

BID PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

ABOUT IDOT PROPOSALS: All proposals are potential bidding proposals. Each proposal contains all certifications and affidavits, a proposal signature sheet and a proposal bid bond.

PREQUALIFICATION

Any contractor who desires to become pre-qualified to bid on work advertised by IDOT must submit the properly completed pre-qualification forms to the Bureau of Construction no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time twenty-one days prior to the letting of interest. This pre-qualification requirement applies to first time contractors, contractors renewing expired ratings, contractors maintaining continuous pre-qualification or contractors requesting revised ratings. To be eligible to bid, existing pre-qualification ratings must be effective through the date of letting.

WHO CAN BID ?

Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written Authorization to Bid from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

REQUESTS FOR AUTHORIZATION TO BID

Contractors wanting to bid on items included in a particular letting must submit the properly completed "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124) and the ORIGINAL "Affidavit of Availability" (BC 57) to the proper office no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time, three (3) days prior to the letting date.

WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID?

When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status"(BDE 124) he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued an **Authorization to Bid or Not for Bid Report**, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction and the Chief Procurement Officer that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If **Authorization to Bid** cannot be approved, the **Authorization to Bid or Not for Bid Report** will indicate the reason for denial.

ABOUT AUTHORIZATION TO BID

Firms that have not received an Authorization to Bid or Not For Bid Report within a reasonable time of complete and correct original document submittal should contact the Department as to the status. Firms unsure as to authorization status should call the Prequalification Section of the Bureau of Construction at the number listed at the end of these instructions.

ADDENDA AND REVISIONS

It is the bidder's responsibility to determine which, if any, addenda or revisions pertain to any project they may be bidding. Failure to incorporate all relevant addenda or revisions may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

Each addendum or revision will be included with the Electronic Plans and Proposals. Addenda and revisions will also be placed on the Addendum/Revision Checklist and each subscription service subscriber will be notified by e-mail of each addendum and revision issued.

The Internet is the Department's primary way of doing business. The subscription service emails are an added courtesy the Department provides. It is suggested that bidders check IDOT's website at <http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/procurements/construction-services/construction-bulletins/transportation-bulletin/index#TransportationBulletin> before submitting final bid information.

IDOT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY E-MAIL FAILURES.

Addenda questions may be directed to the Contracts Office at (217)782-7806 or DOT.D&Econtracts@illinois.gov

Technical questions about downloading these files may be directed to Tim Garman at (217)524-1642 or Timothy.Garman@illinois.gov.

STANDARD GUIDELINES FOR SUBMITTING BIDS

- All pages should be single sided.
- Use the Cover Page that is provided in the Bid Proposal (posted on the IDOT Web Site) as the first page of your submitted bid. It has the item number in large bold type in the upper left-hand corner and lines provided for your company name and address in the upper right-hand corner.
- Do not use report covers, presentation folders or special bindings and do not staple multiple times on left side like a book. Use only 1 staple in the upper left hand corner. Make sure all elements of your bid are stapled together including the bid bond or guaranty check (if required).
- **Do not include any certificates of eligibility, your authorization to bid, Addendum Letters or affidavit of availability.**
- Do not include the Subcontractor Documentation with your bid (pages i – iii and pages a – g). This documentation is required only if you are awarded the project.
- Use the envelope cover sheet (provided with the proposal) as the cover for the proposal envelope.
- Do not rely on overnight services to deliver your proposal prior to 10 AM on letting day. It will not be read if it is delivered after 10 AM.
- Do not submit your Substance Abuse Prevention Program (SAPP) with your bid. If you are awarded the contract this form is to be submitted to the district engineer at the pre-construction conference.

BID SUBMITTAL CHECKLIST

- Cover page** (the sheet that has the item number on it) – This should be the first page of your bid proposal, **followed by your bid (the Schedule of Prices/Pay Items)**. If you are using special software or CBID to generate your schedule of prices, do not include the blank pages of the schedule of prices that came with the proposal package.
- Page 4 (Item 9)** – Check “YES” if you will use a subcontractor(s) with an annual value over \$50,000. Include the subcontractor(s) name, address, general type of work to be performed and the dollar amount. If you will use subcontractor(s) but are uncertain who or the dollar amount; check “YES” but leave the lines blank.
- After page 4** – Insert the following documents: Cost Adjustments for Steel, Bituminous and Fuel (if applicable) and the Contractor Letter of Assent (if applicable). The general rule should be, if you don’t know where it goes, put it after page 4.
- Page 10 (Paragraph J)** – Check “YES” or “NO” whether your company has any business in Iran.
- Page 10 (Paragraph K)** – (Not applicable to federally funded projects) List the name of the apprenticeship and training program sponsor holding the certificate of registration from the US Department of Labor. If no applicable program exists, please indicate the work/job category. Do not include certificates with your bid. Keep the certificates in your office in case they are requested by IDOT.
- Page 11 (Paragraph L)** – A copy of your State Board of Elections certificate of registration is no longer required with your bid.
- Page 11 (Paragraph M)** – Indicate if your company has hired a lobbyist in connection with the job for which you are submitting the bid proposal.
- Page 12 (Paragraph C)** – This is a work sheet to determine if a completed Form A is required. It is not part of the form and you do not need to make copies for each completed Form A.
- Pages 14-17 (Form A)** – One Form A (4 pages) is required for each applicable person in your company. Copies of the forms can be used and only need to be changed when the information changes. The certification signature and date must be original for each letting. **Do not staple the forms together.** If you answered “NO” to all of the questions in Paragraph C (page 12), complete the first section (page 14) with your company information and then sign and date the Not Applicable statement on page 17.
- Page 18 (Form B)** - If you check “YES” to having other current or pending contracts it is acceptable to use the phrase, “See Affidavit of Availability on file”. **Ownership Certification** (at the bottom of the page) - Check N/A if the Form A(s) you submitted accounts for 100 percent of the company ownership. Check YES if any percentage of ownership falls outside of the parameters that require reporting on the Form A. Checking NO indicates that the Form A(s) you submitted is not correct and you will be required to submit a revised Form A.
- Page 20 (Workforce Projection)** – Be sure to include the Duration of the Project. It is acceptable to use the phrase “Per Contract Specifications”.

Proposal Bid Bond – (Insert after the proposal signature page) Submit your proposal Proposal Bid Bond (if applicable) using the current Proposal Bid Bond form provided in the proposal package. The Power of Attorney page should be stapled to the Proposal Bid Bond. If you are using an electronic bond, include your bid bond number on the Proposal Bid Bond and attach the Proof of Insurance printed from the Surety’s Web Site.

Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan and/or Good Faith Effort – The last items in your bid should be the DBE Utilization Plan (SBE 2026), followed by the DBE Participation Statement (SBE 2025) and supporting paperwork. If you have documentation of a Good Faith Effort, it is to follow the SBE Forms.

The Bid Letting is now available in streaming Audio/Video from the IDOT Web Site. A link to the stream will be placed on the main page of the current letting on the day of the Letting. The stream will not begin until 10 AM. The actual reading of the bids does not begin until approximately 10:30 AM.

Following the Letting, the As-Read Tabulation of Bids will be posted by the end of the day. You will find the link on the main Web page for the current letting.

QUESTIONS: pre-letting up to execution of the contract

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Contractor pre-qualification | 217-782-3413 |
| Small Business, Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) | 217-785-4611 |
| Contracts, Bids, Letting process or Internet downloads | 217-782-7806 |
| Estimates Unit..... | 217-785-3483 |
| Aeronautics..... | 217-785-8515 |
| IDNR (Land Reclamation, Water Resources, Natural Resources)..... | 217-782-6302 |

QUESTIONS: following contract execution

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Subcontractor documentation, payments | 217-782-3413 |
| Railroad Insurance | 217-785-0275 |

RETURN WITH BID

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| |
|-----------------------|
| Proposal Submitted By |
| Name |
| Address |
| City |

Letting September 18, 2015

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS
 This proposal can be used for bidding purposes by only those companies that request and receive written **AUTHORIZATION TO BID** from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.
BIDDERS NEED NOT RETURN THE ENTIRE PROPOSAL

Notice to Bidders, Specifications, Proposal, Contract and Contract Bond



**Illinois Department
 of Transportation**

Springfield, Illinois 62764

**Contract No. 60R95
 COOK County
 Section 1112.1B-R
 Route FAP 358
 Project ACNHPP-0358(008)
 District 1 Construction Funds**

PLEASE MARK THE APPROPRIATE BOX BELOW:

- A Bid Bond is included.
- A Cashier's Check or a Certified Check is included
- An Annual Bid Bond is included or is on file with IDOT.

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Prepared by | |
| Checked by | F |

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RETURN WITH BID



PROPOSAL

TO THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

1. Proposal of _____

Taxpayer Identification Number (Mandatory) _____

For the improvement identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 60R95
COOK County
Section 1112.1B-R
Project ACNHPP-0358(008)
Route FAP 358
District 1 Construction Funds**

This project consists of replacing the bridge carrying Torrence Avenue over the Grand Calumet River and widening Torrence Avenue in the Village of Burnham and City of Chicago.

2. The undersigned bidder will furnish all labor, material and equipment to complete the above described project in a good and workmanlike manner as provided in the contract documents provided by the Department of Transportation. This proposal will become part of the contract and the terms and conditions contained in the contract documents will govern performance and payments.

RETURN WITH BID

3. **ASSURANCE OF EXAMINATION AND INSPECTION/WAIVER.** The undersigned bidder further declares that he/she has carefully examined the proposal, plans, specifications, addenda form of contract and contract bond, and special provisions, and that he/she has inspected in detail the site of the proposed work, and that he/she has familiarized themselves with all of the local conditions affecting the contract and the detailed requirements of construction, and understands that in making this bid proposal he/she waives all right to plead any misunderstanding regarding the same.

4. **EXECUTION OF CONTRACT AND CONTRACT BOND.** The undersigned bidder further agrees to execute a contract for this work and present the same to the department within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her. The undersigned further agrees that he/she and his/her surety will execute and present within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her contract bond satisfactory to and in the form prescribed by the Department of Transportation, in the penal sum of the full amount of the contract, or as specified in the special provisions, guaranteeing the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the terms of the contract.

5. **PROPOSAL GUARANTY.** Accompanying this proposal is either a bid bond on the department form, executed by a corporate surety company satisfactory to the department, or a proposal guaranty check consisting of a bank cashier's check or a properly certified check for not less than 5 per cent of the amount bid or for the amount specified in the following schedule:

| <u>Amount of Bid</u> | | <u>Proposal Guaranty</u> | <u>Amount of Bid</u> | | <u>Proposal Guaranty</u> | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----|--------------------------|-------------|
| Up to | \$5,000 | \$150 | \$2,000,000 | to | \$3,000,000 | \$100,000 |
| \$5,000 | to \$10,000 | \$300 | \$3,000,000 | to | \$5,000,000 | \$150,000 |
| \$10,000 | to \$50,000 | \$1,000 | \$5,000,000 | to | \$7,500,000 | \$250,000 |
| \$50,000 | to \$100,000 | \$3,000 | \$7,500,000 | to | \$10,000,000 | \$400,000 |
| \$100,000 | to \$150,000 | \$5,000 | \$10,000,000 | to | \$15,000,000 | \$500,000 |
| \$150,000 | to \$250,000 | \$7,500 | \$15,000,000 | to | \$20,000,000 | \$600,000 |
| \$250,000 | to \$500,000 | \$12,500 | \$20,000,000 | to | \$25,000,000 | \$700,000 |
| \$500,000 | to \$1,000,000 | \$25,000 | \$25,000,000 | to | \$30,000,000 | \$800,000 |
| \$1,000,000 | to \$1,500,000 | \$50,000 | \$30,000,000 | to | \$35,000,000 | \$900,000 |
| \$1,500,000 | to \$2,000,000 | \$75,000 | over | | \$35,000,000 | \$1,000,000 |

Bank cashier's checks or properly certified checks accompanying bid proposals will be made payable to the Treasurer, State of Illinois.

If a combination bid is submitted, the proposal guaranties which accompany the individual bid proposals making up the combination will be considered as also covering the combination bid.

The amount of the proposal guaranty check is _____ \$(_____). If this proposal is accepted and the undersigned will fail to execute a contract bond as required herein, it is hereby agreed that the amount of the proposal guaranty will become the property of the State of Illinois, and shall be considered as payment of damages due to delay and other causes suffered by the State because of the failure to execute said contract and contract bond; otherwise, the bid bond will become void or the proposal guaranty check will be returned to the undersigned.

Attach Cashier's Check or Certified Check Here

In the event that one proposal guaranty check is intended to cover two or more bid proposals, the amount must be equal to the sum of the proposal guaranties which would be required for each individual bid proposal. If the guaranty check is placed in another bid proposal, state below where it may be found.

The proposal guaranty check will be found in the bid proposal for:

Item _____

Section No. _____

County _____

Mark the proposal cover sheet as to the type of proposal guaranty submitted.

RETURN WITH BID

6. **COMBINATION BIDS.** The undersigned bidder further agrees that if awarded the contract for the sections contained in the following combination, he/she will perform the work in accordance with the requirements of each individual contract comprising the combination bid specified in the schedule below, and that the combination bid shall be prorated against each section in proportion to the bid submitted for the same. If an error is found to exist in the gross sum bid for one or more of the individual sections included in a combination, the combination bid shall be corrected as provided in the specifications.

When a combination bid is submitted, the schedule below must be completed in each proposal comprising the combination.

If alternate bids are submitted for one or more of the sections comprising the combination, a combination bid must be submitted for each alternate.

Schedule of Combination Bids

| Combination No. | Sections Included in Combination | Combination Bid | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| | | Dollars | Cents |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

7. **SCHEDULE OF PRICES.** The undersigned bidder submits herewith, in accordance with the rules and instructions, a schedule of prices for the items of work for which bids are sought. The unit prices bid are in U.S. dollars and cents, and all extensions and summations have been made. The bidder understands that the quantities appearing in the bid schedule are approximate and are provided for the purpose of obtaining a gross sum for the comparison of bids. If there is an error in the extension of the unit prices, the unit prices will govern. Payment to the contractor awarded the contract will be made only for actual quantities of work performed and accepted or materials furnished according to the contract. The scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished may be increased, decreased or omitted as provided elsewhere in the contract.
8. **AUTHORITY TO DO BUSINESS IN ILLINOIS.** Section 20-43 of the Illinois Procurement Code (the Code) (30 ILCS 500/20-43) provides that a person (other than an individual acting as a sole proprietor) must be a legal entity authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in the State of Illinois prior to submitting the bid.
9. **EXECUTION OF CONTRACT:** The Department of Transportation will, in accordance with the rules governing Department procurements, execute the contract and shall be the sole entity having the authority to accept performance and make payments under the contract. Execution of the contract by the Chief Procurement Officer (CPO) or the State Purchasing Officer (SPO) is for approval of the procurement process and execution of the contract by the Department. Neither the CPO nor the SPO shall be responsible for administration of the contract or determinations respecting performance or payment there under except as otherwise permitted in the Code.
10. **The services of a subcontractor will be used.**

Check box Yes
 Check box No

For known subcontractors with subcontracts with an annual value of more than \$50,000, the contract shall include their name, address, general type of work to be performed, and the dollar allocation for each subcontractor.
 (30 ILCS 500/20-120)

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT
 NUMBER - 60R95

State Job # - C-91-269-12

County Name - COOK - -

Code - 31 - -

District - 1 - -

Section Number - 1112.1B-R

Project Number
 ACNHPP-0358/008/

Route
 FAP 358

| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| A2002566 | T-CARP CAROL SF 6' | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| A2002916 | T-CELTIS OCCID 2 | EACH | 6.000 | | | | |
| A2004716 | T-GLED TRI-I SM 2 | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| A2005020 | T-GYMNOCOLA DIO 2-1/2 | EACH | 7.000 | | | | |
| A2005116 | T-JUGLANS NIGRA 2 | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |
| A2005416 | T-LIRIODEN TUL 2 | EACH | 6.000 | | | | |
| A2006516 | T-QUERCUS BICOL 2 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| A2006716 | T-QUERCUS MACR 2 | EACH | 6.000 | | | | |
| A2008468 | T-ULMUS AMER PRINC 2 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| B2001664 | T-CRATAE CRU-I SF 5' | EACH | 11.000 | | | | |
| C2000524 | S-ARONIA MELAN 2' | EACH | 90.000 | | | | |
| C2002048 | S-CORYLUS AMER 4' | EACH | 55.000 | | | | |
| D2002472 | E-PINUS FLX VWP 6' | EACH | 15.000 | | | | |
| K0029614 | WEED CONT AQUATIC | GALLON | 15.000 | | | | |
| K1005863 | TREE ROOT PRUNING | EACH | 5.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| X0326935 | CROSSHOLE SONIC LOG | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| X0370001 | TR & BKFILL SCR CDOT | FOOT | 2,116.000 | | | | |
| X0370048 | SERV INST 200AMP CDOT | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| X0370140 | REM E ST L EQUIP CDOT | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| X0370222 | PAVT REM & REPL CDOT | SQ YD | 19.000 | | | | |
| X0370223 | EL HH 36 24 F&L CDOT | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| X0370224 | PVC CON TRENCH 2 CDOT | FOOT | 1,946.000 | | | | |
| X0370225 | PVC CON T2 SCH80 CDOT | FOOT | 106.000 | | | | |
| X0370226 | PVC CON TRENCH 3 CDOT | FOOT | 60.000 | | | | |
| X0370228 | PVC CON T3 SCH80 CDOT | FOOT | 120.000 | | | | |
| X0370229 | C F BM STCTR CAB CDOT | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| X0370230 | ECC TPLX2-1C6 1C8CDOT | FOOT | 2,378.000 | | | | |
| X0370231 | EC C 1C 2/0 CDOT | FOOT | 156.000 | | | | |
| X0370232 | CONT SL BM1P200A CDOT | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| X0370233 | HLX FDN 7'15"BC4 CDOT | EACH | 14.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| X0370234 | LUM SL LED CDOT | EACH | 14.000 | | | | |
| X0370235 | P AARTDVT15BC35MHCDOT | EACH | 14.000 | | | | |
| X0370236 | MA AL DVT ART 8' CDOT | EACH | 14.000 | | | | |
| X2501700 | SEEDING CL 3 MOD | ACRE | 1.860 | | | | |
| X2503112 | MOWING SPL | SQ YD | 2,500.000 | | | | |
| X2510635 | HD EROS CONT BLANK SP | SQ YD | 10,093.000 | | | | |
| X5030305 | CONC WEARING SURF 5 | SQ YD | 460.000 | | | | |
| X5040100 | PREC BRIDGE APP SLAB | SQ FT | 4,140.000 | | | | |
| X5121800 | PERM STEEL SHT PILING | SQ FT | 8,141.000 | | | | |
| X5509900 | ABANDON FILL SS | FOOT | 155.000 | | | | |
| X5537800 | SS CLEANED 12 | FOOT | 40.000 | | | | |
| X5860110 | GRANULAR BACKFILL STR | CU YD | 1,261.000 | | | | |
| X7010216 | TRAF CONT & PROT SPL | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| X7010240 | TR CONT SURVEILL SPL | CAL DA | 763.000 | | | | |
| Z0001900 | ASB BEARING PAD REMOV | EACH | 160.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| Z0013798 | CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| Z0015550 | DEBRIS REMOVAL | CU YD | 30.000 | | | | |
| Z0018004 | DRAINAGE SCUPPR DS-12 | EACH | 15.000 | | | | |
| Z0033028 | MAINTAIN LIGHTING SYS | CAL MO | 6.000 | | | | |
| Z0046304 | P UNDR FOR STRUCT 4 | FOOT | 567.000 | | | | |
| Z0076600 | TRAINEES | HOUR | 2,500.000 | | 0.800 | | 2,000.000 |
| Z0076604 | TRAINEES TPG | HOUR | 2,500.000 | | 15.000 | | 37,500.000 |
| 20100110 | TREE REMOV 6-15 | UNIT | 1,630.000 | | | | |
| 20100210 | TREE REMOV OVER 15 | UNIT | 352.000 | | | | |
| 20101000 | TEMPORARY FENCE | FOOT | 982.000 | | | | |
| 20101300 | TREE PRUN 1-10 | EACH | 15.000 | | | | |
| 20101350 | TREE PRUN OVER 10 | EACH | 15.000 | | | | |
| 20101700 | SUPPLE WATERING | UNIT | 50.000 | | | | |
| 20200100 | EARTH EXCAVATION | CU YD | 3,595.000 | | | | |
| 20201200 | REM & DISP UNS MATL | CU YD | 295.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 20300100 | CHANNEL EXCAVATION | CU YD | 320.000 | | | | |
| 20400800 | FURNISHED EXCAVATION | CU YD | 11,825.000 | | | | |
| 20800150 | TRENCH BACKFILL | CU YD | 138.000 | | | | |
| 21101505 | TOPSOIL EXC & PLAC | CU YD | 5,405.000 | | | | |
| 21400100 | GRADING & SHAP DITCH | FOOT | 8.000 | | | | |
| 25000210 | SEEDING CL 2A | ACRE | 0.580 | | | | |
| 25000314 | SEEDING CL 4B | ACRE | 0.230 | | | | |
| 25000750 | MOWING | ACRE | 10.000 | | | | |
| 25100115 | MULCH METHOD 2 | ACRE | 2.540 | | | | |
| 28000250 | TEMP EROS CONTR SEED | POUND | 763.000 | | | | |
| 28000305 | TEMP DITCH CHECKS | FOOT | 10.000 | | | | |
| 28000400 | PERIMETER EROS BAR | FOOT | 3,073.000 | | | | |
| 28000500 | INLET & PIPE PROTECT | EACH | 15.000 | | | | |
| 28001200 | TEMP HD EROS CONTR BL | SQ YD | 12,276.000 | | | | |
| 28100105 | STONE RIPRAP CL A3 | SQ YD | 8.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 28100107 | STONE RIPRAP CL A4 | SQ YD | 1,415.000 | | | | |
| 28200200 | FILTER FABRIC | SQ YD | 1,425.000 | | | | |
| 30300001 | AGG SUBGRADE IMPROVE | CU YD | 100.000 | | | | |
| 30300112 | AGG SUBGRADE IMPR 12 | SQ YD | 4,220.000 | | | | |
| 42000316 | PCC PVT 8 3/4 JOINTD | SQ YD | 2,673.000 | | | | |
| 42001300 | PROTECTIVE COAT | SQ YD | 5,990.000 | | | | |
| 42001420 | BR APPR PVT CON (PCC) | SQ YD | 1,254.000 | | | | |
| 42400200 | PC CONC SIDEWALK 5 | SQ FT | 5,861.000 | | | | |
| 42400410 | PC CONC SIDEWALK 8 | SQ FT | 8,121.000 | | | | |
| 42400800 | DETECTABLE WARNINGS | SQ FT | 51.000 | | | | |
| 44000100 | PAVEMENT REM | SQ YD | 3,451.000 | | | | |
| 44000500 | COMB CURB GUTTER REM | FOOT | 1,574.000 | | | | |
| 44000600 | SIDEWALK REM | SQ FT | 4,161.000 | | | | |
| 48101620 | AGGREGATE SHLDS B 10 | SQ YD | 771.000 | | | | |
| 50100100 | REM EXIST STRUCT | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT
 NUMBER -

60R95

State Job # - C-91-269-12

County Name - COOK - -

Code - 31 - -

District - 1 - -

Section Number - 1112.1B-R

Project Number
 ACNHPP-0358/008/

Route
 FAP 358

| Item Number | Pay Item Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | x | Unit Price | = | Total Price |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 50104400 | CONC HDWL REM | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 50200100 | STRUCTURE EXCAVATION | CU YD | 447.000 | | | | |
| 50300225 | CONC STRUCT | CU YD | 518.800 | | | | |
| 50300255 | CONC SUP-STR | CU YD | 1,426.600 | | | | |
| 50300260 | BR DECK GROOVING | SQ YD | 3,446.000 | | | | |
| 50300300 | PROTECTIVE COAT | SQ YD | 5,262.000 | | | | |
| 50500105 | F & E STRUCT STEEL | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| 50500505 | STUD SHEAR CONNECTORS | EACH | 11,790.000 | | | | |
| 50800105 | REINFORCEMENT BARS | POUND | 63,390.000 | | | | |
| 50800205 | REINF BARS, EPOXY CTD | POUND | 507,010.000 | | | | |
| 50800530 | MECHANICAL SPLICERS | EACH | 560.000 | | | | |
| 50901720 | BICYCLE RAILING | FOOT | 526.000 | | | | |
| 50901730 | BRIDGE FENCE RAILING | FOOT | 495.000 | | | | |
| 50901750 | PARAPET RAILING | FOOT | 527.000 | | | | |
| 51201400 | FUR STL PILE HP10X42 | FOOT | 424.000 | | | | |

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 51202000 | FUR STL PILE HP14X102 | FOOT | 2,171.000 | | | | |
| 51202305 | DRIVING PILES | FOOT | 2,595.000 | | | | |
| 51204000 | TEST PILE ST HP14X102 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 51500100 | NAME PLATES | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 51603000 | DRILLED SHAFT IN SOIL | CU YD | 542.000 | | | | |
| 51604000 | DRILLED SHAFT IN ROCK | CU YD | 26.000 | | | | |
| 52000110 | PREF JT STRIP SEAL | FOOT | 202.000 | | | | |
| 52100520 | ANCHOR BOLTS 1 | EACH | 40.000 | | | | |
| 52100540 | ANCHOR BOLTS 1 1/2 | EACH | 40.000 | | | | |
| 54213657 | PRC FLAR END SEC 12 | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 550A0050 | STORM SEW CL A 1 12 | FOOT | 47.000 | | | | |
| 550A0340 | STORM SEW CL A 2 12 | FOOT | 794.000 | | | | |
| 55100300 | STORM SEWER REM 8 | FOOT | 176.000 | | | | |
| 55100400 | STORM SEWER REM 10 | FOOT | 165.000 | | | | |
| 55100700 | STORM SEWER REM 15 | FOOT | 15.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 55100900 | STORM SEWER REM 18 | FOOT | 16.000 | | | | |
| 55101600 | STORM SEWER REM 36 | FOOT | 89.000 | | | | |
| 59100100 | GEOCOMPOSITE WALL DR | SQ YD | 241.000 | | | | |
| 60100060 | CONC HDWL FOR P DRAIN | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 60107600 | PIPE UNDERDRAINS 4 | FOOT | 94.000 | | | | |
| 60201340 | CB TA 4 DIA T24F&G | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 60218400 | MAN TA 4 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 60237470 | INLETS TA T24F&G | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 60255500 | MAN ADJUST | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 60500040 | REMOV MANHOLES | EACH | 4.000 | | | | |
| 60500050 | REMOV CATCH BAS | EACH | 9.000 | | | | |
| 60603800 | COMB CC&G TB6.12 | FOOT | 91.500 | | | | |
| 60605000 | COMB CC&G TB6.24 | FOOT | 1,477.000 | | | | |
| 63000001 | SPBGR TY A 6FT POSTS | FOOT | 1,225.000 | | | | |
| 63100045 | TRAF BAR TERM T2 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 63100085 | TRAF BAR TERM T6 | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 63100089 | TRAF BAR TERM T6B | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 63100167 | TR BAR TRM T1 SPL TAN | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 63200310 | GUARDRAIL REMOV | FOOT | 2,327.000 | | | | |
| 66400105 | CH LK FENCE 4 | FOOT | 1,023.000 | | | | |
| 66900200 | NON SPL WASTE DISPOSL | CU YD | 5,000.000 | | | | |
| 66900450 | SPL WASTE PLNS/REPORT | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| 66900530 | SOIL DISPOSAL ANALY | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 67000400 | ENGR FIELD OFFICE A | CAL MO | 22.000 | | | | |
| 67100100 | MOBILIZATION | L SUM | 1.000 | | | | |
| 72000100 | SIGN PANEL T1 | SQ FT | 8.000 | | | | |
| 72400100 | REMOV SIN PAN ASSY TA | EACH | 3.000 | | | | |
| 72400310 | REMOV SIGN PANEL T1 | SQ FT | 12.000 | | | | |
| 72900100 | METAL POST TY A | FOOT | 13.000 | | | | |
| 78009004 | MOD URETH PM LINE 4 | FOOT | 5,529.000 | | | | |

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|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|---|------------|---|-------------|
| 78009012 | MOD URETH PM LINE 12 | FOOT | 189.000 | | | | |
| 78100100 | RAISED REFL PAVT MKR | EACH | 76.000 | | | | |
| 78100105 | RAISED REF PVT MKR BR | EACH | 52.000 | | | | |
| 78200410 | GUARDRAIL MKR TYPE A | EACH | 15.000 | | | | |
| 78201000 | TERMINAL MARKER - DA | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 81603090 | UD 3#4#6GXLPUSE 1 1/4 | FOOT | 305.000 | | | | |
| 82102400 | LUM SV HOR MT 400W | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 83050800 | LT P A 47.5MH 12MA | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 83600200 | LIGHT POLE FDN 24D | FOOT | 20.000 | | | | |
| 83800205 | BKWY DEV TR B 15BC | EACH | 2.000 | | | | |
| 84200804 | REM POLE FDN | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 84400105 | RELOC EX LT UNIT | EACH | 1.000 | | | | |
| 89502300 | REM ELCBL FR CON | FOOT | 840.000 | | | | |

CONTRACT NUMBER

60R95

THIS IS THE TOTAL BID

\$ _____

NOTES:

1. Each PAY ITEM should have a UNIT PRICE and a TOTAL PRICE.
2. The UNIT PRICE shall govern if no TOTAL PRICE is shown or if there is a discrepancy between the product of the UNIT PRICE multiplied by the QUANTITY.
3. If a UNIT PRICE is omitted, the TOTAL PRICE will be divided by the QUANTITY in order to establish a UNIT PRICE.
4. A bid may be declared UNACCEPTABLE if neither a unit price nor a total price is shown.

RETURN WITH BID

STATE REQUIRED ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING CONTRACT PROCUREMENT: ASSURANCES, CERTIFICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES

I. GENERAL

A. Article 50 of the Code establishes the duty of all State CPOs, SPOs, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.

B. In order to comply with the provisions of Article 50 and to carry out the duty established therein, all bidders are to adhere to ethical standards established for the procurement process, and to make such assurances, disclosures and certifications required by law. Except as otherwise required in subsection III, paragraphs J-M, by execution of the Proposal Signature Sheet, the bidder indicates that each of the mandated assurances have been read and understood, that each certification is made and understood, and that each disclosure requirement has been understood and completed.

C. In addition to all other remedies provided by law, failure to comply with any assurance, failure to make any disclosure or the making of a false certification shall be grounds for the CPO to void the contract, and may result in the suspension or debarment of the bidder or subcontractor. If a false certification is made by a subcontractor the contractor's submitted bid and the executed contract may not be declared void unless the contractor refuses to terminate the subcontract upon the State's request after a finding that the subcontractor's certification was false.

I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions.

II. ASSURANCES

The assurances hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder.

A. Conflicts of Interest

Section 50-13. Conflicts of Interest.

(a) Prohibition. It is unlawful for any person holding an elective office in this State, holding a seat in the General Assembly, or appointed to or employed in any of the offices or agencies of state government and who receives compensation for such employment in excess of 60% of the salary of the Governor of the State of Illinois, or who is an officer or employee of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, or who is the spouse or minor child of any such person to have or acquire any contract, or any direct pecuniary interest in any contract therein, whether for stationery, printing, paper, or any services, materials, or supplies, that will be wholly or partially satisfied by the payment of funds appropriated by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois or in any contract of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority.

(b) Interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) is entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(c) Combined interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association, or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) together with his or her spouse or minor children is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(d) Securities. Nothing in this Section invalidates the provisions of any bond or other security previously offered or to be offered for sale or sold by or for the State of Illinois.

(e) Prior interests. This Section does not affect the validity of any contract made between the State and an officer or employee of the State or member of the General Assembly, his or her spouse, minor child or any combination of those persons if that contract was in existence before his or her election or employment as an officer, member, or employee. The contract is voidable, however, if it cannot be completed within 365 calendar days after the officer, member, or employee takes office or is employed. The current salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00. Sixty percent of the salary is \$106,447.20.

RETURN WITH BID

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-13, or that an effective exemption has been issued by the Board of Ethics to any individual subject to the Section 50-13 prohibitions pursuant to the provisions of Section 50-20 of the Code. Information concerning the exemption process is available from the Department upon request.

B. Negotiations

Section 50-15. Negotiations.

It is unlawful for any person employed in or on a continual contractual relationship with any of the offices or agencies of State government to participate in contract negotiations on behalf of that office or agency with any firm, partnership, association, or corporation with whom that person has a contract for future employment or is negotiating concerning possible future employment.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-15, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

C. Inducements

Section 50-25. Inducement.

Any person who offers or pays any money or other valuable thing to any person to induce him or her not to provide a submission to a vendor portal or to bid for a State contract or as recompense for not having bid on a State contract is guilty of a Class 4 felony. Any person who accepts any money or other valuable thing for not bidding for a State contract, not making a submission to a vendor portal, or who withholds a bid or submission to a vendor portal in consideration of the promise for the payment of money or other valuable thing is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-25, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

D. Revolving Door Prohibition

Section 50-30. Revolving door prohibition.

CPOs, SPOs, procurement compliance monitors, their designees whose principal duties are directly related to State procurement, and executive officers confirmed by the Senate are expressly prohibited for a period of 2 years after terminating an affected position from engaging in any procurement activity relating to the State agency most recently employing them in an affected position for a period of at least 6 months. The prohibition includes, but is not limited to: lobbying the procurement process; specifying; bidding; proposing bid, proposal, or contract documents; on their own behalf or on behalf of any firm, partnership, association, or corporation. This Section applies only to persons who terminate an affected position on or after January 15, 1999.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-30, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

E. Reporting Anticompetitive Practices

Section 50-40. Reporting anticompetitive practices.

When, for any reason, any vendor, bidder, contractor, CPO, SPO, designee, elected official, or State employee suspects collusion or other anticompetitive practice among any bidders, offerors, contractors, proposers, or employees of the State, a notice of the relevant facts shall be transmitted to the Attorney General and the CPO.

The bidder assures the Department that it has not failed to report any relevant facts concerning the practices addressed in Section 50-40 which may involve the contract for which the bid or submission to a vendor portal is submitted.

F. Confidentiality

Section 50-45. Confidentiality.

Any CPO, SPO, designee, or executive officer who willfully uses or allows the use of specifications, competitive bid documents, proprietary competitive information, proposals, contracts, or selection information to compromise the fairness or integrity of the procurement, bidding, or contract process shall be subject to immediate dismissal, regardless of the Personnel code, any contract, or any collective bargaining agreement, and may in addition be subject to criminal prosecution.

The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any fact relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-45 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

RETURN WITH BID

G. Insider Information

Section 50-50. Insider information.

It is unlawful for any current or former elected or appointed State official or State employee to knowingly use confidential information available only by virtue of that office or employment for actual or anticipated gain for themselves or another person.

The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-50 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions for the above assurances.

III. CERTIFICATIONS

The certifications hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. Section 50-2 of the Code provides that every person that has entered into a multi-year contract and every subcontractor with a multi-year subcontract shall certify, by July 1 of each fiscal year covered by the contract after the initial fiscal year, to the responsible CPO whether it continues to satisfy the requirements of Article 50 pertaining to the eligibility for a contract award. If a contractor or subcontractor is not able to truthfully certify that it continues to meet all requirements, it shall provide with its certification a detailed explanation of the circumstances leading to the change in certification status. A contractor or subcontractor that makes a false statement material to any given certification required under Article 50 is, in addition to any other penalties or consequences prescribed by law, subject to liability under the Whistleblower Reward and Protection Act for submission of a false claim.

A. Bribery

Section 50-5. Bribery.

(a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:

(1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or

(2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.

(b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government, or subcontracting under such a contract, as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:

(1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or

(2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, or which is signatory to the contract which the subcontract relates, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.

(d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State, and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the contractor or the subcontractor, respectively, that the contractor or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any certifications required by this Section are false. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

The contractor or subcontractor certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50-5.

B. Felons

Section 50-10. Felons.

(a) Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any State agency, or enter into a subcontract, from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.

(b) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code and every vendor's submission to a vendor portal shall contain a certification by the bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any of the certifications required by this Section are false.

RETURN WITH BID

C. Debt Delinquency

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.

The contractor or bidder or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under the Code. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, further acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if this certification is false or if the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

D. Prohibited Bidders, Contractors and Subcontractors

Section 50-10.5 and 50-60(c). Prohibited bidders, contractors and subcontractors.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with Section 50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 or if in violation of Subsection (c) for a period of five years from the date of conviction. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO shall declare the related contract void if any of the certifications completed pursuant to this Section are false.

E. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

Section 50-14 Environmental Protection Act violations.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with Section 50-14 that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, is not barred from being awarded a contract or entering into a subcontract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency, or entering into any subcontract, that is subject to the Code by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, acknowledges that the CPO may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

F. Educational Loan

Section 3 of the Educational Loan Default Act, 5 ILCS 385/3.

Pursuant to the Educational Loan Default Act no State agency shall contract with an individual for goods or services if that individual is in default on an educational loan.

The bidder, if an individual as opposed to a corporation, partnership or other form of business organization, certifies that the bidder is not in default on an educational loan as provided in Section 3 of the Act.

G. Bid-Rigging/Bid Rotating

Section 33E-11 of the Criminal Code of 2012, 720 ILCS 5/3BE-11.

(a) Every bid submitted to and public contract executed pursuant to such bid by the State or a unit of local government shall contain a certification by the prime contractor that the prime contractor is not barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or 33E-4 of this Article.

(b) A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

A violation of Section 33E-3 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rigging which, in addition to Class 3 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be barred for 5 years from the date of conviction from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

The bidder certifies that it is not barred from contracting with the Department by reason of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or Section 33E-4.

RETURN WITH BID

H. International Anti-Boycott

Section 5 of the International Anti-Boycott Certification Act provides every contract entered into by the State of Illinois for the manufacture, furnishing, or purchasing of supplies, material, or equipment or for the furnishing of work, labor, or services, in an amount exceeding the threshold for small purchases according to the purchasing laws of this State or \$10,000.00, whichever is less, shall contain certification, as a material condition of the contract, by which the contractor agrees that neither the contractor nor any substantially-owned affiliated company is participating or shall participate in an international boycott in violation of the provisions of the U.S. Export Administration Act of 1979 or the regulations of the U.S. Department of Commerce promulgated under that Act.

The bidder makes the certification set forth in Section 5 of the Act.

I. Drug Free Workplace

The Illinois "Drug Free Workplace Act" applies to this contract and it is necessary to comply with the provisions of the "Act" if the contractor is a corporation, partnership, or other entity (including a sole proprietorship) which has 25 or more employees.

The bidder certifies that if awarded a contract in excess of \$5,000 it will provide a drug free workplace in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

J. Disclosure of Business Operations in Iran

Section 50-36 of the Code provides that each bid, offer, or proposal submitted for a State contract shall include a disclosure of whether or not the Company acting as the bidder, offeror, or proposing entity, or any of its corporate parents or subsidiaries, within the 24 months before submission of the bid, offer, or proposal had business operations that involved contracts with or provision of supplies or services to the Government of Iran, companies in which the Government of Iran has any direct or indirect equity share, consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran, or companies involved in consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran and either of the following conditions apply:

- (1) More than 10% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve oil-related activities or mineral-extraction activities; less than 75% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve contracts with or provision of oil-related or mineral-extraction products or services to the Government of Iran or a project or consortium created exclusively by that government; and the Company has failed to take substantial action.
- (2) The Company has, on or after August 5, 1996, made an investment of \$20 million or more, or any combination of investments of at least \$10 million each that in the aggregate equals or exceeds \$20 million in any 12-month period, which directly or significantly contributes to the enhancement of Iran's ability to develop petroleum resources of Iran.

The terms "Business operations", "Company", "Mineral-extraction activities", "Oil-related activities", "Petroleum resources", and "Substantial action" are all defined in the Code.

Failure to make the disclosure required by the Code may cause the bid, offer or proposal to be considered not responsive. The disclosure will be considered when evaluating the bid or awarding the contract. The name of each Company disclosed as doing business or having done business in Iran will be provided to the State Comptroller.

Check the appropriate statement:

Company has no business operations in Iran to disclose.

Company has business operations in Iran as disclosed on the attached document.

RETURN WITH BID

K. Apprenticeship and Training Certification (Does not apply to federal aid projects)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 30-22 (6) of the Code, the bidder certifies that it is a participant, either as an individual or as part of a group program, in the approved apprenticeship and training programs applicable to each type of work or craft that the bidder will perform with its own forces. The bidder further certifies for work that will be performed by subcontract that each of its subcontractors submitted for approval either (a) is, at the time of such bid, participating in an approved, applicable apprenticeship and training program; or (b) will, prior to commencement of performance of work pursuant to this contract, begin participation in an approved apprenticeship and training program applicable to the work of the subcontract. The Department, at any time before or after award, may require the production of a copy of each applicable Certificate of Registration issued by the United States Department of Labor evidencing such participation by the contractor and any or all of its subcontractors. Applicable apprenticeship and training programs are those that have been approved and registered with the United States Department of Labor. The bidder shall list in the space below, the official name of the program sponsor holding the Certificate of Registration for all of the types of work or crafts in which the bidder is a participant and that will be performed with the bidder's forces. Types of work or craft work that will be subcontracted shall be included and listed as subcontract work. The list shall also indicate any type of work or craft job category that does not have an applicable apprenticeship or training program. **The bidder is responsible for making a complete report and shall make certain that each type of work or craft job category that will be utilized on the project as reported on the Construction Employee Workforce Projection (Form BC-1256) and returned with the bid is accounted for and listed.**

Additionally, Section 30-22 of the Code requires that the bidder certify that an Illinois office be maintained as the primary place of employment for persons employed for this contract.

NA-FEDERAL

The requirements of these certifications and disclosures are a material part of the contract, and the contractor shall require these certification provisions to be included in all approved subcontracts. In order to fulfill this requirement, it shall not be necessary that an applicable program sponsor be currently taking, or that it will take applications for apprenticeship, training or employment during the performance of the work of this contract.

RETURN WITH BID

L. Political Contributions and Registration with the State Board of Elections

Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Code regulate political contributions from business entities and any affiliated entities or affiliated persons bidding on or contracting with the state. Generally under Section 50-37, any business entity, and any affiliated entity or affiliated person of the business entity, whose current year contracts with all state agencies exceed an awarded value of \$50,000, are prohibited from making any contributions to any political committees established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for the awarding of the contracts or any other declared candidate for that office for the duration of the term of office of the incumbent officeholder or a period 2 years after the termination of the contract, whichever is longer. Any business entity and affiliated entities or affiliated persons whose state contracts in the current year do not exceed an awarded value of \$50,000, but whose aggregate pending bids and proposals on state contracts exceed \$50,000, either alone or in combination with contracts not exceeding \$50,000, are prohibited from making any political contributions to any political committee established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for awarding the pending contract during the period beginning on the date the invitation for bids or request for proposals or any other procurement opportunity is issued and ending on the day after the date of award or selection if the entity was not awarded or selected. Section 20-160 requires certification of registration of affected business entities in accordance with procedures found in Section 9-35 of The Election Code.

By submission of a bid, the contractor business entity acknowledges and agrees that it has read and understands Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Code, and that it makes the following certification:

The undersigned bidder certifies that it has registered as a business with the State Board of Elections and acknowledges a continuing duty to update the registration in accordance with the above referenced statutes. If the business entity is required to register, the CPO shall verify that it is in compliance on the date the bid or proposal is due. The CPO shall not accept a bid or proposal if the business entity is not in compliance with the registration requirements.

These requirements and compliance with the above referenced statutory sections are a material part of the contract, and any breach thereof shall be cause to void the contract under Section 50-60 of the Code. This provision does not apply to Federal-aid contracts.

M. Lobbyist Disclosure

Section 50-38 of the Code requires that any bidder or offeror on a State contract that hires a person required to register under the Lobbyist Registration Act to assist in obtaining a contract shall:

- (i) Disclose all costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, and other remunerations paid or to be paid to the lobbyist related to the contract,
- (ii) Not bill or otherwise cause the State of Illinois to pay for any of the lobbyist's costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, or other remuneration, and
- (iii) Sign a verification certifying that none of the lobbyist's costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, or other remuneration were billed to the State.

This information, along with all supporting documents, shall be filed with the agency awarding the contract and with the Secretary of State. The CPO shall post this information, together with the contract award notice, in the online Procurement Bulletin.

Pursuant to Subsection (c) of this Section, no person or entity shall retain a person or entity to attempt to influence the outcome of a procurement decision made under the Code for compensation contingent in whole or in part upon the decision or procurement. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a business offense and shall be fined not more than \$10,000.

Bidder acknowledges that it is required to disclose the hiring of any person required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act (25 ILCS 170) in connection with this contract.

Bidder has not hired any person required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act in connection with this contract.

Or

Bidder has hired the following persons required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act in connection with the contract:

Name and address of person: _____
All costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements and other remuneration paid to said person: _____

I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions for the above certifications.

RETURN WITH BID

IV. DISCLOSURES

- A. The disclosures hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The bidder further certifies that the Department has received the disclosure forms for each bid.

The CPO may void the bid, or contract, respectively, if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous disclosure. A contractor or subcontractor may be suspended or debarred for violations of the Code. Furthermore, the CPO may void the contract and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Code provides that all bids of more than \$50,000 and all submissions to a vendor portal shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the bidder. This disclosed information for the successful bidder, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, filed with the Procurement Policy Board, and shall be incorporated as a material term of the contract. Furthermore, pursuant to Section 5-5, the Procurement Policy Board may review a proposal, bid, or contract and issue a recommendation to void a contract or reject a proposal or bid based on any violation of the Code or the existence of a conflict of interest as provided in subsections (b) and (d) of Section 50-35.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the bidding entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the contractor or bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each individual making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each individual making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form.

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the bidding entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. Disclosure Forms. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. A separate Disclosure Form A must be submitted with the bid for each individual meeting the above requirements. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies and a total ownership certification. **The forms must be included with each bid.**

C. Disclosure Form Instructions

Form A Instructions for Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest

If the bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a bidder is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the bidder must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the bidder should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for the bidding company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

1. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES ___ NO ___
2. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES ___ NO ___
3. Does anyone in your organization receive more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income? YES ___ NO ___
4. Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the bidding entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES ___ NO ___

(Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed per individual per bid even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)

A "YES" answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The bidder must determine each individual in the bidding entity or the bidding entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your organization. The individual signing can be, but does not have to be, the individual for which the form is being completed. The bidder is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.

If the answer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.

RETURN WITH BID

Form B: Instructions for Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information

Disclosure Form B must be completed for each bid submitted by the bidding entity. *Note: Checking the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A does not allow the bidder to ignore Form B. Form B must be completed, checked, and dated or the bidder may be considered nonresponsive and the bid will not be accepted.*

The Bidder shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the check box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the bidder must do one of the following:

Option I: If the bidder did not submit an Affidavit of Availability to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). Do not include IDOT contracts. Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts and are not to be included. Contracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital Development Board must be included. Bidders who submit Affidavits of Availability are suggested to use Option II.

Option II: If the bidder is required and has submitted an Affidavit of Availability in order to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder may write or type "See Affidavit of Availability" which indicates that the Affidavit of Availability is incorporated by reference and includes all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. For any contracts that are not covered by the Affidavit of Availability, the bidder must identify them on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). These might be such things as leases.

RETURN WITH BID

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Form A
Financial Information &
Potential Conflicts of Interest
Disclosure**

| | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Contractor Name | | |
| Legal Address | | |
| City, State, Zip | | |
| Telephone Number | Email Address | Fax Number (if available) |

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Vendors desiring to enter into a contract with the State of Illinois must disclose the financial information and potential conflict of interest information as specified in this Disclosure Form. This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form A must be completed for bids in excess of \$50,000, and for all open-ended contracts. **A publicly traded company may submit a 10K disclosure (or equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Form A. See Disclosure Form Instructions.**

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Disclosure of Financial Information.** The individual named below has an interest in the BIDDER (or its parent) in terms of ownership or distributive income share in excess of 5%, or an interest which has a value of more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor. **(Make copies of this form as necessary and attach a separate Disclosure Form A for each individual meeting these requirements)**

| | |
|--|---|
| FOR INDIVIDUAL (type or print information) | |
| NAME: | _____ |
| ADDRESS | _____ |
| Type of ownership/distributable income share: | |
| stock _____ | sole proprietorship _____ |
| Partnership _____ | other: (explain on separate sheet): _____ |
| % or \$ value of ownership/distributable income share: _____ | |

- 2. Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest.** Check "Yes" or "No" to indicate which, if any, of the following potential conflict of interest relationships apply. If the answer to any question is "Yes", please attach additional pages and describe.

- (a) State employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, including contractual employment of services.
Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

- Are you currently an officer or employee of either the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No ___
- Are you currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor provide the name the State agency for which you are employed and your annual salary. _____

RETURN WITH BID

3. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___
4. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___

(b) State employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, including contractual employment for services in the previous 2 years.

Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer or employee of the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No ___

2. Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name of the spouse and/or minor children, the name of the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/her annual salary. _____

3. If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess 100% of the annual salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___

4. If your spouse or any minor children are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or any minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in the aggregate of the total distributable income from your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___

(c) Elective status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois, the government of the United States, any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois currently or in the previous 3 years. Yes ___ No ___

(d) Relationship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(e) Appointive office; the holding of any appointive government office of the State of Illinois, the United State of America, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensation in excess of the expenses incurred in the discharge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years. Yes ___ No ___

(f) Relationship to anyone holding appointive office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(g) Employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any registered lobbyist of the State government. Yes ___ No ___

RETURN WITH BID

(h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered election or reelection committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

(j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensated employee in the last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

3. Communication Disclosure.

Disclose the name and address of each lobbyist and other agent of the bidder or offeror who is not identified in Section 2 of this form, who is has communicated, is communicating, or may communicate with any State officer or employee concerning the bid or offer. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the process and throughout the term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name and address of person(s): _____

RETURN WITH BID

4. Debarment Disclosure. For each of the persons identified under Sections 2 and 3 of this form, disclose whether any of the following has occurred within the previous 10 years: debarment from contracting with any governmental entity; professional licensure discipline; bankruptcies; adverse civil judgments and administrative findings; and criminal felony convictions. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the procurement process and term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name of person(s): _____

Nature of disclosure: _____

APPLICABLE STATEMENT

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the INDIVIDUAL named on previous page. Under penalty of perjury, I certify the contents of this disclosure to be true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

Completed by: _____
Signature of Individual or Authorized Representative Date

NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT

Under penalty of perjury, I have determined that no individuals associated with this organization meet the criteria that would require the completion of this Form A.

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the CONTRACTOR listed on the previous page.

Signature of Authorized Representative Date

The bidder has a continuing obligation to supplement these disclosures under Sec. 50-35 of the Code.

RETURN WITH BID

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form B Other Contracts & Financial Related Information Disclosure

Contractor Name, Legal Address, City, State, Zip, Telephone Number, Email Address, Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form B must be completed for all bids.

DISCLOSURE OF OTHER CONTRACTS AND PROCUREMENT RELATED INFORMATION

1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information. The BIDDER shall identify whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other State of Illinois agency: Yes ___ No ___ If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the signature box on this page.

2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such relationship by showing State of Illinois agency name and other descriptive information such as bid or project number (attach additional pages as necessary). SEE DISCLOSURE FORM INSTRUCTIONS:

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE CHECKED

Signature of Authorized Representative, Date

OWNERSHIP CERTIFICATION

Please certify that the following statement is true if the individuals for all submitted Form A disclosures do not total 100% of ownership.

Any remaining ownership interest is held by individuals receiving less than \$106,447.20 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income or holding less than a 5% ownership interest.

Yes No N/A (Form A disclosure(s) established 100% ownership)

RETURN WITH BID

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The following requirements of the Illinois Department of Human Rights Act are applicable to bidders on all construction contracts advertised by the Illinois Department of Transportation:

CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYEE UTILIZATION PROJECTION

- (a) All bidders on construction contracts shall complete and submit, along with and as part of their bids, a Bidder's Employee Utilization Form (Form BC-1256) setting forth a projection and breakdown of the total workforce intended to be hired and/or allocated to such contract work by the bidder including a projection of minority and female employee utilization in all job classifications on the contract project.
- (b) The Department of Transportation shall review the Employee Utilization Form, and workforce projections contained therein, of the contract awardee to determine if such projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification in accordance with the Equal Employment Opportunity Clause and Title 44, Illinois Administrative Code, Section 750.120. If it is determined that the contract awardee's projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification, it shall be advised in writing of the manner in which it is underutilizing and such awardee shall be considered to be in breach of the contract unless, prior to commencement of work on the contract project, it submits revised satisfactory projections or an acceptable written affirmative action plan to correct such underutilization including a specific timetable geared to the completion stages of the contract.
- (c) The Department of Transportation shall provide to the Department of Human Rights a copy of the contract awardee's Employee Utilization Form, a copy of any required written affirmative action plan, and any written correspondence related thereto. The Department of Human Rights may review and revise any action taken by the Department of Transportation with respect to these requirements.

