# STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT BOX CULVERT IL 173 McHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS

**Structure No. 056-0202** 

10/14/2022

#### **Prepared for:**

Bowman Consulting Group Ltd.

1001 Warrenville Road, Ste. 110

Lisle, Illinois 60532

#### Prepared by:

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www.interraservices.com



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**Appendix B –** Laboratory Test Reports

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# STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT BOX CULVERT IL 173 McHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Interra, Inc. (INTERRA) was tasked by Bowman Consulting Group Ltd. based in Lisle, Illinois to conduct subsurface soil investigation and prepare the Structural Geotechnical Report (SGR) for the improvement of culvert structure located under IL 173. The proposed improvement consists of removal headwall, wingwalls and approximately four feet of existing culvert at both ends. The culvert sections will be replaced and extended by a few additional feet including new cantilever wingwalls and headwalls.

#### 2.0 PROJECT SCOPE

INTERRA's scope of work included drilling two (2) structure geotechnical borings to a depth of 30 feet each; performing associated laboratory tests on collected soil samples; preparation of Structure Geotechnical Report in accordance with IDOT Geotechnical Manual 2020.

#### 3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The project section is located in Alden Township, McHenry County and defined as Section 31 T46N, R6E Third Meridian. The subject area is located on IL 173, approximately 4350 feet east of Harvard Hills Rd. The surface elevations of the boreholes are between 964.6 feet and 964.7 feet. The invert elevation of the Box Culvert structure is at approximately 956.2 feet.

#### 3.1 Mining Activity

From the Illinois State Geological Survey (ISGS, 2021), McHenry County is not identified as coal producing area. Therefore, no past coal mining activities may have taken place at the project site.



#### 3.2 Seismic Considerations

USGS National Seismic Hazard Maps (AASHTO LRFD, Figure 3.10.2.1-1) indicate a Peak Ground Acceleration (PGA) of 3.2% of gravity, with a 7% probability of exceedance in 75 years. The project area has no active, major faults (Kolata, 2005).

#### 4.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The locations of the borings are presented in the Borehole Location Plan in Appendix A. The Boreholes are as marked in the field by INTERRA. Prior to drilling, the drilling subcontractor Geocon Professional Services (GEOCON) contacted the local one-call utility clearance service (JULIE) to clear underground utilities. The borings were drilled with a truck mounted drill rig Diedrich D-50. INTERRA's engineer was present during the drilling to collect and log the soil samples. The borings were drilled, and samples were collected in general accordance with the guidelines in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual. sampling was performed per AASHTO T-206, "Penetration Test and Split Barrel Sampling of Soils". Soil sampling was performed at 2.5-foot intervals up to a depth of 30 feet. The soil samples were taken in conjunction with the Standard Penetration Test where a driving resistance to a standard 2" split-spoon samples indicate relative density of granular materials and consistency of cohesive soils. Soil specimens from the borings were visually identified in accordance with the AASHTO and IDOT textural classification systems. Also, unconfined compressive strength tests were performed on cohesive samples using an Illinois modified RIMAC tester. Cohesive samples that could not be tested with a RIMAC tester were tested with a pocket penetrometer to estimate the unconfined compressive strength. Shelby tube samples were also collected at selected boring locations for performing laboratory tests. Water level readings were taken during drilling and immediately after drilling.

#### 5.0 LABORATORY TESTING

All laboratory testing was performed in accordance with IDOT and/or AASHTO standard methods for testing. Moisture content tests (AASHTO T 265) were performed for all soil samples. Shelby Tube samples were tested for Unconfined Compressive Strength (ASTM

D 2166), Grainsize Analysis (AASHTO T 88) and Atterberg Limits (AASHTO T 89, 90). Laboratory test reports are presented in Appendix B.

Soil boring logs indicating the blow counts, moisture content and soil description have been prepared and included in Appendix A of this report.

