

March 2, 2006

SUBJECT: CH 54 (Wise Road) Project BRS-115(55) Section 05-00197-00-BR Macon County Contract No. 91344 Item 57 March 10, 2006 Letting Addendum (A)

TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS:

Due to clarify information necessary to revise the following:

Plans – Sheet 2, deleted pay item PROCESSING LIME STABILIZED SOIL MIXTURE 12", replaced with pay item PROCESSING MODIFIED SOIL 12"

Proposal – Schedule of Prices, deleted pay item PROCESSING LIME STABILIZED SOIL MIXTURE 12", replaced with pay item PROCESSING MODIFIED SOIL 12". Deleted BDE Special Provision Lime Stabilized Soil Mixture, added BDE Special Provision Soil Modification.

Prime contractors must utilize the enclosed material when preparing their bid and must include any Schedule of Prices changes in their bidding proposal.

Bidders using computer-generated bids are cautioned to reflect any and all Schedule of Prices changes, if involved, into their computer programs.

Very truly yours,

Michael L. Hine Engineer of Design and Environment

Judge abechlyon AE.

By: Ted B. Walschleger Engineer of Project Development and Implementation

ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECMR003 PAGE 2 RUN DATE - 01/25/06 RUN TIME - 183234	UNIT PRICE TOTAL PRICE DOLLARS CENTS DOLLARS CTS	11								1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7				
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Revised 3-2-06

BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS For The January 20 and March 10, 2006 Lettings

The following special provisions indicated by an "x" are applicable to this contract. An * indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

File Name	PG		Special Provision Title	<u>Effective</u>	Revised
00000	世	·		1	
80099	000	1 /10/02/02		April 1, 2003	NERGHENENS TOPS I
	KO II		Aggregate Shipping inckets a second sec		
80108 7254i				Nov. 1, 2003	huma 20 4004
72041			Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos Bituminous Concrete Surface Removal	June 1, 1989	June 30,1994
80128			Authority of Railroad Engineer	July 1, 2004	
80065			Bituminous Base Course/Widening Superpave	April 1, 2002	Aug. 1, 2005
80050	24	X	Bituminous Concrete Surface Course	April 1, 2001	April 1, 2003
80142		X	Bituminous Equipment, Spreading and Finishing Machine	Jan. 1, 2005	1.pm 11.2000
80066			Bridge Deck Construction	April 1, 2002	April 1, 2004
50261			Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable and Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2001
50481			Building Removal-Case II (Non-Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2001
5049!			Building Removal-Case III (Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2001
50531		<u> </u>	Building Removal-Case IV (No Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2001
80118			Butt Joints	April 1, 2004	April 1, 2005
80031			Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete Patching	Jan. 1, 2001	•
80077			Chair Supports	Nov. 1, 2002	Nov. 2, 2002
80051			Coarse Aggregate for Trench Backfill, Backfill and Bedding	April 1, 2001	Nov. 1, 2003
80094	26	X	Concrete Admixtures	Jan. 1, 2003	July 1, 2004
80112			Concrete Barrier	Jan. 1, 2004	April 2, 2004
80102	31	X	Corrugated Metal Pipe Culverts	Aug. 1, 2003	July 1, 2004
8 01 1 4	32	<u>X</u>	Curing and Protection of Concrete Construction	Jan. 1, 2004	Nov. 1, 2005
80146	i		Detectable Warnings	Aug. 1, 2005	
80029	40	X	Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Sept. 1, 2000	June 22, 2005
80144			Elastomeric Bearings	April 1, 2005	
31578	48	X	Epoxy Coating on Reinforcement	April 1, 1997	Jan. 1, 2003
80041			Epoxy Pavement Marking	Jan. 1, 2001	Aug. 1, 2003
80055	4 9	X	Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction	Aug. 1, 2001	Nov. 1, 2001
80103		dia ale		Aug. 1, 2003	
80101	00213	語る語			Jan; 1, 2006.
80079	-4		Freeze-Thaw Rating	Nov. 1, 2002	Nov 1 2004
80072		X	Furnished Excavation	Aug. 1, 2002 Nov. 1, 2003	Nov. 1, 2004
80054 80147	52	Х	Hand Vibrator	Aug. 1, 2005	
			Illuminated Sign Impact Attenuators	Nov. 1, 2003	
80109 80110			Impact Attenuators, Temporary	Nov. 1, 2003	April 1, 2004
80110			Inlet Filters	Aug. 1, 2003	April 1, 2004
80080			Insertion Lining of Pipe Culverts	Nov. 1, 2002	Aug. 1, 2003
80150			Light Emitting Diode (LED) Pedestrian Signal Head	Nov. 1, 2005	109: 1, 2000
80067			Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Head	April 1, 2002	Nov. 1, 2005
	53	X	Lime Gradation Requirements	Nov. 1, 2002	
(80133			Lime Stabilized Soil Mixture	Nov. 1, 2004	April 1, 2005
80045	~~~	کے ک	Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	March 1, 2001
80137			Minimum Lane Width with Lane Closure	Jan. 1, 2005	•
80138	59 I	X	Mulching Seeded Areas	Jan. 1, 2005	
80082			Multilane Pavement Patching	Nov. 1, 2002	
80129			Notched Wedge Longitudinal Joint	July 1, 2004	
80069			Organic Zinc-Rich Paint System	Nov. 1, 2001	Aug. 1, 2003
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Deleted 3-2.06

