August 4, 2017 Letting

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Springfield, Illinois 62764

Contract No. 68D43
PEORIA-TAZEWELL-WOODFORD Counties
Section D4 ELECTRICAL 2017
Various Routes
District 4 Construction Funds

Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 10:00 a.m. August 4, 2017 prevailing time at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- 2. **DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 68D43
PEORIA-TAZEWELL-WOODFORD Counties
Section D4 ELECTRICAL 2017
Various Routes
District 4 Construction Funds

Replacement and installation of various traffic signal components at various locations in Peoria and Tazewell Counties.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Randall S. Blankenhorn, Secretary

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2017

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 4-1-16) (Revised 1-1-17)

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RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

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STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted April 1, 2016, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of Various Routes, Section D4 Electrical 2017, Peoria, Tazewell and Woodford Counties, Contract No. 68D43 and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

This project is located along various routes in Peoria, Tazewell, and Woodford counties.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

This project consists of replacing overhead lighting conduit and electric cables, removing existing overhead lighting facilities, installing replacement mast arms on existing foundations, installing traffic signal heads, signal cables, battery backup systems, fiber optic interconnect cable, video detection systems, and performing all other collateral work required to complete the improvements.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN, (SPECIAL)

Effective April 6, 2017

Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", the applicable guidelines contained in the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", these Special Provisions, and any special details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans.

Special attention is called to Section 701 and Articles 107.09 and 107.14 of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" and the following Highway Standards relating to traffic control:

701001	701006	701011	701101	701106	
701201	701301	701602	701701	701801	701901

Traffic shall be maintained on the associated roadways at all times during construction. All lane closures shall be made during off-peak traffic hours, defined as time periods from 8:30 A.M. to 3:30 P.M. and 5:30 P.M. to 7:00 A.M. Monday through Friday. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer forty-eight (48) hours before the time of a planned closure. The exact time and duration of all lane closures, however, shall be as determined by the Engineer.

All traffic control devices shall be furnished, erected, maintained, and removed by the Contractor in accordance with the Standard Specifications. Where possible, all post-mounted signs shall be placed a minimum of two feet beyond the curb or edge of shoulder. Proposed sign spacing may be modified as approved by the Engineer in order to meet existing field conditions or to prevent obstruction of the motorist's view of permanent signing.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>: Traffic control and protection will be measured by the unit "Lump Sum", complete.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, (SPECIAL), which shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to furnish, install, and remove the traffic control described above.

LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND STATE MAINTAINED FACILITIES

The Contractor shall be responsible for locating all existing IDOT electrical facilities prior to performing any work at his/her own expense if required. The Contractor shall also be liable for any damage to facilities resulting from inaccurate locating. The Contractor may obtain, on request, plans of existing electrical facilities from the Department.

The Contractor shall also be responsible for locating and providing protection for facilities during all phases of construction. If at any time, the facilities are damaged, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Department and make all necessary arrangements for repair to the satisfaction of the Engineer. This work shall be included in the contract bid price and no additional compensation will be allowed.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONSTRUCTION STAGING

PROPOSED CONTROLLER CABINET AND MAST ARM ASSEMBLY STAGING NOTES

- The Contractor will be allowed to place the intersection into all-red flash mode to facilitate the installation of the proposed traffic signal controller, mast arms, signal heads, electrical cable, and other components.
- The Contractor shall furnish and install a minimum of two stop signs per approach when the intersection is operating in all-red flash mode. The traffic signals may be placed into all-red flash mode between the hours of 8:30 A.M. and 3:00 P.M. only.

- The Contractor shall restore the traffic signal to normal operation at all other times, unless specifically directed otherwise by the Engineer.
- The Contractor will be allowed to place the intersection into flash for a maximum of two days.

All costs (labor, materials, and equipment) associated with these requirements shall be included in the contract bid price. There will be no additional compensation for items requirement to implement staging, included but not limited to, temporary cable splices, temporary traffic posts, and premium time hours.

CONTRACT GUARANTEE

The Contractor shall guarantee all electrical equipment, apparatus, materials, and workmanship provided under the contract for a period of six (6) months after the date of final inspection according to Article 801.14.

All instruction sheets required to be furnished by the manufacturer for materials and supplies and for operations shall be delivered to the Engineer prior to the acceptance of the project, with the following warranties and guarantees:

- 1. The manufacturer's standard written warranty for each piece of electrical equipment or apparatus furnished under the contract.
- 2. The Contractor's written guarantee that, for a period of six (6) months after the date of final inspection of the project, all necessary repairs to or replacement of said warranted equipment, or apparatus shall be made by the Contractor at no cost to the Department.
- 3. The Contractor's written guarantee for satisfactory operation of all electrical systems furnished and constructed under the contract for a period of 6 months after final inspection of the project.

LED MODULE AND HPS LAMP RECYCLING

The Contractor shall recycle all LED modules and high pressure sodium lamps through a certified recycling company. The Contractor shall submit detailed information pertaining to recycling to the Department for review along with the electrical material submittals. The Contractor shall submit proof of recycling to the Department.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the contract unit price for the traffic signal removal items.

STEEL COMBINATION MAST ARM ASSEMBLY AND POLE

This work shall consist of furnishing a Steel Mast Arm Assembly and Pole of the arm length specified on the plans and installing it on an existing concrete foundation.

This work shall be in accordance with the applicable Articles of Sections 877 and 1077 of the Standard Specifications with the following modification:

Mast Arms and Poles shall be capable of supporting the number of signal faces (with backplates where indicated), signs, and appurtenances as shown on the plans.

The proposed mast arm assemblies shall be equipped with a wrap-around steel gusset plate at the arm connection point in accordance with the latest approved mast arm standard.

The proposed mast arms shall be installed on the existing concrete foundations. The Contractor shall be responsible for verifying the bolt circle prior and anchor bolt size prior to bidding.

The Contractor shall be responsible for removing any existing grout, cleaning the existing anchor bolt threads, and performing all other work required to prepare the existing foundation and install the mast arm.

The Contractor shall remove all signs from the existing mast arms and install them on the proposed mast arm assembly. The Contractor shall provide new bracketing and all hardware required for installation.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for STEEL COMBINATION MAST ARM ASSEMBLY AND POLE of the type and length specified which shall be payment for all labor, equipment, and materials required install the mast arm assembly as described above, complete.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

The material requirement shall be in accordance with Sections 880 and 1078 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The LED assemblies for the red, yellow, and green solid and arrow indications shall meet or exceed the following minimum specifications:

SOLID INDICATION LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

<u>Compliance</u>: Fully compliant with ITE VTCSH LED Circular Signal

Supplement specifications dated and adopted

June 27, 2005.