#### 6.0 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Boring IL-173-BCB-01 encountered 4.0 inches of asphalt and 7.0 inches of stones at the surface. This was underlain by stiff to soft sandy clay loam up to 5.5 feet. Below this was loose sandy loam up to 8.0 feet and medium stiff clay loam up to 10.5 feet. This was underlain by medium stiff sandy clay loam up to 13.0 feet. Medium dense sand was encountered between 13.0 feet and 23.0 feet. This was underlain by dense sandy loam up to 25.5 feet and stiff clay up to 28.0 feet. Stiff sandy loam was encountered between 28.0 feet. Boring was terminated at 30.0 feet.

Boring IL-173-BCB-02 encountered 4.0 inches of asphalt and 6.0 inches of stones at the surface. This was underlain by medium stiff sandy clay loam up to 3.0 feet, followed by very loose to medium dense sandy loam up to 10.5 feet. Below this was medium dense to dense sand and gravel up to 23.0 feet. This was underlain by stiff clay, up to 28.0 feet. Very stiff loam was encountered between 28.0 and 30.0 feet. Boring was terminated at 30.0 feet.

For detailed stratification, please refer to boring logs presented as Appendix A.

#### **Groundwater Information**

Groundwater elevations were recorded during drilling and immediately after drilling at both boring locations. Boring IL-173-BCB-01 encountered ground water at 18.5 feet depth during drilling and at 29.0 feet at end of drilling. Boring IL-173-BCB-02 encountered ground water at 18.5 feet depth during drilling and at 28.5 feet at end of drilling. Since the boreholes were backfilled immediately after drilling, the water levels reported may not represent the long-term groundwater levels. Changes in water levels should be expected

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due to seasonal variations and precipitation.

#### 7.0 ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are developed based on the field investigation and laboratory testing, project information provided to INTERRA, IDOT Culvert Manual, Standard Specifications and the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2020.

It is our understanding that the headwalls, wingwalls and approximately a four-foot section on the north and south ends of the existing box culvert will be removed and replaced with new culvert longer by a few additional feet, a new head wall and new horizontal cantilever wingwalls. We also understand that the replacement culvert will be the minimum length of 6 feet or half the length of the wingwalls.

#### BEARING CAPACITY AND SETTLEMENT

Design loads for the proposed construction were not provided. However, for analyses purposes, it is estimated that the approximate bearing pressure applied to the foundation soils will be less 1500 psf at an approximate depth of 10 feet below the existing roadway grade. Foundation soils at this elevation consist of medium clay loam and sandy clay loam at the south end of the culvert medium dense sandy loam and sand at the north end of the culvert. We recommend a two-foot undercut at the south end and no undercuts at the north end. Unsuitable soil shall be replaced with rockfill in accordance with the following paragraph. Foundation soils can be designed for a factored bearing resistance of 3000psf, which includes an LRFD Resistance Factor of 0.45. Although the roadway grade will not be changing, some additional fill is anticipated on the replacement sections. Settlements are expected to be no greater than one (1) inch due to minimal additional fill.

However, if during construction additional unsuitable soils are encountered, the engineer should be contacted to determine the lateral and vertical extent of undercuts needed. The unsuitable soils will need to be removed and replaced with suitable material. We recommend undercutting unsuitable soils and replacing with Rockfill. A woven geotextile

Interra Project No. 9244 Page 4

fabric should be used below the aggregate improvement for ground stabilization (IDOT Section 1080.02). The aggregate shall be capped with six inches of CA7 and satisfy the Standard Specifications unless otherwise indicated in the Special Provisions. If the foundation soils become unstable due to construction equipment loadings during excavation or construction, a working platform may be needed. The need for such platform is dependent on the type, thickness and strength of the soils encountered, the method of water diversion selected by the Contractor, precipitation, construction sequence, and the time of the year the box culvert is constructed. The Engineer should make the determination that a working platform is required during excavation based on the field conditions.

