### Letting September 23, 2022

## Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Contract No. 87726 KANKAKEE County Section 15-00278-00-FP (City Of Kankakee) Route FAU 6206 (Hobbie Avenue) Project EALZ-125 () District 3 Construction Funds

Prepared by

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# Illinois Department of Transportation

#### **NOTICE TO BIDDERS**

- 1. **TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. September 23, 2022 at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 87726 KANKAKEE County Section 15-00278-00-FP (City Of Kankakee) Project EALZ-125 () Route FAU 6206 (Hobbie Avenue) District 3 Construction Funds

Pavement reconstruction and widening including drainage system improvements on Hobbie Avenue from IL 50 to IL 17 in Kankakee.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
  - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to re-advertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman, Secretary

# INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

#### Adopted January 1, 2022

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

No ERRATA this year.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Std. Spec. Sec. Page No.

No Supplemental Specifications this year.

#### RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

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#### LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

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#### **BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

The following special provisions indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract. An  $^{\star}$  indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

	<u>File</u> Name	Pg.		Special Provision Title	<b>Effective</b>	Revised
	80099			Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	Jan. 1, 2022
	80274			Aggregate Subgrade Improvement	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2022
	80192			Automated Flagger Assistance Device	Jan. 1, 2008	,, _v
	80173	81	Х	Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments	Nov. 2, 2006	Aug. 1, 2017
	80246			Bituminous Surface Treatment with Fog Seal	Jan. 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
	80436	83	Х	Blended Finely Divided Minerals	April 1, 2021	,
	80241			Bridge Demolition Debris	July 1, 2009	
*	50531			Building Removal	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2022
*	50261			Building Removal with Asbestos Abatement	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2022
	80384	84	Х	Compensable Delay Costs	June 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
	80198			Completion Date (via calendar days)	April 1, 2008	
	80199			Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days	April 1, 2008	
	80293			Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills ≤ 5 Feet	April 1, 2012	July 1, 2016
	80311	88	Х	Concrete End Sections for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2013	April 1, 2016
	80261			Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit	June 1, 2010	Nov. 1, 2014
	80434			Corrugated Plastic Pipe (Culvert and Storm Sewer)	Jan. 1, 2021	
	80029	90	Х	Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Sept. 1, 2000	Mar. 2, 2019
	80229			Fuel Cost Adjustment	April 1, 2009	Aug. 1, 2017
	80433	100	Х	Green Preformed Thermoplastic Pavement Markings	Jan. 1, 2021	Jan. 1, 2022
	80422			High Tension Cable Median Barrier	Jan. 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
	80443			High Tension Cable Median Barrier Removal	April 1, 2022	
*	80442	102	Χ	Hot-Mix Asphalt	Jan. 1, 2022	Aug. 1, 2022
	80444			Hot-Mix Asphalt – Patching	April 1, 2022	
	80438			Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative – State Funded Contracts	June 2, 2021	Sept. 2, 2021
	80411			Luminaires, LED	April 1, 2019	Jan. 1, 2022
	80045			Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	Jan. 1, 2022
	80418			Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls	Nov. 1, 2019	Nov. 1, 2020
	80430	103	Х	Portland Cement Concrete – Haul Time	July 1, 2020	
	34261	104	Х	Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2022
	80395			Sloped Metal End Section for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2018	
	80340			Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2022
	80127	400		Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2022
	80397	106	X	Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting	April 2, 2018	A 'I 4 0040
	80391	107	Х	Subcontractor Mobilization Payments	Nov. 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
	80437			Submission of Payroll Records	April 1, 2021	1 4.0000
	80435			Surface Testing of Pavements – IRI	Jan. 1, 2021	Jan. 1, 2022
	80410	400		Traffic Spotters	Jan. 1, 2019	0
	20338	108	Х	Training Special Provisions	Oct. 15, 1975	Sept. 2, 2021
	80318			Traversable Pipe Grate for Concrete End Sections	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2018
	80429			Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course	April 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
	80440	111		Waterproofing Membrane System	Nov. 1, 2021	Nov. 1, 2024
	80302	111	X	Weekly DBE Trucking Reports Work Zone Traffic Control Devices	June 2, 2012	Nov. 1, 2021
	80427	112	X		Mar. 2, 2020	
	80071	114	Х	Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	

#### **SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" adopted January 1, 2022, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures of Materials" in effect on the date of invitation of bids, and the Supplemental Specification and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which shall apply to and govern the construction of the Hobbie Avenue Drainage and Pavement Improvements Project, Contract No. 87726, Section No.15-00278-00-FP, in Kankakee, Kankakee County, Illinois. In case of conflict with any parts, or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

#### LOCATION OF IMPROVEMENT

Hobbie Avenue is located in the City of Kankakee, Kankakee County. The improvements on Hobbie Avenue begin approximately 170 feet north of the Court Street (IL Route 17) centerline and end approximately 70 feet south of the Fair Street (IL Route 50) centerline. The gross and net length of the project is 4,107.45 feet (0.778 miles).

#### **DESCRIPTION OF IMPROVEMENT**

The proposed work consists pavement reconstruction and widening including drainage system improvements. The project will include pavement removal, aggregate subgrade improvement, hot-mix asphalt binder course, hot-mix asphalt surface course, combination concrete curb and gutter installation, sidewalk installation, pavement markings, storm sewer installation, removal of existing items conflicting with proposed construction, landscaping and restoration as well as all incidental and collateral work necessary to complete the project as shown on the plans and described herein.

#### **MAINTENANCE OF ROADWAYS**

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: November 1, 1996

Beginning on the date that work begins on this project, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer but shall not include snow removal operations. Traffic control and protection for maintenance of roadways will be provided by the Contractor as required by the Engineer.

If items of work have not been provided in the contract, or otherwise specified for payment, such items, including the accompanying traffic control and protection required by the Engineer, will be paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

#### KANKAKEE, BEAVERVILLE & SOUTHERN RAILROAD COORDINATION

During the construction of the Hobbie Avenue Reconstruction project, the Kankakee, Beaverville & Southern (KBS) Railroad will be making improvements to their mainline and spur track grade crossings of Hobbie Avenue. These improvements will be completed by others outside of this contract and will consist of installation of new signal equipment, flashers, gates, signal bungalow, rail crossing surfaces, and all removal items to facilitate this work. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating schedules and traffic control with the KBS and their Contractor/Representative. Each Contractor shall be responsible for their own traffic control but shall coordinate work so that a continuous work zone and traffic pattern are maintained throughout the entire project limits. The Contractor shall coordinate all work adjacent to the tracks, so all grades and elevations are in accordance with the plans. No separate payment shall be made for this coordination.

#### **TEMPORARY STONE**

**Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing, placing, compacting, maintaining, relocating and disposing of temporary stone for the purposes of maintaining vehicular/pedestrian access, property access and general safety throughout the site, as directed by the Engineer. TEMPORARY STONE shall be utilized to provide temporary access to driveways, sidewalks/curb ramps and roadways and shall be utilized to backfill all trenches and excavations at the end of each business day, in accordance with Article 107.09 and as directed by the Engineer.

TEMPORARY STONE shall be constructed of aggregate in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 351 of the Standard Specifications and to the dimensions determined by the Engineer. The coarse aggregate shall be crushed stone, crushed gravel, or IDOT approved recycled material with gradation CA-6. HMA grindings shall also be acceptable.

Recycled CA-6 will be allowed for use as TEMPORARY STONE, but will not be allowed for use under curb and gutter, sidewalks, driveways, etc.

TEMPORARY STONE may <u>not</u> be reused as TRENCH BACKFILL.

**Basis of Payment.** This work shall not be measured for payment but shall be included in cost of the contract. No separate payment will be made.

#### ADJUSTMENTS AND RECONSTRUCTIONS

Effective: March 15, 2011

Revise the first paragraph of Article 602.04 to read:

**"602.04 Concrete.** Cast-in-place concrete for structures shall be constructed of Class SI concrete according to the applicable portions of Section 503. Cast-in-place concrete for pavement patching around adjustments and reconstructions shall be constructed of Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, according to the applicable portions of Section 1020."

Revise the third, fourth and fifth sentences of the second paragraph of Article 602.11(c) to read:

"Castings shall be set to the finished pavement elevation so that no subsequent adjustment will be necessary, and the space around the casting shall be filled with Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, to the elevation of the surface of the base course or binder course. HMA surface or binder course material shall not be allowed. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b."

Revise Article 603.05 to read:

"603.05 Replacement of Existing Flexible Pavement. After the castings have been adjusted, the surrounding space shall be filled with Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, to the elevation of the surface of the base course or binder course. HMA surface or binder course material shall not be allowed. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b."

Revise Article 603.06 to read:

"603.06 Replacement of Existing Rigid Pavement. After the castings have been adjusted, the pavement and HMA that was removed, shall be replaced with Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, not less than 9 in. (225 mm) thick. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b.

The surface of the Class PP concrete shall be constructed flush with the adjacent surface."

Revise the first sentence of Article 603.07 to read:

"603.07 Protection Under Traffic. After the casting has been adjusted and the Class PP concrete has been placed, the work shall be protected by a barricade and two lights according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b."

<u>STATUS OF UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED</u> (Effective January 1, 2007; Revised January 24, 2011)

Name & Contact of Utility	Type	Location	Estimated Date Relocation Complete
Aqua America Illinois, Inc. Stephen Palinski Sipalinksi@aquaamerica.com 815-614-2060	Water Main	Existing distribution and transmission water mains to be replaced or removed/relocated throughout project limits.	Relocation design underway TBD for final
AT&T (Distribution) Steve Pesola Sp9653@att.com 630-573-5703	Telephone	Existing aerial facilities connected to ComEd poles to be relocated and underground cable at various locations throughout project limits.	Relocation design underway TBD for final
Comcast Calvin Howard Calvin howard@cable.comca st.com 224-229-6334	Cable	Existing aerial facilities connected to ComEd poles to be relocated and underground cable crossing roadway at Station 38+00.	Relocation design underway TBD for final
ComEd Emily Craven Emily.craven@exeloncorp.com 312-718-8391	Electric	Existing utility poles and underground facilities to be relocated throughout project limits.	Relocation design underway TBD for final
Nicor Gas Sakibul Forah <u>sforah@southernco.com</u> 630-388-2903	GAS	Existing 8" gas main to be relocated throughout project limits.	Relocation design underway TBD for final

The above represents the best information of the Department and is only included for the convenience of the bidder. The applicable provisions of Section 102 and Articles 105.07, 107.20, 107.37, 107.38, 107.39, 107.40, and 108.02 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall apply.

The estimated utility relocation dates should be part of the progress schedule submitted by the Contractor.

#### **SAW CUTTING**

**Description.** This item refers to all locations where a saw cut is required for the removal of pavement, curb, gutter, medians, driveways, sidewalk, butt joints, patches or any other structure which are all one piece with no construction joints. This saw cut shall be made at the limits of construction or other areas as required to perform the proposed improvements shown on the plans. The saw cut shall be accomplished with a "pavement saw".

**Basis of Payment.** Saw cutting shall not be paid for separately, but shall be considered INCLUDED in the unit contract price of the related removal item.

#### AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT (DISTRICT 3)

(Effective April 1, 2012; Revised July 8, 2019)

Add the following Section to the Standard Specifications:

#### "SECTION 303. AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT

- **303.01 Description.** This work shall consist of constructing an aggregate subgrade improvement.
  - **303.02 Materials.** Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Coarse Aggregate	1004.07
(b) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) (Notes 1, 2, and 3	3) 1031

- Note 1. Crushed RAP, from either full depth or single lift removal, may be mechanically blended with aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 but shall not exceed 40 percent of the total product. The top size of the RAP shall be less than 4 in. (100 mm) and well graded.
- Note 2. RAP having 100 percent passing the 1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm) sieve and being well graded, may be used as capping aggregate in the top 3 in. (75 mm) when aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 are used in lower lifts. The RAP shall not be gap graded, single sized, or have a maximum size of less than 3/4 in. (19 mm).
- Note 3. The RAP used for aggregate subgrade improvement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications".
- **303.03 Equipment.** The vibratory machine shall be according to Article 1101.01 or as approved by the Engineer.
- **303.04 Soil Preparation.** The stability of the soil shall be according to the Department's Subgrade Stability Manual for the aggregate thickness specified.
- **303.05 Placing Aggregate.** The maximum nominal lift thickness of aggregate gradations CS 01 and CS 02 shall be 24 in. (600 mm).
- **303.06 Capping Aggregate.** The top surface of the aggregate subgrade shall consist of a minimum 3 inches (75 mm) of aggregate gradations CA 06 or CA 10.
- **303.07 Compaction.** All aggregate lifts shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the moisture content of the material is such that compaction cannot be obtained, sufficient water shall be added so that satisfactory compaction can be obtained.
  - 303.08 Finishing and Maintenance of Aggregate Subgrade Improvement. The

aggregate subgrade improvement shall be finished to the lines, grades, and cross sections shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be maintained in a smooth and compacted condition.

**303.09 Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment according to Article 311.08.

**303.10 Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT, of the thickness specified."

Add the following to Section 1004 of the Standard Specifications:

"1004.07 Coarse Aggregate for Aggregate Subgrade Improvement. The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

- (a) Description. The coarse aggregate shall be crushed gravel, crushed stone, or crushed concrete.
- (b) Quality. The coarse aggregate shall consist of sound durable particles reasonably free of deleterious materials.
- (c) Gradation.
  - (1) The coarse aggregate gradation for total subgrade thickness less than or equal to 12 inches (300 mm) shall be CS 02.

The coarse aggregate gradation for total subgrade thickness more than 12 inches (300 mm) shall be CS 01 or CS 02.

	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS				
Grad No	Sieve Size and Percent Passing				
Grad No.	8"	6"	4"	2"	#4
CS 01	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20
CS 02		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15	

	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS				
Grad No.	Sieve Size and Percent Passing				
Grad No.	200 mm	150 mm	100 mm	50 mm	4.75 mm
CS 01	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20
CS 02		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15	

(2) The 3 inch (75 mm) capping aggregate shall be gradation CA 6 or CA 10."

#### PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK

**Description.** This work shall be in accordance with the requirements of Sections 424 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Portland cement concrete sidewalk shall be 5 inches thick except where it crosses driveways. Sidewalk thickness across residential driveways shall be increased to 6 inches and sidewalks crossing commercial/industrial driveways shall be increased to 8 inches. Increasing sidewalk thicknesses from 5 inches to 6 inches at residential driveways shall be included in the cost of PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK 5 INCH. 8-inch-thick sidewalk constructed across commercial/industrial driveways shall be paid for separately as PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK 8 INCH.

Sidewalk curb ramps shall be constructed in accordance with IDOT and PROWAG requirements. Side curbs shall be installed at locations shown on the plans and as directed by the engineer. All side curbs shown on the IDOT Highway Standard Details for sidewalk curb ramps shall be measured and paid for as PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK 5 INCH. All curbs required for grading in beyond those shown on the IDOT Highway Standards shall be paid for as CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B for curbs with a maximum height of 9", or CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B (SPECIAL) for curbs that have a maximum height greater than 9 inches and less than 24 inches.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot for PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK, of the thickness specified.

#### **PAVEMENT REMOVAL**

**Description.** This item shall be completed in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 404 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein. This work shall include the complete removal of all existing asphalt or concrete pavements as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Removal of all aggregate base courses, aggregate sub-bases and aggregate surfaces and shoulders shall be measured and paid for as EARTH EXCAVATION.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard of PAVEMENT REMOVAL.

