-	-
Hard Clay Shale	380.7	0.048	44.0	-	-	-

Table 6 –East Abutment (2-S)

Construction Considerations

Stage Construction

Traffic is expected to be maintained on Illinois Route 15 utilizing stage construction. A temporary soil support system will be required between the stage construction of the

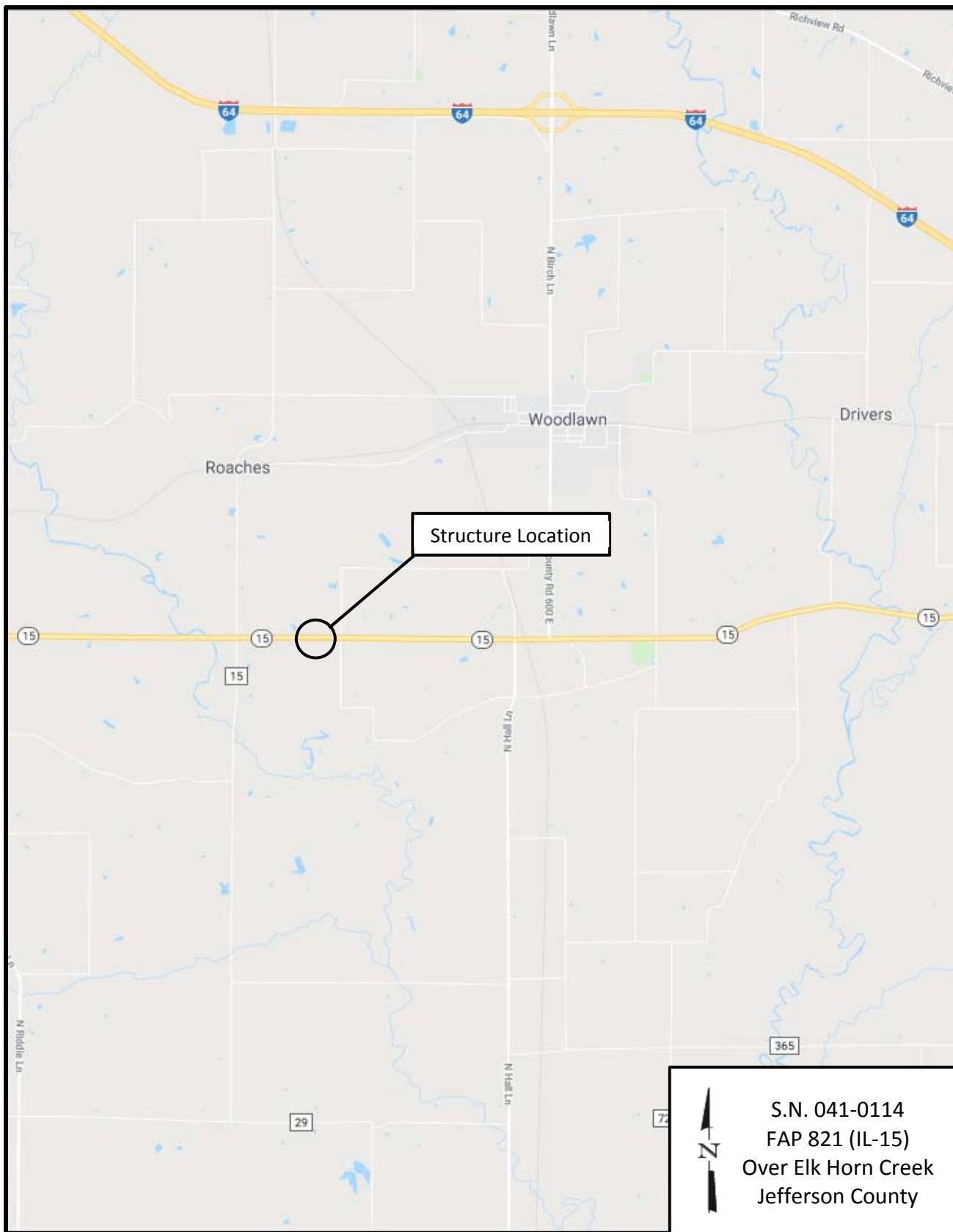
new bridge and the stage removal of the old bridge. Preliminary calculations show Temporary Sheet Piling is feasible for the cohesive material located within the expected embedment. The soil will generally be adequate for a 1V:1H excavation slope. However, if the intermittent very soft soil layers shown in the borings are encountered in the field, a 1V:1.5H excavation slope may be more appropriate.

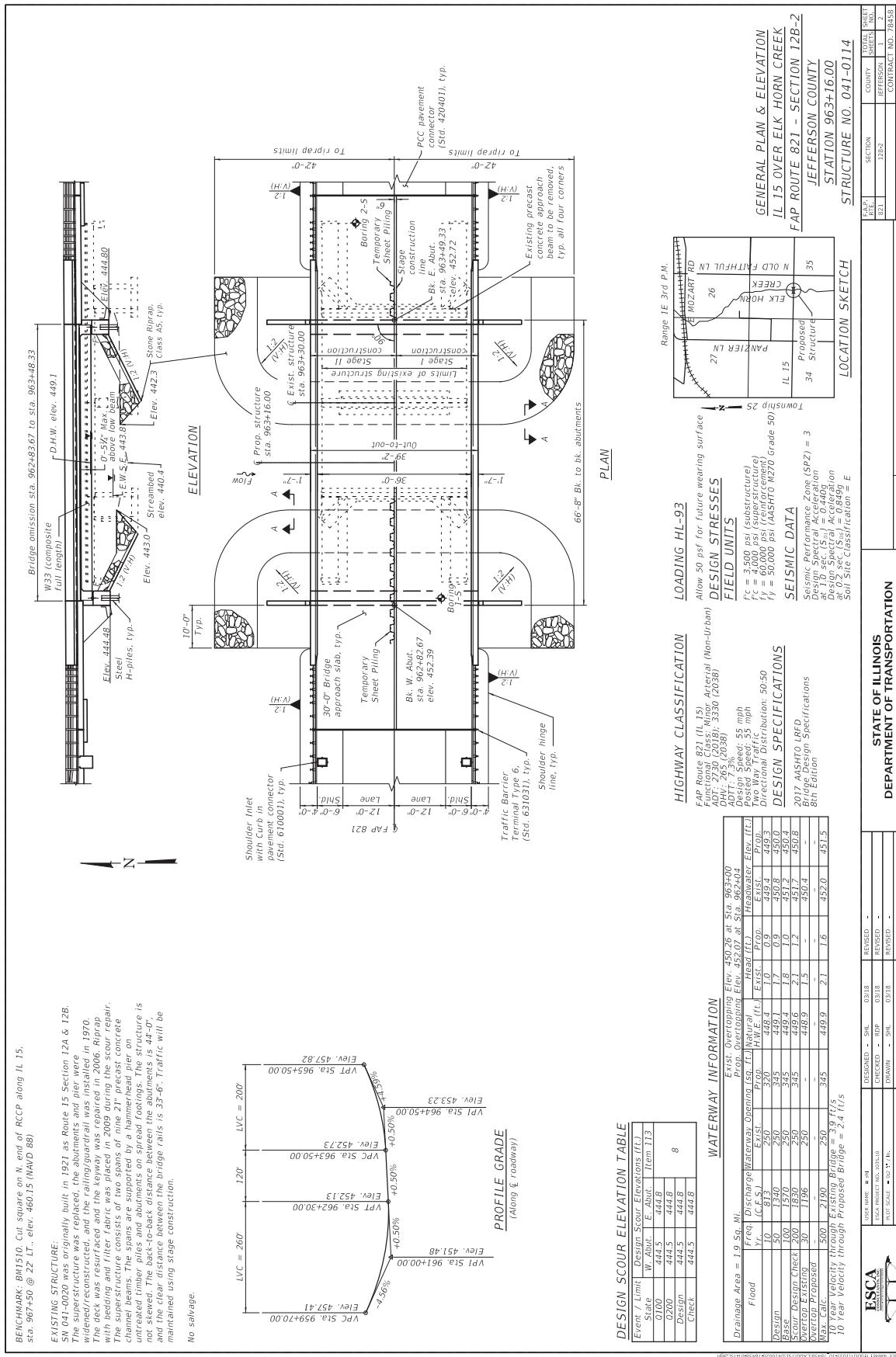
Foundation Construction

One test pile shall be provided at each abutment due to relatively inconsistent rock elevations reported in the borings. Pile shoes are not required for driving into clay shale layers.