<u>File Name</u>	PG #	Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
80116		X Partial Payments	Sept. 1, 2003	
80013		Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing	Feb. 1, 2000	July 1, 2004
53600	1475 (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Pavement Thickness Determination for Payment	April 1, 1999	Jan. 1, 2004
80022	61	XI Payments to Subcontractors in the second s	1.4 June 1, 2000	Jan 1, 2006
80155		X Payrolls and Payroll Records	Aug. 10, 2005	
80130			July 1, 2004	
80148	فكعرده يرار استكر البراسية ابا			
80134 80073		Plastic Blockouts for Guardrail Polymer Modified Emulsified Asphalt	Nov. 1, 2004 Nov. 1, 2002	
80119		Polyurea Pavement Marking	April 1, 2002	
80124		Portable Changeable Message Signs	Nov. 1, 1993	April 2, 2004
80139	66	X Portland Cement	Jan. 1, 2005	Nov. 1, 2005
80083		X Portland Cement Concrete	Nov. 1, 2002	
80036		Portland Cement Concrete Patching	Jan. 1, 2001	Jan. 1, 2004
419		Precast Concrete Products	July 1, 1999	Nov. 1, 2004
80120		Precast, Prestressed Concrete Members	April 1, 2004	
80084		Preformed Recycled Rubber Joint Filler	Nov. 1, 2002	
80015		Public Convenience and Safety	Jan. 1, 2000	
80121		PVC Pipeliner	April 1, 2004	April 1, 2005
80122	il International	Railroad, Full-Actuated Controller and Cabinet	April 1, 2004	
34261 80157		Et M. Rairoad Protective Liability insurances by the second state of the second state	Elan 1986	39an-1, 2006
80105		Raised Reflective Pavement Markers (Bridge)	Aug. 1, 2003	
80011	68	X RAP for Use in Bituminous Concrete Mixtures	Jan. 1, 2000	April 1, 2002
80151				Nov 2 2005
80032	and the second second	Remove and Re-Erect Steel Plate Beam Guardrail and Traffic Barrier		Jan. 1, 2005
		Terminals		
80085		Sealing Abandoned Water Wells	Nov. 1, 2002	
80131	73	X Seeding and Sodding	July 1, 2004	Aug. 1, 2005
80152		Self-Consolidating Concrete for Cast-In-Place Construction	Nov. 1, 2005	
80132		Self-Consolidating Concrete for Precast Products	July 1, 2004	Nov. 1, 2005
80096 80140		Shoulder Rumble Strips	Jan. 1, 2003 Jan. 1, 2005	
80135	qu (*	Soil Modification	Nov. 1, 2003	April 1, 2005
80070	17 L	Stabilized Subbase and Bituminous Shoulders Superpave	April 1, 2004	Aug. 1, 2005
80127	74	X Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2004	July 1, 2004
80153		X Steel Plate Beam Guardrail	Nov. 1, 2005	
	79	X Subcontractor Mobilization Payments	April 2, 2005	
80086	80	X Subgrade Preparation	Nov. 1, 2002	
80136		Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixture IL-4.75	Nov. 1, 2004	
80010	81	X Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures	Jan. 1, 2000	April 1, 2004
80039		Superpave Bituminous Concrete Mixtures (Low ESAL)	Jan, 1, 2001	April 1, 2004
80075		Surface Testing of Pavements	April 1, 2002	Nov. 1, 2005
80145		Suspension of Slipformed Parapets Temporary Concrete Barrier	June 11, 2004 Oct. 1, 2002	Nov. 1, 2003
80092 80087	00	X Temporary Erosion Control	Nov. 1, 2002	1107, 1, 2000
80008	00	Temporary Module Glare Screen System	Jan. 1, 2002	
80106		Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals	Aug. 1, 2003	
80098	1	Traffic Barrier Terminals	Jan. 1, 2003	
57291	90	X Traffic Control Deficiency Deduction	April 1, 1992	Jan. 1, 2005
20338		Training Special Provisions	Oct. 15, 1975	
80107		Transient Voltage Surge Suppression	Aug. 1, 2003	
80123		Truck Bed Release Agent	April 1, 2004	
80154		Turf Reinforcement Mat	Nov. 1, 2005	
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(Added 3-2-06)