#### **WINGWALLS**

Plans indicate that existing wingwalls are horizontal. IDOT Culvert Manual requires that a portion of the barrel equal to the minimum of half the wingwall length or six (6) feet shall be poured monolithically with the wingwalls. Horizontal cantilever wingwalls are proposed.

The Wing walls at the box culvert should be designed for the lateral earth pressures and lateral pressures from live loads. In accordance with the culvert manual, Table 4.1.1.2-1, the earth pressure in horizontal (P<sub>H</sub>) is estimated to be 65 psf for a horizontal cantilever wingwall. Live load surcharge from traffic and other surcharges can be estimated using a surcharge equivalent to 2 feet of soil for wingwalls. IDOT Standard Specifications and details should be followed for drains and limits of free draining material behind the wall.

#### STABILITY ANALYSES

Global slope stability analyses were conducted for the critical cross-section assuming wall height of 15 feet and a 3H:1V backfill. The LRFD resistance factor considered is 0.65, which is equivalent to slope stability factor of safety of 1.54. Slope stability analyses were conducted using SLIDE V7.0. Analyses indicated that the global slope stability factor of safety exceeded the minimum required value of 1.54 for both short and long-term loading conditions. Appendix C contains the results of the slope stability analyses.



#### **CHANNEL PROTECTION**

Channel protection at culvert outlets can be achieved by providing a riprapped transition or apron from the culvert outlet to the natural channel. The riprap should have bedding and/or filter fabric under it and should be of sufficient size and depth for the anticipated flow. A length of protection of three times the anticipated velocity in feet per second is commonly used as a rule of thumb.

#### SCOUR

As per All Bridge Designers Memo 14.2, design scour elevations for box culverts are no longer needed.

#### 8.0 CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

The contractor can consider temporary ditches, sumps, granular drainage blankets and other methods to control surface water infiltration and ground water and provide a dry condition for construction.

The proposed construction will be in stages and Temporary Soil Retention System (TSRS) may be required to facilitate the removal of the existing wingwalls and construction of the new headwall and wingwalls. It is anticipated that temporary shoring will be required during the stage construction. Temporary shoring is feasible using simple cantilevered temporary sheet piling. Table 1 lists suggested lateral earth pressure and soil resistance parameters. All excavations must be performed in accordance with local and federal regulations.

Table 1 - Recommended Soil Parameters for Temporary Soil Retention Systems

Elevation			Shear	Friction	Coulomb	At-	Passive	Soil	Epsilon
(Depth below	Soil Type	Saturated	Strength	Angle	Active	Rest	Earth	Modulu	50
Proposed	Jon Type	Saturateu	(psf)	(deg)		Earth		IVIOGGIG	
roadway								S,	Strain

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surface) Ref boring BCB-01		Unit Weight (pcf)	Undrained	Drained	Undrained	Drained	Earth Pr. Coeff, Ka	Pr. Coeff, K <sub>0</sub>	Pr. Coeff., Kp	k (pci)	
0'-8'	Loose Sandy Loam	115	-	-	-	25	0.36	0.58	2.46	25	-
8'-13'	Medium Stiff Cohesive Soil	120	750	50	-	26	0.36	0.56	2.56	100	0.009
13'-25'	Med. Dense granular soils	125	-	-	-	30	0.30	0.50	3.00	60	-
25′-30′	Stiff Cohesive Soil	120	1500	75	-	28	0.33	0.53	2.77	500	0.007

#### 9.0 CLOSURE

The analysis and recommendations submitted in this report are based upon the data obtained from two (2) soil borings performed at the locations indicated on the Borehole Location Plan, project information provided to INTERRA and from any other information discussed in this report. This report does not reflect any variations that may occur between these boreholes. In performing subsurface explorations, specific information is obtained at specific locations at specific times. It is a well-known fact that variations in soil and rock conditions exist on most sites between borehole locations. Also, groundwater levels vary from time to time. The nature and extent of variations may not become evident until the course of construction. If project characteristics change or if variations in the subsurface conditions appear evident, it will be necessary for a reevaluation of the recommendations of this report.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to you. Should you need additional information or clarifications, please call us at (630) 754-8700.