Limitations

The recommendations provided herein are for the exclusive use of IDOT and ESCA Consultants, Inc. They are specific only to the project described, and are based on subsurface information obtained at boring locations within the bridge area, our understanding of the project as described herein, and geotechnical engineering practice consistent with the standard of care. No other warranty is expressed or implied. Lin Engineering, Ltd. should be contacted if conditions encountered during construction are not consistent with those described.

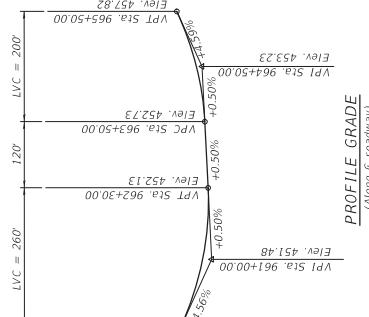




DESIGN SCALE ELEVATION TABLE

SECTION 22000 - ELEVATION - F-DELE			
Event / Limit State	Design W. Abut.	Scour E. Abut.	Elevations (ft.)
Q100	444.5	444.8	Item 113
Q200	444.5	444.8	
Design Check	444.5	444.8	8

WATERWAY INFORMATION



PROFILE GRADE

DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATION TABLE					
Design Event / Limit	Design Scour	Scour Elevation (ft.)			
State	W. Adult	E. Adult	Adult	Item	Item
Q100	444.5	444.5	444.5		
Q200	444.5	444.5	444.5		
Design	444.5	444.5	444.5		
Check	444.4	444.4	444.4		

HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION LOADING HL-

FAP Route 821 (IL 15) Allow 50 psf for Functional Class: Minor Arterial (Non-Urban) Corridor: 3230 / 3230₁ DESIGN STB
FACTORY 3220

SECTION 3711
FIELD UNITS

$f'c = 3,500 \text{ psi}$ (50 ksi)

Two Way Traffic
Directional Distribution: 50:50

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

Seismic Performance
Bridge Design LRFD

*Design Spectral A
at 10 sec. (S_{on}) =*

Design Spectral A
at 0.2 sec. ($S_{0.2}$) =
Soil Site Classification

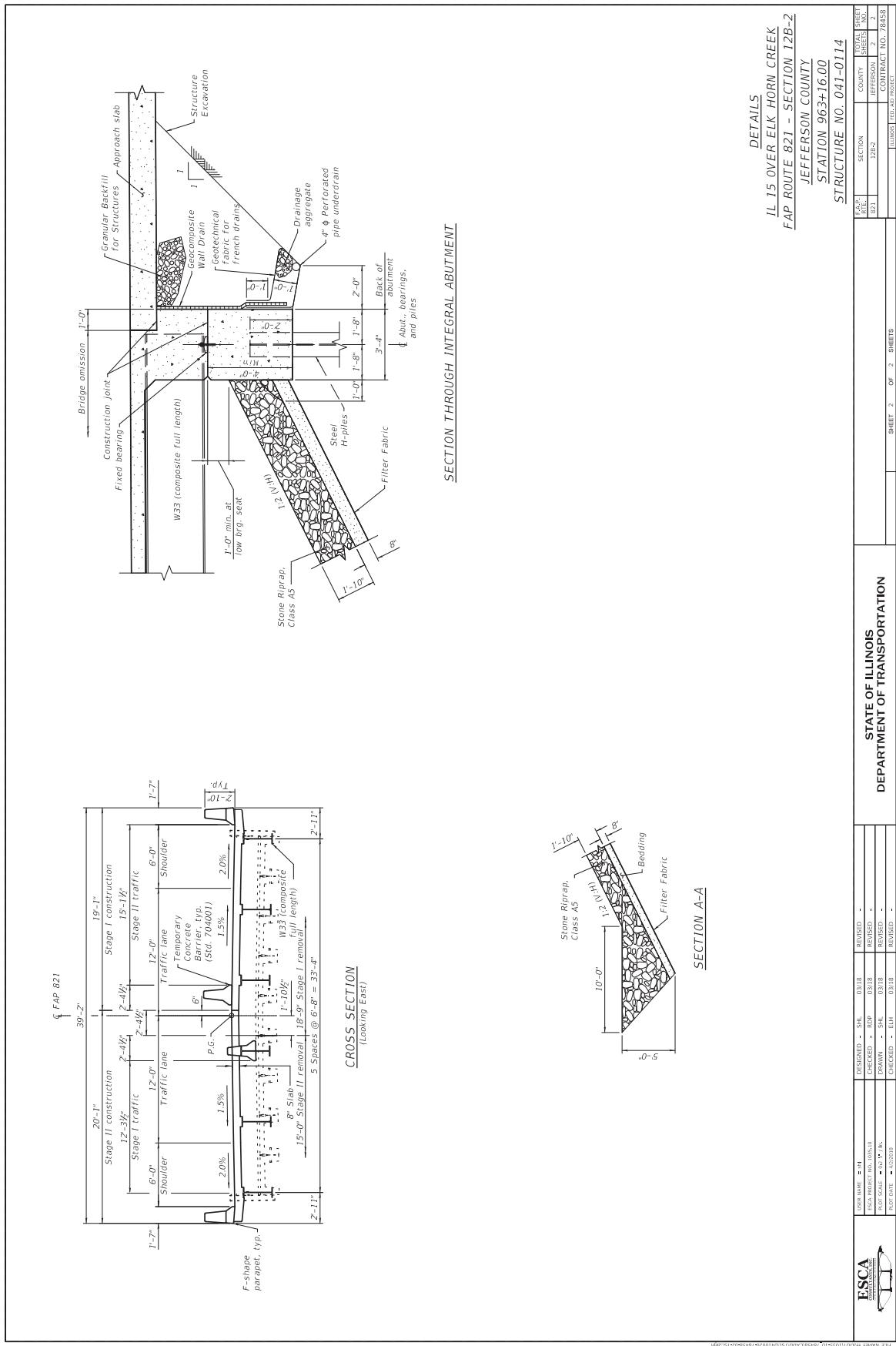
סעיף ב' (בגדרות)

STATE OF ILLINOIS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BENCHMARK: BM1510. Cut square on N. end of RCCP along IL 15, sta. 967+50 @ 22° LT., elev. 460.15 (NAVD 88).