NME STABILIZED SOIL MIXTURE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2004 Revised: April 1, 2005

Revise Section 310 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"SECTION 310. LIME STABILIZED SOIL MIXTURE

Deleted 3-2-06

310.01 Description. This work shall consist of the construction of a Jime stabilized soil mixture, composed of soil, lime, and water which shall be considered as subbase.

310.02 Materials. Materials shall meet the requirements of the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials:

ltem (a) Water		Article/Section
(c) By-Product, Non-Hy		

- (d) Lime Slurry (Note 2)
- (e) Soil (Note 3)
- (f) Bituminous Materials (Note 4)

1009.07, 1009.08, 1009.09

Note 1. By-product, non-hydrated lime (lime kiln dust) shall conform to the following requirements:

Parameter	Value
Total calcium and magnesium oxides (nonvolatile basis)	60 % minimum
Available calcium hydroxide (rapid sugar test, ASTM C 25) plus total MgO content calculated to be equivalent Ca (OH) ₂	30 % minimum
As received loss on ignition (carbon dioxide plus moisture, combined and free)	40 % maximum
Free water (as received basis)	4 % maximum
SO ₃	10 % maximum

The sieve analysis of the lime residue shall be as follows:

Sieve	Maximum Percent Retained
4.75 mp1 (No. 4)	5
600 µm (No. 30)	10
150 µm (No. 100)	30

Note 2. The lime used in the slurry shall be either hydrated lime conforming to the requirements of ASTM C 207, Type N, or quicklime conforming to the requirements for calcium lime as stated in ASTM C 5. The quantity of lime (hydrated lime or quicklime) in

the slurry shall be a minimum of 35 percent and a maximum of 45 percent by total mass/ (weight) of slurry.

Note 3. The soil shall have a minimum clay content of 15 percent, determined according to AASNTO T 88; and shall have a maximum organic matter content of 10 percent, determined according to AASHTO T 194. It shall also be a reactive soil. A reactive soil is defined as a soil which when mixed thoroughly with at least three percent lime and then compacted and cured for 48 hours at 49 °C (120 °F), will exhibit a compressive strength gain of at least 345 kPa (50 psi) greater than that obtained from similarly prepared untreated control specimens. The compressive strength will be determined according to AASHTO T 208.

Note 4. The bituminous materials used for curing shall be emulsified asphalt RS-1, RS-2, CRS-1, CRS-2, HPE 60, HFE 90, or HFE 150; rapid curing liquid asphalt RC-70 or RC-250; or medium curing liquid asphalt MC-70 or MC-250,

310.03 Equipment. Equipment shall meet the requirements of the following Articles of Section 1100 - Equipment:

ltem	\backslash	Article/Section
(a) Rotary Speed Mixer		
(b) Disk Harrow (Note 1)	<u> </u>	1101.02

- (d) Lime Slurry Equipment (Note 3)

Note 1. A disk harrow may be used when permitted by the Engineer.