<u>Compliance Verification</u>: Intertek ETL verified compliance – Product must be

listed on the "Directory of LED Modules Certified Products" list located on the ETL website at

http://www.intertek.com/lighting/performance-

testing/traffic-signals/

<u>Diameter</u>: 12" (300mm)

Lens: UV stabilized scratch resistant polycarbonate, tinted red

or yellow, clear for green, uniform non-pixelated

illumination, Incandescent Appearance.

LEDS: Hi-Flux

Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +74°C (-40°F to +165°F)

Operating Voltage Range: 80 to 135 V (60Hz AC)

Power Factor (PF): > 90%

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): < 20%

Minimum Voltage Turn-Off: 35V

Turn-On/Turn-Off Time: <75 ms

Nominal Power: 10.0 W (Red), 18.0W (Yellow), 12.5 W (Green)

Nominal Wavelength: 625-626 nm (Red), 589-590 nm (Yellow), 500-502 nm

(Green)

Minimum Maintained Intensity: 365 Cd (Red), 910 Cd (Yellow), 475 Cd (Green)

Standard Conformance: FCC compliant for electrical noise, MIL-STD-810F for

moisture resistance, MIL-STD-883 for mechanical

vibration, NEMA TS2 Transient Voltage Protection.

Warranty: Five-Year Replacement Warranty (materials,

ARROW INDICATION LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (RED, YELLOW, GREEN)

<u>Compliance</u>: Fully compliant with ITE VTCSH LED Vehicle Arrow

Supplement specifications adopted July 1, 2007.

Compliance Verification: Intertek ETL verified compliance – Product must be

listed on the "Directory of LED Modules Certified Products" list located on the ETL website at

http://www.intertek.com/lighting/performance-

testing/traffic-signals/

<u>Diameter</u>: 12" (300mm)

<u>Lens</u>: Clear Frosted, UV stabilized scratch resistant

polycarbonate, tinted red or yellow, clear for green, uniform non-pixelated illumination, incandescent

appearance, omni-directional.

LEDS: Hi-flux LEDs

Operating Temperature Range: --40°C to +74°C (-40°F to +165°F)

Operating Voltage Range: 80 to 135 V (60Hz AC)

Power Factor (PF): > 90%

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): < 20%

Minimum Voltage Turn-Off: 35V

Turn-On/Turn-Off Time: <75 ms

Nominal Power: 5.0-7.0 W (Red), 6.0-12.5W (Yellow), 5.0-7.0 W (Green)

Nominal Wavelength: 625-628 nm (Red), 590 nm (Yellow), 500nm (Green)

Minimum Maintained Intensity: 56.8-58.4 Cd (Red), 141.6-146.0 Cd (Yellow), 73.9-76.0

Cd (Green)

Standard Conformance: FCC compliant for electrical noise, MIL-STD-810F for

moisture resistance, MIL-STD-883 for mechanical

vibration, NEMA TS2 Transient Voltage Protection.

<u>Warranty</u>: Five-Year Replacement Warranty (materials,

ARROW INDICATION LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (YELLOW/GREEN DUAL MODE)

<u>Diameter</u>: 12" (300mm)

<u>LEDS</u>: Interconnected to minimize the effect of single LED

failures.

<u>Lens</u>: Clear UV stabilized scratch resistant polycarbonate,

uniform non-pixelated illumination, incandescent

appearance.

Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +74°C (-40°F to +165°F)

Operating Voltage Range: 80 to 135 V (60Hz AC)

Power Factor (PF): > 90%

<u>Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)</u>: < 20%

Minimum Voltage Turn-Off: 35V

<u>Turn-On/Turn-Off Time</u>: <75 ms

Nominal Power: 8.0-10.0 W (Yellow), 8.0-10.0 W (Green)

Nominal Wavelength: 590-592 nm (Yellow), 505-508 nm (Green)

Minimum Maintained Intensity: 141.6-146.0 Cd (Yellow), 73.9-76.0 Cd (Green)

Standard Conformance: FCC compliant for electrical noise, MIL-STD-810F for

moisture resistance, MIL-STD-883 for mechanical

vibration, NEMA TS2 Transient Voltage Protection.

<u>Warranty</u>: Five-Year Replacement Warranty (materials,

12" PEDESTRIAN LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (MAN/HAND, COUNTDOWN TIMER)

<u>Compliance</u>: Fully compliant with ITE PTCSI Part-2 LED Pedestrian

Traffic Signal Modules specification adopted

August 4, 2010.

Compliance Verification: Intertek ETL verified compliance - Product must be

listed on the "Directory of LED Modules Certified Products" list located on the ETL website at

http://www.intertek.com/lighting/performance-

testing/traffic-signals/

<u>Size</u>: 12" x 12"

Configuration: Full Man/Full Hand Overlay Module, Countdown Timer

Module.

Lens: Clear Frosted, UV stabilized scratch resistant

polycarbonate, uniform non-pixelated illumination,

incandescent appearance.

Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +74°C (-40°F to +165°F)

Operating Voltage Range: 80 to 135 V (60Hz AC)

Power Factor (PF): > 90%

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): < 20%

Minimum Voltage Turn-Off: 35V

Turn-On/Turn-Off Time: <75 ms

Nominal Power: 5.0-9.0 W (Man), 5.0-11.0W (Hand), 5.0-8.0 W (Timer)

Minimum Maintained Intensity: 1,400 Cd (Hand), 1,400 Cd (Timer), 2,200 Cd (Man)

Standard Conformance: FCC compliant for electrical noise, MIL-STD-810F for

moisture resistance, MIL-STD-883 for mechanical

vibration, NEMA TS2 Transient Voltage Protection.

Warranty: Five-Year Replacement Warranty (materials,

16" PEDESTRIAN LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (MAN/HAND WITH COUNTDOWN TIMER)

<u>Compliance</u>: Fully compliant with ITE PTCSI Part-2 LED Pedestrian

Traffic Signal Modules specification adopted

August 4, 2010.

<u>Compliance Verification</u>: Intertek ETL verified compliance – Product must be

listed on the "Directory of LED Modules Certified Products" list located on the ETL website at

http://www.intertek.com/lighting/performance-

testing/traffic-signals/

<u>Size</u>: 16" x 18"

Configuration: Man/Hand Overlay with Countdown Timer

Lens: UV stabilized scratch resistant polycarbonate, uniform

non-pixelated illumination, incandescent appearance.

Operating Temperature Range: --40°C to +74°C (-40°F to +165°F)

Operating Voltage Range: 80 to 135 V (60Hz AC)

Power Factor (PF): > 90%

<u>Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)</u>: < 20%

Minimum Voltage Turn-Off: 35V

Turn-On/Turn-Off Time: <75 ms

Nominal Power: 6.0-9.0 W (Man), 7.0-9.0W (Hand), 5.0-8.0 W (Timer)

Minimum Maintained Intensity: 1,400 Cd (Hand), 1,400 Cd (Timer), 2,200 Cd (Man)

Standard Conformance: FCC compliant for electrical noise, MIL-STD-810F for

moisture resistance, MIL-STD-883 for mechanical

vibration, NEMA TS2 Transient Voltage Protection.