EXISTING STRUCTURE



Boring No: 1-S
Station: 23' W of W Abut.
Offset: 11' S CL
Ground Surface: 450.2'

Boring No: 2-S
Station: 22' E of E Abut.
Offset: 9' N CL
Ground Surface: 450.7'

	N	Qu	W%
Asphalt and crushed aggregate	4487		
Medium, moist, brown, Silty Clay A-6	4457	3 0.8B	22
2 0.4S	24		
Soft, very moist, brown, Silty Clay Loam A-6	4407	WH 0.3B	20
Medium, moist to very moist, brown mottled grey, Silty Clay A-6	4357	3 0.7B	23
Very loose, wet, brown, Sandy Gravel with Clay A-4	433.2	1 0.7B	24
Soft, very moist, brown mottled grey, Silty Clay Loam A-4	430.2	3 0.4E	16
Loose, wet, brown, Sand with Gravel and some Clay A-2-4	428.2	6 19	
57% Sand / 3% Silt 5% Clay / 30% Gravel		4 1.6B	22
Stiff, moist, grey, Clay A7-6	423.2	4 1.4B	21
Very stiff, moist, grey mottled brown, Clay A7-6	420.7	10 2.3B	23
4 1.9B	26		
Stiff, moist, grey, Clay A7-6	415.7	3 1.6B	22
Medium, very moist, grey, Clay A7-6	413.2	2 0.8B	25
Stiff, moist, grey mottled brown, Clay A7-6	410.7	5 1.8B	22
Medium, very moist, grey, Clay A7-6	405.7	3 0.8B	21
Stiff, moist to very moist, grey, Silty Clay A-6	401.7	2 1.1B	20
WR	24		
Very loose, wet, grey, Fine to Medium grained Sand and Gravel		3	
36% Sand / 7% Silt 1% Clay / 61% Gravel		390.7	
Loose, wet, grey, Sand 76% Sand / 20% Silt / 4% Clay		9	12
Hard, dry, grey, Clay Shale	387.7	100/4"	
Clay Shale 387.2			

	N	Qu	W%
9" Asphalt over 8" concrete	449.2		
Medium, very moist, brown, Clay to Silty Clay A7-6	443.7	4	29
Soft, very moist, brown mottled grey, Clay to Silty Clay A7-6	441.2	1 0.4B	31
Medium, very moist, grey Silty Clay Loam A-6 with sand seam	438.7	4	24
Very soft, very moist, brown, Silty Clay Loam A-6	435.7	1 0.2B	20
Silty Clay Loam A-6		7 3.9B	15
		12 2.9B	16
Very Stiff, moist grey and brown, Clay to Clay Loam A7-6	428.7	11 2.9B	16
		9 1.8	17
8 1.4B	18		
6 1.2B	19		
5 1.2B	18		
5 1.1B	21		
5 1.2B	17		
4 0.8B	21		
5 1.1B	20		
4 0.8B	21		
5 1.1B	24		
20			
2			
100/6"			
100/2"			
100/2"			
Hard, dry, grey, Clay Shale	380.7	100/2"	



Illinois Department of Transportation

Memorandum

To: Carrie Nelsen Attn: Dave Piche

From: Rob Graeff *(Handwritten signature)*

Subject: *Boring Logs

Date: March 3, 2016

**FAP 821 (IL 15) over Elk Horn Creek
Structure 041-0020
Jefferson County**

Foundation boring logs have been obtained for the above listed structure and are attached.

Liquefaction Analysis

A review of the borings indicates the presence of potentially liquefiable soils. The extent of these layers should be addressed in the Structure Geotechnical Report.

Slope Stability

At the time of this report, a preliminary TSL is not available. Therefore, we are unable to provide any slope stability calculations for the proposed endslope configuration. This office should be contacted to complete the slope stability calculations when a proposed endslope configuration is determined.

Structure Geotechnical Report

Due to a current shortage of staffing, the District Nine Geotechnical Unit is unable to complete the required Structure Geotechnical Report. Any additional foundation recommendations should be evaluated by a competent consultant.

Attachments
RM:rm

cc: Soils File

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
District Nine Materials

FAP 821 (IL 15) Over Elk Horn Creek

Route: FAP 821 (IL 15) Structure Number: 041-0020

Section 12, B, BR

County: Jefferson

Location: 4.4 miles East of Washington Co.

Bridge Foundation

Boring Log

Sheet 1 of 2

Date: 5/12/2015

Bored By: R Moberly

N-Std Pentr Test: 2" OD Sampler, 140# Hammer, 30" Fall (Type Fail. B-Bulge S-Shear E-Estimated P-Penetrometer)

Route: FAP 821 (IL 15)
Section: 12,B,BR
County: Jefferson

Sheet 2 of 2
Date: 5/12/2015

Boring No:	D E P T H	B L O W S	Qu tsf	W%		D E P T H	B L O W S	Qu tsf	W%
1-S									
Station: 23' W of W Abut									
Offset: 11' S CL									
Ground Surface: 450.2 Ft									
Very loose, wet, grey, Fine to Medium grained Sand and Gravel		WR WH		24					
36% Sand / 2% Silt									
1% Clay / 61% Gravel									
(No sample recovered)									
55.0		1						80.0	
		1							
		2							
390.7									
Loose, wet, grey, Sand		60.0	1					85.0	
76% Sand / 20% Silt			3	12					
4% Clay			6						
387.7			8						
Hard, dry, grey, Clay Shale		387.2	100/4"						
Bottom of hole = 62.8 feet								90.0	
Free water observed at 14.5 feet									
Elevation referenced to BM 4100202; Elevation= 450.2 feet									
Borehole advanced with hollow stem auger (8" O.D, 3.25" I.D.)									
To convert "N" values to "N60" multiply by 1.25								95.0	
70.0									
75.0									

N-Std Penetr Test: 2" OD Sampler, 140# Hammer, 30" Fall (Type Fail. B-Bulge S-Shear E-Estimated P-Penetrometer)

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
District Nine Materials

FAP 821 (IL 15) Over Elk Horn Creek

Route: FAP 821 (IL 15) Structure Number: 041-0020

Section 12, B, BR

County: Jefferson

Location: 4.4 miles East of Washington Co.

Bridge Foundation

Boring Log

Sheet 1 of 2

Date: 5/21/2015

Bored By: R Moberly

Boring No 2-S				D E P T H	B L O W S	Qu tsf	W%	Surf Wat Elev: 442.2	D E P T H	B L O W S	Qu tsf	W%
Station 22' E of E Abut								Ground Water Elevation				
Offset 9' N CL								when Drilling 431.2				
Ground Surface 450.7 Ft								At Completion				
9" Asphalt over 8" concrete								At: Hrs:				
449.2								Stiff, moist, grey, Clay A7-6			3	1.4B
Medium, very moist, brown, Clay to Silty Clay A7-6					1						5	
443.7					2	0.7B	29				1	
					1						2	1.2B
					5.0	1					4	
					2	0.8B	29				30.0	1
					2						2	1.2B
											3	
441.2												
Medium, very moist, grey, Silty Clay Loam A-6 with sand seam					10.0	1					1	
438.7					2	0.6B	24				3	
Very soft, very moist, brown, Silty Clay Loam A-6					1						3	
435.7												
Very stiff, moist, grey and brown, Clay to Clay Loam A7-6					15.0	WH		Medium, very moist, grey, Clay A7-6	40.0	1		
428.7					2	3.9B	15				2	0.8B
					5						2	
					2							
					5	2.9B	16					
					7							
420.2												
Stiff, moist, grey, Clay A7-6					20.0	2		Stiff, moist, grey, Silty Clay A-6	45.0	1		
418.7					5	2.9B	16				2	1.1B
					6						3	
411.2												
406.2												
401.2												
25.0					1						50.0	1

N-Std Penetr Test: 2" OD Sampler, 140# Hammer, 30" Fall (Type Fail. B-Bulge S-Shear E-Estimated P-Penetrometer)

Route: FAP 821 (IL 15)
Section: 12,B,BR
County: Jefferson

Sheet 2 of 2

N-Std Pentr Test: 2" OD Sampler, 140# Hammer, 30" Fall (Type Fail. B-Bulge S-Shear E-Estimated P-Penetrometer)



LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS

REFERENCE BORING NUMBER ===== 1-S
 ELEVATION OF BORING GROUND SURFACE ===== 448.70 FT.
 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER - DURING DRILLING ===== 13.00 FT. (Below Boring Ground Surface)
 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER - DURING EARTHQUAKE ===== 8.20 FT. (Below Finished Grade Cut or Fill Surface)
 PEAK HORIZ. GROUND SURFACE ACCELERATION COEFFICIENT (As) ===== 0.520
 EARTHQUAKE MOMENT MAGNITUDE ===== 5.6
 FINISHED GRADE FILL OR CUT FROM BORING SURFACE ===== -4.22 FT. (Cut Depth)
 HAMMER EFFICIENCY===== 73 %
 BOREHOLE DIAMETER===== 8 IN.
 SAMPLING METHOD===== Sampler w/out Liners

EQ MAGNITUDE SCALING FACTOR
(MSF) = 1.897

AVG. SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY (top 40')
 $V_{s,40} = 275$ FT/SEC.