Note 2. The distributor shall be of a mechanical type and shall be approved by the Engineer.

Note 3. The equipment used for mixing, transporting, slaking, and placing lime slurry shall be approved by the Engineer.

310.04 Proportioning, Proportioning shall be as follows.

- (a) Samples. Samples of the lime and the project soil(s) shall be obtained and submitted to the Engineer at least 45 days prior to the construction of the lime stabilized soil mixture. Sample sizes shall be a minimum of 12 kg (25 lb) for the lime and 90 kg (200 lb) for the project soil(s).
- (b) Mix Design. The actual proportions of lime, soil, and water will be determined by the Engineer prior to construction using the submitted samples. The Engineer reserves the right to make such adjustments in proportions as are considered necessary during the progress of the work.

In no case shall proportions or type of lime be changed during the progress of the work without permission by the Engineer.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

310.05 General. The lime stabilized soil mixture shall be constructed when the temperature of the soil measured 150 mm (6 in.) below the surface, is above 10 °C (50 °F), and the ambient air temperature in the shade is above 7 °C (45 °F).

The quantity of lime stabilized soil mixture constructed shall be limited to that which can be covered by the succeeding pavement layer during the same construction season.

310.06 Preparation of Subgrade. The area to be processed shall be shaped to the proper grade and cross section. All vegetation and other objectionable material shall be removed from within the limits of lime treatment. In cut or at grade sections, the subgrade shall be prepared according to Article 301.03. Steps 1 and 2. The subgrade shall be compacted adequately for the equipment to stabilize the soil.

310.07 Application of Lime. The lime (slurry or dry) shall be applied uniformly on the soil. The application of lime shall be limited to that area where the initial mixing operations can be completed during the same working day.

After application of dry lime, but before the addition of any water, the surface of the subgrade shall be lightly scarified or disked. When lime slurry is used, the surface of the subgrade shall be lightly scarified or disked prior to application of the slurry.

Dry lime shall not be applied when wind conditions are such that blowing lime becomes objectionable to adjacent property owners or creates a hazard to traffic on adjacent highways, as determined by the Engineer.

Lime slurry shall be applied within 30 days of preparing and mixing the slurry, and shall be thoroughly agitated prior to application.

Lime (slurry or dry) that has been exposed to the open air for a period of six hours or more shall be replaced. Lime (slurry or dry) which has been damaged by hydration due to rain prior to or during the mixing operations, or has been displaced by the Contractor's equipment or other traffic after application shall be replaced.

310.08 Mixing. Mixing shall be performed in two stages as follows:

(a) Initial Mixing. The lime, soil, and water shall be thoroughly mixed until a uniform mixture throughout the required depth and width is obtained. All clods and lumps shall be reduced to a maximum size of 50 mm (2 in.). The moisture content of the stabilized soil shall be between optimum and three percent above optimum.

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After mixing, the surface shall be sealed with a light rolling. The mixture shall then be left to undergo a conditioning period of at least 48 hours. The mixture shall be maintained in a moist condition throughout the entire conditioning period.

(b) Final Mixing. After the required conditioning period, the mixture shall be uniformly mixed and maintained at approximately optimum moisture content. If the mixture contains clods, they shall be pulverized to meet the following requirements:

Sieve Size	Minimum % Passing
25 mm (1in.)	100%
4.75 mm (No. 4)	60%

Mixing may be performed in a single stage when permitted by the Engineer, provided that the final mixing requirements are met.

310.09 Compaction. After final mixing, compaction shall be completed within the same working day.

The compacted, lime stabilized soil mixture shall have a minimum dry density of 95 percent of the laboratory standard dry density. The in-place dry density will be determined according to AASHTO T 191, or Illinois Modified AASHTO T 310 (Direct Transmission Density/Backscatter Moisture). The laboratory standard dry density will be determined according to AASHTO T 99.

310.10 Finishing and Curing. When compaction of the lime stabilized soil mixture is nearing completion, the surface shall be shaped to the required lines, grades, and cross section shown on the plans. For bituminous concrete base course and pavement (full-depth) and portland cement concrete base course and pavement, the surface of the lime stabilized soil mixture shall be brought to true shape and correct elevation according to Article 301.06, except that well compacted earth shall not be used to fill low areas. The surface shall be maintained in a moist condition by means of a fine spray during all finishing operations.