<u>Warranty</u>: Five-Year Replacement Warranty (materials,

SIGNAL HEAD, LED

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 880 and 1078 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The traffic signal heads shall consist of 12" polycarbonate sections and shall be equipped with LED assemblies for all red bulb, yellow bulb, green bulb, red arrow, yellow arrow, and green arrow indications.

The traffic signal heads shall have a yellow finish with black doors and tunnel visors.

The LED signal faces shall be equipped with spade connectors and connected to the traffic signal head terminal block.

The LED modules shall conform to the specifications listed under the section TRAFFIC SIGNAL LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS.

The Contractor shall install the proposed signal head in a location approved by the Engineer to provide proper visibility for the movement.

In the event that the existing traffic signal heads need to be relocated to properly position the proposed traffic signal heads, the Contractor shall relocate the head and provide all materials (brackets, hardware, banding, etc.) that are required to relocate the head as a part of this pay item.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit prices Each for SIGNAL HEAD, LED of the type specified and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide and install the traffic signal heads described above, complete.

MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER CABINET

This work shall be in accordance with the applicable Articles of Sections 895, 1073, and 1074 of the Standard Specifications with the following modifications:

This item shall consist of providing equipment and modifying cabinet wiring as required to accommodate the addition of flashing yellow arrow left turn phasing at the intersection US 24 (Boyd Parkway) & Cummins in Washington.

The existing controller cabinet is equipped with a Naztec 981 TS2 Type 2 controller equipped with Ethernet, Reno A&E MMU-1600G malfunction management unit, and 16 position TS-2 backpanel. Upon request, the Department will provide a complete list of equipment and a cabinet drawing for the intersection.

The Contractor shall perform the following:

- The Contractor shall obtain an existing cabinet print for the intersection from the
 Department and forward the print to the existing traffic signal controller manufacturer.
 The manufacturer shall revise the cabinet prints for FYA operation. The manufacturer
 shall return four copies of the updated prints for each intersection. The Contractor shall
 leave one copy in the controller cabinet, and deliver the other copies to the Department.
- The Contractor shall modify the controller and cabinet to accept the proposed left FYA left turn phases.
- The Contractor shall furnish all items required for the modifications including, but not limited to load switches, flash transfer relays, and all other equipment required to modify the cabinet to support FYA operation and re-assign the existing detector loops to the proposed left turn phases.
- The Contractor shall deliver all items that are removed from the controller cabinet to the IDOT traffic building located at 1025 W. Detweiller Dr., Peoria. The Contractor shall notify Eric Howald, Traffic Signal Systems Engineer, at (309) 671-4481 a minimum of forty eight hours prior to delivery.
- The Contractor shall rewire the cabinet and install updated controller and malfunction management unit firmware as required to provide correct operation of FYA, all-red flash, and conflict monitoring.
- The Contractor will be allowed to place the intersection into all-way red flash mode and all-way stop control between the hours of 8:30AM to 3:30PM to facilitate the controller cabinet modification. The Contractor shall furnish and install a minimum of two stop signs per approach when the intersection is operating in all-red flash mode or all-way stop control. Stop signs shall be displayed in accordance with MUTCD requirements.
- The Contractor shall arrange for technical support from the controller cabinet manufacturer as needed for the modification.
- The cabinet sequencing shall conform to MUTCD requirements.
- At the conclusion of the cabinet modification prior to resuming normal signal operation, the Contractor shall test the modified cabinet by connecting a jumper to the cabinet field terminals to ensure that all conflicting signals will place the cabinet into conflict flash and to verify that the cabinet, controller, and malfunction management unit are operating correctly. The Contractor shall make arrangements with the local police agency to provide traffic control during the conflict test.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER CABINET which price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to modify the cabinet to support flashing yellow operation and test the modified cabinet as described above.

REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

This work shall be in accordance with Section 895 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The Contractor shall remove the following items:

Removal Items	US 24 (McKinley) & McClure
Steel Mast Arm Assembly and Pole	1
Steel Mast Arm Assembly and Pole with Dual Mast	
Arms	1
Signal Head, 3-Section, Mast Arm Mounted	5
Signal Head, 3-Section, Bracket Mounted	2
Electric Cable (Not Required for Signal Operation)	All

The above list should represent an accurate listing of removal items, however, it is the Contractor's responsibility to verify all quantities prior to bidding. There will be no additional compensation.

The Contractor shall dispose of all items off of the right-of-way and reflect the salvage value of this equipment in the unit bid price for this pay item.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: The above work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT and shall be payment in full for removing and transporting the equipment described above, complete. No additional compensation will be allowed.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL BACKPLATE, RETROREFLECTIVE

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 882 and 1078 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The traffic signal backplates shall be of the same material as the traffic signal heads as specified on the plans.

A three (3) inch wide strip of reflective sheeting shall be applied to the outside perimeter of the face of the backplates. The reflective tape shall be fluorescent yellow in color and shall consist of type AZ sheeting.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for TRAFFIC SIGNAL BACKPLATE, RETROREFLECTIVE and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to furnish and install a traffic signal backplate with reflective tape as described above, complete.

FIBER OPTIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, NO. 62.5/125, MM12F SM24F

This work shall be in accordance with Section 871 and 1076 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The fiber optic cable shall have 12 multi-mode fibers and 24 single mode fibers.

All unused buffer tubes shall be placed outside of the splice enclosure with enough fiber coiled up to facilitate termination in the future without disturbing the terminated fibers.

The Contractor shall furnish and install 24 fiber termination enclosures for each existing traffic signal cabinet.

The contract shall terminate twelve multimode fibers from each cable end with ST connectors. All terminated fibers shall be clearly labeled. All fiber terminations shall be fusion spliced utilizing pre-formed connectors and pigtails. Any necessary fiber optic cables, connectors, and hardware shall be included in this pay item.

The Contractor shall coil three feet of all unused buffer tubes to allow access for termination in the future without disturbing the terminated fibers and enclosure.

The Contractor shall provide and install a 12 Ga., stranded (EPR-TYPE RHW or THHN), insulated tracer cable in all existing conduits that contain fiber optic cable (only one locating tracer cable per conduit). This work shall be done at the same time the fiber optic cable is pulled. There will be no additional compensation for this work. The tracer cable shall be run continuous from cabinet-to-cabinet and labelled with the direction inside each cabinet.