#### **CONCRETE END SECTIONS**

**Description.** This work shall consist of constructing a precast concrete end section in accordance with the applicable portions of Sections 503 and 504 of the Standard Specifications and the Plans and/or as directed by the Engineer. This work shall include required excavation, backfilling, disposing of surplus material, and restoration for the construction of the end section.

**Materials.** Materials shall be in accordance with Articles 503.02 and 504.02 of the Standard Specifications. All grout shall be non-shrink grout according to Article 1024.02 of the Standard Specifications.

Portland Cement Concrete (Class SI) shall be used throughout the structure.

All reinforcement bars and welded wire reinforcement shall be epoxy coated in accordance with Article 1006.10 of the Standard Specifications.

**Equipment.** Equipment shall be in accordance with Articles 503.03 and 504.03 of the Standard Specifications.

**Construction Requirements.** Construction shall conform to the IDOT Highway Standard drawings 542001 and all applicable portions of Sections 503 and 504 of the Standard Specifications.

An approved non-shrink grout shall be used to fill all voids between the end seciton and the pipe(s).

End sections shall be constructed flush with the existing or proposed final grade.

Unsuitable material and suitable material in excess of that required for backfilling shall be disposed of by the Contractor according to Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for CONCRETE END SECTION of the diameter or equivalent round size and slope specified.

#### STORM SEWERS JACKED IN PLACE, 18"

**Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing and installing, by jacking, storm sewers of the required inside diameter and steel casing at locations shown on the plans. Work shall be performed according to Section 552 of the Standard Specifications, as modified herein, and as shown on the plans.

**Submittals.** The contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval, procedures for installation of the storm sewer pipe and casing, including: jacking pit size, receiving pit size, access plan, dewatering and erosion control plans, equipment and method of installation, soil support and retention plans, temporary embankment support, methods of verifying accuracy of placement, and method of securing and sealing pipe joints. No work will be allowed on this item until procedures have been approved by the Engineer.

This work shall include the installation of a bracing system and/or temporary embankment support, excavation, and backfilling to the elevation of the proposed grade according to Section 502 of the Standard Specifications and the following: The bracing system shall be designed and installed to prevent the movement of soil, structures, pavements and/or utilities adjacent to the excavated area. The Contractor shall submit design calculations and shop drawings prepared and sealed by an Illinois Licensed Structural Engineer for the bracing system or temporary embankment support. Shop drawings shall show all necessary details for the construction of the bracing system and temporary embankment support. The design calculations and shop drawings shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and acceptance.

#### **Construction Requirements.**

This work shall not proceed without authorization of the Engineer. However, the Contractor shall be fully responsible for the safety, stability and adequacy of the bracing system or temporary embankment support and shall be solely responsible and liable for all damages resulting from his construction operations or from failure or inadequacy of the bracing system or temporary embankment support. In the event the bracing system or temporary embankment support protecting the existing embankment fails or is otherwise inadequate, in the judgment of the Engineer, the Contractor shall, at his own expense, take all necessary steps to restore the embankments to a safe operating condition to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Bracing members shall be installed as soon as an excavation level is reached to permit their installation. Bracing members shall be completely removed after the excavation is backfilled. When work has been completed the bracing system and temporary embankment support system shall be removed and disposed of according to Section 501 of the Standard Specifications or as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor may shorten the length of storm sewer to be jacked by open cutting and sheeting, shoring or bracing the excavation outside the railroad right of way, but this shall not prevent other items of work from being performed. No open cut shall be performed within the railroad right of way or within the influence of the embankment requiring temporary shoring.

Erosion Control measures shall be in place prior to commencing storm sewer jacking operations.

The Contractor shall monitor the top of rail elevation and develop a plan at intervals prescribed by the Engineer. The top of rail shall be surveyed a minimum of five points on each rail (additional points may be requested by the Railroad), with one point being directly along the centerline of the pipe, two at the approximate edge of the pipe casing, and remaining two located 25-ft from each side of the pipe centerline. The readings shall be recorded and provided to the Engineer upon request. Top of rail shall be marked so the same points are surveyed. One reading shall occur before starting the work. The rail shall be monitored during jacking operations a minimum of 4-hour intervals or according to Railroad requirements. Movements of over one-quarter (1/4) inch vertically shall be immediately reported to the Engineer. Contractor may be required to stop tunneling operations, and railroad forces may have to be called to service the track several times. In addition, if visual signs of track settlement are apparent, additional readings will be required immediately, jacking operations shall be stopped, and the Engineer shall be notified. The rail shall also be monitored after jacking operations are complete.

Any excess embankment excavation removed from the jacking and receiving pits, and the pipe tunneling operations shall be disposed of according to Section 669 of the Standard Specifications and classified as Non-Special Waste Disposal, and shall not be suitable for railroad embankment use unless the proper soil testing and classification certification has been performed.

Steel casing pipe and joints shall be made of metal and of leakproof construction. Steel pipe shall have a minimum yield strength of 35,000 pounds per square inch. Casings shall be capable of withstanding the railroad loadings and other loads superimposed upon them. All metallic casing pipes are to be designed for corrosion control and shall have an effective corrosion service life of 100-year period.

The minimum wall thickness for steel casing pipe for E-80 loading (including impact) are:

Nominal Diameter (Inches)	Min Thickness for Coated (Inches)	Min Thickness for Non-Coated (Inches)	
60	0.719	0.781	
62	0.750	0.813	
64	0.718	0.844	
66 and 68	0.813	0.875	

The use of water under pressure jetting or puddling will not be permitted. Some boring may require water to lubricate the cutter head and pipe, and under such conditions, is considered dry boring.

In the event the jacking is abandoned, all voids or abandoned holes caused by boring or jacking are to be filled by pressure grouting. The grout material should be sand cement slurry with a minimum of two (2) sacks of cement per cubic yard and a minimum of water to assure satisfactory placement.

Reinforced concrete pipe shall have a minimum wall thickness of 2-1/2 inches and shall be in accordance with Article 552.02 of the Standard Specifications. Steel casing pipe shall be 30" inside diameter.

**Method of Measurement**. This work will be measured for payment in place in feet.

Non-Special Waste disposal will be measured for payment according to Article 669.15.

**Basis of Payment**. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for STORM SEWERS JACKED IN PLACE, 18". Steel casing, storm sewer pipe, jacking and receiving pits, bracing, excavation, grout, and rail monitoring will not be measured for payment but is considered included in this work.

Non-Special Waste disposal and soil testing will be paid for according to Article 669.16.

#### DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE BOXES TO BE ADJUSTED

This work shall consist of adjusting domestic water service boxes to match finished grade as directed by the Engineer, in accordance with Section 565 of the STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

Top sections, extensions and/or caps compatible with the existing box may be required to adjust the box to the final grade. Replacement of damaged caps shall be considered included in the cost of this item.

For boxes which are located in sidewalks, driveways or alleys constructed as part of this improvement, the Contractor is responsible for confirming all caps and bolts can be opened after the concrete or asphalt has been placed. The Contractor shall confirm each roundway is keyable. If the Contractor cannot key the roundway, he/she shall notify the Engineer. After the work has been completed, the Contractor shall open each box in the presence of the Engineer.

**Basis of Payment.** This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE BOXES TO BE ADJUSTED.

#### **CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B**

**Description.** This work shall consist of the construction of a Type B Concrete Curb at the locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 606 of the Standard Specifications.

CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B will vary in height from 0" to 9" and shall be used adjacent to sidewalk and sidewalk curb ramps to facilitate grading as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Type B concrete curbs with maximum heights greater than 9" but less than 24" shall be measured and paid for separately as CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B (SPECIAL).

CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B shall be constructed on 4" compacted Subbase Granular Material, Type B. Subbase Granular Material, Type B shall be paid for separately.

**Basis of Payment.** This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per Foot for CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B, for curb heights between 0" and 9".

#### REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES

**Description.** This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of regulated substances according to Section 669 of the Standard Specifications as revised below.

**Contract Specific Sites.** The excavated soil and groundwater within the areas listed below shall be managed as either "uncontaminated soil", hazardous waste, special waste or non-special waste. For stationing, the lateral distance is measured from centerline and the farthest distance is the offset distance or construction limit, whichever is less.

Soil Disposal Analysis. When the waste material requires sampling for landfill disposal acceptance, the Contractor shall secure a written list of the specific analytical parameters and analytical methods required by the landfill The Contractor shall collect and analyze the required number of samples for the parameters required by the landfill using the appropriate analytical procedures. A copy of the required parameters and analytical methods (from landfill email or on landfill letterhead) shall be provided as Attachment 4A of the BDE 2733 (Regulated Substances Final Construction Report). The price shall include all sampling materials and effort necessary for collection and management of the samples, including transportation of samples from the job site to the laboratory. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the specific disposal facilities to be utilized; and collect and analyze any samples required for disposal facility acceptance using a NELAP certified analytical laboratory registered with the State of Illinois.

#### **Local Jurisdiction**

PESA Site 3.2.12: 1215 E. Locust Street (northeast corner of Hobbie Avenue and Locust Street) (Sample ID: 3-2-12, 3-2-12D):

• Station 20+95 to Station 21+81, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 34 feet RT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(2) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05, "the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of at a clean construction and demolition debris (CCDD) facility or an uncontaminated soil fill operation (USFO) within an MSA County provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 to 9.0, inclusive." Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals (Arsenic, Chromium) and SVOCs (Benzo[a]pyrene).

### PESA Site 3.2.13 400, 402 and 460 Hobbie Avenue (Sample ID: 3-2-13A, 3-2-13B, 3-2-13BD):

- Station 21+81 to Station 25+50, Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 37 feet RT. This material
  meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(5) and shall be managed in accordance to
  Article 669.05, "the soil shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a nonspecial waste). Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals
  (Arsenic) and SVOCs (Benzo[a]pyrene).
- Station 25+50 to Station 27+50, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 37 feet RT. This
  material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(3). Analytical results indicate
  chemical constituents exceed the MAC for an MSA County excluding Chicago, or
  the MAC within the Chicago corporate limits, the excavated soil can be utilized

within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site at a clean construction and demolition debris (CCDD) facility or an uncontaminated soil fill operation (USFO) within an MSA County excluding Chicago provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 – 9.0, inclusive. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: SVOCs (Benzo[a]pyrene).

### PESA Site 3.2.15: Kankakee, Beaverville & Southern Railroad Tracks, Hobbie Avenue (Sample ID: 3-2-14A & 3-2-14B):

- Station 27+50 to Station 30+88, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 46.5 feet RT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(5) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05, "the soil shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a non-special waste). Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals (Lead) and SVOCs (Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[a,h]anthracene).
- Station 28+15 to Station 30+48, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 44 feet LT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(5) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05, "the soil shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a non-special waste). Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals (Lead) and SVOCs (Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[a,h]anthracene).

### PESA Site 3.2.15: 505 and 550 Hobbie Avenue, 1306 E Birch Street (southeast corner of Hobbie Avenue and Birch Street) (Sample ID: 3-2-15A & 3-2-15B):

- Station 30+88 to Station 31+38, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 37.5 feet RT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(3). Analytical results indicate chemical constituents exceed the MAC for an MSA County excluding Chicago, or the MAC within the Chicago corporate limits, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site at a clean construction and demolition debris (CCDD) facility or an uncontaminated soil fill operation (USFO) within an MSA County excluding Chicago provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 – 9.0, inclusive. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: **SVOCs** (Benzo[a]pyrene).
- Station 31+38 to Station 33+50, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 35 feet RT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(5) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05, "the soil shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a non-special waste). Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals (Arsenic).

### PESA Site 3.2.17: 850 Hobbie Avenue and 1551 E Willow Street (northeast corner of Hobbie Avenue and Willow Street) (Sample ID: 3-2-17A, 3-2-17B, 3-2-17C, & 3-2-17D):

• Station 43+00 to Station 50+64, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 146 feet RT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(5) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05, "the soil shall be managed and disposed of at a

landfill as a non-special waste). Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals (Chromium, Lead) and SVOCs (Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[a,h]anthracene, Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene).

#### PESA Site 3.2.18: 980 Hobbie Avenue (Sample ID: 3-2-18 & 3-2-18D):

Station 50+64 to Station 51+14, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 50.5 feet RT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(3). Analytical results indicate chemical constituents exceed the MAC for an MSA County excluding Chicago, or the MAC within the Chicago corporate limits, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site at a clean construction and demolition debris (CCDD) facility or an uncontaminated soil fill operation (USFO) within an MSA County excluding Chicago provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 – 9.0, inclusive. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: **SVOCs** (Benzo[a]pyrene).

### PESA Site 3.2.19: Norfolk Southern Railroad Tracks, Hobbie Avenue (Sample ID: 3-2-19A & 3-2-19B):

- Station 51+14 to Station 52+64, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 100 feet RT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(5) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05, "the soil shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a non-special waste). Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals (Arsenic, Lead) and SVOCs (Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Dibenz[a,h]anthracene).
- Station 50+70 to Station 52+64, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 41 feet LT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(3). Analytical results indicate chemical constituents exceed the MAC for an MSA County excluding Chicago, or the MAC within the Chicago corporate limits, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site at a clean construction and demolition debris (CCDD) facility or an uncontaminated soil fill operation (USFO) within an MSA County excluding Chicago provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 - 9.0, inclusive. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: **SVOCs** (Benzo[a]pyrene).

### <u>PESA Site 3.2.47: 515 Hobbie Avenue (northwest of Kankakee, Beaverville & Southern Railroad crossing) (Sample ID: 3-2-47):</u>

Station 30+48 to Station 31+68, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 43.5 feet LT. This
material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(c). Soil Analytical Results Exceed Most
Stringent MAC but Do Not Exceed Tiered Approach to Corrective Action
Objectives (TACO) Residential. Analytical results indicate that detected levels
exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed TACO Tier 1 Soil Remediation
Objects for Residential Properties pursuant to 35 ILL. Admin. Code 742 Appendix
B Table A, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as

embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site according to Article 202.03. A Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) may be conducted on these soils to determine if the soils can be disposed of at a CCDD or USFO site. If TCLP results are found to be below the Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC), soils from this location will qualify for acceptance into a CCDD or soils only facility. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals (Chromium).

### PESA Site 3.2.50: 355 & 395 Hobbie Avenue (southwest of Hobbie Avenue and Locus Street) (Sample ID: 3-2-50A, 3-2-50AD & 3-2-50B):

• Station 20+60 to Station 24+10, CL of Hobbie Avenue, 0 to 98 feet LT. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(c). Soil Analytical Results Exceed Most Stringent MAC but Do Not Exceed Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives (TACO) Residential. Analytical results indicate that detected levels exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed TACO Tier 1 Soil Remediation Objects for Residential Properties pursuant to 35 ILL. Admin. Code 742 Appendix B Table A, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site according to Article 202.03. A Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) may be conducted on these soils to determine if the soils can be disposed of at a CCDD or USFO site. If TCLP results are found to be below the Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC), soils from this location will qualify for acceptance into a CCDD or soils only facility. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Metals (Chromium).

**Work Zones.** Three distinct OSHA HAZWOPER work zones (exclusion, decontamination, and support) shall apply to projects adjacent to or within sites with documented leaking underground storage tank (LUST) incidents, or sites under management in accordance with the requirements of the Site Remediation Program (SRP), Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), or Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), or as deemed necessary. For this project, the work zones apply for the following ISGS PESA Sites: **None** 

Additional information on the above sites is available from the City of Kankakee.

**Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment.** This work shall be measured and paid for in accordance with Sections 669.15 and 669.16 of the Standard Specifications.