The lime stabilized soil mixture shall be cured for a period of seven days and maintained at optimum moisture content by sprinkling with water or applying bituminous materials according to Article 312.19. During this period, no equipment or traffic will be permitted on the completed work beyond that required for maintenance of curing.

310.11 Subgrade Stability. Following curing, the Engineer will determine the stability of the lime stabilized soil mixture in terms of the immediate bearing value (IBV) according to Illinois Test Procedure 501. The IBV shall be a minimum of 23.0.

No equipment or traffic shall be on the lime stabilized soll mixture after compaction until the required IBV is attained.

310.12 Construction Joints. Construction joints will not be required between each day's work unless there is a time lapse of seven days or more between the processing of adjacent sections. When construction joints are required, they shall be formed by cutting back 1 m (& ft) into the completed work to form a vertical face. Otherwise, damage to completed work shall be avoided.

310.13 Maintenance. The lime stabilized soil mixture shall be maintained in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer. Maintenance shall include immediate repairs of any defective or damaged portions.

310.14 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment as follows.

- (a) Contract Quantities. The requirements for the use of contract quantities shall conform to Article 202.07(a).
- (b) Measured Quantities. Processing lime stabilized soil mixture will be measured for payment in place and the area computed in square meters (square yards). The width of measurement will be as shown on the plans.

Lime will be measured for payment in metric tons (tons). The lime will be measured in trucks or freight cars. The Contractor shall furnish or arrange for use of scales of a type approved by the Engineer. When the lime is shipped in trucks, it will be measured at the place of loading, at the place of unloading, or at such other place as the Engineer may designate. The Engineer may accept original signed freight bills in lieu of determining the mass (weight).

Should the Contractor's method of construction require additional earth excavation or embankment due to requiring more than one lift to construct the lime stabilized soil mixture as shown on the plans, this extra earth excavation and embankment will not be measured for payment.

310.15 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for PROCESSING LIME STABILIZED SOIL MIXTURE, of the thickness specified; and per metric ton (ton) for LIME."

SOIL MODIFICATION (BDE)

Added 3-2-06

Effective: November 1, 2004 Revised: April 1, 2006

Revise Section 302 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"SECTION 302. SOIL MODIFICATION

This work shall consist of constructing a modified soil layer 302.01 Description. composed of soil, water, and a modifier.

302.02 Materials. Materials shall meet the requirements of the following Articles of Section 1000 Materials:

Item

Article/Section (b) Type I (SM) Slag-Modified Portland Cement 1001

- (e) By-Product, Hydrated Lime (Note 1)
- (f) By-Product, Non-Hydrated Lime (Note 2)
- (g) Lime Slurry (Note 3)
- (h) Class C Fly Ash (Note 4)
- (i) Soil (Note 5)

Note 1. By-product, hydrated lime (hydrator tailings) shall conform to the following requirements:

Parameter	Value
Total calcium and magnesium oxides (nonvolatile basis)	90 % minimum
Available calcium hydroxide (rapid sugar test, ASTM C 25) plus total MgO content calculated to be equivalent $Ca(OH)_2$	70 % minimum
As received loss on ignition (carbon dioxide plus moisture, combined and free)	5 % maximum
Free water (as-received basis)	4 % maximum
SO ₃	10 % maximum

The sieve analysis of the lime residue shall be as follows:

Sieve	Maximum Percent Retained
4.75 mm (No. 4)	0
600 µm (No. 30)	10

150 µm (No. 100)	60
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Note 2. By-product, non-hydrated lime (lime kiln dust) shall conform to the following requirements:

Parameter	Value
Total calcium and magnesium oxides (nonvolatile basis)	60 % minimum
Available calcium hydroxide (rapid sugar test, ASTM C 25) plus total MgO content calculated to be equivalent Ca(OH) ₂	30 % minimum
As received loss on ignition (carbon dioxide plus moisture, combined and free)	40 % maximum
Free water (as received basis)	4 % maximum
SO ₃	10 % maximum

The sieve analysis of the lime residue shall be as follows:

Sieve	Maximum Percent Retained
4.75 mm (No. 4)	5
600 µm (No. 30)	10
150 µm (No. 100)	30

Note 3. The lime used in the slurry shall be either hydrated lime conforming to the requirements of ASTM C 207, Type N, or quicklime conforming to the requirements for calcium lime as stated in ASTM C 5. The quantity of lime (hydrated lime or quicklime) in the slurry shall be a minimum of 35 percent and a maximum of 45 percent by total mass (weight) of slurry.