Yours truly,

INTERRA, INC.

Ashok Guntaka, El Project Engineer Reshma Chirakkara, Ph.D. Staff Engineer

Sanjeev Bandi, Ph.D., PE

**Project Manager** 

NO NEER

Sudhakar "Rao" Doppalapudi, PE

QC/QA Reviewer

#### **REFERENCES**

AASHTO 2020, LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition 2020, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, Washington, DC.

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IDOT 2020, Geotechnical Manual, Illinois Department of Transportation.

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Kolata, D. R., 2005, Bedrock Geology of Illinois, Illinois Map 14, Illinois State Geological Survey.

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http://earthquake.usgs.gov/research/hazmaps/

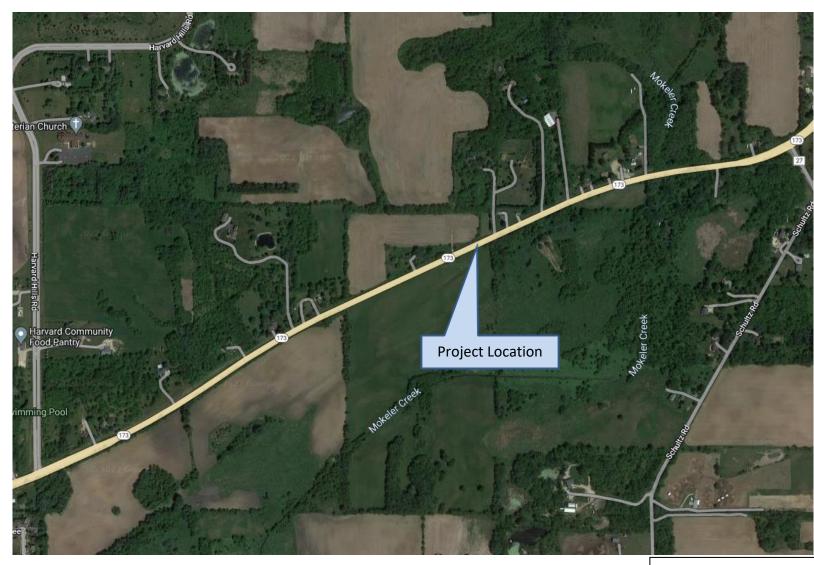
Coduto, Donald P., 1994, Foundation Design, Prentice Hall, Inc.

4

## Appendix A

Site Location Map
Borehole Location Plan and Profiles
Soil Boring Logs





#### **SITE LOCATION MAP**

IL 173 BOX CULVERT STRUCTURE NO: 056-0202 MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS INTERRA Project No. 9244



4 X

#### **BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN**

IL 173 BOX CULVERT STRUCTURE NO: 056-0202 MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS INTERRA Project No. 9244



4 X

#### **BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN**

IL 173 BOX CULVERT STRUCTURE NO: 056-0202 MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS INTERRA Project No. 9244