RETURN WITH BID

**Contract No. 60R95
COOK County
Section 1112.1B-R
Project ACNHPP-0358(008)
Route FAP 358
District 1 Construction Funds**

PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION - continued

- B. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is the total number of **new hires** that would be employed in the event the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract.

The undersigned bidder projects that: (number) _____ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the contract project is located; and/or (number) _____ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the bidder's principal office or base of operation is located.

- C. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is a projection of numbers of persons to be employed directly by the undersigned bidder as well as a projection of numbers of persons to be employed by subcontractors.

The undersigned bidder estimates that (number) _____ persons will be directly employed by the prime contractor and that (number) _____ persons will be employed by subcontractors.

PART III. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN

- A. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that in the event the foregoing minority and female employee utilization projection included under **PART II** is determined to be an underutilization of minority persons or women in any job category, and in the event that the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract, he/she will, prior to commencement of work, develop and submit a written Affirmative Action Plan including a specific timetable (geared to the completion stages of the contract) whereby deficiencies in minority and/or female employee utilization are corrected. Such Affirmative Action Plan will be subject to approval by the contracting agency and the **Illinois Department of Human Rights**.
- B. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that the minority and female employee utilization projection submitted herein, and the goals and timetable included under an Affirmative Action Plan if required, are deemed to be part of the contract specifications.

Company _____ Telephone Number _____

Address _____

NOTICE REGARDING SIGNATURE

The Bidder's signature on the Proposal Signature Sheet will constitute the signing of this form. The following signature block needs to be completed only if revisions are required.

Signature: _____ Title: _____ Date: _____

- Instructions: All tables must include subcontractor personnel in addition to prime contractor personnel.
- Table A - Include both the number of employees that would be hired to perform the contract work and the total number currently employed (Table B) that will be allocated to contract work, and include all apprentices and on-the-job trainees. The "Total Employees" column should include all employees including all minorities, apprentices and on-the-job trainees to be employed on the contract work.
- Table B - Include all employees currently employed that will be allocated to the contract work including any apprentices and on-the-job trainees currently employed.
- Table C - Indicate the racial breakdown of the total apprentices and on-the-job trainees shown in Table A.

RETURN WITH BID

ADDITIONAL FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

In addition to the Required Contract Provisions for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts (FHWA 1273), all bidders make the following certifications.

- A. By the execution of this proposal, the signing bidder certifies that the bidding entity has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action, in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid. This statement made by the undersigned bidder is true and correct under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States.
- B. CERTIFICATION, EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY:
1. Have you participated in any previous contracts or subcontracts subject to the equal opportunity clause. YES _____ NO _____
 2. If answer to #1 is yes, have you filed with the Joint Reporting Committee, the Director of OFCC, any Federal agency, or the former President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, all reports due under the applicable filing requirements of those organizations?
YES _____ NO _____

RETURN WITH BID

**Contract No. 60R95
COOK County
Section 1112.1B-R
Project ACNHPP-0358(008)
Route FAP 358
District 1 Construction Funds**

PROPOSAL SIGNATURE SHEET

The undersigned bidder hereby makes and submits this bid on the subject Proposal, thereby assuring the Department that all requirements of the Invitation for Bids and rules of the Department have been met, that there is no misunderstanding of the requirements of paragraph 3 of this Proposal, and that the contract will be executed in accordance with the rules of the Department if an award is made on this bid.

(IF AN INDIVIDUAL)

Firm Name _____
Signature of Owner _____
Business Address _____

(IF A CO-PARTNERSHIP)

Firm Name _____
By _____
Business Address _____
Name and Address of All Members of the Firm: _____

(IF A CORPORATION)

Corporate Name _____
By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative _____
Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative _____
Attest _____
Signature _____
(IF A JOINT VENTURE, USE THIS SECTION FOR THE MANAGING PARTY AND THE SECOND PARTY SHOULD SIGN BELOW)
Business Address _____

(IF A JOINT VENTURE)

Corporate Name _____
By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative _____
Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative _____
Attest _____
Signature _____
Business Address _____

If more than two parties are in the joint venture, please attach an additional signature sheet.



This Annual Proposal Bid Bond shall become effective at 12:01 AM (CDST) on _____ and shall be valid until _____ 11:59 PM (CDST).

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, That We _____

as PRINCIPAL, and _____

as SURETY, and held jointly, severally and firmly bound unto the STATE OF ILLINOIS in the penal sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amount specified in the bid proposal under "Proposal Guaranty" in effect on the date of the Invitation for Bids, whichever is the lesser sum, well and truly to be paid unto said STATE OF ILLINOIS, for the payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

THE CONDITION OF THE FOREGOING OBLIGATION IS SUCH that whereas, the PRINCIPAL may submit bid proposal(s) to the STATE OF ILLINOIS, acting through the Department of Transportation, for various improvements published in the Transportation Bulletin during the effective term indicated above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Department shall accept the bid proposal(s) of the PRINCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time and as specified in the bidding and contract documents; and if, after award by the Department, the PRINCIPAL shall enter into a contract in accordance with the terms of the bidding and contract documents including evidence of the required insurance coverages and providing such bond as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the failure of the PRINCIPAL to enter into such contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL pays to the Department the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for which the Department may contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN THE EVENT the Department determines the PRINCIPAL has failed to comply with any requirement as set forth in the preceding paragraph, then Surety shall pay the penal sum to the Department within fifteen (15) days of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make full payment within such period of time, the Department may bring an action to collect the amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all its expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in any litigation in which it prevails either in whole or in part.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said PRINCIPAL has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer _____ day of _____ A.D., _____

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said SURETY has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer _____ day of _____ A.D., _____

(Company Name)

(Company Name)

By _____
(Signature and Title)

By _____
(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)

Notary for PRINCIPAL

Notary for SURETY

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

Signed and attested before me on _____ (date)

Signed and attested before me on _____ (date)

by _____
(Name of Notary Public)

by _____
(Name of Notary Public)

(Seal) _____
(Signature of Notary Public)

(Seal) _____
(Signature of Notary Public)

(Date Commission Expires)

(Date Commission Expires)

In lieu of completing the above section of the Annual Proposal Bid Bond form, the Principal may file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing the proposal(s) the Principal is ensuring the identified electronic bid bond has been executed and the Principal and Surety are firmly bound unto the State of Illinois under the conditions of the bid bond as shown above.

| Electronic Bid Bond ID # | Company/Bidder Name | Signature and Title |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|

This bond may be terminated, at Surety's request, upon giving not less than thirty (30) days prior written notice of the cancellation/termination of the bond. Said written notice shall be issued to the Illinois Department of Transportation, Chief Contracts Official, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Springfield, Illinois, 62764, and shall be served in person, by receipted courier delivery or certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. Said notice period shall commence on the first calendar day following the Department's receipt of written cancellation/termination notice. Surety shall remain firmly bound to all obligations herein for proposals submitted prior to the cancellation/termination. Surety shall be released and discharged from any obligation(s) for proposals submitted for any letting or date after the effective date of cancellation/termination.



Item No. _____

Letting Date _____

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, That We _____

as PRINCIPAL, and _____

as SURETY, and held jointly, severally and firmly bound unto the STATE OF ILLINOIS in the penal sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amount specified in the bid proposal under "Proposal Guaranty" in effect on the date of the Invitation for Bids, whichever is the lesser sum, well and truly to be paid unto said STATE OF ILLINOIS, for the payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

THE CONDITION OF THE FOREGOING OBLIGATION IS SUCH that whereas, the PRINCIPAL has submitted a bid proposal to the STATE OF ILLINOIS, acting through the Department of Transportation, for the improvement designated by the Transportation Bulletin Item Number and Letting Date indicated above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Department shall accept the bid proposal of the PRINCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time and as specified in the bidding and contract documents; and if, after award by the Department, the PRINCIPAL shall enter into a contract in accordance with the terms of the bidding and contract documents including evidence of the required insurance coverages and providing such bond as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the failure of the PRINCIPAL to enter into such contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL pays to the Department the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for which the Department may contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN THE EVENT the Department determines the PRINCIPAL has failed to comply with any requirement as set forth in the preceding paragraph, then Surety shall pay the penal sum to the Department within fifteen (15) days of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make full payment within such period of time, the Department may bring an action to collect the amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all its expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in any litigation in which it prevails either in whole or in part.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said PRINCIPAL has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer _____ day of _____ A.D., _____.

(Company Name)

By _____
(Signature and Title)

Notary for PRINCIPAL

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

Signed and attested before me on _____ (date)
by _____
(Name of Notary Public)

(Seal) _____
(Signature of Notary Public)

(Date Commission Expires)

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said SURETY has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer _____ day of _____ A.D., _____.

(Company Name)

By _____
(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)

Notary for SURETY

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

Signed and attested before me on _____ (date)
by _____
(Name of Notary Public)

(Seal) _____
(Signature of Notary Public)

(Date Commission Expires)

In lieu of completing the above section of the Proposal Bid Bond form, the Principal may file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing the proposal the Principal is ensuring the identified electronic bid bond has been executed and the Principal and Surety are firmly bound unto the State of Illinois under the conditions of the bid bond as shown above.

Electronic Bid Bond ID # _____ Company/Bidder Name _____ Signature and Title _____

(1) Policy

It is public policy that disadvantageded businesses as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision shall have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. Consequently the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract.

(2) Obligation

The contractor agrees to ensure that disadvantageded businesses as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts or subcontracts financed in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision to ensure that said businesses have the maximum opportunity to compete for and perform under this contract. The contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin or sex in the award and performance of contracts.

(3) Project and Bid Identification

Complete the following information concerning the project and bid:

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Route _____ | Total Bid _____ |
| Section _____ | Contract DBE Goal _____ (Percent) _____ (Dollar Amount) |
| Project _____ | |
| County _____ | |
| Letting Date _____ | |
| Contract No. _____ | |
| Letting Item No. _____ | |

(4) Assurance

I, acting in my capacity as an officer of the undersigned bidder (or bidders if a joint venture), hereby assure the Department that on this project my company : (check one)

Meets or exceeds contract award goals and has provided documented participation as follows:
Disadvantaged Business Participation _____ percent

Attached are the signed participation statements, forms SBE 2025, required by the Special Provision evidencing availability and use of each business participating in this plan and assuring that each business will perform a commercially useful function in the work of the contract.

Failed to meet contract award goals and has included good faith effort documentation to meet the goals and that my company has provided participation as follows:

Disadvantaged Business Participation _____ percent

The contract goals should be accordingly modified or waived. Attached is all information required by the Special Provision in support of this request including good faith effort. Also attached are the signed participation statements, forms SBE 2025, required by the Special Provision evidencing availability and use of each business participating in this plan and assuring that each business will perform a commercially useful function in the work of the contract.

Company

By _____

Title _____

Date _____

The "as read" Low Bidder is required to comply with the Special Provision.

Submit only one utilization plan for each project. The utilization plan shall be submitted in accordance with the special provision.

Bureau of Small Business Enterprises **Local Let Projects**
2300 South Dirksen Parkway Submit forms to the
Springfield, Illinois 62764 Local Agency

PROPOSAL ENVELOPE



PROPOSALS

for construction work advertised for bids by the
Illinois Department of Transportation

| Item No. | Item No. | Item No. |
|----------|----------|----------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Submitted By:

| |
|-----------|
| Name: |
| Address: |
| |
| |
| Phone No. |

Bidders should use an IDOT proposal envelope or affix this form to the front of a 10" x 13" envelope for the submittal of bids. If proposals are mailed, they should be enclosed in a second or outer envelope addressed to:

Engineer of Design and Environment - Room 326
Illinois Department of Transportation
2300 South Dirksen Parkway
Springfield, Illinois 62764

NOTICE

Individual bids, including Bid Bond and/or supplemental information if required, should be securely stapled.

CONTRACTOR OFFICE COPY OF CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS

NOTICE

None of the following material needs to be returned with the bid package unless the special provisions require documentation and/or other information to be submitted.

**Contract No. 60R95
COOK County
Section 1112.1B-R
Project ACNHPP-0358(008)
Route FAP 358
District 1 Construction Funds**



Illinois Department of Transportation

SUBCONTRACTOR DOCUMENTATION

Public Acts 96-0795, 96-0920, and 97-0895 enacted substantial changes to the provisions of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Among the changes are provisions affecting subcontractors. The Contractor awarded this contract will be required as a material condition of the contract to implement and enforce the contract requirements applicable to subcontractors that entered into a contractual agreement with a total value of \$50,000 or more with a person or entity who has a contract subject to the Code and approved in accordance with article 108.01 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

If the Contractor seeks approval of subcontractors to perform a portion of the work, and approval is granted by the Department, the Contractor shall provide a copy of the subcontract to the Illinois Department of Transportation's CPO upon request within 15 calendar days after execution of the subcontract.

Financial disclosures required pursuant to Sec. 50-35 of the Code must be submitted for all applicable subcontractors. The subcontract shall contain the certifications required to be made by subcontractors pursuant to Article 50 of the Code. This Notice to Bidders includes a document incorporating all required subcontractor certifications and disclosures for use by the Contractor in compliance with this mandate. The document is entitled State Required Ethical Standards Governing Subcontractors.

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

STATE ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING SUBCONTRACTORS

Article 50 of the Code establishes the duty of all State CPOs, SPOs, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.

The certifications hereinafter made by the subcontractor are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department approve the subcontractor. The CPO may terminate or void the contract approval if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous certification. If a false certification is made by a subcontractor the contractor's submitted bid and the executed contract may not be declared void unless the contractor refuses to terminate the subcontract upon the State's request after a finding that the subcontractor's certification was false.

Section 50-2 of the Code provides that every person that has entered into a multi-year contract and every subcontractor with a multi-year subcontract shall certify, by July 1 of each fiscal year covered by the contract after the initial fiscal year, to the responsible CPO whether it continues to satisfy the requirements of Article 50 pertaining to the eligibility for a contract award. If a contractor or subcontractor is not able to truthfully certify that it continues to meet all requirements, it shall provide with its certification a detailed explanation of the circumstances leading to the change in certification status. A contractor or subcontractor that makes a false statement material to any given certification required under Article 50 is, in addition to any other penalties or consequences prescribed by law, subject to liability under the Whistleblower Reward and Protection Act for submission of a false claim.

A. Bribery

Section 50-5. Bribery.

(a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:

(1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or

(2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.

(b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government, or subcontracting under such a contract, as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:

(1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or

(2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, or which is signatory to the contract to which the subcontract relates, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.

(d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State, and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the contractor or the subcontractor, respectively, that the contractor or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any certifications required by this Section are false. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

The contractor or subcontractor certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50-5.

B. Felons

Section 50-10. Felons.

(a) Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any State agency, or enter into a subcontract, from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.

(b) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any of the certifications required by this Section are false.

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

C. Debt Delinquency

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.

The contractor or bidder or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under the Code. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, further acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if this certification is false or if the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

D. Prohibited Bidders, Contractors and Subcontractors

Section 50-10.5 and 50-60(c). Prohibited bidders, contractors and subcontractors.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 or if in violation of Subsection (c) for a period of five years from the date of conviction. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO shall declare the related contract void if any of the certifications completed pursuant to this Section are false.

E. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-14 that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, is not barred from being awarded a contract or entering into a subcontract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency, or entering into any subcontract, that is subject to the Code by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, acknowledges that the CPO may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

The undersigned, on behalf of the subcontracting company, has read and understands the above certifications and makes the certifications as required by law.

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| <hr style="border: none; border-top: 1px solid black; margin-bottom: 5px;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">Name of Subcontracting Company</p> <hr style="border: none; border-top: 1px solid black; margin-bottom: 5px;"/> | | |
| <hr style="border: none; border-top: 1px solid black; margin-bottom: 5px;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">Authorized Officer</p> | <hr style="border: none; border-top: 1px solid black; margin-bottom: 5px;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">Date</p> | |

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT
SUBCONTRACTOR DISCLOSURES

I. DISCLOSURES

- A.** The disclosures hereinafter made by the subcontractor are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed. The subcontractor further certifies that the Department has received the disclosure forms for each subcontract.

The CPO may void the bid, contract, or subcontract, respectively, if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous disclosure. A contractor or subcontractor may be suspended or debarred for violations of the Code. Furthermore, the CPO may void the contract.

B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Code provides that all subcontracts with a total value of \$50,000 or more, from subcontractors identified in Section 20-120 of the Code, shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the subcontractor. This disclosed information for the subcontractor, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, filed with the Procurement Policy Board, and shall be incorporated as a material term of the Prime Contractor's contract. Furthermore, pursuant to this Section, the Procurement Policy Board may recommend to allow or void a contract or subcontract based on a potential conflict of interest.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the subcontracting entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the subcontractor is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a subcontractor is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each individual making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each individual making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form.

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, subcontracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the subcontracting entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, subcontract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. Disclosure Forms. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. A separate Disclosure Form A must be submitted with the bid for each individual meeting the above requirements. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies and a total ownership certification. **The forms must be included with each bid.**

C. Disclosure Form Instructions

Form A Instructions for Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest

If the subcontractor is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a subcontractor is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a subcontractor is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the subcontractor must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the subcontractor should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on the second page of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for the subcontracting company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

1. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES ___ NO ___
2. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES ___ NO ___
3. Does anyone in your organization receive more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor of the subcontracting entity's or parent entity's distributive income? YES ___ NO ___

(Note: Distributive income is, for these purposes, any type of distribution of profits. An annual salary is not distributive income.)

4. Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the subcontracting entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES ___ NO ___

(Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed per individual per subcontract even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)

A "YES" answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The subcontractor must determine each individual in the subcontracting entity or the subcontracting entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your organization. The individual signing can be, but does not have to be, the individual for which the form is being completed. The subcontractor is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.

If the answer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on page 2 of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

Form B: Instructions for Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information

Disclosure Form B must be completed for each subcontract submitted by the subcontracting entity. *Note: Checking the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A does not allow the subcontractor to ignore Form B. Form B must be completed, checked, and dated or the subcontract will not be approved.*

The Subcontractor shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts, subcontracts, leases, bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the subcontractor only needs to complete the check box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the subcontractor must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, subcontracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts and are not to be included. Contracts or subcontracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital Development Board must be included.

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Form A
Subcontractor: Financial
Information & Potential Conflicts
of Interest Disclosure**

| | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Subcontractor Name | | |
| Legal Address | | |
| City, State, Zip | | |
| Telephone Number | Email Address | Fax Number (if available) |

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Subcontractors desiring to enter into a subcontract of a State of Illinois contract must disclose the financial information and potential conflict of interest information as specified in this Disclosure Form. This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form A must be completed for subcontracts with a total value of \$50,000 or more, from subcontractors identified in Section 20-120 of the Code, and for all open-ended contracts. **A publicly traded company may submit a 10K disclosure (or equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Form A. See Disclosure Form Instructions.**

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Disclosure of Financial Information. The individual named below has an interest in the SUBCONTRACTOR (or its parent) in terms of ownership or distributive income share in excess of 5%, or an interest which has a value of more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor. **(Make copies of this form as necessary and attach a separate Disclosure Form A for each individual meeting these requirements)**

| | |
|---|-------|
| FOR INDIVIDUAL (type or print information) | |
| NAME: | _____ |
| ADDRESS | _____ |
| Type of ownership/distributable income share: | |
| stock _____ sole proprietorship _____ Partnership _____ other: (explain on separate sheet): | |
| % or \$ value of ownership/distributable income share: | _____ |

2. Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest. Check "Yes" or "No" to indicate which, if any, of the following potential conflict of interest relationships apply. If the answer to any question is "Yes", please attach additional pages and describe.

(a) State employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, including contractual employment of services. Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Are you currently an officer or employee of either the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No ___

2. Are you currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name the State agency for which you are employed and your annual salary. _____

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

3. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor?
Yes ___ No ___

4. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15 % in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor?
Yes ___ No ___

(b) State employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, including contractual employment services in the previous 2 years.

Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer or employee of the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority?
Yes ___ No ___

2. Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name of your spouse and/or minor children, the name of the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/her annual salary. _____

3. If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor?
Yes ___ No ___

4. If your spouse or any minor children are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15 % in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor?
Yes ___ No ___

(c) Elective status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois, the government of the United States, any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois currently or in the previous 3 years.
Yes ___ No ___

(d) Relationship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter.
Yes ___ No ___

(e) Appointive office; the holding of any appointive government office of the State of Illinois, the United States of America, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensation in excess of the expenses incurred in the discharge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years.
Yes ___ No ___

(f) Relationship to anyone holding appointive office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter.
Yes ___ No ___

(g) Employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any registered lobbyist of the State government.
Yes ___ No ___

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

(h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered election or reelection committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

(j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensated employee in the last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

3 Communication Disclosure.

Disclose the name and address of each lobbyist and other agent of the bidder or offeror who is not identified in Section 2 of this form, who is has communicated, is communicating, or may communicate with any State officer or employee concerning the bid or offer. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the process and throughout the term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name and address of person(s): _____

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

4. Debarment Disclosure. For each of the persons identified under Sections 2 and 3 of this form, disclose whether any of the following has occurred within the previous 10 years: debarment from contracting with any governmental entity; professional licensure discipline; bankruptcies; adverse civil judgments and administrative findings; and criminal felony convictions. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the procurement process and term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name of person(s): _____

Nature of disclosure: _____

APPLICABLE STATEMENT

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the INDIVIDUAL named on previous page. Under penalty of perjury, I certify the contents of this disclosure to be true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

Completed by: _____ Date _____
Signature of Individual or Authorized Officer

NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT

Under penalty of perjury, I have determined that no individuals associated with this organization meet the criteria that would require the completion of this Form A.

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the SUBCONTRACTOR listed on the previous page.

_____ Date _____
Signature of Authorized Officer

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form B
Subcontractor: Other Contracts & Financial Related Information Disclosure

Form with fields: Subcontractor Name, Legal Address, City, State, Zip, Telephone Number, Email Address, Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form B must be completed for subcontracts with a total value of \$50,000 or more, from subcontractors identified in Section 20-120 of the Code, and for all open-ended contracts.

DISCLOSURE OF OTHER CONTRACTS, SUBCONTRACTS, AND PROCUREMENT RELATED INFORMATION

1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information. The SUBCONTRACTOR shall identify whether it has any pending contracts, subcontracts, including leases, bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other State of Illinois agency: Yes ___ No ___

If "No" is checked, the subcontractor only needs to complete the signature box on this page.

2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such relationship by showing State of Illinois agency name and other descriptive information such as bid or project number (attach additional pages as necessary). SEE DISCLOSURE FORM INSTRUCTIONS:

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE CHECKED

Signature box with fields for Signature of Authorized Officer and Date

OWNERSHIP CERTIFICATION

Please certify that the following statement is true if the individuals for all submitted Form A disclosures do not total 100% of ownership

Any remaining ownership interest is held by individuals receiving less than \$106,447.20 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income or holding less than a 5% ownership interest.

Yes No N/A (Form A disclosure(s) established 100% ownership)



- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Sealed proposals for the improvement described herein will be received by the Department of Transportation. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). Paper-based bids are to be submitted to the Chief Procurement Officer for the Department of Transportation in care of the Chief Contracts Official at the Harry R. Hanley Building, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, in Springfield, Illinois until 10:00 a.m. September 18, 2015. All bids will be gathered, sorted, publicly opened and read in the auditorium at the Department of Transportation's Harry R. Hanley Building shortly after 10:00 a.m.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK.** The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 60R95
COOK County
Section 1112.1B-R
Project ACNHPP-0358(008)
Route FAP 358
District 1 Construction Funds**

This project consists of replacing the bridge carrying Torrence Avenue over the Grand Calumet River and widening Torrence Avenue in the Village of Burnham and City of Chicago.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.

(b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS.** This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the
Illinois Department of Transportation

Randall S. Blankenhorn,
Secretary

INDEX
 FOR
 SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
 AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2015

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 1-1-12) (Revised 1-1-15)

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STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Adopted January 1, 2012", the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions" indicated on the Check Sheet included herein, which apply to and govern the construction of FAP Route 358 (Torrence Ave.), Project ACNHPP-0358(008), Section 1112.1B-R, Cook County, Contract No. 60R95, and in case of conflict with any part, or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

This improvement is located North of 139th Street and continues to South of 136th Street in Cook County. The improvement begins at Station 14+78 a point on the existing centerline of Torrence Avenue, approximately 90 feet (0.017 miles) North of 139th Street and extends to the North 1,266 feet (0.240 miles) and terminates approximately 640 feet (0.121 miles) South of 136th Street.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

This project consists of the bridge replacement at Torrence Avenue over the Grand Calumet River Structure Number 016-2089 (Proposed), roadway widening, construction of storm sewer and drainage structures, retaining walls, street lighting, landscaping and all incidental and collateral work as necessary to complete the improvements as shown on the plans and described herein.

COMPLETION DATE PLUS WORKING DAYS

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: January 1, 2007

Revise Article 108.05 (b) of the Standard Specifications as follows:

"When a completion date plus working days is specified, the Contractor shall complete all contract items and safely open all roadways to traffic by 11:59 PM on August 25, 2017, except as specified herein.

The Contractor will be allowed to complete all clean-up work and punch list items within 5 working days after the completion date for opening the roadway to traffic. Under extenuating circumstances the Engineer may direct that certain items of work, not affecting the safe opening of the roadway to traffic, may be completed within the working days allowed for clean up work and punch list items. Temporary lane closures for this work may be allowed at the discretion of the Engineer.

Article 108.09 or the Special Provision for "Failure to Complete the Work on Time", if included in this contract, shall apply to both the completion date and the number of working days.

IN-STREAM WORK RESTRICTIONS

No in-stream work shall be performed beginning May 15 through July 31, due to Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR) restrictions on impacts to threatened species within the project limits.

PERMITS AND LICENSES

Add the following paragraph to Art 107.04:

A permit has been granted by Illinois Department of Natural Resources - Office of Water Resources (IDNR-OWR) for the construction of a causeway as shown on the contract plans. The Contractor is fully responsible for the design of the temporary river access and is not limited to the system shown on the plans. The Contractor may select to implement a temporary causeway alternative provided the Contractor is able to obtain the required permits in a timely manner. No extension of time or compensation will be granted to the Contractor as a result of any delay in securing the permit. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to obtain any necessary permits should this be necessary.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

STANDARDS: 701801, 701901, 701427, 701606

DETAILS: Pavement Marking Letters and Symbols for Traffic Staging (TC-16)
Detour Signing for Closing State Highways (TC-21)
Arterial Road Information Sign (TC-22)

SPECIAL PROVISIONS: Maintenance of Roadways
Public Convenience and Safety
Temporary Information Signing
Pavement Marking Removal

FAILURE TO COMPLETE THE WORK ON TIME

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: January 1, 2007

Should the Contractor fail to complete the work on or before the completion date as specified in the Special Provision for "Completion Date Plus Working Days", or within such extended time as may have been allowed by the Department, the Contractor shall be liable to the Department in the amount of \$5,800, not as a penalty but as liquidated damages, for each calendar day or a portion thereof of overrun in the contract time or such extended time as may have been allowed.

In fixing the damages as set out herein, the desire is to establish a certain mode of calculation for the work since the Department's actual loss, in the event of delay, cannot be predetermined, would be difficult of ascertainment, and a matter of argument and unprofitable litigation. This said mode is an equitable rule for measurement of the Department's actual loss and fairly takes into account the loss of use of the roadway if the project is delayed in completion. The Department shall not be required to provide any actual loss in order to recover these liquidated damages provided herein, as said damages are very difficult to ascertain. Furthermore, no provision of this clause shall be construed as a penalty, as such is not the intention of the parties.

A calendar day is every day shown on the calendar and starts at 12:00 midnight and ends at the following 12:00 midnight, twenty-four hours later.

STATUS OF UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED

Effective: January 30, 1987

Revised: January 24, 2013

Utilities companies involved in this project have provided the following estimated durations:

| Name of Utility | Type | Location | Estimated Duration of Time for the Completion of Relocation or Adjustments |
|--|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago | Electric Meter Pedestal | 23+52.00, 56.6' LT | One week |
| ComEd Company | Aerial Cable on ComEd poles | 25+87, 79' LT 26+85, 62' LT 27+00, 62' LT | Two weeks |

The above represents the best information available to the Department and is included for the convenience of the bidder. The applicable portions of Articles 105.07 and 107.39 of the Standard Specifications shall apply.

In accordance with 605 ILCS 5/9-113 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, utility companies have 90 days to complete the relocation of their facilities after receipt of written notice from the Department. The 90-day written notice will be sent to the utility companies after the following occurs:

- 1) Proposed right of way is clear for contract award.
- 2) Final plans have been sent to and received by the utility company.
- 3) Utility permit is received by the Department and the Department is ready to issue said permit.
- 4) If a permit has not been submitted, a 15 day letter is sent to the utility company notifying them they have 15 days to provide their permit application. After allowing 15 days for submission of the permit the 90 day notice is sent to the utility company.
- 5) Any time within the 90 day relocation period the utility company may request a waiver for additional time to complete their relocation. The Department has 10 days to review and respond to a waiver request.

MAINTENANCE OF ROADWAYS

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: November 1, 1996

Beginning on the date that work begins on this project, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer, but shall not include snow removal operations. Traffic control and protection for maintenance of roadways will be provided by the Contractor as required by the Engineer.

If items of work have not been provided in the contract, or otherwise specified for payment, such items, including the accompanying traffic control and protection required by the Engineer, will be paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY (DIST 1)

Effective: May 1, 2012

Revised: July 15, 2012

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

“If the holiday is on a Saturday or Sunday, and is legally observed on a Friday or Monday, the length of Holiday Period for Monday or Friday shall apply.”

Add the following sentence after the Holiday Period table in the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

“The Length of Holiday Period for Thanksgiving shall be from 5:00 AM the Wednesday prior to 11:59 PM the Sunday After”

Delete the fifth paragraph of Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications:

“On weekends, excluding holidays, roadways with Average Daily Traffic of 25,000 or greater, all lanes shall be open to traffic from 3:00 P.M. Friday to midnight Sunday except where structure construction or major rehabilitation makes it impractical.”

AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT (D-1)

Effective: February 22, 2012

Revised: November 1, 2014

Add the following Section to the Standard Specifications:

“SECTION 303. AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT

303.01 Description. This work shall consist of constructing an aggregate subgrade improvement.

303.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Coarse Aggregate | 1004 |
| (b) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) (Notes 1, 2 and 3) | 1031 |

Note 1. Crushed RAP, from either full depth or single lift removal, may be mechanically blended with aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 but shall not exceed 40 percent of the total product. The top size of the Coarse RAP shall be less than 4 in. (100 mm) and well graded.

Note 2. RAP having 100 percent passing the 1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm) sieve and being well graded, may be used as capping aggregate in the top 3 in. (75 mm) when aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 are used in lower lifts. When RAP is blended with any of the coarse aggregates, the blending shall be done with mechanically calibrated feeders.

Note 3. The RAP used for aggregate subgrade improvement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications".

303.03 Equipment. The vibratory machine shall be according to Article 1101.01, or as approved by the Engineer.

303.04 Soil Preparation. The stability of the soil shall be according to the Department's Subgrade Stability Manual for the aggregate thickness specified.

303.05 Placing Aggregate. The maximum nominal lift thickness of aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 shall be 24 in. (600 mm).

303.06 Capping Aggregate. The top surface of the aggregate subgrade shall consist of a minimum 3 in. (75 mm) of aggregate gradations CA 06 or CA 10. When Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) is used, it shall be crushed and screened where 100 percent is passing the 1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm) sieve and being well graded. RAP that has been fractionated to size will not be permitted for use in capping. Capping aggregate will not be required when the aggregate subgrade improvement is used as a cubic yard pay item for undercut applications. When RAP is blended with any of the coarse aggregates, the blending shall be done with mechanically calibrated feeders.

303.07 Compaction. All aggregate lifts shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the moisture content of the material is such that compaction cannot be obtained, sufficient water shall be added so that satisfactory compaction can be obtained.

303.08 Finishing and Maintenance of Aggregate Subgrade Improvement. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be finished to the lines, grades, and cross sections shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be maintained in a smooth and compacted condition.

303.09 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment according to Article 311.08.

303.10 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT or at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT, of the thickness specified.

Add the following to Section 1004 of the Standard Specifications:

“1004.06 Coarse Aggregate for Aggregate Subgrade Improvement. The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

- (a) Description. The coarse aggregate shall be crushed gravel, crushed stone, or crushed concrete.
- (b) Quality. The coarse aggregate shall consist of sound durable particles reasonably free of deleterious materials.
- (c) Gradation.
 - (1) The coarse aggregate gradation for total subgrade thicknesses of 12 in. (300 mm) or greater shall be CS 01 or CS 02.

| COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Grad No. | Sieve Size and Percent Passing | | | | |
| | 8" | 6" | 4" | 2" | #4 |
| CS 01 | 100 | 97 ± 3 | 90 ± 10 | 45 ± 25 | 20 ± 20 |
| CS 02 | | 100 | 80 ± 10 | 25 ± 15 | |

| COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS (Metric) | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Grad No. | Sieve Size and Percent Passing | | | | |
| | 200 mm | 150 mm | 100 mm | 50 mm | 4.75 mm |
| CS 01 | 100 | 97 ± 3 | 90 ± 10 | 45 ± 25 | 20 ± 20 |
| CS 02 | | 100 | 80 ± 10 | 25 ± 15 | |

- (2) The 3 in. (75 mm) capping aggregate shall be gradation CA 6 or CA 10.

COARSE AGGREGATE FOR BACKFILL, TRENCH BACKFILL AND BEDDING (D-1)

Effective: November 1, 2011

Revised: November 1, 2013

This work shall be according to Section 1004.05 of the Standard Specifications except for the following:

Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) maybe blended with gravel, crushed gravel, crushed stone crushed concrete, crushed slag, chats, crushed sand stone or wet bottom boiler slag. The RAP used shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications". The RAP shall be uniformly graded and shall pass the 1.0 in. (25 mm) screen. When RAP is blended with any of the coarse aggregate listed above, the blending shall be done mechanically with calibrated feeders. The feeders shall have an accuracy of ± 2.0 percent of the actual quantity of material delivered. The final blended product shall not contain more than 40 percent by weight RAP.

The coarse aggregate listed above shall meet CA 6 and CA 10 gradations prior to being blended with the processed and uniformly graded RAP. Gradation deleterious count shall not exceed 10% of total RAP and 5% of other by total weight.

ADJUSTMENTS AND RECONSTRUCTIONS

Effective: March 15, 2011

Revise the first paragraph of Article 602.04 to read:

"602.04 Concrete. Cast-in-place concrete for structures shall be constructed of Class SI concrete according to the applicable portions of Section 503. Cast-in-place concrete for pavement patching around adjustments and reconstructions shall be constructed of Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, according to the applicable portions of Section 1020."

Revise the third, fourth and fifth sentences of the second paragraph of Article 602.11(c) to read:

"Castings shall be set to the finished pavement elevation so that no subsequent adjustment will be necessary, and the space around the casting shall be filled with Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, to the elevation of the surface of the base course or binder course. HMA surface or binder course material shall not be allowed. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b."

Revise Article 603.05 to read:

"603.05 Replacement of Existing Flexible Pavement. After the castings have been adjusted, the surrounding space shall be filled with Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, to the elevation of the surface of the base course or binder course. HMA surface or binder course material shall not be allowed. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b."

Revise Article 603.06 to read:

“603.06 Replacement of Existing Rigid Pavement. After the castings have been adjusted, the pavement and HMA that was removed, shall be replaced with Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, not less than 9 in. (225 mm) thick. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b.

The surface of the Class PP concrete shall be constructed flush with the adjacent surface.”

Revise the first sentence of Article 603.07 to read:

“603.07 Protection Under Traffic. After the casting has been adjusted and the Class PP concrete has been placed, the work shall be protected by a barricade and two lights according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b.”

DRAINAGE AND INLET PROTECTION UNDER TRAFFIC (DISTRICT 1)

Effective: April 1, 2011

Revised: April 2, 2011

Add the following to Article 603.02 of the Standard Specifications:

- “(i) Temporary Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Ramp (Note 1)1030
- “(j) Temporary Rubber Ramps (Note 2)

Note 1. The HMA shall have maximum aggregate size of 3/8 in. (95 mm).

Note 2. The rubber material shall be according to the following.

| Property | Test Method | Requirement |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Durometer Hardness, Shore A | ASTM D 2240 | 75 ±15 |
| Tensile Strength, psi (kPa) | ASTM D 412 | 300 (2000) min |
| Elongation, percent | ASTM D 412 | 90 min |
| Specific Gravity | ASTM D 792 | 1.0 - 1.3 |
| Brittleness, °F (°C) | ASTM D 746 | -40 (-40)” |

Revise Article 603.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“603.07 Protection Under Traffic. After the casting has been adjusted and the Class PP concrete has been placed, the work shall be protected by a barricade and two lights according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b.

When castings are under traffic before the final surfacing operation has been started, properly sized temporary ramps shall be placed around the drainage and/or utility castings according to the following methods.

- (a) Temporary Asphalt Ramps. Temporary hot-mix asphalt ramps shall be placed around the casting, flush with its surface and decreasing to a featheredge in a distance of 2 ft (600 mm) around the entire surface of the casting.
- (b) Temporary Rubber Ramps. Temporary rubber ramps shall only be used on roadways with permanent posted speeds of 40 mph or less and when the height of the casting to be protected meets the proper sizing requirements for the rubber ramps as shown below.

| Dimension | Requirement |
|---|---|
| Inside Opening | Outside dimensions of casting + 1 in. (25 mm) |
| Thickness at inside edge | Height of casting \pm 1/4 in. (6 mm) |
| Thickness at outside edge | 1/4 in. (6 mm) max. |
| Width, measured from inside opening to outside edge | 8 1/2 in. (215 mm) min |

Placement shall be according to the manufacturer’s specifications.

Temporary ramps for castings shall remain in place until surfacing operations are undertaken within the immediate area of the structure. Prior to placing the surface course, the temporary ramp shall be removed. Excess material shall be disposed of according to Article 202.03.”

HEAT OF HYDRATION CONTROL FOR CONCRETE STRUCTURES (D-1)

Effective: November 1, 2013

Article 1020.15 shall not apply.

STORM SEWERS AND SEWER CONNECTIONS TO CITY OF CHICAGO SEWERS

Created: September 30, 1985

Revised: January 1, 2007

This work consists of constructing storm sewers or sewer connections to City of Chicago sewers, in accordance with Section 550 of the Standard Specifications and the details shown in the plans at the locations shown on the plans.

All storm sewers and sewer connections 21 inches (525 mm) in diameter and smaller shall be best quality tile socket pipe conforming to the specifications for Extra Strength Clay Pipe, ASTM C 700, except as otherwise specified on the plans. Sewer pipes shall be gasketed in such a manner as to produce a compression type joint conforming to the requirements of ASTM C 425.

All storm sewer 24 inches (600 mm) in diameter or larger shall be reinforced concrete pipe conforming to the requirements of C-76, Class-III, wall "B" with "O-Ring" joints. Joints for catch basin and inlet connections shall be packed with oakum, caulked and beveled off with portland cement mortar.

Basis of Payment. This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for STORM SEWER in accordance with Articles 550.09 and 550.10 of the Standard Specifications.

CLEANING EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: December 1, 2011

All existing storm sewers, pipe culverts, manholes, catch basins and inlets shall be considered as drainage structures insofar as the interpretation of this Special Provision is concerned. When specified for payment, the location of drainage structures to be cleaned will be shown on the plans.

All existing drainage structures which are to be adjusted or reconstructed shall be cleaned in accordance with Article 602.15 of the Standard Specifications. This work will be paid for in accordance with Article 602.16 of the Standard Specifications.

All other existing drainage structures which are specified to be cleaned on the plans will be cleaned according to Article 602.15 of the Standard Specifications.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for DRAINAGE STRUCTURES TO BE CLEANED, and at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for STORM SEWERS TO BE CLEANED, of the diameter specified.

CALCIUM ALUMINATE CEMENT (BMPR)

Effective: July 1, 2013

Revise Article 1001.01(e) to read:

“(e) Calcium Aluminate Cement. Calcium aluminate cement shall be used according to Article 1020.04 or when approved by the Engineer. The cement shall meet the standard physical requirements for Type I cement according to AASHTO M 85, except the time of setting shall not apply. The chemical requirements shall be determined according to AASHTO T 105 and shall be as follows: minimum 37 percent aluminum oxide (Al_2O_3), maximum 42 percent calcium oxide (CaO), maximum 1 percent magnesium oxide (MgO), maximum 0.4 percent sulfur trioxide (SO_3), maximum 1.75 percent loss on ignition, and maximum 7 percent insoluble residue.”

ABANDON AND FILL EXISTING STORM SEWER

DESCRIPTION: This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 593 including the usage of controlled low strength material for filling within abandoned storm sewers and placing of a capping element to prevent controlled low strength material (CLSM) from leaving the pipe.

MATERIAL: The CLSM shall meet the requirements of Section 1019 of the Standard Specifications.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS: The storm sewer shall be plugged on both ends with Class SI concrete or brick and mortar. The plug shall be adequate to withstand the hydrostatic load created during the filling operation. If the plugs fail during construction, the Contractor shall be responsible for the cost of repairing the pipe plugs and filling the remainder of the storm sewer. Sections of storm sewer that are removed must be disposed of in accordance with Section 551 of the Standard Specifications.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: This work will be measured for payment in feet for storm sewer to be abandoned and filled.

BASIS OF PAYMENT: This work will be paid at the contract unit price per foot for ABANDON AND FILL EXISTING STORM SEWER. This price shall be payment in full for all material, equipment and labor necessary to complete this work as specified.

MATERIAL SALVAGE

DESCRIPTION: This item shall consist of the salvage, and delivery of steel supporting the box beams in the existing approach spans and shall follow Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Section 501 except as noted herein. The material shall be carefully removed delivered and unloaded at the location described below and as directed by the District.

The contractor shall salvage the above referenced steel, deliver and unload the steel at Biesterfield Bridge Yard @ a location to be determined by the District. Transport of the salvage material shall be to the following address:

Biesterfield Bridge Yard
1101 Biesterfield Road
Elk Grove Village, IL 60007
Contact: Shaker Asfour
(847) 956-1501

The delivery of the material shall be coordinated with Biesterfield District prior to delivery. Salvage, transport & unloading and all work required for this task shall be included within this item.

BASIS OF PAYMENT: The work specified herein, as noted on the Plans and as directed by the District, shall be included in the contract under REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURES.

CROSSHOLE SONIC LOGGING

Effective: August 18, 2011

Revised: August 11, 2014

Description. This item shall consist of conducting Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL) testing on selected drilled shafts to verify concrete quality, providing a report containing the test results and analysis. To facilitate testing, all shafts shall be equipped with access tubes. The Engineer will determine which drilled shaft(s) will have CSL testing and may expand the number of drilled shafts tested, beyond the number indicated in the summary of quantities.

The CSL test shall follow ASTM D6760, and measure the strength and time for an ultrasonic pulse to travel from a signal source in one access tube to a receiver in another access tube.

Prequalification Requirements. The CSL testing consultant shall have a minimum of two years of acceptable experience in CSL drilled shaft testing. No later than thirty (30) days prior to beginning drilled shaft construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval the following information:

- (a) Name, address, and phone number of the CSL testing consultant selected to perform the testing.
- (b) Names and experience of field staff conducting testing and engineer responsible for analyzing the results.
- (c) List of at least two (2) projects on which this consultant has successfully completed CSL testing. The list shall include a brief description of the project, the client or owner name and phone number, and number of shafts tested.

Submittals. No later than thirty (30) days prior to beginning drilled shaft construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval the following information:

- (a) Description of testing equipment and testing sequence on a typical shaft. Any modification or deviation to the testing procedures required by this special provision shall be so indicated.
- (b) The CSL tube size, materials compliance, end and top cap details, couplings, any coupling joints details, and the proposed method of attaching the tubes to the cage.
- (c) An example CSL report showing both sound and defective concrete.

Materials. The materials required for this item shall consist of the following:

- (a) The test equipment access tubes shall be either 1.5 inch (38 mm) or 2 inch (50 mm) inside diameter Schedule 80 or 40 steel pipe conforming to ASTM A53, Grade A or B, Type E, F, or S.
- (b) The grout used to fill the access tubes shall be a non-shrink 5000 psi (34.4 MPa) compressive strength grout according to Section 1024.

Equipment. The minimum requirements of the CSL testing equipment shall be as follows unless otherwise approved as part of the contractor's submittal:

- (a) A microprocessor based CSL system for display of individual CSL records, analog-digital conversion and recording of CSL data, analysis of receiver responses and printing of report quality CSL logs.
- (b) Ultrasonic source and receiver probes must be small enough to travel through 1.5 inch (38 mm) or 2 inch (50 mm) I.D. steel pipe access tubes and extend the full depth of the tube.
- (c) The probes shall be capable of producing records at a minimum frequency of 40,000Hz with good signal amplitude and energy in typical concrete.
- (d) An ultrasonic voltage pulser to excite the source with a synchronized triggering system to start the recording system.
- (e) A depth measurement device to electronically measure and record the source and receiver depths associated with each CSL signal.
- (f) Appropriate filter/amplification and cable systems for CSL testing.

(g) An acquisition system that stores each log in digital format, with drilled shaft identification, date, time and test details, including the source and receiver gain. Arrival time data shall be displayed graphically during data acquisition.

(h) 3D tomographic imaging software, or source for completing the work

The equipment shall be capable of providing the test results on thermal or graphical printouts with the vertical scale representing the vertical position along the shaft, and the horizontal scale representing the propagation time.

Construction Requirements

Access tubes. The contractor shall place access tubes in all drilled shafts on the project unless otherwise indicated on the plans or approved by the Engineer. The CSL Consultant shall contact the drilled shaft contractor and provide the technical instruction and guidance on obtaining and installing the access tubes so they will provide adequate bond to the concrete and yield the necessary data.

The tubes shall have a round, regular internal diameter, free of defects or obstructions to permit the free passage of the source and receiver probes. Four access tubes shall be installed in all drilled shafts with a diameter of 4.5 feet (1.4 m) or less, five access tubes are required in shafts between 5 feet (1.5 m) and 6 feet (1.8 m) in diameter, six access tubes shall be used in 6.5 feet (2.0 m) and 7.0 feet (2.1 m) diameter shafts while eight tubes are required on larger shafts.

The Contractor shall install the tubes in each drilled shaft in a regular, symmetric pattern such that each tube is equally spaced from the others around the perimeter of the cage. Tube placement shall be such that large vertical reinforcing bars do not block the direct line between adjacent tubes. The Contractor shall securely attach the tubes to the interior of the reinforcement cage at vertical intervals not to exceed 3 feet (1 m) or otherwise secured such that the tubes remain in position during placement of the rebar cage and the concrete. The tubes shall be vertical and parallel.

The Contractor shall extend the tubes from 6 inches (150 mm) above the shaft tip to at least 3 feet (1 m) above the top of the shaft. If the shaft top elevation is below ground elevation, the Contractor shall extend tubes at least 2 feet (610 mm) above ground surface. If the drilled shaft tip elevation is extended more than 1 foot (305 mm) below the tip elevation shown in the contract plans, the Contractor shall extend the tubes using proper threaded mechanical couplings to within 6 inches (150 mm) of the final tip elevation. Any joints used to construct the full tube length shall be threaded mechanical couplings that produce a smooth interior surface, occur at the same elevation in each tube within the shaft and be watertight. Threaded water tight end caps shall be used at the bottom of each tube and a removable threaded end cap shall be provided on the top of the tubes. Duct tape, other wrapping materials, or butt welding to seal joints will not be allowed. Under no circumstance will the tubes be allowed to rest on the bottom of the shaft excavation.

The Contractor shall take care to not damage the tubes during the placement of reinforcing cage and the concrete. Before placement of the reinforcement cage into the shaft excavation, the Contractor shall record the tube lengths and tube positions along the length of the cage. After placement of concrete, measure the stickup of the tubes above the top of the drilled shaft and verify tube spacing. After placement of the reinforcement cage and within 2 hours after concrete placement, the Contractor shall fill the CSL tubes with clean, potable water, and cap them to keep out debris. The Engineer will reject tubes not filled and capped within 2 hours.

CSL Testing Procedure. The testing shall be conducted between 3 and 40 days after the drilled shaft has been placed and after concrete has attained 2/3 of the specified strength. The contractor shall provide suitable access to the top of the shafts and any electricity, grout, water or other equipment support necessary to satisfy the CSL testing requirements. When removing the access tube caps, the Contractor shall exercise care not to apply excess torque, force or stress, which could break the bond between the tubes and the concrete. The Contractor shall provide the CSL consultant with the as-constructed tube positions in each shaft including each tube length, top of tube elevation, top of shaft elevation, bottom of shaft elevation, and construction dates prior to beginning CSL testing.

The CSL consultant shall conduct CSL tests between each unique pairing of access tubes (i.e. 4 tubes have 6 different combinations, 5 have 10 combinations, 6 have 15, etc.). The CSL consultant shall perform the CSL testing with the source and receiver probes in the same horizontal plane unless test results indicate defects or poor concrete zones, in which case the defect zones shall be further evaluated with angle tests (source and receiver vertically offset in the tubes).

The CSL consultant shall report any defects indicated by decreased signal velocity and lower amplitude/energy signals to the Engineer at the time of testing, and conduct angle tests in the zones of the defects as defined by the Concrete Condition Rating Criteria (CCRC). The CSL consultant shall make CSL measurements at depth intervals of 3 inches (75 mm) or less from the bottom of the tubes to the top of each shaft. The CSL consultant shall pull the probes simultaneously, starting from the bottom of the tubes, using a depth-measuring device to electronically measure and record the depths associated with each CSL signal. The speed of ascent shall be less than 12 inches per second (300 mm/second). The CSL consultant shall remove any slack from the cables before pulling to provide for accurate depth measurements of the CSL records. In the event defects are detected, the CSL consultant shall conduct additional logs, as needed, to fully identify the extent of the anomaly.

If steel tube debonding occurs, a 2 inch (50 mm) diameter hole shall be drilled to below the depth of debonding for each debonded tube in order to perform the CSL testing.

CSL Report: The test results shall be submitted to the Engineer in the form of a report within 7 working days of completion of CSL testing. The CSL report should include but is not limited to the following:

- (a) Project identification.
- (b) Dates of testing.
- (c) Table and a plan view of each shaft tested with accurate identification of tube coordinates and tubes referenced to the site.
- (d) Tube collar elevation.
- (e) Names of personnel that performed the tests/interpretation and their affiliation.
- (f) Equipment used.
- (g) Data Logs, interpretation, analysis, and results.

The Data logs for each tube pair tested shall be included along with an analysis of the initial pulse arrival time, velocity, relative pulse energy/amplitude, and stacked waveform plotted versus depth. The Report shall list all zones defined by the Concrete Condition Rating Criteria (CCRC) in a tabular format including the percent velocity reduction and the velocity values used from the nearby zone of good quality concrete. The Report shall discuss each zone defined by the CCRC as appropriate. The Report shall base the results on the percent reduction in velocity value from a nearby zone of good quality concrete with good signal amplitude and energy as correlated to the following:

| Concrete Condition Rating Criteria (CCRC) | | |
|--|--|---|
| CCRC (Rating Symbol) | Velocity Reduction | Indicative Results |
| Good (G) | □ 10 % | Good quality concrete |
| Questionable (Q) | 10 % to < 20 % | Minor concrete contamination or intrusion. Questionable quality concrete. |
| Poor/Defect (P/D) | ≥ 20 % | Defects exist, possible water/slurry contamination, soil intrusion, and/or poor quality concrete. |
| Water (W) | V = 4750 fps (1450 mps) to 5000 fps (1525 mps) | Water intrusion or water filled gravel intrusion with few or no fines present. |
| No Signal (NS) | No Signal Received | Soil intrusion or other severe defect absorbed the signal (assumes good bond of the tube-concrete interface). |

The Contractor shall not grout the CSL tubes or perform any further work on the CSL tested drilled shaft until the Engineer determines whether the drilled shaft is acceptable. Perform tomography in order to further investigate and delineate the boundaries of any defective/unconsolidated zones with 20 percent or more reduction in velocity value as correlated to the CCRC. The Contractor shall process CSL data to construct easy to understand 2D/3D (2D cross-sections between tubes and 3D volumetric images for the entire shaft) color-coded tomographic images indicating velocity variations along the shaft. Location and geometry of defective/unconsolidated zones shall be identified in 3D color images with detailed discussion in the CSL report.