#### PROPOSED STORM SEWER CONNECTION TO EXISTING STORM SEWER

**Description.** This work shall consist of connecting a proposed storm sewer to an existing storm sewer by means of constructing a reinforced concrete collar in accordance with Article 542.08 of the Standard Specifications and as designated in the plans. All materials required to construct the concrete collar, including concrete, reinforcement, expansion bolts, and other materials shall be included in the cost of the proposed storm sewer connection.

**Construction Requirements.** Concrete collar widths shall be according to the plans. Any existing or proposed storm sewers damaged by the contractor during construction of the connection shall be replaced by the contractor at no additional cost to the contract.

**Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment.** This work shall not be measured for payment but shall be included in the cost of the proposed storm sewer.

### PROPOSED MANHOLE/CATCH BASIN CONNECTION OVER EXISTING STORM SEWER

**Description.** This work shall consist of connecting an existing storm sewer to a proposed manhole, catch basin, or other storm water drainage structure. All materials required to construct the connection, including concrete, reinforcement, gaskets, and other materials shall be included in the cost of the proposed storm sewer connection.

Construction Requirements. Flow shall be maintained during construction. The hole in the catch basin or manhole may be precast or drilled on site as approved by the Engineer, and must be 3" minimum to 6" maximum larger than the outside diameter of the existing storm sewer. The elevation of the existing storm sewer shall be maintained. It is up to the contractor to furnish any details and drawings necessary to construct the connection, including "doghouse" construction if applicable, to be approved by the Engineer. The connection may be completed using rubber or elastomeric boots per ASTM C-923. Concrete bonding agent must be applied to all interfaces of precast concrete with cast-in-place concrete. Concrete strength shall be minimum 4000 PSI at 28 days using non-shrink mix. The contractor shall verify the completed connection is a watertight seal. Any portion of an existing storm sewer or proposed drainage structure damaged by the contractor during construction of the connection shall be replaced by the contractor at no additional cost to the contract.

**Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment.** This work shall not be measured for payment but shall be included in the cost of the proposed drainage structure.

#### **TEMPORARY STORM SEWER PLUGS**

**Description.** This work shall consist of providing and installing a temporary plug within existing or proposed storm sewer pipe at the locations as shown on the plans. The work also includes subsequent removal of the installed plug at the appropriate construction stage after various proposed storm sewer systems have been successfully constructed.

**Construction Requirements.** Temporary storm sewer plugs shall be water tight, ensuring no water or sediment infiltration will occur after backfilling. Temporary storm sewer plugs shall only be installed where indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Proposed storm sewer structures, covers, storm sewers, and backfilling material and operations will be paid for separately. Any damage to existing or proposed structures during the installation or removal of the temporary storm sewer plug shall be repaired by the Contractor with no additional compensation.

Materials, means, and methods for the temporary storm sewer plugs shall be at the contractor's discretion but shall be approved by the Engineer.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment in units of EACH, regardless of size of the storm sewer or plug.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH for TEMPORARY STORM SEWER PLUGS complete installation.

#### REMOVE EXISTING FLARED END SECTION

**Description.** This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of flared end sections at the locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. The flared end sections, including grates as applicable, shall be disposed of in accordance with Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

**Method of Measurement**. This work will be measured for payment in place per each existing flared end section removed as specified.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOVE EXISTING FLARED END SECTION.

#### **FILL EXISTING STORM SEWERS**

**Description.** This work consists of filling storm sewer and culvert pipes to be abandoned, as designated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer with controlled low strength material meeting the requirements of Section 1019 and Article 593.03 of the Standard Specifications. The ends of the pipe shall be securely sealed as described in Section 605.

**Materials.** The CLSM shall meet the requirements of Sections 593 and 1019 of the Standard Specifications.

**Construction Requirements.** The storm sewer and/or culvert pipe shall be plugged on both ends with Class SI concrete or brick and mortar. The plug shall be adequate to withstand the hydrostatic load created during the filling operation. If the plugs fail during the filling operation, the Contractor shall be responsible for the cost of repairing the plugs and filling the remainder of the culvert pipe.

The controlled low strength material may be placed directly from the chute or may be pumped into the space to be filled. Other placement methods may be used, subject to the Engineer's approval.

Contractor is responsible for determining the means and methods for installation in accordance with project plans, specifications, and all federal, state, and local regulations

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment in place in units of CUBIC YARD.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per CUBIC YARD for FILL EXISTING STORM SEWERS. The cost of plugging the storm sewer and/or culvert pipe ends will not be paid for separately but will be considered as included in the contract unit price for FILL EXISTING STORM SEWERS.

#### **WASHOUT BASIN**

**Description.** This work shall consist of the construction, maintaining, and removal of a concrete washout basin for concrete trucks and other construction vehicles in accordance with the plans and details and as specified herein.

The Contractor shall install a sufficient number of washout basins at the locations indicated on the plans or as depicted by the Engineer. Contractor shall maintain concrete washout facilities including the removal and disposal of hardened concrete and/or slurry and returning the facility to a functional condition. Washout Basins shall be cleaned or reconstructed in a new area once the washout becomes two-thirds (2/3) full.

The contractor shall provide a barrier wall washout basin per the requirements shown in the detail for "Temporary Concrete Washout Facility – Barrier Wall" in the construction details. The Contractor may request in writing to the Engineer to utilize alternate methods/designs for the washout basin. Any alternate will need to be approved by the Engineer.

**Basis of Payment.** This work shall be paid for at the contract lump sum unit price for WASHOUT BASIN which price shall include the materials, equipment, and labor to furnish, install, maintain and remove washout basins as specified herein.

If an alternate design for the washout basin has been submitted and approved for use in the project, there shall be no additional compensation to the original unit bid price for Washout Basin.

#### **PLANTER REMOVAL**

**Description.** This item consists of removing and disposing of existing planter boxes as necessary to facilitate construction activities, and where directed by the Engineer. The existing planter box shall be disposed of offsite unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. If requested by the property owner, planter boxes shall be relocated to a designated location outside of the project limits and not disposed of. No separate payment shall be made for planter box relocation.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for PLANTER REMOVAL, which price shall include all labor, materials and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified herein.

## **TEMPORARY BULKHEAD**

**Description.** This work shall consist of providing and installing a temporary bulkhead within existing or proposed drainage structures at the locations as shown on the plans. The work also includes subsequent removal of the installed bulkhead at the appropriate construction stage after various proposed storm sewer systems have been successfully constructed.

**Construction Requirements.** Materials shall be brick or concrete block masonry according to Section 1041 or Article 1042.15 of the Standard Specifications and sealed with mortar or grout.

Temporary bulkheads shall be water tight, ensuring no water or sediment infiltration will occur after backfilling. Temporary bulkheads shall only be installed where indicated on the plans.

Proposed storm sewer structures, covers, storm sewers, and backfilling material and operations will be paid for separately. Any damage to existing or proposed structures during the installation or removal of the temporary bulkhead shall be repaired by the Contractor with no additional compensation.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment in units of EACH, regardless of size of the hole to be bulk headed.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH for TEMPORARY BULKHEAD complete installation.

## **INTERIM TYPE 1 FRAME AND GRATE**

**Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing and placing of temporary frames and lids on top of existing or proposed stormwater drainage structures for the purpose of temporary drainage during MOT staging, as shown in the Temporary Drainage Plans. The work also includes subsequent removal and disposal of the temporary frame and grate during the final roadway and drainage construction stage.

**Construction Requirements.** Construction shall conform to applicable portions of Section 602 of the Standard Specifications. The temporary drainage lids shall be Type 1 frame, Open Lid according to IDOT drawing Standard 604001. The frame and lid shall be constructed flush with the surrounding temporary surface. After the temporary drainage construction stage(s), drainage structures may be removed, adjusted, and/or outfitted with the final frame and grate during the final construction stage as shown on the Plans.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment, in place, in units of each.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH for INTERIM TYPE 1 FRAME AND GRATE, which price shall include all materials, labor, tools, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

Drainage structures, final frames and grates for drainage structures, drainage structure removals, and additional frame and grate adjustments shall be paid for separately.

## **TEMPORARY STORM SEWER**

**Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing and installing of temporary storm sewer of the diameter specified and all required fittings and/or appurtenances in order to complete the storm sewer connections for the purpose of temporary drainage during MOT staging. This work also includes the subsequent removal and disposal of the temporary storm sewer, or permanent abandonment, during the final roadway and drainage construction phase as directed by the Engineer.

**Construction Requirements.** Construction shall conform to Section 550 of the Standard Specifications. The temporary storm sewers shall be made of Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe (PVC). After the temporary drainage construction stage(s), temporary storm sewers shall be removed or abandoned and filled during the final construction stage as shown on the Plans. Removal of the storm sewers shall be in accordance with Section 551 of the Standard Specifications. Trench Backfill shall be measured and paid for separately in accordance with Section 208 of the Standard Specifications.

Watertight connections shall be completed on the upstream and downstream ends of the installed temporary storm sewer. Connections shall be made to existing or proposed storm sewers as shown on the plans. Means and methods for completing connections shall be approved by the Engineer, but may include solvent-weld PVC elbows and fittings, non-shear couplings, concrete collars, or other approved methods, which are considered included in the cost of the temporary storm sewer. Any existing or proposed storm sewer or drainage structure damaged by the contractor during the installation shall be replaced by the contractor at no additional cost to the contract.

Abandoned storm sewers shall be filled with Controlled Low-Strength Material (CLSM) to meet the requirements of Sections 593 and 1019 of the Standard Specifications. The storm sewer shall be plugged on both ends with Class SI concrete or brick and mortar. The plug shall be adequate to withstand the hydrostatic load created during the filling operation. If the plugs fail during the filling operation, the Contractor shall be responsible for the cost of repairing the plugs and filling the remainder of the pipe. The CLSM may be placed directly from the chute or may be pumped into the space to be filled. Other placement methods may be used, subject to the Engineer's approval. Contractor is responsible for determining the means and methods for installation in accordance with project plans, specifications, and all federal, state, and local regulations.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment, in place, in units per lineal foot.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per FOOT for TEMPORARY STORM SEWER, of the diameter specified, which price shall include all materials, labor, tools, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

## **TOPSOIL EXCAVATION**

**Description.** Topsoil shall be excavated prior to earth excavation operations taking place in accordance with Sections 202 and 211 of the Standard Specifications.

Existing information indicates that the existing topsoil layer is, on average, approximately 9-inches thick. Actual topsoil thickness varies throughout the site. Contractor shall refer to the Geotechnical Report/Soil Borings for more information.

CONTRACTOR shall excavate all existing topsoil within the proposed construction limits shown on the plans. It is anticipated that portions of the existing topsoil material contains regulated substances and will need to be disposed of as NON-SPECIAL WASTE DISPOSAL. TOPSOIL EXCAVATION shall only include the removal and handling of existing topsoil, all disposal shall be paid for separately.

If the topsoil is determined to be free of regulated substances and is not to be reused on site, it shall be removed from the site and disposed of and paid for as REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL.

**Method of Measurement.** Topsoil excavation will be measured in their original positions, and the volumes computed in cubic yards by the method of average end areas. Quantities shown on the plans are for bid purposes only. Final quantities shall be based on measurements in the field.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard for TOPSOIL EXCAVATION.

## FENCE REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION

**Description.** This work shall consist of removing existing fences that are in conflict with construction operations and reinstalling the fence at a location that does not conflict with the proposed improvements. The limits of fence removal shall be approved the by the Engineer prior to removal.

This item shall include the removal and reinstallation of chain link fences, decorative metal fences and wooden fences as the case may be. This item shall include the removal and reinstallation of all fence posts, gates, and all hardware necessary.

If the existing fence post foundations conflict with proposed improvements, the foundations shall be removed and backfilled with compacted sand to the satisfaction of the Engineer. New concrete post foundations shall be construction at a new location to be approved by the Engineer. Any fence posts that are damaged or in poor condition shall be replaced with new posts that match the existing fence type. The Contractor shall provide all necessary mounting hardware and connection materials required to reinstall the fence at the proposed locations. Any modifications to the existing fence required for reinstallation shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Any portions that are determined by the Engineer or City to be not be reinstalled shall be disposed of by the Contractor.

**Basis of Payment.** The proposed fence shall be paid for per foot as FENCE REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION, which price shall be payment in full for all labor, equipment and material required to complete the work as specified.

## **RETAINING WALL REMOVAL**

**Description.** This item consists of saw cutting, removing and disposing of an existing concrete retaining wall as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer, including the walls, foundations, and footings. Any remaining hole shall be backfilled with an aggregate approved by the Engineer and compacted.

**Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for per foot for RETAINING WALL REMOVAL, which shall be the measured length along the top of the wall to be removed. This item shall include all labor, materials and equipment necessary to cut and remove concrete retaining walls as shown on the plans by methods specified herein.

## STORM SEWERS TO BE CLEANED

**Description.** This work shall consist of providing all labor, equipment, material and supplies and performing all operations required to clean storm sewers, pipe culverts, and structures as designated on the plans in preparation for televised inspection. Cleaning storm sewers is defined as the removal of all foreign materials from the pipe system so as to restore the hydraulic capacity to within ninety-five percent of the theoretical carrying capacity. Generally, this performance will be considered to be achieved when all loose debris, deposits, and all vegetation roots exceeding four inches (4") in length have been removed.

Construction Requirements. Sewer cleaning is considered as the activity common to the preparation required for the televised inspection. Such cleaning involves the removal of all sludge, dirt, sand, rocks, grease, light root growth, and other solid and semi-solid materials with such hydraulic or mechanically powered equipment as balls, scooters, brushes, cutters, and water pressure jetting equipment. Sewer cleaning is classified as either standard grade or heavy grade. The use of standard grade cleaning is expected to be applied to all sewer lengths identified under this project. Standard cleaning shall be three (3) passes or less with the cleaning equipment. One pass is considered cleaning from the starting manhole to the finishing manhole and back to the original starting position. However, in those areas where excessive sediment and debris deposits or extensive root growth is found, which cannot be satisfactorily cleaned by standard grade cleaning methods, then heavy grade cleaning will be applied to the extent authorized by the Engineer. The Engineer must be consulted and work authorized prior to initiating any heavy grade cleaning operations.

If cleaning of an entire section of sewer cannot be successfully performed from one manhole set-up position, then the equipment shall be reset on the next adjacent manhole and the cleaning again attempted. If the sewer section cannot be satisfactorily cleaned, or the equipment again fails to traverse the problem section, it will be assumed that a major blockage exists. In this instance the cleaning shall be suspended for the identified problem section until other measures can be arranged.

If during the televised inspection of the sewer, portions of the pipe section are found not to have been satisfactorily cleaned, then said portions shall be re-cleaned to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no additional cost to the Illinois Tollway.

The Contractor shall, during cleaning operations, take precautions so as to not damage the manhole structures or pipe sections. Damaged portions of the sewer system, if determined by the Engineer to be the result of careless operations, shall be repaired at no additional cost to the Illinois Tollway. All identified unstable or unsound parts of the sewer system shall be documented and brought to the attention of the Engineer.

The cleaning equipment to be used in this operation shall be based upon the specific conditions identified. The equipment shall be capable of removing dirt, sand, grease, rocks, bricks, tree roots, and other deleterious materials and obstructions commonly found in sewer pipe lines. The equipment shall be capable of cleaning in one section, up to 1,200 lineal feet of sewer from a single access point. The equipment shall be able to pull brushes, swabs, and other implements and shall also have a distance meter so that the location of the cleaning tools can be determined at all times.

The Contractor is to remove and dispose of all waste material extracted during the sewer cleaning operation in a proper waste disposal facility according to Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications. The material developed during the cleaning operation shall be removed at the next downstream manhole. Passing material over extended distances, from manhole section to manhole section, which would cause service line blockages or otherwise deter the operation of the sewer system will not be permitted. The Contractor shall note the approximate volume and type of materials removed from each cleaned section.