## **SOIL BORING LOG**

Page  $\underline{1}$  of  $\underline{1}$ 

Date 8/25/22

ROUTEIL-173	_ DE	SCRI	PTION	I		IL-173 Box Culvert	L0	OGGI	ED BY	A. B	oland
SECTION		_	LOCA	ATION	2098	3808.444,916354.429					
						Stem Auger HAMMER	TYPE		Auto	matic	
STRUCT. NO.         056-0202           Station         79+80	_	D E P	B L O	U C S	M O I	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev.	ft	D E P	B L O	U C S	M O I
BORING NO. IL-173-BCB-01 Station Offset Ground Surface Elev. 964.58	_	H (ft)	W S (/6")	Qu (tsf)	S T (%)	Groundwater Elev.:   First Encounter	t ¥ t ∑	H (ft)	W S (/6")	Qu (tsf)	S T (%)
ASPHALT (4") STONE (7")			,	, ,	,	Medium dense, brown SAND, some gravel (continued)		_	, ,	, ,	,
Brown SANDY CLAY LOAM Stiff, trace gravel		_	4 2 3	1.5	15.6			_	6 7 7		10.6
Soft, little gravel			7	<u>P</u>		Dense brown, SANDY LOAM, and gravel, moist	941.58	_	4		
		-5	8		14.6			-25	14		15.1
Loose brown SANDY LOAM, some gravel	959.08		2			Stiff brown/gray CLAY, trace gravel, moist	939.08		5		
	956.58		3		8.1		936.58		4 6	1.5 \ P /	13.0
Medium stiff, dark brown CLAY LOAM, some sand, little gravel		_	3 3 4	0.5	16.4	Stiff, brown SANDY LOAM, little gravel Shelby tube taken @ 28'-30'. LL=19%, PI=8%	7	<u> </u>		1.9 B	11.4
Medium stiff, dark brown SANDY CLAY LOAM, some rock	954.08	10	6	0.3 \P/		End of boring at 30'	934.58	-30		В	
aggregate			8		10.7			_			
Medium dense, brown SAND, some gravel	951.58	_	6								
		-15	9 10		8.3			-35			
			6 7 8		11.3						
		<u>▼</u>	5 6 7		15.5						



## **SOIL BORING LOG**

Page  $\underline{1}$  of  $\underline{1}$ 

Date 8/25/22

ROUTE	IL-173	_ DES	DESCRIPTION IL-173 Box Culvert					t	LOGGED BY A. Boland				<u>oland</u>
SECTION			_	LOCA	TION_	2098	3825.830,916326.065						
COUNTY	McHenry DRI	ILLING	ME	THOD	H	ollow S	Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE Auto  Surface Water Elev. ft Stream Bed Elev. ft First Encounter Upon Completion After Hrs. Not Taken ft Srown SAND and GRAVEL (continued) Dense, moist 7					matic	
Station BORING NO Station Offset	056-0202 79+80 IL-173-BCB-02 ce Elev. 964.70	_	D E P T H	B L O W S (/6")	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T (%)	Stream Bed Elev.  Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion	946.2 ft 936.2 ft	ft <u>▼</u> <u>▽</u>	E P T H	L O W S	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T
	<u> </u>		I .	( ,	(44.7)	(/)	Brown SAND and GR			_	( - )	()	(,
Medium stiff bro LOAM, and gra	own SANDY CLAY	963.87		3	0.5	13.5	1,				12		11.9
Very loose brow and gravel	wn, SANDY LOAM,	961.70		3	\ <u>P</u>		Stiff brown/gray CLA\ gravel, moist	y, trace	41.70				
			-5	1 2		9.9				-25	-	1.8 B	12.6
Medium dense				3 5 5		9.4					3 4 6	1.5	12.3
Medium dense			-10	8 15 6		10.8	Very stiff, brown LOA gravel Shelby tube taken @ LL=19%, PI=8%	M, trace 28'-30'.	36.70 - 34.70			3.0 B	10.6
Brown SAND a Medium dense	nd GRAVEL	954.20		5 6 6		6.3	End of boring at 30'						
Medium dense				5 5 7		9.7							
Medium dense,	, moist			10 6 7		10.3							
Dense, moist			▼	11 12 19		10.9							

## Appendix B

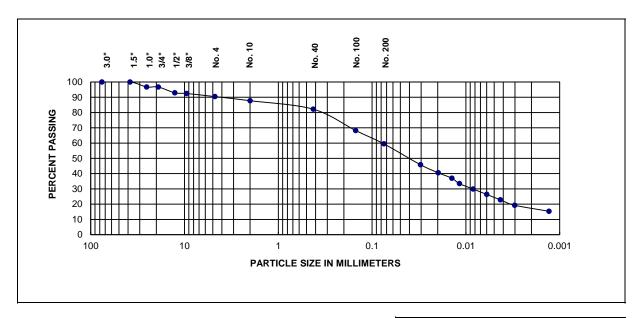
Laboratory Test Reports



www.interraservices.com

Project	Geotechnical Investigation, Box Culvert at IL 173 and IL 176, PTB 195-016-WO 24, Lake County, IL										
Client	Bowman Cons	Bowman Consulting, 1001 Warrenville Road, Ste. 110, Lisle, IL 60532									
File No.	9244	Sample #	IL173 BCB 01-ST-12	Date Tested	8/31/2022	Tested by	BKP				
	Qc by AB										