Correction of drilled shaft defect. When the field testing results or report determine that a defect is present, the Engineer will direct the Contractor to submit remedial measures for approval. No compensation will be made for remedial work or losses or damage due to remedial work of drilled shafts found defective or not in accordance with the drilled shaft specifications or the construction plans. Modifications to the drilled shaft design or any load transfer mechanisms required by the remedial action must be designed, plans submitted sealed by an Illinois Licensed Structural Engineer, along with the design computations.

Access tube grouting: After CSL test results have been reviewed and the Engineer has accepted the drilled shaft or approves grouting of the tubes, the tubes and any core holes shall be dewatered filled with a nonshrink grout according to Section 1024. Shafts which are not initially selected for CSL testing shall not be grouted until the results of the tested CSL test shafts have been reviewed and accepted.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured per each shaft CSL tested.

The furnishing and installing of all access tubes, and their subsequent grouting, will not be measured for payment.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid at the contract unit price per EACH for CROSSHOLE SONIC LOGGING. This payment will constitute full compensation for furnishing all equipment, testing, analysis, and reporting for cross-hole sonic logging.

The cost for furnishing, installing, and subsequent grouting of all access tubes shall not be included in this item but shall be included in the cost of the applicable drilled shaft pay items involved.

SLIPFORM PAVING (D-1)

Effective: November 1, 2014

Revise Article 1020.04 Table 1, Note (5) of Standard Specifications to read:

“The slump range for slipform construction shall be 1/2 to 1 1/2 in.”

Revise Article 1020.04 Table 1 (metric), Note (5) of Standard Specifications to read:

“The slump range for slipform construction shall be 13 to 40 mm.”

EMBANKMENT I

Effective: March 1, 2011

Revised: November 1, 2013

Description. This work shall be according to Section 205 of the Standard Specifications except for the following.

Material. All material shall be approved by the District Geotechnical Engineer. The proposed material must meet the following requirements.

- a) The laboratory Standard Dry Density shall be a minimum of 90 lb/cu ft (1450 kg/cu m) when determined according to AASHTO T 99 (Method C).
- b) The organic content shall be less than ten percent determined according to AASHTO T 194 (Wet Combustion).
- c) Soils which demonstrate the following properties shall be restricted to the interior of the embankment and shall be covered on both the sides and top of the embankment by a minimum of 3 ft (900 mm) of soil not considered detrimental in terms of erosion potential or excess volume change.
 - 1) A grain size distribution with less than 35 percent passing the number 75 um (#200) sieve.
 - 2) A plasticity index (PI) of less than 12.
 - 3) A liquid limit (LL) in excess of 50.
- d) Reclaimed asphalt shall not be used within the ground water table or as a fill if ground water is present.
- e) The RAP used shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications". Gradation deleterious count shall not exceed 10% of total RAP and 5% of other by total weight.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Samples. Embankment material shall be sampled, tested, and approved before use. The contractor shall identify embankment sources, and provide equipment as the Engineer requires, for the collection of samples from those sources. Samples will be furnished to the Geotechnical Engineer a minimum of three weeks prior to use in order that laboratory tests for approval and compaction can be performed. Embankment material placement cannot begin until tests are completed and approval given.

Placing Material. In addition to Article 202.03, broken concrete, reclaimed asphalt with no expansive aggregate, or uncontaminated dirt and sand generated from construction or demolition activities shall be placed in 6 inches (150 mm) lifts and disked with the underlying lift until a uniform homogenous material is formed. This process also applies to the overlaying lifts. The disk must have a minimum blade diameter of 24 inches (600 mm).

When embankments are to be constructed on hillsides or existing slopes that are steeper than 3H:1V, steps shall be keyed into the existing slope by stepping and benching as shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer.

Compaction. Soils classification for moisture content control will be determined by the Soils Inspector using visual field examination techniques and the IDH Textural Classification Chart.

When tested for density in place each lift shall have a maximum moisture content as follows.

- a) A maximum of 110 percent of the optimum moisture for all forms of clay soils.
- b) A maximum of 105 percent of the optimum moisture for all forms of clay loam soils.

Stability. The requirement for embankment stability in Article 205.04 will be measured with a Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) according to the test method in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual. The penetration rate must be equal or less than 1.5 inches (38 mm) per blow.

Basis of Payment. This work will not be paid separately but will be considered as included in the various items of excavation.

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES

This work shall be according to Article 669 of the Standard Specifications and the following:

Qualifications. The term environmental firm shall mean an environmental firm with at least five (5) documented leaking underground storage tank (LUST) cleanups or that is pre-qualified in hazardous waste by the Department. Documentation includes but not limited to verifying remediation and special waste operations for sites contaminated with gasoline, diesel, or waste oil in accordance with all Federal, State, or local regulatory requirements and shall be provided to the Engineer for approval. The environmental firm selected shall not be a former or current consultant or have any ties with any of the properties contained within and/or adjacent to this construction project.

General. This Special Provision will likely require the Contractor to subcontract for the execution of certain activities.

All contaminated materials shall be managed as either “uncontaminated soil” or non-special waste. This work shall include monitoring and potential sampling, analytical testing, and management of a material contaminated by regulated substances. The Environmental Firm shall continuously monitor all soil excavation for worker protection and soil contamination. **Phase I Preliminary Engineering information is available through the District’s Environmental Studies Unit.** Soil samples or analysis without the approval of the Engineer will be at no additional cost to the Department. The lateral distance is measured from centerline and the farthest distance is the offset distance or construction limit whichever is less.

The Contractor shall manage any excavated soils and sediment within the following areas:

- Station 14+00 to Station 16+20 0 to 150 feet LT (State ROW and Vacant Land, PESA Site 2093V-5, 13800 block of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Benzo(a)Pyrene, Lead, and Manganese.
- Station 17+70 to Station 21+00 0 to 150 feet LT (State ROW and Vacant Land, PESA Site 2093V-5, 13800 block of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Benzo(a)Pyrene, Lead, and Manganese.
- Station 24+00 to Station 28+00 0 to 150 feet LT (Grand Calumet River, PESA Site 2093V-4, 13600-13800 blocks of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Benzo(a)Pyrene, Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene, Lead, and Manganese.
- Station 16+80 to Station 19+00 0 to 120 feet RT (State ROW and Vacant Land, PESA Site 2093V-5, 13800 block of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Benzo(a)Pyrene, Iron, Lead, and Manganese.
- Station 21+40 to Station 24+00 0 to 120 feet RT (Grand Calumet River, PESA Site 2093V-4, 13600-13800 blocks of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Manganese.
- Station 21+00 to Station 24+00 0 to 150 feet LT (Grand Calumet River, PESA Site 2093V-4, 13600-13800 blocks of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(2) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Manganese.
- Station 19+00 to Station 21+40 0 to 120 feet RT (State ROW and Vacant Land, PESA Site 2093V-5, 13800 block of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(2) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Manganese.

- Station 16+20 to Station 17+70 0 to 150 feet LT (State ROW and Vacant Land, PESA Site 2093V-5, 13800 block of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(3) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Benzo(a)Pyrene, Arsenic, and Manganese.
- Station 14+00 to Station 16+80 0 to 120 feet RT (State ROW and Vacant Land, PESA Site 2093V-5, 13800 block of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(a)(3) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09. Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Benzo(a)Pyrene and Manganese.
- Station 25+30 to Station 28+00 0 to 120 feet RT (Grand Calumet River, PESA Site 2093V-4, 13600-13800 blocks of South Torrence Avenue). This material meets the criteria of Article 669.09(b)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.09.

DEBRIS REMOVAL

This work shall be according to Article 669 of the Standard Specifications and the following:

Description: This work consists of removing and the legal disposal of existing dumped debris and refuse from within the project limits.

Construction Requirements: The Contractor shall remove existing debris and refuse dumped by others within the project limits. This work shall be performed as directed by the Engineer. Debris and refuse shall be removed and disposed in accordance with Article 202.03.

Method of Measurement: Debris removal and disposal will be measured per cubic yard of debris.

Basis of Payment: Removal and disposal of debris and refuse will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard for DEBRIS REMOVAL. This price shall include both the removal and the disposal of the debris.

GENERAL ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

Effective: January 1, 2012

Add the following to Article 801 of the Standard Specifications:

“Maintenance transfer and Preconstruction Inspection:

General. Before performing any excavation, removal, or installation work (electrical or otherwise) at the site, the Contractor shall request a maintenance transfer and preconstruction site inspection, to be held in the presence of the Engineer and a representative of the party or parties responsible for maintenance of any lighting and/or traffic control systems which may be affected by the work. The request for the maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection shall be made no less than seven (7) calendar days prior to the desired inspection date. The maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection shall:

Establish the procedures for formal transfer of maintenance responsibility required for the construction period.

Establish the approximate location and operating condition of lighting and/or traffic control systems which may be affected by the work

Marking of Existing Cable Systems. The party responsible for maintenance of any existing lighting and/or traffic control systems at the project site will, at the Contractor's request, mark and/or stake, once per location, all underground cable routes owned or maintained by the State. A project may involve multiple "locations" where separated electrical systems are involved (i.e. different controllers). The markings shall be taken to have a horizontal tolerance of at least 304.8 mm (one (1) foot) to either side. The request for the cable locations and marking shall be made at the same time the request for the maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection is made. The Contractor shall exercise extreme caution where existing buried cable runs are involved. The markings of existing systems are made strictly for assistance to the Contractor and this does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the repair or replacement of any cable run damaged in the course of his work, as specified elsewhere herein. Note that the contractor shall be entitled to only one request for location marking of existing systems and that multiple requests may only be honored at the contractor's expense. No locates will be made after maintenance is transferred, unless it is at the contractor's expense.

Condition of Existing Systems. The Contractor shall conduct an inventory of all existing electrical system equipment within the project limits, which may be affected by the work, making note of any parts which are found broken or missing, defective or malfunctioning. Megger and load readings shall be taken for all existing circuits which will remain in place or be modified. If a circuit is to be taken out in its entirety, then readings do not have to be taken. The inventory and test data shall be reviewed with and approved by the Engineer and a record of the inventory shall be submitted to the Engineer for the record. Without such a record, all systems transferred to the Contractor for maintenance during construction shall be returned at the end of construction in complete, fully operating condition.”

Add the following to the 1st paragraph of Article 801.05(a) of the Standard Specifications:

“Items from multiple disciplines shall not be combined on a single submittal and transmittal. Items for lighting, signals, surveillance and CCTV must be in separate submittals since they may be reviewed by various personnel in various locations.”

Revise the second sentence of the 5th paragraph of Article 801.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The Engineer will stamp the submittals indicating their status as ‘Approved’, ‘Approved as Noted’, ‘Disapproved’, or ‘Information Only’.

Revise the 6th paragraph of Article 801.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Resubmittals. All submitted items reviewed and marked ‘Approved as Noted’, or ‘Disapproved’ are to be resubmitted in their entirety with a disposition of previous comments to verify contract compliance at no additional cost to the state unless otherwise indicated within the submittal comments.”

Revise Article 801.11(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Lighting Operation and Maintenance Responsibility. The scope of work shall include the assumption of responsibility for the continuing operation and maintenance the of existing, proposed, temporary, sign and navigation lighting, or other lighting systems and all appurtenances affected by the work as specified elsewhere herein. Maintenance of lighting systems is specified elsewhere and will be paid for separately

Energy and Demand Charges. The payment of basic energy and demand charges by the electric utility for existing lighting which remains in service will continue as a responsibility of the Owner, unless otherwise indicated. Unless otherwise indicated or required by the Engineer duplicate lighting systems (such as temporary lighting and proposed new lighting) shall not be operated simultaneously at the Owner's expense and lighting systems shall not be kept in operation during long daytime periods at the Owner's expense. Upon written authorization from the Engineer to place a proposed new lighting system in service, whether the system has passed final acceptance or not, (such as to allow temporary lighting to be removed), the Owner will accept responsibility for energy and demand charges for such lighting, effective the date of authorization. All other energy and demand payments to the utility shall be the responsibility of the Contractor until final acceptance.”

Add the following to Section 801 of the Standard Specifications:

“Lighting Cable Identification. Each wire installed shall be identified with its complete circuit number at each termination, splice, junction box or other location where the wire is accessible.”

“Lighting Cable Fuse Installation. Standard fuse holders shall be used on non-frangible (non-breakaway) light pole installations and quick-disconnect fuse holders shall be used on frangible (breakaway) light pole installations. Wires shall be carefully stripped only as far as needed for connection to the device. Over-stripping shall be avoided. An oxide inhibiting lubricant shall be applied to the wire for minimum connection resistance before the terminals are crimped-on. Crimping shall be performed in accordance with the fuse holder manufacturer's recommendations. The exposed metal connecting portion of the assembly shall be taped with two half-lapped wraps of electrical tape and then covered by the specified insulating boot. The fuse holder shall be installed such that the fuse side is connected to the pole wire (load side) and the receptacle side of the holder is connected to the line side.”

Revise the 2nd paragraph of Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“When the work is complete, and seven days before the request for a final inspection, the full-size set of contract drawings. Stamped “RECORD DRAWINGS”, shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval and shall be stamped with the date and the signature of the Contractor’s supervising Engineer or electrician. The record drawings shall be submitted in PDF format on CDROM as well as hardcopy for review and approval. In addition to the record drawings, copies of the final catalog cuts which have been Approved or Approved as Noted shall be submitted in PDF format along with the record drawings. The PDF files shall clearly indicate either by filename or PDF table of contents the respective pay item number. Specific part or model numbers of items which have been selected shall be clearly visible.”

Add the following to Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications:

“In addition to the specified record drawings, the Contactor shall record GPS coordinates of the following electrical components being installed, modified or being affected in other ways by this contract:

- Last light pole on each circuit
- Handholes
- Conduit roadway crossings
- Controllers
- Control Buildings
- Structures with electrical connections, i.e. DMS, lighted signs.
- Electric Service locations
- CCTV Camera installations
- Fiber Optic Splice Locations

Datum to be used shall be North American 1983.

Data shall be provided electronically and in print form. The electronic format shall be compatible with MS Excel. Latitude and Longitude shall be in decimal degrees with a minimum of 6 decimal places. Each coordinate shall have the following information:

1. Description of item
2. Designation or approximate station if the item is undesignated
3. Latitude
4. Longitude

Examples:

| Equipment Description | Equipment Designation | Latitude | Longitude |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| CCTV Camera pole | ST42 | 41.580493 | -87.793378 |
| FO mainline splice handhole | HHL-ST31 | 41.558532 | -87.792571 |
| Handhole | HH at STA 234+35 | 41.765532 | -87.543571 |
| Electric Service | Elec Srv | 41.602248 | -87.794053 |
| Conduit crossing | SB IL83 to EB I290 ramp SIDE A | 41.584593 | -87.793378 |
| Conduit crossing | SB IL83 to EB I290 ramp SIDE B | 41.584600 | -87.793432 |
| Light Pole | DA03 | 41.558532 | -87.792571 |
| Lighting Controller | X | 41.651848 | -87.762053 |
| Sign Structure | FGD | 41.580493 | -87.793378 |
| Video Collection Point | VCP-IK | 41.558532 | -87.789771 |
| Fiber splice connection | Toll Plaza34 | 41.606928 | -87.794053 |

Prior to the collection of data, the contractor shall provide a sample data collection of at least six data points of known locations to be reviewed and verified by the Engineer to be accurate within 100 feet. Upon verification, data collection can begin. Data collection can be made as construction progresses, or can be collected after all items are installed. If the data is unacceptable the contractor shall make corrections to the data collection equipment and or process and submit the data for review and approval as specified.

Accuracy. Data collected is to be mapping grade. A handheld mapping grade GPS device shall be used for the data collection. The receiver shall support differential correction and data shall have a minimum 5 meter accuracy after post processing.

GPS receivers integrated into cellular communication devices, recreational and automotive GPS devices are not acceptable.

The GPS shall be the product of an established major GPS manufacturer having been in the business for a minimum of 6 years.”

UNIT DUCT

Effective: January 1, 2012

Revise the first paragraph of Article 810.04 to read:

“The unit duct shall be installed at a minimum depth of 30-inches (760 mm) unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.”

Revise Article 1088.01(c) to read:

“(c) Coilable Nonmetallic Conduit.

General:

The duct shall be a plastic duct which is intended for underground use and which can be manufactured and coiled or reeled in continuous transportable lengths and uncoiled for further processing and/or installation without adversely affecting its properties of performance. The duct shall be a plastic duct which is intended for underground use and can be manufactured and coiled or reeled in continuous transportable lengths and uncoiled for further processing and/or installation without adversely affecting its properties of performance.

The duct shall be made of high density polyethylene which shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 2447, for schedule 40. The duct shall be composed of black high density polyethylene meeting the requirements of ASTM D 3350, Class C, Grade P33. The wall thickness shall be in accordance with Table 2 for ASTM D 2447.

The duct shall be UL Listed per 651-B for continuous length HDPE coiled conduit. The duct shall also comply with NEC Article 354.100 and 354.120.

Submittal information shall demonstrate compliance with the details of these requirements.

Dimensions:

Duct dimensions shall conform to the standards listed in ASTM D2447. Submittal information shall demonstrate compliance with these requirements.

| Nominal Size | | Nominal I.D. | | Nominal O.D. | | Minimum Wall | |
|--------------|------|--------------|-------|--------------|-------|----------------|-----------------|
| mm | in | mm | in | mm | in | mm | in |
| 31.75 | 1.25 | 35.05 | 1.380 | 42.16 | 1.660 | 3.556 +0.51 | 0.140 +0.020 |
| 38.1 | 1.50 | 40.89 | 1.610 | 48.26 | 1.900 | 3.683 +0.51 | 0.145 +0.020 |

| Nominal Size | | Pulled Tensile | |
|--------------|------|----------------|-----|
| mm | in | N | lbs |
| 31.75 | 1.25 | 3322 | 747 |
| 38.1 | 1.50 | 3972 | 893 |

Marking:

As specified in NEMA Standard Publication No. TC-7, the duct shall be clearly and durably marked at least every 3.05 meters (10 feet) with the material designation (HDPE for high density polyethylene), nominal size of the duct and the name and/or trademark of the manufacturer.

Performance Tests:

Polyethylene Duct testing procedures and test results shall meet the requirements of UL 651. Certified copies of the test report shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to the installation of the duct. Duct crush test results shall meet or exceed the following requirements:

| Duct Diameter | | Min. force required to deform sample 50% | |
|----------------------|------|---|------|
| mm | in | N | lbs |
| 35 | 1.25 | 4937 | 1110 |
| 41 | 1.5 | 4559 | 1025 |

LUMINAIRE, SODIUM VAPOR, HORIZONTAL MOUNT, 400 WATT

Effective: January 1, 2012

Add the following to first paragraph of Article 1067(c) of the Standard Specifications:

“The reflector shall not be altered by paint or other opaque coatings which would cover or coat the reflecting surface. Control of the light distribution by any method other than the reflecting material and the aforementioned clear protective coating that will alter the reflective properties of the reflecting surface is unacceptable”

Add the following to Article 1067(f) of the Standard Specifications:

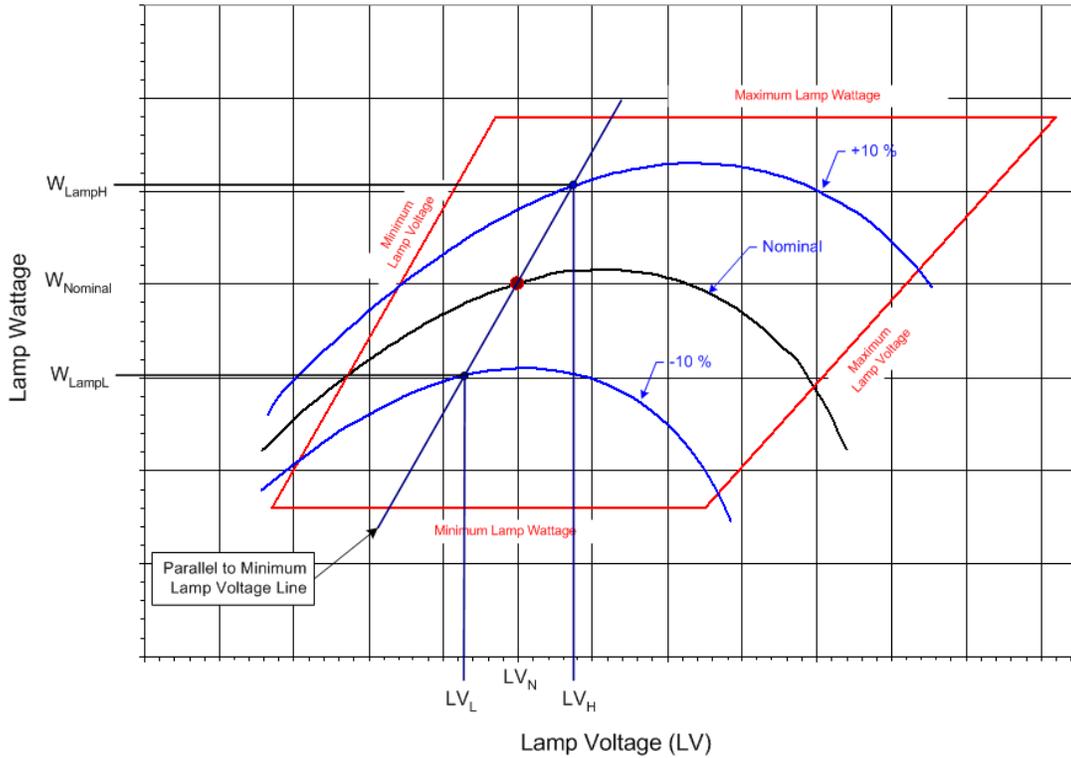
“The ballast shall be a High Pressure Sodium, high power factor, constant wattage auto-regulator, lead type (CWA) for operation on a nominal 240 volt system.”

Revise Article 1067(f)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The high pressure sodium, auto-regulator, lead type (CWA) ballast shall be designed to ANSI Standards and shall be designed and rated for operation on a nominal 240 volt system. The ballast shall provide positive lamp ignition at the input voltage of 216 volts. It shall operate the lamp over a range of input voltages from 216 to 264 volts without damage to the ballast. It shall provide lamp operation within lamp specifications for rated lamp life at input design voltage range. Operating characteristics shall produce output regulation not exceeding the following values:

| Nominal Ballast Wattage | Maximum Ballast Regulation |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 750 | 25% |
| 400 | 26% |
| 310 | 26% |
| 250 | 26% |
| 150 | 24% |
| 70 | 18% |

For this measure, regulation shall be defined as the ratio of the lamp watt difference between the upper and lower operating curves to the nominal lamp watts; with the lamp watt difference taken within the ANSI trapezoid at the nominal lamp operating voltage point parallel to the minimum lamp volt line:



$$\text{Ballast Regulation} = \frac{W_{LampH} - W_{LampL}}{W_{LampN}} \times 100$$

where:

W_{LampH} = lamp watts at +10% line voltage when Lamp voltage = LV_H

W_{LampL} = lamp watts at - 10% line voltage when lamp voltage = LV_L

W_{lampN} = lamp watts at nominal lamp operating voltage = LV_N

| Wattage | Nominal Lamp Voltage, LV_N | LV_L | LV_H |
|---------|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| 750 | 120v | 115v | 125v |
| 400 | 100v | 95v | 105v |
| 310 | 100v | 95v | 105v |
| 250 | 100v | 95v | 105v |
| 150 | 55v | 50v | 60v |
| 70 | 52v | 47v | 57v |

Ballast losses, based on cold bench tests, shall not exceed the following values:

| Nominal Ballast Wattage | Maximum Ballast Losses |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 750 | 15% |
| 400 | 20% |
| 310 | 21% |
| 250 | 24% |
| 150 | 26% |
| 70 | 34% |

Ballast losses shall be calculated based on input watts and lamp watts at nominal system voltage as indicated in the following equation:

$$\text{Ballast Losses} = \frac{W_{Line} - W_{Lamp}}{W_{Lamp}} \times 100$$

where:

W_{line} = line watts at nominal system voltage

W_{lamp} = lamp watts at nominal system voltage

Ballast output to lamp. At nominal system voltage and nominal lamp voltage, the ballast shall deliver lamp wattage with the variation specified in the following table.

| Nominal Ballast Wattage | Output to lamp variation |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 750 | ± 7.5% |
| 400 | ± 7.5% |
| 310 | ± 7.5% |
| 250 | ± 7.5% |
| 150 | ± 7.5% |
| 70 | ± 7.5% |

Example: For a 400w luminaire, the ballast shall deliver 400 watts ±7.5% at a lamp voltage of 100v for the nominal system voltage of 240v which is the range of 370w to 430w.

Ballast output over lamp life. Over the life of the lamp the ballast shall produce average output wattage of the nominal lamp rating as specified in the following table. Lamp wattage readings shall be taken at 5-volt increments throughout the ballast trapezoid. Reading shall begin at the lamp voltage (L_V) specified in the table and continue at 5 volt increments until the right side of the trapezoid is reached. The lamp wattage values shall then be averaged and shall be within the specified value of the nominal ballast rating. Submittal documents shall include a tabulation of the lamp wattage vs. lamp voltage readings.

| Nominal Ballast Wattage | LV Readings begin at | Maximum Wattage Variation |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| 750 | 110v | $\pm 7.5\%$ |
| 400 | 90v | $\pm 7.5\%$ |
| 310 | 90v | $\pm 7.5\%$ |
| 250 | 90v | $\pm 7.5\%$ |
| 150 | 50v | $\pm 7.5\%$ |
| 70 | 45v | $\pm 7.5\%$ |

Example: *For a 400w luminaire, the averaged lamp wattage reading shall not exceed the range of $\pm 7.5\%$ which is 370w to 430w*

Add the following to Article 1067(h) of the Standard Specifications:

“Independent Testing. Independent testing of luminaires shall be required whenever the pay item quantity of luminaires of a given pay item, as indicated on the plans, is 50 or more. For each luminaire type to be so tested, one luminaire plus one luminaire for each 50 luminaires shall be tested. Example: *A plan pay item quantity of 75 luminaires for a specific pay item would dictate that 2 be tested; 135 luminaires would dictate that three be tested.*” If the luminaire performance table is missing from the contract documents, the luminaire(s) shall be tested and the test results shall be evaluated against the manufacturer’s data as provided in the approved material submittal. The test luminaire(s) results shall be equal to or better than the published data. If the test results indicated performance not meeting the published data, the test luminaire will be designated as failed and corrective action as described herein shall be performed.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs associated with the specified testing, including but not limited to shipping, travel and lodging costs as well as the costs of the tests themselves, all as part of the bid unit price for this item. Travel, lodging and other associated costs for travel by the Engineer shall be direct-billed to or shall be pre-paid by the Contractor, requiring no direct reimbursement to the Engineer or the independent witness, as applicable”

The Contractor shall select one of the following options for the required testing with the Engineer's approval:

- a. Engineer Factory Selection for Independent Lab: The Contractor may select this option if the luminaire manufacturing facility is within the state of Illinois. The Contractor shall propose an independent test laboratory for approval by the Engineer. The selected luminaires shall be marked by the Engineer and shipped to the independent laboratory for tests.
- b. Engineer Witness of Independent Lab Test: The Contractor may select this option if the independent testing laboratory is within the state of Illinois. The Engineer shall select, from the project luminaires at the manufacturer's facility or at the Contractor's storage facility, luminaires for testing by the independent laboratory.
- c. Independent Witness of Manufacturer Testing: The independent witness shall select from the project luminaires at the manufacturers facility or at the Contractor's storage facility, the luminaires for testing. The Contractor shall propose a qualified independent agent, familiar with the luminaire requirements and test procedures, for approval by the Engineer, to witness the required tests as performed by the luminaire manufacturer.

The independent witness shall as a minimum meet the following requirements:

- ▶ Have been involved with roadway lighting design for at least 15 years.
- ▶ Not have been the employee of a luminaire or ballast manufacturer within the last 5 years.
- ▶ Not associated in any way (plan preparation, construction or supply) with the particular project being tested.
- ▶ Be a member of IESNA in good standing.
- ▶ Provide a list of professional references.

This list is not an all inclusive list and the Engineer will make the final determination as to the acceptability of the proposed independent witness.

- d. Engineer Factory Selection and Witness of Manufacturer Testing: The Contractor may select this option if the luminaire manufacturing facility is within the state of Illinois. At the Manufacturer's facility, the Engineer shall select the luminaires to be tested and shall be present during the testing process. The Contractor shall schedule travel by the Engineer to and from the Manufacturer's laboratory to witness the performance of the required tests.

Should any of the tested luminaires fail to satisfy the specifications and perform according to approved submittal information, the luminaire shall be unacceptable and be replaced by alternate equipment meeting the specifications with the submittal and testing process repeated in their entirety; or corrections made to achieve required performance. In the case of corrections, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer of corrections made and shall request a repeat of the specified testing and, if the corrections are deemed reasonable by the Engineer, the testing process shall be repeated. The number of luminaires to be tested shall be the same quantity as originally tested; i.e. if three luminaires were tested originally, one, two or three failed, another three must be tested after corrective action is taken.

Revise Article 1067.06(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The lamps shall be of the clear type and shall have a color of 1900° to 2200° Kelvin.”

MAINTENANCE OF LIGHTING SYSTEM

Effective: January 1, 2007

Revised: January 1, 2012

Replace Article 801.11 and 801.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

Effective the date the Contractor's activities (electrical or otherwise) at the job site begin, the Contractor shall be responsible for the proper operation and maintenance of all existing and proposed lighting systems which are part of, or which may be affected by the work until final acceptance or as otherwise determined by the Engineer.

Before performing any excavation, removal, or installation work (electrical or otherwise) at the site, the Contractor shall initiate a request for a maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection, as specified elsewhere herein, to be held in the presence of the Engineer and a representative of the party or parties responsible for maintenance of any lighting systems which may be affected by the work. The request for the maintenance preconstruction inspection shall be made no less than seven (7) calendar days prior to the desired inspection date.

Existing lighting systems, when depicted on the plans, are intended only to indicate the general equipment installation of the systems involved and shall not be construed as an exact representation of the field conditions. It remains the Contractor's responsibility to visit the site to confirm and ascertain the exact condition of the electrical equipment and systems to be maintained.

Maintenance of Existing Lighting Systems

Existing lighting systems. Existing lighting systems shall be defined as any lighting system or part of a lighting system in service at the time of contract Letting. The contract drawings indicate the general extent of any existing lighting, but whether indicated or not, it remains the Contractor's responsibility to ascertain the extent of effort required for compliance with these specifications and failure to do so will not be justification for extra payment or reduced responsibilities.

Extent of Maintenance.

Partial Maintenance. Unless otherwise indicated, if the number of circuits affected by the contract is equal to or less than 40% of the total number of circuits in a given controller and the controller is not part of the contract work, the Contractor needs only to maintain the affected circuits. The affected circuits shall be isolated by means of in-line waterproof fuse holders as specified elsewhere and as approved by the Engineer.

Full Maintenance. If the number of circuits affected by the contract is greater than 40% of the total number of circuits in a given controller, or if the controller is modified in any way under the contract work, the Contractor shall maintain the entire controller and all associated circuits.

Maintenance of Proposed Lighting Systems

Proposed Lighting Systems. Proposed lighting systems shall be defined as any lighting system or part of a lighting system, temporary or permanent, which is to be constructed under this contract.

The Contractor shall be fully responsible for maintenance of all items installed under this contract. Maintenance shall include, but not be limited to, any equipment failures or malfunctions as well as equipment damage either by the motoring public, Contractor operations, vandalism, or other means. The potential cost of replacing or repairing any malfunctioning, damaged, or vandalized equipment shall be included in the bid price of this item and will not be paid for separately.

Lighting System Maintenance Operations

The Contractor's responsibility shall include all applicable responsibilities of the Electrical Maintenance Contract, State of Illinois, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, District One. These responsibilities shall include the maintenance of lighting units (including sign lighting), cable runs and lighting controls. In the case of a pole knockdown or sign light damage, the Contractor shall promptly clear the lighting unit and circuit discontinuity and restore the system to service. The equipment shall then be re-set by the contractor within the time limits specified herein.

If the equipment damaged by normal vehicular traffic, not contractor operations, is beyond repair and cannot be re-set, the contractor shall replace the equipment in kind with payment made for such equipment under Article 109.04. If the equipment damaged by any construction operations, not normal vehicular traffic, is beyond repair and cannot be re-set, the contractor shall replace the equipment in kind and the cost of the equipment shall be included in the cost of this pay item and shall not be paid for separately.

Responsibilities shall also include weekly night-time patrol of the lighting system, with patrol reports filed immediately with the Engineer and with deficiencies corrected within 24 hours of the patrol. Patrol reports shall be presented on standard forms as designated by the Engineer. Uncorrected deficiencies may be designated by the Engineer as necessitating emergency repairs as described elsewhere herein.

The following chart lists the maximum response, service restoration, and permanent repair time the Contractor will be allowed to perform corrective action on specific lighting system equipment.

| INCIDENT OR PROBLEM | SERVICE RESPONSE TIME | SERVICE RESTORATION TIME | PERMANENT REPAIR TIME |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Control cabinet out | 1 hour | 4 hours | 7 Calendar days |
| Hanging mast arm | 1 hour to clear | na | 7 Calendar days |
| Radio problem | 1 hour | 4 hours | 7 Calendar days |
| Motorist caused damage or leaning light pole 10 degrees or more | 1 hour to clear | 4 hours | 7 Calendar days |
| Circuit out – Needs to reset breaker | 1 hour | 4 hours | na |
| Circuit out – Cable trouble | 1 hour | 24 hours | 21 Calendar days |
| Outage of 3 or more successive lights | 1 hour | 4 hours | na |
| Outage of 75% of lights on one tower | 1 hour | 4 hours | na |
| Outage of light nearest RR crossing approach, Islands and gores | 1 hour | 4 hours | na |
| Outage (single or multiple) found on night outage survey or reported to EMC | na | na | 7 Calendar days |
| Navigation light outage | na | na | 24 hours |

- **Service Response Time** – amount of time from the initial notification to the Contractor until a patrolman physically arrives at the location.
- **Service Restoration Time** – amount of time from the initial notification to the Contractor until the time the system is fully operational again (In cases of motorist caused damage the undamaged portions of the system are operational.)

- **Permanent Repair Time** – amount of time from initial notification to the Contractor until the time permanent repairs are made if the Contractor was required to make temporary repairs to meet the service restoration requirement.

Failure to provide this service will result in liquidated damages of \$500 per day per occurrence. In addition, the Department reserves the right to assign any work not completed within this timeframe to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor. All costs associated to repair this uncompleted work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Failure to pay these costs to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor within one month after the incident will result in additional liquidated damages of \$500 per month per occurrence. Unpaid bills will be deducted from any monies owed to the Contractor. Repeated failures and/or a gross failure of maintenance shall result in the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor being directed to correct all deficiencies and the resulting costs deducted from any monies owed the contractor.

Damage caused by the Contractor's operations shall be repaired at no additional cost to the Contract.

Operation of Lighting

The lighting shall be operational every night, dusk to dawn. Duplicate lighting systems (such as temporary lighting and proposed new lighting) shall not be operated simultaneously. Lighting systems shall not be kept in operation during long daytime periods.

Method of Measurement

The contractor shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the lighting system is fully operational prior to submitting a pay request. Failure to do so will be grounds for denying the pay request. Months in which the lighting systems are not maintained and not operational will not be paid for. Payment shall not be made retroactively for months in which lighting systems were not operational.

Basis of Payment

Maintenance of lighting systems shall be paid for at the contract unit price per calendar month for MAINTENANCE OF LIGHTING SYSTEM, which shall include all work as described herein.

PAVEMENT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. The scope of the work covered by this item is the removal and replacement of concrete pavement in small confined areas, such as the removal and replacement of an 18 inch or 24 inch wide section for installing a conduit or multiple conduits across a roadway, or the removal of a rectangular area approximately four feet wide by five feet long (2.22 sq. yd.) for manhole construction.

MATERIAL. The concrete must meet the pavement patching concrete requirements for Portland Cement Concrete, Article 1020 of the Standard Specifications. Reinforcement bars and dowel rods must meet the requirements of the Standard Specifications, Article 1006, Sections 10 and 11, respectively.

METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION. The method of construction must conform to all applicable sections of Article 442 of the Standard Specifications. Reinforcement bars and dowel rods will be used if so directed by the Resident Engineer.

The size of the areas worked precludes the use of large machinery, permitting generally the use of a hand operated pneumatic (jack) hammer, a machine operated hydraulic bull point, or a concrete saw, with manual labor or a small back-hoe to load the broken concrete into a high-lift bucket or a dump truck for removal and off-site disposal of the spoil. Spoil disposal must meet the requirements of Section 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

To maintain necessary lanes open to traffic, work will proceed in one lane at a time where possible. The use of a steel plate to cover cleared work areas will permit immediate resumption of vehicular traffic. Steel plates will be used and secured to the roadway as directed by the Resident Engineer.

When the below grade work is completed, the (top six inches 6") of sub grade must be compacted either by a mechanical or hand tamper meeting the approval of the Resident Engineer.

The concrete replacement must consist of Portland cement concrete, a minimum of 9 inches in depth, which will be struck-off and consolidated by the hand method. The Portland cement must be poured to a level even with the bituminous wearing service. Before the concrete has taken its initial set, the surface must be roughened by brooming, racking or other methods meeting the approval of the Resident Engineer.

The use of temporary steel plates to protect new concrete replacement eliminates closing of the roadway while the concrete cures.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. Pavement removal and replacement must be measured by the surface area affected, and must be measured only once for both removal and replacement. The depth of the removal and associated replacement will be incidental to the cost. The surface area must be measured in square yards. The use of steel plates will be incidental to this item. Saw-cuts will not be measured or paid for separately and will be considered incidental to this item. Any reinforcement bars or dowel rods installed will be considered incidental to this pay item.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for PAVEMENT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (CDOT), and will be payment in full for removing and replacing concrete pavement as required by the plans.

January 1, 2002

TRENCH AND BACKFILL WITH SCREENINGS (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This work will consist of excavating a trench for the installation of conduit and backfilling with limestone screenings as a portion of the total backfill of the trench, all as shown in Bureau of Electricity Standard Drawings No. 579 and No. 813. This work must meet all applicable requirements of Article 815 of the Standard Specifications.

MATERIAL. Underground Cable Marking Tape must meet the requirements of Section 1066.05 of the Standard Specifications. Backfill must meet the requirements of Section 1003.04 of the Standard Specifications.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS. The trench must be deep enough to provide thirty inches (30") of cover over the conduit to be installed. The trench must not exceed twelve inches (12") in width unless approved by the Resident Engineer. The bottom of the trench must be tamped, and the trench inspected by the Resident Engineer before conduit is installed. All trenches must be backfilled as soon as possible after the installation of the conduit or cable. Any material excavated from the trenches that in the opinion of the Resident Engineer is satisfactory backfill, may be used for backfill above the layer of screenings. The limestone screenings must be used to fill the bottom of the trench to a depth of one foot above the top of the conduit or duct encasement. Cinders, rocks, or other inappropriate materials will not be permitted to be used as backfilling material. Backfilling material, beginning with limestone screenings must be deposited in the trench in layers not to exceed six inches (6") in depth, and must be thoroughly compacted with a mechanical tamper before the next layer is deposited in the trench. All trenches for conduit must be backfilled as per this specification. Unsuitable material must be disposed of according to the requirements of Section 202.03 of the Standard Specifications. Underground cable marking tape must be installed twelve inches (12") below the finished grade for all conduit runs.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. This work will be measured in feet along the centerline of the trench. Trench and backfill will not be measured for payment for conduit which is installed by pushing or by directional boring. Where more than one (1) conduit is installed in a single trench, only one run will be measured for payment.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per lineal foot, measured with conduit in place, for TRENCH AND BACKFILL WITH SCREENINGS (CDOT). Such price will include the cost of all excavation, furnishing and placing all backfill material, and disposal of all surplus excavated material. If sidewalk, driveway pavement or pavement must be removed and replaced, such work will be paid for separately.

DRAWINGS

813 579

January 1, 2002

ELECTRICAL HANDHOLE, 36", 24" FRAME AND LID (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This item is for supplying and installing an electrical handhole 30" in diameter with a 24" frame and lid or a handhole 36" in diameter with a 24" frame and lid in a parkway or sidewalk, or a handhole 36" in diameter with a 30" frame and lid in pavement or in a driveway.

MATERIAL. The frame and lid must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1458. The handhole must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1528. A 24" frame and lid must also meet the requirements of Standard Drawing 872. A 30" frame and lid must also meet the requirements of Standard Drawings 874 and 10927. Bricks must meet the requirements of Article 1041 of the Standard Specifications. All other materials used must meet the appropriate material requirements of the Standard Specifications.

METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION. The handhole will be a precast concrete structure, or, if conditions merit, a cast in place concrete structure, complete with cast iron frame and cover, and conforming in detail with either Drawing Number 867, Drawing Number 866, or Drawing 871, except that the number of conduit openings must be as shown on the construction plans.

Each handhole must be installed at the location specified on the plans or at the location identified by the Resident Engineer.

The area where the handhole is to be placed must be properly excavated. All disposable material must be properly disposed of per Section 202.03 of the Standard Specifications. Each handhole must be set or constructed on a foundation of loose stone not less than eight inches (8") deep. The 36" handhole for pavement installation must have a floor as shown in Drawing Number 871. The frame casting must be accurately set on a full bed of mortar to the finished elevation so that no subsequent adjustment will be necessary. It is desirable not to use a neck for the frame. However, if approved by the Resident Engineer, mortar and brick, or mortar and concrete rings, may be used to adjust to the proper grade. Adjustment rings, bricks, and frames must be set in a full mortar bed. Use of partial bricks will not be allowed. Bricks must be laid in full header courses only. Mortar must be mixed in a proportion of one (1) part of cement to three (3) parts sand by volume of dry materials. After entering laterals have been installed in place in the handhole, the openings in the wall must be plugged in an approved manner flush with the inner surface. If backfill is required, screenings must be used and properly compacted. Parkway must be restored to the proper grade. Pavement must be properly restored to the correct grade. Patching of the pavement must be done with high early strength concrete meeting the requirements of Articles 1001 and 1020 of the Standard Specifications. Sidewalks must be restored to the proper grade using a 5 inch thickness of concrete. The inside of the handhole must be clean of all debris.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each unit installed.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. The necessary excavation, backfilling and restoration of parkway and pavement must be made in accordance with the foregoing specifications, and the cost thereof must be included in the unit price each for installing ELECTRICAL HANDHOLE, 36", 24" FRAME AND LID (CDOT). No additional payment will be allowed for restoring parkway, sidewalk, or pavement. Removal of sidewalk or pavement will be paid for separately under a different pay item.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

1458 1528

DRAWINGS

866 874 871
867 872 10927

January 1, 2002

- PVC CONDUIT IN TRENCH 2" (CDOT)**
- PVC CONDUIT IN TRENCH 3" (CDOT)**
- PVC CONDUIT IN TRENCH 2" (SCHEDULE #80) (CDOT)**
- PVC CONDUIT IN TRENCH 3" (SCHEDULE #80) (CDOT)**

DESCRIPTION. This work will consist of furnishing and installing a conduit lateral of the type and size specified.

MATERIALS. Galvanized rigid steel conduit and PVC coated steel conduit must conform to the requirements of Material Specification 1462.

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit must conform to the requirements of Material Specification 1533 and to the requirements of the National Electrical Manufacturers Association Standard, Publication Number TC2 for EPC-40, or EPC-80. Conduit color will be determined by the Resident Engineer.

Coilable non-metallic conduit must be a high density polyethylene meeting the requirements of Material Specification 1533 and ASTM-D1248, Type III, Grade PE34, Category 5, and Class C. The duct must meet the requirements of Section 1088.01(c) of the Standard Specifications. The average outside diameter of the 1.25 inch duct must be 1.66 inches, with a minimum wall thickness of .15 inches for the Schedule 40 conduit, and a wall thickness of .20 for the Schedule 80 conduit. Conduit color will be as determined by the Resident Engineer.

Aluminum conduit will be rigid wall conduit with a minimum wall thickness of 0.099". The conduit will be extruded from 6063 aluminum alloy and tempered to T-1. Aluminum conduit must meet the requirements of UL-6 and ANSI C80.5.

CONSTRUCTION. DEFINITION OF LATERALS - A lateral will mean a conduit raceway extending from one sub-surface location to another sub-surface location, and in every case intended to encase electric circuit cable under paved surfaces, or in unpaved parkway, street or alley, where specifically designated.

LOCATIONS - Laterals must be installed at the locations shown on the construction plans. Laterals must be installed in the shortest practicable line between points of termination, or under adverse conditions, as directed by the Resident Engineer. Laterals not shown on the drawing, but necessary to be installed will be paid for at the unit price bid for laterals as additional units of construction.

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS - Galvanized rigid steel conduit may be installed in a trench, pushed underground, or attached to a structure. PVC conduit will normally be installed in a trench or attached to a structure. Coilable conduit will be installed in a trench. The Contractor must exercise care in installing the conduit to ensure that it is smooth, free from sharp bends or kinks, and has the minimum practicable number of bends. Crushed or deformed conduit will not be accepted. All conduit and fittings must have the burrs and rough places smoothed, and all conduit runs must be cleaned and swabbed before installation of electric cables. If cable is not to be installed immediately after cleaning of the conduit, a light weight pulling line such as 1/8" polyethylene line must be placed in the conduit and will remain in the conduit for future work. The excavation for pushing conduit must be located at least two feet (2') from the edge of pavement. All underground conduits must have a minimum cover of thirty inches (30") below grade. If conduit cannot be installed with a minimum cover of thirty inches (30"), the conduit must be encased in concrete for protection. The method of encasement and protection must be approved by the engineer. Concrete encasement will be paid for as a separate pay item.

When multiple laterals in a common trench are required, no more than three (3) three inch (3") or smaller conduit laterals can be laid on a single, horizontal level. Four or more conduit laterals must be installed on two (2) levels in accordance with instructions of the Resident Engineer.

Conduit laterals attached to a structure must be flush to the structure where possible. Clamps or hangers must be used at a maximum interval of five feet (5') to hold the conduit rigidly in place. Fittings must be supplied and installed that are compatible with the conduit in use. Expansion couplings must be used at locations where the conduit crosses expansion joints in the structure.

Conduit laterals installed under vaulted walks must be securely attached to the retaining wall by means of galvanized clamps and clamp backs held in place by anchor bolts. Laterals will be fastened as close to the underside of the sidewalk as possible, and securing clamps installed every five feet (5'). Laterals must be continuous through party walls.

Threaded fittings and bends of the same material as conduit must be furnished and installed as required. Threadless couplings may be used only for splicing existing conduit. All conduit splices, where required, will be considered incidental to this pay item.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. The length measured will be the number of lineal feet of conduit installed and accepted, measured in place. Each conduit will be measured separately even if in a single trench. The length for measurement will be the distance horizontally between changes in the direction of the conduit plus the conduit vertically attached to structures. All conduit on structures will be measured from point to point, whether vertical or horizontal.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per lineal foot for Conduit of the type and size as specified, which price will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the conduit and fittings complete. Cleaning, swabbing, and p-lining of new conduit will be incidental to this pay item. Hangers, clamps, and fittings for conduit attached to structure will be incidental to this item. Trench and backfill will be paid for separately. Concrete encasement, if required, will be paid for separately. No additional payment will be allowed for pushing under pavements or for jackholes for conduit laterals.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

1462 1533

DRAWINGS

579 813

August 29, 2006

CONCRETE FOUNDATION FOR BASE MOUNTED STREET LIGHTING CONTROLLER CABINET (CDOT)

GENERAL. The Contractor will install a concrete foundation for a base mounted street light controller cabinet, as shown on City of Chicago Drawing Number 876.

MATERIAL. Concrete will be Portland cement concrete, SI Class, meeting the requirements of Article 1020 of the Standard Specifications. Ground rods must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1465. Conduit will be PVC meeting the requirements of Material Specification 1533. Anchor rods must meet the applicable requirements of Material Specification 1467.

CONSTRUCTION. The contractor will install the concrete foundation as shown on Drawing 876. Work under this item will be performed in accordance with Article 800 of the Standard Specifications.

The foundation must have a minimum depth of at least fifty inches (50") below grade and will have large radius conduit elbows in quantity, size and type shown. The elbow ends above ground will be capped with standard conduit bushings. The Contractor must furnish anchor bolts, hardware, conduit elbows, and all other material shown on the foundation construction drawing.

All excavation and restoration of parkway will be included in this item. If the foundation is in sidewalk, an expansion joint will be required between the sidewalk and the foundation.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. This work will be measured as each for each unit installed complete.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. Unit price will include cost of all material and labor required to install this foundation, as per applicable construction plans and these specifications. The conduit elbows will be considered as part of the foundation and will not be paid for as a separate item or as part of the conduit laterals leading to the foundation. All necessary excavation and restoration of parkway to the original condition will be included in the unit price. Any sidewalk removal will be paid for as a separate pay item. However, any restoration of sidewalk will be considered as part of this item, including any expansion joint between the sidewalk and the foundation. This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price of each for CONCRETE FOUNDATION FOR BASE MOUNTED STREET LIGHTING CONTROLLER CABINET (CDOT).

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

1465 1467 1533

DRAWING

876

August 3, 1993

SERVICE INSTALLATION 200 AMP (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This work will consist of furnishing and installing an electric service and related lateral on a Commonwealth Edison Company wood pole for either a 120 volt traffic signal service installation, or for a 240 volt street lighting service installation per City of Chicago Drawing Number 11925. Work under this pay item shall also include underground GRS conduit to the proposed lighting controller.

The 100 ampere installation can be used for either a 120 volt or 240 volt service. The 200 ampere installation can be used only for the 240 volt service.

SERVICE JUNCTION CABINET. The cabinet must be cast from aluminum and met all the requirements of standard drawing 11922. Its dimensions must not exceed eight (8) inches in width, eighteen (18) inches in height and nine (9) inches in depth, and it must be weather proof. It must contain a two (2) pole disconnecting device, with bridge contacts and barrier strip, subject to approval. The disconnecting device must be rated for 200 amps and 600 volts. A suitable ground lug, subject to approval, to accommodate a 1/C #2, 1/C #4, 1/C #2/0 or 1/C #1/0 AWG stranded copper conductor must be provided. Any alternate cabinets which are considered equal to this may be considered.

CABLE GRIP. A one and one quarter inch (1 1/4") cable grip fitting must be installed at top of cabinet to accommodate a 3/C #2, #4, #2/0 or #1/0 AWG service cable.

SERVICE RISER. A two (2) inch galvanized rigid steel conduit riser terminated at the bottom with a galvanized rigid steel, large radius, conduit elbow must be installed by the contractor on the Commonwealth Edison Company service pole as shown on City of Chicago Drawing Number 11925. The top of the riser must terminate in the service junction cabinet and the end of the elbow must connect to the horizontal conduit lateral leading to the control cabinet.

CABLE. A sufficient length of three (3) conductor service entrance cable must be coiled at the top of the box in order to reach the Commonwealth Edison Company secondary wires for connection. The three (3) conductor service entrance cable must meet the requirements of Bureau of Electricity Specification Number 1457, or an approved equal. The black and red conductors must be connected to the disconnect device and the white conductor to the ground lug, for the 240 volt street lighting service installation. The black conductor must be connected to the disconnect, and the white to the ground lug, for the 120 volt traffic signal service installation. The red conductor must be taped and coiled inside box for future use.

CABLES IN SERVICE RISER. Cables must extend continuously from the load side of the disconnect device, down the riser and elbow, and in the conduit lateral to the control cabinet. Payment for cables in riser and elbow will be included in separate pay items, and will not be considered as part of this pay item.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price EACH for SERVICE INSTALLATION 200 AMP (CDOT), which price must be payment in full for furnishing and installing the service equipment complete. Any charges by the utility company to provide electrical service to the service installation will be paid for by the contractor.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS
1457 1462

DRAWING
11925

April 3, 2009

ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, TRIPLEX 2 1/C NO.6, 1/C NO.8 (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This work will consist of furnishing and installing electric cable that is triplexed. The cable must be rated at 600 volts and must consist of two number 6 conductors and one number 8 conductor. The cable will be installed in conduit underground.

MATERIAL. The cable must meet all requirements of Material Specification 1534 of the Bureau of Electricity, City of Chicago.