The amount of slack cable listed in Article 873.03 shall be revised as follows:

Location	Length of Slack Cable (Ft.)
Double Handhole	30.0
Handhole	10.0
Controller Cabinet	10.0

The fiber optic cable shall be clearly marked in each handhole and cabinet with a brightly colored (orange or yellow) weather resistant marker securely attached to the cable.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Foot for FIBER OPTIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, NO. 62.5/125, MM12F SM24F and shall be payment in full for all labor, equipment, and materials required to furnish, install, and test the fiber optic cable described above, complete.

VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM

The video detection system shall be an Iteris VantageNext or Econolite Autoscope Vision furnished with the specified number of cameras.

The video vehicle detection system shall include all necessary electric cable, electrical junction boxes, electrical and communications surge suppression, hardware, software, programming, and any camera brackets that are required for installation and configuration. These items should be taken into consideration and shall be included in the bid price for the video detection system.

One 12"-15" color LCD video monitor and 4-camera video selector (if required to switch camera videos) shall be included for each installation to allow for the setup and monitoring of the video detection system.

All vehicle video detection systems shall be equipped with the latest software or firmware revisions.

The video vehicle system shall be configured and installed to NEMA TS2 Standards (use of the SDLC port and BIU). Installation conforming to NEMA TS1 standards will not be allowed.

The minimum requirements for a video vehicle detection system are listed below:

1.0 General

This Specification sets forth the minimum requirements for a system that monitors vehicles on a roadway via processing of video images and provides detector outputs to a traffic controller or similar device.

1.1 System Hardware

The system shall consist of four video cameras and an automatic control unit (ACU). The ACU shall process all detected calls and shall be equipped with the latest firmware revisions.

1.2 System Software

The system shall be able to detect either approaching or receding vehicles in multiple traffic lanes. A minimum of 24 detection zones shall be user-definable per camera. The user shall be able to modify and delete previously defined detection zones. The software shall provide remote access operation and shall be the latest revision.

2.0 Functional Capabilities

2.1 Real-Time Detection

- 2.2 The ACU shall be capable of simultaneously processing information from up to four (4) digital video sources. The video shall be digitized and analyzed at a rate of 30 times per second.
- 2.3 The system shall be able to detect the presence of vehicles in a minimum of 96 detection zones within the combined field of view of the image sensors.

3.0 Vehicle Detection

3.1 Detection Zone Placement

The video detection system shall provide flexible detection zone placement anywhere and at any orientation within the combined field of view of the image sensors. In addition, detection zones shall have the capability of implementing logical functions including AND and OR.

3.2 Optimal Detection

The video detection system shall reliably detect vehicle presence when the image sensor is mounted 10m (30 ft.) or higher above the roadway, when the image sensor is adjacent to the desired coverage area, and when the length of the detection area or field of view (FOV) is not greater than ten (10) times the mounting height of the image sensor. The image sensor shall not be required to be mounted directly over the roadway. A single image sensor, placed at the proper mounting height with the proper lens, shall be able to monitor six (6) to eight (8) traffic lanes simultaneously.

3.3 Detection Performance

Overall performance of the video detection system shall be comparable to inductive loops. Using standard image sensor optics and in the absence of occlusion, the system shall be able to detect vehicle presence with 98% accuracy under normal conditions, (days & night) and 96% accuracy under adverse conditions (fog, rain, snow). The ACU shall output a constant call for each enabled detector output channel if a loss of video signal occurs in any camera.

The ACU shall be capable of processing a minimum of twenty detector zones placed anywhere in the field of view of the camera.

4.0 ACU Hardware

4.1 ACU Mounting

The ACU shall be shelf or rack mountable. Nominal outside dimensions excluding connectors shall not exceed 180mm (7.25") x 475mm (19") x 260mm (10.5") (H x W x D).

4.2 ACU Environmental

The ACU shall be designed to operate reliably in the adverse environment found in the typical roadside traffic cabinet. It shall meet the environmental requirements set forth by the NEMA (National Electrical Manufacturers Association) TS1 and TS2 standards as well as the environmental requirements for Type 170 and Type 179 controllers. The minimum operating temperature range shall be from -35 to +74 degrees C at 0% to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing.

5.0 ACU Electrical

- 5.1 The ACU shall be modular in design and provide processing capability equivalent to the Intel Pentium microprocessor. The bus connections used to interconnect the modules of the ACU shall be gold-plated DIN connectors.
- 5.2 The ACU shall be powered by 89 135 VAC, 60 Hz, single phase, and draw 0.25 amps, or by 190 270 VAC, 50 Hz, single phase and draw 0.12 amps. If a rack mountable ACU is supplied, it shall be capable of operating from 10 to 28 VDC. The power supply shall automatically adapt to the input power level. Surge ratings shall be as set forth in the NEMA TS1 and TS2 specifications.
- 5.3 Serial communications to a remote computer equipped with remote monitoring software shall be through a RJ-45 Ethernet port.
- 5.4 The ACU shall be equipped with a NEMA TS2 RS-485 SDLC interface for communicating input and output information. Front panel LEDs shall provide status information when communications are open.
- 5.5 The ACU and/or camera hookup panel shall be equipped with four RJ-45 connector based/terminal block connections for cameras so that signals from four image sensors can be processed in real-time.
- 5.6 The ACU shall be equipped with USB ports, WiFi, and Ethernet ports to provide communications to a computer running the configuration and remote access software.
- 5.7 The ACU and/or camera hookup panels used for a rack mountable ACU shall be equipped with a video output port.
- 5.8 The ACU shall be equipped with viewable front panel detection LED indications.

6.0 Camera

- 6.1 The video detection system shall use high resolution, color, cameras as the video source for real-time vehicle detection. As a minimum, each image sensor shall provide the following capabilities:
 - a. MPEG-4 and H.264 video compression and transport.
 - b. Support video streaming that is viewable through a standard web browser with an adjustable frame rates of 5/15/30 fps.
 - c. Images shall be produced with a CCD sensing element with horizontal resolution of at least 720 lines and vertical resolution of at least 480 lines.
 - d. Useable video and resolvable features in the video image shall be produced when those features have luminance levels as low as 0.1 lux at night.