Date Sample Received:	8/25/2022
Sample Location	28' - 30'
Sample Description	Brown sandy loam, little gravel



				Fines
% + 3"	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt	% Clay
0.0	12.2	28.3	41.6	17.9

For coarse-grained	D60(mm)	D30(mm)	D10(mm)	Cu	Сс
soils with <12% Fines					

Test ID

69585

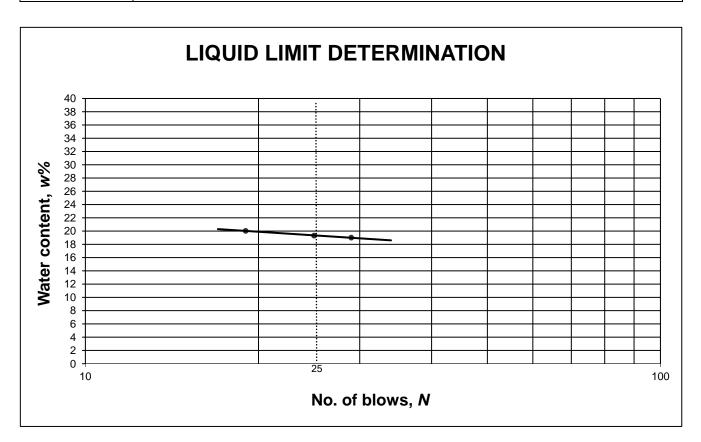
Sieve Size	Percent Passing	Liquid Limit, L <sub>L</sub>	Plastic Limit, PL	Plasticity Index, Pl
3.0"	100.0	19	11	8
1.5"	100.0	19	11	0
1.0"	96.7			
3/4"	96.7	AASHTO Classification		A 4(2)
1/2"	92.9	AASH I O Classification	•	A-4(2)
3/8"	92.5	IDH Classification:		Sandy Loom
No. 4	90.5	TIDH Classification:		Sandy Loam
No. 10	87.8		<u>.</u>	
No. 40	82.2	1		
No. 100	68.3	1		
No. 200	59.5			

Remarks:	



Project	Geotechnical Investigation, Box Culvert at IL 173 and IL 176, PTB 195-016-WO 24, Lake County, IL  Bowman Consulting, 1001 Warrenville Road, Ste. 110, Lisle, IL 60532									
Client										
File No.	File No. 9244 Sample # IL173 BCB 01-ST-12 Date Tested 9/5/2022 Tested By DG									
		Qc By	AB							

Date Sample Recd.	8/25/2022	
Sample Location	28' - 30'	
Sample Description	Brown sandy loam, I	ittle gravel



Results					
Liquid Limit, LL	19	Plastic Limit, PL	11	Plasticity Index, Pl	8
Remarks					



## Moisture Content AASHTO T265

Project	Geotechnical Investigation, Box Culvert at IL 173 and IL 176, PTB 195-016-WO 24, Lake County, IL						
Client	Bowman Consulting, 1001 Warrenville Road, Ste. 110, Lisle, IL 60532						
File No.	File No.         9244         Sample #         IL173 BCB 01-ST-12         Date Tested         8/29/20				8/29/2022	Tested By	AB
						Qc By	RC

Date Sample Received	8/25/2022	
Sample Location	28' - 30'	
Sample Description	Brown sandy loam, little gravel	