Note 4. The fly ash shall meet the physical and chemical requirements of AASHTO M 295, Class C.

Note 5. When lime (slurry or dry) is used as the modifier, the soil shall have a minimum clay content of 15 percent, determined according to AASHTO T 88; and shall have a maximum organic matter content of ten percent, determined according to AASHTO T 194.

Note 6. The bituminous materials used for curing shall be emulsified asphalt RS-1, RS-2, CRS-1, CRS-2, HFE 60, HFE 90, or HFE 150; rapid curing liquid asphalt RC-70 or RC-250; or medium curing liquid asphalt MC-70 or MC-250.

302.03 Equipment. Equipment shall meet the requirements of the following Articles of Section 1100 - Equipment:

Item	Article/Section
(a) Rotary Speed Mixer	

- (c) Distributor (Note 2)
- (d) Lime Slurry Equipment (Note 3)

Note 1. A disk harrow may be used for soil modification with portland cement, slagmodified portland cement, or lime (slurry or dry) when permitted by the Engineer.

Note 2. The distributor shall be of a mechanical type and shall be approved by the Engineer.

Note 3. The equipment used for mixing, transporting, slaking, and placing lime slurry shall be approved by the Engineer.

302.04 Proportioning. Proportioning shall be as follows.

- (a) Samples. Samples of the soil modifier(s) and the project soil(s) shall be obtained and submitted to the Engineer at least 45 days prior to the construction of the modified soil. Sample sizes shall be a minimum of 12 kg (25 lb) for the modifier(s) and 90 kg (200 lb) for the project soil(s).
- (b) Mix Design. The actual proportions of modifier, soil, and water will be determined by the Engineer prior to construction using the submitted samples. The Engineer reserves the right to make such adjustments in proportions as are considered necessary during the progress of the work.

In no case shall proportions or type of modifier be changed during the progress of the work without permission by the Engineer.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

302.05 General. The modified soil shall be constructed when the temperature of the soil, measured 150 mm (6 in.) below the surface, is above 10 °C (50 °F); and the ambient air temperature in the shade is above 7 °C (45 °F).

The quantity of modified soil constructed shall be limited to that which can be covered by the succeeding pavement layer during the same construction season.

302.06 Preparation of Subgrade. The area to be processed shall be shaped to the proper grade and cross section. All vegetation and other objectionable material shall be removed from within the limits of modification. In cut or at grade sections, the subgrade shall be prepared according to Article 301.03; except the minimum immediate bearing value (IBV) of the soil below the soil to be modified, shall be according to the Department's "Subgrade Stability Manual".

302.07 Application of Modifier. The modifier shall be applied uniformly on the soil. The application of modifier shall be limited to that amount which can be incorporated into the soil within the same working day.

After application of dry modifiers, but before the addition of any water, the surface of the subgrade shall be lightly scarified or disked. When lime slurry is used, the surface of the subgrade shall be lightly scarified or disked prior to application of the slurry.

Dry modifiers shall not be applied when wind conditions are such that blowing modifier becomes objectionable to adjacent property owners or creates a hazard to traffic on adjacent highways, as determined by the Engineer.

Lime slurry shall be applied within 30 days of preparing and mixing the slurry, and shall be thoroughly agitated prior to application.

Modifier which has been damaged by hydration due to rain prior to or during the mixing operations, or has been displaced by the Contractor's equipment or other traffic after application shall be replaced.

302.08 Mixing. The modifier, soil, and water shall be thoroughly mixed. Mixing shall continue until a homogeneous layer of the required thickness has been obtained and a minimum of 75 percent of the mixture is smaller than 25 mm (1 in.). The moisture content of the modified soil shall be between optimum and three percent above optimum.