CONSTRUCTION METHOD. All cables must be installed with care to prevent damage to the cable. Any defects found in the cable must be reported to the resident engineer. Damaged cable must be replaced.

The cable must be pulled into the conduit with a minimum of dragging on the ground or pavement. This will be accomplished by means of reels mounted on jacks or other suitable devices located for unreeling cable directly into duct. Lubricants must be used to facilitate installation if deemed necessary by the contractor.

Bends in the cable will conform to the recommended minimum radii as outlined in the National Electric Code.

Cable passing through manholes must be trained and racked around the sides of the manhole into a permanent position. If racks are non-existent or in poor condition, the contractor must install racks. The material must be approved by the resident engineer. Any material and labor involved in training and racking the cable will be considered incidental to the cost of this pay item.

Where cable runs continue from manhole to manhole without tapping within a light pole, they will be continuous without splices unless authorized by the resident engineer.

The cable installation must be color coded so that each lead of all circuits may be easily identified and lighting units connected to the proper leg as indicated on the plans. The equipment grounding conductor (no. 8) must be color coded green.

All wire or cable in the distribution panels and control cabinets must be properly trained and have sufficient slack provided for any rearrangement of equipment or future additions.

There must be at least three feet of slack in a street light pole base or street light controller base. A handhole must have at least five feet of slack and a manhole at least ten feet of slack.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. The length of triplex cable furnished and installed will be measured as the length of conduit plus three feet for cable entering and leaving a light pole or street light control cabinet, plus any slack in manholes or handholes.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per lineal foot for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, TRIPLEX 2 1/C NO.6, 1/C NO.8 (CDOT). The price will be payment in full for furnishing, installing, and testing the cable, and will include all material, labor, terminations, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as per the contract plans.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
1534

August 14, 2006

ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, 1/C #2/0 (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This work will consist of furnishing and installing electric cable as specified. The cable will be installed in conduit underground.

MATERIAL. The cable must meet all requirements of Material Specification 1534 of the Bureau of Electricity, City of Chicago.

CONSTRUCTION METHOD. All cables must be installed with care to prevent damage to the cable. Any defects found in the cable must be reported to the resident engineer. Damaged cable must be replaced.

The cable must be pulled into the conduit with a minimum of dragging on the ground or pavement. This will be accomplished by means of reels mounted on jacks or other suitable devices located for unreeling cable directly into duct. Lubricants must be used to facilitate installation if deemed necessary by the contractor.

Bends in the cable will conform to the recommended minimum radii as outlined in the National Electric Code.

Cable passing through manholes must be trained and racked around the sides of the manhole into a permanent position. If racks are non-existent or in poor condition, the contractor must install racks. The material must be approved by the resident engineer. Any material and labor involved in training and racking the cable will be considered incidental to the cost of this pay item.

Where cable runs continue from manhole to manhole without tapping within a light pole, they will be continuous without splices unless authorized by the resident engineer.

All wire or cable in the distribution panels and control cabinets must be properly trained and have sufficient slack provided for any rearrangement of equipment or future additions. There must be at least two feet of slack in a street light pole base or street light controller base. A handhole must have at least five feet of slack and a manhole at least ten feet of slack.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. The length of cable furnished and installed will be measured as the length of conduit plus three feet for cable entering and leaving a light pole or street light control cabinet, plus any slack in manholes or handholes.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per lineal foot for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT (CDOT) of the size specified. Such price will be payment in full for furnishing, installing, and testing the cable, and will include all material, labor, terminations, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as per the contract plans.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

1534

August 14, 2006

CONTROLLER, STREET LIGHT, BASE MOUNTED, 1 PHASE, 200 AMP (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This work will consist of furnishing and installing an aluminum cabinet to be mounted on a ballast housing base, and containing various electro-mechanical devices to automatically control street lighting circuits, and to provide protection for the equipment so controlled.

The controller specified will be equated to the service capability of the Commonwealth Edison Company at the given location and to the number of circuits to be serviced as required by the plans.

MATERIAL AND ASSEMBLY. The aluminum controller cabinet and electro-mechanical control devices must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1497.

The electro-mechanical devices within the cabinet must be attached to a 3/8 inch thick phenolic, linen base, bakelite panel drilled to accommodate the various devices with allowable clearances, and secured in the cabinet with 5/16" - 18 NC x 7/8" stainless steel machine screws, as per Drawing 887(3-phase, 100amp), 883(3-phase, 200amp), 884(1 phase, 100amp), or 886(1-phase, 200amp).

The circuit breakers, single-pole, two-pole, or three-pole must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1428. The remote control contactor must be as indicated on the referenced drawings.

INSTALLATION. The controller must be wired as shown on Drawing 862(100 or 200 amp, 1-phase, with 120 volt photocell), 863(100 amp, 1-phase, with 240 volt photocell), or 864(100 or 200 amp, 3-phase). For a 100 ampere controller the main circuit breaker and the contactor must each have a 100 ampere rating, and the branch circuit breakers must be as indicated on the plans. For a 200 ampere controller the main circuit breaker and the contactor must each have a 200 ampere rating, and the branch circuit breakers must be as indicated on the plans. For a three phase service, a three pole main circuit breaker and three pole contactor of the corresponding ampere rating must be installed and the branch circuit breaker ampere ratings must be as indicated on the plans.

For grounding the cabinet, a bare copper wire, #4 AWG, must be attached from the ground lug in the cabinet to the grounding clamp on the ground rod.

The cabinet must be installed on a ballast housing base, 20 inches in height secured to a concrete foundation as shown on Drawing 876(110 amp) or 880(200 amp), at the location indicated on the plans. The ballast housing base must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1375. The ballast housing must be part of this pay item. The foundation, including anchor rods, washers, and nuts will be a separate pay item.

The installation of feeder cables and branch circuit cables will be performed in a neat and workmanlike manner with all cable trained around the cabinet, secured to the proper terminals and identified either by tagging of the cables, or by identification of the branch breakers, all as part of the controller installation and not as a separate pay item.

The lighting circuit will be placed in operation as soon as practicable with the Contractor being charged for the energy until the circuits are accepted by the City of Chicago, Bureau of Electricity.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be charged for at the contract unit price each for a CONTROLLER, STREET LIGHT, BASE MOUNTED (CDOT) of the proper phase and amperage, and will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the controller complete in place.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

1375 1428 1497

DRAWING

876

April 3, 2009

HELIX FOUNDATION, 7 FOOT, 15 INCH BOLT CIRCLE, 4 ANCHORS BOLTS (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This item will include furnishing and installing a steel light pole foundation, as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer, of the size indicated. Proper size anchor bolts and hardware will be furnished for each foundation.

MATERIAL. The steel foundation must meet the applicable requirements of Section 1070.01 of the Standard Specifications unless specified differently here and in City Material Specification 1526. Each anchor rod must have a hex head. In addition, each anchor rod must include a washer and nut for tightening. Each anchor bolt and associated hardware must be hot dipped galvanized and must meet the applicable requirements of Material Specification 1467. The foundation for residential light poles must have a 10 inch bolt circle for 4 bolts. The shaft length must be 5 feet. The base plate must be 12 inches square. The bolts must be one inch in diameter and 5 inches in thread length. The bolts must meet the applicable requirements of Standard Drawing 830. The foundation for pedestals must have a 5 foot shaft and a 13 inch bolt circle for 3 anchor bolts. The base plate must be 16 inches in diameter. The bolts must be 3/4 inches in diameter and 4 inches in thread length. The bolts must meet the applicable requirements of Standard Drawing 844. The foundation for arterial street light poles must have a 7 foot shaft and must accommodate a 10 inch to 15 inch bolt circle for 4 anchor bolts. The base plate must be 15.5 inches square. The bolts must be 1 1/4 inches in diameter with a 6 inch thread length. The bolts must meet the applicable requirements of Standard Drawing 811. Each steel foundation must meet the applicable requirements of Standard Drawing 936.

INSTALLATION. The installation must follow the requirements of Article 836.03 (d) of the Standard Specifications for metal foundations. The foundation must be plumb with the base plate level with the existing grade. If installed in a sidewalk, the helix must be set lower than the sidewalk and topped with concrete level to the top of the sidewalk. An expansion joint must also be installed. Any improperly installed or damaged foundations will be replaced at no additional cost.

METHOD OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for HELIX FOUNDATION, 7 FOOT, 15 INCH BOLT CIRCLE, 4 ANCHORS BOLTS (CDOT), which payment will include all material and labor to properly provide and install the foundation.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

1465 1467 1526

DRAWINGS

936 844 811
830

August 8, 2006

LUMINAIRE, STREET LIGHT, LED (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This item will consist of furnishing and installing a street lighting luminaire, complete with internal ballast, electronic starting component, and an LED lamp of the proper wattage and input voltage, on a street light mast arm attached to a street light pole, or a floodlight mounted to a post top attachment on a street light pole, and connecting the unit to either an underground cable distribution system or an aerial wire distribution system at the location shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.

MATERIAL. The luminaire must meet the appropriate material specification for the lamp wattage and type of distribution specified.

INSTALLATION. The luminaire must be securely installed on the mast arm. The vertical axis of the luminaire must be in a vertical plane, and the longitudinal axis must be leveled as specified in shop drawings supplied by the manufacturer to produce the desired distribution pattern.

For an aerial distribution system, the primary wiring to the ballast must consist of 2 1/C #12 AWG wires, with 150 degree C. irradiated polyolefin insulation, connected to the terminal board "line" terminals. They must extend through the mast arm and exit from the mast arm through the grommet in the hole provided for this purpose, and extend further forming a drip loop and connect with aerial circuit wires. Connection to the aerial circuit wires must be made with a split bolt type pressure connector for a No. 6 solid copper wire and the connection so formed must be wrapped with two layers of an approved electrical tape.

A cartridge type fuse, type KTK, rated at 10 amperes must be installed in each of the fuse holders. The primary wiring to the ballast must consist of 2 1/C No. 12 AWG wires with 150 degree C. irradiated polyefin, insulation connected to the terminal board "line" terminals. They must extend through the mast arm raceway and down the inside of the pole to the pole base where they must be spliced to the underground feeder cables. Sufficient wire must be supplied to extend the wires outside of the pole through the access handhole to permit splicing work to be performed outside the pole.

All splice methods must be approved by the Engineer before implemented. All splices, tapes and grounding connections must be inspected by the Commissioner's authorized representative before wires are permanently trained in the light pole.

Current, insulation resistance, and voltage readings must be taken and tabulated by the Contractor for each circuit. These readings are to be witnessed by the Commissioner's authorized representative. Any indication of grounds, open, or crossed conductors must be thoroughly investigated and remedied before acceptance of the installation. Line voltage must be taken at any in-line fused location, within the pole designated by the Commissioner's authorized representative. Locations and voltage must be tabulated as directed. Three (3) copies of the tabulated voltage insulation resistance, and current readings must be submitted to the Commissioner's authorized representative. Maximum voltage drop must not exceed 10% of nominal source voltage. The insulation resistance must not be less than 2 Megohms, when tested to ground with 500 volts a.c.

The Contractor must submit the manufacturer's certified test reports on all materials used on this project. Any material deemed defective must be removed and disposed of by the Contractor at his sole cost.

After the lighting installation has been completed and satisfactory current and voltage readings recorded, a field test must be made to insure that all lighting and control equipment are in proper operating condition. This field test must be witnessed by the Engineer.

The Contractor will furnish special test devices, tools and miscellaneous items that will be required for the testing of cables and control equipment, all as herein specified.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. This work will be measured per each unit installed, complete. All wiring to the underground feeder cable, including splices, will be included in this measurement.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for a LUMINAIRE, STREET LIGHT, LED (CDOT), of the proper wattage, voltage, and distribution type, which will be payment in full for furnishing, installing, connecting and testing the unit complete in place.

POLE, ALUMINUM, ARTERIAL, DAVIT, 15" BOLT CIRCLE, 35FT MH (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This item will consist of furnishing, installing and setting plumb an aluminum anchor base pole to which an aluminum davit arm and a street light luminaire will be attached. The pole will be set on a separate foundation and affixed with anchor rods or bolts.

MATERIAL. The pole must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1452. In addition, the arterial pole must meet the requirements and dimensions of Standard Drawing 941. The short arterial pole must meet the requirements and dimensions of Standard Drawing 941A. The Skyway pole must meet the requirements and dimensions of Standard Drawing 942. The residential pole must meet the requirements and dimensions of Standard Drawing 940. The short residential pole must meet the requirements and dimensions of Standard Drawing 940A.

INSTALLATION. The pole must be installed on a concrete foundation or a steel helix foundation designed for the particular pole usage. When using double-nut construction please follow the details as shown on Standard Drawing 837. Double nut construction provides proper ventilation, as well as providing a way to plumb the pole. When using a helix foundation, double nutting is not feasible. Any exposed portions of anchor rods extending above the nuts which interfere with the installation of the bolt covers must be cut off to provide the necessary clearance. The excess must not be burned off. The pole must be set secure and plumb using the nuts and washer provided with the foundation pay item. The bolt covers, and handhole cover must be securely attached. The pole must be properly orientated in relation to the street, so that the davit arm will be perpendicular to the direction of the roadway.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. This item will be measured per unit installed, complete. Work will consist of attaching the pole to the foundation, application of nut covers, attachment of handhole door, and plumbing of the pole.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price each for "POLE, ALUMINUM, ARTERIAL, DAVIT, 15" BOLT CIRCLE, 35FT MH (CDOT)", which will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the pole complete in place. Bolt covers and the handhole door will be included as incidentals. The light standard foundation (including nuts and washers), davit arm, and luminaire will not be included in this pay item but will be paid for separately.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

1452

DRAWINGS

| | | |
|-----|------|------|
| 837 | 940 | 941 |
| 942 | 940A | 941A |

November 5, 2009

MAST ARM, DAVIT, ALUMINUM, ARTERIAL, 8 FOOT (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This item will consist of furnishing, installing and aligning an aluminum davit mast arm to which a street light luminaire will be attached. The arm will be attached to an aluminum pole constructed to accept the arm. These arms are designed to fit the arterial davit pole.

MATERIAL. The mast arm must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1453. The mast arm for a davit arterial pole must meet the requirements and dimensions of Standard Drawing 948, 949, or 950, depending upon the required overall length of the arm. The davit arm will have a 6 inch outside diameter at the base, where the arm slips over the top of the pole.

INSTALLATION. The mast arm must be installed on the aluminum pole as shown on the appropriate standard drawing. The davit arm must be attached to the pole by slipping the arm over the top of the pole and securing the arm to the pole with two stainless steel hex-head bolts. Details of the installation may be found on the appropriate standard drawing. The pole and arm must be properly orientated in relation to the street.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. The item will be measured per each arm installed, complete.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the Contract unit price each for a MAST ARM, DAVIT, ALUMINUM, ARTERIAL, 8 FOOT (CDOT), which will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the mast arm and hardware complete in place. The light pole, foundation and luminaire will not be included in this pay item but will be paid for separately.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
1453

DRAWINGS
948 949 950

April 8, 2003

REMOVE EXISTING STREET LIGHTING EQUIPMENT (CDOT)

DESCRIPTION. This work will consist of removing all obsolete street lighting equipment at various locations shown on the plans.

REMOVAL. Street lighting poles (anchor base or embedded), ballast housing bases, mast arms, luminaires, controllers, secondary racks, cable and all related equipment are to be removed as indicated on the plans. Embedded poles will be removed by means other than burning where possible. Embedded CTA poles must be burned off at a minimum of eighteen inches below ground level.

All equipment, with the exception of the cable, will remain the property of the City of Chicago. The Contractor must deliver the obsolete street lighting equipment to the City of Chicago Yard at 2451 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Twenty four hours advance notice is necessary before delivery. Street lighting cable must be removed as indicated on the plans, and become the property of the Contractor to be disposed of by him, outside the right of way, at his sole expense.

The Contractor must provide three (3) copies of a list of equipment that is to remain the property of the City, including model and serial numbers where applicable. He must also provide a copy of the contract plan or special provisions showing the quantities and type of equipment. The Contractor will be responsible for the condition of the street lighting equipment from the time of removal until the acceptance of a receipt drawn by the City indicating that the items have been returned.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT. This work will be measured per lump sum for the project contract. Removal of manholes, foundations, and conduit will not be part of this item.

BASIS OF PAYMENT. This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for REMOVE EXISTING STREET LIGHTING EQUIPMENT (CDOT) at the various locations shown on the plans. This price will be payment in full for removing the equipment and disposing of it as required. The salvage value of the cable retained by the Contractor must be reflected in this contract lump sum price.

August 18, 2006

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1375
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
MARCH 31, 1977**

BASE: BALLAST HOUSING, NO. 7 U.S. STANDARD GAUGE STEEL

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for ballast housing base assemblies to be installed on concrete foundations and to serve as bases for anchor base type steel poles with mast arm attached street light luminaires.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

2. (a) Specifications. The base assemblies shall conform in detail to the requirements herein stated and to the specifications of the American Society for Testing and Materials, of which the latest published revisions will govern.
- (b) Acceptance. Base assemblies not conforming to this specification will not be accepted.
- (c) Drawings. The drawing mentioned herein is a drawing of the Department of Transportation. It is an integral part of this specification cooperating to state necessary requirements.
- (d) Shop Drawing. One complete set of shop drawings of the base assembly intended to be furnished must be submitted within fifteen (15) days upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer.
- (e) Sample. One completely assembled base of the manufacture intended to be furnished must be submitted upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer within fifteen (15) days after receipt of the request.

DETAIL REQUIREMENTS

3. (a) Drawing. The base assembly must conform in detail to the design and dimensions shown on Drawing No. 785, dated March 25, 1977.
- (b) Material. The steel used in the fabrication of the base assemblies must conform to ASTM A-606 Type 4 for the sides and door and to ASTM A-36 for the top, bottom and anchor plates.

- (c) Thickness. The sides and door must be No. 7 U.S. Standard Gauge; the top, bottom and Anchor Plates must be 3/4 inch plate.
- (d) Door. The door must be drilled top and bottom for, and furnished with, four (4) 1/4-20NCX3/4" button head stainless steel tamper resistant bolts for fastening top and bottom of door to base as shown on drawing No. 785. Ten (10) wrenches or drivers to fit the door bolts must be furnished with each fifty (50) base housings.
- (e) Hardware. The bolts, nuts, lock washers and anchor plates must conform to the drawing. Four (4) galvanized hex head machine bolts, four (4) galvanized hex nuts, four (4) galvanized lock washers, and two (2) 3/4" thick steel anchor plates must be furnished with each base assembly. The anchor plates must be shipped bolted to the top of the ballast housing assembly using the hardware enumerated above.
- (f) Welding. Every welded joint shall be made in conformity with the proper interpretation of the standard welding symbols of the American Welding Society as indicated on the drawings. Each bidder must submit with his proposal a drawing showing the sizes and types of welds, the type of electrode and the welding methods he proposes to use in fabricating the base assembly.
- (g) Sandblasting. The door and ballast housing shall be thoroughly sand blasted to remove all scale, oil or slag prior to painting.
- (h) Dating. The top of the ballast housing base must be stamped or engraved with the year of manufacture in numerals not less than 1/2" in height.
- (i) Painting. A coat of Penetrol shall be applied on the inside weld of the base. The complete base assembly, inside and outside, is to be given a coat of iron oxide zinc chromate primer meeting the requirements of Federal Specification TT-P-636B.

TESTING

- 4. (a) Chemical Composition. Certified reports from the steel manufacturer must be furnished to the City upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer.
- (b) Test Specimens. Shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Specifications A-36 and A-606 Type 4.
- (c) Strength Tests. One test specimen of the metal in each order of 50 base assemblies or less shall be tested for tensile strength and elongation, in accordance with ASTM Standards.

- (d) Welding Tests. One percent (1%) of the longitudinal and circumferential welds of the base assembly shall be inspected for penetration and soundness of the welds by the magnetic particle inspection method or by radiography. If the magnetic inspection process is used, the dry method with direct current shall be employed. All transverse welds must be magnetized by the "prod" (circular magnetization) method. Longitudinal welds may be magnetized by either circular or longitudinal magnetization.
- (e) Certificate. One certified copy of the test data sheet must be furnished to the City before delivery of the bases.

PACKING

- 5. When packed for transportation and delivery as per paragraph 3(e), the base assemblies must be thoroughly blocked or otherwise protected to prevent damage to painted surfaces.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1428
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
SEPTEMBER 11, 1989**

THERMAL MAGNETIC CIRCUIT BREAKER

SUBJECT

1. This specification covers the requirements for thermal-magnetic circuit breakers capable of providing complete over-current protection for street lighting branch-load and service circuits.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

2. (a) Sample. One complete circuit breaker of each type and size, and of the manufacture intended to be furnished must be submitted upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer within fifteen (15) business days after receipt of such request. The sample(s) shall be delivered to the Division of Electrical Operations, 2451 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60608.
- (b) U.L. Approval. Circuit breakers furnished under this specification shall be listed and approved by Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc.
- (c) Applicable Specifications. Where reference is made to applicable requirements of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc., Bulletin #489, entitled "Standard for Branch Circuit and Service Circuit Breakers," hereinafter cited as the U.L. Standards, the most recently published revision will govern.
- (d) Assembly. Each circuit breaker must have the thermal-magnetic trip installed, calibrated and sealed within its insulated housing.
- (e) Instructions. Complete installation instructions, details on wiring, and information on operation shall be furnished with each circuit breaker, except as otherwise indicated.
- (f) Packing. Each circuit breaker shall be packed in a suitable manner so that it will not be damaged in shipping or handling.

TYPES AND SIZES

3. (a) EHD Frame Circuit Breakers. For use on A-C Systems with a 100-ampere frame; minimum interrupting rating of 18,000 R.M.S. symmetrical amperes at 240 volts A.C.
 1. Single pole, 240 or 480 volts A.C., ampere rating from 15 to 100.
 2. Double pole, 240 or 480 volts A.C., ampere rating from 15 to 100.
- (b) FDB Frame Circuit Breakers. For use on A-C Systems with a 150 ampere frame; minimum interrupting capacity of 18,000 R.M.S. symmetrical amperes at 240 volts A-C.
 1. Double pole, 240, 480 or 600 volts A-C, ampere rating from 15 to 150.
 2. Triple pole, 240, 480 or 600 volts A-C, ampere rating from 15 to 150.
- (c) JDB Frame Circuit Breakers. For use on A-C Systems with a 250 ampere frame; minimum interrupting current of 65,000 R.M.S. symmetrical amperes at 240 volts A-C.
 1. Double pole, 240, 480 or 600 volts A-C, ampere ratings from 70 to 250.
 2. Triple pole, 240, 480 or 600 volts A-C, ampere ratings from 70 to 250.

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

4. Circuit breakers furnished under this specification must include the following design and construction features: (1) molded insulated housing, (2) thermal-magnetic trip mechanism, (3) silver alloy contacts, (4) corrosion-resistant internal parts, (5) trip-free, indicating handle, and (6) pressure-type terminals.

DETAIL REQUIREMENTS

5. (a) Thermal-Magnetic Trip Mechanism. The breaker must be activated on current overload by means of a thermal-magnetic trip mechanism. This mechanism must be non-adjustable, non-interchangeable, and factory calibrated and sealed. Instantaneous tripping as controlled by the magnetic trip setting, and time delay tripping accomplished by thermal action must be in accordance with the manufacturer's published characteristic curves for these breakers or with calibration requirements of the U. L. Standards, as applicable.
- (b) Contact Mechanism. The contacts must be spring loaded and provide a quick-make, quick-break non-teasing action. The contact mechanism must be such that the breaker will trip open even if the handle is held or locked in the ON position.

- (c) Calibration. Rating and performance of these breakers must be based on calibration at an ambient temperature of 40° C. (104°F.).
- (d) Rated Current. Each breaker must be capable of carrying 100% rated current continuously in its calibrated ambient temperature without tripping and without exceeding the temperature limits specified in the U. L. Standards.
- (e) Contacts. The contacts must be made of a non-welding silver alloy or equivalent, subject to approval.
- (f) Internal Parts. All internal parts of these circuit breakers shall be corrosion resistant material.
- (g) Terminals. Solderless, pressure type terminals of copper construction must be provided for both line and load connections.
- (h) Handle Indication. The handle must indicate clearly whether the circuit breaker is on the ON, OFF, or TRIPPED position.
- (i) Mounting. Breakers furnished under this specification must have drilled and counterbored holes for front mounting which must conform to spacings shown on Department of Transportation Drawings numbered 883, 884, 886, and 887.
- (j) Test Requirements. These breakers must be capable of meeting the following sequence of test requirements as specified in the U. L. Standards.
 - 1. Endurance test.
 - 2. Calibration test at 200% and 125% of rated current.
 - 3. Short circuit tests
 - 4. Calibration test at 500% rated current.
 - 5. Dielectric strength test.

WARRANTY

- 6. Circuit breakers furnished under this specification shall be warranted by the manufacturer against defects in materials or workmanship for a period of one year after installation. During this period, should a failure occur, repair or replacement must be made without cost to the City.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1452
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED DECEMBER 2, 2009**

POLE: ANCHOR BASE, ALUMINUM, TAPERED TUBULAR SHAFT

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for tapered, tubular, aluminum anchor base poles. They will support street light luminaires mounted on either truss type arms or davit style arms. The poles will be served by underground cables.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The poles shall conform in detail to the requirements herein stated, and to the Specifications and Methods of Test of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number, to the requirements of the American Welding Society, of which the most recently published revisions will govern, and to the 1994 structural standards of the American Association of State Transportation and Highway Officials.
- (b) Acceptance. Poles not conforming to this specification will not be accepted. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining if the poles meet this specification.
- (c) Bidders Drawings. Bidders must submit with their bids detailed scale drawings of the mast showing actual dimensions, details, and welds. Shop drawings must be original engineering drawings created by the manufacturer. The drawings must show every dimension necessary to show how all parts will fit each other and be properly held in assembly. These drawings must also be submitted in electronic format, preferably Microstation 95, if so requested by the City.
- (d) Standard Drawings. The drawings mentioned herein are drawings of the Department of Transportation being an integral part of this specification cooperating to state necessary requirements.
- (e) Sample. If requested by the Chief Procurement Officer, one completely assembled anchor-base pole of the manufacture intended to be furnished, must be submitted for review by the Commissioner within fifteen (15) business days after receipt of notice.

- (f) Warranty. The manufacturer shall warrant the performance and construction of the light poles to meet the requirements of this specification and shall warrant all parts, components, and appurtenances against defects due to design, workmanship, or material developing within a period of three years after the light poles have been delivered. This will be interpreted particularly to mean structural or mechanical failure of any element or weld. The warranty must be furnished in writing guaranteeing material replacement including shipment, free of charge to the City. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining which replacements are to be made. The Commissioner's decision will be final.

STANDARDS

3. (a) Assembly. Each anchor base pole shall consist of an aluminum mast with handhole entry, aluminum hinged entry door, grounding nut, mast base plate, top cap for non-davit masts, bolt covers, and all necessary hardware required for complete assembly of these parts, ready for assembly, without special tools.
- (b) Interchangeability. Members of each pole type must be mutually interchangeable for assembly, so that no reworking will be required to make any member fit properly in the place of any other similar member of any other similar pole.
- (c) Design. Each pole type must conform in design and dimensions to the pertinent drawing(s) listed in Table "A".

MASTS

4. (a) Mast Size. The outside diameters of the mast of each pole type shall be as listed in drawing number 917. The mast taper will be approximately 0.14 inches per foot.
- (b) Material. The shaft must be fabricated from one length of 6063-T4 wrought aluminum alloy meeting the requirements of ASTM B221. After all welding operations are completed, the mast must be brought to a T6 temper having minimum physical characteristics of ASTM B221. The wall thickness of the shaft and the diameter of the shaft shall be as listed in drawing number 917 and as shown on the appropriate standard drawing. Material certification shall be provided from the tube manufacturer.
- (c) Fabrication. The mast must be fabricated with no longitudinal or lateral welds in the tube. The completed masts must have smooth external surfaces free from protuberances, dents, cracks or other imperfections marring their appearance. Each mast must be straight and centered on its longitudinal axis.

- (d) Base. The mast base must be a permanent mold aluminum casting conforming to the requirements for aluminum alloy 356-T6 of ASTM B-108 or ASTM B-26. The base shall be similar in shape and dimensions to that shown on the appropriate standard drawing for the specific mast. The base shall consist of a collar, flange, and any other members necessary to provide strength and reduce the concentration of anticipated stresses. The shaft must extend into the base as shown on the appropriate standard drawing and be circumferentially welded to the base casting at the top outer surface and the lower inner surface of the base. Bases must be attached to the mast so that the bearing surface of the base is at right angles to the longitudinal axis of the mast.

Non-metallic removable bolt covers which completely cover the anchor bolts and nuts must be provided. The covers must be attached with stainless steel screws or another type of non-seizing fastener, as approved by the Commissioner. The covers must enclose the anchor bolts and be secured in an approved manner.

All anchor rod openings for each pole type must have a width as listed in Table "A". Each opening must be sized to have a circumferential slot length equal to 15° of the circumference.

- (e) Cable Entry for Conventional Poles. An opening of approximately one and one quarter inches (1-1/4") in diameter, rimmed with a rubber or nylon grommet, must be furnished and installed at the point on the shaft where the clamp on the upper member of the mast arm bracket meets the pole. Certain masts may require two cable entries, depending on the order. There will be no extra compensation for the extra cable entry. This cable entry requirement does not apply to pole masts designed for davit style arms. This requirement does apply to conventional poles (Drawings 890, 938, and 939).
- (f) Option: Side Mount for Luminaire. If requested, the pole mast will be prepared for the mounting of a sidewalk-side luminaire. An opening of approximately one and one-quarter inches (1-1/4") in diameter, rimmed with a rubber or nylon grommet, must be furnished and installed at the proper height, as indicated on the appropriate standard drawing, or as directed in the order. In addition, two (2) holes must be drilled to accept two (2) rivnuts for mounting a City back plate for a mid-mount luminaire. All three (3) holes must be properly spaced and aligned to accept the City standard back plate for the appropriate mid-mount luminaire. The rivnuts (3/8-16) must be inserted in the pole. The holes must be properly aligned with the handhole.
- (g) Top of Shaft for Davit Arm. The top one foot of the mast shall be formed as shown on the appropriate standard drawing. An adapter ring may be provided if required. Two sets of holes 9/16 inches in diameter must be drilled through the mast to accommodate two bolts to attach a davit arm. The lower set (two holes) must be in line with the mast arm. The other set must be 90° apart from the other. These requirements apply to pole masts designed for davit style arms.
- (h) Provision for Ground. A tapped hole must be provided on an extension or offset, centered on the handhole door frame's interior vertical surface, to accept a 1/2"-13 bolt for a ground connection.

- (i) Entry. A vertical doorframe for reinforcing a door opening which provides access to the interior of the mast must be welded on the inside of the pole and be centered approximately 18 inches above the bottom of the base. The doorframe must be formed and welded of aluminum alloy 6063-T6 with a cross section to adequately reinforce the opening of the mast. The doorframe must be as indicated on the appropriate standard drawing. The actual door opening must be as indicated on the appropriate standard drawing and will be sized to perfectly match the door size. The vertical centerline of the entry must be at a right angle clockwise to the vertical centerline of the mast arm. An internal flange must be welded to the inside of the pole at the bottom of the door opening. This flange will be drilled to accept a bolt. The bolt will be used to attach a hinged door to the pole. An aluminum tab must be welded to the inside upper portion of the door opening. A hole must be drilled into the tab that will accept a 1/4 inch screw. The hole must be centered horizontally in the door opening and must be centered 3/8 of an inch down from the uppermost portion of the door opening. A steel spring clip must be mounted to the tab. The clip must be made to accept a 1/4"-20 machine screw.
- (j) Door. The removable door must be formed of the same aluminum as the pole. The door must fit the pole opening within a tolerance of 1/8 of an inch. The door must be flush with the pole surface in the closed position and appear as part of the original mast. The door must be attached to an internal hinge which will allow the door to open out and down. The hinge must be bolted to a flange on the inside of the pole at the bottom of the door opening, so that the door and hinge may be un-bolted and replaced if need be. The door opening must be sized according to the appropriate standard drawing. A hole must be drilled in the top of the door in alignment with the hole on the mast. A 1/4"-20 Allen head button machine screw must be provided to fasten the door to the doorframe. The screw must have a stainless steel core with a nylon threaded body. Other types of non-seizing fasteners may be considered. All doors of the same size must be interchangeable. The door and attachment method will be subject to approval by the Commissioner or his duly authorized representative.
- (k) Tag. To each pole must be attached immediately below the handhole, by mechanical means and not by adhesive, a stainless steel tag with a stamped or embossed legend which must include the pole outside diameter at the base, the overall length, and the wall thickness.
- (l) Structural Requirements. The mast shall be manufactured in accordance with AASTHO's 1994 version of the "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals". The shaft and base assembly must be designed to meet AASTHO's 1994 criteria for 80 MPH wind loading with a 30% gust factor. The poles shall be designed appropriately for Chicago street lighting applications, including mast arm and luminaires. Thirty - foot davit poles and thirty- foot conventional poles for arterial streets must also allow for banner and flower basket attachments. The pole manufacturer must provide load calculations that verify that the poles are designed properly.

TOP CAP FOR NON-DAVIT POLES

5. The top cap shall be aluminum alloy. It must have smooth surfaces, neat edges and corners and be free from fins, holes, or other casting flaws. Three stainless steel set screws not less than 1/2 inches long must be equally spaced in tapped holes around the skirt to securely hold the top in place.

VIBRATION DAMPER

6. Each pole shaft will have an internal vibration damper, if required, located at a position as shown on the appropriate standard drawing. The vibration damper must be welded or bolted to the inside of the pole shaft. If the standard drawing does not show a vibration damper none should be provided. The design of the vibration damper is subject to approval by the Commissioner or his representative.

HARDWARE

7. All the hardware necessary to complete the assembly of the pole must be furnished. All hardware will be as specified elsewhere in these specifications. Hardware not specified elsewhere must be stainless steel, or equal corrosion-resistant non-seizing metal, or a non-metallic material subject to approval by the Commissioner.

WELDING

8. (a) General. Every welded joint shall be made in conformity with the proper interpretation of the standard welding symbols of the American Welding Society as indicated on the drawings; however, each bidder must submit with his proposal a drawing showing the sizes and types of welds, must state the type of electrode, and must describe the welding methods, he proposes to use in fabricating the pole.
- (b) Testing. All welds of five percent (5%) of the poles in every lot must be inspected for penetration and soundness of the welds by radiography, or by a penetrant method. Acceptance or rejection will be governed by the same conditions as in the TESTING Section.
- (c) Certifications. Welders must have proper certification for the welding operations required. Welding by non-certified personnel will not be allowed. Certifications must be available upon request.

FINISH

9. (a) General. All completed masts shall have a brushed satin natural finish or an anodized finish, as required by the project or in the purchase order.
- (b) A natural aluminum finish requires that each mast be rotary sand finished.
- (c) An anodized finish will be either gloss black or gloss bronze. A color sample must be submitted for approval before any factory production. The anodizing process must include cleaning, etching, anodizing, and sealing the mast. The contractor must submit his anodizing process for approval before any factory production.

MAST TEST

10. (a) General. All completed masts shall be available for testing for maximum deflection and set. The masts must meet the structural requirements of Section 4(k). Unless specifically authorized in writing, all tests must be made at the works of the manufacturer. A record of every test must be made and a certified copy of the test record must be submitted to the Engineer of Electricity before the masts are shipped.
- (b) Lot. Tests for deflection of the mast must be made upon five (5%) percent of all the masts in every lot (two (2) min.). The selection of masts for testing must be random from the entire completed lot. If any of the masts in any lot fail to meet the test, an additional three (3%) percent of the masts of the same lot must be tested (two (2) min.). If any of these masts fail to meet the test requirements, the entire lot will be subject to rejection, except that the manufacturer may subject each mast in the lot to the test, and those which fulfill the requirement will be accepted. After testing, each base weld must be inspected by radiography or the penetrant method to determine that the welds have not been affected. After testing, no permanent set should be visible or apparent. The mast should appear straight.
- (c) Mast Requirements. With base rigidly anchored, a test load of 500 pounds must be applied at a point approximately eighteen inches (18") from the free end. The load must be applied at right angles to the center line of the mast and in the same vertical plane. With no failure of any component part, the deflection must not be greater than 7.5% of the pole height. After removal of the load, the deflection measurement device must be reset to zero and the test load must be reapplied. The deflection must not change from the deflection noted in the first test by more than $\pm 5\%$.

PACKAGING

11. (a) General. The poles must be shipped in twelve (12) to twenty-five (25) pole bundles. Each pole or bundle shall not be wrapped so that the poles can receive proper air circulation to prevent water stains during outdoor storage.
- (b) Bundles. The poles in each bundle must be laid base to top to form an approximately rectangular cylinder. Materials such as lumber (2" x 4" min.), non-marring banding, and other appropriate bundling materials must be used to make a rigid, long lasting, bundle capable of being handled, shipped and stored without shifting of contents or breaking. Any bundles, in which either poles or packaging is received broken, damaged or with contents shifted, will not be accepted and it will be the responsibility of the supplier to return the bundle to its original destination at no cost to the City of Chicago. The bundles should be capable of being stacked two (2) high without breaking, or shifting of the contents. Each bundle must be capable of being lifted by a fork lift truck or crane and the bundles must be shipped on a flat bed truck to facilitate unloading.
- (c) Hardware. The bolt covers and their attachment devices must be shipped with each bundle. The package must be labeled and placed in a prominent position to facilitate accessibility, and must be attached to, or within, the bundle in such a manner as to assure safe delivery. Payment will be withheld for any bundle delivered without the accompanying hardware. Pole caps must be attached at the manufacturer's facilities, or be packed separately in a manner similar to the bolt covers, and the same payment conditions will prevail. Cracked, broken or chipped parts will be considered as an incomplete delivery as regards payment.
- (d) Delivery. All poles will be delivered to the Division of Electrical Operations storage yard at 4101 South Cicero Avenue in Chicago, or to another location within the City as indicated on the order. Light pole information must include any recommendations of the manufacturer for storage.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1453
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED DECEMBER 2, 2009**

MAST ARMS: ALUMINUM, TRUSS TYPE AND DAVIT TYPE

SUBJECT

1. This specification covers the requirements for aluminum mast arms for supporting street light luminaires. The aluminum arms will be supported by aluminum light poles.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The mast arms shall conform in detail to the requirements herein stated and to the Specifications and Methods of Test of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number, and to the requirements of the American Welding Society, of which the most recently published revisions will govern.
- (b) Acceptance. Mast arms not conforming to this specification will not be accepted. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining if the arms meet this specification.
- (c) Bidders Drawings. Bidders must submit with their bids detailed scale drawings of the mast arm and bracket attachment proposed to be welded to the mast arm as the means for attaching these mast arms to poles. For davit arms, drawings must show how the davit is attached to the top of the light pole and is secured. The drawings must give every dimension necessary to show how the parts will fit each other and be properly held in assembly. These drawings must also be submitted in electronic format, preferably Microstation 95, if so requested by the City.
- (d) Drawings. The drawings mentioned herein are drawings of the Department of Transportation being an integral part of this specification cooperating to state the necessary requirements.
- (e) Sample. If requested by the Chief Procurement Officer, one complete mast arm of the manufacture intended to be furnished, must be submitted within fifteen (15) business days upon receipt of such request.

- (f) Warranty. The manufacturer shall warrant the performance and construction of the mast arms to meet the requirements of this specification and shall warrant all parts, components, and appurtenances against defects due to design, workmanship, or materials, developing within a period of three years after the mast arms have been delivered. This will be interpreted particularly to mean structural or mechanical failure of any element or weld. The warranty must be furnished in writing guaranteeing material replacement including shipment, free of charge to the City. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining which replacements are to be made. The Commissioner's decision will be final.
- (g) Structural Requirements. The arms shall be manufactured in accordance with AASTHO's 1994 version of the Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals. The arms must be designed to meet AASTHO's 1994 criteria for 80 MPH wind loading with a 30% gust factor. The arms shall be designed for Chicago street lighting applications. The arm manufacturer must provide structural calculations that verify that the arms are designed properly.

TRUSS ARM DESIGN

3. (a) Each mast arm must be a truss type fabricated of two (2) inch "standard" aluminum pipe or tube 6063-T4 alloy conforming to the requirements of ASTM B429, or ASTM B221, or other approved design. The arm must be heat treated to a T-6 temper after fabrication and welding.
- (b) Mast Arm Attachment. The mast must be attached to the pole by means of an extruded aluminum clamp with a bolting arrangement to hold the arm firmly in place. The extrusion must be aluminum alloy 6061-T6 conforming to the requirements of ASTM B221, B308, or an approved equal. The clamps shall be designed to securely fasten the mast arm to the pole so that the arm cannot be dislodged vertically or horizontally from its intended position on the pole by wind gusts, vibrations or other normally anticipated natural phenomena.
- (c) Dimensions. The truss type arm must have the dimensions indicated on Standard Drawing 943 or Standard Drawing 944 for the appropriate arm specified. Truss arms will be available in nominal horizontal lengths of 4 foot, 6 foot, 8 foot, 12 foot, and 15 foot, with either 4.5 inch or 6 inch clamps. The distance between the lower and upper members, measured between the vertical centers of the upper and lower attachment plates, must be 1'-9". With the arm attached to the pole intended to be supplied, the vertical rise from the center of the top attachment plate to the horizontal centerline of the end of the arm must be no greater than 2'-8". The horizontal axis of the free end of the upper member, when attached to the pole, must not exceed 3° above the true horizontal without the luminaire weight, nor be less than 1/2° above the true horizontal with a 35 lb. weight supported at the free end of the arm.

- (d) Mating of Members. The upper and lower members shall be mated in such a manner as to assure that they will not separate due to vibration, weather conditions such as high wind gusts, icing, etc., or any other normally anticipated stress condition.
- (e) Interchangeability. Members of each truss arm size must be mutually interchangeable for assembly, so that no reworking will be required to make any member fit properly in the place of any other similar member of any other similar arm.

DAVIT ARM DESIGN

- 4. (a) Each arm must be fabricated from either 4.5 inch diameter or 6.0 inch diameter aluminum tubing of 6063-T4 alloy. After all fabrication and welding, the arm must be heat treated to a T6 temper.
- (b) The arm must be attached to the mast by slipping the bottom of the arm tube over the top of the mast. The arm must have four (4) holes pre-drilled at its base to accommodate two (2) through bolts set 90° apart, as shown on the Standard Drawings. The bottom bolt will be in direct line with the length of the arm. The holes must match the holes in the mast so that after assembly the arm and mast appear as a single continuous unit. When bolted to the pole, the arm must not shift or become dislodged by wind gusts, vibrations, or other phenomena.
- (c) The davit arm must be dimensioned as indicated on Standard Drawing 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, or 950, for the appropriate arm specified. Davit arms must be available in nominal horizontal lengths of 8 foot, 12 foot, and 15 foot; for both 4.5 inch and 6 inch pole tops. Davit arms will be single or twin as specified. A 2 3/8 inch diameter tenon will be attached to the end of each arm. The horizontal axis of the tenon, when the arm is attached to the pole, must not exceed 3° above the true horizontal without the luminaire weight, nor be less than 1/2° above the true horizontal with a 35 lb. weight supported by the tenon.
- (d) Interchangeability. All davit arms for a 4.5 inch pole top must be interchangeable with each other. The same is required of davit arms for a 6 inch pole top.

WELDING

- 5. (a) General. Every welded joint shall be made in conformity with the proper interpretation of the standard welding symbols of the American Welding Society as indicated on the drawings; however, each bidder must submit with his proposal a drawing showing the sizes and types of welds, must state the type of electrode, and must describe the welding methods, he proposes to use in fabricating the arms.
- (b) Testing. All welds of five percent (5%) of the arms in every lot must be inspected for penetration and soundness of the welds by radiography or by penetrant inspection. Acceptance or rejection will be governed by the same conditions as in the TESTING Section.

- (c) Certifications. Welders must have proper certification for the welding operations required. Welding by non-certified personnel will not be allowed. Certifications must be made available upon request.

FINISH

- 6. (a) General. All completed arms shall have a brushed satin natural finish or an anodized finish, as required by the project or in the purchase order.
- (b) A natural aluminum finish requires that each arm be rotary sand finished.
- (c) An anodized finish will be either gloss black or gloss bronze. A color sample must be submitted for approval before any factory production. The anodizing process must include cleaning, etching, anodizing, and sealing the aluminum arm. The contractor must submit his anodizing process for approval before any factory production.

HARDWARE

- 7. All hardware furnished for attachment of mast arm to pole must be series 300 stainless steel. All hardware necessary to complete the assembly of the arm to the pole must be provided.

MAST ARM TESTS

- 8. (a) General. Five percent (5%) of the mast arms of each size in every order shall be tested for structural integrity.
- (b) Tests. The mast arms, when securely attached to a suitable and proper supporting structure, must withstand a horizontal (sideward) pulling force as indicated in Table A, and a vertical (downward) load as indicated in Table A. These loads may be applied independently. Each load must be applied at the end of the arm without any apparent permanent set, or damage to the welds joining the arm and mast arm attachment. The appropriate loading for each arm is indicated in Table A. On twin arms each arm extension must be tested.
- (c) Rejection. If the mast arms fail to meet the test, an additional three percent (3%) of the mast arms in the same lot must be tested. If any of these mast arms fail to meet the test requirements, the entire lot will be subject to rejection, except that the manufacturer may subject each mast arm in the lot to the test, and those which fulfill the requirements will be accepted.
- (d) All tests shall be certified by the manufacturer. Test documentation shall be made available to the City upon request.

PACKAGING

9. (a) General. The mast arms shall be shipped in fifty (50) to seventy five (75) mast arm bundles without any wrapping on the individual arms or the entire bundle. All wrapping is to be omitted to assure proper air circulation over and between the arms to prevent water stains during outdoor storage.
- (b) Bundles. The bundles shall consist of fifty (50) to seventy five (75) arms laid to form an approximately rectangular bundle. Materials such as lumber (2"x4"), stainless steel banding, and other appropriate bundling materials must be used to make a rigid, long lasting, bundle capable of being handled, shipped and stored without shifting of contents or breaking, subject to approval. Any bundles received broken, damaged, or with contents shifted, either the arms or the packaging, will not be accepted, and it will be the responsibility of the supplier to return the bundle to its original destination at no cost to the City of Chicago. The bundles should be capable of being stacked two (2) high without breaking, or shifting of the contents. Each bundle must be capable of being lifted by a fork lift truck or crane and the bundles must be shipped on a flat bed truck to facilitate unloading.
- (c) Hardware. The clamp backs and mounting hardware must be attached to the clamp fronts on the end of the arm, and must be shipped with each mast arm bundle. Mounting hardware for the davit arms must be packed and shipped with each davit arm bundle. Payment will be withheld for any bundle delivered without the accompanying hardware. Cracked, broken or chipped parts will be considered as an incomplete delivery as regards payment.

TABLE A

| ALUMINUM ARM | HORIZONTAL LOAD | VERTICAL LOAD | DRAWING # |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------|
| Truss 4.5"x 4' | 100# | 250# | 943 |
| Truss 4.5"x 6' | 100# | 250# | 943 |
| Truss 4.5"x 8' | 100# | 250# | 943 |
| Truss 4.5"x 12' | 100# | 250# | 943 |
| Truss 4.5"x 15' | 100# | 250# | 943 |
| Truss 6.0"x 4' | 100# | 250# | 944 |
| Truss 6.0"x 6' | 100# | 250# | 944 |
| Truss 6.0"x 8' | 100# | 250# | 944 |
| Truss 6.0"x 12' | 100# | 250# | 944 |
| Truss 6.0"x 15' | 100# | 250# | 944 |
| Davit 4.5"x 8' | 100# | 250# | 945 |
| Davit 4.5"x 12' | 100# | 200# | 946 |
| Davit 4.5"x 15' | 100# | 200# | 947 |
| Davit 6.0"x 8' | 100# | 250# | 948 |
| Davit 6.0"x 12' | 100# | 250# | 949 |
| Davit 6.0"x 15' | 100# | 250# | 950 |

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1457
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED AUGUST 3, 2006**

**CABLE: SERVICE ENTRANCE, THREE INSULATED CONDUCTORS IN ONE OVERALL
JACKET, 600 VOLT**

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for a three conductor (two power conductors and one neutral conductor) Ethylene Propylene Rubber (EPR) insulated, chlorosulfonated polyethylene (CSPE) or polyvinyl chloride (PVC) jacketed cable for installation on Commonwealth Edison service poles for the purpose of providing secondary power feeds from Commonwealth Edison to a City disconnect mounted on the pole for street lighting or traffic signal circuits.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The cable shall conform in detail to the requirements herein stated, and to the applicable portions of the specifications and methods of test of the following agencies:
 - (1) ICEA Specification S-95-658
 - (2) IEEE Standard 383
 - (3) ASTM Standard E-662-79
 - (4) ASTM Standard D-470-81
 - (5) U.L. 44
 - (6) U.L. 854
- (b) Acceptance. Cable not conforming to this specification will not be accepted.
- (c) Sample. A three (3) foot sample of the cable intended to be provided under this contract must be submitted to the Engineer of Electricity within fifteen (15) business days after receipt of such a request from the Chief Procurement Officer.
- (d) Warranty. The manufacturer shall warranty the cable to be first class material throughout. If the cable is installed within one year of the date of shipment, the manufacturer must replace any cable failing during normal and proper use within two years of installation. The cable length to be replaced will be the entire unspliced length where the fault has been located. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining if a cable has failed and should be replaced. All replacements under this warranty must be made free of charge F.O.B. delivery point of the original contract

CABLE

- 3. (a) Construction. The cable must consist of three (3) conductors separately insulated and color coded. Suitable fillers must be used to produce essentially a round cross section in the completed cable. The insulated conductors must be cabled with a suitable left hand lay in conformance with the latest revision of ICEA S-95-658. A binder tape must be used over the cabled conductor assembly and a jacket applied overall.
- (b) Sealing. The ends of each length of cable shall be sealed against the entrance of moisture.
- (c) Marking. The color of the neutral conductor must be white; that of the phase conductors must be black and red, respectively. The jacket must be black.
- (d) Each conductor shall consist of a round copper wire with a tight fitting, free stripping, concentric layer of Ethylene Propylene insulation. The cable must be rated for continuous duty at 90°C operating temperature, wet or dry, 130°C emergency overload temperature and 250°C short circuit temperature.

CONDUCTOR

- 4. (a) Material. The conductor shall either be soft or annealed round copper wire, tin coated.
- (b) Specifications. The conductor must meet the requirements of ASTM B3, and B8 for stranded Class B copper.
- (c) Size. The conductor size shall be as stated in the proposal or on the plans.

INSULATION

- 5. (a) Type. The insulation must be Ethylene Propylene compound meeting the physical and electrical requirements specified herein.
- (b) Thickness. The insulation must be circular in cross-section, concentric to the conductor, and must have an average thickness not less than 30 mils (.030") for #14 AWG, 55 mils (.055") for #4 AWG, 65 mils (.065") for #2 AWG, 80 mils (.080") for #1/0 AWG, 80 mils (.080") for #2/0 AWG ,and a spot thickness not less than ninety percent (90%) of the average thickness.
- (c) Initial Physical Requirements:
 - (1) Tensile Strength, min., psi. 1200
 - (2) Elongation at Rupture, min. % 250

- (d) Air Oven Exposure Test. After conditioning in an air oven at $121 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ for 168 hours using methods of test described in ASTM-D 573:
- | | | |
|-----|--|----|
| (1) | Tensile strength, min% of unaged value | 75 |
| (2) | Elongation, min % of unaged value at rupture | 75 |
- (e) Mechanical Water Absorption:
- (1) Gravimetric Method: After 168 hours in water at $70 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$:
- | | | |
|--|---|-----|
| | Water absorption, maximum (Mg. per sq. in) | 5.0 |
|--|---|-----|
- (f) Cold Bend Test Requirements. The completed cable must pass the "Cold-Bend, Long-Time Voltage Test on Short Specimens" of ASTM D-470 except that the test temperature must be minus (-) 25°C .
- (g) Electrical Requirements.
- (1) Voltage Test. The completed cable must meet an A.C. and D.C. voltage test in accordance with ASTM- D-470 and D-2655.
- (2) Insulation Resistance. The completed cable must have an insulation resistance constant of not less than 20,000 when tested in accordance with methods shown in ASTM D-470.