Contractor shall take extraordinary care to avoid discharges of sediments into USACE jurisdictional wetlands or waters. For cleaning of storm sewers or culverts that discharge into a USACE regulated wetland or waters, vacuuming of the sediments within those pipes shall be required in order to avoid discharge of sediments into the regulated body. Discharge of any sediments or debris into the USACE regulated wetland or waters shall not be permitted. Storm sewers requiring vacuuming of sediments have been identified, but is not limited to, locations as labelled on the plans.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment per foot.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid at the contract unit price per foot for STORM SEWERS TO BE CLEANED, of the specified diameter. This price shall be payment in full for all material, equipment and labor necessary to complete this work as specified including vacuuming of sediments where required.

## MANHOLES, TYPE A, TYPE 11V FRAME AND GRATE

**Description.** This work shall consist of the construction and installation of a Type A manhole of the specified diameter in accordance with IDOT drawing Standards 602406 and 602411 with Type 11V Frame & Grate in accordance with IDOT drawing Standard 604056.

**Construction Requirements.** The manhole shall be constructed in accordance with Section 602 of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer.

The cost of connecting existing storm sewers to the proposed drainage structures shall be considered included in the contract unit price of the proposed drainage structure. Any additional lengths of storm sewers, mission couplings, or other materials required to make this connection shall be considered included in the cost of the structure. Any existing or proposed storm sewer or drainage structure damaged by the contractor during construction shall be replaced by the contractor at no additional cost to the contract.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment in units of each.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH for MANHOLES, TYPE A, TYPE 11V FRAME AND GRATE of the diameter specified, installed in place.

## SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE ADJUSTED

This work shall be done in accordance with Section 602 of the STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS and shall consist of the adjustment of sanitary manholes and furnishing and installing a new type 1 frame, closed lid. Non-hardening butyl rubber mastic sealant; minimum thickness 1/4 inch, shall be used between adjusting rings in place of mortar, or as required by the Owner of the Sanitary Sewer. In locations where existing external frame seals exist, it shall be removed and disposed of and an internal/external frame seal shall be installed. In locations where internal frame seals exist, it shall be removed and disposed of and an internal/external frame seal shall be installed. In locations where there are no existing frame seals, an internal/external frame seal shall be installed. The installation of the internal/external frame seal will not be paid for separately and will be considered incidental to this pay item.

The Internal/External Frame seal shall consist of the following:

- (A) Provide frame seals consisting of a flexible internal rubber sleeve, rubber ring, and external rubber sleeve and extension, and stainless-steel compression bands.
- (B) Rubber sleeve, ring, butyl tape, and extension:
  - (1) Provide rubber sleeve and extension complying with ASTM D412 and ASTM D2240.
  - (2) Provide rubber ring complying with ASTM D-2000.
  - (3) Provide butyl tape: Comply with 1000% minimum webbing @ 77 degrees F, 500% minimum elongation @ 32 degrees F, and maximum 75 psi compressibility @ 77 degrees F.
  - (4) Provide sleeve with a minimum thickness of 0.062" and unexpanded external vertical heights of 10 to 12 inches.
  - (5) Provide extension having a minimum thickness of 0.062".
  - (6) Comply with a minimum 1500 psi tensile strength, maximum 18 percent compression set and a hardness (durameter) of 48±5.
- (C) Compression band:
  - (1) Provide compression band to compress the sleeve against the manhole.
  - (2) Use 16 gauge stainless steel conforming to ASTM A240 Type 304 with no welded attachments and having a minimum width of 1/2-inch.
  - (3) Make a watertight seal having a minimum adjustment range of 2 diameter inches.
  - (4) Provide stainless steel screws, bolts, and nuts conforming to ASTM F593 and 594, Type 304.
- (D) Or as required by the Owner of the sanitary sewer system.

The Internal/External Frame Seal shall be installed as follows:

(A) Install internal/external rubber gasket on the manhole chimney.

- (1) Provide watertight gasket to eliminate leakage between the internal/external frame seal and the adjusting ring and between each adjusting ring down to and including cone section.
- (B) Clean surface and prepare the lower 2 inches of the manhole frame and exterior of all adjusting rings and cone section/corbel surfaces.
- (C) Install internal rubber gasket in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
  - (1) Field verify for suitable dimensions and layout before installation.
  - (2) Realign frame as required.
- (D) Repair and apply mortar grout to the adjusting rings as required to provide a smooth, circular surface for the external rubber gasket.
- (E) Install external rubber gasket in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
  - (1) Field verify for suitable dimensions and layout before installation.
  - (2) Utilize sealing caulk where required.
  - (3) Provide chimney seal extensions as required.
- (F) Test installation by flooding area around the manhole with water before backfilling and surface restoration.
  - (1) Gaskets are required to provide watertight seal at openings between the frame and adjusting rings and between adjacent adjusting rings down to the cone/corbel section.
- (G) Reinstall and retest failing gaskets at no additional cost to Owner
- (H) Or as required by the Owner of the sanitary sewer system.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each of SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE ADJUSTED, which price shall include all the above.

## SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE RECONSTRUCTED

This work shall be done in accordance with Section 602 of the STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS and shall consist of the reconstruction of sanitary manholes and furnishing and installing a new type 1 frame, closed lid. Non-hardening butyl rubber mastic sealant; minimum thickness 1/4 inch, shall be used between adjusting rings in place of mortar, or as required by the Owner of the Sanitary Sewer. In locations where existing external frame seals exist, it shall be removed and disposed of and an internal/external frame seal shall be installed. In locations where internal frame seals exist, it shall be removed and disposed of and an internal/external frame seal shall be installed. In locations where there are no existing frame seals, an internal/external frame seal shall be installed. The installation of the internal/external frame seal will not be paid for separately and will be considered incidental to this pay item. This item shall include the removal and replacement of cone sections or flat slab tops, if necessary. The Internal/External Frame seal material and installation requirements shall be in accordance with the special provision for SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE ADJUSTED.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each of SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE RECONSTRUCTED, which price shall include all the above.

## **TEMPORARY MANHOLE**

**Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing and installing of temporary manholes, frames and lids at the locations specified on the plans for the purpose of temporary drainage during MOT staging. The work also includes subsequent removal and disposal of the temporary manhole and frames and grates during the final roadway and drainage construction stage.

**Construction Requirements.** Construction shall conform to applicable portions of Section 602 of the Standard Specifications. The temporary structures shall be Manholes, Type A, 4' dimeter with a Type 1 Frame, Closed Lid according to IDOT drawing Standards 602401 and 604001. The temporary manhole shall include a flat slab top where required. The frame and grate shall be constructed flush with the surrounding surface. After the temporary drainage construction stage(s), drainage structures shall be removed during the final construction stage as shown on the Plans according to Section 605 of the Standard Specifications.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment, in place, in units of each.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH for TEMPORARY MANHOLE, which price shall include all materials, labor, tools, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

## **CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B (SPECIAL)**

**Description.** This work shall consist of the construction of a Type B Concrete Curb at the locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 606 of the Standard Specifications and the detail in the plans.

CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B (SPECIAL) will vary in height from 0" to 24" and shall be used adjacent to sidewalk and sidewalk curb ramps to facilitate grade separations between the existing ground and proposed sidewalk as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Type B curbs with a maximum height of 9" or less shall be measured and paid for as CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B. This item shall only be used for curbs with maximum heights greater than 9" and less than or equal to 24".

CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B (SPECIAL) shall be reinforced with two (2) #4 bars continuous throughout the new curb as shown on the detail in the plans. The continuous bars shall be wrapped with #4 vertical bars 18" center to center. The curb shall be connected to adjacent sidewalk with 18" #6 tie bars installed 18" center to center. The tie bars and vertical bars shall be spaced to avoid conflicts. No separate payment shall be made for the reinforcing bars.

CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B (SPECIAL) shall be constructed on 4" compacted Subbase Granular Material, Type B. Subbase Granular Material, Type B shall be paid for separately.

**Basis of Payment.** This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per Foot for CONCRETE CURB, TYPE B (SPECIAL), for maximum curb heights between 9" and 24".

## **CHAIN LINK FENCE (SPECIAL)**

**Description**. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a chain link fence of the height specified in accordance with Section 664 of the Standard Specifications, as directed by the Engineer and in accordance with manufacturer recommendations. The proposed chain link fence will be connected to existing fence and the proposed fence should generally match the existing color and fence dimensions. Shop drawings shall be submitted and approved by the Engineer.

This work shall include all fittings, framework, post setting materials (concrete, etc.) and incidentals necessary to install the fence as specified. This shall include all hardware necessary to connect the proposed fence to existing chain link fence. No separate payment shall be made for connecting to fences of different heights.

The proposed fence at approximately station 30+50 (left) shall include a 24-foot-wide sliding chain link gate. The gate shall be installed so the top of the gate is the same height as the adjacent 6-foot-tall chain link fence. The sliding gates and all required hardware and appurtenances shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the per foot cost for CHAIN LINK FENCE, 6' (SPECIAL). No gates will be required on the proposed 8-foot-tall portions of fence.

**Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment.** This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for CHAIN LINK FENCE (SPECIAL), of the specified height, which price shall be payment in full for all labor, equipment, and material necessary to complete the work as specified herein.

## TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, (SPECIAL)

**Description.** Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the applicable guidelines contained in the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, these Special Provisions, any special details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans.

The scope of traffic control shall entail supplying, maintenance and removal of any and all necessary traffic control signage and devices required by these special provisions, the IDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition, the IDOT Work Zone Safety Manual, latest edition and MUTCD, latest edition in order to complete the scope of work outlined in the construction documents. Any alteration to these requirements shall not be permitted unless expressed by the Engineer in writing.

Traffic control may be adjusted as necessary to fit field conditions as directed by the Engineer. Additional traffic control devices may be required which are not associated with any traffic control standards. The additional traffic control devices shall be included in the contract lump sum price for Traffic Control and Protection, (Special).

The Contractor shall be responsible for inspecting and maintaining all traffic control signage, devices, and markings at all times including nighttime, weekends, and any time workers are not present. This work shall be performed in accordance with Recurring Special Provision LRS3. Traffic control surveillance will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract lump sum price for Traffic Control and Protection, (Special).

The Contractor will be required to maintain one direction of travel on Hobbie Avenue at all times. Detour plans have been included in the plans for the various stages of work. The placement and maintenance of all traffic control signage, devices, and markings noted in the Detour plans will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract lump sum price for Traffic Control and Protection, (Special).

Any and all traffic control devices shall also comply with the requirements set forth by the aforementioned guidelines. In the event that there are conflicting guidelines for traffic control, the Contractor shall bring this to the attention of the Engineer or comply with the more stringent of the conflicting guidelines. Special attention is called to Sections 107 and 701 through 705 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, and as amended by the Supplemental Specifications, Recurring Special Provisions, the Special Provisions contained herein, and the following highway standards relating to traffic control:

#### **Highway Standards**

701001 701006 701011 701501 701502 701701 701801 701901 704001

<u>District 3 Specific Standards</u> Urban Pavement Markings

**Limitations of Construction:** The Contractor shall coordinate the items of work in order to keep hazards and traffic inconveniences to a minimum, as specified below.

- 1. The Contractor shall provide, erect, and maintain all the necessary barricades, cones, drums, and lights for the warning and protection of traffic, as required by Sections 107 and 701 through 703 of the Standard Specifications, and as modified.
- 2. The Contractor shall furnish and erect "Road Closed Ahead" signs (W20-3(0)-48) and "Barricade Ahead" signs (W21-1100(0)-48) at both ends of the project and all side roads within the limits of this section when working in the vicinity of the road.
- 3. All Type III barricades will be equipped with two Type A flashers per barricade and Type III barricades with R11-3 signing and shall have reflectorized striping on both sides of the barricades.
- 4. The R11-3 and R11-4 signs shall be mounted on wing barricades as per Traffic Control Standard 701901, placement of the wing barricades shall be on the shoulder. The R11-2 signs shall be mounted on Type III barricades as per Traffic Standard 701901 and also equipped with two Type A flashing lights.
- 5. The use of metal posts and sandbags for temporary signage will be permitted.
- 6. The Contractor will be responsible for the traffic control devices at all times during construction activities and shall coordinate the items of work in order to keep hazard traffic inconveniences to a minimum.
- 7. The Contractor shall install short term pavement markings and temporary pavement markings in accordance with the Maintenance of Traffic Plan and as directed by the Engineer. This work will be considered incidental to the contract and no additional compensation will be provided. This includes any necessary removal of short term and temporary pavement markings.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment on a lump sum basis which shall include all material, labor, and equipment required to meet these requirements.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per LUMP SUM for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, (SPECIAL).

## LOOP DETECTOR TESTING

(Effective December 1, 1999; Revised January 1, 2007)

The Contractor is advised of the presence of existing detector loops which shall be retained in the completed signal installation. The condition of each existing loop detector which will be retained shall be documented.

The required loop detector testing shall consist of measuring the following electrical characteristics of each loop within the intersection to determine if the loop meets the indicated criteria:

1. Loop Inductance. Stable frequency (frequency varies by less than +/-3 hertz) and minimum 50 microhenries when driven by amplifier.

For any loop that does not show a stable frequency, the Contractor shall determine if the unstable frequency is due to equipment malfunctions in the cabinet or outside the cabinet. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of the source of the unstable frequency. Any problem due to existing equipment problems in the cabinet shall be repaired by city maintenance. Any problem caused by the required construction work shall be repaired and paid for separately on this contract.

Any loop that does not exceed 50 microhenries inductance shall be replaced.

2. Loop Resistance to Ground. Minimum 50 megohms.

For any loop circuit with less than 50 megohms resistance to ground or any loop that is being replaced, the Contractor shall break the loop to lead-in splice and measure the resistance to ground of the detector loop alone and each leg of the detector loop lead-in cable. If a single leg of the lead-in cable has a low resistance to ground, the Contractor shall replace the lead-in cable. If the detector loop, separated from the lead-in cable, passes the required tests, the loop shall not be replaced.

3. Loop Circuit Resistance. Maximum 3 ohms for lead-in less than 200 feet. Maximum 5 ohms for lead-in greater than 200 feet.

For any loop circuit with resistance greater than stated above, the splice shall be opened and the loop and each leg of the lead-in cable shall be tested. If the detector loop cable is the cause of the high resistance reading, the detector loop shall be replaced. If the lead-in cable is the cause of the high resistance reading, the lead-in cable shall be replaced.

The Contractor shall furnish a Decatur Electronics Loop Tester, Model DLT-150, or superior, to measure the loop resistance above ground, and quality factor of each loop. This unit shall remain the property of the Contractor.

The measurements shall be recorded for each loop circuit, including lead-in cable, following completion of the work, in the presence of the Engineer. The measurements shall be taken at the controller cabinet.

Any damaged detector loop or lead-in cable shall be replaced.

If an existing detector loop is damaged due to construction operations, the Contractor shall notify the Department at 815-434-8505 to modify the signal program until the detector loop can be replaced. The Contractor shall replace the loop as soon as possible.

Loop detector testing will be performed at each loop detector circuit following completion of work likely to damage the existing loops. The lead-in cable must be disconnected from the detector loop panel in the cabinet to prevent damage to the inductive loop detector. When the Contractor has made all necessary repairs, the Department's Traffic Signal Section shall be contacted to meet with the Contractor at the intersection to confirm the satisfactory readings.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment per intersection, regardless of the number of tests required. Any work required to replace any splices broken for testing of the lead-in cable and detector loop shall be included in the cost of this pay item.