- e. Useable video and resolvable features in the video image shall be produced when those features have luminance levels as high as 10,000 lux during the day.
- f. Automatic gain, automatic iris, and absolute black reference controls shall be furnished.
- g. An optical filter and appropriate electronic circuitry shall be included in the image sensor to suppress "blooming" effects at night.
- The image sensor shall be equipped with an integrated zoom lens with zoom and focus capabilities that can be changed using either configuration computer software or handheld controller. The machine vision processor (MVP) may be enclosed within the camera.
- 6.3 The image sensor and lens assembly shall be housed in an environmental enclosure that provides the following capabilities:
 - a. The enclosure shall be waterproof and dust-tight to NEMA-4 specifications. The camera shall be IP-67 rated.
 - b. The enclosure shall allow the image sensor to operate satisfactorily over an ambient temperature range from -34°C to +74°C while exposed to precipitation as well as direct sunlight.
 - c. The enclosure shall allow the image sensor horizon to be rotated in the field during installation.
 - d. A heater shall be at the front of the enclosure to prevent the formation of ice and condensation in cold weather, as well as to assure proper operation of the lens' iris mechanism. The heater shall not interfere with the operation of the image sensor electronics, and it shall not cause interference with the video signal.
 - f. The enclosure shall be light-colored and shall include a sun shield to minimize solar heating. The front edge of the sunshield shall protrude beyond the front edge of the environmental enclosure and shall include provision to divert water flow to the sides of the sunshield. The amount of overhang of the sun shield shall be adjustable to prevent direct sunlight from entering the lens or hitting the faceplate.
 - g. The total weight of the image sensor in the environmental enclosure with sunshield shall be less than 2.7 kg (6 pounds).
 - h. When operating in the environmental enclosure with power and video signal cables connected, the image sensor shall meet FCC class B requirements for electromagnetic interference emissions.

- 6.3 The video output of the image sensor shall be isolated from earth ground. All video connections from the image sensor to the video interface panel shall also be isolated from earth ground.
- The video output, communication, and power to the image sensor shall include transient protection to prevent damage to the sensor due to transient voltages occurring on the cable leading from the image sensor to other field locations.
- A stainless steel junction box shall be available as an option with each image sensor for installation on the structure used for image sensor mounting. The junction box shall contain a terminal block for terminating power to the image sensor and connection points for cables from the image sensor and from the ACU.

6.6 Software

- 7.1 The system shall include the remote access software that is used to setup and configure the video detection system. The software shall be of the latest revision.
- 7.2 All necessary cable, adapters, and other equipment shall be included with the system.

8.0 Installation and Training

8.1 The supplier of the video detection system shall supervise the installation and testing of the video and video vehicle detection equipment. A factory certified representative from the supplier shall be on-site during installation.

9.0 Warranty, Maintenance, and Support

- 9.1 The video detection system shall be warranted by its supplier for a minimum of three (3) years from date of turn-on. This warranty shall cover all material defects and shall also provide all parts and labor as well as unlimited technical support.
- 9.2 Ongoing software support by the supplier shall include updates of the ACU and supervisor software. These updates shall be provided free of charge during the warranty period.
- 9.3 The supplier shall maintain a program for technical support and software updates following expiration of the warranty period. This program shall be made available to the contracting agency in the form of a separate agreement for continuing support.
- <u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the contract unit price Each for VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM which price shall be payment in full for all labor, equipment, and materials required to furnish, install, and test the video vehicle detection system described above, complete.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL BATTERY BACKUP SYSTEM

The following models of Battery Backup Systems are approved for use within District Four:

Alpha Technologies Novus XFM 1100 (with standard IDOT cabinet or Alpha Technologies Side Mount 6 Integrated BBS Cabinet), Equipped with Ethernet SNMP Interface and Enhanced Capability Battery Monitoring System (AlphaGuard Plus)

Techpower Development DBL 1000MX. Equipped with Ethernet Communications Module

The Contractor shall be responsible for providing Battery Backup Systems that are sized appropriately for the intersection load. The total system load shall not exceed the manufacturer's specifications.

The battery backup systems for the existing traffic signal cabinets shall be installed as shown on the plan detail sheets and as follows:

- A separate circuit breaker shall be installed in the battery backup system cabinet (or in the
 traffic signal cabinet). The circuit breaker shall be rated equivalent to the main power circuit
 breaker rating in the existing traffic signal cabinet. The Contractor shall install #6 wiring from
 the test circuit breaker to the line voltage in the traffic signal cabinet. The circuit breaker
 shall be used to shut off the incoming utility power to test the battery backup system.
- The cabinet light, ventilation fans, heater strips, and service receptacle shall be wired to a separate circuit that will not be powered by the battery backup system
- A hole of sufficient size for the cables will be drilled into the side of the cabinet to accommodate the battery backup system cables and harnesses from the BBS cabinet. The hole shall be free of sharp edges and equipped with a plastic or rubber grommet.
- The fail safe automatic by-pass switch and blue indicator light shall be installed in the battery backup cabinet (or in the existing traffic signal cabinet).

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: The Battery Back-up System (BBS) shall include, but not be limited to the following: inverter/charger, power transfer relay, batteries, battery cabinet, a separate failsafe automatic bypass switch and all necessary hardware and interconnect wiring. The BBS shall provide reliable emergency power to a traffic signal in the event of a power failure or interruption. The transfer from utility power to battery power and vice versa shall not interfere with the normal operation of traffic controller, conflict monitor/malfunction management unit or any other peripheral devices within the traffic controller assembly.

The BBS shall provide power for full run-time operation for an "LED-only" intersection (all colors red, yellow, and green) or flashing mode operation for an intersection using Red LED's. As the battery reserve capacity reaches 50%, the intersection shall automatically be placed in all-red flash. The BBS shall allow the controller to automatically resume normal operation after the power has been restored. The BBS shall log an alarm in the controller for each time it is activated.

All Battery Backup Systems shall include four batteries.

The BBS shall be designed for outdoor applications, and shall meet the environmental requirements of, "NEMA Standards Publication No. TS 2 – Traffic Controller Assemblies," or applicable successor NEMA specifications, except as modified herein.

The BBS shall conform to the following specifications:

1.0 OPERATION

- 1.1 The BBS shall be on line and provide voltage regulation and power conditioning when utilizing utility power.
- 1.2 The BBS shall provide a minimum two (2) hours of full run-time operation and four (4) hours all-red flash operation for an "LED-only" intersection (minimum 1000W/1000VA active output capacity, with 80% minimum inverter efficiency).
- 1.3 The maximum transfer time from loss of utility power to switchover to battery backed inverter power shall be 150 milliseconds.
- 1.4 The BBS shall provide the user with 4-sets of normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) single-pole double-throw (SPDT) relay contact closures, available on a panel-mounted terminal block, rated at a minimum 120V/1A, and labeled so as to identify each contact. For typical configuration, see the plan detail sheet.
- 1.5 A first set of NO and NC contact closures shall be energized whenever the unit switches to battery power. Contact shall be labeled or marked "On Batt."