Can Number: 51-A

Can Weight: 30.12 gm

Can + Wet Sample Weight: 155.80 gm

Can + Dry Sample Weight: 142.98 gm

Moisture Content: 11.36 %

#### Remarks



Date Sample Received

Description of Soil

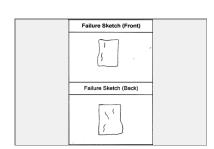
Project	Geotechnical Investigation, Box Culvert at IL 173 and IL 176, PTB 195-016-WO 24, Lake County, IL							
Client	Bowman Consulting, 1001 Warrenville Road, Ste. 110, Lisle, IL 60532							
File No.	9244	Sample No.	IL173 BCB 01-ST-12	Date Tested	8/29/22	Tested By	AB	
,						QC By	RC	

Location	28' - 30'		
			_
Type of Sample		ST	_
Average Height =		15.24	cm
Average Diameter =		7.19	cm
Height/Diameter Ratio =		2.12	
Wet Sample Weight=		142.98	g
Wet Density =	0.23	g/cc	
Moisture Content =		11.6	%
Dry Density =		0.21	g/cc
Strain Rate =		1.00	%/min

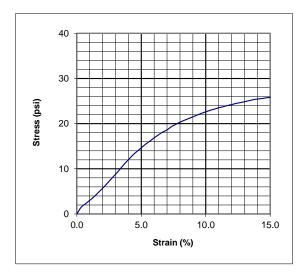
8/25/22

Brown sandy loam, little gravel

25.84	psi
1.86	tsf
12.92	
0.93	tsf
15.0	%
	1.86 12.92 0.93



Failure Image

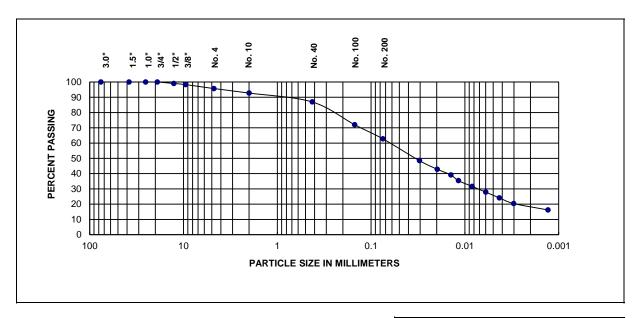


Remarks:					
www.interraservice	s com	•	Test ID	69586	



Project	Geotechnical Investigation, Box Culvert at IL 173 and IL 176, PTB 195-016-WO 24, Lake County, IL						
Client	Bowman Cons	Bowman Consulting, 1001 Warrenville Road, Ste. 110, Lisle, IL 60532					
File No.	9244	Sample #	IL173 BCB 02-ST-12	Date Tested	8/31/2022	Tested by	BKP
		•		•		Qc by	AB

Date Sample Received:	8/25/2022
Sample Location	28' - 30'
Sample Description	Brown loam, trace gravel



			Fines	
% + 3"	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt	% Clay
0.0	7.2	30.0	43.9	18.9

For coarse-grained	D60(mm)	D30(mm)	D10(mm)	Cu	Сс
soils with <12% Fines					

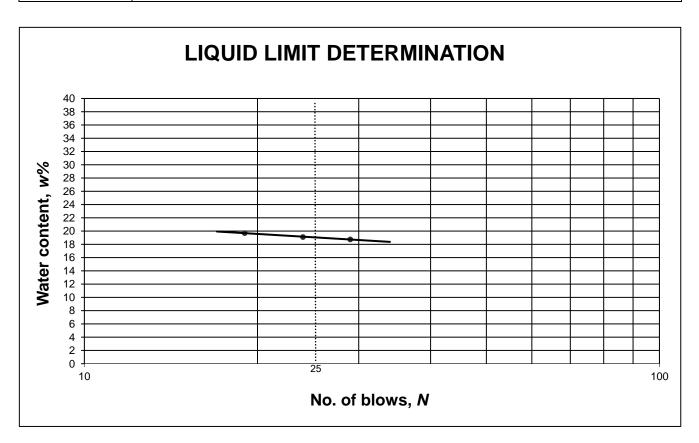
Sieve Size	Percent Passing	Liquid Limit, L <sub>∟</sub>	Plastic Limit, PL	Plasticity Index, Pl	
3.0"	100.0	19	40 44 0		
1.5"	100.0	19	11	8	
1.0"	100.0				
3/4"	100.0	AASHTO Classification		۸ ۸/۵\	
1/2"	99.0	AASH I O Classification	•	A-4(2)	
3/8"	98.3	IDII Classification		Lagra	
No. 4	95.7	IDH Classification:		Loam	
No. 10	92.8		•		
No. 40	87.0	1			
No. 100	72.0	†			
No. 200	62.8	†			