Basis Of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each intersection as LOOP DETECTOR TESTING.

## MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER AND CABINET

In addition to the requirements of Section 885, 886, 888, and 895 of the Standard Specifications, the is pay item shall include modifying the existing controller and cabinet for revised cable plan along with the installation of detector loops, wiring and inductive loop detectors at the intersections shown on the plans. All other work inside the cabinet necessary for correct operation for the traffic signal equipment shall be included in this pay item. New cabinet drawings shall be needed as directed by the Engineer.

**Basis of Payment.** This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for MODIFYING EXISTING CONTROLLER AND CABINET, which price shall include payment in full for all labor and material to perform the work.

#### LOCATING UNDERGROUND UTILITY

**Description.** This item shall consist of locating underground utilities that potentially conflict with proposed improvements.

**Requirements.** It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to locate underground utilities that are marked on the plans. This work will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of the item being constructed. Exceptions are as follows:

- Utilities Marked on the Plans: If the item to be constructed is grade critical, and cannot be adjusted either vertically or horizontally (i.e. storm sewer, sanitary sewer), and there is a potential for conflict with the utility. Locating potentially conflicting utilities will be paid under this item.
- Utilities Not Marked on Plans: If a utility is not shown on the plans (or not shown in accordance with Article 104.03 of the Standard Specifications). Locating potentially conflicting utilities will be paid under this item. As per Article 107.40(a)(2) of the Standard Specifications, "Service connections shall not be considered to be utilities in unanticipated locations".

**Construction.** The method of excavation to locate utilities will be at the contractor's discretion, as approved by the Engineer. If the contractor elects to use hydro excavation for the removal of excavated material, he/she shall be responsible for all water usage and disposing of the excavated material in accordance with Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications. Regardless of the method of excavation, the Contractor shall be responsible for replacing excavated soil in the resulting hole with sand, limestone screenings or other material as approved by the Engineer.

Any utilities damaged during excavation operations shall be repaired or replaced at the contractor's expense; no additional compensation shall be allowed.

Removal and replacement/restoration of any pavement, sidewalk, parkway, driveway, etc. necessary to complete the exploration excavation shall be paid for separately under pay items that are in the contract. Sidewalk removal and replacement shall include the complete sidewalk panel.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured per each excavation, regardless of the soil composition, to locate existing utilities. For this pay item, excavation depth and width will be limited to 72 inches and 5 feet, respectively. The Contractor will not receive compensation if more than one utility is located within the excavation (as defined above). If the utility is deeper than 72 inches, the initial locate shall be measured in accordance with this special provision. Additional excavation (beyond 72 inches in depth) shall be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

**Basis of Payment.** This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for LOCATING UNDERGROUND UTILITY.

## **HOT-MIX ASPHALT DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT**

**Description.** This work shall consist of the installation of Hot-Mix Asphalt Driveway Pavement, of the thickness specified at locations shown on the plans. This work shall be performed in accordance with the plans and applicable provisions of Sections 406 and 423 of the Standard Specifications.

For residential driveways, the Contractor shall place and compact two 1.5" lifts of Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Course, Mix "D", IL-9.5, N50. For commercial/industrial driveways, the Contractor shall place and compact 2" of Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Course, Mix "D", IL-9.5, N70 over 6" of Hot-Mix Asphalt Binder Course, IL-19.0, N70 unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer. The driveway pavement shall be installed on an aggregate base course, type b with a minimum of ten inches (10") thick. Aggregate base course material shall be paid for separately.

**Basis of Payment.** This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for HOT-MIX ASPHALT DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT, of the thickness specified which price shall include all materials, equipment, and labor to perform the work as specified herein.

## **CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT**

The Contractor shall be required to furnish and place construction layout stakes for this project. The Engineer will provide adequate reference points to the centerline of survey and benchmarks as shown in the plans and listed herein. Any additional control points set by the Engineer will be identified in the field to the Contractor and all field notes will be kept in the office of the Resident Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide field forces, equipment and material to set all additional stakes for this project, which are needed to establish offset stakes, reference points, and any other horizontal or vertical controls, including supplementary benchmarks, necessary to secure a correct layout of the work. Stakes for line and grade of pavement and/or curb shall be set at sufficient station intervals (not to exceed 50 ft.) to assure substantial conformance to plan line and grade. The Contractor will not be required to set additional stakes to locate a utility line which is not included as a pay item in the contract nor to determine property lines between private properties.

The Contractor shall be responsible for having the finished work substantially conform to the lines, grades, elevations and dimensions called for in the plans. Any inspection or checking of the Contractor's layout by the Engineer and the acceptance of all or any part of it shall not relieve the Contractor of his/her responsibility to secure the proper dimension, grades and elevations of the several parts of the work. The Contractor shall exercise care in the preservation of stakes and benchmarks and shall have them reset at his/her expense when any are damaged, lost, displaced or removed or otherwise obliterated.

#### Responsibility of the Engineer

- a. The Engineer will locate and reference the baseline.
  - Locating and referencing the baseline of survey will consists of establishing and referencing the control points of the baseline of surveys such as PC's, PT's and as many POT's as are necessary to provide a line of sight.
- b. Benchmarks will be established along the project outside of the construction lines not exceeding 300 m (1,000 ft.) intervals horizontally and 6 m (20 ft.) vertically.
- c. Stakes set for (a) and (b) above will be identified in the field to the Contractor.
- d. The Engineer will make random checks of the Contractor's staking to determine if the work is in substantial conformance with the plans. Where the Contractor's work will tie into work that is being or will be done by others, checks will be made to determine if the work is in conformance with the proposed overall grade and horizontal alignment.
- e. The Engineer will make all arrangements and take all cross sections from which the various pay items are to be measured.
- f. Where the Contractor, in setting construction stakes, discovers discrepancies, the Engineer will check to determine their nature and make whatever revisions are

necessary in the plans, including the recross-sectioning of the area involved. Any additional restaking required by the Engineer will be the responsibility of the Contractor. The additional restaking done by the Contractor will be paid for in accordance with 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

- g. It is not the responsibility of the Engineer, except as provided herein, to check the correctness of the Contractor's stakes; however, any errors that are apparent will be immediately called to the Contractor's attention and s(he) shall be required to make the necessary correction before the stakes are used for construction purposes.
- h. Where the plan quantities for excavation are to be used as the final pay quantities, the Engineer will make sufficient checks to determine if the work has been completed in substantial conformance with the plan cross sections.

#### Responsibility of the Contractor

a. The Contractor shall establish from the given survey points and benchmarks all the control points necessary to construct the individual project elements. S(he) shall provide the Engineer adequate control in close proximity to each individual element to allow adequate checking of construction operations. This includes, but is not limited to, line and grade stakes, line and grade nails in form work, and/or filed or etched marks in substantially completed construction work.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to tie in baseline control points in order to preserve them during construction operations.

- b. The Contractor shall be responsible for locating and marking the limits of the project prior to the installation of silt fence.
- c. At the completion of the grading operations, the Contractor will be required to set stakes at 30 m (100 ft.) station intervals along each profile grade line. These stakes will be used for final cross sectioning by the Engineer.
- d. All work shall be in accordance with normally accepted self-checking surveying practices. Field notes shall be kept in standard survey field notebooks and those books shall become the property of the Engineer at the completion of the project. All notes shall be neat, orderly and in accepted form.

**Basis of Payment**: This item will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT, which prices shall be payment in full for all services, materials, labor and other items required to complete the work.

## **DRAINAGE & STRUCTURES TO BE ADJUSTED**

**Description.** This work shall consist of adjusting catch basins, manholes, valve vaults and inlets with their existing frame and grate in accordance with Section 602 of the STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS and as specified herein.

Each structure adjustment shall be limited to a maximum of one (1) foot in adjustment height and a maximum of two adjustment rings. Adjustment rings for structures in the pavement and rings under 2" on all drainage adjustments shall be preformed rubber. Adjustment rings greater than 2" for structures in the parkway shall be PCC. The CONTRACTOR shall place a continuous strip 3/8" thick of polyurethane sealer/adhesive between the PCC structure or PCC ring and the bottom of a rubber ring. The CONTRACTOR shall also place a continuous strip 3/8" thick of polyurethane sealer/adhesive between the top of the adjusting ring and the bottom of the frame.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for DRAINAGE & UTILITY STRUCTURES TO BE ADJUSTED. The word STRUCTURE shall be understood to mean catch basin, manhole, valve vault, or inlet.

## DRAINAGE STRUCTURES TO BE CLEANED

**Description.** This work shall consist of providing all labor, equipment, material and supplies and performing all operations required to clean drainage structures as designated on the plans. Cleaning drainage structures is defined as the removal of all foreign materials from the system so as to restore the hydraulic capacity to within ninety-five percent of the theoretical carrying capacity. Generally, this performance will be considered to be achieved when all loose debris, deposits, and all vegetation roots exceeding four inches (4") in length have been removed.

Construction Requirements. The term drainage structure shall include, but is not limited to, a storm water drainage chamber, junction box, manhole, inlet, or catch basin, inclusive. Cleaning involves the removal of all sludge, dirt, sand, rocks, grease, light root growth, and other solid and semi-solid materials with such hydraulic or mechanically powered equipment as balls, scooters, brushes, cutters, and water pressure jetting equipment. Drainage structure cleaning is classified as either standard grade or heavy grade. The use of standard grade cleaning is expected to be applied to all drainage structures identified under this project. Standard cleaning shall be three (3) passes or less with the cleaning equipment. In areas where excessive sediment and debris deposits or extensive root growth is found, which cannot be satisfactorily cleaned by standard grade cleaning methods, then heavy grade cleaning will be applied to the extent authorized by the Engineer. The Engineer must be consulted and work authorized prior to initiating any heavy grade cleaning operations.

The Contractor shall, during cleaning operations, take precautions so as to not damage the drainage structures. Damaged portions of the sewer system, if determined by the Engineer to be the result of careless operations, shall be repaired at no additional compensation. All identified unstable or unsound parts of the sewer system shall be documented and brought to the attention of the Engineer.

The cleaning equipment to be used in this operation shall be based upon the specific conditions identified. The equipment shall be capable of removing dirt, sand, grease, rocks, bricks, tree roots, and other deleterious materials and obstructions commonly found in stormwater drainage structures.

The Contractor is to remove and dispose of all waste material extracted during the sewer cleaning operation in a proper waste disposal facility according to Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall note the approximate volume and type of materials removed from each cleaned drainage structure.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment per each.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid at the contract unit price per each for DRAINAGE STRUCTURES TO BE CLEANED. This price shall be payment in full for all material, equipment and labor necessary to complete this work as specified including vacuuming of sediments where required.

## DRAINAGE STRUCTURE TO BE REMOVED

**Description.** This work shall consist of removing and disposing of drainage structures as specified herein.

**Construction Requirements.** The term drainage structure shall include, but is not limited to, a storm water drainage chamber, junction box, manhole, inlet, or catch basin, inclusive. Drainage structures shall be removed in accordance with Section 605 of the Standard Specifications.

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment in units of each.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid at the contract unit price per each for DRAINAGE STRUCTURE TO BE REMOVED, regardless of size or dimensions of the structure.

## **FENCE REMOVAL**

**Description.** This item consists of removing and disposing of existing chain link, fences within limits of the project as necessary to facilitate construction activities, and where directed by the Engineer, including fence posts, foundations, gates and any other fence appurtenances. Where existing posts and/or foundations are removed from unpaved areas, any remaining hole shall be backfilled with earth and compacted. Where existing posts/foundations are removed from paved areas, any remaining hole shall be backfilled with an aggregate approved by the Engineer and compacted.

Fence to be considered in good condition with no signs of damage or wear shall be reinstalled onsite at the discretion of the Engineer. Any modifications required to reuse existing fence shall not be paid for and shall be included in the cost of this item. Fence to be reinstalled shall be installed in accordance with the special provision for FENCE REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION included herein.

Any fence not to be reused onsite shall be removed from the site and disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per lineal foot for FENCE REMOVAL, which price shall include all labor, materials and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified herein.

## TRAFFIC CONTROL IN THE VICINITY OF A RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING

(Effective August 4, 2017)

In accordance with Chapter 8 of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD):

When a grade crossing exists either within or in the vicinity of a temporary traffic control zone, lane restrictions, flagging (see Chapter 6E of the MUTCD), or other operations shall not be performed in a manner that would cause highway vehicles to stop on the railroad or LRT tracks, unless a flagger or uniformed law enforcement officer is provided at the grade crossing to minimize the possibility of highway vehicles stopping on the tracks, even if automatic warning devices are in place.

See figure 6H-46 and associated notes of the MUTCD regarding the temporary traffic control in the vicinity of the railroad grade crossing.

**Basis of Payment.** The cost of the additional flagger and any additional signs, if necessary, will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the cost of associated traffic control items.

# RIGHT OF ENTRY TO NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILWAY PROPERTY DOT/AAR NO. 534 387 H Contract 87726

It is the Contractor's responsibility to become familiar with and to follow all requirements described in Section 107 of the Standard Specifications, titled Legal Regulations and Responsibility to the Public.

The Contractor shall confer with the Railroad Engineer and shall procure and pay all fees for required railroad permits and licenses in accordance with Article 107.04 of the Standard Specifications. These fees will not be reimbursed by the Department and will be included in the cost of other applicable pay items in the contract. The Norfolk Southern Railway contact person is:

Mr. Brian (George) Taylor Engineer Public Improvements Norfolk Southern Corporation 1200 Peachtree Street, NE Atlanta, GA 30309 (404) 582-5588 office George.taylor3@nscorp.com

The Right of Entry Permit Application can be found at <a href="http://www.nscorp.com/content/dam/nscorp/real-estate/nonenvironmental-ROE-application.pdf">http://www.nscorp.com/content/dam/nscorp/real-estate/nonenvironmental-ROE-application.pdf</a>. As of January 6, 2020, the cost for the Right of Entry Permit is \$1,250.00, but this number is subject to change. The Contractor should confirm the cost with the Norfolk Southern Railway at the time of bid. No compensation will be made for changes to the cost of application fees between time of bid and time of construction.

The Contractor shall confer with the Railroad Engineer relative to railroad requirements for clearances, operation, and general safety regulation in accordance with Article 107.12 of the Standards Specifications. For all railroad-highway work as indicated in the contract proposal, the Contractor shall obtain Railroad Protective Liability and Property Damage Liability Insurance in accordance with Article 107.11 of the Standard Specifications and as specified elsewhere in the Specials. The cost for providing insurance, as noted elsewhere, will be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE.

The services of railroad flaggers will be required when the Contractor's operations will encroach on or over the Railroad's right-of-way or come within 25' of the tracks. The Contractor shall pay for the cost of providing railroad flaggers and be reimbursed for applicable charges in accordance with Articles 107.12 and 109.05. The railroad flagger contact person is Mr. Brandon Muse, (757) 408-6578 or <a href="mailto:Brandon.muse@nscorp.com">Brandon.muse@nscorp.com</a>. A minimum of 72 hours notice is requested.

## STORM SEWER, (WATER MAIN REQUIREMENTS) FOR CIRCULAR PIPE

**Description.** This work consists of constructing circular storm sewer to meet water main standards, as required by the IEPA or when otherwise specified. The work shall be performed in accordance with applicable parts of Section 550 of the Standard Specifications, applicable sections of the current edition of the IEPA Regulations (Title 35 of the Illinois Administrative Code, Subtitle F, Chapter II, Section 653.119), the applicable sections of the current edition of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", and as herein specified.