- 1.6 The second set of NO and NC contact closures shall be energized whenever the battery approaches approximately 40% of remaining useful capacity. Contact shall be labeled or marked "Low Batt."
- 1.7 The third set of NO and NC contact closures shall be energized two hours after the unit switches to battery power. Contact shall be labeled or marked "Timer."
- 1.8 The fourth set of NO and NC contact closures shall be energized in the event of inverter/charger failure, battery failure or complete battery discharge. Contact shall be labeled or marked "BBS Fail or Status."
- 1.9 A surge suppression unit shall be provided for the output power if available as an option by the BBS manufacturer.
- 1.10 Operating temperature for both the inverter/power transfer relay and failsafe automatic bypass switch shall be -37°C to +74°C.
- 1.11 1The Power Transfer Relay shall be rated at 240VAC/30AMPS minimum and failsafe automatic bypass switch shall be rated at 240VAC/20 amps, minimum.
- 1.12 The fail safe automatic bypass switch shall be wired to provide power to the BBS when the switch is set to bypass.
- 1.13 The BBS shall use a temperature-compensated battery charging system. The charging system shall compensate over a range of 2.5 4.0 mV/°C per cell.
- 1.14 The temperature sensor shall be external to the inverter/charger unit. The temperature sensor shall come with 2 meters (6'–6") of wire.
- 1.15 Batteries shall not be recharged when battery temperature exceeds $50^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- 1.16 BBS shall bypass the utility line power whenever the utility line voltage is outside of the following voltage range: 100VAC to 130VAC (± 2VAC).
- 1.17 When utilizing battery power, the BBS output voltage shall be between 110 VAC and 125 VAC, pure sine wave output, ±3% THD, 60Hz ± 3Hz.
- 1.18 BBS shall be compatible with Illinois DOT's traffic controller assemblies utilizing NEMA TS 1 or NEMA TS 2 controllers and cabinet components for full time operation.
- 1.19 When the utility line power has been restored at above 105 VAC ±2 VAC for more than 30 seconds, the BBS shall dropout of battery backup mode and return to utility line mode.

- 1.20 When the utility line power has been restored at below 125VAC ±2 VAC for more than 30 seconds, the BBS shall dropout of battery backup mode and return to utility line mode.
- 1.21 BBS shall be equipped to prevent a malfunction feedback to the cabinet or from feeding back to the utility service.
- 1.22 In the event of inverter/charger failure, battery failure or complete battery discharge, the power transfer relay shall revert to the NC state, where utility line power is reconnected to the cabinet. The BBS shall always revert back to utility line power and shall be designed to revert back to utility line power in the event of a BBS fault condition.
- 1.23 Recharge time for the battery, from "protective low-cutoff" to 80% or more of full battery charge capacity, shall not exceed twenty (20) hours.
- 1.24 When the intersection is in battery operation, the BBS shall bypass all internal cabinet lights, ventilation fans, heater strips, and service receptacles.
- 1.25 The fail safe automatic bypass switch shall be wired to provide power to the BBS when the switch is set to bypass.
- 1.26 A blue LED indicator light shall be mounted on the front of the traffic signal cabinet or on the side of the BBS cabinet facing traffic and shall turn on to indicate when the cabinet power has been disrupted and the BBS is in operation. The light shall be a minimum 1" diameter, be viewable from the driving lanes, and shall be large enough and visible enough to be seen from 200 ft. away.
- 1.27 All 36 volt and 48 volt systems shall include an external component that monitors battery charging to ensure that every battery in the string is fully charged. The device shall compensate for the effects of adding a new battery to an existing battery system by ensuring that the charge voltage is spread equally across all batteries. All cables, harnesses, cards, and other components that are required to provide the functionality described above shall be included in the unit bid price for the battery backup system. The following products are currently approved for use within District 4: Alpha Technologies: AlphaGuard with Charge Management Technology Module and Approved Equivalent
- 1.28 The BBS shall be equipped with an integrated safety switch that will interrupt inverter output power in the event of a cabinet knockdown. The safety switch may be either internal to the inverter/charger is externally mounted inside of the BBS cabinet. The safety switch shall be designed to interrupt output power in the event that the charger/inverter is tilted more than twenty degrees on any axis. The switch shall be mechanically latching to ensure that power is not automatically restored to the BBS until the charger/inverter has been "reset". The switch shall also be resettable and reusable unless it has been physically damaged.

2.0 MOUNTING AND CONFIGURATION

- 2.1 GENERAL
- 2.2 Inverter/Charger Unit shall be rack or shelf-mounted.
- 2.3 (Reserved).
- 2.4 All interconnect wiring provided between Power Transfer Relay, Bypass Switch and Cabinet Terminal Service Block shall be no greater than two (2) meters (6'-6") of #10 AWG wire.
- 2.5 Relay contact wiring provided for each set of NO/NC relay contact closure terminals shall be #18 AWG wire.
- 2.6 All necessary hardware for mounting (shelf angles, rack, etc.) shall be included in the bid price of the BBS. The swing-trays shall be screwed to the Type IV or Type V NEMA cabinets using continuous stainless steel or aluminum piano hinge. All bolts/fasteners and washers shall be ½" diameter galvanized or stainless steel.

3.0 EXTERNAL BATTERY CABINET

- 3.1 The external cabinet shall be a rated NEMA Type 3R Cabinet.
- 3.2 Inverter/Charger and Power Transfer Relay shall be installed inside the external battery cabinet and the failsafe automatic bypass switch shall be installed inside the existing traffic signal cabinet or proposed battery backup cabinet.
- 3.3 Batteries shall be housed in the external cabinet which shall be NEMA Standard rated cabinet mounted to the side of the Type IV or Type V Cabinet (see plan sheets for details). This external battery cabinet shall conform to the IDOT Standard Specifications for traffic signal cabinets for the construction and finish of the cabinet.
- 3.4 The external battery cabinet shall mount to the Type IV or Type V NEMA Cabinet with a minimum of four (4) bolts to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 3.5 The dimensions of the external battery cabinet shall be 25"(L) x 16"(W) x 41"(H) and installed in accordance with the plan sheet cabinet detail and this specification.
- 3.6 The cabinet shall include heater mats for each battery shelf and/or battery. If the BBS charger/inverter does not have facilities to accommodate heater mat connections, thermostatically controlled heater mats shall be provided with the system. The heater mat thermostat shall be a separate thermostat (from the ventilation fan thermostat) and be adjustable from 0°F to 32°F for heater mat turn-on.

- 3.7 A warning sticker shall be placed on the outside of the cabinet indicating that there is an Uninterruptible Power Supply inside the cabinet.
- 3.8 The external battery cabinet shall be ventilated through the use of louvered vents (2), filters, and one thermostatically controlled fan as per NEMA TS 2 Specifications. The cabinet shall include a cleanable or replaceable cabinet filter.
- 3.9 External battery cabinet fan shall be AC operated from the same line output of the bypass Switch that supplies power to the Type IV or Type V Cabinet.
- 3.10 The BBS with external battery cabinet shall come with all bolts, conduits and bushings, gaskets, shelves, and hardware needed for mounting. The external battery cabinet shall have a hinged door opening to the entire cabinet. The cabinet shall include a bottom constructed from the same material as the cabinet.
- 3.11 The external cabinet shall be equipped with a power receptacle to accommodate the inverter/charger. The receptacle shall be wired to the line output of the manual bypass switch.