PGA CALCULATOR
 Earthquake Moment Magnitude = 5.63
 Source-To-Site Distance, R (km) = 12.71
 Ground Motion Prediction Equations = CEUS
 PGA = 0.362

ELEV. OF SAMPLE (FT.)	BORING DATA						CONDITIONS DURING DRILLING						CONDITIONS DURING EARTHQUAKE						
	BORING N	SPT VALUE (BLOWS)	UNCONF. STR., Q_u < #200 (TSF.)	% FINES	PLAST. INDEX PI	LIQUID LIMIT LL	MOIST. CONTENT w_c (%)	EFFECTIVE UNIT WT. STRESS (KCF.)	VERT. SPT N VALUE (N_1) ₆₀	EQUIV. CLN. SPT N	CRR RESIST.	EFFECTIVE UNIT WT. STRESS (KSF.)	TOTAL VERT. STRESS (KSF.)	OVER-BURDEN CORR. FACT. (Ks)	CORR. RESIST. CRR _{7.5} (KCF.)	SOIL MASS PART. CRR	EQ INDUCED CSR (r _d)	FACTOR OF SAFETY * CRR/CSR	
445.7	3	3	0.8	11	40	22	0.119	0.357	5.567	5.567	0.076	0.111	0.142	0.142	1.500	0.173	0.956	0.323	N.L. (1)
443.2	5.5	2	0.4	11	40	24	0.111	0.635	3.388	3.388	0.061	0.108	0.412	0.412	1.388	0.135	0.867	0.293	N.L. (1)
440.7	8	1	0.3	11	40	20	0.108	0.905	1.599	1.599	0.051	0.117	0.705	0.705	1.246	0.166	0.778	0.263	N.L. (1)
438.2	10.5	3	0.7	11	40	23	0.117	1.197	4.749	4.749	0.070	0.117	0.705	0.705	1.130	0.109	0.691	0.241	N.L. (2)
435.7	13	1	0.7	11	40	24	0.117	1.490	1.544	1.544	0.051	0.179	1.152	1.188	1.130	0.146	0.610	0.237	N.L. (2)
433.2	15.5	3	0.4	10	40	16	0.049	1.612	4.656	4.656	0.070	0.049	1.275	1.467	1.107	0.105	0.535	0.226	N.L. (2)
430.7	18	1	0.4	10	40	23	0.049	1.735	1.546	1.546	0.051	0.049	1.397	1.745	1.087	0.105	0.535	0.226	N.L. (2)
428.2	20.5	6				19	0.057	1.877	9.132	9.132	0.106	0.057	1.540	2.044	1.075	0.215	0.469	0.211	1.019 (C)
425.7	23	4	1.6	11	41	22	0.065	2.040	5.945	5.945	0.079	0.065	1.702	2.362	1.046	0.157	0.412	0.193	N.L. (2)
423.2	25.5	4	1.4	11	41	21	0.063	2.197	5.799	5.799	0.078	0.063	1.860	2.676	1.027	0.152	0.363	0.177	N.L. (2)
420.7	28	10	2.3	11	41	23	0.069	2.370	14.078	14.078	0.151	0.069	2.032	3.004	1.011	0.289	0.323	0.161	N.L. (2)
418.2	30.5	4	1.9	11	41	26	0.067	2.537	5.472	5.472	0.076	0.067	2.200	3.328	0.993	0.142	0.290	0.148	N.L. (2)
415.7	33	3	1.6	11	41	22	0.065	2.700	3.993	3.993	0.065	0.065	2.362	3.646	0.979	0.120	0.263	0.137	N.L. (2)
413.2	35.5	2	0.8	11	41	25	0.057	2.842	2.601	2.601	0.056	0.057	2.505	3.945	0.967	0.103	0.242	0.129	N.L. (2)
410.7	38	5	1.8	11	41	22	0.066	3.007	6.329	6.329	0.082	0.066	2.670	4.266	0.953	0.149	0.225	0.121	N.L. (2)
405.7	43	3	0.8	11	41	21	0.057	3.292	3.633	3.633	0.062	0.057	2.955	4.863	0.936	0.111	0.201	0.112	N.L. (2)
401.7	47	2	1.1	11	40	20	0.060	3.532	2.336	2.336	0.055	0.060	3.195	5.352	0.921	0.095	0.189	0.107	N.L. (2)
396.2	52.5	1				24	0.043	3.769	1.130	1.130	0.050	0.043	3.431	5.932	0.908	0.085	0.178	0.104	0.817 (C)
390.7	58	3					0.051	4.049	3.254	3.254	0.060	0.051	3.712	6.556	0.894	0.102	0.172	0.103	0.990 (C)
388.7	60	9				12	0.060	4.169	9.592	9.592	0.110	0.060	3.832	6.801	0.873	0.181	0.170	0.102	1.775 (C)

* FACTOR OF SAFETY DESCRIPTIONS

N.L. (1) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, ABOVE EQ GROUND WATER ELEVATION

N.L. (2) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, PI \geq 12 OR $w_c/LL \leq 0.85$

N.L. (3) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, $(N_1)_{60} > 25$

(C) = CONTRACTIVE SOIL TYPES

(D) = DILATIVE SOIL TYPES





LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS

REFERENCE BORING NUMBER ===== 2-S
 ELEVATION OF BORING GROUND SURFACE ===== 449.20 FT.
 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER - DURING DRILLING ===== 18.00 FT. (Below Boring Ground Surface)
 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER - DURING EARTHQUAKE ===== 13.02 FT. (Below Finished Grade Cut or Fill Surface)
 PEAK HORIZ. GROUND SURFACE ACCELERATION COEFFICIENT (As) ===== 0.520
 EARTHQUAKE MOMENT MAGNITUDE ===== 5.6
 FINISHED GRADE FILL OR CUT FROM BORING SURFACE ===== -4.40 FT. (Cut Depth)
 HAMMER EFFICIENCY===== 73 %
 BOREHOLE DIAMETER===== 8 IN.
 SAMPLING METHOD===== Sampler w/out Liners

EQ MAGNITUDE SCALING FACTOR
(MSF) = 1.897

AVG. SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY (top 40')
 $V_{s,40} = 349$ FT/SEC.

PGA CALCULATOR

Earthquake Moment Magnitude = 5.63
 Source-To-Site Distance, R (km) = 12.71
 Ground Motion Prediction Equations = CEUS
 PGA = 0.362