This provision shall govern the installation of all storm sewers which do not meet IEPA criteria for separation distance between storm sewers and water mains. Separation criteria for storm sewers placed adjacent to water mains and water service lines are as follows:

- (1) Water mains and water service lines shall be located at least 10 feet (3.05 meters) horizontally from any existing or proposed drain, storm sewer, sanitary sewer, or sewer service connections.
- (2) Water mains and water service lines may be located closer than 10 feet (3.05 meters) to a sewer line when:
  - (a) Local conditions prevent a lateral separation of 10 feet (3.05 meters); and
  - (b) The water main or water service invert is 18 inches (460 mm) above the crown of the sewer; and
  - (c) The water main or water service is either in a separate trench or in the same trench on an undisturbed earth shelf located to one side of the sewer.
- (3) A water main or water service shall be separated from a sewer so that its invert is a minimum of 18 inches (460 mm) above the crown of the drain or sewer whenever water mains or services cross storm sewers, sanitary sewers or sewer service connections. The vertical separation shall be maintained for that portion of the water main or water services located within 10 feet (3.05 meters) horizontally of any sewer or drain crossed.

When it is impossible to meet (1), (2) or (3) above, the storm sewer shall be constructed of PVC pipe equivalent to water main standards of construction. Construction shall extend on each side of the crossing until the perpendicular distance from the water main or water service to the sewer or drain line is at least 10 feet (3.05 meters).

**Materials.** Circular storm sewer meeting water main requirements shall be constructed of Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) conforming to ANSI/AWWA C900. A minimum of wall thickness of DR 25 is required for all pipe sizes (Note: The lower the DR number, the higher the wall thickness and pressure rating). It shall be made from PVC compound meeting ASTM D 1784, Class 12454.

Plastic pipe shall be marked with the manufacturer's name (or trademark); ASTM or AWWA specification; Schedule Number, Dimension Ratio (DR) Number or Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) Number; and Cell Class. The pipe and fittings shall also meet NSF Standard 14, and bear the NSF seal of approval. Fittings shall be compatible with the type of pipe used.

Joining of plastic pipe shall be by push-on joint, solvent welded joint, heat welded joint, flanged joint, or threaded joint, in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's instructions and

industry standards. Special precautions shall be taken to insure clean, dry contact surfaces when making solvent or heat welded joints. Adequate setting time shall be allowed for maximum strength.

Elastotmeric seals (gaskets) used for push-on joints shall comply with ASTM F477. Solvent cement shall be specific for the plastic pipe material and shall comply with ASTM D 2564 (PVC) and be approved by NSF.

**Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment.** This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per FOOT for STORM SEWER (WATER MAIN REQUIREMENTS) of the diameter specified for circular storm sewers.

## TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMING

**Description.** This work shall consist of developing and maintaining appropriate traffic signal timings for the intersections of Hobbie Avenue and E. Court Street (IL Route 17) and Hobbie Avenue and Fair Street (IL Route 50).

The Contractor shall notify the City of Kankakee Environmental Services Utility (ESU) Signals Department a minimum of 48 hours prior to closing the eastbound left turn lane at the intersection of Hobbie Avenue and E. Court Street (IL Route 17) during Stage 1 of construction and the westbound left turn lane at the intersection of Hobbie Avenue and Fair Street (IL Route 50). The Contractor shall coordinate with ESU and IDOT District 3 Operations prior to making any signal modifications at the intersection of Hobbie Avenue and E. Court Street (IL Route 17). The Contractor shall coordinate with ESU, IDOT District 3 Operations, Norfolk Southern Railroad, and the Illinois Commerce Commission prior to making any signal modifications at the intersection of Hobbie Avenue and Fair Street (IL Route 50).

This work shall also include resetting the traffic signal timings to their original settings upon reopening the left turn lanes on E. Court Street (IL Route 17) and Fair Street (IL Route 50).

**Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured per each for TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMING.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH for TEMPORARY SIGNAL TIMING.

AVAILABLE REPORTS
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□ No project specific reports were prepared.
When applicable, the following checked reports and record information is available for Bidders' reference upon request:
☐ Record structural plans
☑ Preliminary Site Investigation Local (PSI)
☐ Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment (PESA)
⊠ Soils/Geotechnical Reports
☐ Boring Logs
□ Pavement Cores
☐ Location Drainage Study (LDS)
☑ Hydraulic Report
☐ Noise Analysis
☑ Other: PIP LPC-663 Forms
Those seeking these reports should request access from:

Alex Schaefer, PE Christopher B. Burke Engineering, Ltd.

Phone: 815-770-2850

Email: aschaefer@cbbel.com

#### IDOT TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISION

Effective: August 1, 2012 Revised: February 2, 2017

In addition to the Contractor's equal employment opportunity (EEO) affirmative action efforts undertaken as required by this Contract, the Contractor is encouraged to participate in the incentive program described below to provide additional on-the-job training to certified graduates of the IDOT pre-apprenticeship training program, as outlined in this Special Provision.

IDOT funds, and various Illinois community colleges operate, pre-apprenticeship training programs throughout the State to provide training and skill-improvement opportunities to promote the increased employment of minority groups, disadvantaged persons and women in all aspects of the highway construction industry. The intent of this IDOT Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program Graduate (TPG) special provision (Special Provision) is to place these certified program graduates on the project site for this Contract in order to provide the graduates with meaningful on-the-job training. Pursuant to this Special Provision, the Contractor must make every reasonable effort to recruit and employ certified TPG trainees to the extent such individuals are available within a practicable distance of the project site.

Specifically, participation of the Contractor or its subcontractor in the Program entitles the participant to reimbursement for graduates' hourly wages at \$15.00 per hour per utilized TPG trainee, subject to the terms of this Special Provision. Reimbursement payment will be made even though the Contractor or subcontractor may also receive additional training program funds from other non-IDOT sources for other non-TPG trainees on the Contract, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor or subcontractor from receiving reimbursement from another entity through another program, such as IDOT through the TPG program. With regard to any IDOT funded construction training program other than TPG, however, additional reimbursement for other IDOT programs will not be made beyond the TPG Program described in this Special Provision when the TPG Program is utilized.

No payment will be made to the Contractor if the Contractor or subcontractor fails to provide the required on-site training to TPG trainees, as solely determined by IDOT. A TPG trainee must begin training on the project as soon as the start of work that utilizes the relevant trade skill and the TPG trainee must remain on the project site through completion of the Contract, so long as training opportunities continue to exist in the relevant work classification. Should a TPG trainee's employment end in advance of the completion of the Contract, the Contractor must promptly notify the IDOT District EEO Officer for the Contract that the TPG's involvement in the Contract has ended. The Contractor must supply a written report for the reason the TPG trainee involvement terminated, the hours completed by the TPG trainee on the Contract, and the number of hours for which the incentive payment provided under this Special Provision will be, or has been claimed for the separated TPG trainee.

Finally, the Contractor must maintain all records it creates as a result of participation in the Program on the Contract, and furnish periodic written reports to the IDOT District EEO Officer that document its contractual performance under and compliance with this Special Provision. Finally, through participation in the Program and reimbursement of wages, the Contractor is not relieved of, and IDOT has not waived, the requirements of any federal or state labor or employment law applicable to TPG workers, including compliance with the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: The unit of measurement is in hours.

BASIS OF PAYMENT: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of \$15.00 per hour for each utilized certified TPG Program trainee (TRAINES TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE). The estimated total number of hours, unit price, and total price must be included in the schedule of prices for the Contract submitted by Contractor prior to beginning work. The initial number of TPG trainees for which the incentive is available for this contract is 2.

The Department has contracted with several educational institutions to provide screening, tutoring and pre-training to individuals interested in working as a TPG trainee in various areas of common construction trade work. Only individuals who have successfully completed a Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program at these IDOT approved institutions are eligible to be TPG trainees. To obtain a list of institutions that can connect the Contractor with eligible TPG trainees, the Contractor may contact: HCCTP TPG Program Coordinator, Office of Business and Workforce Diversity (IDOT OBWD), Room 319, Illinois Department of Transportation, 2300 S. Dirksen Parkway, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Prior to commencing construction with the utilization of a TPG trainee, the Contractor must submit documentation to the IDOT District EEO Officer for the Contract that provides the names and contact information of the TPG trainee(s) to be trained in each selected work classification, proof that that the TPG trainee(s) has successfully completed a Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program, proof that the TPG is in an Apprenticeship Training Program approved by the U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Apprenticeship Training, and the start date for training in each of the applicable work classifications.

To receive payment, the Contractor must provide training opportunities aimed at developing a full journeyworker in the type of trade or job classification involved. During the course of performance of the Contract, the Contractor may seek approval from the IDOT District EEO Officer to employ additional eligible TPG trainees. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contracted work, it must determine how many, if any, of the TPGs will be trained by the subcontractor. Though a subcontractor may conduct training, the Contractor retains the responsibility for meeting all requirements imposed by this Special Provision. The Contractor must also include this Special Provision in any subcontract where payment for contracted work performed by a TPG trainee will be passed on to a subcontractor.

Training through the Program is intended to move TPGs toward journeyman status, which is the primary objective of this Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor must make every effort to enroll TPG trainees by recruitment through the Program participant educational institutions to the extent eligible TPGs are available within a reasonable geographic area of the project. The Contractor is responsible for demonstrating, through documentation, the recruitment efforts it has undertaken prior to the determination by IDOT whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Special Provision, and therefore, entitled to the Training Program Graduate reimbursement of \$15.00 per hour.

Notwithstanding the on-the-job training requirement of this TPG Special Provision, some minimal off-site training is permissible as long as the offsite training is an integral part of the work of the contract, and does not compromise or conflict with the required on-site training that is central to the purpose of the Program. No individual may be employed as a TPG trainee in any work classification in which he/she has previously successfully completed a training program leading to journeyman status in any trade, or in which he/she has worked at a journeyman level or higher.

# SPECIAL PROVISION FOR INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

	The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:
_	
_	
_	
_	
	The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and

held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

# State of Illinois DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Bureau of Local Roads & Streets SPECIAL PROVISION FOR

LOCAL QUALITY ASSURANCE/ QUALITY MANAGEMENT QC/QA

Effective: January 1, 2022

Replace the first five paragraphs of Article 1030.06 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"1030.06 Quality Management Program. The Quality Management Program (QMP) will be Quality Control / Quality Assurance (QC/QA) according to the following."

Delete Article 1030.06(d)(1) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 1030.09(g)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(3) If core testing is the density verification method, the Contractor shall provide personnel and equipment to collect density verification cores for the Engineer. Core locations will be determined by the Engineer following the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Procedure for Determining Random Density Locations" at density verification intervals defined in Article 1030.09(b). After the Engineer identifies a density verification location and prior to opening to traffic, the Contractor shall cut a 4 in. (100 mm) diameter core. With the approval of the Engineer, the cores may be cut at a later time."

Revise Article 1030.09(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) After final rolling and prior to paving subsequent lifts, the Engineer will identify the random density verification test locations. Cores or nuclear density gauge testing will be used for density verification. The method used for density verification will be as selected below

	Density Verification Method									
_	Cores									
	Nuclear Density Gauge (Correlated when									
	paving ≥ 3,000 tons per mixture)									

Density verification test locations will be determined according to the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Procedure for Determining Random Density Locations". The density testing interval for paving wider than or equal to 3 ft (1 m) will be 0.5 miles (800 m) for lift thicknesses of 3 in. (75 mm) or less and 0.2 miles (320 m) for lift thicknesses greater than 3 in. (75 mm). The density testing interval for paving less than 3 ft (1 m) wide will be 1 mile (1,600 m). If a day's paving will be less than the prescribed density testing interval, the length of the day's paving will be the interval for that day. The density testing interval for mixtures used for patching will be 50 patches with a minimum of one test per mixture per project.

If core testing is the density verification method, the Engineer will witness the Contractor coring, and secure and take possession of all density samples at the

density verification locations. The Engineer will test the cores collected by the Contractor for density according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 166 or AASHTO T 275.

If nuclear density gauge testing is the density verification method, the Engineer will conduct nuclear density gauge tests. The Engineer will follow the density testing procedure detailed in the document "Illinois Modified ASTM D 2950, Standard Test Method for Density of Bituminous Concrete In-Place by Nuclear Method".

A density verification test will be the result of a single core or the average of the nuclear density tests at one location. The results of each density test must be within acceptable limits. The Engineer will promptly notify the Contractor of observed deficiencies."

Revise the seventh paragraph and all subsequent paragraphs in Section D. of the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Initial Daily Plant and Random Samples" to read:

"Mixtures shall be sampled from the truck at the plant by the Contractor following the same procedure used to collect QC mixture samples (Section A). This process will be witnessed by the Engineer who will take custody of the verification sample. Each sample bag with a verification mixture sample will be secured by the Engineer using a locking ID tag. Sample boxes containing the verification mixture sample will be sealed/taped by the Engineer using a security ID label."



## **Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan**



Route	Marked Route	Section Number						
FAU 6206	Hobbie Avenue	15-00278-00-FP						
Project Number	County	Contract Number						
EALZ(125)	.Z(125)   Kankakee   87726							
		utant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. IEPA) for storm water discharges from construction site						
system designed to assure that qu the person or persons who manag submitted is, to the best of my kno	alified personnel properly gathered and eval e the system, or those persons directly respo							
Signature		Date						
( a to		Z-11-ZZ						
Print Name	Title	Agency						
Christopher Curtis	Mayor	City of Kankakee						
im rovements in-stream work The project scope includes	installation maintenance removal of erosio roadway reconstruction and widenin	plan. Include the number of construction stages, drainage in measures, and remanent stabilization:  g, storm sewer installation, concrete curb and ment, driveway removal and replacement and						
C. Provide the estimated duration 12 months	or this r q ect:							
D. The total area of the construction The total area of the site estimates	ated to be disturbed by excavation, grading of trages of the runoff coefficient for this project	acres. or other activities is 6.8 acres. t before and after construction activities are completed; see						
	t boundaries: include ma <sub>k</sub> unit name, slo <sub>k</sub> e	information and erosivity:						
See attached soil report.								
G. If wetlands were delineated for	this roject - royide an extent of wetland a	crea_e at the site: see Phase I re_ort:						

Wetlands/Waters of the U.S. at north end of project (Grinnel Ditch) see plans.

H. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:
None.
I. The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g., steepness of slopes, length of slopes, etc.):
See plans.
J. See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent offsite sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands), and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands.
K. Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into:
City of Kankakee
L. The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located:  City of Kankakee
M. The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. In addition, include receiving waters that are listed as Biologically Significant Streams by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR). The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans:
Grinnel Ditch, Soldier Creek, Kankakee River
<ul> <li>N. Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes (i.e., 1:3 or steeper), highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc. Include any commitments or requirements to protect adjacent wetlands.</li> <li>For any storm water discharges from construction activities within 50-feet of Waters of the U.S. (except for activities for water-dependent structures authorized by a Section 404 permit, describe: a) How a 50-foot undisturbed natural buffer will be provided between the construction activity and the Waters of the U.S. or b) How additional erosion and sediment controls will be provided within</li> </ul>
that area.
Perimeter erosion barrier will be placed between construction activities and Waters of the U.S.
O. Per the Phase I document, the following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development. Further guidance on these resources is available in Section 41-4 of the BDE Manual.
N/A
303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation.  The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment:
N/A
Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event:
SESC BMPs shall be installed per plans and specs.
Provide a description of the location(s) of direct discharge from the project site to the 303(d) water body:  N/A
Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges to the MS4 and/or water body:
Dewatering shall occur as needed, and shall occur per the IL Urban Manual.
☐ Applicable Federal, Tribal, State, or Local Programs

☐ Floodplain	
Historic Preservation	
Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sed	iment, total suspended solids, turbidity or siltation
TMDL (fill out this section if checked above)	
The name(s) of the listed water body:	
N/A	
Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that assumptions and requirements of the TMDL:	at will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the
N/A	
If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that vinecessary steps to meet that allocation:	would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the
N/A	
Threatened and Endangered Species/Illinois Natural Areas (INAI)	/Nature Preserves
Other	
Wetland	
P. The following pollutants of concern will be associated with this con-	,
	Solid Waste Debris
Concrete     Consists Curing Compounds	Solvents
Concrete Curing Compounds	Waste water from cleaning construction equipments
Concrete Truck Waste	Other (Specify)
Fertilizers / Pesticides	Other (Specify)
□ Paints      □ Patrologous (non disease elle la consegue de la cologous de	Other (Specify)
Petroleum (gas, diesel, oil, kerosene, hydraulic oil / fluids)	Other (Specify)
Soil Sediment     Soi	Other (Specify)

### II. Controls:

This section of the plan addresses the controls that will be implemented for each of the major construction activities described in Section I.C above and for all use areas, borrow sites, and waste sites. For each measure discussed, the Contractor will be responsible for its implementation as indicated. The Contractor shall provide to the Resident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measures indicated. The Contractor, and subcontractors, will notify the Resident Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or modifications to keep construction activities compliant with the Permit ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required certification on forms which are attached to, and are a part of, this plan:

A. Erosion and Sediment Controls: At a minimum, controls must be coordinated, installed and maintained to:

- 1. Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity;
- 2. Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
- Maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct storm water to vegetated areas to increase sediment removal and maximize storm water infiltration, unless infeasible;
- 4. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.

;	scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practices, mulching, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strips, appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II.B.1 and II construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased,	erim and permanent stabilization practices, including site- specific will ensure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and actices may include but are not limited to: temporary seeding, permanent is, protection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other II.B.2, stabilization measures shall be initiated <b>immediately</b> where than one (1) day after the construction activity in all disturbed portions of the site where construction will not occur for a								
	<ol> <li>Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded by practicable.</li> </ol>	y snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as								
4	<ol><li>On areas where construction activity has temporarily ceased method can be used.</li></ol>	I and will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization								
	The following stabilization practices will be used for this projection	ect:								
		Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7)								
	Geotextiles	Temporary Mulching								
	□ Permanent Seeding	☐ Vegetated Buffer Strips								
	☐ Preservation of Mature Seeding	Other (Specify)								
		Other (Specify)								
	Sodding	Other (Specify)								
		Other (Specify)								
	shiporary erosion control seeding shall be placed if c									
	excribe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized	d after construction activities have been completed:								
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	d after construction activities have been completed:								
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Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized during construction:
See the Erosion Control and Landscaping Plans.
Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:
All temporary structural practices except concrete revetment mats will be removed. Concrete revetment mat will be permanently used at the proposed outfall to Grinnel Ditch.
D. Treatment Chemicals
Will polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals be utilized on this project:   Yes   No
If yes above, identify where and how polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals will be utilized on this project.
E. Permanent (i.e., Post-Construction) Storm Water Management Controls: Provided below is a description of measures that will be installed during the construction process to control volume and pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.
1. Such practices may include but are not limited to: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention structures, flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential systems (which combine several practices).
The practices selected for implementation were determined based on the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT BDE Manual. If practices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below.

2. Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g., maintenance of hydrologic conditions such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities).

Description of permanent storm water management controls:

N/A

F. Approved State or Local Laws: The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the IEPA's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

USACE, USEPA, and IEPA

- G. Contractor Required Submittals: Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342A.
- 1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:
  - Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project
  - Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
  - Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
  - Mobilization time-frame
  - Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
  - Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
  - Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized cons

- Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
- Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
- Major planned stockpiling operation
- Time frame for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges as dewatering, grinding, etc
  - Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
- 2. During the pre-construction meeting, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:
  - Temporary Ditch Checks Identify what type and the source of Temporary Ditch Checks that will be installed as part of the project. The installation details will then be included with the SWPPP.
  - · Vehicle Entrances and Exits Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
  - Material Delivery, Storage and Use Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
  - Stockpile Management Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
  - Waste Disposal Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
  - Spill Prevention and Control Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.)
  - · Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
  - Litter Management Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.).
  - Vehicle and Equipment Fueling Identify equipment fueling locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
  - · Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
  - Dewatering Activities Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
  - Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
  - · Additional measures indicated in the plan.

#### III. Maintenance:

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides (e.g., IDOT Erosion and Sediment Control Field Guide) to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. Describe how all items will be checked for structural integrity, sediment accumulation and functionality. Any damage or undermining shall be repaired immediately. Provide specifics on how repairs will be made. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's specifications.

Action items noted in routine and post-storm NPDES reports shall be repaired within 7 days of discovery.

### IV. Inspections:

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site including Borrow, Waste, and Use Areas, which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report, BC 2259. Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

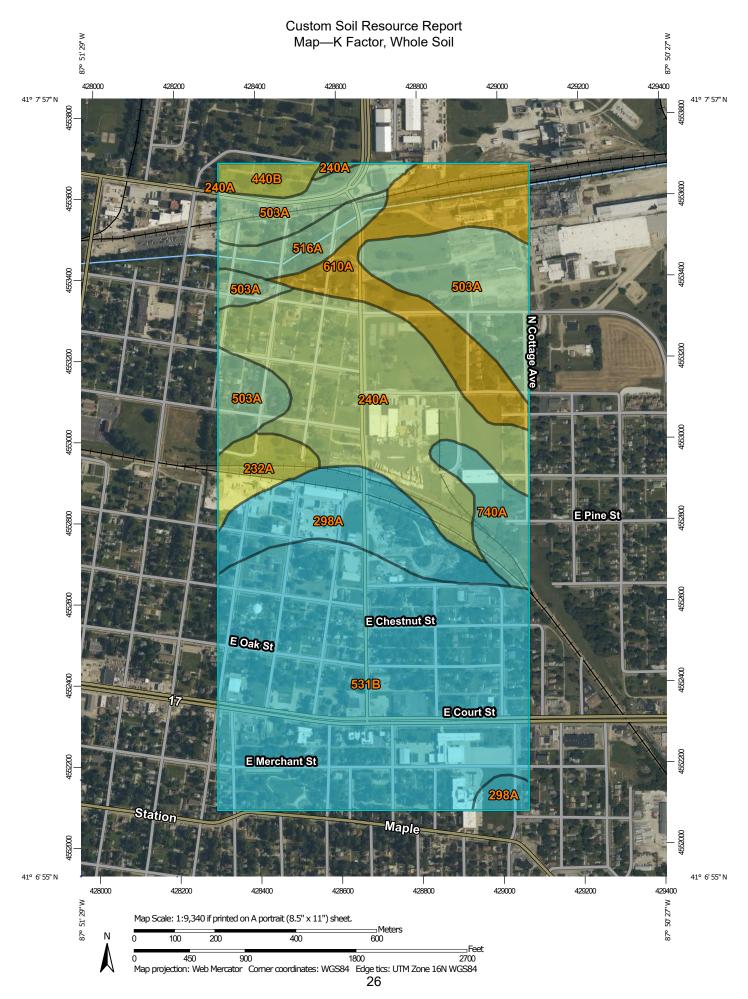
If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by email at: <a href="mailto:epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov">epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov</a>, telephone or fax

within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the Permit ILR10.

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
Attn: Compliance Assurance Section
1021 North Grand East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

## V. Failure to Comply:

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the Contractor.



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MAP INFORMATION	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at	T.T., uuu.	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map	measurements.		Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)		Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the	accurate calculations of distance or area are required.		This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.		Soil Survey Area: Kankakee County, Illinois Survey Area Data: Version 18. Aug 31. 2021		Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.		Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 3, 2019—Aug 24, 2019		The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background	imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor	shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.				
	Streams and Canals	Transportation	+++ Rails	Interstate Highways		27	Major Roads	Local Roads	Background																		
MAP LEGEND	. 24	r v .28	32		)E. 40%	.43	49. موردمر	.55	.64	Not rated or not available	Soil Rating Points	.02	.05	.10	.15	.17	.20	.24	.28	.32	.37	.43	64.	.55	.64	Not rated or not available	Water Features
	Area of Interest (AOI)	Area of Interest (AOI)	Soils	Soil Rating Polygons	.02	.05	,10	51.	£:	.20	Soi	78	! <sup>8</sup>	<u> </u>	ў. 8 <del>.</del>	4	55	<b>79</b> .	Not rated or not available	Soil Rating Lines	.02	. OS	.10	. 15	71. * *	.20	Wate

Table—K Factor, Whole Soil

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI			
232A	Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	.20	7.7	2.5%			
240A	Plattville silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	.24	56.8	18.6%			
298A	Beecher silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	.37	28.2	9.3%			
440B	Jasper loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	.20	4.5	1.5%			
503A	Rockton silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	.28	43.8	14.4%			
516A	Faxon silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	.28	8.7	2.9%			
531B	Markham silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	.37	113.8	37.3%			
610A	Tallmadge sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	.15	31.0	10.2%			
740A	Darroch silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	.32	10.3	3.4%			
Totals for Area of Inter	est		304.9	100.0%			

# Rating Options—K Factor, Whole Soil

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Layer Options (Horizon Aggregation Method): Surface Layer (Not applicable)

# References

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# **ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

1021 North Grand Avenue East, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276 · (217) 782-3397

JB PRITZKER, GOVERNOR

JOHN J. KIM, DIRECTOR

Project/Site: Route FAU 6206 Hobbie Avenue Section No. 15-00278-00-FP, Kankakee, IL, Kankakee County NPDES Permit No: ILR10ZBA5

#### 02/10/2022

We have reviewed your application requesting coverage for Route FAU 6206 Hobbie Avenue Section No. 15-00278-00-FP located at Hobbie Avenue and E Willow Street, Kankakee, IL 60901, and determined that storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from construction sites are appropriately covered by the General NPDES Permit issued by the Agency. Your discharge is covered by this permit effective as of the date of this letter. A copy of the NOI submission can be downloaded at this link: <a href="https://npdes-ereporting.epa.gov/net-cgp/api/public/v1/form/1447846/attachment/zip">https://npdes-ereporting.epa.gov/net-cgp/api/public/v1/form/1447846/attachment/zip</a>.

The Permit includes special conditions regarding the application, Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan and reporting requirements. Failure to meet any portion of the Permit could result in civil and/or criminal penalties. The Agency is ready and willing to assist you in interpreting any of the conditions of the Permit as they relate specifically to your discharge.

As a Permit Holder, it is your responsibility to:

- 1. Submit a modified Notice of Intent of any substantial modification to the project such as address changes, new contractors, area coverage, or additional discharges to Waters of the United States within 30 days.
- 2. Submit a Notice of Termination once the site has completed final stabilization and all storm water discharges from construction activities that are authorized by this Permit are eliminated.

Please reference your permit number ILR10ZBA5 in all future correspondence. Should you have any questions concerning the Permit, please contact the Permit Section at (217) 782-0610.

Sincerely,

Darin E. LeCrone Manager, Permit Section

Division of Water Pollution Control

Link to: General NPDES Permit No. ILR10

cc:

2125 S. First Street, Champaign, IL 61820 (217) 278-5800 2009 Mall Street Collinsville, IL 62234 (618) 346-5120 9511 Harrison Street, Des Plaines, IL 60016 (847) 294-4000 595 S. State Street, Elgin, IL 60123 (847) 608-3131 2309 W. Main Street, Suite 116, Marion, IL 62959 (618) 993-7200 412 SW Washington Street, Suite D, Peoria, IL 61602 (309) 671-3022 4302 N. Main Street, Rockford, IL 61103 (815) 987-7760

PLEASE PRINT ON RECYCLED PAPER

# BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2006 | Revised: August 1, 2017

<u>Description.</u> Bituminous material cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or credit to the Department, for fluctuations in the cost of bituminous materials when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract.

The adjustments shall apply to permanent and temporary hot-mix asphalt (HMA) mixtures, bituminous surface treatments (cover and seal coats), and preventative maintenance type surface treatments that are part of the original proposed construction, or added as extra work and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply to bituminous prime coats, tack coats, crack filling/sealing, joint filling/sealing, or extra work paid for at a lump sum price or by force account.

Method of Adjustment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

 $CA = (BPI_P - BPI_I) \times (\%AC_V / 100) \times Q$ 

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$.

BPI<sub>P</sub> = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).

BPI<sub>L</sub> = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).

 $^{\circ}$ AC $_{V}$  = Percent of virgin Asphalt Cement in the Quantity being adjusted. For HMA mixtures, the  $^{\circ}$ AC $_{V}$  will be determined from the adjusted job mix formula. For bituminous materials applied, a performance graded or cutback asphalt will be considered to be 100% AC $_{V}$  and undiluted emulsified asphalt will be considered to be 65% AC $_{V}$ .

Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) (see below).

For HMA mixtures measured in square yards: Q, tons = A x D x ( $G_{mb}$  x 46.8) / 2000. For HMA mixtures measured in square meters: Q, metric tons = A x D x ( $G_{mb}$  x 1) / 1000. When computing adjustments for full-depth HMA pavement, separate calculations will be made for the binder and surface courses to account for their different  $G_{mb}$  and %  $AC_{V.}$ 

For bituminous materials measured in gallons: Q, tons =  $V \times 8.33$  lb/gal x SG / 2000 For bituminous materials measured in liters: Q, metric tons =  $V \times 1.0$  kg/L x SG / 1000

Where: A = Area of the HMA mixture, sq yd (sq m).

D = Depth of the HMA mixture, in. (mm).

 $G_{mb}$  = Average bulk specific gravity of the mixture, from the approved mix design.

V = Volume of the bituminous material, gal (L).

SG = Specific Gravity of bituminous material as shown on the bill of lading.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> Bituminous materials cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the BPI<sub>L</sub> and BPI<sub>P</sub> in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference =  $\{(BPI_L - BPI_P) \div BPI_L\} \times 100$ 

Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable bituminous material is placed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the work placed during the month are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

80173

# **BLENDED FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS (BDE)**

Effective: April 1, 2021

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1010.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Different sources or types of finely divided minerals shall not be mixed or used alternately in the same item of construction, except as a blended finely divided mineral product according to Article 1010.06."

Add the following article to Section 1010 of the Standard Specifications:

"1010.06 Blended Finely Divided Minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be the product resulting from the blending or intergrinding of two or three finely divided minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be according to ASTM C 1697, except as follows.

- (a) Blending shall be accomplished by mechanically or pneumatically intermixing the constituent finely divided minerals into a uniform mixture that is then discharged into a silo for storage or tanker for transportation.
- (b) The blended finely divided mineral product will be classified according to its predominant constituent or the manufacturer's designation and shall meet the chemical requirements of its classification. The other finely divided mineral constituent(s) will not be required to conform to their individual standards."

80436

## **COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)**

Effective: June 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
  - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
  - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
  - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
  - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.
    - Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).
  - (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the

Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
  - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
  - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
  - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
  - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
  - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
  - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead

other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay					
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.					
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.					