Remarks:	



Project	Geotechnical Investigation, Box Culvert at IL 173 and IL 176, PTB 195-016-WO 24, Lake County, IL								
Client	Bowman Consulting, 1001 Warrenville Road, Ste. 110, Lisle, IL 60532								
File No.	9244 Sample # IL173 BCB 02-ST-12 Date Tested 9/5/2022 Tested By DG								
						Qc By	AB		

Date Sample Recd.	8/25/2022	
Sample Location	28' - 30'	
Sample Description	Brown loam, trace g	ravel



Results					
Liquid Limit, LL	19	Plastic Limit, PL	11	Plasticity Index, Pl	8
Remarks					



## Moisture Content AASHTO T265

Project	Geotechnical Investigation, Box Culvert at IL 173 and IL 176, PTB 195-016-WO 24, Lake County, IL									
Client	Bowman Consult	ing, 1001 W	Varrenville Road, St	e. 110, Lisle, IL 6	0532					
File No.	9244	9244 Sample # IL173 BCB 02-ST-12 Date Tested 8/29/2022 Tested By AB								
Qc By										

Date Sample Received	8/25/2022
Sample Location	28' - 30'
Sample Description	Brown loam, trace gravel

Can Number: 56-A

Can Weight: 30.25 gm

Can + Wet Sample Weight: 112.35 gm

Can + Dry Sample Weight: 104.50 gm

Moisture Content: 10.57 %

Remarks



Date Sample Received

Description of Soil

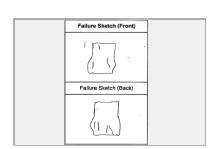
Project	Geotechnical Investi	Seotechnical Investigation, Box Culvert at IL 173 and IL 176, PTB 195-016-WO 24, Lake County, IL								
Client	Bowman Consulting,	1001 Warrenville Roa	ad, Ste. 110, Lisle, IL 605	532						
File No.	9244	9244 <b>Sample No.</b> IL173 BCB 02-ST-12 <b>Date Tested</b> 8/29/22 <b>Tested By</b> AB								
	QC By	RC								

Location	28' - 30'		
Type of Sample		ST	]
Average Height =		14.99	cm
Average Diameter =		7.19	cm
Height/Diameter Ratio =		2.08	
Wet Sample Weight=		1428.79	g
Wet Density =		2.35	g/cc
Moisture Content =		10.8	%
Dry Density =		2.12	g/cc
Strain Rate =		1.00	%/min

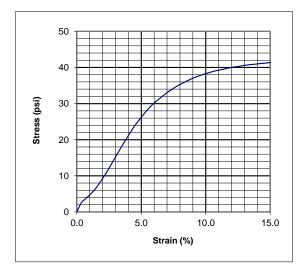
8/25/22

Brown loam, trace gravel

Unconfined Compressive Strength =	41.40	
oncommed oompressive onengar =	2.98	tsf
Shear Strength =	20.70	
onear ottengtir =	1.49	tsf
Strain at Failure =	15.3	%



Failure Image



Remarks:				
			•	
www.interraservice	as com		Test ID	69590

## Appendix C

Slope Stability Analyses