For soil modification with fly ash, more than one pass of the rotary speed mixer may be necessary to obtain a homogenous mixture. If more than one pass of the rotary speed mixer is required, the application of the fly ash shall be modified such that 25 percent of the specified fly ash quantity is applied and mixed with a down-cut motion as a preparation for the final pass of the rotary speed mixer. The remaining specified quantity of fly ash shall be applied prior to the final pass of the rotary speed mixer. Mixing shall continue until a minimum 75 percent of the mixture is smaller than 25 mm (1 in.).

302.09 Compaction. Compaction of soil modified with portland cement, slag-modified portland cement, or fly ash shall be completed no later than one hour after mixing begins.

Compaction of soil modified with hydrated lime or by-product non-hydrated lime shall be completed within the same working day.

Compaction of soil modified with lime slurry shall begin within 24 hours.

Compaction of soil modified with by-product hydrated lime shall be delayed a minimum of 24 hours. The Engineer may require additional water or further mixing prior to the final compaction of soil modified with by-product hydrated lime. In no case shall compaction be started later than three days after mixing unless approved by the Engineer. If compaction is to be delayed, the surface of the soil shall be crown-graded and sealed from moisture loss by either blade dragging or light rolling immediately after mixing.

The compacted, modified soil shall have a minimum dry density of 95 percent of the laboratory standard dry density. The in place dry density will be determined according to AASHTO T 191, or Illinois Modified AASHTO T 310 (Direct Transmission Density/Backscatter Moisture). The laboratory standard dry density will be determined according to AASHTO T 99.

302.10 Finishing and Curing. When multiple lifts are used to construct the modified soil layer, the top lift shall be a minimum of 150 mm (6 in.) thick when compacted.

When compaction of the modified soil is nearing completion, the surface shall be shaped to the required lines, grades, and cross section shown on the plans. For bituminous concrete base course and pavement (full-depth) and portland cement concrete base course and pavement, the surface of the modified soil shall be brought to true shape and correct elevation according to Article 301.06, except that well compacted earth shall not be used to fill low areas.

The modified soil shall be cured for a minimum of 24 hours. The ambient air temperature shall be above 7 °C (45 °F) during curing.

Soils modified with lime (slurry or dry) generally will not require curing unless the minimum stability requirements in Article 302.11 cannot be met. If it has been determined by the Engineer that curing is necessary, the curing requirements stated above shall apply.

During the curing period, the moisture content of the modified soil shall be maintained at optimum by sprinkling with water, use of plastic sheeting, or applying bituminous materials according to Article 312.19. During this period, no equipment or traffic will be permitted on the completed work beyond that required for maintenance of curing.

Equipment of such weight, or used in such a way as to cause a rut depth of 12 mm (0.5 in.) or more in the finished modified soil, shall be removed, or the rutting otherwise prevented, as directed by the Engineer.

302.11 Subgrade Stability. Following curing, the Engineer will determine the stability of the modified soil in terms of the immediate bearing value (IBV), according to Illinois Test Procedure 501. The IBV shall be a minimum of 10.0.

No equipment or traffic shall be on the modified soil after compaction until the required IBV is attained.

302.12 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment as follows.

- (a) Contract Quantities. The requirements for the use of contract quantities shall conform to Article 202.07(a).
- (b) Measured Quantities. Processing modified soils will be measured for payment in place and the area computed in square meters (square yards). The width for measurement will be as shown on the plans.

Modifier will be measured for payment in metric tons (tons). The modifier will be measured in trucks or freight cars. The Contractor shall furnish or arrange for use of scales of a type approved by the Engineer. When the modifier is shipped in trucks, it shall be measured at the place of loading, at the place of unloading, or at such other place as the Engineer may designate. The Engineer may accept original signed freight bills in lieu of determining the mass (weight).

Should the Contractor's method of construction require additional earth excavation or embankment due to requiring more than one lift to construct the modified soil layer as shown on the plans, this extra earth excavation and embankment will not be measured for payment.

302.13 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for PROCESSING MODIFIED SOIL, of the thickness specified; and per metric ton (ton) for LIME, FLY ASH, PORTLAND CEMENT, or SLAG-MODIFIED PORTLAND CEMENT."