JACKET

6. (a) Type. The jacket shall be either a chlorosulfonated polyethylene (CSPE) or a polyvinylchloride (PVC) compound meeting the physical and electrical requirements specified herein. CSPE must meet the environmental requirements of CFR Title 40, Part 261 for leachable lead content.
- (b) Thickness. The jacket must be circular in cross-section, concentric with the insulation, must have an average thickness not less than 45 mils (.045") for #14 AWG, 80 mils (.080") for #2 and #4 AWG, and not less than 95 mils (.095") for #1/0 and #2/0 AWG, and a spot thickness not less than ninety percent (90%) of the average thickness.
- (c) Initial Physical Requirements:
- | | | |
|-----|--|------|
| (1) | Tensile strength minimum PSI..... | 1800 |
| (2) | Elongation at rupture, minimum percent | 300 |

- (d) Air Oven Exposure Test. After conditioning in an air oven at $121 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ for 168 hours:
- (1) Tensile strength, minimum percent of unaged value 75
 - (2) Elongation at rupture, minimum percent of unaged value 60
- (e) Mechanical Water Absorbtion. After 168 hours at $70 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$:
- (1) Milligrams per square inch, maximum 20

TESTING

7. (a) General. Tests shall be performed on insulation, jacket and completed cables in accordance with the applicable standards as listed in these specifications. Included in these tests will be a 70,000 BTU per hour flame test in accordance with IEEE 383. Where standards are at variance with each other or with other portions of this specification, the most stringent requirements, as determined by an engineer from the Division of Engineering, will apply. All tests shall be conducted on cable produced for this order.
- (b) Number of Tests. Insulation and jacket tests shall be conducted on samples taken every 5,000 feet or fraction thereof of each conductor size. In no case must less than two (2) samples be taken. Approximately five percent (5%) of the cable must be tested. Where the cable fails to conform to any of the tests specified herein, samples must be taken from each reel and must successfully conform to all tests specified herein. Reels from which samples fail to conform, will be rejected.
- (c) Test Reports. No cable may be shipped until certified copies of all factory tests have been reviewed and approved by the engineer.

PACKAGING

8. (a) Cable Marking. The cable must be identified by a permanently inscribed legend in white lettering as follows:
- 3/C - No. (conductor size)AWG-600V-90°C-EPR/CSPE or EPR/PVC-
manufacturer's name- month/year of manufacture

The legend must be repeated at approximately eighteen (18) inch intervals on the outside surface of the cable parallel to the longitudinal axis of the conductor.

- (b) Reels. The completed cable shall be delivered on sound substantial, non-returnable reels. Both ends of each length of cable must be properly sealed against the entrance of moisture and other foreign matter by the use of clamp-on cable caps. The ends must be securely fastened so as not to become loose in transit. Before shipment, all reels must be wrapped with cardboard or other approved wrapping.
- (c) Footage. Each reel must contain 1,000 foot of cable for either #4 AWG or #2 AWG and 500 feet of cable for #1/0 AWG or #2/0 AWG. A tolerance limit of plus or minus ten percent ($\pm 10\%$) shall be adhered to.
- (d) Reel Marking. A metal tag must be securely attached to each reel indicating the reel number, contract number, date of shipment, gross and tare weights, description of the cable and the total footage. Directions for unrolling the cable must be placed on the reel with an approved permanent marking material such as oil-based paint or a securely attached metal tag.

TABLE 1 - THREE CONDUCTOR SERVICE ENTRANCE CABLE

| Size (AWG) | Overall Diameter (mils) | No. Of Strands | Test Volts (KV) | Footage per Reel | Insulation (mils) | Jacket (mils) |
|------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 4 | 950 | 7 | 4.5 | 1000 | 55 | 80 |
| 2 | 1100 | 7 | 4.5 | 1000 | 65 | 80 |
| 1/0 | 1400 | 19 | 5.5 | 500 | 80 | 95 |
| 2/0 | 1800 | 19 | 5.5 | 500 | 80 | 95 |

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1458
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED JULY 10, 2006**

ELECTRICAL MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS 24 INCH AND 30 INCH DIAMETER

SCOPE

1. This specification describes the requirements for both 24 inch and 30 inch round frames and covers. These frames and covers will be used for electrical manholes and handholes and will provide access to the interior of the manholes and handholes. The 24 inch frames and covers will be used in parkway and sidewalk areas. The 30 inch frames and covers will be used in streets and in driveways and will provide sufficient strength to withstand normal traffic conditions.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

2. (a) Conformance. The manhole frames and covers shall conform with every detail of the requirements herein stated and to the specifications and methods of test of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number in which the most recently published revision will govern.
- (b) Acceptance. Frames and covers not conforming to this specification will not be accepted. The Commissioner of Transportation will have the final say as to whether or not the frames and covers meet specifications.
- (c) Drawings. The drawings mentioned herein are drawings of the Department of Transportation, Division of Engineering, and must be interpreted as part of these specifications.
- (d) Sample. Upon request, one complete manhole frame and cover of the manufacture intended to be furnished must be submitted within fifteen (15) business days after receipt of such a request from the Chief Procurement Officer. The samples must be delivered to the Division of Electrical Operations, 4101 South Cicero Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.
- (e) Warranty. The manufacturer shall warrant that the frames and covers meet the specifications and warrant the frames and covers for a period of one (1) year from the date of delivery against defects which may occur during that period from normal and customary use. Any frame or cover which fails during this period must be replaced by the manufacturer at no cost to the City.

DESIGN

3. (a) The frames and covers shall each conform in detail to the designs shown on Drawings 872, 874 and 10927.
- (b) Each frame and cover shall weigh approximately as shown on the drawings.
- (c) Machining. The bearing surfaces of both the cover and the frame shall be machine finished as indicated on the drawings.
- (d) Workmanship. The frames and covers must be mutually interchangeable size for size, so that each lid will fit every frame neatly without jamming and with only such clearance as the drawings indicate. In addition, 24" & 30" covers must fit existing 24" & 30" frames, as shown on drawings 872, 874 and 10927. The castings shall be neat, true to pattern and free from cracks and casting flaws. No welding of defective castings will be permitted nor must the castings be painted.
- (e) Material. The frames and covers must be made of Class 30 Cast Iron described in the specifications for Gray Iron Castings of ASTM A48. No plugging of defective castings will be permitted.

TESTS

4. (a) Test bars of the metal used for the castings shall be made and tested for tensile and transverse strength in accordance with ASTM A48. The metal must be tested at the works of the manufacturer. The manufacturer must furnish a certified copy of all test data sheets to the City prior to delivery of the castings. Frames and covers shall each be considered a separate casting for determining the requirement of testing.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1465
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED JULY 12, 2006**

GROUND RODS

SUBJECT

1. This specification states requirements for ground rods and clamps to be used for ground electrodes in street lighting, traffic signal, and miscellaneous electrical circuits.

GENERAL

2. (a) Ground rods must be copper clad, steel rods suitable for driving into the ground without deformation of the rod or scoring, separation or other deterioration of the copper cladding.
- (b) Sample. If requested by the Chief Procurement Officer, the contractor must furnish one sample of the ground rod proposed to be furnished within fifteen (15) business days from receipt of such request. The sample ground rod must be delivered to the Division of Electrical Operations, 2451 S. Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60608.
- (c) Warranty. The manufacturer shall warrant every ground rod against defects due to design, workmanship, or material developing within a period of one (1) year after the ground rod has been accepted. Any ground rod which fails during this period must be replaced by the contractor without expense to the City. The Commissioner of Transportation or his duly authorized representative will be the sole judge in determining which replacements are to be made.
- (d) The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining whether the submitted ground rods meet the requirements of this specification. Ground rods not accepted must be removed at the sole expense of the contractor.

DESIGN

3. (a) The ground rods and couplings must meet the latest requirements of (National Electrical Manufacturer's Association) NEMA Standard GR-1, for copper bonded ground rod electrodes and couplings. The ground rods must also meet the requirements of (Underwriter's Laboratories) UL 467.
- (b) Ground rods shall be made of steel core suitable for driving into the earth without deformation.

- (c) A uniform covering of electrolytic copper, 10 mils in thickness, shall be metallurgically bonded to the steel core to provide a corrosion resistant, inseparable bond between the steel core and the copper overlay.
- (d) The finished rod must be of uniform cross-section; straight, and free of nicks, cuts or protuberances.
- (e) The rod must be pointed at one end and chamfered at the other.
- (f) All ground rods must be three-quarter inches (3/4") in diameter. The length shall be as specified in the order or in the plans. The length and diameter of the rod and the manufacturer must be clearly and permanently marked near the top of the rod (chamfered end).
- (g) All ground rods must have a ground clamp capable of accommodating a No. 6 AWG Copper Wire.

PACKING

- 4. (a) Ground rods must be packed in bundles with reinforced tape or plastic banding that will not damage the rods. Small bundles may then be bound in larger bundles held together with steel banding.
- (b) Ground clamps must be packed in a suitable carton. The carton must be labeled to indicate the contents.

**SPECIFICATION 1467
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
MAY 12, 1993**

ROD: ANCHOR, STEEL, WITH HARDWARE

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for steel anchor rods with hardware for street light pole foundations.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The anchor rods shall conform in detail to the requirements herein stated, and to the specifications of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number, of which the most recently published revision will govern.
- (b) Drawing. The drawings mentioned herein are issued by the Department of Transportation, Division of Engineering, and are an integral part of this specification.

ANCHOR ROD

3. (a) Fabrication. Each anchor rod must be fabricated in conformity with City of Chicago drawings numbered 806, 811, 830 and 844.
- (b) Material. The rods must be fabricated from cold rolled carbon steel bar meeting the requirements of ASTM Specification A-36, except that the Specification must be modified to provide a minimum yield point of 55,000 psi (379 MPa).
- (c) Thread. The straight end of each rod must be threaded as shown on City of Chicago drawing for that size rod, and must be American Standard, National Coarse.

HARDWARE

4. Hardware furnished with the anchor rod shall be as shown on the applicable drawing. It must include two (2) hexagonal nuts, American Standard Regular, two (2) flat washers, type B, series W, and one (1) lock washer, steel, helical spring. The nuts must have a Class 2 or 3 fit.

FINISH

5. (a) Galvanizing. The threaded end of each rod must be hot dipped galvanized for the distance shown on the applicable drawing. The thickness of the galvanized coating must not be less than 0.0021 inches. Each hexagonal nut and washer must be galvanized to the minimum thickness required by ASTM A-153, Class C, or ASTM B-454, Class 50. After galvanization, each anchor rod and nut must have a mating fit equivalent to the American Standard Class 2 or 3 fit for nuts and bolts.
- (b) Rust Inhibitor. With the hardware in place on the end of the bolt, the galvanized portion of the bolt must be coated with heavy No-Ox-Id or equal rust inhibiting greasy compound.

TESTS

6. At the discretion of the Commissioner, anchor rods and hardware furnished under this specification will be subject to testing to determine compliance with the materials physical requirements.

INSPECTION

7. Final inspection must be made at point of delivery. Any anchor rods and hardware rejected must be removed by the Contractor at his sole expense.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1497
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED SEPTEMBER 25, 2006**

ARTERIAL STREET LIGHTING CONTROLLER

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for an arterial street lighting controller and aluminum cabinet for use in controlling arterial street lighting circuits. The cabinet shall be mounted on top of a ballast base housing, which will be affixed to a concrete foundation.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The controller shall conform in detail to the requirements herein stated, to the Federal Standard cited by number, and to the specifications and methods of test of the American Society for Testing and Materials, cited by ASTM Designation Number, in which the most recently published revision will govern. Cabinets must meet or exceed the requirements of a NEMA rating 3R and must be U.L. listed.
- (b) Acceptance. Controllers and cabinets not conforming to this specification will not be accepted.
- (c) Drawings. The drawings mentioned herein are drawings of the Department of Transportation, Division of Engineering, and must be interpreted as part of these specifications cooperating to state necessary requirements.
- (d) Sample. One complete controller in cabinet of the manufacture intended to be furnished must be submitted upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer within fifteen (15) business days after receipt of such a request. The sample must be delivered to the attention of the Division of Electrical Operations, 2451 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60608.
- (e) Warranty. The manufacturer shall warranty the controller and cabinet against flaws in material or workmanship for a period of two (2) years from the date of delivery. Any controller or cabinet developing flaws within this period must be replaced by the manufacturer, including shipment, at no cost to the City.

DESIGN

3. (a) Drawings. The control cabinet must conform in detail to requirements shown on Drawing 876 for a 100 Amp application and to Drawing 880 for a 200 Amp application.
- (b) Material. The cabinet and the door assembly must be constructed of 5052-H32 sheet aluminum alloy, with a minimum thickness of .125 inches. The base plate must be sheet aluminum of .250 inch thickness. All electrical components and wiring must be as shown on the appropriate drawings.
- (c) Dimensions. The overall outside dimensions of the 100 amp control cabinet must be 36 inches in height by 20 inches in width by 15 inches in depth. The overall outside dimensions of the 200 amp control cabinet must be 41 inches in height by 25 inches in width by 16 inches in depth. Cabinets must have sloped tops to shed water.

CABINET REQUIREMENTS

4. (a) Cabinet. The cabinet must be sized as shown on either Drawing 876 or Drawing 880, depending on the controller amp rating. The cabinet door opening must be double flanged on all four (4) sides. A door restraint must be provided to prevent the door from moving in windy conditions.
- (b) Door. The door size must be a minimum of 80% of the front surface area. The door must be hinged on the right side when facing the cabinet. The door must have a gasket that meets the requirements found in U.L.508 Table 21.1. The gasket must form a weather-tight seal between the cabinet and the door. The door, when closed, must be flush with the cabinet.
- (c) Hinges. Hinges must be continuous and bolted to the cabinet and door with 1/4-20 stainless steel carriage bolts and nylock nuts. Hinges must be made of .093 inch thick aluminum. The hinge leaves must not be exposed externally when the door is closed. Only the hinge knuckles must be visible upon closing the door. The hinge pin must be .250 inch diameter stainless steel and must be capped top and bottom by weld to render it tamper-proof.
- (d) Latching. The latching mechanism must be a three-point draw roller type. The pushrods must be aluminum. The rollers must be nylon with a minimum diameter of .875 inches. The center catch must be .187 inch aluminum, minimum.
- (e) Handle. The handle must be stainless steel with a .750 inch diameter shank. The handle must have provision for a padlock. The lock must be keyed dead bolt #200725 or equivalent. Two (2) keys must be provided for each cabinet.

- (f) Ventilation. Louvered vents must be provided in the door. Louvers must satisfy the NEMA rod entry test for 3R enclosures. A removable filter must cover the louvers from inside the door. The filter must be held firmly in place with top and bottom brackets and a springloaded clamp. Exhaust air must be vented out between the top of the cabinet and the door. The exhaust area must be screened with openings of .12 inch by 1.0 inch.
- (g) Equipment Mounts. The cabinet must be equipped with two (2) adjustable AC channels on both side walls and on the back wall. The internal dimensions of the channels must be 1.075 inches high by .625 inches wide. All mounting hardware must be furnished.
- (h) Workmanship. All control cabinets must be free of flaws, and must have neat, smooth exterior surfaces. All holes must be accurately located and drilled. All welds must be neatly formed and free of cracks, blow holes, or other irregularities. All inside and outside edges must be free of burrs.
- (i) Painting. The cabinet, door and other parts must be treated by an iron phosphate conversion technique. After which, all the parts must be baked dry. A polyester powder coat must then be applied. The inside of the cabinet and door must be white. The outside of the cabinet and door must be green meeting No. 14110 of Federal standard Number 595, or a gloss black, or another color as specified. A paint chip must be provided upon request.

PANEL

- 5. (a) The panel must be composed of phenolic plastic ½ inch in thickness, or an approved equal. It must be securely bolted to the cabinet using stainless steel hardware.
- (b) The panel will be sized, cut, and drilled as shown on the appropriate standard drawing. For a 100 amp – 2 pole controller, the panel must comply with Drawing 883. For a 200 amp – 2 pole controller, the panel must comply with Drawing 884. For a 100 amp – 3 pole controller, the panel must comply with Drawing 887. For a 200 amp – 3 pole controller, the panel must comply with Drawing 886. If alternate components are proposed, the panels must be sized accordingly.

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

- 6. (a) All components will be as indicated on the appropriate drawing, or will be approved equals. Circuit breakers must have thermal magnetic trips. Each breaker must be enclosed in a hard insulated housing. All breakers must be UL listed. The photo-cell relay, if required, must meet City specifications.
- (b) Wiring will be as indicated on the appropriate drawing. All wire will have stranded copper conductors, unless indicated otherwise. All wires must be insulated with an approved 125° Centigrade insulation.

- (c) For a 3-wire, 1-phase, 240 volt ComEd input, components and wiring will be as indicated on Standard Drawing 862 (for either 100 amp or 200 amp service). For a 2-wire, 240 volt ComEd input, components and wiring will be as indicated on Standard Drawing 863 (for 100 amp service only). For a 4-wire, 3-phase, 120/208 volt ComEd input, components and wiring will be as indicated on Standard Drawing 864 (for either 100 amp or 200 amp service).

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1526
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED APRIL 8, 2011**

HELIX FOUNDATIONS

SUBJECT

1. This specification covers the requirements for steel helix foundations. These foundations may be used to support street light poles for both residential and arterial streets. They may also be used to support steel or aluminum posts. They may not be used for any combination poles that support both street lighting and traffic signals, or any traffic signal poles that support monotube arms.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The foundations must conform in detail to the requirements herein stated and to the specifications and methods of test of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number of which the most recently published revision will govern.
- (b) Acceptance. Foundations not conforming to this specification will not be accepted.
- (c) Drawings. The drawings mentioned herein are drawings of the Department of Transportation. They are integral parts of this specification cooperating to state necessary requirements.
- (d) Bidders Drawings. Bidders must submit with their bids detailed scale drawings of the foundations showing actual dimensions, details, and welds. Shop drawings must be original engineering drawings created by the manufacturer. The drawings must give every dimension necessary to show how the foundation will function and how the pole or post will be mounted. These drawings must be submitted in electronic format, preferably Microstation 95, if so requested by the City.
- (e) Sample. One complete foundation of each size and of the manufacture intended to be furnished must be submitted within fifteen (15) business days upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer.

- (f) Warranty. The manufacturer must warrant the performance and construction of the foundations to meet the requirements of this Specification and must warrant all parts, components, and appurtenances against defects due to design, workmanship, or material developing within a period of three years after the foundations have been delivered. This will be interpreted particularly to mean structural or mechanical failure of any element or weld, or failure of any portion of the galvanizing system. The warranty must be furnished in writing guaranteeing material replacement including shipment, free of charge to the City. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining which replacements are to be made and the Commissioner's decision will be final.

DESIGN

3. (a) Material. Steel must meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM A36. The shaft may be ASTM A53 Grade B, ASTM A252 Grade 2 or ASTM A36.
- (b) Dimensions. Each foundation must be dimensioned as shown on Standard drawing 936. There are three types of foundations; a five foot foundation with a 13 inch bolt circle for three anchor bolts, a five foot foundation with a ten inch bolt circle for four anchor bolts, and a seven foot foundation with a ten to fifteen inch bolt circle for four anchor bolts.
- (c) Construction. Each foundation must have a shaft .250 inches thick with an inside diameter of 8 inches. The base plate must be 1 inch thick. The shaft must extend 1 inch into the base plate and be circumferentially welded top and bottom. The base plate must be even and flat on top with no sharp edges. The top of the base plate must be clearly and permanently marked to indicate the cableway orientation. The helix screw plate must be fabricated from a 3/8 inch thick 14 inch diameter circle of steel formed to a 3 inch pitch. The pilot point must extend 9 inches below the screw plate. The leading end of the pilot must be rounded, diamond shape, or chisel shaped. The pilot point must be welded concentric with the axis of the foundation. The cableways must be 3 inches wide by 18 inches long and be located as indicated on Standard Drawing 936. There must be no sharp edges on the cableway openings.

After fabrication, the complete foundation must be hot dipped galvanized in accordance with the provisions of ASTM A123, Grade B. This requires a zinc coating equal to 2 ounces per square foot. Touch up of small areas using a cold zinc rich coating or a cold galvanized coating is not permitted.

(d) Cable Anti-Theft Device.

A cable clamping mechanism for two separate conductors must be provided that can be used with the helix foundation, without any modifications to the helix foundation. The clamping device shall be constructed so that the cables can only be clamped or un-clamped when the pole is not in place. When the pole is in place the clamping mechanism shall not be accessible. The clamping device can only be installed after the cable is pulled and before the pole is set. When installed, the device and clamping mechanism shall have a great enough strength that when a pulling force is applied to the cable, the cable will break at the clamping device before the cable will slip through the device or the device is damaged or compromised.

The device shall be constructed of A36 steel. All fasteners shall be stainless steel. Any proposed clamping device must be reviewed and approved by the City.

WELDING

4. (a) Standards. Every weld must be made in conformity with the American Welding Society. Each bidder must submit with his proposal a drawing showing the sizes and types of welds, must state the type of electrode, and must describe the welding methods he proposes to employ in fabricating the foundations.
- (b) Testing. The welds must be inspected for penetration and soundness by the magnetic particle inspection method or by radiography. If the magnetic inspection process is used, the dry method with direct current must be employed.

TESTING

5. (a) The foundations must be capable of withstanding 10000 foot-pounds of torque applied about the main axis.
- (b) The manufacturer must certify the type of steel used to form the foundations.
- (c) The manufacturer must certify that the welds have been properly tested. Ten percent of the lot must be tested for proper welds. Failure of any weld test on any one foundation will cause that foundation to be rejected. The City has the option to then demand that every foundation in the lot be tested.

PACKAGING

6. (a) General. The foundations must be packaged so as not to incur any damage during shipping and unloading. Materials such as lumber (2"x4" min.), non-marring banding, and other appropriate bundling materials must be used to make a rigid, long lasting, bundle capable of being handled, shipped and stored without shifting or breaking of the contents. Each bundle must be capable of being lifted by a fork lift truck and the bundles must be shipped in a flat bed truck to facilitate unloading.
- (b) All foundations will be delivered to the Division of Electrical Operations storage yard at 4101 South Cicero Avenue in Chicago, or to another location within the City as indicated on the order.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1528
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED MAY 1, 2004**

PRECAST CONCRETE STRUCTURES

SUBJECT

1. This specification covers the requirements for precast concrete structures to be used as City of Chicago electrical facilities. The structures will include manholes, handholes, and street light pole foundations.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The precast structures must conform in detail to the requirements herein stated and to the Specifications and Methods of test of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number of which the most recently published revision will govern.
- (b) Acceptance. Precast structures not conforming to this specification will not be accepted. The Commissioner of Transportation or his representative will be the sole judge in determining if the precast structures meet this specification. The Commissioner's decision will be final.
- (c) Drawings. The drawings mentioned herein are drawings of the Department of Transportation. They are integral parts of this specification cooperating to state necessary requirements.
- (d) Bidders Drawings. Bidders must submit with their bids detailed scale drawings of the precast structures showing actual dimensions and details. Shop drawings must be original engineering drawings created by the manufacturer. The drawings must give every dimension necessary and show how the structure is assembled.
- (e) Sample. One complete precast structure of each item must be submitted within fifteen (15) business days upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer.
- (f) Warranty. The manufacturer must warrant the performance and construction of the precast structures to meet the requirements of this specification and must warrant all parts, components, and appurtenances against defects due to design, workmanship, or material developing within a period of one (1) year after the precast structures have been delivered. This will be interpreted particularly to mean structural failure of any element. The warranty must be furnished in writing guaranteeing material replacement including shipment, free of charge to the City. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining which replacements are to be made. The Commissioner's decision will be final.

DESIGN

3. (a) **Material.** Concrete must be Portland cement concrete, Class SI or PC, meeting current IDOT specifications. Pulling irons in manholes must meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM A36 steel. Pulling irons must be hot dipped galvanized. Steel reinforcing bars must meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM A615, Grade 60. Cable supports in manholes, including stanchions and racks, must be manufactured for that specific purpose. Stanchions must be non-metallic and must be capable of accommodating several different sizes of cable hooks at various elevations. A minimum of eight cable hooks, 4 inches in length, must be provided with each manhole, and should include any hardware necessary to affix the hooks to the racks. Cable hooks for handholes must be manufactured for that specific purpose. Cable hooks for handholes must be a minimum of 3 inches in length and 3 inches in depth. Anchor rods in foundations must meet the latest Electrical Material Specification 1467. Conduit elbows in foundations must meet the latest Electrical Material Specification 1462.

Foundations must include conduit elbows, anchor rods, washers, and nuts. Handholes must include cable hooks. Manholes must include cable racks, pulling irons, and cable hooks. Frames and covers, sump grates, clay tile, and ground rods are not included under this specification.

- (b) **Dimensions.** Each manhole, handhole, and foundation must be dimensioned as shown on the appropriate standard drawing. The 30 inch diameter handhole is Standard Drawing 867. The 36 inch diameter handhole for 24 inch frame and cover is Standard Drawing 866. The 36 inch diameter for 30 inch for frame and cover is Standard Drawing 871. The 3 foot by 4 foot by 4 foot manhole for a 24 inch diameter frame and cover is Standard Drawing 730. The 3 foot by 4 foot by 4 foot manhole for 30 inch frame and cover is Standard Drawing 729. The 4 foot by 6 foot by 6 foot manhole for 24 inch frame and cover is Standard Drawing 732. The four foot by 6 foot by 6 foot manhole for 30 inch frame and cover is Standard Drawing 733. The 5 foot 4 inch by 7 foot 4 inch manhole roof is Standard Drawing 733. The precast 5 foot foundation is Standard Drawing 565.
- (c) **Construction.** Each manhole and each handhole must have lifting anchors cast in the concrete to facilitate shipment and installation. If the manhole or handhole is in more than one piece, instructions for assembly must be provided. Also, a sufficient amount of bonding agent must be provided. The bonding agent must be approved material.

DELIVERY

4. All manholes, handholes, and foundations will be delivered to the Division of Electrical Operations storage yard at 4101 South Cicero Avenue in Chicago, or to another location within the City as indicated on the order. Any manhole, handhole, or foundation deemed to be defective by the Commissioner or his representative must be removed and replaced at no cost to the City. The Commissioner's decision will be final.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1533
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
AUGUST 8, 2006**

NON-METALLIC CONDUIT

SCOPE

1. This specification states the requirements for both rigid and coilable non-metallic conduit. The conduit will be used for low voltage (600 volt rated cables) electrical street lighting and traffic control systems. It may also be used for fiber-optic communications cables. This conduit will be installed underground. Rigid non-metallic conduit may be installed on structure.

GENERAL

2. (a) Standards. The following standards are referenced herein.

ASTM – American Society for Testing and Materials
NEC – National Electrical Code
NEMA – National Electrical Manufacturer's Association
UL – Underwriter's Laboratories

- (b) Warranty. The manufacturer must warrant the conduit against defective workmanship and material for a period of one year from date of installation or date of delivery. Any conduit that is found to be defective must be replaced without cost to the City.
- (c) Sample. If requested by the Chief Procurement Officer, a sample of the conduit intended to be furnished under this specification, must be submitted to the Engineer of Electricity within fifteen (15) business days upon receipt of such request.

MATERIAL

3. (a) Rigid non-metallic conduit will be made of polyvinyl chloride (PVC). All conduit and fittings must comply with ASTM D 1784 and with the applicable sections of NEMA TC2, UL standard 651, and NEC Article 347. Fittings must meet the standards of NEMA TC3 and TC6, as well as UL 514.
- (b) Coilable non-metallic conduit will be made of high density polyethylene (HDPE). All conduit must comply with ASTM D3485, ASTM D 1248, and NEMA TC7.

SIZES

4. (a) PVC and HDPE will come in two wall thicknesses; schedule 40 and schedule 80.
- (b) PVC will come in ten foot sections. HDPE will come on reels.
- (c) Nominal inside diameters (in inches) for non-metallic conduits will include the following: $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, 1, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, 3, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$, 4.

PACKING

5. Rigid conduit must be shipped in bundles. Coilable conduit must come on wooden reels. Both bundles and reels must be tagged to indicate the size and diameter of the conduit, the quantity in feet, the weight, and the manufacturer's name. The conduit itself must be marked to indicate the type and size, as well as the manufacturer.

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1534
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
SEPTEMBER 25, 2006**

CABLE: SINGLE-CONDUCTOR, COPPER 600 VOLT

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for cables intended to be used as conductors in 120/240 VAC, 60 cycle, single phase, street lighting circuits. The cables will be installed in underground ducts or conduit.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The cable must conform in detail to the requirements herein stated, and to the applicable portions of the latest revisions of the specifications and methods of test of the following agencies:
 - (1) ICEA Specification S-95-658
 - (2) IEEE Standard 383
 - (3) ASTM Standard E662-06
 - (4) ASTM Standard D470-05
 - (5) U.L. 44
 - (6) U.L. 854
- (b) Acceptance. Cable not in accordance with this specification will not be accepted.
- (c) Sample. If requested by the Chief Procurement Officer, a three (3) foot sample of the cable intended to be provided under this specification must be sent to the attention of the Engineer of Electricity within fifteen (15) days of receipt of such request.
- (d) Warranty. The manufacturer must warrant the cable to be first class material throughout. In lieu of other claims against them, if the cables are installed within twelve (12) months of date of shipment, the manufacturer must replace any cable failing during normal and proper use within two years of date of installation. All replacements under this warranty must be made free of charge F.O.B. delivery point of the original contract.

CONSTRUCTION

- 3. This cable must consist of a round copper conductor with a tight fitting, free stripping, concentric layer of ethylene propylene (EPR) insulation and a concentric low lead chlorosulfonated polyethylene (CSPE) jacket extruded in tandem with, and bonded to, the insulation, or ethylene propylene (EPR) insulation only. The cable must be rated for continuous duty in wet or dry conditions at 90° C operating temperature, 130° C emergency overload temperature and 250° C short circuit temperature.

CONDUCTOR

- 4. (a) Material. The conductor must either be soft or annealed round copper wire.
- (b) Specifications. The conductor must meet the requirements of ASTM B3, B8 or B258, as applicable.
- (c) Sizes. The conductor size must be as stated in the PROPOSAL and in accordance with all requirements in Table A of this specification.
- (d) Stranding. The number of strands, must be as indicted in Table A. Stranding must meet the requirements of ASTM B8, Class B.

INSULATION

- 5. (a) Type. The insulation must be ethylene propylene rubber compound meeting the physical and electrical requirements specified herein.
- (b) Thickness. The insulation must be circular in cross-section, concentric to the conductor, and must have an average thickness not less than that set forth in Table A of this specification, and a spot thickness not less than ninety percent (90%) of the average thickness.
- (c) Initial Physical Requirements:
 - 1. Tensile strength, min., psi. 1,200
 - 2. Elongation at rupture, min. % 250
- (d) Air Oven Exposure Test. After conditioning in an air oven at 121 +/- 1°C for 168 hours using methods of test described in ASTM-D 573:

Tensile strength, minimum percent of unaged value.....75
Elongation at rupture, minimum percent of unaged value.....75
- (e) Mechanical Water Absorption:

GRAVIMETRIC METHOD: After 168 hours in water at 70+/- 1°C:
water absorption, maximum, milligrams per square inch.....5

- (f) Cold Bend Test Requirements. The completed cable must pass the "Cold-Bend, Long-Time Voltage Test on Short Specimens" of ASTM D-470 except that the test temperature must be minus (-) 25°C.
- (g) Electrical Requirements
 - 1. Voltage Test. The completed cable must meet an A.C. and D.C. voltage test in accordance with ASTM D-470 and D-2655.
 - 2. Insulation Resistance. The completed cable must have an insulation resistance constant of not less than 20,000 when tested in accordance with methods shown in ASTM D-470.

JACKET

- 6. (a) Type. If the cable is jacketed, the jacket must be a chlorosulfonated polyethylene (CSPE) compound meeting the physical and electrical requirements specified herein. The CSPE jacket must meet CFR Title 40, Part 261, for leachable lead.
- (b) Thickness. The jacket must be circular in cross-section, concentric with the insulation, must have an average thickness not less than that set forth in Table A of this specification and a spot thickness not less than ninety percent (90%) of the average thickness.
- (c) Initial Physical Requirements:
 - 1. Tensile strength minimum PSI 1800
 - 2. Elongation at rupture, minimum percent 300
- (d) Air Oven Exposure Test. After conditioning in an air oven at 121 +/- 1°C for 168 hours:
 - 1. Tensile strength, minimum percent of unaged value 752.
Elongation at rupture, minimum percent of unaged value 60
- (e) Mechanical Water Absorption. After 168 hours at 70 +/- 1°C:
 - 1. Milligrams per square inch, maximum 20

TESTING

7. (a) General. Tests must be performed on insulation, jacket and completed cables in accordance with applicable standards as listed in these specifications. Where standards are at variance with each other or with other portions of this specification, the most stringent requirements, as determined by an engineer from the City, will apply. All tests must be conducted on cable produced for this order. Where cable insulation and/or jacket thickness preclude obtaining samples of sufficient size for testing, special arrangements must be made with the engineer to obtain samples of unprocessed materials directly from the extrusion feed bins which will be separately processed and prepared for tests.
- (b) Number Of Tests. Insulation and jacket tests must be conducted on samples taken every 25,000 feet or fraction thereof of each conductor size. In no case must samples be taken closer than 15,000 feet apart.
- (c) Flame Tests. Included in the tests will be a 70,000 BTU per hour flame test in accordance with IEEE 383. Reels to be tested will be selected at random.
- (d) Test Reports. No cable may be shipped until certified copies of all factory tests have been reviewed and approved by the engineer.
- (d) Acceptance. Samples must be taken from each reel and must successfully conform to all tests specified herein. Reels from which samples fail to conform, will be rejected.

PACKAGING

8. (a) Cable Marking. The cable must be identified by a permanently inscribed legend in white lettering as follows:
- 1/c No. (conductor size) AWG-600V-90°C-EPR or EPR/CSPE
- The legend must be repeated at approximately eighteen (18) inch intervals on the outside surface of the cable parallel to the longitudinal axis of the conductor. A sequential footage marking must be located on the opposite side from the legend.
- (b) All cable will be black pigmented. When three conductors (triplex) are specified, one conductor will be black, another will be red or black with a red tracer, the smaller of the conductors must have a green colored jacket and the three conductors must be triplexed with a 16"-18" lay. The insulation color must not be unduly affected by cable installation, or prolonged exposure to either direct sunlight or moisture.

- (c) Reels. The completed cable must be delivered on sound substantial, non-returnable reels. Both ends of each length of cable must be properly sealed against the entrance of moisture and other foreign matter by the use of clamp-on cable caps, such as the Reliable Electric Company neoprene cable cap No. 1405, or equal. The ends must be securely fastened so as not to become loose in transit. Before shipment, all reels must be wrapped with cardboard or other approved wrapping.
- (d) Footage. Each reel must contain the length of cable as set forth in Table A of this specification. Alternate lengths may be considered.
- (e) Reel Marking. A metal tag must be securely attached to each reel indicating the reel number, contract number, date of shipment, gross and tare weights, description of the cable, the total footage, and the beginning and ending sequential footage numbers. Directions for unrolling the cable must be placed on the reel with an approved permanent marking material such as oil-based paint or a securely attached metal tag.

TABLE "A"

| <u>AWG</u> | <u>CONDUCTOR</u> | | <u>INSULATION/JACKET THICKNESS</u> | | <u>A-C TEST</u> | <u>REEL</u> |
|------------|------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | <u>STRANDS</u> | <u>MILS</u> | <u>MILS</u> | <u>VOLTS</u> | <u>LENGTH</u> | <u>FEET</u> |
| 14 | 7 | 30 | 15 | 5500 | 2000 | |
| 8 | 7 | 45 | 15 | 5500 | 2000 | |
| 6 | 7 | 45 | 30 | 5500 | 2000 | |
| 4 | 7 | 45 | 30 | 5500 | 2000 | |
| 2 | 7 | 45 | 30 | 5500 | 1000 | |
| 0 | 19 | 55 | 45 | 7000 | 1000 | |
| 00 | 19 | 55 | 45 | 7000 | 1000 | |
| 000 | 19 | 55 | 45 | 7000 | 1000 | |
| 0000 | 19 | 55 | 45 | 7000 | 1000 | |
| 250 MCM | 37 | 65 | 65 | 8000 | 1000 | |

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION 1584
DIVISION OF ENGINEERING
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
OCTOBER 24, 2014**

**LUMINAIRE: LED, COBRA-HEAD, ARTERIAL, STANDARD RIGHT-OF-WAY IES CUTOFF
TYPE II/III DISTRIBUTION**

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for an LED street lighting luminaire complete with driver. The luminaire shall be for standard arterial streets where the right-of-way is 66 feet in width and the street can be up to 48 feet in width. The luminaire shall have an IES Type II/III medium cutoff distribution. The luminaire shall be mounted at 35 feet above grade. The overall shape of the luminaire shall be the cobra-head as presently used by the City for arterial streets.

GENERAL

2. (a) Information. If so requested, the apparent low bidder shall submit the following information relative to the luminaire he proposes to furnish within fifteen (15) days of such request:
 1. Outline drawing.
 2. Complete description and weight.
 3. Luminaire efficiency.
 4. Projected area in square feet.
 5. Manufacturer's name and catalogue designation of the luminaire.
 6. Manufacturer's part list.
 7. IES formatted photometric curve in electronic format.
 8. Certified test reports.
- (b) Sample. One completely assembled luminaire of the manufacture intended to be furnished, must be submitted upon request of the Chief Procurement Officer within fifteen (15) business days of such request.
- (c) Assembly. Each luminaire must be delivered completely assembled, wired, and ready for installation. It must consist of an aluminum die-cast housing, LED arrays, terminal block, driver-door panel, electronic driver, gaskets, surge arrester, fuses, slip fitter, photo-control receptacle and all necessary hardware.

- (d) Warranty. The manufacturer shall warrant the performance and construction of these luminaires to meet the requirements of this specification, and must warrant all parts, components and appurtenances against defects due to design, workmanship or material developing within a period of ten (10) years from the date of acceptance by the City. A reduction of lighting output of more than 30% within the ten years will constitute luminaire failure. Any luminaire or part thereof, not performing as required, or developing defects within this period must be replaced by a new luminaire, delivered to the City by the manufacturer, without expense to the City. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining which replacements are to be made and his decision will be final.
- (e) The manufacturer shall have a history of manufacturing roadway and outside area lighting for a minimum of five years. The manufacturer must demonstrate to the City that the manufacturer has the capacity to supply the quantities required for the contract in a timely manner.
- (f) Organizations. The following organizations' specifications are mentioned herein.
- ANSI – American National Standards Institute
ASTM – American Society for Testing and Materials
IEC – International Electrotechnical Commission
IES – Illuminating Engineering Society
UL – Underwriters Laboratories

CONSTRUCTION

3. (a) Weight and Area. The net weight of this luminaire must not be more than 29 pounds and should be able to be handled by one man. The effective projected area (EPA) must not exceed 0.7 square feet.
- (b) Housing. The housing shall be a precision aluminum die-casting composed of aluminum meeting ASTM Specification A380. It must be substantial and adequate enough to withstand the strains likely to be imposed on the housing when installed and in service. The housing must enclose the slipfitter, LED arrays, photo-control receptacle, terminal board, surge protector, and the electronic driver, with provision for proper mounting of these parts. The housing must have provision on its top surface to permit leveling with a spirit level. The housing must have integral heat sink characteristics, such that all enclosed components will operate within their designed operating temperatures under expected service conditions. No extra items shall be installed as heat shields or heat sinks. All heat shields and heat sinks shall be integral to the luminaire. The housing will have an appearance similar to existing cobra-head housings typically in use on Chicago's arterial streets.

The housing shall be designed to allow water shedding. The housing shall be designed to minimize dirt or bug accumulation on the optic surface.

- (c) Slip Fitter. The slip fitter shall be suitable for attachment over the end of a two (2) inch steel pipe with an approved means of clamping it firmly in place, and must provide a cast-in pipe-stop. The slip fitter must be designed to permit adjustment of not less than five (5) degrees above and below the axis of the mounting bracket. The slip fitter must contain an approved shield around the pipe entrance to block entry of birds.
- (d) Driver Door-Panel. The driver components must be completely assembled and mounted on a die-cast aluminum door-panel composed of aluminum alloy A380. The door-panel must be hinged to the luminaire housing, suitably latched and fastened at the closing end. It must be made to be removed easily. The hinge and fastening devices must be captive parts which will not become disengaged from the door panel.
- (e) Gaskets. Wherever necessary, in order to make a completely dustproof assembly, gaskets of silicone rubber or other specifically approved material must be provided.
- (f) Hardware. All machine screws, locknuts, pins and set screws necessary to make a firm assembly, and for its secure attachment to the mast arm, must be furnished in place. All hardware must be of stainless steel, copper silicon alloy or other non-corrosive metal, and where necessary must be suitably plated to prevent electrolytic action by contact with aluminum.
- (g) Finish. The luminaire shall have a polyester powder coat with a minimum 2.0 mil thickness. Surface texture and paint quality will be subject to approval. Color must be gloss black or gray (designated ANSI No. 70) as specified in the order. A paint chip must be submitted as a sample upon request. The finish shall pass 1000 hours of salt spray per ASTM B117.
- (h) Ingress Protection. The luminaire housing shall have an ingress protection rating of IP54 or better as described in IEC standard 60529 (also ANSI C136.25-2009). The optical system shall have an IP66 rating.
- (i) The luminaire shall be UL listed. It shall be suitable for wet locations per UL 1598.
- (j) The luminaire shall be rated to operate between -40° to +50° Centigrade.
- (k) The luminaire shall have the option of adding a house side shield.
- (l) A bar code with pertinent information for warranty and maintenance shall be attached to the inside of the housing. A separate bar code label shall be on the inside of the driver door.
- (m) On the underside of the housing there should be a decal indicating the total wattage and street application for the luminaire (i.e. "54W,LED, AR" for a 54 watt LED luminaire for standard arterial streets). The decal should have black characters on a white background and be legible from ground level.

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

4. (a) LED Optical Array. The LED arrays shall be optimized for the required roadway photometrics. The arrays must be properly secured at the factory and must not require field adjustment for optimum photometric performance. The LEDs shall deliver a minimum of 70% of initial lumen output at 100,000 hours (L70 at 100K). LEDs shall provide a color rendition index (CRI) of 70. The color temperature of the LEDs shall be 4000° Kelvin. The optical unit shall have an IP66 rating.

(b) Terminal Board-Fuse Block. A terminal block of high grade molded plastic of the barrier or safety type must be mounted within the housing in a readily accessible location. It must provide all terminals needed to completely prewire all luminaire components. The terminal block must either incorporate a barrier isolated section with fuse clips to take a "small-dimension" cartridge fuse, or a separate barrier protected fuse block must be provided. It must be UL and CSA certified.

The fuses shall be rated at 10 amps 600 VAC with a 100,000 AMPS interrupting capacity. Fuses shall be Buss type KTK, or equal. The fuse block must be wired to the appropriate terminals. The terminal board-fuse block must have plated copper or plated brass, clamp-type pressure terminals of an approved type for "line" connections, to accommodate wire sizes from #12 to #8 A.W.G. The terminals for connection of internal components must be either the screw-clamp or quick disconnect type.

(c) Driver Requirements:

1. Voltage. The electronic driver shall operate at a nominal input voltage range of between 120 and 277 volts, 60 Hertz.
2. The driver shall provide the proper operating voltage to the LED arrays. Output frequency must be equal to or greater than 120 Hertz to avoid flicker.
3. Power Factor. The power factor of the driver over the design range of input voltages specified above must not be less than 90%.
4. The driver input current must have Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of less than 20% when operated at nominal line voltage.
5. The driver must be thermally protected to shut off when operating temperatures reach unacceptable levels.
6. The driver shall be short circuit protected and over load protected.
7. The driver must meet the EMI (electromagnetic interference) requirements of the FCC rules and regulations, Title 47 CFR, Part 15.

8. The driver shall have a Class A sound rating per ANSI C63.4.
 9. Transient voltage complies with ANSI C62.41 Category A.
 10. The current shall be as recommended by the LED manufacturer. The current level should be such that the LEDs are not overdriven or underdriven. LED current should produce the most efficient light output without compromising the life of the LEDs.
- (d) Surge Protection. Surge protection shall be 10kV/10kA per ANSI C62.41.2. The surge protection device shall be a 3 wire device. The suppressor shall be NRTL listed and be in accordance with UL 1449.
 - (e) The minimum luminaire efficacy shall be 90 lumens per watt.
 - (f) Mounting. The driver shall be mounted and fastened on the driver door in a manner such that the driver will remain secure and capable of withstanding the vibrations and shocks likely to occur when installed and in service. The driver must be readily removable for replacement.
 - (g) Wiring. All components must be completely factory wired with non-fading, color coded leads. These leads must be insulated with an approved class of insulation and must be #16 AWG conductor minimum. All wires within a single circuit path must be of the same size. No wire nuts will be allowed. No unnecessary splices will be allowed. The use of wiring smaller than #16 AWG will require the written approval of the Commissioner. Color coding will be in a manner approved by the Commissioner. A complete wiring diagram must be displayed at an approved location on the interior of the luminaire and must include all luminaire and component identification and ratings. The wiring diagram must be provided on high quality material that will be resistant to cracking, yellowing, and fading in a luminaire environment. Quick disconnects must be provided for all components.
 - (h) Photo-control Receptacle and Cap. A standard three-prong, twist lock receptacle for a photo-control meeting ANSI standard C136.10 must be mounted in the housing with provision for proper positioning of the photo-control. The receptacle must be able to be repositioned without the use of tools. The photo-control is not required to be furnished, but a shorting cap with a three-prong plug having line-load prongs shorted together and meeting ANSI standard C136.10 must be provided.

(i) Component Mounting.

1. Modular Construction. All electrical components must be securely mounted in such manner that individual components can be easily maintained or replaced. Permanent straps or tie-wraps will not be permitted. The entire assembly should be easily disconnected and removed for replacement.
2. Interchangeability. Components must be mutually field interchangeable so that units can be restored to working condition without trouble shooting components.

PHOTOMETRIC REQUIREMENTS

5. (a) The manufacturer must demonstrate that the luminaires will meet or exceed the specified photometric requirements. The manufacturer must provide photometric calculations using published luminaire data as part of the submitted package. The proposal must contain luminaire photometric performance with results equal to or better than those listed in this specification. Submittal information must include computer calculations based on the controlling given conditions which demonstrate achievement of all listed performance requirements. Computer calculations must be performed for roadway lighting and for sidewalk/parkway lighting. The submitted roadway lighting calculations must be done in accordance with I.E.S. RP-8-14, and must include point-by-point illuminance, luminance and veiling luminance as well as listings of all indicated averages and ratios. The submitted sidewalk/parkway calculations must be done in accordance with I.E.S. RP-8-14, and must include point-by-point horizontal illuminance and vertical illuminance as well as listings of all indicated averages and ratios.
- (b) Unless otherwise indicated, the light distribution will be I.E.S. classified as medium-cutoff-Type II/III (M-C-II/III), as defined in Appendix E of I.E.S. RP-8-14.
- (c) Performance Requirements (0.7 light loss factor):
1. Roadway Illuminance:

| | |
|-------------------------|--------|
| Average Horizontal | 1.7 fc |
| Uniformity Ratio Av/Min | 3:1 |
 2. Roadway Luminance:

| | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Average Luminance | 1.2 cd/m ² |
| Uniformity Ratio Av/Min | 3:1 |
| Uniformity Ratio Max/Min | 5:1 |
| Max Veiling Luminance | 0.3 |

- (d) The photometrics shall be run for the specific requirements. If the luminaires are to be obtained for no specific project, the luminaires must meet the performance requirements for the following physical conditions:

| | |
|--------------------|------|
| Right-of-way | 66' |
| Curb-to-curb | 48' |
| Mounting height | 35' |
| Setback | 3' |
| Arm length | 8' |
| Sidewalk width | 6' |
| Parkway width | 4' |
| Spacing (opposite) | 120' |
| Pavement | R3 |

TESTING

6. (a) Testing. All testing must be done on a prototype of the actual luminaire to be provided under this specification. If recent test results are available, they may be considered as meeting the testing requirements of this specification. The Commissioner or Commissioner's representative will have the final approval of which tests are adequate.
- (b) The manufacturer will be responsible for all costs associated with the specified testing, incidental to this contract.
- (c) Photometric testing must be in accordance with IES recommendations. The tests, at a minimum, must yield:
1. An isofootcandle chart with maximum candela and half maximum candela trace.
 2. An isocandela diagram.
 3. Maximum plane and maximum cone plots of candela.
 4. A candlepower table (house and street side).
 5. A coefficient of utilization chart.
 6. A luminous flux distribution table.
- (d) The luminaire must meet the electrical and photometric requirements of IESNA LM -79.
- (e) The luminaire must meet the lumen maintenance requirements of IESNA LM -80.
- (f) The luminaire must meet the requirements of IESNA TM -21 for long term maintenance of LED light sources.
- (g) The LEDs must meet the requirements for chromaticity per ANSI C78.377.

- (h) The following applicable UL standards shall be met:
1. 8750 LED Light Sources in Lighting Products
 2. 1598 Luminaires
 3. 1012 power units other than Class 2
 4. 1310 Class 2 power units
 5. 2108 low voltage lighting systems
- (i) Additional Types of Testing.
1. Interchangeability of all component parts.
 2. Thermal testing in accordance with U.L. Standard 1572 or Standard 1598. The fixture must be placed in a controlled 25° Celsius environment and be energized for a minimum of 8 hours. At no time will any of the components exceed the manufacturer's recommended operating temperatures. At no time will any surface of the refractor exceed the manufacturer's recommended temperature limits.
 3. Vibration testing in accordance with ANSI Standard C136.31. Upon completion of the test, all set screws, castings, and components must be secure and undamaged. The luminaire will not be energized for this test. However, the luminaire must be fully operational after the test.
 4. Moisture testing in accordance with U.L. Standard 1572 or Standard 1598. The luminaire will be subjected to a water spray from various directions for a sufficient amount of time. After the water spray the inside of the refractor must remain dry and the fixture should be demonstrated to operate properly.

PACKAGING

7. (a) Packing. Each luminaire assembly must be packed in a suitable carton so secure that it must not be damaged in shipment and handling.
- (b) Marking. Each carton containing a luminaire must be clearly marked on the outside in letters not less than three-eighths (3/8) inch tall with the legend: "LUMINAIRE, LED, ARTERIAL STANDARD, IES CUTOFF TYPE II/III", the appropriate City Commodity Code Number, the name of the manufacturer, the date of manufacture, and the contract number under which the luminaire is furnished.

PROTECTION OF EXISTING TREES

The Contractor shall be responsible for taking measures to minimize damage to the tree limbs, tree trunks, and tree roots at each work site. All such measures shall be included in the contract price for other work except that payment will be made for TEMPORARY FENCE, TREE ROOT PRUNING, and TREE PRUNING.

All work, materials and equipment shall conform to Section 201 and 1081 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

A. Earth Saw Cut of Tree Roots (Root Pruning):

1. Whenever proposed excavation falls within a drip-line of a tree, the Contractor shall:
 - a. Root prune 6-inches behind and parallel to the proposed edge of trench a neat, clean vertical cut to a minimum depth directed by the Engineer through all affected tree roots.
 - b. Root prune to a maximum width of 4-inches using a "Vermeer" wheel, or other similar machine. Trenching machines will not be permitted.
 - c. Exercise care not to cut any existing utilities.
 - d. If during construction it becomes necessary to expose tree roots which have not been pre-cut, the Engineer shall be notified and the Contractor shall provide a clean, vertical cut at the proper root location, nearer the tree trunk, as necessary, by means of hand-digging and trimming with chain saw or hand saw. Ripping, shredding, shearing, chopping or tearing will not be permitted.
 - e. Top Pruning: When thirty percent (30%) or more of the root zone is pruned, an equivalent amount of the top vegetative growth or the plant material shall be pruned off within one (1) week following root pruning.
2. Whenever curb and gutter is removed for replacement, or excavation for removal of or construction of a structure is within the drip line/root zone of a tree, the Contractor shall:
 - a. Root prune 6-inches behind the curbing so as to neatly cut the tree roots.
 - b. Depth of cut shall be 12 inches for curb removal and replacement and 24 inches for structural work. Any roots encountered at a greater depth shall be neatly saw cut at no additional cost.
 - c. Locations where earth saw cutting of tree roots is required will be marked in the field by the Engineer.

3. All root pruning work is to be performed through the services of a licensed arborist to be approved by the Engineer.

Root pruning will be paid for at the contract unit price each for TREE ROOT PRUNING, which price shall be payment for all labor, materials and equipment.

Tree limb pruning will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TREE PRUNING (1 TO 10 INCH DIAMETER) and/or TREE PRUNING (OVER 10 INCH DIAMETER), which price shall included labor, materials, and equipment.