4.0 MAINTENANCE, DISPLAYS, CONTROLS AND DIAGNOSTICS

- 4.1 The BBS shall include a display and /or meter to indicate current battery charge status and conditions.
- 4.2 The BBS shall have lightning surge protection compliant with IEEE/ANSI C.62.41.
- 4.3 The BBS shall be equipped with an integral system to prevent battery from destructive discharge and overcharge.
- 4.4 The BBS and batteries shall be easily replaced with all needed hardware and shall not require any special tools for installation.
- 4.5 The BBS shall be equipped with a RS-232 port.
- 4.6 The BBS shall include a resettable front-panel event counter display to indicate the number of times the BBS was activated and a front-panel hour meter to display the total number of hours the unit has operated on battery power.
- 4.7 Manufacturer shall include two (2) sets of equipment lists, operation and maintenance manuals, and board-level schematic and wiring diagrams of the BBS, and the battery data sheets. Manufacturer shall include any software needed to monitor, diagnose, and operate the BBS. The manufacturer shall include any required cables to connect to a laptop computer.
- 4.8 The BBS shall include a data cable for the serial connection to the RS232 port and diagnostic software if it is available as an option with the unit (only two cables required for project).
- 4.9 One copy of the owner/maintenance manuals shall be provided with the BBS.

5.0 BATTERY SYSTEM

- 5.1 Individual batteries shall be 12V type and shall be easily replaced and commercially available off the shelf.
- 5.2 The batteries shall be premium gel type with a 5 year full replacement warranty.
- 5.3 Batteries used for BBS shall consist of a minimum of four (4) to eight (8) batteries with a cumulative minimum rated capacity of 240 amp-hours.
- 5.4 Batteries shall be deep cycle, completely sealed, silver alloy VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) requiring no maintenance with maximum run time.
- 5.5 Batteries shall be certified by the manufacturer to operate over a temperature range of 40°C to +71°C.
- 5.6 The batteries shall be provided with appropriate interconnect wiring and corrosion-resistant mounting trays and/or brackets appropriate for the cabinet into which they will be installed.
- 5.7 Batteries shall indicate maximum recharge data and recharging cycles.
- 5.8 Battery interconnect wiring shall be via modular harness. Batteries shall be shipped with positive and negative terminals pre-wired with red and black cabling that terminates into a typical power-pole style connector. Harness shall be equipped with mating power-pole style connectors for batteries and a single, insulated plug-in style connection to inverter/charger unit. Harness shall allow batteries to be quickly and easily connected in any order and shall be keyed and wired to ensure proper polarity and circuit configuration.
- 5.9 Battery terminals shall be covered and insulated so as to prevent accidental shorting.

6.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- BBS shall be manufactured in accordance with a manufacturer quality assurance (QA) program. The QA program shall include two types of quality assurance: (1) Design quality assurance and (2) Production quality assurance. The production quality assurance shall include statistically controlled routine tests to ensure minimum performance levels of BBS units built to meet this specification and a documented process of how problems are to be resolved.
- 6.2 QA process and test results documentation shall be kept on file for a minimum period of seven years.
- 6.3 Battery Backup System designs not satisfying design qualification testing and the production quality assurance testing performance requirements described below shall not be labeled, advertised, or sold as conforming to this specification.

7.0 DESIGN QUALIFICATION TESTING

- 7.1 The manufacturer, or an independent testing lab hired by the manufacturer, shall perform design Qualification Testing on new BBS designs, and when a major design change has been implemented on an existing design. A major design change is defined as a design change (electrical or physical) which changes any of the performance characteristics of the system, or results in a different circuit configuration.
- 7.2 Burn In. The sample systems shall be energized for a minimum of 5 hours, with full load of 700 watts, at temperatures of +74°C and -37°C., excluding batteries, before performing any design qualification testing.
- 7.3 Any failure of the BBS, which renders the unit non-compliant with the specification after burn-in, shall be cause for rejection.
- 7.4 For Operational Testing, all specifications may be measured including, but not limited to:
- 7.5 Run time while in battery backup mode, at full load.
- 7.6 Proper operation of all relay contact closures ("On-Batt", "Low-Batt", "Timer" and "BBS-Fail").
- 7.7 Inverter output voltage, frequency, harmonic distortion, and efficiency, when in battery backup mode.
- 7.8 All utility mode battery backup mode transfer voltage levels. See Section 1 Operation.
- 7.9 Power transfer time from loss of utility power to switchover to battery backed inverter power.
- 7.10 Backfeed voltage to utility when in battery backup mode.
- 7.11 IEEE/ANSI C.62.41 compliance.
- 7.12 Battery charging time.
- 7.13 Event counter and runtime meter accuracy.

8.0 PRODUCTION QUALITY CONTROL TESTING

- 8.1 Production Quality Control tests shall consist of all of the above listed tests and shall be performed on each new system prior to shipment. Failure to meet requirements of any of these tests shall be cause for rejection. The manufacturer shall retain test results for seven years.
- 8.2 Each BBS shall be given a minimum 100-hour burn-in period to catch any premature failures.
- 8.3 Each system shall be visually inspected for any exterior physical damage or assembly anomalies. Any defects shall be cause for rejection.

9.0 WARRANTY

- 9.1 Manufacturers shall provide a minimum two (2) year factory-repair warranty for parts and labor on the BBS from date of acceptance by the State. Batteries shall be warranted for full replacement for five (5) years from date of purchase. The warranty shall be included in the total bid price of the BBS.
- 9.2 The Contractor shall furnish a warranty certificate for each Battery Backup System that includes the equipment description and details, serial numbers, effective dates, and the details of the warranty regarding materials and labor. The warranty period shall begin on the date of installation and the warranty certificate shall reflect this date.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: The above work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for TRAFFIC SIGNAL BATTERY BACKUP SYSTEM shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide, install, and test the battery backup system described above, complete.

REMOVE GROUT FROM EXISTING MAST ARM

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 877 and 1077 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The Contractor shall remove the existing grout from under the base plate of an existing mast arm.

The Contractor shall remove a sufficient amount of grout from all sides of the mast arm to allow for air movement and to prevent the build-up of water and condensation from inside the mast arm.

All work shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for REMOVE GROUT FROM EXISTING MAST ARM and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to remove and dispose of the existing grout as described above, complete.