ELEV. OF SAMPLE (FT.)	BORING DATA						CONDITIONS DURING DRILLING						CONDITIONS DURING EARTHQUAKE						
	BORING DEPTH (FT.)	SPT VALUE (BLOWS)	UNCONF. COMPR. (TSF.)	% FINEs < #200 (%)	PLAST. STR., Q _u # > 200 (%)	LIQUID LIMIT PI	MOIST. CONTENT LL	EFFECTIVE UNIT WT. STRESS (KCF.)	VERT. SPT N VALUE (N ₁) ₆₀	EQUIV. CLN. SAND SPT VALUE (N ₁) _{60cs}	CRR RESIST. (KCF.)	EFFECTIVE UNIT WT. STRESS (KSF.)	TOTAL VERT. STRESS (KSF.)	OVER- BURDEN CORR. FACT. (Ks)	CRR. RESIST. CRR _{7.5} (KSF.)	SOIL MASS PART. CRR CRR _{7.5} (r _d)	EQ INDUCED CSR	FACTOR OF SAFETY * CRR/CSR	
446.7	2.5	3	0.7				29	0.117	0.293	5.694	5.694	0.077							
443.7	5.5	4	0.8				29	0.119	0.650	6.743	6.743	0.086	0.119	0.131	0.131	1.500	0.244	0.976	0.330 N.L. (1)
441.2	8	1	0.4	11	41	31	31	0.111	0.927	1.589	1.589	0.051	0.111	0.408	0.408	1.390	0.135	0.918	0.310 N.L. (1)
438.7	10.5	4	0.6	11	40	24	24	0.116	1.217	6.299	6.299	0.082	0.116	0.698	0.698	1.260	0.196	0.855	0.289 N.L. (1)
435.7	13.5	1	0.2	11	40	20	20	0.104	1.529	1.541	1.541	0.051	0.104	1.010	1.010	1.160	0.112	0.775	0.262 N.L. (1)
433.7	15.5	7	3.9	11	41	15	15	0.138	1.805	10.382	10.382	0.117	0.138	1.286	1.286	1.124	0.248	0.721	0.244 N.L. (1)
431.2	18	12	2.9	11	41	16	16	0.134	2.140	17.241	17.241	0.183	0.196	1.776	1.813	1.050	0.365	0.654	0.226 N.L. (2)
428.7	20.5	11	2.9	11	41	16	16	0.072	2.320	15.294	15.294	0.163	0.072	1.956	2.149	1.021	0.316	0.591	0.219 N.L. (2)
426.2	23	9	1.8	11	41	17	17	0.066	2.485	12.192	12.192	0.133	0.066	2.121	2.470	1.000	0.252	0.532	0.209 N.L. (2)
423.7	25.5	8	1.4	11	41	18	18	0.063	2.643	10.601	10.601	0.118	0.063	2.279	2.783	0.983	0.221	0.479	0.198 N.L. (2)
421.2	28	6	1.2	11	41	19	19	0.061	2.795	7.774	7.774	0.094	0.061	2.431	3.092	0.971	0.173	0.433	0.186 N.L. (2)
418.7	30.5	5	1.2	11	41	18	18	0.061	2.948	6.329	6.329	0.082	0.061	2.584	3.400	0.960	0.150	0.393	0.175 N.L. (2)
416.2	33	6	1.2	11	41	17	17	0.061	3.100	7.420	7.420	0.091	0.061	2.736	3.709	0.947	0.164	0.360	0.165 N.L. (2)
413.7	35.5	5	1.1	11	41	21	21	0.060	3.250	6.044	6.044	0.080	0.060	2.886	4.015	0.938	0.142	0.333	0.157 N.L. (2)
411.2	38	5	1.2	11	41	17	17	0.061	3.403	5.908	5.908	0.079	0.061	3.039	4.323	0.929	0.139	0.311	0.150 N.L. (2)
406.2	43	4	0.8	11	41	21	21	0.057	3.688	4.537	4.537	0.069	0.057	3.324	4.920	0.914	0.119	0.279	0.140 N.L. (2)
401.2	48	5	1.1	11	40	24	24	0.060	3.988	5.438	5.438	0.075	0.060	3.624	5.532	0.897	0.128	0.259	0.134 N.L. (2)
398.2	51	7	1	10	40	20	20	0.059	4.165	7.432	7.432	0.091	0.059	3.801	5.896	0.882	0.153	0.251	0.132 N.L. (2)
391.2	58	2					20	0.048	4.501	2.030	2.030	0.053	0.048	4.137	6.669	0.875	0.088	0.239	0.130 0.677 (C)
389.2	60	100						0.083	4.667	#####	117.268	0.852	0.083	4.303	6.960	0.753	1.217	0.237	0.130 N.L. (3)

* FACTOR OF SAFETY DESCRIPTIONS

N.L. (1) = NOT LIQUEFIEABLE, ABOVE EQ GROUND WATER ELEVATION
 N.L. (2) = NOT LIQUEFIEABLE, PI \geq 12 OR $w_c/LL \leq 0.85$

N.L. (3) = NOT LIQUEFIEABLE, $(N_1)_{60} > 25$

(C) = CONTRACTIVE SOIL TYPES

(D) = DILATIVE SOIL TYPES





IDOT STATIC METHOD OF ESTIMATING PILE LENGTH

SUBSTRUCTURE=====
REFERENCE BORING ===== 1-S
LRFD or ASD or SEISMIC ===== LRFD
PILE CUTOFF ELEV. ===== 446.48 ft
GROUND SURFACE ELEV. AGAINST PILE DURING DRIVING = 444.48 ft
GEOTECHNICAL LOSS TYPE (None, Scour, Liquef., DD) ===== None
BOTTOM ELEV. OF SCOUR, LIQUEF., or DD ===== ft
TOP ELEV. OF LIQUEF. (so layers above apply DD) ===== ft

MAX. REQUIRED BEARING & RESISTANCE for Selected Pile, Soil Profile, & Losses

Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of Pile	Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of Boring	Maximum Factored Resistance Available in Boring	Maximum Pile Driveable Length in Boring
418 KIPS	418 KIPS	230 KIPS	63 FT.

TOTAL FACTORED SUBSTRUCTURE LOAD ===== 788 kips
TOTAL LENGTH OF SUBSTRUCTURE (along skew)===== 39.17 ft
NUMBER OF ROWS OF PILES PER SUBSTRUCTURE ===== 1
Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 8 ft. Cts ===== 160.94 KIPS
Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 3 ft. Cts ===== 60.35 KIPS

PILE TYPE AND SIZE ===== Steel HP 12 X 53
Plugged Pile Perimeter===== 3.967 FT. Unplugged Pile Perimeter===== 5.800 FT.
Plugged Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.983 SQFT. Unplugged Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.108 SQFT.

BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT.)	LAYER THICK.	UNCONF. COMPR.	S.P.T. N VALUE (BLOWS)	GRANULAR OR ROCK LAYER DESCRIPTION	NOMINAL PLUGGED			NOMINAL UNPLUG'D			NOMINAL REQ'D BEARING (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS FROM SCOUR or DD (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS LOAD FROM DD (KIPS)	FACTORED RESISTANCE AVAILABLE (KIPS)	ESTIMATED PILE LENGTH (FT.)
					SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)	SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)					
443.20	1.28	0.40			1.6		5.7	2.4		2.8	3	0	0	2	3
440.70	2.50	0.30			2.4	4.1	13.7	3.5	0.5	6.9	7	0	0	4	6
438.20	2.50	0.70			5.2	9.6	18.9	7.6	1.1	14.6	15	0	0	8	8
435.70	2.50	0.70			5.2	9.6	20.0	7.6	1.1	21.7	20	0	0	11	11
433.20	2.50	0.40			3.1	5.5	23.1	4.6	0.6	26.3	23	0	0	13	13
430.70	2.50	0.40			3.1	5.5	35.4	4.6	0.6	31.9	32	0	0	18	16
428.20	2.50			Sandy Gravel	1.4	14.7	44.2	2.0	1.6	34.8	35	0	0	19	18
425.70	2.50	1.60			10.0	22.0	51.4	14.6	2.4	49.1	49	0	0	27	21
423.20	2.50	1.40			9.1	19.3	72.9	13.3	2.1	63.7	64	0	0	35	23
420.70	2.50	2.30			12.6	31.7	80.0	18.5	3.5	81.6	80	0	0	44	26
418.20	2.50	1.90			11.2	26.2	87.1	16.3	2.9	97.5	87	0	0	48	28
415.70	2.50	1.60			10.0	22.0	86.0	14.6	2.4	110.8	86	0	0	47	31
413.20	2.50	0.80			5.9	11.0	105.6	8.6	1.2	120.9	106	0	0	58	33
410.70	2.50	1.80			10.8	24.8	102.6	15.8	2.7	135.2	103	0	0	56	36
405.70	5.00	0.80			11.7	11.0	118.5	17.1	1.2	152.7	118	0	0	65	41
401.70	4.00	1.10			12.2	15.2	117.9	17.8	1.7	169.1	118	0	0	65	45
396.20	5.50		1	Medium Sand	0.4	2.4	123.2	0.6	0.3	170.3	123	0	0	68	50
390.70	5.50		3	Medium Sand	1.2	7.3	133.6	1.7	0.8	173.0	134	0	0	73	56
387.70	3.00		9	Very Fine Silty Sand	1.7	16.5	241.2	2.4	1.8	187.0	187	0	0	103	59
386.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	290.7	72.3	13.4	259.3	259	0	0	143	59.8
385.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	340.1	72.3	13.4	331.5	332	0	0	182	60.8
384.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	389.5	72.3	13.4	403.8	389	0	0	214	61.8
383.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	438.9	72.3	13.4	476.0	439	0	0	243	52.8
382.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	488.3	72.3	13.4	548.3	488	0	0	269	63.8
381.70	1.00			Shale		122.5			13.4						



IDOT STATIC METHOD OF ESTIMATING PILE LENGTH

SUBSTRUCTURE=====
REFERENCE BORING ====== 1-S
LRFD or ASD or SEISMIC ===== SEISMIC
PILE CUTOFF ELEV. ===== 446.48 ft
GROUND SURFACE ELEV. AGAINST PILE DURING DRIVING = 444.48 ft
GEOTECHNICAL LOSS TYPE (None, Scour, Liquef., DD) ===== Liquef.
BOTTOM ELEV. OF SCOUR, LIQUEF., or DD ===== 390.70 ft
TOP ELEV. OF LIQUEF. (so layers above apply DD) ===== 401.70 ft

MAX. REQUIRED BEARING & RESISTANCE for Selected Pile, Soil Profile, & Losses

Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of Pile	Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of Boring	Maximum Seismic Resistance Available in Boring	Maximum Pile Driveable Length in Boring
418 KIPS	389 KIPS	145 KIPS	62 FT.

TOTAL SEISMIC SUBSTRUCTURE LOAD ===== 591 kips
TOTAL LENGTH OF SUBSTRUCTURE (along skew)===== 39.17 ft
NUMBER OF ROWS OF PILES PER SUBSTRUCTURE ===== 1

Approx. Seismic Loading Applied per pile spaced at 8 ft. Cts ===== 120.70 KIPS

Approx. Seismic Loading Applied per pile spaced at 3 ft. Cts ===== 45.26 KIPS

PILE TYPE AND SIZE ===== Steel HP 12 X 53

Plugged Pile Perimeter===== 3.967 FT. Unplugged Pile Perimeter===== 5.800 FT.

Plugged Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.983 SQFT. Unplugged Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.108 SQFT.

BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT.)	LAYER THICK. (FT.)	UNCONF. COMPR. STRENGTH (TSF.)	S.P.T. N VALUE (BLOWS)	GRANULAR OR ROCK LAYER DESCRIPTION	ULTIMATE PLUGGED			ULTIMATE UNPLUGGED			NOMINAL REQ'D BEARING (KIPS)	NOMINAL GEOTECH. LOSS FROM LIQUEF. & DD (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS LOAD FROM DD (KIPS)	SEISMIC RESISTANCE AVAILABLE (KIPS)	ESTIMATED PILE LENGTH (FT.)
					SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)	SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)					
443.20	1.28	0.40			1.6		5.7	2.4		2.8	3	2	2	-1	3
440.70	2.50	0.30			2.4	4.1	13.7	3.5	0.5	6.9	7	4	4	-2	6
438.20	2.50	0.70			5.2	9.6	18.9	7.6	1.1	14.6	15	9	10	-5	8
435.70	2.50	0.70			5.2	9.6	20.0	7.6	1.1	21.7	20	14	16	-10	11
433.20	2.50	0.40			3.1	5.5	23.1	4.6	0.6	26.3	23	18	19	-14	13
430.70	2.50	0.40			3.1	5.5	35.4	4.6	0.6	31.9	32	21	23	-12	16
428.20	2.50				1.4	14.7	44.2	2.0	1.6	34.8	35	22	24	-12	18
425.70	2.50	1.60			10.0	22.0	51.4	14.6	2.4	49.1	49	32	35	-18	21
423.20	2.50	1.40			9.1	19.3	72.9	13.3	2.1	63.7	64	41	45	-23	23
420.70	2.50	2.30			12.6	31.7	80.0	18.5	3.5	81.6	80	54	59	-33	26
418.20	2.50	1.90			11.2	26.2	87.1	16.3	2.9	97.5	87	65	72	-50	28
415.70	2.50	1.60			10.0	22.0	86.0	14.6	2.4	110.8	86	75	83	-72	31
413.20	2.50	0.80			5.9	11.0	105.6	8.6	1.2	120.9	106	81	89	-64	33
410.70	2.50	1.80			10.8	24.8	102.6	15.8	2.7	135.2	103	92	101	-90	36
405.70	5.00	0.80			11.7	11.0	118.5	17.1	1.2	152.7	118	103	114	-99	41
401.70	4.00	1.10			12.2	15.2	117.9	17.8	1.7	169.1	118	115	127	-125	45
396.20	5.50		1	Medium Sand	0.4	2.4	123.2	0.6	0.3	170.3	123	116	127	-120	50
390.70	5.50		3	Medium Sand	1.2	7.3	133.6	1.7	0.8	173.0	134	117	127	-111	56
387.70	3.00		9	Very Fine Silty Sand	1.7	16.5	241.2	2.4	1.8	187.0	187	117	127	-57	59
386.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	290.7	72.3	13.4	259.3	259	117	127	15	59.8
385.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	340.1	72.3	13.4	331.5	332	117	127	87	60.8
384.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	389.5	72.3	13.4	403.8	389	117	127	145	61.8
383.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	438.9	72.3	13.4	476.0	439	117	127	194	52.8
382.70	1.00			Shale	49.4	122.5	488.3	72.3	13.4	548.3	488	117	127	244	63.8
381.70	1.00			Shale		122.5			13.4						



IDOT STATIC METHOD OF ESTIMATING PILE LENGTH

SUBSTRUCTURE=====
REFERENCE BORING =====
LRFD or ASD or SEISMIC =====
PILE CUTOFF ELEV. =====
GROUND SURFACE ELEV. AGAINST PILE DURING DRIVING =
GEOTECHNICAL LOSS TYPE (None, Scour, Liquef., DD) =====
BOTTOM ELEV. OF SCOUR, LIQUEF., or DD =====
TOP ELEV. OF LIQUEF. (so layers above apply DD) =====

**East Abut.
2-S**
LRFD
446.80 ft
446.80 ft
None
ft
ft

MAX. REQUIRED BEARING & RESISTANCE for Selected Pile, Soil Profile, & Losses

Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of Pile	Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of Boring	Maximum Factored Resistance Available in Boring	Maximum Pile Driveable Length in Boring
418 KIPS	418 KIPS	230 KIPS	59 FT.

TOTAL FACTORED SUBSTRUCTURE LOAD ===== **788** kips
TOTAL LENGTH OF SUBSTRUCTURE (along skew)===== **39.17** ft
NUMBER OF ROWS OF PILES PER SUBSTRUCTURE ===== **1**
Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 8 ft. Cts ===== 160.94 KIPS
Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 3 ft. Cts ===== 60.35 KIPS

PILE TYPE AND SIZE ===== **Steel HP 12 X 53**
Plugged Pile Perimeter===== 3.967 FT. Unplugged Pile Perimeter===== 5.800 FT.
Plugged Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.983 SQFT. Unplugged Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.108 SQFT.

BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT.)	LAYER THICK.	UNCONF. COMPR. STRENGTH (TSF.)	S.P.T. N VALUE (BLOWS)	GRANULAR OR ROCK LAYER DESCRIPTION	NOMINAL PLUGGED			NOMINAL UNPLUG'D			NOMINAL REQ'D BEARING (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS FROM SCOUR or DD (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS LOAD FROM DD (KIPS)	FACTORED RESISTANCE AVAILABLE (KIPS)	ESTIMATED PILE LENGTH (FT.)
					SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)	SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)					
443.70	1.10	0.80			2.6	8.1	3.8	4.4	4	0	0	0	0	2	3
441.20	2.50	0.40			3.1	5.5	14.0	4.6	0.6	9.3	9	0	0	5	6
438.70	2.50	0.60			4.6	8.3	13.0	6.7	0.9	15.3	13	0	0	7	8
435.70	3.00	0.20			2.0	2.8	66.0	2.9	0.3	23.8	24	0	0	13	11
433.70	2.00	3.90	7		14.7	53.7	66.9	21.6	5.9	43.8	44	0	0	24	13
431.20	2.50	2.90			14.8	40.0	81.8	21.7	4.4	65.5	65	0	0	36	16
428.70	2.50	2.90			14.8	40.0	81.4	21.7	4.4	85.5	81	0	0	45	18
426.20	2.50	1.80			10.8	24.8	86.7	15.8	2.7	100.6	87	0	0	48	21
423.70	2.50	1.40			9.1	19.3	93.0	13.3	2.1	113.6	93	0	0	51	23
421.20	2.50	1.20			8.1	16.5	101.1	11.9	1.8	125.5	101	0	0	56	26
418.70	2.50	1.20			8.1	16.5	109.3	11.9	1.8	137.4	109	0	0	60	28
416.20	2.50	1.20			8.1	16.5	116.0	11.9	1.8	149.1	116	0	0	64	31
413.70	2.50	1.10			7.6	15.2	125.0	11.1	1.7	160.4	125	0	0	69	33
411.20	2.50	1.20			8.1	16.5	127.6	11.9	1.8	171.7	128	0	0	70	36
406.20	5.00	0.80			11.7	11.0	143.5	17.1	1.2	189.3	143	0	0	79	41
401.20	5.00	1.10			15.2	15.2	157.3	22.2	1.7	211.3	157	0	0	87	46
398.20	3.00	1.00			8.5	13.8	156.9	12.4	1.5	222.7	157	0	0	86	49
391.20	7.00		2	Sandy Gravel	1.3	4.9	275.7	1.9	0.5	237.5	237	0	0	131	56
390.20	1.00				49.4	122.5	325.2	72.3	13.4	309.7	310	0	0	170	56.6
389.20	1.00				49.4	122.5	374.6	72.3	13.4	382.0	375	0	0	206	57.6
388.20	1.00				49.4	122.5	424.0	72.3	13.4	454.2	424	0	0	233	58.6
387.20	1.00				49.4	122.5	473.4	72.3	13.4	526.5	473	0	0	260	59.6
386.20	1.00						122.5		13.4						



IDOT STATIC METHOD OF ESTIMATING PILE LENGTH

SUBSTRUCTURE=====
REFERENCE BORING =====
LRFD or ASD or SEISMIC =====
PILE CUTOFF ELEV. =====
GROUND SURFACE ELEV. AGAINST PILE DURING DRIVING =
GEOTECHNICAL LOSS TYPE (None, Scour, Liquef., DD) =====
BOTTOM ELEV. OF SCOUR, LIQUEF., or DD =====
TOP ELEV. OF LIQUEF. (so layers above apply DD) =====

East Abut.

2-S
SEISMIC
446.80 ft
444.80 ft
Liquef.
391.20 ft
398.20 ft

MAX. REQUIRED BEARING & RESISTANCE for Selected Pile, Soil Profile, & Losses

Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of Pile	Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of Boring	Maximum Seismic Resistance Available in Boring	Maximum Pile Driveable Length in Boring
418 KIPS	375 KIPS	54 KIPS	58 FT.

TOTAL SEISMIC SUBSTRUCTURE LOAD ===== 591 kips
TOTAL LENGTH OF SUBSTRUCTURE (along skew)===== 39.17 ft
NUMBER OF ROWS OF PILES PER SUBSTRUCTURE ===== 1

Approx. Seismic Loading Applied per pile spaced at 8 ft. Cts ===== 120.70 KIPS

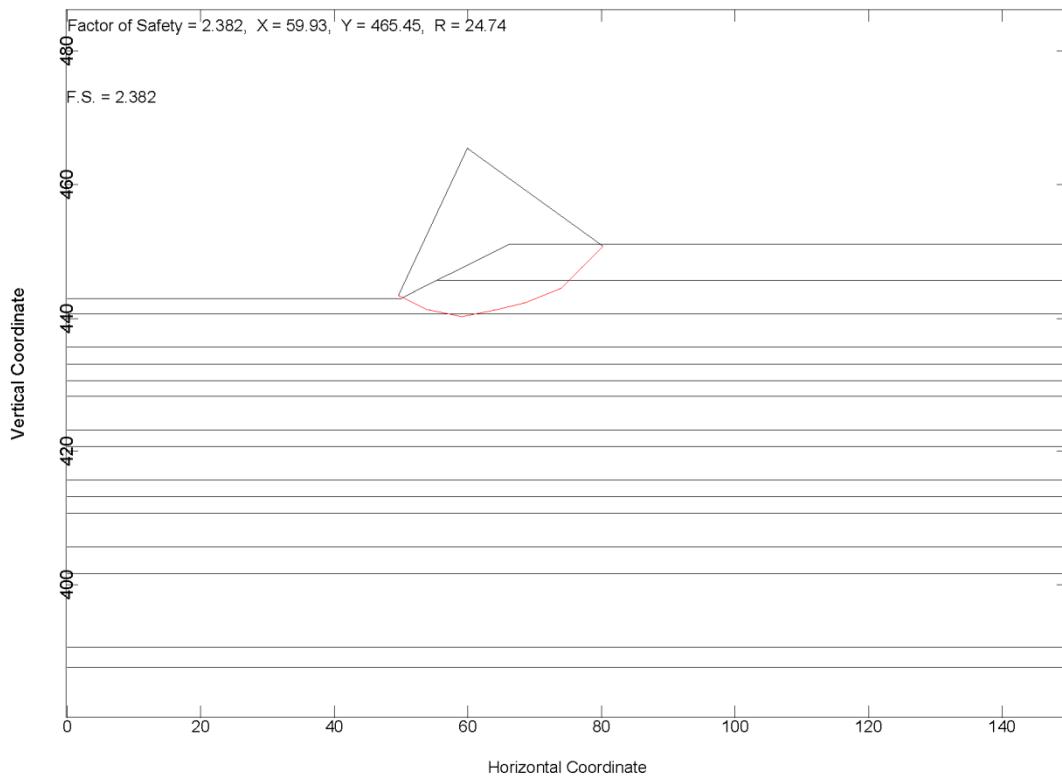
Approx. Seismic Loading Applied per pile spaced at 3 ft. Cts ===== 45.26 KIPS

PILE TYPE AND SIZE ===== Steel HP 12 X 53

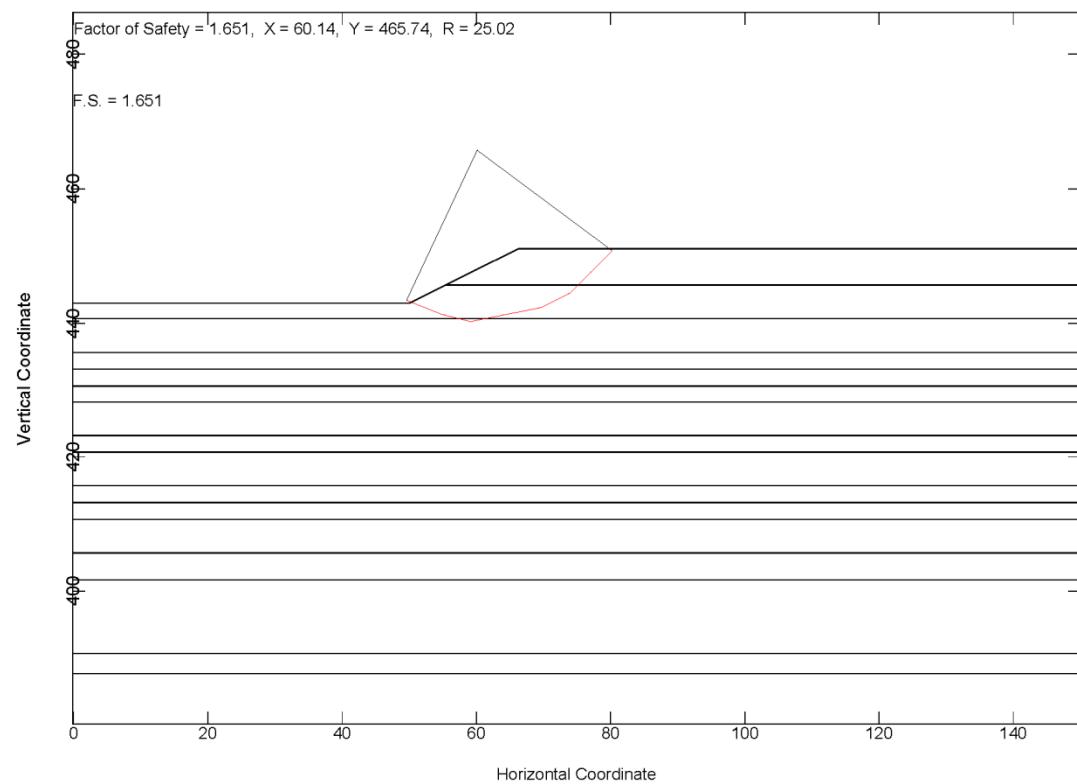
Plugged Pile Perimeter===== 3.967 FT. Unplugged Pile Perimeter===== 5.800 FT.
Plugged Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.983 SQFT. Unplugged Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.108 SQFT.

BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT.)	LAYER THICK.	UNCONF. COMPR. STRENGTH (TSF.)	S.P.T. N VALUE (BLOWS)	GRANULAR OR ROCK LAYER DESCRIPTION	ULTIMATE PLUGGED			ULTIMATE UNPLUGGED			NOMINAL REQ'D BEARING (KIPS)	NOMINAL GEOTECH. LOSS FROM LIQUEF. & DD (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS LOAD FROM DD (KIPS)	SEISMIC RESISTANCE AVAILABLE (KIPS)	ESTIMATED PILE LENGTH (FT.)
					SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)	SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)					
443.70	1.10	0.80			2.6	8.1	3.8	4.4	4	3	3	-1	3		
441.20	2.50	0.40			3.1	5.5	14.0	4.6	0.6	9.3	9	6	-3	6	
438.70	2.50	0.60			4.6	8.3	13.0	6.7	0.9	15.3	13	10	-9	8	
435.70	3.00	0.20			2.0	2.8	66.0	2.9	0.3	23.8	24	12	-2	11	
433.70	2.00	3.90	7		14.7	53.7	66.9	21.6	5.9	43.8	44	27	-13	13	
431.20	2.50	2.90			14.8	40.0	81.8	21.7	4.4	65.5	65	42	-22	16	
428.70	2.50	2.90			14.8	40.0	81.4	21.7	4.4	85.5	81	57	-38	18	
426.20	2.50	1.80			10.8	24.8	86.7	15.8	2.7	100.6	87	67	-55	21	
423.70	2.50	1.40			9.1	19.3	93.0	13.3	2.1	113.6	93	76	-68	23	
421.20	2.50	1.20			8.1	16.5	101.1	11.9	1.8	125.5	101	85	-77	26	
418.70	2.50	1.20			8.1	16.5	109.3	11.9	1.8	137.4	109	93	-86	28	
416.20	2.50	1.20			8.1	16.5	116.0	11.9	1.8	149.1	116	101	-96	31	
413.70	2.50	1.10			7.6	15.2	125.0	11.1	1.7	160.4	125	108	-103	33	
411.20	2.50	1.20			8.1	16.5	127.6	11.9	1.8	171.7	128	117	-118	36	
406.20	5.00	0.80			11.7	11.0	143.5	17.1	1.2	189.3	143	128	-126	41	
401.20	5.00	1.10			15.2	15.2	157.3	22.2	1.7	211.3	157	143	-144	46	
398.20	3.00	1.00	2	Sandy Gravel	8.5	13.8	156.9	12.4	1.5	222.7	157	152	-163	49	
391.20	7.00				1.3	4.9	275.7	1.9	0.5	237.5	237	153	-83	56	
390.20	1.00				49.4	122.5	325.2	72.3	13.4	309.7	310	153	-11	56.6	
389.20	1.00				49.4	122.5	374.6	72.3	13.4	382.0	375	153	54	57.6	
388.20	1.00				49.4	122.5	424.0	72.3	13.4	454.2	424	153	468	58.6	
387.20	1.00				49.4	122.5	473.4	72.3	13.4	526.5	473	153	468	59.6	
386.20	1.00						122.5		13.4						

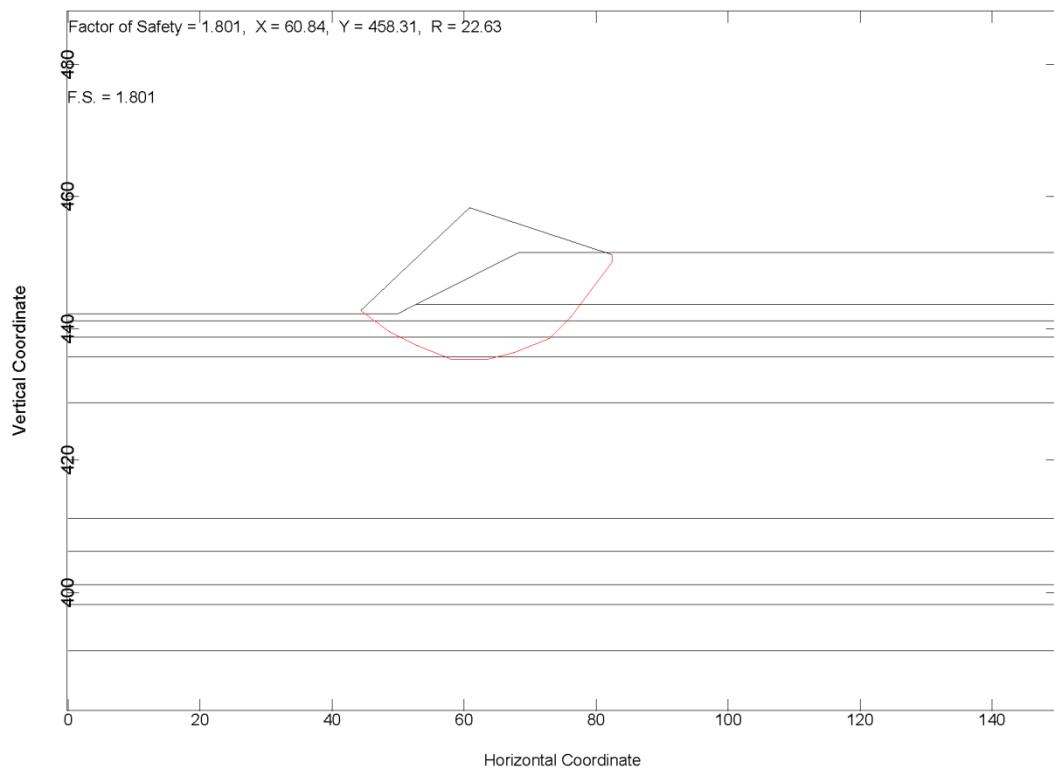
West Abutment (LRFD)



West Abutment (Seismic)



East Abutment (LRFD)



East Abutment (Seismic)