B. Temporary Fence:

1. The Contractor shall erect a temporary fence around all trees within the construction area to establish a "tree protection zone" before any work begins or any material is delivered to the jobsite. No work is to be performed (other than root pruning), materials stored or vehicles driven or parked within the "tree protection zone".
2. The exact location and establishment of the "tree protection zone" fence shall be approved by the Engineer prior to setting the fence.
3. The fence shall be erected on three sides of the tree at the drip-line of the tree or as determined by the Engineer.
4. All work within the "tree protection zone" shall have the Engineer's prior approval. All slopes and other areas not regarded should be avoided so that unnecessary damage is not done to the existing turf, tree root system ground cover.
5. The grade within the "tree protection zone" shall not be changed unless approved by the Engineer prior to making said changes or performing the work.

The fence shall be similar to wood lath snow fence (48 inches high), plastic poly-type or and other type of highly visible barrier approved by the Engineer. This fence shall be properly maintained and shall remain up until final restoration, unless the Engineer directs removal otherwise. Tree fence shall be supported using T-Post style fence posts. **Utilizing re-bar as a fence post will not be permitted.**

Temporary fence will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for TEMPORARY FENCE, which price shall include furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing.

C. Tree Limb Pruning:

1. The Contractor shall inspect the work site in advance and arrange with the Roadside Development Unit (847.705.4171) to have any tree limbs pruned that might be damaged by equipment operations at least one week prior to the start of construction. Any tree limbs that are broken by construction equipment after the initial pruning must be pruned correctly within 72 hours.
2. Top Pruning: When thirty percent (30%) or more of the root zone of a tree is pruned, an equivalent amount of the top vegetative growth or the plant material shall be pruned off within one (1) week following root pruning.

Tree limb pruning will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TREE PRUNING (1 TO 10 INCH DIAMETER) and/or TREE PRUNING (OVER 10 INCH DIAMETER), which price shall include labor, materials, and equipment.

D. Removal of Driveway Pavement and Sidewalk:

1. In order to minimize the potential damage to the tree root system(s), the Contractor will not be allowed to operate any construction equipment or machinery within the "tree protection zone" located between the curb or edge of pavement and the right-of-way property line.
2. Sidewalk to be removed in the areas adjacent to the "tree protection zones" shall be removed with equipment operated from the street pavement. Removal equipment shall be Gradall (or similar method), or by hand or a combination of these methods. The method of removal shall be approved by the Engineer prior to commencing any work.
3. Any pavement or pavement related work that is removed shall be immediately disposed of from the area and shall not be stockpiled or stored within the parkway area under any circumstances.

E. Backfilling:

1. Prior to placing the topsoil and/or sod, in areas outside the protection zone, the existing ground shall be disked to a depth no greater than one (1"), unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. No grading will be allowed within the drip-line of any tree unless directed by the Engineer.

F. Damages:

1. In the event that a tree not scheduled for removal is injured such that potential irreparable damage may ensue, as determined by the Roadside Development Unit, the Contractor shall be required to remove the damage tree and replace it on a three to one (3:1) basis, at his own expense. The Roadside Development Unit will select replacement trees from the pay items already established in the contract.
2. The Contractor shall place extreme importance upon the protection and care of trees and shrubs which are to remain during all times of this improvement. It is of paramount importance that the trees and shrubs which are to remain are adequately protected by the Contractor and made safe from harm and potential damage from the operations and construction of this improvement. If the Contractor is found to be in violation of storage or operations within the "tree protection zone" or construction activities not approved by the Engineer, a penalty shall be levied against the Contractor with the monies being deducted from the contract. The amount of the penalty shall be two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) per occurrence per day.

PLANTING WOODY PLANTS

This work shall consist of planting woody plants as specified in Section 253 of the Standard Specifications with the following revisions:

Delete Article 253.03 Planting Time and substitute the following:

Spring Planting. This work shall be performed between March 15th and May 31st except that evergreen planting shall be performed between March 15th and April 30th in the northern zone.

Add the following to Article 253.03 (a) (2) and (b):

All plants shall be obtained from Illinois Nurserymen's Association or appropriate state chapter nurseries. All trees and shrubs shall be dug prior to leafing out (bud break) in the spring or when plants have gone dormant in the fall, except for the following species which are only to be dug prior to leafing out in the spring:

- Maple (Acer spp.)
- Buckeye (Aesculus spp.)
- Serviceberry (Amelanchier spp.)
- Hackberry (Celtis occidentalis)
- Hawthorn (Crataegus spp.)
- Black Walnut (Juglans nigra)
- Crabapple (Malus spp.)
- Black Tupelo (Nyssa sylvatica)
- American Hophornbeam (Ostrya virginiana)
- Oak (Quercus spp.)
- Baldcypress (Taxodium distichum)
- American Linden (Tilia americana)

Fall Planting. This work shall be performed between October 1st and November 30th except that evergreen planting shall be performed between August 15th and October 15th.

Planting dates are dependent on species of plant material and weather. Planting might begin or end prior or after above dates as approved by the Engineer. Do not plant when soil is muddy or during frost. No plant material shall be installed prior to the final grade of the planting soil. Trees must be installed first to establish proper layout and to avoid damage to other plantings.

Add the following to Article 253.05 Transportation:

Cover plants during transport. Plant material transported without cover shall be automatically rejected.

Delete the third sentence of Article 253.07 and substitute the following:

The Engineer will place the marking flags. Allow a minimum of seven working (7) days prior to installation for layout. The Contractor shall be responsible for:

1. Providing marking flags to the Engineer for locating plants.
2. Contacting utility companies to identify any conflicts with the proposed planting locations after flags have been placed.
3. Obtaining approval from the Engineer for any relocation of proposed plantings due to utility conflicts, or other conflicts.

Delete Article 253.08 Excavation of Plant Holes and substitute the following:

Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, knee walls, fences, pavements, utility boxes, other facilities, lawns and existing plants from damage caused by planting operations.

Holes for trees shall be dug at the location indicated by the marking stakes. Holes for shrubs shall be dug within the marked outline of the planting bed. The spacing of plants will be designated on the plans. Spacing shall be measured from center-to-center, and alternate rows shall be staggered.

Excavate with sides vertical, bottom flat but with high center for drainage. Deglaze sides. The planting hole shall be twice the diameter of the root ball if possible, but in no case shall the hole be less than twelve (12) inches wider. Any soil covering the tree's root flair shall be removed to expose the crown, along with any secondary root growth, prior to planting. Remove all excavated subsoil from the site and dispose as specified in Article 202.03. The excavated material shall not be stockpiled on turf or in ditches.

Delete the third and fourth paragraphs of Article 253.10 Planting Procedures and Article 253.10 (a) and substitute the following:

Trees, shrubs, and vines shall be thoroughly watered with a method approved by the Engineer. Approved watering equipment shall be at the site of the work and in operational condition PRIOR TO STARTING the planting operation and DURING all planting operations OR PLANTING WILL NOT BE ALLOWED.

Set plants in the excavated hole with top of ball 2 to 3 inches above finished grade. Add soil as required under ball to achieve plumb. Remove all burlap and wire baskets from top three quarters (3/4) of the root ball. The remaining burlap shall be loosened and scored to provide the root system quick contact with the soil. All ropes or wires shall be removed from the root ball and tree trunk.

The hole shall be half (1/2) filled with soil, firmly packed, then saturated with water. After the water has soaked in, more soil shall be added to the top of the hole, and then the hole shall be saturated again. Maintain plumb during backfilling. Visible root flair shall be left exposed, uncovered by the addition of soil. By mounding up the soil around the hole, create a saucer depression around the tree to hold future water. In most cases, the backfill around the root ball shall be the same soil that was removed from the hole. Where rocks, gravel, heavy clay or other debris are encountered, clean top soil shall be used. Do not backfill excavation with subsoil.

Delete Article 253.11 and substitute the following:

Within 48 hours after planting, mulch shall be placed around all plants in the entire mulched bed or at the base of each tree to its dripline specified to a depth of 4 inches (100 mm). No weed barrier fabric will be required for tree and shrub planting.

The mulch shall consist of wood chips or shredded tree bark free not to exceed two (2) inches in its largest dimension, free of foreign matter, sticks, stones, and clods. A sample and request for material inspection form must be supplied to the Engineer for approval prior to performing any work.

Care shall be taken not to bury leaves, stems, or vines under mulch material. The mulch shall be pulled away 6" from the tree trunk, allowing the root flair at the base of the tree to be exposed and free of mulch contact. All finished mulch areas shall be left smooth and level to maintain uniform surface and appearance. After the mulch placement, any debris or piles of material shall be immediately removed from the right of way, including raking excess mulch out of turf areas.

Delete Article 253.12 Wrapping and substitute the following:

Any paper or cardboard trunk wrap must be removed before placing the tree in the tree hole in order to inspect the condition of the trunks. Within 48 hours, "A layer of commercial screen wire mesh shall be wrapped around the trunk of all deciduous trees. The screen wire shall be secured to itself with staples or single wire strands tied to the mesh. Trees shall be wrapped at time of planting, before the installation of mulch. The lower edge of the screen wire shall be in continuous contact with the ground and shall extend up to the lowest major branch.

Add the following to Article 253.13 Bracing:

Trees required to be braced shall be braced within 24 hours of planting.

Add the following to the first paragraph of Article 253.14 Period of Establishment:

Prior to being accepted, the plants shall endure a period of establishment. This period shall begin as soon as the tree is installed and end in December of the same year.

Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 253.15 Plant Care and substitute the following:

This may require pruning, cultivating, tightening and repairing supports, repair of wrapping, and furnishing and applying sprays as necessary to keep the plants free of insects and disease. The Contractor shall provide plant care a minimum of every two weeks, or within 3 days following notification by the Engineer. All requirements for plant care shall be considered as included in the cost of the contract.

Delete the first paragraph of Article 253.15 Plant Care (a) and substitute the following:

During plant care additional watering shall be performed at least every two weeks during the months of May through December. The contractor shall apply a minimum of 35 gallons of water per tree, 25 gallons per large shrub, 15 gallons per small shrub, and 4 gallons per vine. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to adjust the watering rate and frequency depending upon weather conditions.

Add the following to Article 253.15 Plant Care (d):

The contractor shall inspect all trees, shrubs, and vines for pests and diseases at least every two weeks during the months of initial planting through final acceptance. Contractor must identify and monitor pest and diseases and determine action required to maintain the good appearance, health and, top performance of all plant material. Contractor shall notify the Engineer with their inspection findings and recommendations within twenty-four hours of findings. The recommendations for action by the Contractor must be reviewed and by the Engineer for approval/rejection. All approved corrective activities will be considered as included in the cost of the contract and shall be performed within 48 hours following notification by the Engineer.

Delete Article 253.17 Basis of Payment and substitute the following:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TREES, SHRUBS, or VINES, of the species, root type, and plant size specified; and per unit for SEEDLINGS. Payment will be made according to the following schedule.

- (a) Initial Payment. Upon completion of planting, mulch covering, wrapping, and bracing, 75 percent of the pay item(s) will be paid.
- (b) Final Payment. Upon inspection and acceptance of the plant material, or upon execution of a third party bond, the remaining 25 percent of the pay item(s) will be paid.”

**PLANTING SEDGE MEADOW PLUGS
PLANTING WETLAND PLUGS**

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing sedge meadow and/or wetland plugs and goose grid barrier as shown in the details on the plans and only at locations as directed by the Engineer.

The Engineer will contact the Roadside Development Unit at (847) 705-4171 for layout assistance. The Contractor shall allow a minimum of three (3) days prior to installation.

Add the following to Article 254.02 Materials:

All plants shall be healthy, vigorous, and true to species and variety. All materials shall be provided by a certified nursery and shall be free of pests and disease. All plant materials shall comply with State and federal laws with respect to inspection for plant diseases and infestations. Written approval shall be necessary for substitutions.

Plugs shall be obtained as close to possible to the project site. Written approval will be required for substitutions and plant material purchased outside a 150 mile radius of the site.

Delete Article 254.04(b) Planting Time and substitute the following:

Plugs shall only be planted between May 1 and June 15. Approval from the Engineer must be received for all planting dates.

Add the following to Article 254.05 Transporting and Storing Plants:

Each species should be handled and packed in the manner approved for the plant, having regard for the soil climatic conditions at the time and place of digging and delivery, and for the time that will be consumed for transit and delivery.

Plant materials shall be packed to ensure adequate protection against damage during transit. The plants shall be protected with wet material to ensure that the plant materials are delivered in a moist and cool condition. The vehicle should be ventilated to prevent overheating.

Plant materials shall be stored in a shaded area. Watering shall occur to maintain plant vigor during on-site storage.

An on-site inspection will be made prior to the installation of plant material. Any plant material not meeting specification (that being of good health) must be moved off the site.

Delete Article 254.06 Layout of Planting and substitute the following:

When plants are specified to be planted in prepared soil planting beds, the planting bed shall be approved by the Engineer prior to planting. The Contractor shall be responsible for all plant layout. The layout must be performed by qualified personnel. The planting locations must be laid out as shown in the landscape plan. Plant plugs according to planting plan in overlapping zones to provide a natural gradient. Bed limits shall be painted or flagged. Individual plants layout shall be marked prior to installation. The Engineer will contact the Roadside Development Unit at (847) 705-4171 to approve the layout prior to installation. Allow a minimum of three (3) days prior to installation for approval.

Delete Article 254.07 (b) Planting Procedures and substitute the following:

When planting plugs in areas as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer, the following work shall be performed prior to planting:

- Permanent Seeding and Erosion Control Blanket must be installed prior to planting plugs to avoid damage to plantings.
- Trees and shrubs must be installed first to establish proper layout and to avoid damage to other plantings.

Install plugs through erosion control blanket with planting bar. Planting holes shall be as deep or slightly deeper than the plug roots to allow placing the plant without bending roots. Plant shall be placed flush with the earth surface. Hole shall be filled with soil carefully to avoid damage to roots and to leave no voids and pressed to firm earth surface.

Contractor shall provide and maintain all equipment necessary for planting, including watering equipment, water, and hoses. Immediately after planting, thoroughly water plant beds. Do not wash soil onto crowns of plants. The soil surface should be damp for the first three weeks following planting.

Install Goose Grid Barrier(s) along the perimeters of wetland planting pods (groupings) to prevent geese from uprooting and damaging the native plug plantings. Goose Grid Barrier(s) shall be installed at the time of planting to protect plugs from predation. The Contractor will not be relieved in any way from the responsibility of protecting plugs from geese predation due to lack of proper maintenance of Goose Grid Barriers.

1. Posts – 1" x 4" x 48" square Oak stakes or metal posts place 7-10' on center
2. Poultry fence, 24" with ¾" x 1" grid, along the perimeter with cable ties.
3. Install bailing twine, from post top to post top (to form an "X"), to prevent the geese from entering the enclosure from the air.
4. Repair as necessary to remain effective for 12 months.
5. Remove and dispose when directed by the Engineer.

Delete the first sentence of Article 254.08 Mulching and substitute the following:

The plugs are not required to be mulched.

Delete Article 254.09 (b) Period of Establishment and substitute the following:

Plugs must undergo a 30-day period of establishment. Additional watering shall be performed not less than three times a week for four weeks following installation. Water shall be applied at the rate of at least 2 gallons per square foot. Should excess moisture prevail, the Engineer may delete any or all of the additional watering cycles. In severe weather, the Engineer may require additional watering.

A spray nozzle that does not damage small plants must be used when watering native plant plugs. Water shall be applied at the base of the plant to keep as much water as possible off plant leaves. The plants to be watered and the method of application will be approved by the Engineer. The Contractor will not be relieved in any way from the responsibility for unsatisfactory plants due to the amount of watering.

Add the following to Article 254.10 Method of Measurement:

Disposal of debris (rock, stones, concrete, bottles, plastic bags, Goose Grid Barrier, etc.) removed from the plug plantings as specified in Article 202.03.

Delete Article 253.17 Basis of Payment and substitute the following:

- a) Payment for placement and removal of Goose Grid Barrier shall be included in the contract unit price of the Perennial Plants, Wetland Type Plug and/or Perennial Plants, Sedge Meadow Plug pay item.
- b) The unit price shall include the cost of all materials, equipment, labor, plant care, removal, disposal and incidentals required to complete the work as specified herein and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

SEEDING, CLASS 3 (MODIFIED)

This work shall consist of Seeding, Class 3(Modified) in areas as shown in the plans or a directed by the Engineer.

All work, materials, and equipment shall conform to Sections 250 and 1081 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The Class 3 (Modified) seed mixture shall be supplied in separate bags of the three mixture components: Temporary Cover, Permanent Grasses, and Forbs. All native species will be local genotype and will be from a radius of 150 miles from the project location. The Fertilizer is not required.

Article 250.07 Seeding Mixtures – Delete sentence 4. Add the following to Table 1 – Seeding Mixtures:

| <u>CLASS – TYPE</u> | <u>SEEDS</u> | <u>PURE LIVE SEED LB/ACRE</u> |
|--|---|-------------------------------|
| 3 (Modified) Northern Illinois Slope Mixture | | |
| | Andropogon scoparius (Little Bluestem) | 17.0 |
| | Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) | 15.0 |
| | Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) | 10.0 |
| Forb Mixture | | |
| | Asclepias syriaca (Common Milkweed) | 2.0 |
| | Echinacea pallida (Pale Purple Coneflower) | 10.0 |
| | Rudbeckia hirta (Black-eyed Susan) | 5.0 |
| Covercrop Mixture | | |
| | Barnyard Grass | 10.0 |
| | Slender Wheat Grass | 15.0 |
| | Annual Ryegrass (fall seeding) | 25.0 |
| | Oats, Spring (spring seeding) | 25.0 |

Notes:

1. The seeding time for this work shall be November 15 to April 15. Seeding done outside of this time frame will not be measure for payment.
2. Each bag shall be labeled. The label shall bear the dealer’s guarantee of mixture and year grown, purity and germination, and date of test. Provide labels to Resident Engineer. Purity and germination tests no older than twelve months of the date of sowing must be submitted to verify all bulk seed required to achieve LB PLS specified.
3. No seed shall be sown until the purity testing has been completed for seeds to be used and shows the seed meets the noxious weed requirements.
4. Seed, which has become wet, moldy, or otherwise damaged, will not be acceptable. Prior to application, the Engineer must approve seed mix in the bags.
5. The seedbed shall be prepared and approved by the Engineer prior to seeding. The Contractor shall delineate the perimeter of the seedbed with flags.
6. Temporary cover seed shall be kept separate from the Native Grass seed mixture. It shall be mixed on site under the direction of the Engineer.
7. The Cover Crop shall be thoroughly mixed with the Seeding, Class 3 (Modified). Hand-broadcast the seed and rake the seed in. The seedbed shall be immediately mulched as specified.

If specified seed material is unavailable, the Engineer shall approve the substitutes in writing. Adjustments will be made at no cost to the contract. Approval of substitutes shall in no way waive any requirements of the contract.

Article 250.09 – Add Seeding, Class 3 (Modified) Northern Illinois Slope Mixture

Article 250.10 – Add Seeding, Class 3 (Modified) Northern Illinois Slope Mixture

MOWING

Description: This work shall consist of mowing project area to a height not more than 4 inches (75 mm).

Equipment: The Contractor shall keep all mowing equipment sharp and properly equipped for operation along an urban arterial route. The equipment used shall be capable of completely severing all growth at the cutting height and distributing it evenly over the mowed area. Special equipment may be required on steep slopes, in narrow areas, and for trimming around posts, poles, fences, trees, shrubs, seedlings, etc.

Method: All mowing and trimming operations are to proceed in the direction of traffic flow. The cut material shall not be windrowed or left in a lumpy or bunched condition. Additional mowing or trimming may be required to obtain the height specified or to disperse mowed material.

Debris encountered during the mowing operations which hampers the operation or is visible from the roadway shall be removed and disposed of according to Article 202.03. All trimmings, windrowed material, and debris removal must be complete to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Damage to the turf, such as ruts or wheel tracks more than 2 inches (50 MM) in depth, or other plantings or highway appurtenances caused by the mowing or trimming operation shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

Method of Measurement: Mowing and trimming will be measured in acres (hectares) of surface area mowed at the completion of each mowing cycle.

Plan quantities are estimates only. Actual quantities will be measured in place. Agreement to plan quantities will not be allowed. Shrub beds or perennial beds within the mowed area that are less than 1000 square feet (90 square meters) will not be subtracted from the area mowed.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per acre (hectare) for MOWING. Any additional mowing or trimming required to obtain the height specified or to disperse mowed material will be considered as included in the cost of the initial mowing. Payment for mowing and trimming shall include the cost of all material, equipment, labor, removal, disposal and incidentals required to complete the work as specified herein and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

MOWING (SPECIAL)

Description: This work shall consist of mowing and or hand trimming areas of various ground cover types (turf grass, native grass, forbs, etc.) to various heights (4" to 8") dependent on the ground cover type in very difficult to mow areas that may consist of one or more of the following scenarios: narrow spaces less than 2 feet wide, steep slopes greater than 2:1, excessive debris and brush, and/or areas of uneven ground. These areas may not be able to be mowed with typical roadside mowing equipment.

Schedule and Height of Mowing: As directed by the Engineer.

Equipment: The Contractor shall keep all mowing equipment sharp and properly equipped for operation within an urban arterial route. The equipment used shall be capable of completely severing all growth at the cutting height and distributing it evenly over the mowed area. Special equipment may be required to cut weed trees and brush up to 2" diameter on steep slopes, in narrow areas, and for trimming around posts, poles, trees, shrubs, seedlings, along fences and concrete retaining walls, etc.

Method: All mowing and trimming operations are to proceed in the direction of traffic flow. The cut material shall not be windrowed or left in a lumpy or bunched condition. All drain inlets must be kept clean and draining freely. Additional mowing or trimming may be required to obtain the height specified or to disperse mowed material. When amount of grass is heavy, cut grass shall be removed to prevent destruction of underlying turf. If weeds or other undesirable vegetation threatens to smother planted species, or in case of weeds exceeding growth of planted species, at the direction of the Engineer, the weeds shall be uprooted, raked and removed from the area. No more than 1/3 of the total growth of grass shall be cut off at one time and only when plants are dry and soil is not wet.

Remove litter, including plastic bags, paper, bottles, etc. prior to mowing. Debris encountered during the mowing operations shall be removed and disposed of according to Article 202.03. All trimmings, windrowed material, litter and debris removal must be complete to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Damage to the turf, such as ruts or wheel tracks more than 2 inches (50 MM) in depth, scalping of the mowed areas, or other plantings or highway appurtenances caused by the mowing or trimming operation shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Method of Measurement: Mowing and trimming will be measured in square yards (square meters) of surface area mowed at the completion of each mowing cycle.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yards (square meters) for MOWING (SPECIAL). Any additional mowing or trimming required to obtain the height specified or to disperse mowed material will be considered as included in the cost of the initial mowing. Payment for mowing and trimming shall include the cost of all material, equipment, labor, removal, disposal and incidentals required to complete the work as specified herein and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

HEAVY DUTY EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (SPECIAL)

This Special Provision revises Section 251 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction to eliminate the use of Excelsior Blanket for Erosion Control Blanket. This work shall consist of furnishing, transporting, and placing 100 % biodegradable erosion control blanket over seeded areas with biodegradable anchors as detailed on the plans, according to Section 251 except as modified herein.

Delete Article 1081.10(c) (1) Excelsior Blanket.

Delete the first paragraph of Article 1081.10 (c) (2) Knitted Straw Mat and substitute the following:

Knitted Straw Mat. The blanket shall be machine-produced 100% biodegradable blanket of 100% coconut fiber with a functional longevity of up to 24 months. The blanket shall be of consistent thickness with the coconut evenly distributed over the entire area of the mat. The blanket shall be covered on the top and bottom sides with 100% biodegradable woven natural organic fiber netting such as North American Green C125BN or equal. The netting shall consist of machine directional strands formed from two intertwined yarns with cross directional strands interwoven through the twisted machine strands to form an approximate 0.50 x 1.0 (1.27 x 2.54 cm) mesh. The blanket shall be sewn together on 1.50 inch (3.81 cm) centers with degradable thread. The blanket shall be manufactured with a colored thread stitched along both outer edges (approximately 2-5 inches (5-12.5cm) from the edge) as an overlap guide for adjacent mats.

Delete the third sentence to Article 1081.10(d) Wire Staples and revise to the following:

The staples for heavy duty erosion control blanket shall be as specified here, except that the legs shall be 10 in. (250 mm) or longer.

Add the following to Article 251.05 Method of Measurement:

Heavy Duty Erosion Control Blanket, Special will be measured for payment in place in square yards (square meters) of actual surface areas covered.

Add the following to Article 251.06 Basis of Payment:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for HEAVY DUTY EROSION CONTROL BLANKET, SPECIAL.

WEED CONTROL, NON-SELECTIVE AND NON-RESIDUAL (WETLAND)

Description: This work shall consist of spot spraying a non-selective and non-residual herbicide (Rodeo or equal) for the control individual plants of targeted species (ie: phragmites, cattails, purple loosestrife, etc.) while avoiding damages to surrounding vegetation in wetland areas along highway roadsides.

Materials: The non-selective and non-residual herbicide (Rodeo or equal) shall have the following formulation:

Active Ingredient

| | |
|---|---------|
| *Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt | 53.80% |
| B. Inert Ingredients | 46.20% |
| TOTAL | 100.00% |

*Equivalent to 4 lbs. per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

The Contractor shall submit a certificate, including the following, prior to starting work:

1. The chemical names of the compound and the percentage by weight of the ingredients which must match the above specified formulation.
2. A statement that the material is in a solution which will form a satisfactory emulsion for use when diluted with water for normal spraying conditions.
3. A statement that the Rodeo or equal, when mixed with water, will be completely soluble and dispersible and remain in suspension with continuous agitation.
4. A statement describing the products proposed for use when the manufacturer of Rodeo or equal requires that surfactants, drift control agents, or other additives be used with the product. These tank mix additives shall be used as specified by the manufacturer. Required additives will not be paid for separately.

All material shall be brought to the spray area in the original, unopened containers supplied by the manufacturer.

Application Rate: The Rodeo or equal non-selective and non-residual herbicide shall be applied according to the label instructions.

Water for dilution of the mixture will not be paid for separately.

Method of Measurement: Weed Control, Non-selective and Non-Residual (Wetland) will be measured for payment in gallons of undiluted Rodeo or equal applied as specified. The gallons for payment will be determined based on the gallons specified on the label attached to the original container supplied by the manufacturer.

Basis of Payment: Weed Control, Non-selective and Non-Residual (Wetland) will be paid for at the contract unit price per gallon for WEED CONTROL, NON-SELECTIVE AND NON-RESIDUAL (WETLAND). Water for dilution of the mixture and additives required for application will not be paid for as separate items, but the costs shall be considered as included in the contract price for Weed Control, Non-selective and Non-Residual (Wetland), and no additional compensation will be allowed.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR WEED CONTROL SPRAYING

Experience:

The Contractor shall have previous experience with the use of weed control chemicals. He/she shall have had at least one (1) season's experience in the use of their chemicals in spraying highway right-of-way or at least three (3) season's experience in their use in farm or custom spraying. The Contractor shall observe and comply with all sections of the Illinois Custom Spray Law, including licensing.

Equipment:

The equipment used shall consist of a vehicle-mounted tank, pump, spray bar and handgun, plus any other accessories needed to complete the specified work. Spraying shall be done through multiple low-pressure flooding or broad jet nozzles mounted on spray bars operated not more than 36" above the ground. If different sizes or types of nozzles are used to make up the spray pattern, the pressure, sizes and capacities shall be adjusted to provide a uniform rate of application for each segment of the spray pattern. Hand spray guns may be used for spraying areas around traffic control devices, lighting standard and similar inaccessible areas. Maximum speed of the spray vehicle during application of chemical shall be five (5) miles per hour.

Pumps used shall have a volume and pressure capacity range sufficient to deliver the mixture at a pressure to provide the required coverage and to keep the spray pattern full and steady without pulsation or excessive pressure as to cause fogging. Maximum pressure for application shall be 15 PSI. Quick acting shut-off valves and spring-loaded ball check valves shall be provided to stop the spray pattern with a minimum of nozzle drip. In areas where the spray vehicle must traverse the right-of-way, a four-wheel drive vehicle with flotation tires will be required to minimize damage to the ground surface.

Prior to beginning work, the Contractor shall obtain approval from the Engineer of the spraying equipment proposed for completing this work. The proposed equipment shall be in an operational condition and available for inspection by the Engineer at least two (2) weeks prior to the proposed starting time. If requested by the Engineer, the Contractor shall demonstrate the calibration of the equipment.

The equipment must provide consistently uniform coverage and keep the spray mixture sufficiently agitated or the work will be suspended until the equipment is repaired or replaced.

Spraying Areas:

This work includes roadsides and other types of right-of-way of various widths and gradients. Spray areas often extend more than thirty (30) feet from the edge of the roadway, requiring both spray bar and hand gun applications.

When the description of work requires weed control of a stated species, such as teasel, the chemical shall be applied only to locations where the stated species is present. When the description of work requires general weed control within a bed or area, such as broadleaf weed control in turf, then the chemical shall be applied to the entire bed or area.

Exclusion of Spraying Areas:

Areas where weed control spraying is inappropriate or detrimental to the environment, desirable planting, or private property shall be excluded from the spray area.

Spraying will not be permitted over any drainage swales or waterways, or other areas where the chemical label prohibits application. Spraying within 150 feet of a natural area or site where endangered or threatened species occur.

Responsibility for Prevention of Damage to Private Property:

The Contractor shall, at all times, exercise extreme caution to prevent damage to residential plantings, flower or vegetable gardens, vegetable crops, farm crops, orchard or desirable plants adjacent to the roadside.

The Contractor or Department receives a complaint, the Contractor shall contact a complaint within ten (10) days after receiving a claim for damages, either in person or by letter. The Contractor, or his authorized representative, shall make a personal contact with the complainant within twenty (20) days. The Engineer shall also be notified by the Contractor of all claims for damage he received and shall keep the Engineer informed as to the progress in arriving at a settlement for such claims.

Communication with the Engineer:

The Contractor is required to communicate with the Engineer to receive all required approvals in a timely way and to assure that the Engineer can accurately document the work performed.

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to assure that all chemical containers are opened and added to the spray mixture in the presence of the Engineer.

The Contractor shall obtain approval from the Engineer to proceed with spraying at each location 24 hours prior to the proposed spray operations.

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (SPECIAL)

Description: Specific traffic control plan details and Special Provisions have been prepared for this contract. This work shall include all labor, materials, transportation, handling and incidental work necessary to furnish, install, maintain and remove all traffic control devices required as indicated in the plans and as approved by the Engineer.

Materials: Materials for traffic control devices shall be in accordance with Section 1106.

Construction Requirements: The Detour Plan shows traffic control devices along the detour route that have been previously furnished and erected by the Department and also traffic control devices the Contractor shall be required to install.

The Contractor shall furnish and erect all applicable traffic control devices along the detour route according to the details shown in the plans. The Contractor shall maintain the existing traffic control devices that have been installed by the Department and the proposed traffic control devices as shown in the plans. All additional traffic control devices deemed necessary by the Engineer to maintain the detour route shall be included with this work at no additional expense to the Department.

Prior to beginning construction, the Contractor shall return all Department-owned Type III Barricades along with all attached signage and provide and maintain new Type III Barricades along with new signage throughout the duration of the Contract as shown in the detour plans.

At the end of the project, the Contractor shall remove and return all Department owned detour signing to the South Side Sign Shop and other traffic control devices shall also be removed by the Contractor. The phone number for the Sign Shop is (708)-597-9800.

Method of Measurement: All traffic control indicated on the Detour Plan and specified in the Special Provisions will be measured for payment on a lump sum basis.

Basis of Payment: All traffic control and protection will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (SPECIAL).

TRAFFIC CONTROL SURVEILLANCE (SPECIAL)

Description: The Contractor shall provide a person and vehicle to inspect and maintain all traffic control devices.

Materials: Materials for traffic control devices shall be in accordance with Section 1106.

Construction Requirements: The Detour Plan indicates existing traffic control devices along the detour route that have been previously furnished and erected by the Department as noted on the Detour Plan. The Detour Plan also indicates proposed traffic control devices along the detour route the Contractor shall be required to furnish and erect as noted on the Detour Plan. Throughout the duration of the project, the Contractor shall provide surveillance of all the traffic control devices shown on the Detour Plan in accordance with Article 701.10.

The surveillance inspector is required to drive through the project, including the detour route and all intersection approaches where temporary detour signs exists, to inspect all temporary traffic control devices, to correct all traffic control deficiencies, if possible, or immediately contact the Contractor to make corrections and to assist with directing traffic until such corrections are made. The Engineer shall be notified in all circumstances in which traffic control deficiencies cannot be immediately corrected. All damaged traffic control devices shall be replaced. All out-of-place or non-functioning traffic control devices shall be adjusted to conform to the detour route.

The surveillance inspector shall complete the Traffic Control Surveillance Report, Form BC 2240 for all inspections and document all deficiencies.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment on a CAL DA basis.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per calendar day for TRAFFIC CONTROL SURVEILLANCE (SPECIAL). This price shall include all labor and equipment necessary to provide the required inspection and maintenance of the detour route.

ENGINEER'S FIELD OFFICE, TYPE A (SPECIAL)

670.02 Engineer's Field Office Type A. Revise the first paragraph of this Article to read:

Engineer's Field Office Type A (Special). Type A (Special) field offices shall have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet and a floor space of not less than 3000 square feet with a minimum of two separate offices. The office shall also have a separate storage room capable of being locked for the storage of the nuclear measuring devices. The office shall be provided with sufficient heat, natural and artificial light, and air conditioning. Doors and windows shall be equipped with locks approved by the Engineer.

Revise the second sentence of the fourth paragraph of this Article to read:

Solid waste disposal consisting of seven waste baskets and an outside trash container of sufficient size to accommodate a weekly provided pick-up service.

Add the following to the fourth paragraph of this Article:

A weekly cleaning service for the office shall be provided. Separate sanitary facilities will be provided for men and women.

Revise the fifth paragraph of this Article to read:

An electronic security system that will respond to any breach of exterior doors and windows with an on-site alarm shall be provided.

Add the following to a separate paragraph following the fifth paragraph to read:

Parking will be provided for twelve vehicles.

Revise subparagraph (a) of this Article to read:

a) Fifteen desks with minimum working surface 42 inch x 30 inch each and fifteen non-folding chairs with upholstered seats and backs.

Revise the first sentence of subparagraph (c) of this Article to read:

c) Two four-post drafting tables with minimum top size 37-1/2 inch x 48 inch.

Revise subparagraph (d) of this Article to read:

d) Eight free standing four-drawer legal size file cabinets with lock and an underwriter's laboratories insulated file device 350 degrees one hour rating.

Revise subparagraph (e) of this Article to read:

e) Twenty folding chairs and three conference tables with minimum top size of 44 inch x 96 inch.

Revise subparagraph (g) of this Article to read:

g) Two office style refrigerators with a minimum size 8 cubic feet with a freezer unit.

Revise subparagraph (h) of this Article to read:

h) Three electric desk type tape printing calculator and two pocket scientific notation calculators with a 1000 hour battery life or with a portable recharger.

Revise subparagraph (i) of this Article to read:

i) Six telephones, with touch tone, where available, two telephone answering machines, and nine telephone lines including one line for the fax machine, and two lines for the exclusive use of the Engineer. All telephone lines shall include long distance service and all labor and materials necessary to install the phone lines at the locations directed by the Engineer. Two of the phone lines must provide DSL service or High Speed Internet equivalent.

Revise subparagraph (j) of this Article to read:

j) Two dry process copy machines capable of reproducing prints up to 11 inch x 17 inch from nontransparent master sheets, as black or blue lines on white paper, with sorting and reduction/enlargement capabilities including maintenance, reproduction paper, activating agent and power source.

Revise subparagraph (k) of this Article to read:

k) Two plain paper fax machines including maintenance and supplies.

Revise subparagraph (l) of this Article to read:

l) One electric water cooler dispenser including water service.

Add the following subparagraphs to this Article:

n) Two 4 foot x 6 foot chalkboards or dry erase boards.

Add the following subparagraphs to this Article:

o) Five folding tables, minimum 30" x 72".

670.07 Basis of Payment.

Revise the fourth sentence of the first paragraph of this Article to read:

The building or buildings, fully equipped, will be paid for at the contract unit price per calendar month or fraction thereof for ENGINEER'S FIELD OFFICE, TYPE A (SPECIAL).

CONCRETE WEARING SURFACE

Effective: June 23, 1994

Revised: February 6, 2013

Description.

This work consists of placing a concrete wearing surface, to the specified thickness, on precast concrete deck beams. Included in this work is cleaning and preparing the concrete deck beam surface prior to placement of the concrete wearing surface. This work shall be according to the applicable articles of Section 503 and the following.

Materials.

The concrete wearing surface shall be class BS concrete, except as follows, when Steel Bridge Rail is used in conjunction with concrete wearing surface, the 14 day mix design shall be replaced by a 28 day mix design with a compressive strength of 5000 psi (34,500 kPa) and a design flexural strength of 800 psi (5,500 kPa).

Equipment: The equipment used shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer and shall meet the following requirements:

(a) Surface Preparation Equipment. Surface preparation equipment shall be according to the applicable portions of Section 1100 and the following:

(1) Mechanical Blast Cleaning Equipment. Mechanical blast cleaning may be performed by high-pressure waterblasting or shotblasting. Mechanical blast cleaning equipment shall be capable of removing concrete laitance from the top surface of the deck beams.

Mechanical high-pressure waterblasting equipment shall be mounted on a wheeled carriage and shall include multiple nozzles mounted on a rotating assembly, and shall be operated with a 7000 psi (48 MPa) minimum water pressure. The distance between the nozzles and the deck surface shall be kept constant and the wheels shall maintain contact with the deck beam surface during operation.

(2) Hand-Held Blast Cleaning Equipment. Blast cleaning using hand-held equipment may be performed by high-pressure waterblasting or abrasive blasting. Hand-held blast cleaning equipment shall have oil traps.

Hand-held high-pressure waterblasting equipment that is used in areas inaccessible to mechanical blast cleaning equipment shall have a minimum water pressure of 7000 psi (48 MPa).

(3) Vacuum Cleanup Equipment. The equipment shall be equipped with fugitive dust control devices capable of removing wet debris and water all in the same pass. Vacuum equipment shall also be capable of washing the deck with pressurized water prior to the vacuum operation to dislodge all debris and slurry from the deck surface.

(b) Pull-off Test Equipment. Equipment used to perform pull-off testing shall be either approved by the Engineer, or obtained from one of the following approved sources:

James Equipment
007 Bond Tester
800-426-6500

Germann Instruments, Inc.
BOND-TEST Pull-off System
847-329-9999

SDS Company
DYNA Pull-off Tester
805-238-3229

Pull-off test equipment shall include all miscellaneous equipment and materials to perform the test and clean the equipment, as indicated in the Illinois Test procedure 304 and 305 "Pull-off Test (Surface or Overlay Method)". Prior to the start of testing, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a technical data sheet and material safety data sheet for the epoxy used to perform the testing. For solvents used to clean the equipment, a material safety data sheet shall be submitted.

- (c) Concrete Equipment: Equipment for proportioning and mixing the concrete shall be according to Article 1020.03.
- (d) Finishing Equipment. Finishing equipment shall be according to Article 503.03.
- (e) Mechanical Fogging Equipment. Mechanical fogging equipment shall be according to 503.03.

Surface Preparation.

Prior to placement of the concrete wearing surface, the top surface of the bridge deck beams shall be clean and free of all foreign material and laitance.

Blast cleaning may be performed by either wet sandblasting, high pressure waterblasting, steel shot blasting, shrouded dry sandblasting, dry sandblasting with dust collectors, or other methods approved by the Engineer. Oil traps on blast equipment will be required.

The method used shall be performed so as to conform with air and water pollution regulations of Illinois and also to conform to applicable safety and health regulations. Any method which does not consistently produce satisfactory work and does not conform to the above requirements shall be discontinued and replaced by an acceptable method.

All debris of every type, including dirty water, resulting from the cleaning operation shall be reasonably confined during the performance of the cleaning work and shall be immediately and thoroughly removed from the cleaned surfaces and all other areas where debris may have accumulated.

Prior to placement of the concrete wearing surface, the Engineer will inspect the cleaned surface, all areas still contaminated shall be cleaned again at the Contractor's expense.

After the surface preparation has been completed and before placement of the overlay, the prepared surface will be tested by the Engineer according to the Illinois Test Procedure 304 "Pull-off Test (Surface Method)". The Contractor shall provide the test equipment.

- a. Start-up Testing. Prior to the first overlay placement, the Engineer will evaluate the blast cleaning method. The start-up area shall be a minimum of 600 sq. ft. (56 sq. m). After the area has been prepared, six random test locations will be determined by the Engineer, and tested according to the Illinois Test Procedure 304 "Pull-off Test (Surface Method)".

The average of the six tests shall be a minimum of 175 psi (1,207 kPa) and each individual test shall have a minimum strength of 160 psi (1,103 kPa). If the criteria are not met, the Contractor shall adjust the blast cleaning method. Start-up testing will be repeated until satisfactory results are attained.

Once an acceptable surface preparation method is established, it shall be continued for the balance of the work. The Contractor may, with the permission of the Engineer, change the surface preparation method, in which case, additional start-up testing will be required.

- b. Lot Testing. After start-up testing has been completed, the following testing frequency will be used. For each structure, each stage will be divided into lots of not more than 4500 sq. ft. (420 sq. m). Three random test locations will be determined by the Engineer for each lot, and tested according to the Illinois Test procedure 304 "Pull-off Test (Surface Method)".

The average of the three tests shall be a minimum of 175 psi (1,207 kPa) and each individual test shall have a minimum strength of 160 psi (1,103 kPa). In the case of a failing individual test or a failing average of three tests, the Engineer will determine the area that requires additional surface preparation by the Contractor. Additional test locations will be determined by the Engineer.

Wearing Surface Placement.

The concrete wearing surface placement shall be according to Article 503.16 of the Standard Specifications. Dry sandblast cleaned areas to receive the overlay shall be either thoroughly or continuously wetted with water at least one hour before placement of the concrete wearing surface is started. When the surface is pre-wetted any accumulations of water shall be dispersed or removed prior to placement of the concrete wearing surface.

Plans for anchoring support rails and the mixture-placing procedure shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

Curing and Protection.

The concrete shall be continuously wet cured for at least 14 days according to Article 1020.13(a)(5). However, if the minimum specified compressive strength or flexural strength is obtained prior to 14 days, the cure time may be reduced, but at no time shall the wet cure be less than 7 days. The concrete shall be protected from low air temperatures according to Article 1020.13(d)(1)(2), except the protection method shall remain in place for the entire curing period.

Opening to Traffic.

The concrete wearing surface without Steel Bridge Rail attached may be opened to traffic when test specimens have obtained a minimum compressive strength of 4000 psi (27,500 kPa) or a minimum flexural strength of 675 psi (4650 kPa), but not prior to the completion of the wet cure. When Steel Bridge Rail is utilized, the concrete wearing surface may be opened when test specimens have obtained a minimum compressive strength of 5000 psi (34,500 kPa) or a minimum flexural strength of 800 psi (5500 kPa), but not prior to the completion of the wet cure.

Method of Measurement.

Concrete wearing surface will be measured for payment in place and the area computed in square yards (square meters).

Basis of Payment.

This work including cleaning and surface preparation will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for CONCRETE WEARING SURFACE, of the thickness specified.

PIPE UNDERDRAINS FOR STRUCTURES

Effective: May 17, 2000

Revised: January 22, 2010

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a pipe underdrain system as shown on the plans, as specified herein, and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials. Materials shall meet the requirements as set forth below:

The perforated pipe underdrain shall be according to Article 601.02 of the Standard Specifications. Outlet pipes or pipes connecting to a separate storm sewer system shall not be perforated.

The drainage aggregate shall be a combination of one or more of the following gradations, FA1, FA2, CA5, CA7, CA8, CA11, or CA13 thru 16, according to Sections 1003 and 1004 of the Standard Specifications.

The fabric surrounding the drainage aggregate shall be Geotechnical Fabric for French Drains according to Article 1080.05 of the Standard Specifications.

Construction Requirements. All work shall be according to the applicable requirements of Section 601 of the Standard Specifications except as modified below.

The pipe underdrains shall consist of a perforated pipe drain situated at the bottom of an area of drainage aggregate wrapped completely in geotechnical fabric and shall be installed to the lines and gradients as shown on the plans.

Method of Measurement. Pipe Underdrains for Structures shall be measured for payment in feet (meters), in place. Measurement shall be along the centerline of the pipe underdrains. All connectors, outlet pipes, elbows, and all other miscellaneous items shall be included in the measurement. Concrete headwalls shall be included in the cost of Pipe Underdrains for Structures, but shall not be included in the measurement for payment.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for PIPE UNDERDRAINS FOR STRUCTURES of the diameter specified. Furnishing and installation of the drainage aggregate, geotechnical fabric, forming holes in structural elements and any excavation required, will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the cost of the pipe underdrains for structures.

CONCRETE DECK BEAMS

Effective: June 13, 2008

Revised: October 9, 2009

Add the following equipment to Article 504.03.

(c) Mechanical Mixer (Note 1) 1101.19

Note 1: A drill with paddle may be used for mixing small quantities of nonshrink grout. Hand mixing will not be allowed.

Replace the second sentence of the fifth paragraph of Article 504.06(d) with the following.

Dowels at the fixed ends of the deck beams shall be installed, nonshrink grout placed and cured for a minimum of 24 hours. If the bearing area is specified to be grouted it shall be done at the time of dowel placement.

Replace the fourth paragraph of Article 504.06(e) with the following.

A mechanical mixer shall be used to mix the nonshrink grout and the type of mixer and mixing procedures shall be per the manufacturer's recommendations. During placement, the grout shall be worked into the area with a pencil vibrator. The surface shall be troweled to a smooth finish. The nonshrink grout shall be immediately cured with cotton mats according to Article 1020.13 for a minimum of seven days, and field testing will not be required. However, the cure time may be reduced provided the Contractor molds specimens, covers them, and performs cube tests according to ASTM C 1107. The tests shall verify the 6000 psi grout strength has been obtained, but in no case shall the cure time be less than three days.

For Contractor cube tests, each sample shall consist of three test specimens and a minimum of two samples will be required for each day of grouting. Additional samples may be requested by the Engineer. Specimens shall be cured underneath the cotton mats with the beams for a minimum of 48 hours before transport to the laboratory for testing. The laboratory shall be inspected for Hydraulic Cement – Physical Tests by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory (CCRL).

Add the following paragraph to the end of Article 504.06

(f) Construction Inserts. All inserts, including those necessary for the fabrication and construction of the structure or portions thereof shall be cast into the member according to Article 3.5.2 of the Manual for Fabrication of Precast Prestressed Concrete Products.

Replace 1006.06(a) and (b) with the following.

- (a) Transverse Tie Rod Assemblies. Steel for transverse tie rod assemblies (i.e. rods, nuts, washers and coupling nuts) shall be according to ASTM F 1554 Grade 55 (Grade 380). After fabrication, the transverse tie assemblies shall be hot-dipped galvanized according to AASHTO M 232. The small articles may be zinc-coated by the mechanically deposited process according to AASHTO M 298, Class 50. The thickness of the mechanical galvanizing shall not exceed 6 mils (150 μ m).
- (b) Dowel Rods. Steel for dowel rods shall be according to ASTM F 1554 Grade 55 (Grade 380) or A706 Grade 60. Dowel rods shall be either epoxy coated according to AASHTO M 284 or galvanized according to AASHTO M 111.

Add the following Article to Section 1101.

1101.19 Mechanical Mixer. The mechanical mixer shall have paddles or blades that are suitable for uniformly mixing the material, and shall have sufficient capacity to allow for a continuous work operation.

PERMANENT STEEL SHEET PILING (LRFD)

Effective: January 31, 2012

Revised: August 17, 2012

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing the permanent sheet piling to the limits and tolerances shown on the plans according to Section 512 of the Standard Specifications.

Material. The sheet piling shall be made of steel and shall be new material. Unless otherwise specified the sheeting shall have a minimum yield strength of 50 ksi (345 MPa) according to ASTM A 572. The sheeting shall be identifiable and free of bends and other structural defects. The Contractor shall furnish a copy of the published sheet pile section properties to the Engineer for verification purposes. The Engineer's approval will be required prior to driving any sheeting. All driven sheeting not approved by the Engineer shall be removed at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall furnish a sheet pile section, to be used for each wall section, with a published section modulus equal to or larger than that specified on the plans.

The selection of the sheet pile section shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to satisfy all details including minimum clearances, cover, reinforcement, shear stud locations, interlocking, and field cutting. Any modifications of the plans to accommodate the Contractor's selection shall be paid for by the Contractor and subject to the approval of the Engineer.

Construction. The Contractor shall verify locations of all underground utilities before driving any sheet piling. Any disturbance or damage to existing structures, utilities or other property, caused by the Contractor's operation, shall be repaired by the Contractor in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the appropriate equipment necessary to drive the sheeting to the tip elevation(s) specified on the plans or according to the Contractor's approved design. The sheet piling shall be driven, as a minimum, to the tip elevation(s) specified, prior to commencing any related construction. If unable to reach the minimum tip elevation, the adequacy of the sheet piling design will require re-evaluation by the Department prior to allowing construction adjacent to the sheet piling in question.

Obstructions. Obstructions shall be defined as any object (such as but not limited to, boulders, logs, old foundations, etc.) that cannot be driven through with normal driving procedures, but requires special equipment to remove the obstruction. When obstructions are encountered, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and upon concurrence of the Engineer, the Contractor shall begin working to break up, push aside, or remove the obstruction.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured in place in square feet (square meters). Sheet piling associated with other work in this contract or for permanent sheet piling that is cut off or driven beyond those dimensions shown on the plans will not be measured for payment.

Obstruction mitigation shall be paid for according to Article 109.04.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot (square meter) for PERMANENT STEEL SHEET PILING at the location shown on the plans.

GRANULAR BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES

Effective: April 19, 2012

Revised: October 30, 2012

Revise Section 586 of the Standard Specifications to read:

SECTION 586. GRANULAR BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES

586.01 Description. This work shall consist of furnishing, transporting and placing granular backfill for abutment structures.

586.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) Fine Aggregate..... | 1003.04 |
| (b) Coarse Aggregates | 1004.05 |

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

586.03 General. This work shall be done according to Article 502.10 except as modified below. The backfill volume shall be backfilled, with granular material as specified in Article 586.02, to the required elevation as shown in the contract plans. The backfill volume shall be placed in convenient lifts for the full width to be backfilled. Unless otherwise specified in the contract plans, mechanical compaction will not be required. A deposit of gravel or crushed stone placed behind drain holes shall not be required. All drains not covered by geocomposite wall drains or other devices to prevent loss of backfill material shall be covered by sufficient filter fabric material meeting the requirements of Section 1080 and Section 282 with either 6 or 8 oz/sq yd (200 or 270 g/sq m) material allowed, with free edges overlapping the drain hole by at least 12 in. (300 mm) in all directions.

The granular backfill shall be brought to the finished grade as shown in the contract plans. When concrete is to be cast on top of the granular backfill, the Contractor, subject to approval of the Engineer, may prepare the top surface of the fill to receive the concrete as he/she deems necessary for satisfactory placement at no additional cost to the Department.

586.04 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment as follows.

- (a) Contract Quantities. The requirements for the use of contract quantities shall conform to Article 202.07(a).
- (b) Measured Quantities. This work will be measured for payment in place and the volume computed in cubic yards (cubic meters). The volume will be determined by the method of average end areas behind the abutment.

586.05 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) for GRANULAR BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES.

BRIDGE DECK CONSTRUCTION

Effective: October 22, 2013

Revised: April 18, 2014

Revise the Second Paragraph of Article 503.06(b) to read as follows.

“When the Contractor uses cantilever forming brackets on exterior beams or girders, additional requirements shall be as follows.”

Revise Article 503.06(b)(1) to read as follows.

- “(1) Bracket Placement. The spacing of brackets shall be per the manufacturer’s published design specifications for the size of the overhang and the construction loads anticipated. The resulting force of the leg brace of the cantilever bracket shall bear on the web within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange of the beam or girder.”

Revise Article 503.06(b)(2) to read as follows.

“(2) Beam Ties. The top flange of exterior steel beams or girders supporting the cantilever forming brackets shall be tied to the bottom flange of the next interior beam. The top flange of exterior concrete beams supporting the cantilever forming brackets shall be tied to the top flange of the next interior beam. The ties shall be spaced at 4 ft (1.2 m) centers. Permanent cross frames on steel girders may be considered a tie. Ties shall be a minimum of 1/2 inch (13 mm) diameter threaded rod with an adjusting mechanism for drawing the tie taut. The ties shall utilize hanger brackets or clips which hook onto the flange of steel beams. No welding will be permitted to the structural steel or stud shear connectors, or to reinforcement bars of concrete beams, for the installation of the tie bar system. After installation of the ties and blocking, the tie shall be drawn taut until the tie does not vary from a straight line from beam to beam. The tie system shall be approved by the Engineer.”

Revise Article 503.06(b)(3) to read as follows.

“(3) Beam Blocks. Suitable beam blocks of 4 in x 4 in (100 x 100 mm) timbers or metal structural shapes of equivalent strength or better, acceptable to the Engineer, shall be wedged between the webs of the two beams tied together, within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange at each location where they are tied. When it is not feasible to have the resulting force from the leg brace of the cantilever brackets transmitted to the web within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange, then additional blocking shall be placed at each bracket to transmit the resulting force to within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange of the next interior beam or girder.”

Delete the last paragraph of Article 503.06(b).

Revise the third paragraph of Article 503.16 to read as follows.

“Fogging equipment shall be in operation unless the evaporation rate is less than 0.1 lb/sq ft/hour (0.5kg/sq m/hour) and the Engineer gives permission to stop. The evaporation rate shall be determined according to the following formula.

$$E = (T_c^{2.5} - rT_a^{2.5})(1 + 0.4V)x10^{-6} \text{ (English)}$$

$$E = 5[(T_c + 18)^{2.5} - r(T_a + 18)^{2.5}](V + 4)x10^{-6} \text{ (Metric)}$$

Where:

E = Evaporation Rate, lb/ft²/h (kg/sq m/h)

T_c = Concrete Temperature, °F (°C)

T_a = Air Temperature, °F (°C)

r = Relative Humidity in percent/100

V = Wind Velocity, mph (km/h)

The Contractor shall provide temperature, relative humidity, and wind speed measuring equipment. Fogging equipment shall be adequate to reach or cover the entire pour from behind the finishing machine or vibrating screed to the point of curing covering application, and shall be operated in a manner which shall not accumulate water on the deck until the curing covering has been placed.”

Revise the third paragraph of Article 503.16(a)(1) to read as follows.

“At the Contractor’s option, a vibrating screed may be used in lieu of a finishing machine for superstructures with a pour width less than or equal to 24 ft (7.3 m). After the concrete is placed and consolidated, it shall be struck off with a vibrating screed allowing for camber, if required. The vibrating screed shall be of a type approved by the Engineer. A slight excess of concrete shall be kept in front of the cutting edge at all times during the striking off operation. After screeding, the entire surface shall be finished with hand-operated longitudinal floats having blades not less than 10 ft (3 m) in length and 6 in. (150 mm) in width. Decks so finished need not be straightedge tested as specified in 503.16(a)(2).”

Delete the fifth paragraph of 503.16(a)(1).

Revise Article 503.16(a)(2) to read as follows.

“(2) Straightedge Testing and Surface Correction. After the finishing has been completed and while the concrete is still plastic, the surface shall be tested for trueness with a 10 ft (3 m) straightedge, or a hand-operated longitudinal float having blades not less than 10 ft (3 m) in length and 6 in. (150 mm) in width. The Contractor shall furnish and use an accurate 10 ft (3 m) straightedge or float which has a handle not less than 3 ft (1 m) longer than 1/2 the pour width. The straightedge or float shall be held in contact with the surface and passed gradually from one side of the superstructure to the other. Advance along the surface shall be in successive stages of not more than 1/2 the length of the straightedge or float. Any depressions found shall be immediately filled with freshly mixed concrete, struck off, consolidated, and refinished. High areas shall be cut down and refinished.”

Replace the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1020.13(a)(5) with the following sentences.

“Cotton mats in poor condition will not be allowed. The cotton mats shall be placed in a manner which will not create indentations greater than 1/4 inch (6 mm) in the concrete surface. Minor marring of the surface is tolerable and is secondary to the importance of timely curing.”

Revise Article 1020.14(b) to read as follows.

“(b) Concrete in Structures. Concrete may be placed when the air temperature is above 40 °F (4 °C) and rising, and concrete placement shall stop when the falling temperature reaches 45 °F (7 °C) or below, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

(1) Bridge Deck Concrete. For concrete in bridge decks, slabs, and bridge approach slabs the Contractor shall schedule placing and finishing of the concrete during hours in which the ambient air temperature is forecast to be lower than 85 °F (30 °C). It shall be understood this may require scheduling the deck pour at night in order to utilize the temperature window available. The temperature of the concrete immediately before placement shall be a minimum of 50 °F (10 °C) and a maximum of 85 °F (30 °C).

(2) Non-Bridge Deck Concrete. Except as noted above, the temperature of the concrete immediately before placement shall be a minimum of 50 °F (10 °C) and a maximum of 90 °F (32 °C).

If concrete is pumped, the temperature restrictions above shall be considered at point of placement. When insulated forms are used according to Article 1020.13(d)(1), the maximum temperature of the concrete mixture immediately before placement shall be 80 °F (25 °C). When concrete is placed in contact with previously placed concrete, the temperature of the freshly mixed concrete may be increased by the Contractor to offset anticipated heat loss, but in no case shall the maximum concrete temperature be permitted to exceed the limits stated in this Article.”

Revise Article 1103.13(a) to read as follows.

“(a) Bridge Deck. The finishing machine shall be equipped with: (1) a mechanical strike off device; (2) either a rotating cylinder(s) or a longitudinal oscillating screed which transversely finishes the surface of the concrete. The Contractor may attach other equipment to the finishing machine to enhance the final finish when approved by the Engineer. The finishing machine shall produce a deck surface of uniform texture, free from porous areas, and with the required surface smoothness.

The finishing machine shall be operated on rails or other supports that will not deflect under the applied loads. The maximum length of rail segments supported on top of beams and within the pour shall be 10 ft (3 m). The supports shall be adjustable for elevation and shall be completely in place to allow the finishing machine to be used for the full length of the area to be finished. The supports shall be approved by the Engineer before placing of the concrete is started.”

Revise Article 1103.17(k) to read as follows.

“(k) Fogging Equipment. Fogging equipment shall be hand held fogging equipment for humidity control. The equipment shall be capable of atomizing water to produce a fog blanket by the use of pressure 2500 psi minimum (17.24 MPa) and an industrial fire hose fogging nozzle or equivalent. Fogging equipment attached to the finishing machine will not be permitted.”

COARSE AGGREGATE QUALITY (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2015

Revise Article 1004.01(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Quality. The coarse aggregate shall be according to the quality standards listed in the following table.

| COARSE AGGREGATE QUALITY | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| QUALITY TEST | CLASS | | | |
| | A | B | C | D |
| Na ₂ SO ₄ Soundness 5 Cycle, ITP 104 ^{1/} , % Loss max. | 15 | 15 | 20 | 25 ^{2/} |
| Los Angeles Abrasion, ITP 96 ^{11/} , % Loss max. | 40 ^{3/} | 40 ^{4/} | 40 ^{5/} | 45 |
| Minus No. 200 (75 μm) Sieve Material, ITP 11 | 1.0 ^{6/} | --- | 2.5 ^{7/} | --- |
| Deleterious Materials ^{10/} | | | | |
| Shale, % max. | 1.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 ^{8/} | --- |
| Clay Lumps, % max. | 0.25 | 0.5 | 0.5 ^{8/} | --- |
| Coal & Lignite, % max. | 0.25 | --- | --- | --- |
| Soft & Unsound Fragments, % max. | 4.0 | 6.0 | 8.0 ^{8/} | --- |
| Other Deleterious, % max. | 4.0 ^{9/} | 2.0 | 2.0 ^{8/} | --- |
| Total Deleterious, % max. | 5.0 | 6.0 | 10.0 ^{8/} | --- |
| Oil-Stained Aggregate ^{10/} , % max | 5.0 | --- | --- | |

1/ Does not apply to crushed concrete.

2/ For aggregate surface course and aggregate shoulders, the maximum percent loss shall be 30.

3/ For portland cement concrete, the maximum percent loss shall be 45.

4/ Does not apply to crushed slag or crushed steel slag.

5/ For hot-mix asphalt (HMA) binder mixtures, except when used as surface course, the maximum percent loss shall be 45.

6/ For crushed aggregate, if the material finer than the No. 200 (75 μm) sieve consists of the dust from fracture, essentially free from clay or silt, this percentage may be increased to 2.5.

7/ Does not apply to aggregates for HMA binder mixtures.

- 8/ Does not apply to Class A seal and cover coats.
- 9/ Includes deleterious chert. In gravel and crushed gravel aggregate, deleterious chert shall be the lightweight fraction separated in a 2.35 heavy media separation. In crushed stone aggregate, deleterious chert shall be the lightweight fraction separated in a 2.55 heavy media separation. Tests shall be run according to ITP 113.
- 10/ Test shall be run according to ITP 203.
- 11/ Does not apply to crushed slag.

All varieties of chert contained in gravel coarse aggregate for portland cement concrete, whether crushed or uncrushed, pure or impure, and irrespective of color, will be classed as chert and shall not be present in the total aggregate in excess of 25 percent by weight (mass).

Aggregates used in Class BS concrete (except when poured on subgrade), Class PS concrete, and Class PC concrete (bridge superstructure products only, excluding the approach slab) shall contain no more than two percent by weight (mass) of deleterious materials. Deleterious materials shall include substances whose disintegration is accompanied by an increase in volume which may cause spalling of the concrete.”

CONCRETE END SECTIONS FOR PIPE CULVERTS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2013

Description. This work shall consist of constructing cast-in-place concrete and precast concrete end sections for pipe culverts. These end sections are shown on the plans as Highway Standard 542001, 542006, 542011, or 542016. This work shall be according to Section 542 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Materials. Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Division 1000 – Materials of the Standard Specifications.

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Portland Cement Concrete (Note 1) | 1020 |
| (b) Precast Concrete End Sections (Note 2) | |
| (c) Coarse Aggregate (Note 3) | 1004.05 |
| (d) Structural Steel (Note 4) | 1006.04 |
| (e) Anchor Bolts and Rods (Note 5) | 1006.09 |
| (f) Reinforcement Bars | 1006.10(a) |
| (g) Nonshrink Grout | 1024.02 |
| (h) Chemical Adhesive Resin System | 1027 |
| (i) Mastic Joint Sealer for Pipe | 1055 |
| (j) Hand Hole Plugs | 1042.16 |

Note 1. Cast-in-place concrete end sections shall be Class SI, except the 14 day mix design shall have a compressive strength of 5000 psi (34,500 kPa) or a flexural strength of (800 psi) 5500 kPa and a minimum cement factor of 6.65 cwt/cu yd (395 kg/cu m).

Note 2. Precast concrete end sections shall be according to Articles 1042.02 and 1042.03(b)(c)(d)(e) of the Standard Specifications. The concrete shall be Class PC according to Section 1020, and shall have a minimum compressive strength of 5000 psi (34,000 kPa) at 28 days.

Joints between precast sections shall be produced with reinforced tongue and groove ends according to the requirements of ASTM C 1577.

Note 3. The granular bedding placed below a precast concrete end section shall be gradation CA 6, CA 9, CA 10, CA 12, CA 17, CA 18, or CA 19.

Note 4. All components of the culvert tie detail shall be galvanized according to the requirements of AASHTO M 111 or M 232 as applicable.

Note 5. The anchor rods for the culvert ties shall be according to the requirements of ASTM F 1554, Grade 105 (Grade 725).

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

The concrete end sections may be precast or cast-in-place construction. Toe walls shall be either precast or cast-in-place, and shall be in proper position and backfilled according to the applicable paragraphs of Article 502.10 of the Standard Specifications prior to the installation of the concrete end sections. If soil conditions permit, cast-in-place toe walls may be poured directly against the soil. When poured directly against the soil, the clear cover of the sides and bottom of the toe wall shall be increased to 3 in. (75 mm) by increasing the thickness of the toe wall.

- (a) Cast-In-Place Concrete End Sections. Cast-in-place concrete end sections shall be constructed according to the requirements of Section 503 of the Standard Specifications and as shown on the plans.
- (b) Precast Concrete End Sections. When the concrete end sections will be precast, shop drawings detailing the slab thickness and reinforcement layout shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval.

The excavation and backfilling for precast concrete end sections shall be according to the requirements of Section 502 of the Standard Specifications, except a layer of granular bedding at least 6 in. (150 mm) in thickness shall be placed below the elevation of the bottom of the end section. The granular bedding shall extend a minimum of 2 ft (600 mm) beyond each side of the end section.

Anchor rods connecting precast sections shall be brought to a snug tight condition followed by an additional 2/3 turn on one of the nuts. Match marks shall be provided on the bolt and nut to verify relative rotation between the bolt and the nut.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment as each, with each end of each culvert being one each.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for CONCRETE END SECTION, STANDARD 542001; CONCRETE END SECTION, STANDARD 542006; CONCRETE END SECTION, 542011; or CONCRETE END SECTION, 542016, of the pipe diameter and slope specified.

CONCRETE GUTTER, CURB, MEDIAN, AND PAVED DITCH (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2014

Revised: August 1, 2014

Add the following to Article 606.02 of the Standard Specifications:

“(i) Polyurethane Joint Sealant 1050.04”

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 606.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Transverse contraction and longitudinal construction joints shall be sealed according to Article 420.12, except transverse joints in concrete curb and gutter shall be sealed with polysulfide or polyurethane joint sealant.”

Add the following to Section 1050 of the Standard Specifications:

“1050.04 Polyurethane Joint Sealant. The joint sealant shall be a polyurethane sealant, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25 or better, Use T (T₁ or T₂), according to ASTM C 920.”

CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY – DIESEL RETROFIT (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2010

Revised: November 1, 2014

The reduction of emissions of particulate matter (PM) for off-road equipment shall be accomplished by installing retrofit emission control devices. The term “equipment” refers to diesel fuel powered devices rated at 50 hp and above, to be used on the jobsite in excess of seven calendar days over the course of the construction period on the jobsite (including rental equipment).

Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract shall be retrofitted using the phased in approach shown below. Equipment that is of a model year older than the year given for that equipment’s respective horsepower range shall be retrofitted:

| Effective Dates | Horsepower Range | Model Year |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------|
| June 1, 2010 ^{1/} | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |
| June 1, 2011 ^{2/} | 100-299 | 2003 |
| | 300-599 | 2001 |
| | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |
| June 1, 2012 ^{2/} | 50-99 | 2004 |
| | 100-299 | 2003 |
| | 300-599 | 2001 |
| | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |

- 1/ Effective dates apply to Contractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.
- 2/ Effective dates apply to Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

The retrofit emission control devices shall achieve a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent and shall be:

- a) Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) *Verified Retrofit Technology List* (<http://www.epa.gov/cleandiesel/verification/verif-list.htm>), or verified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (<http://www.arb.ca.gov/diesel/verdev/vt/cvt.htm>); or

- b) Retrofitted with a non-verified diesel retrofit emission control device if verified retrofit emission control devices are not available for equipment proposed to be used on the project, and if the Contractor has obtained a performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer that the emission control device provides a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent.

Note: Large cranes (Crawler mounted cranes) which are responsible for critical lift operations are exempt from installing retrofit emission control devices if such devices adversely affect equipment operation.

Diesel powered off-road equipment with engine ratings of 50 hp and above, which are unable to be retrofitted with verified emission control devices or if performance certifications are not available which will achieve a minimum 50 percent PM reduction, may be granted a waiver by the Department if documentation is provided showing good faith efforts were made by the Contractor to retrofit the equipment.

Construction shall not proceed until the Contractor submits a certified list of the diesel powered off-road equipment that will be used, and as necessary, retrofitted with emission control devices. The list(s) shall include (1) the equipment number, type, make, Contractor/rental company name; and (2) the emission control devices make, model, USEPA or CARB verification number, or performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer. Equipment reported as fitted with emissions control devices shall be made available to the Engineer for visual inspection of the device installation, prior to being used on the jobsite.

The Contractor shall submit an updated list of retrofitted off-road construction equipment as retrofitted equipment changes or comes on to the jobsite. The addition or deletion of any diesel powered equipment shall be included on the updated list.

If any diesel powered off-road equipment is found to be in non-compliance with any portion of this special provision, the Engineer will issue the Contractor a diesel retrofit deficiency deduction.

Any costs associated with retrofitting any diesel powered off-road equipment with emission control devices shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed. The Contractor's compliance with this notice and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a claim.

Diesel Retrofit Deficiency Deduction

When the Engineer determines that a diesel retrofit deficiency exists, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency continues to exist. The calendar day(s) will begin when the time period for correction is exceeded and end with the Engineer's written acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be \$1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

The deficiency will be based on lack of diesel retrofit emissions control.

If a Contractor accumulates three diesel retrofit deficiency deductions for the same piece of equipment in a contract period, the Contractor will be shutdown until the deficiency is corrected. Such a shutdown will not be grounds for any extension of the contract time, waiver of penalties, or be grounds for any claim.

CONTRACT CLAIMS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2014

Revise the first paragraph of Article 109.09(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(a) Submission of Claim. All claims filed by the Contractor shall be in writing and in sufficient detail to enable the Department to ascertain the basis and amount of the claim. As a minimum, the following information must accompany each claim submitted.”

Revise Article 109.09(e) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(e) Procedure. The Department provides two administrative levels for claims review.

Level I Engineer of Construction

Level II Chief Engineer/Director of Highways or Designee

- (1) Level I. All claims shall first be submitted at Level I. Two copies each of the claim and supporting documentation shall be submitted simultaneously to the District and the Engineer of Construction. The Engineer of Construction, in consultation with the District, will consider all information submitted with the claim and render a decision on the claim within 90 days after receipt by the Engineer of Construction. Claims not conforming to this Article will be returned without consideration. The Engineer of Construction may schedule a claim presentation meeting if in the Engineer of Construction’s judgment such a meeting would aid in resolution of the claim, otherwise a decision will be made based on the claim documentation submitted. If a Level I decision is not rendered within 90 days of receipt of the claim, or if the Contractor disputes the decision, an appeal to Level II may be made by the Contractor.
- (2) Level II. An appeal to Level II shall be made in writing to the Engineer of Construction within 45 days after the date of the Level I decision. Review of the claim at Level II shall be conducted as a full evaluation of the claim. A claim presentation meeting may be scheduled if the Chief Engineer/Director of Highways determines that such a meeting would aid in resolution of the claim, otherwise a decision will be made based on the claim documentation submitted. A Level II final decision will be rendered within 90 days of receipt of the written request for appeal.

Full compliance by the Contractor with the provisions specified in this Article is a contractual condition precedent to the Contractor's right to seek relief in the Court of Claims. The Director's written decision shall be the final administrative action of the Department. Unless the Contractor files a claim for adjudication by the Court of Claims within 60 days after the date of the written decision, the failure to file shall constitute a release and waiver of the claim."

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: January 2, 2015

FEDERAL OBLIGATION. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform **14.00%** of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at www.dot.il.gov.

BIDDING PROCEDURES. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement. The failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

- (a) The bidder shall submit a Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan on Department forms SBE 2025 and 2026 with the bid.

- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.
- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. For bidding purposes, submission of the completed SBE 2025 forms, signed by the DBEs and faxed to the bidder will be acceptable as long as the original is available and provided upon request. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:
- (1) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
 - (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the work each DBE will perform;
 - (3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating. The dollar amount of participation for identified work shall specifically state the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;
 - (4) DBE Participation Commitment Statements, form SBE 2025, signed by the bidder and each participating DBE firm documenting the commitment to use the DBE subcontractors whose participation is submitted to meet the contract goal;
 - (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s); and,
 - (6) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts; the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the apparent successful bidder is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document that enough DBE participation has been obtained or document that good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work performance to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan does not document sufficient DBE participation to meet the contract goal unless the apparent successful bidder documented in the Utilization Plan that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts, in other words, efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with Section 6 of the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
 - (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
 - (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
 - (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.

- (b) If the Department determines that the apparent successful bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification shall include a statement of reasons for the determination.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the receipt of the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217) 785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The determination shall become final if a request is not made and delivered. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in order to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for consideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.

- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a regular dealer or manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the Participation Statement.

- (a) NO AMENDMENT. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) CHANGES TO WORK. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, then a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor shall not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure that the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) SUBCONTRACT. The Contractor must provide DBE subcontracts to IDOT upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.

(d) ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractor-initiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:

- (1) That the replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
- (2) That the DBE is aware that its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
- (3) That the DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.

(e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a). Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE listed in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law.
- (6) You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated, or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department shall provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) PAYMENT RECORDS. The Contractor shall maintain a record of payments for work performed to the DBE participants. The records shall be made available to the Department for inspection upon request. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Regional Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) ENFORCEMENT. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) RECONSIDERATION. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department.

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2015

FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

In the event of the Contractor's noncompliance with the provisions of this Equal Employment Opportunity Clause, the Illinois Human Rights Act, or the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations, the Contractor may be declared ineligible for future contracts or subcontracts with the State of Illinois or any of its political sub-divisions or municipal corporations, and the contract may be cancelled or voided in whole or in part, and such other sanctions or penalties may be imposed or remedies invoked as provided by statute or regulation.

During the performance of this Contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

- (1) That it will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, order of protection status, national origin or ancestry, citizenship status, age, physical or mental disability unrelated to ability, military status, or an unfavorable discharge from military service; and further that it will examine all job classifications to determine if minority persons or women are underutilized and will take appropriate affirmative action to rectify any such underutilization.
- (2) That, if it hires additional employees in order to perform this contract or any portion hereof, it will determine the availability (according to the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations) of minorities and women in the area(s) from which it may reasonably recruit and it will hire for each job classification for which employees are hired in such a way that minorities and women are not underutilized.
- (3) That, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by it or on its behalf, it will state that all applicants will be afforded equal opportunity without discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, order of protection status, national origin or ancestry, citizenship status, age, physical or mental disability unrelated to ability, military status or an unfavorable discharge from military service.

- (4) That it will send to each labor organization or representative of workers with which it has or is bound by a collective bargaining or other agreement or understanding, a notice advising such labor organization or representative of the Contractor's obligations under the Illinois Human Rights Act and the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations. If any labor organization or representative fails or refuses to cooperate with the Contractor in its efforts to comply with such Act and Rules and Regulations, the Contractor will promptly so notify the Illinois Department of Human Rights and IDOT and will recruit employees from other sources when necessary to fulfill its obligations thereunder.
- (5) That it will submit reports as required by the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations, furnish all relevant information as may from time to time be requested by the Illinois Department of Human Rights or IDOT, and in all respects comply with the Illinois Human Rights Act and the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations.
- (6) That it will permit access to all relevant books, records, accounts, and work sites by personnel of IDOT and the Illinois Department of Human Rights for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with the Illinois Human Rights Act and the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations.
- (7) That it will include verbatim or by reference the provisions of this clause in every subcontract it awards under which any portion of the contract obligations are undertaken or assumed, so that the provisions will be binding upon the subcontractor. In the same manner as with other provisions of this contract, the Contractor will be liable for compliance with applicable provisions of this clause by subcontractors; and further it will promptly notify IDOT and the Illinois Department of Human Rights in the event any subcontractor fails or refuses to comply with these provisions. In addition, the Contractor will not utilize any subcontractor declared by the Illinois Human Rights Commission to be ineligible for contracts or subcontracts with the State of Illinois or any of its political subdivisions or municipal corporations."

STATE CONTRACTS. Revise Section II of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"II. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

In the event of the Contractor's noncompliance with the provisions of this Equal Employment Opportunity Clause, the Illinois Human Rights Act or the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations, the Contractor may be declared ineligible for future contracts or subcontracts with the State of Illinois or any of its political sub-divisions or municipal corporations, and the contract may be cancelled or voided in whole or in part, and such other sanctions or penalties may be imposed or remedies invoked as provided by statute or regulation.

During the performance of this Contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

1. That it will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, order of protection status, national origin or ancestry, citizenship status, age, physical or mental disability unrelated to ability, military status, or an unfavorable discharge from military service; and further that it will examine all job classifications to determine if minority persons or women are underutilized and will take appropriate affirmative action to rectify any such underutilization.
2. That, if it hires additional employees in order to perform this contract or any portion hereof, it will determine the availability (according to the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations) of minorities and women in the area(s) from which it may reasonably recruit and it will hire for each job classification for which employees are hired in such a way that minorities and women are not underutilized.
3. That, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by it or on its behalf, it will state that all applicants will be afforded equal opportunity without discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, order of protection status, national origin or ancestry, citizenship status, age, physical or mental disability unrelated to ability, military status, or an unfavorable discharge from military service.
4. That it will send to each labor organization or representative of workers with which it has or is bound by a collective bargaining or other agreement or understanding, a notice advising such labor organization or representative of the Contractor's obligations under the Illinois Human Rights Act and the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations. If any labor organization or representative fails or refuses to cooperate with the Contractor in its efforts to comply with such Act and Rules and Regulations, the Contractor will promptly so notify the Illinois Department of Human Rights and IDOT and will recruit employees from other sources when necessary to fulfill its obligations thereunder.
5. That it will submit reports as required by the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations, furnish all relevant information as may from time to time be requested by the Illinois Department of Human Rights or IDOT, and in all respects comply with the Illinois Human Rights Act and the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations.
6. That it will permit access to all relevant books, records, accounts and work sites by personnel of IDOT and the Illinois Department of Human Rights for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with the Illinois Human Rights Act and the Illinois Department of Human Rights Rules and Regulations.

7. That it will include verbatim or by reference the provisions of this clause in every subcontract it awards under which any portion of the contract obligations are undertaken or assumed, so that the provisions will be binding upon the subcontractor. In the same manner as with other provisions of this contract, the Contractor will be liable for compliance with applicable provisions of this clause by subcontractors; and further it will promptly notify IDOT and the Illinois Department of Human Rights in the event any subcontractor fails or refuses to comply with these provisions. In addition, the Contractor will not utilize any subcontractor declared by the Illinois Human Rights Commission to be ineligible for contracts or subcontracts with the State of Illinois or any of its political subdivisions or municipal corporations.”

LRFD STORM SEWER BURIAL TABLES (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2013
 2015

Revised: April 1,

Revise Article 550.02 of the Standard Specifications to read as follows:

| “Item | Article Section |
|--|-----------------|
| (a) Clay Sewer Pipe | 1040.02 |
| (b) Extra Strength Clay Pipe | 1040.02 |
| (c) Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe | 1042 |
| (d) Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe | 1042 |
| (e) Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (Note 1) | 1042 |
| (f) Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (Note 1) | 1042 |
| (g) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe | 1040.03 |
| (h) Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe with a Smooth Interior | 1040.03 |
| (i) Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) Pipe with Smooth Interior | 1040.08 |
| (j) Rubber Gaskets and Preformed Flexible Joint Sealants for Concrete Pipe | 1056 |
| (k) Mastic Joint Sealer for Pipe | 1055 |
| (l) External Sealing Band | 1057 |
| (m) Fine Aggregate (Note 2) | 1003.04 |
| (n) Coarse Aggregate (Note 3) | 1004.05 |
| (o) Reinforcement Bars and Welded Wire Fabric | 1006.10 |
| (p) Handling Hole Plugs | 1042.16 |
| (q) Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior | 1040.04 |
| (r) Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior | 1040.04 |

Note 1. The class of elliptical and arch pipe used for various storm sewer sizes and heights of fill shall conform to the requirements for circular pipe.

Note 2. The fine aggregate shall be moist.

Note 3. The coarse aggregate shall be wet.”

Revise the table for permitted materials in Article 550.03 of the Standard Specifications as follows:

| "Class | <u>Materials</u> |
|--------|---|
| A | Rigid Pipes: Clay Sewer Pipe Extra Strength Clay Pipe Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe |
| B | Rigid Pipes: Clay Sewer Pipe Extra Strength Clay Pipe Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Flexible Pipes: Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe (PVC) with a Smooth Interior Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) Pipe with a Smooth Interior" |

Replace the storm sewers tables in Article 550.03 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

| STORM SEWERS KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|-----|---|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|-----|
| Nominal Diameter in. | Type 1 | | | | | | | | Type 2 | | | | | | | |
| | Fill Height: 3' and less With 1' minimum cover | | | | | | | | Fill Height: Greater than 3' not exceeding 10' | | | | | | | |
| | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP |
| 10 | NA | 3 | X | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | 1 | *X | X | X | X | X | NA |
| 12 | IV | NA | X | X | X | X | X | X | II | 1 | *X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 15 | IV | NA | NA | X | X | NA | X | X | II | 1 | *X | X | X | NA | X | X |
| 18 | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | X | II | 2 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 21 | III | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA | NA | II | 2 | X | X | X | NA | NA | NA |
| 24 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | X | II | 2 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 27 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | 3 | X | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 30 | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | X | II | 3 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 33 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | X | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 36 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | X | II | NA | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 42 | II | NA | X | X | NA | X | X | NA | II | NA | X | X | NA | X | NA | NA |
| 48 | II | NA | X | X | NA | X | X | X | II | NA | X | X | NA | X | NA | NA |
| 54 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 60 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | X | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | X |
| 66 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 72 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 78 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 84 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 90 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 96 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 102 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 108 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

- RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
- CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe
- PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe
- CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe
- ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe
- PE Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior
- CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior
- CPP Corrugated Polypropylene pipe with a Smooth Interior
- X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height.
- NA This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height.
- * May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe

| STORM SEWERS (Metric) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|-----|--|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|-----|
| KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nominal Diameter in. | Type 1 | | | | | | | | Type 2 | | | | | | | |
| | Fill Height: 1 m and less With 300 mm minimum cover | | | | | | | | Fill Height: Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m | | | | | | | |
| | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP |
| 250 | NA | 3 | X | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | 1 | *X | X | X | X | X | NA |
| 300 | IV | NA | X | X | X | X | X | X | II | 1 | *X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 375 | IV | NA | NA | X | X | NA | X | X | II | 1 | *X | X | X | NA | X | X |
| 450 | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | X | II | 2 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 525 | III | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA | NA | II | 2 | X | X | X | NA | NA | NA |
| 600 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | X | II | 2 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 675 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | 3 | X | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 750 | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | X | II | 3 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 825 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | X | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 900 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | X | II | NA | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1050 | II | NA | X | X | NA | X | X | NA | II | NA | X | X | NA | X | NA | NA |
| 1200 | II | NA | X | X | NA | X | X | X | II | NA | X | X | NA | X | NA | NA |
| 1350 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1500 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | X | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | X |
| 1650 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1800 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1950 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2100 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2250 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2400 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2550 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2700 | II | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

- RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
- CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe
- PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe
- CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe
- ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe
- PE Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior
- CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior
- CPP Corrugated Polypropylene pipe with a Smooth Interior
- X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height.
- NA This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height.
- * May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe

| STORM SEWERS KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|-----|--|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|
| Nominal Diameter in. | Type 3 | | | | | | | | Type 4 | | | | | | |
| | Fill Height: Greater than 10' not exceeding 15' | | | | | | | | Fill Height: Greater than 15' not exceeding 20' | | | | | | |
| | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPP |
| 10 | NA | 2 | X | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | 3 | X | X | X | X | NA |
| 12 | III | 2 | X | X | X | X | NA | X | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 15 | III | 3 | X | X | X | NA | NA | X | IV | NA | NA | X | X | NA | X |
| 18 | III | NA | X | X | X | X | NA | X | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 21 | III | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA |
| 24 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 27 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 30 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA | X | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 33 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 36 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 42 | III | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA |
| 48 | III | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA |
| 54 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 60 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 66 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 72 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 78 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 84 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 90 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1680 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 96 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1690 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 102 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1700 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 108 | 1360 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1710 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe

CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe

PE Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

CPP Corrugated Polypropylene pipe with a Smooth Interior

X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

NA This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

* May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe

Note RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 0.01 in crack.

| STORM SEWERS (metric) KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|-----|--|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|
| Nominal Diameter in. | Type 3 | | | | | | | | Type 4 | | | | | | |
| | Fill Height: Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m | | | | | | | | Fill Height: Greater than 4.5 m not exceeding 6 m | | | | | | |
| | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPP |
| 250 | NA | 2 | X | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | 3 | X | X | X | X | NA |
| 300 | III | 2 | X | X | X | X | NA | X | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 375 | III | 3 | X | X | X | NA | NA | X | IV | NA | NA | X | X | NA | X |
| 450 | III | NA | X | X | X | X | NA | X | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 525 | III | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA |
| 600 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 675 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 750 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA | X | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 825 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 900 | III | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 1050 | III | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA |
| 1200 | III | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA |
| 1350 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1500 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1650 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1800 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1950 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2100 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | IV | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2250 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 80 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2400 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 80 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2550 | III | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 80 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2700 | 70 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 80 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe

CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe

PE Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

CPP Corrugated Polypropylene pipe with a Smooth Interior

X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

NA This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

* May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe

Note RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the metric D-load to produce a 25.4 micro-meter crack.

| STORM SEWERS KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----|------|--|-----|------|--|------|
| Nominal Diameter in. | Type 5 | | | Type 6 | | | Type 7 | |
| | Fill Height: Greater than 20' not exceeding 25' | | | Fill Height: Greater than 25' not exceeding 30' | | | Fill Height: Greater than 30' not exceeding 35' | |
| | RCCP | PVC | CPVC | RCCP | PVC | CPVC | RCCP | CPVC |
| 10 | NA | X | X | NA | X | X | NA | X |
| 12 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 15 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 18 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 21 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 24 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 27 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 30 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 33 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 36 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 42 | IV | X | NA | V | X | NA | V | NA |
| 48 | IV | X | NA | V | X | NA | V | NA |
| 54 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 60 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 66 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 72 | V | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 78 | 2020 | NA | NA | 2370 | NA | NA | 2730 | NA |
| 84 | 2020 | NA | NA | 2380 | NA | NA | 2740 | NA |
| 90 | 2030 | NA | NA | 2390 | NA | NA | 2750 | NA |
| 96 | 2040 | NA | NA | 2400 | NA | NA | 2750 | NA |
| 102 | 2050 | NA | NA | 2410 | NA | NA | 2760 | NA |
| 108 | 2060 | NA | NA | 2410 | NA | NA | 2770 | NA |

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe

X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

NA This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

Note RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 0.01 in crack.

| STORM SEWERS (metric) | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----|------|--|-----|------|--|------|
| KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE | | | | | | | | |
| Nominal Diameter in. | Type 5 | | | Type 6 | | | Type 7 | |
| | Fill Height: Greater than 20' not exceeding 25' | | | Fill Height: Greater than 25' not exceeding 30' | | | Fill Height: Greater than 30' not exceeding 35' | |
| | RCCP | PVC | CPVC | RCCP | PVC | CPVC | RCCP | CPVC |
| 250 | NA | X | X | NA | X | X | NA | X |
| 300 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 375 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 450 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 525 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 600 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 675 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 750 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 825 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 900 | IV | X | X | V | X | X | V | X |
| 1050 | IV | X | NA | V | X | NA | V | NA |
| 1200 | IV | X | NA | V | X | NA | V | NA |
| 1350 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 1500 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 1650 | IV | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 1800 | V | NA | NA | V | NA | NA | V | NA |
| 1950 | 100 | NA | NA | 110 | NA | NA | 130 | NA |
| 2100 | 100 | NA | NA | 110 | NA | NA | 130 | NA |
| 2250 | 100 | NA | NA | 110 | NA | NA | 130 | NA |
| 2400 | 100 | NA | NA | 120 | NA | NA | 130 | NA |
| 2550 | 100 | NA | NA | 120 | NA | NA | 130 | NA |
| 2700 | 100 | NA | NA | 120 | NA | NA | 130 | NA |

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe

X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

NA This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

Note RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the metric D-load to produce a 25.4 micro-meter crack.

Revise the sixth paragraph of Article 550.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“PVC, PE and CPP pipes shall be joined according to the manufacturer’s specifications.”

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Article 550.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**550.08 Deflection Testing for Storm Sewers.** All PVC, PE, and CPP storm sewers shall be tested for deflection not less than 30 days after the pipe is installed and the backfill compacted. The testing shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer.

For PVC, PE, and CPP storm sewers with diameters 24 in. (600 mm) or smaller, a mandrel drag shall be used for deflection testing. For PVC, PE, and CPP storm sewers with diameters over 24 in. (600 mm), deflection measurements other than by a mandrel shall be used.”

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 550.08 to read as follows.

“The outside diameter of the mandrel shall be 95 percent of the base inside diameter. For all PVC pipe the base inside diameter shall be defined using ASTM D 3034 methodology. For all PE and CPP pipe, the base inside diameter shall be defined as the average inside diameter based on the minimum and maximum tolerances specified in the corresponding ASTM or AASHTO material specifications.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**1040.03 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe.** Acceptance testing of PVC pipe and fittings shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which they are installed. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements.”

Delete Articles 1040.03(e) and (f) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Articles 1040.04(c) and (d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(c) PE Profile Wall Pipe for Insertion Lining. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 894. When used for insertion lining of pipe culverts, the pipe liner shall have a minimum pipe stiffness of 46 psi (317 kPa) at five percent deflection for nominal inside diameters of 42 in. (1050 mm) or less. For nominal inside diameters of greater than 42 in. (1050 mm), the pipe liner shall have a minimum pipe stiffness of 32.5 psi (225 kPa) at five percent deflection. All sizes shall have wall construction that presents essentially smooth internal and external surfaces.

(d) PE Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 714 (DR 32.5) with a minimum cell classification of PE 335434 as defined in ASTM D 3350. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties and the resin used to manufacture the pipe meets or exceeds the minimum cell classification requirements.”

Add the following to Section 1040 of the Standard Specifications:

“1040.08 Polypropylene (PP) Pipe. Storage and handling shall be according to the manufacturer’s recommendations, except in no case shall the pipe be exposed to direct sunlight for more than six months. Acceptance testing of the pipe shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which it is installed. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements.

- (a) Corrugated PP Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to AAHSTO M 330 (nominal size – 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be Type S or D.
- (b) Perforated Corrugated PP Pipe with A Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to AASHTO M 330 (nominal size – 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be Type SP. In addition, the top centerline of the pipe shall be marked so that it is readily visible from the top of the trench before backfilling, and the upper ends of the slot perforations shall be a minimum of ten degrees below the horizontal.”

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE BRIDGE DECK CURING (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2015

Replace the table in Article 1020.13 of the Supplemental Specifications with the following:

| “INDEX TABLE OF CURING AND PROTECTION OF CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION | | | |
|---|--|--------------------|--|
| TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION | CURING METHODS | CURING PERIOD DAYS | LOW AIR TEMPERATURE PROTECTION METHODS |
| Cast-in-Place Concrete ^{11/} | | | |
| Pavement Shoulder | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{3/ 5/} | 3 | 1020.13(c) |
| Base Course Base Course Widening | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{2/} | 3 | 1020.13(c) |
| Driveway Median Barrier Curb Gutter Curb & Gutter Sidewalk Slope Wall Paved Ditch | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{4/ 5/} | 3 | 1020.13(c) ^{16/} |
| Catch Basin Manhole Inlet Valve Vault | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{4/} | 3 | 1020.13(c) |

| | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------|
| Pavement Patching | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{2/} | 3 ^{12/} | 1020.13(c) |
| Bridge Deck Patching | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) | 3 or 7 ^{12/} | 1020.13(c) |
| Railroad Crossing | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) | 1 | 1020.13(c) |
| Piles and Drilled Shafts | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) | 7 | 1020.13(d)(1)(2)(3) |
| Foundations & Footings Seal Coat | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{4/ 6/} | 7 | 1020.13(d)(1)(2)(3) |
| Substructure | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{1/ 7/} | 7 | 1020.13(d)(1)(2)(3) |
| Superstructure (except deck) | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(5) ^{8/} | 7 | 1020.13(d)(1)(2) |
| Deck Bridge Approach Slab | 1020.13(a)(5)(6) ^{19/} | 7 | 1020.13(d)(1)(2) ^{17/} |
| Retaining Walls | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{1/ 7/} | 7 | 1020.13(d)(1)(2) |
| Pump Houses | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{1/} | 7 | 1020.13(d)(1)(2) |
| Culverts | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) ^{4/ 6/} | 7 | 1020.13(d)(1)(2) ^{18/} |
| Other Incidental Concrete | 1020.13(a)(1)(2)(3)(5) | 3 | 1020.13(c) |
| Precast Concrete ^{11/} | | | |
| Bridge Slabs Piles and Pile Caps Other Structural Members | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) ^{9/ 10/} | As Required ^{13/} | 9/ |
| All Other Precast Items | 1020.13(a)(3)(4)(5) ^{2/ 9/ 10/} | As Required ^{14/} | 9/ |
| Precast, Prestressed Concrete ^{11/} | | | |
| All Items | 1020.13(a)(3)(5) ^{9/ 10/} | Until Strand Tensioning is Released ^{15/} | 9/” |

Add the following footnote to the end of the Index Table of Curing and Protection of Concrete Construction in Article 1020.13 of the Supplemental Specifications:

“19/ The cellulose polyethylene blanket method shall not be used on latex modified concrete.”

Add the following to Article 1020.13(a) of the Standard Specifications.

“(6) Cellulose Polyethylene Blanket Method. The cellulose polyethylene blanket shall consist of a white polyethylene sheeting with cellulose fiber backing. After the surface of concrete has been textured or finished, it shall be covered immediately with a cellulose polyethylene blanket. The blankets shall be installed with the white perforated polyethylene side facing up. Adjoining blankets shall overlap a minimum of 4 in. (100 mm). On pours wider than 20 ft (6 m), a foot bridge shall be used to place the blankets and to spray water on the blankets immediately after placement on the concrete surface. The blankets shall be placed in a manner which will not create indentations greater than 1/4 in. (6 mm) in the concrete surface. Any air bubbles trapped during placement shall be removed without tearing the blanket. The blankets shall then be immediately flooded with a gentle spray of water to ensure complete saturation of the cellulose. The overlaps and outside edges of the cellulose polyethylene blankets, as well as tears in the blanket, shall be weighted down to prevent displacement as needed with care taken not to indent the concrete surface. Soaker hoses shall be placed along the length of the bridge so 100 percent of the deck surface is continuously saturated for the duration of the cure. Damaged cellulose polyethylene blankets shall be repaired or replaced at the direction of the Engineer.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1022.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**1022.03 Waterproof Paper Blankets, White Polyethylene Sheeting, Burlap-Polyethylene Blankets, and Cellulose Polyethylene Blankets.** These materials shall be white and according to ASTM C 171, except moisture loss test specimens shall be made according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 155. Cellulose polyethylene blankets shall be limited to single use only. The cellulose polyethylene blankets shall be delivered to the jobsite unused and in the manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation. Each roll shall be clearly labeled with product name, manufacturer, and manufacturer's certification of compliance with ASTM C 171.”

PROGRESS PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2013

Revise Article 109.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(a) Progress Payments. At least once each month, the Engineer will make a written estimate of the quantity of work performed in accordance with the contract, and the value thereof at the contract unit prices. The amount of the estimate approved as due for payment will be vouchered by the Department and presented to the State Comptroller for payment. No amount less than \$1000.00 will be approved for payment other than the final payment.

Progress payments may be reduced by liens filed pursuant to Section 23(c) of the Mechanics' Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c).

If a Contractor or subcontractor has defaulted on a loan issued under the Department's Disadvantaged Business Revolving Loan Program (20 ILCS 2705/2705-610), progress payments may be reduced pursuant to the terms of that loan agreement. In such cases, the amount of the estimate related to the work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor, in default of the loan agreement, will be offset, in whole or in part, and vouchered by the Department to the Working Capital Revolving Fund or designated escrow account. Payment for the work shall be considered as issued and received by the Contractor or subcontractor on the date of the offset voucher. Further, the amount of the offset voucher shall be a credit against the Department's obligation to pay the Contractor, the Contractor's obligation to pay the subcontractor, and the Contractor's or subcontractor's total loan indebtedness to the Department. The offset shall continue until such time as the entire loan indebtedness is satisfied. The Department will notify the Contractor and Fund Control Agent in a timely manner of such offset. The Contractor or subcontractor shall not be entitled to additional payment in consideration of the offset.

The failure to perform any requirement, obligation, or term of the contract by the Contractor shall be reason for withholding any progress payments until the Department determines that compliance has been achieved."

REINFORCEMENT BARS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2013

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"508.05 Placing and Securing. All reinforcement bars shall be placed and tied securely at the locations and in the configuration shown on the plans prior to the placement of concrete. Manual welding of reinforcement may only be permitted on precast concrete products as indicated in the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum "Quality Control / Quality Assurance Program for Precast Concrete Products", and for precast prestressed concrete products as indicated in the Department's current "Manual for Fabrication of Precast Prestressed Concrete Products". Reinforcement bars shall not be placed by sticking or floating into place or immediately after placement of the concrete.

Bars shall be tied at all intersections, except where the center to center dimension is less than 1 ft (300 mm) in each direction, in which case alternate intersections shall be tied. Molded plastic clips may be used in lieu of wire to secure bar intersections, but shall not be permitted in horizontal bar mats subject to construction foot traffic or to secure longitudinal bar laps. Plastic clips shall adequately secure the reinforcement bars, and shall permit the concrete to flow through and fully encase the reinforcement. Plastic clips may be recycled plastic, and shall meet the approval of the Engineer. The number of ties as specified shall be doubled for lap splices at the stage construction line of concrete bridge decks when traffic is allowed on the first completed stage during the pouring of the second stage."

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Supports for reinforcement in bridge decks shall be metal. For all other concrete construction the supports shall be metal or plastic. Metal bar supports shall be made of cold-drawn wire, or other approved material and shall be either epoxy coated, galvanized or plastic tipped. When the reinforcement bars are epoxy coated, the metal supports shall be epoxy coated. Plastic supports may be recycled plastic. Supports shall be provided in sufficient number and spaced to provide the required clearances. Supports shall adequately support the reinforcement bars, and shall permit the concrete to flow through and fully encase the reinforcement. The legs of supports shall be spaced to allow an opening that is a minimum 1.33 times the nominal maximum aggregate size used in the concrete. Nominal maximum aggregate size is defined as the largest sieve which retains any of the aggregate sample particles. All supports shall meet the approval of the Engineer.”

Revise the first sentence of the eighth paragraph of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Epoxy coated reinforcement bars shall be tied with plastic coated wire, epoxy coated wire, or molded plastic clips where allowed.”

Add the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph of Article 508.06(c) of the Standard Specifications:

“In addition, the total slip of the bars within the splice sleeve of the connector after loading in tension to 30 ksi (207 MPa) and relaxing to 3 ksi (20.7 MPa) shall not exceed 0.01 in. (254 microns).”

Revise Article 1042.03(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(d) Reinforcement and Accessories: The concrete cover over all reinforcement shall be within $\pm 1/4$ in. (± 6 mm) of the specified cover.

Welded wire fabric shall be accurately bent and tied in place.

Miscellaneous accessories to be cast into the concrete or for forming holes and recesses shall be carefully located and rigidly held in place by bolts, clamps, or other effective means. If paper tubes are used for vertical dowel holes, or other vertical holes which require grouting, they shall be removed before transportation to the construction site.”

TRACKING THE USE OF PESTICIDES (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2012

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 107.23 of the Standard Specifications:

“Within 48 hours of the application of pesticides, including but not limited to herbicides, insecticides, algacides, and fungicides, the Contractor shall complete and return to the Engineer, Operations form “OPER 2720”.”

TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINALS TYPE 6 OR 6B (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2015

Add the following to the Article 631.02 of the Standard Specifications:

“(h) Chemical Adhesive 1027.01”

TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISIONS (BDE)

Effective: October 15, 1975

This Training Special Provision supersedes Section 7b of the Special Provision entitled “Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities,” and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

As part of the Contractor’s equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided as follows:

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman in the type of trade or job classification involved. The number of trainees to be trained under this contract will be 5. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, he shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The Contractor shall also insure that this Training Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the Contractor’s needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within the reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Illinois Department of Transportation for approval the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and training program to be used. Furthermore, the Contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g. by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that he has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he has been employed as a journeyman. The Contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the Contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the Contractor and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. The Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program, if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the Contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved by not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor, Manpower Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather than clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., where the training is oriented toward construction applications. Training in the laborer classification may be permitted provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. Some offsite training is permissible as long as the training is an integral part of an approved training program and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Except as otherwise noted below, the Contractor will be reimbursed 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the Engineer, reimbursement will be made for training of persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the Contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for offsite training indicated above may only be made to the Contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training, provides the instruction to the trainee or pays the trainee's wages during the offsite training period.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if either the failure to provide the required training, or the failure to hire the trainee as a journeyman, is caused by the Contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor in meeting the requirement of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin his training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program.

It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A Contractor will have fulfilled his responsibilities under this Training Special Provision if he has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The Contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program he will follow in providing the training. The Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily complete.

The Contractor shall provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting his performance under this Training Special Provision.

Method of Measurement. The unit of measurement is in hours.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of 80 cents per hour for TRAINEES. The estimated total number of hours, unit price, and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

**IDOT TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISION
(TPG)**

Effective: August 1, 2012

Revised: February 1, 2014

In addition to the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action efforts undertaken as elsewhere required by this Contract, the Contractor is encouraged to participate in the incentive program to provide additional on-the-job training to certified graduates of IDOT funded pre-apprenticeship training programs outlined by this Special Provision.

It is the policy of IDOT to fund IDOT pre-apprenticeship training programs throughout Illinois to provide training and skill-improvement opportunities to assure the increased participation of minority groups, disadvantaged persons and women in all phases of the highway construction industry. The intent of this IDOT Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision is to place certified graduates of these IDOT funded pre-apprentice training programs on IDOT project sites when feasible, and provide the graduates with meaningful on-the-job training intended to lead to journey-level employment. IDOT and its sub-recipients, in carrying out the responsibilities of a state contract, shall determine which construction contracts shall include "Training Program Graduate Special Provisions." To benefit from the incentives to encourage the participation in the additional on-the-job training under this Training Program Graduate Special Provision, the Contractor shall make every reasonable effort to employ certified graduates of IDOT funded Pre-apprenticeship Training Programs to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable recruitment area.

Participation pursuant to IDOT's requirements by the Contractor or subcontractor in this Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision entitles the Contractor or subcontractor to be reimbursed at \$15.00 per hour for training given a certified TPG on this contract. As approved by the Department, reimbursement will be made for training persons as specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the Contractor or subcontractor may receive additional training program funds from other sources for other trainees, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor or subcontractor from receiving other reimbursement. For purposes of this Special Provision the Contractor is not relieved of requirements under applicable federal law, the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act, and is not eligible for other training fund reimbursements in addition to the Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision reimbursement.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if the Contractor or subcontractor fails to provide the required training. It is normally expected that a TPG will begin training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project through completion of the contract, so long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program. Should the TPG's employment end in advance of the completion of the contract, the Contractor shall promptly notify the designated IDOT staff member under this Special Provision that the TPG's involvement in the contract has ended and supply a written report of the reason for the end of the involvement, the hours completed by the TPG under the Contract and the number of hours for which the incentive payment provided under this Special Provision will be or has been claimed for the TPG.

The Contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting its performance under this Special Provision.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: The unit of measurement is in hours.

BASIS OF PAYMENT: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of \$15.00 per hour for certified TRAINEES TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE. The estimated total number of hours, unit price and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

The Contractor shall provide training opportunities aimed at developing full journeyworker in the type of trade or job classification involved. The initial number of TPGs for which the incentive is available under this contract is 5. During the course of performance of the Contract the Contractor may seek approval from the Department for additional incentive eligible TPGs. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, it shall determine how many, if any, of the TPGs are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this Special Provision. The Contractor shall also insure that this Training Program Graduate Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract if the TPGs are to be trained by a subcontractor and that the incentive payment is passed on to each subcontractor.

For the Contractor to meet the obligations for participation in this TPG incentive program under this Special Provision, the Department has contracted with several entities to provide screening, tutoring and pre-training to individuals interested in working in the applicable construction classification and has certified those students who have successfully completed the program and are eligible to be TPGs. A designated IDOT staff member, the Director of the Office of Business and Workforce Diversity (OBWD), will be responsible for providing assistance and referrals to the Contractor for the applicable TPGs. For this contract, the Director of OBWD is designated as the responsible IDOT staff member to provide the assistance and referral services related to the placement for this Special Provision. For purposes of this Contract, contacting the Director of OBWD and interviewing each candidate he/she recommends constitutes reasonable recruitment.

Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Department for approval the TPGs to be trained in each selected classification. Furthermore, the Contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. No employee shall be employed as a TPG in any classification in which he/she has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he/she has been employed as a journeyman. Notwithstanding the on-the-job training purpose of this TPG Special Provision, some offsite training is permissible as long as the offsite training is an integral part of the work of the contract and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Training and upgrading of TPGs of IDOT pre-apprentice training programs is intended to move said TPGs toward journeyman status and is the primary objective of this Training Program Graduate Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll TPGs by recruitment through the IDOT funded TPG programs to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that it has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance and entitled to the Training Program Graduate Special Provision \$15.00 an hour incentive.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall provide each TPG with a certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012

Revised: April 2, 2015

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Monday through Sunday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE) (RETURN FORM WITH BID)

Effective: April 2, 2004

Revised: July 1, 2015

Description. Steel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in steel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate on the attached form whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract and submit the completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form or failure to indicate contract number, company name, and sign and date the form shall make this contract exempt of steel cost adjustments for all items of steel. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any item of work will make that item of steel exempt from steel cost adjustment.

Types of Steel Products. An adjustment will be made for fluctuations in the cost of steel used in the manufacture of the following items:

- Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling)
- Structural Steel
- Reinforcing Steel

Other steel materials such as dowel bars, tie bars, mesh reinforcement, guardrail, steel traffic signal and light poles, towers and mast arms, metal railings (excluding wire fence), and frames and grates will be subject to a steel cost adjustment when the pay items they are used in have a contract value of \$10,000 or greater.

The adjustments shall apply to the above items when they are part of the original proposed construction, or added as extra work and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply when the item is added as extra work and paid for at a lump sum price or by force account.

Documentation. Sufficient documentation shall be furnished to the Engineer to verify the following:

- (a) The dates and quantity of steel, in lb (kg), shipped from the mill to the fabricator.
- (b) The quantity of steel, in lb (kg), incorporated into the various items of work covered by this special provision. The Department reserves the right to verify submitted quantities.

Method of Adjustment. Steel cost adjustments will be computed as follows:

$$SCA = Q \times D$$

Where: SCA = steel cost adjustment, in dollars
Q = quantity of steel incorporated into the work, in lb (kg)
D = price factor, in dollars per lb (kg)

$$D = MPI_M - MPI_L$$

Where: MPI_M = The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month the steel is shipped from the mill. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).

MPI_L = The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price,. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).

The unit weights (masses) of steel that will be used to calculate the steel cost adjustment for the various items are shown in the attached table.

No steel cost adjustment will be made for any products manufactured from steel having a mill shipping date prior to the letting date.

If the Contractor fails to provide the required documentation, the method of adjustment will be calculated as described above; however, the MPI_M will be based on the date the steel arrives at the job site. In this case, an adjustment will only be made when there is a decrease in steel costs.

Basis of Payment. Steel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the MPI_L and MPI_M in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

$$\text{Percent Difference} = \{(MPI_L - MPI_M) \div MPI_L\} \times 100$$

Steel cost adjustments will be calculated by the Engineer and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the cost of the steel as described herein. No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of manufacturing, fabrication, shipping, storage, etc.

The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

Attachment

| Item | Unit Mass (Weight) |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling) | |
| Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.179 in. (3.80 mm) wall thickness) | 23 lb/ft (34 kg/m) |
| Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness) | 32 lb/ft (48 kg/m) |
| Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 14 in. (356 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness) | 37 lb/ft (55 kg/m) |
| Other piling | See plans |
| Structural Steel | See plans for weights (masses) |
| Reinforcing Steel | See plans for weights (masses) |
| Dowel Bars and Tie Bars | 6 lb (3 kg) each |
| Mesh Reinforcement | 63 lb/100 sq ft (310 kg/sq m) |
| Guardrail | |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type A w/steel posts | 20 lb/ft (30 kg/m) |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type B w/steel posts | 30 lb/ft (45 kg/m) |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Types A and B w/wood posts | 8 lb/ft (12 kg/m) |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 2 | 305 lb (140 kg) each |
| Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 6 | 1260 lb (570 kg) each |
| Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Tangent) | 730 lb (330 kg) each |
| Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Flared) | 410 lb (185 kg) each |
| Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms | |
| Traffic Signal Post | 11 lb/ft (16 kg/m) |
| Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 30 - 40 ft (9 - 12 m) | 14 lb/ft (21 kg/m) |
| Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 45 - 55 ft (13.5 - 16.5 m) | 21 lb/ft (31 kg/m) |
| Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 30 - 50 ft (9 - 15.2 m) | 13 lb/ft (19 kg/m) |
| Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 55 - 60 ft (16.5 - 18 m) | 19 lb/ft (28 kg/m) |
| Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 80 - 110 ft (24 - 33.5 m) | 31 lb/ft (46 kg/m) |
| Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 120 - 140 ft (36.5 - 42.5 m) | 65 lb/ft (97 kg/m) |
| Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 150 - 160 ft (45.5 - 48.5 m) | 80 lb/ft (119 kg/m) |
| Metal Railings (excluding wire fence) | |
| Steel Railing, Type SM | 64 lb/ft (95 kg/m) |
| Steel Railing, Type S-1 | 39 lb/ft (58 kg/m) |
| Steel Railing, Type T-1 | 53 lb/ft (79 kg/m) |
| Steel Bridge Rail | 52 lb/ft (77 kg/m) |
| Frames and Grates | |
| Frame | 250 lb (115 kg) |
| Lids and Grates | 150 lb (70 kg) |

Return With Bid

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**OPTION FOR
STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT**

The bidder shall submit this completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form or properly complete contract number, company name, and sign and date the form shall make this contract exempt of steel cost adjustments for all items of steel. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any item of work will make that item of steel exempt from steel cost adjustment. After award, this form, when submitted shall become part of the contract.

Contract No.: _____

Company Name: _____

Contractor's Option:

Is your company opting to include this special provision as part of the contract plans for the following items of work?

- | | | |
|--|-----|--------------------------|
| Metal Piling | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Structural Steel | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Reinforcing Steel | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Dowel Bars, Tie Bars and Mesh Reinforcement | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Guardrail | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Metal Railings (excluding wire fence) | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Frames and Grates | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

UNITED STATES ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS SECTION 404 PERMIT



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
CHICAGO DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
231 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604-1437

June 11, 2015

Technical Services Division
Regulatory Branch
LRC-2014-00799

SUBJECT: Authorization to Fill 0.13 Acres of Waters of the U.S. for the Bridge Replacement at Torrence Avenue over Grand Calumet River in Burnham, Cook County, Illinois

John Fortmann
Illinois Department of Transportation
201 West Center Court
Peotone, Illinois 60196

Dear Mr. Fortmann:

This office has verified that your proposed activity complies with the terms and conditions of Regional Permit 3 (Transportation Projects) and 7 (Temporary Construction Activities), Category II of the Regional Permit Program (RPP).

This verification expires three (3) years from the date of this letter and covers only your activity as described in your notification and as shown on the plans entitled "F.A.P Route 358 (Torrence Ave) over Grand Calumet River – Section 1112.1B-R – Project No. – Bridge Replacement – Cook County – C-91-269-12" dated December 22, 2014, prepared by the Illinois Department of Transportation). Caution must be taken to prevent construction materials and activities from impacting waters of the United States beyond the scope of this authorization. If you anticipate changing the design or location of the activity, you should contact this office to determine the need for further authorization.

The activity may be completed without further authorization from this office provided the activity is conducted in compliance with the terms and conditions of the RPP, including conditions of water quality certification issued under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA). If the design, location, or purpose of the project is changed, you should contact this office to determine the need for further authorization.

The following special conditions are a requirement of your authorization:

1. You are required to retain a qualified Independent SESC Inspector (ISI). The following requirements apply:
 - a. You shall contact this office and the ISI at least 10 calendar days prior to the preconstruction meeting so that a representative of this office may attend. The

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- meeting agenda will include a discussion of the SESC plan and the installation and maintenance requirements of the SESC practices on the site;
- b. Prior to commencement of any in-stream work, you shall submit construction plans and a detailed narrative to this office that disclose the contractor's preferred method of cofferdam and dewatering method;
 - c. The ISI will perform weekly inspections of the implemented SESC measures to ensure proper installation and regular maintenance of the approved methods. The ISI contact information form shall be submitted to this office via e-mail and/or hard copy prior to commencement of the permitted work;
 - d. The ISI shall submit to the Corps an inspection report with digital photographs of the SESC measures on a weekly basis during the active and non-active phases of construction. An inspection report shall also be submitted at the completion of the project once the SESC measures have been removed and final stabilization has been completed; and
 - e. Field conditions during project construction may require the implementation of additional SESC measures not included in the SESC plans for further protection of aquatic resources. You shall contact this office immediately in the event of any changes or modifications to the approved plan set or non-compliance of an existing SESC method. Upon direction of the Corps, corrective measure shall be instituted at the site to resolve the problem along with a plan to protect and/or restore the impacted jurisdictional area(s). If you fail to implement corrective measures, this office may require more frequent site inspections to ensure the installed SESC measures are acceptable.
2. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor prolong final grading and shaping so that the entire project can be permanently seeded at one time. Permanent stabilization within the wetland and stream buffers identified in the plans shall be initiated immediately following the completion of work. Final stabilization of these areas should not be delayed due to utility work to be performed by others.
 3. You shall comply with the recommendations in the March 16, 2015 letter from the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (letter attached) regarding the state-threatened banded killifish (*Fundulus diaphanous*).
 4. You are responsible for all work authorized herein and for ensuring that all contractors are aware of the terms and conditions of this authorization.
 5. A copy of this authorization must be present at the project site during all phases of construction.
 6. You shall notify this office of any proposed modifications to the project, including revisions to any of the plans or documents cited in this authorization. You must receive

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approval from this office before work affected by the proposed modification is performed.

7. You shall notify this office prior to the transfer of this authorization and liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions.
8. The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require removal, relocation, or other alteration of the structure or work authorized herein, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable water, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.
9. Work in the Grand Calumet River should be timed to take place during low or no-flow conditions. Low flow conditions are flow at or below the normal water elevation.
10. The plan will be designed so that no more than 25% of the channel width will be blocked at any time to allow for the conveyance of higher flows past the work area without overtopping the cofferdam. The Corps has the discretion to reduce this requirement if documented by the applicant to be infeasible or unnecessary.
11. Water shall be isolated from the in-stream work area using a cofferdam constructed of non-erodible materials (steel sheets, aqua barriers, rip rap and geotextile liner, etc.). Earthen cofferdams are not permissible.
12. The cofferdam must be constructed from the upland area and no equipment may enter flowing water at any time. If the installation of the cofferdam cannot be completed from shore and access is needed to reach the area to be coffered, other measures, such as the construction of a causeway, will be necessary to ensure that equipment does not enter the water. Once the cofferdam is in place and the isolated area is dewatered, equipment may enter the coffered area to perform the required work.
13. If bypass pumping is necessary, the intake hose shall be placed on a stable surface or floated to prevent sediment from entering the hose. The bypass discharge shall be placed on a non-erodible, energy dissipating surface prior to rejoining the stream flow and shall not cause erosion. Filtering of bypass water is not necessary unless the bypass water has become sediment-laden as a result of the current construction activities.
14. During dewatering of the coffered work area, all sediment-laden water must be filtered to remove sediment. Possible options for sediment removal include baffle systems, anionic polymers systems, dewatering bags, or other appropriate methods. Water shall have sediment removed prior to being re-introduced to the downstream waterway. A stabilized conveyance from the dewatering device to the waterway must be identified in the plan. Discharge water is considered clean if it does not result in a visually identifiable

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degradation of water clarity.

15. The portion of the side slope that is above the observed water elevation shall be stabilized as specified in the plans prior to accepting flows. The substrate and toe of slope that has been disturbed due to construction activities shall be restored to proposed or pre-construction conditions and fully stabilized prior to accepting flows.

This office is in receipt of the updated IDOT ledger for the Slough Creek Wetland Mitigation Bank confirming your debit of 0.195 acres of required mitigation credits.

The authorization is without force and effect until all other permits or authorizations from local, state, or other Federal agencies are secured. Please note that IEPA has issued Section 401 Water Quality Certification for this RP. These conditions are included in the enclosed fact sheet. If you have any questions regarding Section 401 certification, please contact Mr. Dan Heacock at IEPA's Division of Water Pollution Control, Permit Section #15, by telephone at (217) 782-3362.

Once you have completed the authorized activity, please sign and return the enclosed compliance certification. If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Soren Hall of my staff by telephone at 312-846-5532, or email at Soren.G.Hall@usace.army.mil.

Sincerely,

Kathleen G. Chernich
Chief, East Section
Regulatory Branch

Enclosures

Copy Furnished:

Illinois Department of Natural Resources (Nathan Grider)
Huff & Huff (Alycia Klauenberg)



**PERMIT COMPLIANCE
CERTIFICATION**

Permit Number: IRC-2014-00799
Permittee: John Fortmann
Illinois Department of Transportation
Date: June 11, 2015

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above-referenced permit has been completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of said permit and if applicable, compensatory wetland mitigation was completed in accordance with the approved mitigation plan.¹

PERMITTEE

DATE

Upon completion of the activity authorized by this permit and any mitigation required by the permit, this certification must be signed and returned to the following address:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Chicago District, Regulatory Branch
231 South LaSalle Street, Suite 1500
Chicago, Illinois 60604-1437

Please note that your permitted activity is subject to compliance inspections by Corps of Engineers representatives. If you fail to comply with this permit, you may be subject to permit suspension, modification, or revocation.

¹ If compensatory mitigation was required as part of your authorization, you are certifying that the mitigation area has been graded and planted in accordance with the approved plan. You are acknowledging that the maintenance and monitoring period will begin after a site inspection by a Corps of Engineers representative or after thirty days of the Corps' receipt of this certification. You agree to comply with all permit terms and conditions, including additional reporting requirements, for the duration of the maintenance and monitoring period.



US Army Corps of Engineers®
Chicago District

**GENERAL CONDITIONS
APPLICABLE TO THE 2012
REGIONAL PERMIT PROGRAM**

The permittee shall comply with the terms and conditions of the Regional Permits and the following general conditions for all activities authorized under the RPP:

1. State 401 Water Quality Certification - Water quality certification under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act may be required from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA). The District may consider water quality, among other factors, in determining whether to exercise discretionary authority and require an Individual Permit. Please note that Section 401 Water Quality Certification is a requirement for projects carried out in accordance with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Projects carried out in accordance with Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 do not require Section 401 Water Quality Certification

On March 2, 2012, the IEPA granted Section 401 certification, with conditions, for all Regional Permits, except for activities in certain waterways noted under RPs 4 and 8. The following conditions of the certification are hereby made conditions of the RPP:

1. The applicant shall not cause:
 - a) a violation of applicable water quality standards of the Illinois Pollution Control Board Title 35, Subtitle C: Water Pollution Rules and Regulations;
 - b) water pollution defined and prohibited by the Illinois Environmental Protection Act;
 - c) interference with water use practices near public recreation areas or water supply intakes;
 - d) a violation of applicable provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act.
2. The applicant shall provide adequate planning and supervision during the project construction period for implementing construction methods, processes and cleanup procedures necessary to prevent water pollution and control erosion.
3. Except as allowed under condition 9, any spoil material excavated, dredged or otherwise produced must not be returned to the waterway but must be deposited in a self-contained area in compliance with all State statutes, regulations and permit requirements with no discharge to waters of the State unless a permit has been issued by the Illinois EPA. Any backfilling must be done with clean material placed in a manner to prevent violation of applicable water quality standards.
4. All areas affected by construction shall be mulched and seeded as soon after construction as possible. The applicant shall undertake necessary measures and procedures to reduce erosion during construction. Interim measures to prevent soil erosion during construction shall be taken and may include the installation of sedimentation basins and temporary mulching. All construction within the waterway shall be conducted during zero or low flow conditions. The applicant shall be responsible for obtaining a NPDES Stormwater Permit prior to initiating construction if the construction activity associated with the project will result in the disturbance of (1) one or more acres, total land area. A NPDES Stormwater Permit may be obtained by submitting a properly completed Notice of Intent (NOI) form by certified mail to the Illinois EPA's Division of Water Pollution Control, Permit Section.
5. The applicant shall implement erosion control measures consistent with the Illinois Urban Manual (IEPA/USDA, NRCS; 2011, <http://aiswcd.org/TUM/index.html>).
6. The applicant is advised that the following permits(s) must be obtained from the Illinois EPA: The applicant must obtain permits to construct sanitary sewers, water mains, and related facilities prior to construction.
7. Backfill used in the stream-crossing trench shall be predominantly sand or larger size material, with less than 20% passing a #230 U.S. sieve.
8. Any channel relocation shall be constructed under dry conditions and stabilized to prevent erosion prior to the diversion of flow.
9. Backfill used within trenches passing through surface waters of the State, except wetland areas, shall be clean course aggregate, gravel or other material which will not cause siltation, pipe damage during placement, or chemical corrosion in place. Excavated material may be used only if:
 - a) particle size analysis is conducted and demonstrates the material to be at least 80% sand or larger size material, using #230 U.S. sieve; or
 - b) excavation and backfilling are done under dry conditions.
10. Backfill used within trenches passing through wetland areas shall consist of clean material which will not cause siltation, pipe damage during placement, or chemical corrosion in place. Excavated material shall be used to the extent practicable, with the upper six (6) to twelve (12) inches backfilled with the topsoil obtained during trench excavation.
11. Any applicant proposing activities in a mined area or previously mined area shall provide to the IEPA a written determination regarding the sediment and materials used which are considered "acid-producing material" as defined in 35 II. Adm. Code,

Subtitle D. If considered "acid-producing material," the applicant shall obtain a permit to construct pursuant to 35 Il. Adm. Code 404.101.

12. Asphalt, bituminous material and concrete with protruding material such as reinforcing bar or mesh shall not be 1) used for backfill, 2) placed on shorelines/stream banks, or 3) placed in waters of the State.
13. Applicants that use site dewatering techniques in order to perform work in waterways for construction activities approved under Regional Permits 1 (Residential, Commercial and Institutional Developments), 2 (Recreation Projects), 3 (Transportation Projects), 7 (Temporary Construction Activities), 9 (Maintenance) or 12 (Bridge Scour Protection) shall maintain flow in the stream during such construction activity by utilizing dam and pumping, fluming, culverts or other such techniques.
14. In addition to any action required of the Regional Permit 13 (Cleanup of Toxic and Hazardous Materials Projects) applicant with respect to the "Notification" General Condition 22, the applicant shall notify the Illinois EPA Bureau of Water, of the specific activity. This notification shall include information concerning the orders and approvals that have been or will be obtained from the Illinois EPA Bureau of Land (BOL) for all cleanup activities under BOL jurisdiction, or for which authorization or approval is sought from BOL for no further remediation. This Regional Permit is not valid for activities that do not require or will not receive authorization or approval from the BOL.

2. Threatened and Endangered Species - If the District determines that the activity may affect Federally listed species or critical habitat, the District will initiate section 7 consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) in accordance with the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). Applicants shall provide additional information that would enable the District to conclude that the proposed action will have no effect on federally listed species.

The application packet shall indicate whether resources (species, their suitable habitats, or critical habitat) listed or designated under the Act, may be present within areas affected (directly or indirectly) by the proposed project. Applicants shall provide a section 7 species list for the action area using the on-line process at the USFWS website. You can access "U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Program of the Upper Midwest" website at www.fws.gov/midwest/Endangered. Click on the section 7 Technical Assistance green shaded box in the lower right portion of the screen and follow the instructions to completion. Review all documentation pertaining to the species list, provide the rationale for your effects determination for each species, and send the information to this office for review.

If no species, their suitable habitats, or critical habitat are listed, then a "no effect" determination can be made, and section 7 consultation is not warranted. If species or critical habitat appear on the list or suitable habitat is present within the action area, then a biological assessment or biological evaluation will need to be completed to determine if the proposed action will have "no effect" or "may effect" the species or suitable habitat. The District will request initiation of section 7 consultation with the USFWS upon agreement with the applicant on the effect determinations in the biological assessment or biological evaluation.

If the issues are not resolved, the analysis of the situation is complicated, or impacts to listed species or critical habitat are found to be greater than minimal, the District will consider reviewing the project under the Individual Permit process.

Projects in Will, DuPage, or Cook Counties that are located in the recharge zones for Hine's emerald dragonfly critical habitat units may be reviewed under the RPP, with careful consideration due to the potential impacts to the species. All projects reviewed that are located within 3.25 miles of a critical habitat unit will be reviewed under Category II of the RPP. Please visit the following website for the locations of the Hine's emerald dragonfly critical habitat units in Illinois.
<http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/insects/hed/FRHinesFinalRevisedCH.html>

3. Historic Properties - In cases where the District determines that the activity may affect properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity may require an Individual Permit. A determination of whether the activity may be authorized under the RPP instead of an Individual Permit will not be made until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Federal permittees must provide the District with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements.

Non-Federal permittees must include notification to the District if the authorized activity may have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the permit application must state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic resources can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer or Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). When reviewing permit submittals, the District will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Based on the information submitted and these efforts, the District shall determine whether the proposed activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties which the activity may have the potential to cause effects and so notified the District, the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the District either that the activity has no potential to cause effects or that consultation under Section 106 of the NHPA has been completed.

The District will take into account the effects on such properties in accordance with 33 CFR Part 325, Appendix C, and 36 CFR 800. If all issues pertaining to historic properties have been resolved through the consultation process to the satisfaction of the District, Illinois Historic Preservation Agency (IHPA) and Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, the District may, at its discretion, authorize the activity under the RPP instead of an Individual Permit.

Applicants are encouraged to obtain information on historic properties from the IHPA and the National Register of Historic Places at the earliest stages of project planning. For information, contact:

Illinois Historic Preservation Agency
1 Old State Capitol Plaza
Springfield, IL 62701-1507
(217) 782-4836
www.illinoishistory.gov

If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity, you must immediately notify this office of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, stop activities that would adversely affect those remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. We will initiate the Federal, Tribal and State coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

4. **Soil Erosion and Sediment Control** - Measures shall be taken to control soil erosion and sedimentation at the project site to ensure that sediment is not transported to waters of the U.S. during construction. Soil erosion and sediment control measures shall be implemented before initiating any clearing, grading, excavating or filling activities. All temporary and permanent soil erosion and sediment control measures shall be maintained throughout the construction period and until the site is stabilized. All exposed soil and other fills, and any work below the ordinary high water mark shall be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date.

Applicants are required to prepare a soil erosion and sediment control (SESC) plan including temporary BMPs. The plan shall be designed in accordance with the Illinois Urban Manual, 2011 (<http://aiswcd.org/TUM/index.html>). Practice standards and specifications for measures outlined in the soil erosion and sediment control plans will follow the latest edition of the "Illinois Urban Manual: A Technical Manual Designed for Urban Ecosystem Protection and Enhancement." Additional Soil Erosion and Sediment Control (SESC) measures not identified in the Illinois Urban Manual may also be utilized upon District approval.

At the District's discretion, an applicant may be required to submit the SESC plan to the local Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD), or the Lake County Stormwater Management Commission (SMC) for review. When the District requires submission of an SESC plan, the following applies: An activity may not commence until the SESC plan for the project site has been approved; The SWCD/SMC will review the plan and provide a written evaluation of its adequacy; A SESC plan is considered acceptable when the SWCD/SMC has found that it meets technical standards. Once a determination has been made, the authorized work may commence unless the SWCD/SMC has requested that they be notified prior to commencement of the approved plans. The SWCD/SMC may attend pre-construction meetings with the permittee and conduct inspections during construction to determine compliance with the plans. Applicants are encouraged to begin coordinating with the appropriate SWCD/SMC office at the earliest stages of project planning. For information, contact:

Kane-DuPage SWCD
2315 Dean Street, Suite 100
St. Charles, IL 60174
(630) 584-7961 ext.3
www.kanedupageswcd.org

McHenry-Lake County SWCD
1648 South Eastwood Dr.
Woodstock, IL 60098
(815) 338-0099 ext.3
www.mchenryswcd.org

North Cook SWCD
899 Jay Street
Elgin, IL 60120
(847) 468-0071
www.northcookswcd.org

Lake County SMC
500 W. Winchester Rd, Suite 201
Libertyville, IL 60048
(847) 377-7700
www.lakecountyil.gov/stormwater

5. **Total Maximum Daily Load** - For projects that include a discharge of pollutant(s) to waters for which there is an approved Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) allocation for any parameter, the applicant shall develop plans and BMPs that are consistent with the assumptions and requirements in the approved TMDL. The applicant must incorporate into their plans and BMPs any conditions applicable to their discharges necessary for consistency with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL within any timeframes established in the TMDL. The applicant must carefully document the justifications for all BMPs and plans, and install, implement and maintain practices and BMPs that are consistent with all relevant TMDL allocations and with all relevant conditions in an implementation plan. Information regarding the TMDL program, including approved TMDL allocations, can be found at the following website: www.epa.state.il.us/water/tmdl/

6. **Floodplain** - Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States within the 100-year floodplain (as defined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency) resulting in permanent above-grade fills shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable. When such an above-grade fill would occur, the applicant may need to obtain approval from the Illinois

Department of Natural Resources, Office of Water Resources, (IDNR-OWR) which regulates activities affecting the floodway and the local governing agency (e.g., Village or County) with jurisdiction over activities in the floodplain. Compensatory storage may be required for fill within the floodplain. Applicants are encouraged to obtain information from the IDNR-OWR and the local governing agency with jurisdiction at the earliest stages of project planning. For information on floodway construction, contact:

IDNR/OWR
2050 Stearns Road
Bartlett, IL 60103
(847) 608-3100
<http://dnr.state.il.us/owr/>

For information on floodplain construction, please contact the local government and/or the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Pursuant to 33 CFR 320.4(j), the District will consider the likelihood of the applicant obtaining approval for above-ground permanent fills in floodplains in determining whether to issue authorization under the RPP.

7. **Navigation** - No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation. Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States. The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.
8. **Proper Maintenance** - Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including that necessary to ensure public safety.
9. **Aquatic Life Movements** - No activity may substantially disrupt the movement of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water.
10. **Equipment** - Soil disturbance and compaction shall be minimized through the use of matting for heavy equipment, low ground pressure equipment, or other measures as approved by the District.
11. **Wild and Scenic Rivers** - No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system, while the river is in an official study status. Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate land management agency in the area, such as the National Park Service and the U.S. Forest Service.
12. **Tribal Rights** - No activity or its operation may impair reserved tribal rights, such as reserved water rights, treaty fishing and hunting rights.
13. **Water Supply Intakes** - No discharge of dredged or fill material may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake except where the discharge is for repair of the public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.
14. **Shellfish Production** - No discharge of dredged or fill material may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish production.
15. **Suitable Material** - No discharge of dredged or fill material may consist of unsuitable material and material discharged shall be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act). Unsuitable material includes trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, and creosote treated wood.
16. **Spawning Areas** - Discharges in spawning areas during spawning seasons shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.
17. **Obstruction of High Flows** - Discharges shall not permanently restrict or impede the passage of normal or expected high flows. All crossings shall be culverted, bridged or otherwise designed to prevent the restriction of expected high water flows, and shall be designed so as not to impede low water flows or the movement of aquatic organisms.
18. **Impacts From Impoundments** - If the discharge creates an impoundment of water, adverse impacts on aquatic resources caused by the accelerated passage of water and/or the restriction of its flow shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.
19. **Waterfowl Breeding Areas** - Discharges into breeding areas for migratory waterfowl shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.
20. **Removal of Temporary Fills** - Any temporary fill material shall be removed in its entirety and the affected area returned to its pre-existing condition.
21. **Mitigation** - All appropriate and practicable steps must first be taken to avoid and minimize impacts to aquatic resources. For unavoidable impacts, compensatory mitigation is required to replace the loss of wetland, stream, and/or other aquatic resource functions (33 CFR 332). The proposed compensatory mitigation shall utilize a watershed approach and fully consider the ecological needs of the watershed. Where an appropriate watershed plan is available, mitigation site selection should consider recommendations in the plan. The applicant shall describe in detail how the mitigation site was chosen and will be developed, based on the specific

resource need of the impacted watershed. Permit applicants are responsible for proposing an appropriate compensatory mitigation option to offset unavoidable impacts. However, the District is responsible for determining the appropriate form and amount of compensatory mitigation required when evaluating compensatory mitigation options, and determining the type of mitigation that would be environmentally preferable. In making this determination, the District will assess the likelihood for ecological success and sustainability, the location of the compensation site relative to the impact site and their significance within the watershed. Methods of providing compensatory mitigation include aquatic resource restoration, establishment, enhancement, and in certain circumstances, preservation. Compensatory mitigation will be accomplished by establishing a minimum ratio of 1.5 acres of mitigation for every 1.0 acre of impact to waters of the U.S. Furthermore, the District has the discretion to require additional mitigation to ensure that the impacts are no more than minimal. Further information is available at www.lrc.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/Illinois/Mitigation.aspx

22. **Notification** - The applicant shall provide written notification (i.e., a complete application) for a proposed activity to be authorized under the RPP prior to commencing a proposed activity. The District's receipt of the complete application is the date when the District receives all required notification information from the applicant (see below). If the District informs the applicant within 60 calendar days that the notification is incomplete (i.e., not a complete application), the applicant shall submit to the District, in writing, the requested information to be considered for review under the Regional Permit Program. A new 60 day review period will commence when the District receives the requested information. Applications that involve unauthorized activities that are completed or partially completed by the applicant are not subject to the 60-day review period.

For all activities, notification shall include:

- a. A cover letter providing a detailed narrative of the proposed activity describing all work to be performed, a clear project purpose and need statement, the Regional Permit(s) to be used for the activity, the area (in acres) of waters of the U.S. to be impacted (be sure to specify if the impact is permanent or temporary, and identify which area it affects), and a statement that the terms and conditions of the RPP will be followed.
- b. A completed joint application form for Illinois signed by the applicant or agent. The application form is available at www.lrc.usace.army.mil/Portals/36/docs/regulatory/forms/appform.pdf. If the applicant does not sign the joint application form, notification shall include a signed, written statement from the applicant designating the agent as their representative.
- c. A delineation of waters of the U.S., including wetlands, for the project area, and for areas adjacent to the project site (off-site wetlands shall be identified through the use of reference materials including review of local wetland inventories, soil surveys and the most recent available aerial photography), shall be prepared in accordance with the current U.S. Army Corps of Engineers methodology (www.usace.army.mil/Missions/CivilWorks/RegulatoryProgramandPermits/reg_supp.aspx) and generally conducted during the growing season.* Our wetland delineation standards are available at www.lrc.usace.army.mil/Portals/36/docs/regulatory/pdf/Delineations.pdf. For sites supporting wetlands, the delineation shall include a Floristic Quality Assessment (Swink and Wilhelm, 1994, latest edition, Plants of the Chicago Region). The delineation shall also include information on the occurrence of any high-quality aquatic resources (see Appendix A), and a listing of waterfowl, reptile and amphibian species observed while at the project area. The District reserves the right to exercise judgment when reviewing submitted wetland delineations. Flexibility of the requirements may be determined by the District on a case-by-case basis only.
- d. A street map showing the location of the project area.
- e. Latitude and longitude for the project in decimal degrees format (i.e. 41.88377N, -87.63960W).
- f. Preliminary engineering drawings sized 11" by 17" (full-sized may be requested by the project manager and you may also submit plans in PDF format on a disc) showing all aspects of the proposed activity and the location of waters of the U.S. to be impacted and not impacted. The plans shall include grading contours, proposed and existing structures such as buildings footprints, roadways, road crossings, stormwater management facilities, utilities, construction access areas and details of water conveyance structures. The plans shall also depict buffer areas, outlots or open space designations, best management practices, deed restricted areas and restoration areas, if required under the specific RP.
- g. Submittal of soil erosion and sediment control (SESC) plans that identify all SESC measures to be utilized during construction of the project.
- h. The application packet shall indicate whether resources (species, their suitable habitats, or critical habitat) listed or designated under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, may be present within areas affected (directly or indirectly) by the proposed project. Applicants shall provide a section 7 species list for the action area using the on-line process at the USFWS website. You can access "U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Program of the Upper Midwest" website at www.fws.gov/midwest/Endangered. Click on the section 7 Technical Assistance green shaded box in the lower right portion of the screen and follow the instructions to completion. Print all documentation pertaining to the species list, include the rationale for your effects determination for each species, and forward the information to this office for review.

* If a wetland delineation is conducted outside of the growing season, the District will determine on a case-by-case basis whether sufficient evidence is available to make an accurate determination. If the District finds that the delineation lacks sufficient evidence, the application will not be considered complete until the information is provided. This may involve re-delineating the project site during the growing season.

IDNR PERMIT



Illinois Department of
Natural Resources

One Natural Resources Way Springfield, Illinois 62702-1271
www.dnr.illinois.gov

Bruce Rauner, Governor
Wayne A. Rosenthal, Director

March 16, 2015

Soren Hall
USACE, Chicago
231 S. LaSalle St, Suite 1500

Chicago, IL 60604

RE: Torrence Ave. Over Grand Calumet - Bridge Replacement
Project Number(s): 1510407
County: Cook

Dear Mr. Hall:

This letter is in reference to the above project proposed by the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) involving the removal and replacement of the Torrence Ave. Bridge over the Grand Calumet River. The project was previously reviewed during October, 2013 (IDNR Project No. 1405588). Since that time, the state-threatened banded killifish (*Fundulus diaphanous*) has been identified as occurring in the project area.

It is the Department's understanding that a temporary causway will be constructed for removal of truss over the river and construction of drilled shafts for piers. The existing truss may be removed by use of explosives or a temporary bent in the river. The Department recommends instream work be kept to a minimum and no instream work occur from May 15 to July 31 to protect the spawning period of this species.

Given these recommendations are considered, the Department has no objections to the issuance of a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers permit. Please notify the Department if IDOT plans to accommodate these recommendations or proceed as originally planned.

Please note that this review does not preclude permit decisions made by the IDNR Office of Water Resources under the Illinois Rivers, Lakes, and Streams Act.

Please contact me if you have any questions regarding this review.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Nathan Grider".

Nathan Grider
Division of Ecosystems and Environment
217-785-5500

cc: Sheldon Fairfield – IDNR, OREP

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN



Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

| | | | |
|---------|------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Route | <u>FAP 0358</u> | Marked Rte. | <u>Torrence Avenue</u> |
| Section | <u>1112.1B-R</u> | Project No. | <u>D-91-269-12</u> |
| County | <u>Cook</u> | Contract No. | <u>60R95</u> |

This plan has been prepared to comply with the provisions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. ILR10 (Permit ILR10), issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) for storm water discharges from construction site activities.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

John Fortmann, P.E.
 Print Name
Deputy Director of Highways, Region One Engineer
 Title
Illinois Department of Transportation
 Agency

[Signature]
 Signature
3-30-15
 Date

I. Site Description:

A. Provide a description of the project location (include latitude and longitude):

The project location is the Torrence Avenue (FAP 358) bridge over the Grand Calumet River. The project limits extend from approximately 450 feet south of the bridge to 715 feet north of the bridge. Torrence Avenue is oriented north-south and the crossing with the Grand Calumet River is located 1 mile east of I-94 (Bishop Ford Expressway) on the border of the City of Chicago (Section 36, Township 37N, Range 14E & Section 31, Township 37N, Range 15E) and the Village of Burnham, in Thornton Township, Cook County [Latitude 41.64464, Longitude -87.55930], (Section 6, Township 36N, Range 15E & Section 1, Township 36N, Range 14E).

The design, installation and maintenance of BMPs at these locations are within an area where annual erosivity (R value) is less than or equal to 160. Erosivity is less than 5 in all two-week periods between October 12 and April 15, which would qualify for a construction rainfall erosivity waiver under the US Construction General Permit requirements. At these locations, erosivity is highest in spring to autumn, April 16 – October 11.

B. Provide a description of the construction activity which is the subject of this plan:

The existing Torrence Avenue bridge over the Grand Calumet River will be completely removed and a new bridge will be constructed along with sidewalks/shared use path and new lighting. Supplemental roadway work is required to taper the proposed bridge structure width back to the existing roadway width. Retaining walls will be constructed to provide the necessary embankments to support the widened structure while staying within the project right-of-way. Erosion control stabilization measures will be implemented to prevent erosion and permanent seeding will be installed after construction activities are complete.

C. Provide the estimated duration of this project:

The anticipated project duration is 18 months.

D. The total area of the construction site is estimated to be 6.0 acres.

The total area of the site estimated to be disturbed by excavation, grading or other activities is 4.0

E The following is a weighted average of the runoff coefficient for this project after construction activities are completed:

Post-Construction: C=0.53 (Pre-Construction: C=0.46)

F List all soils found within project boundaries. Include map unit name, slope information, and erosivity:

Information describing the soils at the site was obtained from the Natural Resources Conservation Service's Web Soil Survey. Surficial soils along the project are generally identified as urban land, Orthents-Clayey (nearly level, 0.43 K-factor), and Orthents-Loamy-Urban Land-Watseka Complex (0-2% slope, 0.43 K-factor).

G Provide an aerial extent of wetland acreage at the site:

Refer to wetland delineation report prepared by Huff and Huff, Inc. revised December 2014.

WOUS (Grand Calumet River): 1.8 acres / 0.01 permanent impact to the WOUS & 0.07 temporary impact

Site 1: Wetland 0.09 acre/ 0.00 acres of impact

Site 2: Wetland 0.30 acres / 0.12 acres of impact

H Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:

Potentially erosive areas associated with this project include areas surrounding piers within waterway and embankments placed adjacent to proposed abutments and retaining walls.

I The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g. steepness of slopes, length of slopes, etc):

Stage 1: Initial Construction

Installation of perimeter erosion barrier on the north and south sides of the bridge as shown on the erosion controls plans.

Stage 2: During Construction

Site grubbing and clearing within the limits of construction.

Strip existing topsoil within the limits of construction.

Install temporary shoring for removal of storm sewer manhole

Existing pavement (See Removal plan), storm sewer (See Drainage Removal Plan) and bridge removal.

Install Storm sewer improvements as shown on the Drainage and Utilities Plan.

Install permanent rip rap as shown on the Landscaping Plan.

Structure excavation and drilling

Placement of embankments. Embankment slopes are as steep as 1:2 with a maximum fill height of approximately 21-feet with a slope length of 60-feet. Heavy Duty Erosion Control Blanket and three applications of Temporary Erosion Control Seeding will be placed to provide protection during construction prior to permanent Landscaping being installed.

Retaining wall construction

Roadway construction

Earth excavation

Final grading and topsoil placement

Stage 3: Post Construction

Permanent landscaping as shown on the Landscaping Plans. Class 3 seeding and Heavy Duty Erosion Control Blanket has been provided in locations of embankment slopes of 1:3 or steeper.

All storm sewer outlets will be stabilized with riprap for velocity reduction and erosion protection.

J See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent offsite sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands) and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands.

K Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into:

The existing drainage system off the bridge is a closed system with City of Chicago facilities to the north of the bridge and Village of Burnham facilities south of the bridge. Additionally, the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District has a combined sewer overflow discharge site located on the north bank.

L The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located.

Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago. Tunnel and Reservoir Plan (TARP) Calumet System is located within the project limits. The City of Chicago and Village of Burnham.

M The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans:

Grand Calumet River - This river is not listed by IDNR as a Biologically Significant stream.

N Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes, highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc.

Perimeter erosion barrier will be provided around the project construction limits. The wetland on the south side of river is not be disturbed and shall be protected during construction. Trees located within the project limits that are not shown as being removed (See Removal Plan) shall be protected during construction.

O The following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project, and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development:

- Floodplain
- Wetland Riparian
- Threatened and Endangered Species
- Historic Preservation
- 303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation
- Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sediment, total suspended solids, Applicable Federal, Tribal, State or Local Programs
- Applicable Federal, Tribal, State or Local Programs
- Other

1. 303(d) Listed receiving waters (fill out this section if checked above):

- a. The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment:
Grand Calumet River (IEPA Hydrologic Unit Code 0712000304)
- b. Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event:
Perimeter erosion control barrier is provided along the banks of the Grand Calumet River to prevent direct runoff from the site.

- c. Provide a description of the location(s) of direct discharge from the project site to the 303(d) water body:

Two new storm sewer outlets are proposed; 36" End section at Sta. 22+40.00, 52.5' LT and 12" End Section at Sta. 19+45.50, 85.1' RT. Each of these storm sewer networks will be conveying stormwater runoff from Torrence Avenue. An existing 36" outlet located at Sta. 22+40.60, 33.9' LT is being removed.

- d. Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges to the MS4 and/or water

Dewatering discharge locations are unknown at this point. If dewatering is necessary during construction then the contractor will be required to filter the effluent.

2. TMDL (fill out this section if checked above)

- a. The name(s) of the listed water body:

- b. Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL:

- c. If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the necessary steps to meet that allocation:

P The following pollutants of concern will be associated with this construction project:

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Soil Sediment | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Petroleum (gas, diesel, oil, kerosene, hydraulic oil) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Concrete | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Antifreeze / Coolants |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Concrete Truck Waste | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Waste water from cleaning construction equipment |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Concrete Curing Compounds | <input type="checkbox"/> | Other (specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Solid Waste Debris | <input type="checkbox"/> | Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Paints | <input type="checkbox"/> | Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Solvents | <input type="checkbox"/> | Other (specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Fertilizers / Pesticides | <input type="checkbox"/> | Other (specify) |

II. **Controls:**

This section of the plan addresses the controls that will be implemented for each of the major construction activities described in I.C. above and for all use areas, borrow sites, and waste sites. For each measure discussed, the Contractor will be responsible for its implementation as indicated. The Contractor shall provide to the Resident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measures indicated. The Contractor, and subcontractors, will notify the Resident Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or modifications to keep construction activities compliant with the Permit ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required

A **Erosion and Sediment Controls:** At a minimum, controls must be coordinated, installed and maintained to:

1. Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity;
2. Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
3. Maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct storm water to vegetated areas to increase sediment removal and maximize storm water infiltration, unless infeasible;
4. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.

B Stabilization Practices: Provided below is a description of interim and permanent stabilization practices, including site-specific scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will ensure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practices may include but are not limited to: temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II(B)(1) and II(B)(2), stabilization measures shall be initiated **immediately** where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than **one (1) day** after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceases on all disturbed portions of the site where construction will not occur for a period of fourteen (14) or more calendar days.

1. Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
2. On areas where construction activity has temporarily ceased and will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization method can be used.

The following stabilization practices will be used for this project:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation of Mature Vegetation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Blanket / Mulching |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Vegetated Buffer Strips | <input type="checkbox"/> Sodding |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protection of Trees | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geotextiles |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temporary Erosion Control Seeding | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) Mulch Method 2 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Mulching | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permanent Seeding | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized during construction:

Stabilization controls runoff volume and velocity, peak runoff rates and volumes of discharge to minimize exposed soil, disturbed slopes, sediment discharges from construction, and provides for natural buffers and minimization of soil compaction. Existing vegetated areas where disturbance can be avoided will not require stabilization.

Where possible, temporary stabilization of the initial Stage should be completed before work is moved to subsequent stages.

Tree protection fencing will be utilized for the protection of existing trees as identified on the plans and as designated by the Engineer prior to ground disturbance. Temporary Erosion Control Seeding will be utilized on embankments to minimize the amount of exposed surface area. Per Article 280.04(f) of the Standard Specifications, Temporary Erosion Control Seeding shall be applied to all bare areas every seven days, regardless of weather conditions or progress of work. Heavy duty erosion control blanket will be utilized on designated areas to prevent sheet erosion of areas that are to be altered during a later construction phase.

Mulch Method 2 should be applied to slopes for temporary stabilization prior to seasons when Temporary seed will not germinate, for example in mid-July or in winter.

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:

Permanent seeding will be utilized in areas where erodible/bare areas are to be seeded upon completion of the construction. Erosion control blanket will be utilized within 24 hours after seeding operations have been completed. Tree protection fencing will be removed following completion of the work.

C

Structural Practices: Provided below is a description of structural practices that will be implemented, to the degree attainable, to divert flows from exposed soils, store flows or otherwise limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Such practices may include but are not limited to: perimeter erosion barrier, earth dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, ditch checks, subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm drain inlet protection, rock outlet protection, reinforced soil retaining systems, gabions, and temporary or permanent sediment basins. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The following structural practices will be used for this project:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perimeter Erosion Barrier | <input type="checkbox"/> Rock Outlet Protection |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Ditch Check | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Riprap |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Storm Drain Inlet Protection | <input type="checkbox"/> Gabions |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Trap | <input type="checkbox"/> Slope Mattress |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Pipe Slope Drain | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retaining Walls |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Sediment Basin | <input type="checkbox"/> Slope Walls |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Stream Crossing | <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete Revetment Mats |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stabilized Construction Exits | <input type="checkbox"/> Level Spreaders |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Turf Reinforcement Mats | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) Stabilized Flow Line |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Permanent Check Dams | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Permanent Sediment Basin | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aggregate Ditch | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Paved Ditch | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized during construction:

Perimeter erosion barrier and storm drain inlet protection for existing drainage structures will be utilized prior to ground disturbance. Storm drain inlet protection will be utilized immediately following installation of new drainage structures. Rip rap will be utilized immediately following installation of new end sections. Stabilized Construction Exits will be utilized to prevent tracking of sediment onto Torrence Avenue by construction equipment.

Inspection and maintenance of all erosion devices will be performed throughout construction at frequencies required per NPDES Permit No. ILR10.

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:

Perimeter erosion barrier, storm drain inlet protection and stabilized construction exits will be removed. Riprap is a permanent erosion control device and will remain.

Silt fence should only be used as PEB in areas where the work area is higher than the perimeter. The use of silt fence at the top of the slope/elevations higher than the work area should always be avoided. If necessary, temporary fence should be utilized in these locations (where the top of slope/elevation is higher than the work area) in lieu of silt fence.

All work associated with installation and maintenance of Stabilized Construction Entrances, concrete washouts, and in-stream work (including work within wetlands) are incidental to the contract.

Two permanent retaining walls (WALL-01, WALL-02) are being constructed and will remain after construction activities have been completed. WALL-01 is located on the south side of the River and begins at Station 14+80, LT and ends at Station 16+70, LT. WALL-02 is located on the north side of the River and begins at Station 23+06.00, LT and ends at Station 23+90.00, LT.

The contractor should provide to the RE a plan to ensure that a stabilized flow line will be provided during storm sewer construction. The use of a stabilized flow line between installed storm sewer and open disturbances will reduce the potential for the offsite discharge of sediment bearing waters, particularly when rain is forecasted so

that flow will not erode. Lack of an approved plan or failure to comply will result in an ESC Deficiency Deduction.

D Treatment Chemicals

Will polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals be utilized on this project: Yes No

If yes above, identify where and how polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals will be utilized on this project.

E **Permanent Storm Water Management Controls:** Provided below is a description of measures that will be installed during the construction process to control volume and pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

1. Such practices may include but are not limited to: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention structures, flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential systems (which combine several

The practices selected for implementation were determined on the basis of the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT Bureau of Design and Environment Manual. If practices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below.

2. Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g. maintenance of hydrologic conditions such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities).

Description of permanent storm water management controls:

Storm water management controls are not required for this project.

F Approved State or Local Laws: The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

Due to the complexity involved with the hydraulic modeling this location, the 2-year water surface elevation of the river is not available. A condition of the permit with the USACE will require a maximum blockage of 25% of the Grand Calumet river waterway for temporary causeway construction.

G Contractor Required Submittals: Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342a.

1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:
 - Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project
 - Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
 - Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
 - Mobilization timeframe
 - Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
 - Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
 - Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized construction entrances/exits)
 - Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
 - Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
 - Major planned stockpiling operations
 - Timeframe for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges such as dewatering, grinding, etc.
 - Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
2. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:

- Vehicle Entrances and Exits – Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
- Material Delivery, Storage and Use – Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
- Stockpile Management – Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
- Waste Disposal – Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
- Spill Prevention and Control – Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.)
- Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes – Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
- Litter Management – Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.).
- Vehicle and Equipment Fueling – Identify equipment fueling locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
- Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance – Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
- Dewatering Activities – Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
- Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals – Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
- Additional measures indicated in the plan

III. Maintenance:

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's specifications.

The following erosion and sediment control measures will need to be inspected: perimeter erosion control barrier, storm drain inlet protection, outlet protection (riprap), erosion control blanket, temporary mulching, permanent seeding, temporary erosion control seeding, temporary ditch checks and stabilized construction entrance.

Below is a list of maintenance requirements of each of the erosion and sediment control measures listed above:

Perimeter Erosion Barrier (PEB)

- Repair tears, gaps or undermining. Restore leaning PEB and ensure taut.
- Repair or replace any missing or broken stakes immediately.
- Clean PEB if sediment reaches one-third height of barrier.
- Removed PEB once final stabilization establishes since PEB is no longer necessary and should be removed.
- Repair PEB if undermining occurs anywhere along its entire length.

Storm Drain Inlet Protection

- Remove sediment from inlet filter basket when basket is 25% full or 50% of the fabric pores are covered with silt.
- Remove ponded water on road surfaces immediately.
- Clean filter if standing water is present longer than one hour after a rain event.
- Clean sediment or replace silt fence and straw bale inlet protection when sediment accumulates to one-

third the height of the fabric.

- Remove trash accumulated around or on top of practice.
- When filter is removed for cleaning, replace filter if any tear is present.

Outlet Protection

- Restore dislodged protection at outlet structures and correct erosion that may occur.
- Remove sediment buildup that deposits in the protection.
- Remedy deficient areas, prone to increased erosion, immediately to prevent greater deficiencies.
- Remove sediment when voids are full and replace protection. Protection is reusable if the accumulated sediment is removed.

Erosion Control Blanket (ECB)

- Repair damage due to water running beneath the blanket and restore ECBs when displacement occurs. Reseeding may be necessary.
- Replace all displaced ECBs and restaple.

Temporary Mulching

- Repair straw if blown or washed away, or if hydraulic mulch washes away.
- Place tackifier or an ECB if mulch does not control erosion.

Permanent Seeding

- Inspect seeded areas for failure and if needed reseed and repair them as soon as possible.

Temporary erosion control seeding

- Reapply seed if stabilization hasn't been achieved.
- Apply temporary mulch to hold seed in place if seed has been washed away or found to be concentrated in ditch bottoms.
- Restore rills, greater than 4 inches deep, as quickly as possible on slopes steeper than 1V:4H to prevent sheet flow from becoming concentrated flow patterns.
- Mow, if necessary, to promote seed soil contact when excessive weed development occurs, a common indication of ineffective temporary seeding.
- Supplement BMP if weather conditions (extreme heat or cold) are not conducive for germination.

Temporary Ditch Checks (TDC)

- Remove sediment from upstream side of ditch check when sediment reached 50% of height of structure
- Repair or replace ditch checks whenever tears, splits, unraveling or compressed excelsior is apparent.
- Replace torn fabric mat that may allow water to undermine the ditch check.
- Remove debris (garbage, corn stalks, etc) when observed on check.
- Re-establish the flow over the center of the ditch check. Water or sediment going around the ditch check indicates incorrect installation. Device needs lengthening or the selected device is an appropriate for the site conditions.
- Remove ditch checks once all upslope areas are stabilized, seed or otherwise stabilize TDC area(s).

Stabilized Construction Exits

- Replenish stone or replace exit if vehicles continue to track sediment onto the roadway from the construction site.
- Sweep sediment on roadway from construction activities immediately.
- Ensure culverts are free from damage.
- Use street sweeping in conjunction with this BMP to remove sediment not removed by the stabilization construction exit.

All ESC measures will be maintained in accordance with the IDOT Erosion and Sediment Control Field Guide for Construction Inspection and IDOT's Best Management Practices – Maintenance Guide. They can now be found at: <http://www.idot.illinois.gov/transportation-system/environment/erosion-and-sediment-control>

All maintenance of ESC systems is the responsibility of the contractor.

Contractor shall check all ESC measures weekly and after each rainfall, 0.5 inches or greater in a 24-hour period, or equivalent snowfall. Additionally during winter months, all measures should be checked by the contractor after each significant snowmelt.

I Inspections:

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report (BC 2259). Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by email at: epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov, telephone or fax within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
Attn: Compliance Assurance Section
1021 North Grand East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Additional Inspections Required:

All offsite Borrow, Waste and Use areas are part of the construction site and are to be inspected according to the language in this section.

V. Failure to Comply:

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If

the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#). The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color,

religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such

action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g. , the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for

debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such

contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;

(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.

2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded,"

as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with

commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the

certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

**MINIMUM WAGES FOR FEDERAL AND FEDERALLY
ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

This project is funded, in part, with Federal-aid funds and, as such, is subject to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Sta. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in a 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix A, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act and pursuant to the provisions of 29 CFR Part 1. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits shown in the General Wage Determination Decisions issued by the U.S. Department of Labor shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

General Wage Determination Decisions, modifications and supersedes decisions thereto are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable DBRA Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits contained in the General Wage Determination Decision shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.