INSTALL SCREEN ON EXISTING MAST ARM

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 877 and 1077 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The Contractor shall furnish and install a stainless steel screen, stainless steel banding, and all other items required to install the screen around an existing mast arm base and anchor bolts in accordance Article 877.03 to enclose the void between the mast arm base plate and the concrete foundation.

The screen shall be sized correctly to enclose the void and prevent rodent entry. The maximum allowable gap between the screen and the mast arm base plate or concrete foundation shall not exceed 1/4 inch.

The Contractor will be allowed to substitute perforated aluminum mesh in place of stainless steel mesh.

All work shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for INSTALL SCREEN ON EXISTING MAST ARM and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to furnish and install the screen as described above, complete.

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

(2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
 - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk

(2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.

(c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid. For working day contracts the payment will be made according to Article 109.04. For completion date contracts, an adjustment will be determined as follows.

Extended Traffic Control occurs between April 1 and November 30:

ETCP Adjustment (\$) = TE x (%/100 x CUP / OCT)

Extended Traffic Control occurs between December 1 and March 31:

ETCP Adjustment (\$) = TE x 1.5 (%/100 x CUP / OCT)

Where:TE = Duration of approved time extension in calendar days.

% = Percent maintenance for the traffic control, % (see table below).

CUP = Contract unit price for the traffic control pay item in place during the delay.

OCT = Original contract time in calendar days.

Original Contract Amount	Percent Maintenance
Up to \$2,000,000	65%
\$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000	75%
\$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000	85%
Over \$20,000,000	90%

When an ETCP adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: July 2, 2016

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform **0.00**% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is required prior to the award of the contract and the failure of the low bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

In order to assure the timely award of the contract, the low bidder shall submit:

- (a) The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan on completed Department forms SBE 2025 and 2026.
 - (1) The final Utilization Plan must be submitted within five calendar days after the date of the letting in accordance with subsection (a)(2) of Bidding Procedures herein.
 - (2) To meet the five day requirement, the bidder may send the Utilization Plan electronically by scanning and sending to DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov or faxing to (217) 785-1524. The subject line must include the bid Item Number and the Letting date. The Utilization Plan should be sent as one .pdf file, rather than multiple files and emails for the same Item Number. It is the responsibility of the bidder to obtain confirmation of email or fax delivery.

Alternatively, the Utilization Plan may be sent by certified mail or delivery service within the five calendar day period. If a question arises concerning the mailing date of a Utilization Plan, the mailing date will be established by the U.S. Postal Service postmark on the certified mail receipt from the U.S. Postal Service or the receipt issued by a delivery service when the Utilization Plan is received by the Department. It is the responsibility of the bidder to ensure the postmark or receipt date is affixed within the five days if the bidder intends to rely upon mailing or delivery to satisfy the submission day requirement. The Utilization Plan is to be submitted to:

Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Small Business Enterprises Contract Compliance Section 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319 Springfield, Illinois 62764

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the five day submittal requirement and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive due to a failure to submit a Utilization Plan or failure to comply with the bidding procedures set forth herein, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty, and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids. The Department reserves the right to invite any other bidder to submit a Utilization Plan at any time for award consideration.

- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of Utilization Plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.
- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. For bidding purposes, submission of the completed SBE 2025 forms, signed by the DBEs and scanned or faxed to the bidder will be acceptable as long as the original is available and provided upon request. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:
 - (1) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
 - (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the work each DBE will perform;
 - (3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating. The dollar amount of participation for identified work shall specifically state the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;

- (4) DBE Participation Commitment Statements, form SBE 2025, signed by the bidder and each participating DBE firm documenting the commitment to use the DBE subcontractors whose participation is submitted to meet the contract goal;
- (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the Utilization Plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s); and,
- (6) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts; the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the apparent successful bidder is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document that enough DBE participation has been obtained or document that good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan does not document sufficient DBE participation to meet the contract goal unless the apparent successful bidder documented in the Utilization Plan that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words, efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

- (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
- (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with subsection (c)(6) of the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.

- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines that the apparent successful bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification shall include a statement of reasons for the determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period in order to cure the deficiency.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the receipt of the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217) 785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The determination shall become final if a request is not made and A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in order to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for consideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.

- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK.</u> Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, than a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor shall not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure that the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.

- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide DBE subcontracts to IDOT upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
 - (1) That the replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) That the DBE is aware that its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) That the DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.
- (6) You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;

(10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated, or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department shall provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) PAYMENT RECORDS. The Contractor shall maintain a record of payments for work performed to the DBE participants. The records shall be made available to the Department for inspection upon request. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

(h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor my request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

MAST ARM ASSEMBLY AND POLE (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2016

Revise Article 1077.03(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(1) Loading. The mast arm assembly and pole, and combination mast arm assembly and pole shall be designed for the loading shown on the Highway Standards or elsewhere on the plans, whichever is greater. The design shall be according to AASHTO "LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals" 2015 Edition. However, the arm-to-pole connection for tapered signal and luminaire arms shall be according to the "fillet welded, ring stiffened box connection" detail as shown in Figure C5.6.7-2. The mast arm and pole shall be designed assuming the ADT > 10,000, Risk Category Typical, and Fatigue Category I Natural Wind Gust only."

PROGRESS PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2013

Revise Article 109.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Progress Payments. At least once each month, the Engineer will make a written estimate of the quantity of work performed in accordance with the contract, and the value thereof at the contract unit prices. The amount of the estimate approved as due for payment will be vouchered by the Department and presented to the State Comptroller for payment. No amount less than \$1000.00 will be approved for payment other than the final payment.

Progress payments may be reduced by liens filed pursuant to Section 23(c) of the Mechanics' Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c).

If a Contractor or subcontractor has defaulted on a loan issued under the Department's Disadvantaged Business Revolving Loan Program (20 ILCS 2705/2705-610), progress payments may be reduced pursuant to the terms of that loan agreement. In such cases, the amount of the estimate related to the work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor, in default of the loan agreement, will be offset, in whole or in part, and vouchered by the Department to the Working Capital Revolving Fund or designated escrow account. Payment for the work shall be considered as issued and received by the Contractor or subcontractor on the date of the offset voucher. Further, the amount of the offset voucher shall be a credit against the Department's obligation to pay the Contractor, the Contractor's obligation to pay the subcontractor, and the Contractor's or subcontractor's total loan indebtedness to the Department. The offset shall continue until such time as the entire loan indebtedness is satisfied. The Department will notify the Contractor and Fund Control Agent in a timely manner of such offset. The Contractor or subcontractor shall not be entitled to additional payment in consideration of the offset.

The failure to perform any requirement, obligation, or term of the contract by the Contractor shall be reason for withholding any progress payments until the Department determines that compliance has been achieved."

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: April 2, 2015

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Monday through Sunday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 45 working days.

REVISIONS TO THE ILLINOIS PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/ or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.