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
  - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and

	One Clerk
	One Project Manager,
Over \$50,000,000	Two Project Superintendents,
Over \$30,000,000	One Engineer, and
	One Clerk

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

80384

## CONCRETE END SECTIONS FOR PIPE CULVERTS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2013 Revised: April 1, 2016

<u>Description.</u> This work shall consist of constructing cast-in-place concrete and precast concrete end sections for pipe culverts. These end sections are shown on the plans as Highway Standard 542001 or 542011. This work shall be according to Section 542 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

<u>Materials.</u> Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Division 1000 – Materials of the Standard Specifications.

ltem	Article/Section
(a) Portland Cement Concrete (Note 1)	1020
(b) Precast Concrete End Sections (Note 2)	
(c) Coarse Aggregate (Note 3)	1004.05
(d) Structural Steel (Note 4)	1006.04
(e) Anchor Bolts and Rods (Note 5)	
(f) Reinforcement Bars	1006.10(a)
(g) Nonshrink Grout	1024.02
(h) Chemical Adhesive Resin System	
(i) Mastic Joint Sealer for Pipe	
(j) Hand Hole Plugs	

- Note 1. Cast-in-place concrete end sections shall be Class SI, except the 14 day mix design shall have a compressive strength of 5000 psi (34,500 kPa) or a flexural strength of (800 psi) 5500 kPa and a minimum cement factor of 6.65 cwt/cu yd (395 kg/cu m).
- Note 2. Precast concrete end sections shall be according to Articles 1042.02 and 1042.03(b)(c)(d)(e) of the Standard Specifications. The concrete shall be Class PC according to Section 1020, and shall have a minimum compressive strength of 5000 psi (34,000 kPa) at 28 days.

Joints between precast sections shall be produced with reinforced tongue and groove ends according to the requirements of ASTM C 1577.

- Note 3. The granular bedding placed below a precast concrete end section shall be gradation CA 6, CA 9, CA 10, CA 12, CA 17, CA 18, or CA 19.
- Note 4. All components of the culvert tie detail shall be galvanized according to the requirements of AASHTO M 111 or M 232 as applicable.
- Note 5. The anchor rods for the culvert ties shall be according to the requirements of ASTM F 1554, Grade 105 (Grade 725).

## CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

The concrete end sections may be precast or cast-in-place construction. Toe walls shall be either precast or cast-in-place, and shall be in proper position and backfilled according to the applicable paragraphs of Article 502.10 of the Standard Specifications prior to the installation of the concrete end sections. If soil conditions permit, cast-in-place toe walls may be poured directly against the soil. When poured directly against the soil, the clear cover of the sides and bottom of the toe wall shall be increased to 3 in. (75 mm) by increasing the thickness of the toe wall.

- (a) Cast-In-Place Concrete End Sections. Cast-in-place concrete end sections shall be constructed according to the requirements of Section 503 of the Standard Specifications and as shown on the plans.
- (b) Precast Concrete End Sections. When the concrete end sections will be precast, shop drawings detailing the slab thickness and reinforcement layout shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval.

The excavation and backfilling for precast concrete end sections shall be according to the requirements of Section 502 of the Standard Specifications, except a layer of granular bedding at least 6 in. (150 mm) in thickness shall be placed below the elevation of the bottom of the end section. The granular bedding shall extend a minimum of 2 ft (600 mm) beyond each side of the end section.

Anchor rods connecting precast sections shall be brought to a snug tight condition followed by an additional 2/3 turn on one of the nuts. Match marks shall be provided on the bolt and nut to verify relative rotation between the bolt and the nut.

When individual, precast end sections are placed side-by-side for a multi-pipe culvert installation, a 3 in. (75 mm) space shall be left between adjacent end section walls and the space(s) filled with Class SI concrete.

<u>Method of Measurement.</u> This work will be measured for payment as each, with each end of each culvert being one each.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for CONCRETE END SECTION, STANDARD 542001 or CONCRETE END SECTION, 542011, of the pipe diameter and slope specified.

80311

# **DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)**

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: March 2, 2019

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 12.00 % of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.
  - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
  - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
  - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the

bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.

(c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.

- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
  - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
  - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
  - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
  - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
  - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at <u>DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov</u>.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
  - (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
  - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
  - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.

(e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness:
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.

- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.
  - When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.
- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be

made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

(h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

80029

# GREEN PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2021 Revised: January 1, 2022

Revise the following in Table 1 of Article 780.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"SYMBOLS 1/		
Symbol	Large Size sq ft (sq m)	Small Size sq ft (sq m)
Through Arrow	11.5 (1.07)	6.5 (0.60)
Left or Right Arrow	15.6 (1.47)	8.8 (0.82)
2 Arrow Combination Left (or Right) and Through	26.0 (2.42)	14.7 (1.37)
3 Arrow Combination Left, Right, and Through	38.4 (3.56)	20.9 (1.94)
Lane Drop Arrow	41.5 (3.86)	
Wrong Way Arrow	24.3 (2.26)	
Railroad "R" 6 ft (1.8 m)	3.6 (0.33)	
Railroad "X" 20 ft (6.1 m)	54.0 (5.02)	
International Symbol of Accessibility	3.1 (0.29)	
Bike Symbol	4.7 (0.44)	
Shared Lane Symbol	8.0 (0.74)	
Intersection Bicycle Box 2/	variable sizes	
Two-Stage Bicycle Turn Box 2/	variable sizes	

- 1/ Table applies to all types of pavement marking materials, except intersection bicycle box and two-stage bicycle turn box which are limited to preformed thermoplastic.
- 2/ The cost of symbols appearing in the box are included in the overall square area of the box."

Add the following paragraph to the end of Article 1095.01(a)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

"The pigments used for the green thermoplastic compound shall not contain any hazardous materials listed in the Environmental Protection Agency Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 40, Section 261.24, Table 1. The combined total of RCRA listed heavy metals shall not exceed 100 ppm when tested by X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy. The pigments shall also be heat resistant, UV stable, and color-fast greens. The pigment shall be uniformly distributed throughout the thermoplastic compound."

Add the following to Article 1095.01(b)(1)e. of the Standard Specifications:

"Green ** D	aylight Reflectance	15 % min.
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\*\* Shall meet the coordinates of the following color tolerance chart.

Х	0.230	0.266	0.367	0.444
У	0.754	0.460	0.480	0.583"

# **HOT-MIX ASPHALT (BDE)**

Effective: January 1, 2022 Revised: August 1, 2022

Replace Article 1030.09(g)(1) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"(1) The Contractor shall sample approximately 150 lb (70 kg) of mix as required for the Department's random mixture verification tests according to Article 1030.09(h)(1)."

Replace the second sentence of Article 1030.09(h)(1) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"The Engineer will randomly identify one sample for each 3,000 tons (2,720 metric tons) of mix, with a minimum of one sample per mix. If the remaining mix quantity is 600 tons (544 metric tons) or less, the quantity will be combined with the previous 3,000 tons (2,720 metric tons) in the Engineer's random sample identification. If the required tonnage of a mixture for a single pay item is less than 250 tons (225 metric tons) in total, the Engineer will waive mixture verification tests."

Add the following to the end of the third paragraph of Article 1030.09(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

"The HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity ( $G_{mm}$ ) will be based on the Department mixture verification test. If there is more than one Department mixture verification  $G_{mm}$  test, the  $G_{mm}$  will be based on the average of the Department test results."

Add the following paragraph between the third and four paragraphs of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications:

"When a test strip is not required, each HMA mixture with a quantity of 3,000 tons (2,750 metric tons) or more shall still be sampled on the first day of production: I-FIT and Hamburg wheel testing for High ESAL; I-FIT testing for Low ESAL. Within two working days after sampling the mixture, the Contractor shall deliver gyratory cylinders to the District laboratory for Department verification testing. The High ESAL mixture test results shall meet the requirements of Articles 1030.05(d)(3) and 1030.05(d)(4). The Low ESAL mixture test results shall meet the requirements of Article 1030.05(d)(4)."

## PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE - HAUL TIME (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2020

Revise Article 1020.11(a)(7) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(7) Haul Time. Haul time shall begin when the delivery ticket is stamped. The delivery ticket shall be stamped no later than five minutes after the addition of the mixing water to the cement, or after the addition of the cement to the aggregate when the combined aggregates contain free moisture in excess of two percent by weight (mass). If more than one batch is required for charging a truck using a stationary mixer, the time of haul shall start with mixing of the first batch. Haul time shall end when the truck is emptied for incorporation of the concrete into the work. The maximum haul time shall be as follows.

Concrete Temperature at Point of Discharge,	Maximum Haul Time <sup>1/</sup> (minutes)	
°F (°C)	Truck Mixer or Truck Agitator	Nonagitator Truck
50 - 64 (10 - 17.5)	90	45
> 64 (> 17.5) - without retarder	60	30
> 64 (> 17.5) - with retarder	90	45

<sup>1/</sup> To encourage start-up testing for mix adjustments at the plant, the first two trucks will be allowed an additional 15 minutes haul time whenever such testing is performed.

For a mixture which is not mixed on the jobsite, a delivery ticket shall be required for each load. The following information shall be recorded on each delivery ticket: (1) ticket number; (2) name of producer and plant location; (3) contract number; (4) name of Contractor; (5) stamped date and time batched; (6) truck number; (7) quantity batched; (8) amount of admixture(s) in the batch; (9) amount of water in the batch; and (10) Department mix design number.

For concrete mixed in jobsite stationary mixers, the above delivery ticket may be waived, but a method of verifying the haul time shall be established to the satisfaction of the Engineer."

City of Kankakee Hobbie Avenue Section No. 15-00278-00-FP Contract No. 87726

# RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE (BDE)

(Effective December 1, 1986; Revised January 1, 2022)

<u>Description</u>. Railroad Protective Liability and Property Damage Liability Insurance shall be carried according to Article 107.11 of the Standard Specifications. A separate policy is required for each railroad unless otherwise noted.

NAMED INCLIDED & ADDDECC	NUMBER & SPEED OF	NUMBER & SPEED OF
NAMED INSURED & ADDRESS	PASSENGER TRAINS	FREIGHT TRAINS
"Norfolk Southern Corporation and its subsidaries" Pennsylvania Lines LLC 3 Commercial Place Norfolk, VA 23510-2191		2 - 4 freights per day at 45 MPH

Class 1 RR (Y or N): Y

DOT/AAR No.: 534 387 H RR Mile Post: KS-100.25 RR Division: Dearborn RR Sub-Division: Ft Wayne

For Freight/Passenger Information Contact: Brian Taylor Phone: 404-582-5588

George.taylor3@nscorp.com

For Insurance Information Contact: Gregory G. Kildare Phone: 757-664-5022

gregory.kildare@nscorp.com

Kankakee, Beaverville & Southern Railroad Company 2 trains per month 2347 North US Route 52 at 10 MPH

Iroquois, IL 60945

Class 1 RR (Y or N): N DOT/AAR No.: 800 322 O

RR Division: KBSR-SYSTEM RR Sub-Division: S. W. EAST

For Freight/Passenger Information Contact: Tyler Stroo Phone: 815-486-7260

RR Mile Post: 248.49

tcstroo@kbsrailroad.com

For Insurance Information Contact: Tyler Stroo Phone: 815-486-7260

tcstroo@kbsrailroad.com

Kankakee, Beaverville & Southern Railroad Company 2 trains per month 2347 North US Route 52 at 10 MPH

2347 North US Route 52 Iroquois, IL 60945

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City of Kankakee Hobbie Avenue Section No. 15-00278-00-FP Contract No. 87726

Class 1 RR (Y or N): N

DOT/AAR No.: 533 143 V RR Mile Post: 248.47

RR Division: KBSR-SYSTEM RR Sub-Division: S. W. EAST

For Freight/Passenger Information Contact: Tyler Stroo Phone: 815-486-7260

tcstroo@kbsrailroad.com

For Insurance Information Contact: Tyler Stroo Phone: 815-486-7260

tcstroo@kbsrailroad.com

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. Providing Railroad Protective Liability and Property Damage Liability Insurance will be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE.

# SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting. The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

# **SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)**

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%"

# TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISIONS (BDE)

Effective: October 15, 1975 Revised: September 2, 2021

This Training Special Provision supersedes Section 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities," and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

As part of the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided as follows:

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman in the type of trade or job classification involved. The number of trainees to be trained under this contract will be 2. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, it shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The Contractor shall also ensure that this Training Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the Contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within the reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Illinois Department of Transportation for approval the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and training program to be used. Furthermore, the Contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. The Contractor will be credited for each trainee it employs on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g. by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps it has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he or she has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he or she has been employed as a journeyman. The Contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the Contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the Contractor and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. The Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program, if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the Contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved by not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather than clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., Training in the laborer where the training is oriented toward construction applications. classification may be permitted provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. Some offsite training is permissible as long as the training is an integral part of an approved training program and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Except as otherwise noted below, the Contractor will be reimbursed 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the Engineer, reimbursement will be made for training of persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the Contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for offsite training indicated above may only be made to the Contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training, provides the instruction to the trainee or pays the trainee's wages during the offsite training period.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if either the failure to provide the required training, or the failure to hire the trainee as a journeyman, is caused by the Contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor in meeting the requirement of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin his training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program.

It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A Contractor will have fulfilled his responsibilities under this Training Special Provision if he has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The Contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program he will follow in providing the training. The Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily complete.

The Contractor shall provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting its performance under this Training Special Provision.

For contracts with an awarded contract value of \$500,000 or more, the Contractor is required to comply with the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative (30 ILCS 559/20-20 to 20-25) and all applicable administrative rules to the extent permitted by Section 20-20(g). For federally funded projects, the number of trainees to be trained under this contract, as stated in the Training Special Provisions, will be the established goal for the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative 30 ILCS 559/20-20(g). The Contractor shall make a good faith effort to meet this goal. For federally funded projects, the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative will be implemented using the FHWA approved OJT procedures. The Contractor must comply with the recordkeeping and reporting obligations of the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative for the life of the project, including the certification as to whether the trainee/apprentice labor hour goals were met.

Method of Measurement. The unit of measurement is in hours.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of 80 cents per hour for TRAINEES. The estimated total number of hours, unit price, and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

# WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

# WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(q) Temporary Sign Supports ......1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact

attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

- "(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.
- (k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.
  - Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.
- (I) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

# WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 160 working days.

#### REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

#### I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The designbuilder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).
- II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women

- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

#### 6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

#### 10. Assurances Required:

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
  - (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
  - (2) Assessing sanctions;
  - (3) Liquidated damages, and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.
- c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
  - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
  - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

#### **III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

#### IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA- 1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

#### 1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
  - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
  - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

- (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

## 2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally- assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics.

including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

#### 3. Payrolls and basic records (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency.
  - (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or

subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

- (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;
- (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3;
- (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

#### 4. Apprentices and trainees (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State

Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the

corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
  - d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **9. Disputes concerning labor standards.** As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor

set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

#### 10. Certification of eligibility (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code,  $18\,U.S.C.\,1001.$

# V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)\* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.
- \* \$27 as of January 23, 2019 (See 84 FR 213-01, 218) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor; pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990).

- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 2 of this section.
- 4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.

#### VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees:
  - (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or

- equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.
- 2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).
- 5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

#### **VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance

with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

# VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal- aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

#### 18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

# IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.326.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders

or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.326.

# X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more — as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

#### 1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant

who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<a href="https://www.sam.gov/">https://www.sam.gov/</a>). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).
- (5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

## 3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is

submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<a href="https://www.sam.gov/">https://www.sam.gov/</a>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

- (a) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;
- (b) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (c) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)
- Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

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# XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier

subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

#### XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

- 1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.
- 2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

# Contract Provision - Cargo Preference Requirements

In accordance with Title 46 CFR § 381.7 (b), the contractor agrees—

- "(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.
- (2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.
- (3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."

Provisions (1) and (2) apply to materials or equipment that are acquired solely for the project. The two provisions do not apply to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of the project, such as shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, when industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories.