April 25, 2025 Letting

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Contract No. 46945
DOUGLAS County
Section WALNUT POINT 2025
Route PARK ROADS
District 5 Construction Funds

Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. **TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS**. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. April 25, 2025 prevailing time at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 46945
DOUGLAS County
Section WALNUT POINT 2025
Route PARK ROADS
District 5 Construction Funds

HMA resurfacing of roadway and parking areas, striping of parking areas, culvert replacements, sign replacements, aggregate resurfacing of camp sites and hunting lots, guardrail replacement, dump station reconstruction, site lighting replacements, installation of electric vehicle charging stations, and other miscellaneous improvement items at the Walnut Point State Park (IDNR) in Douglas County. 5.1 miles gross length.

- 3. **INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Gia Biagi, Acting Secretary

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2025

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 1-1-22) (Revised 1-1-25)

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Std. Spec.	<u>. Sec.</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
202	Earth and Rock Excavation	
204	Borrow and Furnished Excavation	
207	Porous Granular Embankment	
211	Topsoil and Compost	. 4
406	Hot-Mix Asphalt Binder and Surface Course	. 5
407	Hot-Mix Asphalt Pavement (Full-Depth)	
420	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	. 8
502	Excavation for Structures	. 9
509	Metal Railings	. 10
540	Box Culverts	. 11
542	Pipe Culverts	. 31
550	Storm Sewers	. 40
586	Granular Backfill for Structures	. 47
630	Steel Plate Beam Guardrail	
632	Guardrail and Cable Road Guard Removal	. 49
644	High Tension Cable Median Barrier	. 50
665	Woven Wire Fence	. 51
701	Work Zone Traffic Control and Protection	. 52
781	Raised Reflective Pavement Markers	
782	Reflectors	
801	Electrical Requirements	. 57
821	Roadway Luminaires	. 60
1003	Fine Aggregates	
1004	Coarse Aggregates	. 62
1010	Finely Divided Minerals	
1020	Portland Cement Concrete	. 64
1030	Hot-Mix Asphalt	
1040	Drain Pipe, Tile, and Wall Drain	. 68
1061	Waterproofing Membrane System	. 69
1067	Luminaire	. 70
1097	Reflectors	
1102	Hot-Mix Asphalt Equipment	. 78

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

CHEC	K SH	<u>IEET#</u>	PAGE NO
1		Additional State Requirements for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts	
2		Subletting of Contracts (Federal-Aid Contracts)	82
3	Χ	EEO	
4	Χ	Specific EEO Responsibilities Nonfederal-Aid Contracts	93
5	Χ	Required Provisions - State Contracts	98
6		Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal	104
7		Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Removal	105
8		Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads	106
9	Χ	Construction Layout Stakes	107
10		Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing	110
11		Subsealing of Concrete Pavements	112
12		Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction	116
13		Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing	118
14		Patching with Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlay Removal	
15		Polymer Concrete	12 ²
16		Reserved	123
17		Bicycle Racks	
18		Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals	126
19		Nighttime Inspection of Roadway Lighting	128
20		English Substitution of Metric Bolts	129
21		Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete	
22		Quality Control of Concrete Mixtures at the Plant	13′
23	Χ	Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures	
24		Reserved	155
25		Reserved	156
26		Temporary Raised Pavement Markers	
27		Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam	158
28		Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay	
29		Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	
30		Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching	168
31		Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided	
32		Station Numbers in Payements or Overlays	17

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LOCATION OF PROJECT	1
DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT	1
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	1
TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, SPECIAL	3
CONSTRUCTION COORDINATION WITH SITE OPERATIONS	4
PROTECTION OF BIRD HOUSES	4
REMOVAL OF VEGETATION IN PAVEMENT AND HUNTING AREA	4
SAW CUTTING	4
TREE REMOVAL	5
PRECAST CONCRETE PARKING BLOCKS	5
REMOVE EXISTING PARKING BLOCKS	5
INTERPRETIVE SIGNAGE COMPLETE	6
SMALL ENTRANCE SIGN	6
LARGE ENTRANCE SIGN	6
INFORMATION KIOSK COMPLETE	7
CAMPSITE MARKER	7
WOOD SIGN SUPPORT, SPECIAL	8
AGGREGATE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE B	
SCARIFY EXISTING SURFACE	8
BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT, A-3	9
BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (FOG SEAL)	9
HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH	10
GUARDRAIL REMOVAL	11
REMOVE SIGN PANEL ASSEMBLY – TYPE A	11
TUBULAR STEEL GATE	11
TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL, TYPE 1	
SPEED HUMP	12
TRAFFIC COUNTER	12
CONCRETE ISLAND (SPECIAL)	13
CONCRETE REMOVAL (SPECIAL)	13
SANITARY SEWER	14
BACKFLOW PREVENTER AND ENCLOSURE	14
WATER HYDRANT	16

WATER SERVICE LINE	16
WATER TOWER (FREEZE PROOF)	17
SOLAR LIGHTING UNIT COMPLETE	17
AERIAL CABLE REMOVAL	19
LUMINAIRE REPLACEMENT SPECIAL	19
LIGHTING ASSEMBLY (SPECIAL)	19
EV CHARGING STATION COMPLETE	21
INTERIOR CONDUIT AND CONDUCTORS	21
BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS (BDE)	22
BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT WITH FOG SEAL (BDE)	23
CEMENT, FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS, ADMIXTURES; CONCRETE, AND MORTAR (
	29
COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)	39
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)	42
FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE)	45
GRADING AND SHAPING DITCHES (BDE)	47
HOT-MIX ASPHALT (BDE)	47
ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE – STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDB	Ξ)48
PAVEMENT MARKING INSPECTION (BDE)	48
PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDER (BDE)	49
REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)	
SEEDING (BDE)	55
SHORT TERM AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS (BDE)	60
SIGN PANELS AND APPURTENANCES (BDE)	63
SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)	64
SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)	64
SUBMISSION OF BIDDERS LIST INFORMATION (BDE)	65
SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)	65
SURVEYING SERVICES (BDE)	66
VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)	66
WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)	
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)	
WORKING DAYS (BDE)	68

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SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Adopted January 1, 2022", the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions" indicated on the Check Sheet included herein, which apply to and govern the construction of Park Roads, Section Walnut Point 2025, Douglas County, Contract No. 46945 and in case of conflict with any part, or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

Walnut Point State Park, located approximately 3 miles north of the City of Oakland in Douglas County.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The project consists of resurfacing internal park roads, campground areas, and parking lots at Walnut Point State Park. The work includes HMA resurfacing of roadway and parking areas, striping of parking areas, culvert replacements, sign replacements, aggregate resurfacing of camp sites and hunting lots, guardrail replacement, dump station reconstruction, site lighting replacements, installation of electric vehicle charging stations, and other miscellaneous improvement items.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the applicable guidelines contained in the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, these Special Provisions, any special details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans.

Special attention is called to Sections 107 and 701 through 705 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, and as amended by the Supplemental Specifications, Recurring Special Provisions, the Special Provisions contained herein, and the following highway standards relating to traffic control:

HIGHWAY STANDARDS:

701001	701006	701011	701301	701306	701311
701801	701901	BLR 23			

<u>Limitations of Construction</u>: The Contractor shall coordinate the items of work in order to eliminate hazards and keep traffic inconveniences to a minimum, as specified below.

- 1. The Contractor shall provide, erect, maintain provide surveillance for all the necessary traffic control devices, barricades, cones, drums, and lights for the warning and protection of traffic as required by Sections 107 and 701 through 703 of the Standard Specifications and as modified.
- 2. The Contractor will be responsible for the traffic control devices at all times during construction activities and shall coordinate the items of work in order to keep traffic inconveniences to a minimum.
- 3. The Contractor will be responsible for the traffic control devices at all times during any construction shut-down periods.
- 4. Traffic control devices shall be in new or like-new condition equipped with new reflective sheeting at the time of use. The Engineer will be the sole judge of the condition of the devices. All warning signs shall be 48 inches by 48 inches and have a black legend on a fluorescent orange reflectorized background.
- As indicated by the Engineer, when closing parking lots or dead-end roads to traffic,
 Type III barricades with Standard Sign R11-2 or R11-4 (ROAD CLOSED) mounted shall be used.
- 6. As indicated by the Engineer, W20-I103(0)-48 (ROAD CONSTRUCTION AHEAD) signs shall be placed prior to active work areas.
- 7. As indicated by the Engineer, R11-I101-2418 (SIDEWALK CLOSED) signs shall be used to denote sidewalk closure at sidewalk repair areas.
- 8. As indicated by the Engineer, only one parking lot or campground area shall be closed at a time. Forty-eight (48) hour notice shall be given prior to closing any lot, campground, or road.
- 9. All campground areas and parking lots shall be open and fully functional from May 23rd through May 26th, July 3rd through July 6th, and August 29th through September 1st. This requirement and these dates may only be modified with approval from the Engineer.
- 10. All park roads shall be paved at full width.
- 11. No work can take place prior to July 7, 2025 without permission from IDNR. The campground is open until this date, and construction will generally not be permissible.

<u>Sequence and Limits of Construction</u>: The following is the anticipated sequence of construction for the site:

- Tree removal (trees to be removed with this project will be dropped by IDNR during the Winter months, but cleanup may be required).
- Drainage improvements, culvert removal, culvert installation, and pavement patching
- Removal/excavation for expanded/reconstructed facilities such as in the parking areas and dump station area

- Guardrail replacement
- Resurfacing of Walnut Point Park roads. Paving of roads shall consist of full width paving for all roads.
- Resurfacing and/or reconstruction of parking lots
- Placement of aggregate surface course over existing aggregate camp sites
- Placement of aggregate shoulders and immediate placement of nutrients, seeding and mulch
- Striping of parking lots
- Other work within the park can occur during the above noted work periods

As indicated by the Engineer, only one campground (Fox or Gray) area shall be closed at a time. The contractor shall have the work performed on the campground areas progress from east to west.

As this project will be constructed while the site is open, the contractor is expected to coordinate activities to facilitate site operations. The above sequence may be modified by the Engineer, and also the contractor may request modification with the approval of the Engineer at no additional cost to the project.

<u>Measurement and Payment for Traffic Control and Protection</u>: All Traffic Control and Protection will be measured and paid for in accordance with the Traffic Control and Protection, (Special) special provision included herein.

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, SPECIAL

This item of work shall include furnishing, installing, maintaining, providing surveillance, replacing, relocating and removing all traffic control devices used for the purpose of regulating, warning, or directing vehicular and pedestrian traffic during the construction of this project in accordance with the Traffic Control Plan and as indicated by the Engineer.

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, SPECIAL shall be provided as called for in these special provisions, applicable Highway Standards, applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, or as indicated by the Engineer.

All traffic control devices used on this project shall conform to the Special Provisions, Traffic Control Standards, "Illinois Supplement to the National Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices", and "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices." No modification of these requirements will be allowed without prior written approval of the Engineer. Traffic Control Devices include signs and their supports, signals, barricades with sand bags, channelizing devices, warning lights, arrow boards, flaggers, or any other device used for the purpose of regulating, detouring, warning or guiding traffic through or around the construction zone.

The Contractor shall coordinate all traffic control work on this project with adjoining or overlapping projects, including barricade placement necessary to provide a uniform traffic detour pattern. When indicated by the Engineer, the Contractor shall remove all traffic control devices which were furnished, installed, and maintained under this contract, and such devices shall remain the property of the Contractor. All traffic control devices shall remain in place until specific authorization for relocation or removal is received from the Engineer.

Traffic Control and Protection Standards used on this project will not be measured or paid for separately but shall be included in the contract lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, SPECIAL.

All traffic control and protection items and work shall be considered as included in the cost of Traffic Control and Protection (Special). This work will be measured for payment on a lump sum basis and paid for at the contract per lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, SPECIAL with no additional compensation allowed.

CONSTRUCTION COORDINATION WITH SITE OPERATIONS

The work at Walnut Point State Park will require coordination with the site personnel to assure the maximum possible use of these facilities by the public during the construction period. All construction area preparations, means and methods are required to be submitted to the site personnel and must receive written approval prior to the initiation of construction.

For the various project components to be constructed, the work may be limited to certain areas prior to and during holiday weekends. Safety measures, including barricades, lighting, and traffic control measures must be provided and maintained during the entire period from initiation of work at a location within the site until all the work at that location is completed.

The costs involved with providing the necessary staging and related safety measures will not be paid for separately but shall be considered included in the cost of the contract.

PROTECTION OF BIRD HOUSES

Some existing signs that are to be removed and replaced have bird houses on the back of the sign posts. The existing bird houses are to be removed from the existing sign posts and reinstalled on the proposed sign posts. The costs involved with removing and reinstalling the bird houses will not be paid for separately but shall be considered included in the cost of the contract.

REMOVAL OF VEGETATION IN PAVEMENT AND HUNTING AREA

Pavement areas planned to be overlaid with HMA and hunting lot areas with proposed aggregate improvements in which grass, weeds, or other vegetation has grown shall have the vegetation removed or burned off through means and methods approved by the engineer. This shall also apply for removal of soil on existing pavement. This work will not be measured for payment but shall be included in the contract unit price for the associated pay items.

SAW CUTTING

This work shall consist of saw cutting existing concrete, hot-mix asphalt or seal coated pavement, concrete curb, concrete curb and gutter, driveway pavement, medians, concrete slabs, and sidewalk as shown in the plans or as indicated by the Engineer.

At all locations where proposed work will abut existing, saw cuts shall be made to provide an even, uniform surface to match.

All saw cuts shall be of the existing thickness to be removed unless otherwise indicated by the Engineer. Care shall be taken to prevent spalling or other damage to the pavement, structures, or other items to remain in place.

This work will not be paid for separately but shall be considered included in the cost of the Contract for items to be removed and no additional compensation will be allowed.

TREE REMOVAL

Removal of saplings and trees six (6) inches or greater in diameter at breast height shall not be permitted from April 1 through September 30.

Trees six (6) inches or greater in diameter have been cut down at a height of 3' above the ground. The contractor will be responsible for removing the felled tree section and the remainder of the tree at the locations noted in the plans and in accordance with Section 201 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per unit for TREE REMOVAL (6 TO 15 UNITS DIAMETER), and TREE REMOVAL (OVER 15 UNITS DIAMETER.

PRECAST CONCRETE PARKING BLOCKS

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing low profile precast concrete parking blocks at the locations noted in the plans and in accordance with details in the plans and this special provision. The block shall be machine made with 3,500 psi concrete and reinforced with two #3 deformed steel bars. Dowel holes shall be cast in the block to receive two #6 deformed steel bar pins 36" in length that shall be driven through the holes provided in the parking blocks into a concrete or asphalt surface to be 1" below the top of the parking block, to hold the parking blocks in place. The new pins and the drilling of the holes for the pins shall not be paid for separately but shall be considered incidental to this pay item. Shop drawings shall be submitted to IDNR for approval prior to Contractor ordering the precast concrete parking blocks.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for PRECAST CONCRETE PARKING BLOCKS.

REMOVE EXISTING PARKING BLOCKS

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of the removal and transportation of the parking blocks to a location as indicated by IDNR personnel. The parking blocks and steel pins that anchor the existing parking blocks shall be pulled out and disposed of by the Contractor in accordance with Article 440.06 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOVE EXISTING PARKING BLOCKS, which price shall include removal and disposal of parking blocks and pins.

INTERPRETIVE SIGNAGE COMPLETE

<u>Description</u> – This item shall consist of furnishing and installing signs, posts, framing, hardware and related items in accordance with the details and at the locations noted in the plans. The sign members shall be fiberglass reinforced recycled plastic. The color for the posts, timber, and signs framing shall be submitted to the IDNR Landscape Architect for approval prior to fabrication. The sign panels shall be supplied by the manufacturer in accordance with the details in the plans and the

Standard Specifications.

All supports shall be straight and plumb and shall be backfilled according to sign detail sheets. The upper six inches of the backfill material shall be topsoil and shall be seeded with a Class 2A mixture which shall be considered incidental to this pay item.

Removal of existing wood sign and posts shall be included in the cost of the new sign.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for INTERPRETIVE SIGNAGE COMPLETE.

SMALL ENTRANCE SIGN

<u>Description</u> – This item shall consist of furnishing and installing signs, posts, framing, hardware and related items in accordance with the details and at the locations noted in the plans. The sign members shall be fiberglass reinforced recycled plastic. The color for the posts, timber, and signs framing shall be submitted to the IDNR Landscape Architect for approval prior to fabrication. The sign panels shall be supplied by the manufacturer in accordance with the details in the plans and the

Standard Specifications.

All supports shall be straight and plumb and shall be backfilled according to sign detail sheets. The upper six inches of the backfill material shall be topsoil and shall be seeded with a Class 2A mixture which shall be considered incidental to this pay item.

Removal of existing wood sign and posts shall be included in the cost of the new sign.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for SMALL ENTRANCE SIGN.

LARGE ENTRANCE SIGN

<u>Description</u> – This item shall consist of furnishing and installing a sign at the entrance to the park including posts, framing, hardware, concrete foundations, and related items in accordance with the details and at the locations noted in the plans.

The sign members shall be fiberglass reinforced recycled plastic, brown in color with a white core. The color for the posts, timber, and sign's framing shall be submitted to the IDNR Landscape Architect for approval prior to fabrication. The sign panels shall be supplied by the manufacturer in accordance with the details in the plans and the Standard Specifications.

All supports shall be straight and plumb and shall be backfilled according to sign detail sheets. The upper six inches of the backfill material shall be topsoil and shall be seeded with a Class 2A mixture which shall be considered incidental to this pay item.

Removal of existing entrance sign and posts shall be included in the cost of the new sign.

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per Each for LARGE ENTRANCE SIGN. This price shall include all labor, equipment and material needed to complete the work as specified above and as shown in the plans.

INFORMATION KIOSK COMPLETE

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing, fabricating, and installing kiosk, hardware and related items in accordance with the details and at the locations noted in the plans.

Roofing shall be 24 gauged ribbed galvalume steel sheets and painted with Kynar 500 to IDNR's specified color. Minimum clearance height under the structure shall be 7.5'. Steel columns shall be hollow structural steel tube minimum ASTM A500 grade B with a minimum wall thickness of 3/16". Structural framing shall be hollow structural steel tube minimum ASTM A500 grade B, "I" beams. Frame color shall be determined by IDNR prior manufacturing of kiosk. Install all components according to manufacturer's installation instructions and these specifications. Kiosk shall have a lockable enclosed double sided display case attached between the two structure support columns. Kiosk shall have a 10 year limited warranty. Acceptable manufacturer shall be Poligon, a product of Porter Corp., Model #SSG 8x9 with double sided display case; or an approved equivalent.

Removal of the existing information kiosk and concrete pad shall be included in the cost of the new information kiosk. Grading that is needed to maintain drainage away from center of kiosk including topsoil placement, seeding, and fertilizer shall be considered included in this pay item.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for INFORMATION KIOSK COMPLETE.

CAMPSITE MARKER

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing markers, hardware, and related items in accordance with the details and at the locations noted in the plans and in accordance with the manufacturer's installation requirements.

The campsite marker shall be fiberglass reinforced composite material. The color for the maker shall be submitted to the IDNR Project Manager for approval prior to fabrication. The logo design applied to the campsite marker will be provided by IDNR during the shop drawing process. This item shall also include the removal and disposal of the existing camp site signs.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for CAMPSITE MARKER.

WOOD SIGN SUPPORT, SPECIAL

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing sign supports for ground mounted signs in accordance with the details and at the locations noted in the plans and in accordance with Section 730 of the Standard Specifications except for Articles 703.02 and 703.03.

The 4 x 6 inch sign support posts shall be fiberglass reinforced recycled plastic. The color for the sign support, shall be submitted to the IDNR Landscape Architect for approval prior to fabrication.

All supports shall be straight and plumb, and unless noted differently, shall be backfilled according to Article 730.04 of the Standard Specifications. The upper six inches of the backfill material shall be topsoil and shall be seeded with a Class 2A mixture which shall be considered incidental to this pay item.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for WOOD SIGN SUPPORT, SPECIAL.

AGGREGATE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE B

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and placing one or more courses of aggregate upon a prepared subgrade or base as shown in the plans and in accordance with Section 402 of the Standard Specifications.

Material placed on campsites shall be CM 16 and material placed for roadways shall be CA 6 or CA 10. Aggregate used for surface course and shoulders pay items shall be quarried material. No recycled material shall be used.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per ton for AGGREGATE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE B.

SCARIFY EXISTING SURFACE

<u>Description</u> – The existing road surface shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 6". The loose material created from scarifying shall be pulverized and mixed uniformly. The pulverizing of the existing roadbed shall be performed by a rotary speed mixer capable of pulverizing oil mat and asphalt surface roadways by either the power takeoff or the self-powered type, equipped with a hydraulic lift. The processing shall continue until all clods of existing pavement structure and subbase material are broken down to particles passing a one (1) inch sieve and not less than 80 percent passing a No. 4 sieve.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for SCARIFY EXISTING SURFACE.

BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT, A-3

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of placement of a Bituminous Surface Treatment, A-3 to the existing aggregate surface course. Grading of the existing aggregate surface course prior to the application of the bituminous surface treatment shall be considered incidental to this pay item.

Application of the Bituminous Surface Treatment, A-3 to the approach roadway aggregate base course shall be in accordance with the applicable portions of Local Roads and Streets Recurring Special Provisions #9, the project plans, and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Prime, Cover and Seal Coats: The approach roadway prime coat shall utilize MC-30 at the rate of 0.40 gallon per square yard. The cover and seal coats shall utilize HFE-150 at the rate of 0.30 gallon per square yard.

Cover and Seal Coat Aggregate: All material shall conform to Section 1004 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted by the Department of Transportation. The cover coat aggregate shall consist of CA-16 gradation and the seal coat aggregate shall consist of CA-16 gradation. The cover coat and seal coat aggregates shall be applied at the rate of 25 pounds per square yard.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT, A-3.

BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (FOG SEAL)

Description – This work shall consist of constructing a fog seal on a prepared HMA surface.

<u>Materials</u> – Material for the fog seal shall be one of the bituminous materials listed below and shall be according to the following.

- (a) SS-1h. The SS-1h shall be according to Article 1032.06(a) and shall be diluted at a rate of one part emulsion to one part water. The diluted emulsion shall meet a distillation residue of at least 29%.
- (b) CSS-1h. The CSS-1h shall be according to Article 1032.06(b) and shall be diluted at a rate of one part emulsion to one part water. The diluted emulsion shall meet a distillation residue of at least 29%.

Dilution of the emulsion shall be performed at the place of manufacture. The diluted emulsified asphalt shall be thoroughly agitated within 24 hours of application and show no separation of water and emulsion.

<u>Weather Limitations</u> – This work shall be done between May 1 and August 31. Bituminous materials shall be applied only when the pavement and air temperatures are 60 °F and rising. Fog seal operations shall be performed only during daylight hours and not during foggy weather. The road surface may be damp but shall be free of standing water.

This work may be done between September 1 and September 15 provided both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The temperature of the air in the shade is above 70 °F, and the temperature of the surface to which the asphalt will be applied is 70 °F or above, and
- (b) The National Weather Service forecast for the area does not show any rain or any temperatures below 55 °F for the day the work is to be done or for the following five days.

<u>Surface Preparation</u> – The pavement surface shall be prepared according to Article 358.05 before applying the fog seal.

Non-bituminous surfaces shall be covered to prevent adherence of the bituminous material. The protective coverings shall be removed before opening the path to pedestrians.

<u>Application of Fog Seal</u> – The temperature of the bituminous material shall be as specified in Article 1032.04.

The emulsified asphalt shall be applied uniformly and at a rate that will provide a residual asphalt rate on the prepared surface of 0.08 lb/sq ft. and shall be applied in two passes, one from each direction. The Contractor shall demonstrate the application will produce 100 percent coverage of the surface after curing. If the application demonstration does not meet the coverage requirements, the spray pattern shall be adjusted until approved by the Engineer. The emulsified asphalt shall be applied in a manner to minimize the amount of overspray.

A check shall be performed in the first 1,000 ft (300 m) to verify the application rate according to the test procedure for "Determination of Residual Asphalt in Prime and Tack Coat Materials".

Emulsified asphalt for fog seal will be measured for payment as specified in Section 1032.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per pound of residual asphalt for BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (FOG SEAL).

HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of removing hot-mix asphalt (HMA) surfaces to the limits specified on the plans according to Section 440 of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", except as modified herein. This work includes milling for butt joints and edge milling along the existing sidewalks and existing concrete surfaces for the subsequent resurfacing to meeting existing elevations.

The millings from the HMA surface removal shall become the property of the contractor and their salvage removal shall be reflected in the contract unit price per square yard for HOT MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH.

GUARDRAIL REMOVAL

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of existing guardrail posts at the locations noted in the plans in accordance with applicable portions of Section 632 of the Standard Specifications and this special provision. The existing guardrail and posts shall salvaged and stockpiled at a designated location by the site superintendent within the park.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for GUARDRAIL REMOVAL.

REMOVE SIGN PANEL ASSEMBLY - TYPE A

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of existing sign panels and posts at the locations noted in the plans in accordance with applicable portions of Section 724 of the Standard Specifications and this special provision. The existing regulatory signs shall salvaged and stockpiled at a designated location by the site superintendent within the park.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per foot for REMOVE SIGN PANEL ASSEMBLY – TYPE A.

TUBULAR STEEL GATE

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing tubular steel gates at the locations noted in the plans and in accordance with details in the plans and this special provision. The openings in the posts shall be ground so as to leave no sharp edges.

Materials shall meet the following requirements of the Standard Specifications:

<u>ltem</u>	<u>Article/Section</u>
Truss Rods	1006.06
Bolts & Nuts	1006.08

The Contractor shall submit duplicate copies of detailed shop drawings to the IDNR Region 3 Engineer for approval before fabrication is begun. The tubular steel gate shall be schedule 40 pipe and the posts shall be schedule 80 pipe. Either welded or seamless pipe may be used. Posts and gate frame shall meet the bending strength and dimension tolerance of AASHTO M 181.

Contactor shall verify dimension "A" as shown in the gate detail sheet with Engineer prior to manufacturing gate.

The tubular steel gates, posts, and associated hardware shall be sanded, primed, and painted with two shop coats of paint after fabrication and one field coat of paint after erection. Cleaning and painting shall conform to the requirements of Section 506 of the Standard Specifications. The kind and color of paint shall be compatible with galvanizing and shall be stated on the shop drawings. A color sample 4"x6" shall be submitted prior to painting the topcoat for approval by the IDNR Project Manager. The color selected shall be rustic brown compatible with other structures present within the park.

Padlocks of the same type and key, to match the other padlocks at the site, shall be provided to site personnel for each gate location. Class SI concrete, in accordance with Section 1020 of the Standard Specifications, shall be used for the post foundation and filling. Gates shall not be installed until the concrete, in which the posts are set, has cured for at least seven days. The sign panel(s) on the gate shall be constructed in accordance with Section 720 of the Standard Specifications and shall be hung from the gate by a method approved by the Engineer.

Removal of existing gate and posts shall be included in the cost of the new gate.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for TUBULAR STEEL GATE.

TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL, TYPE 1

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and erecting traffic barrier terminals as shown on the plans, on Standard BLR 23-4, as specified herein, and constructed according to applicable articles of Sections 630 and 631 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL, TYPE 1.

SPEED HUMP

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of milling and installing hot-mix asphalt speed humps at the locations noted in the plans and in accordance with details in the plans.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for SPEED HUMP.

TRAFFIC COUNTER

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing foundation, support and components, detector loop, and traffic counter components at locations shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer, and as herein specified. The installed components will complete the Traffic Counter System manufactured by International Road Dynamics Inc. as herein specified. All hardware, bolts, locks, junction boxes, detector loops, counter, battery, and conduits necessary to install the components will be provided by the Contractor. Detector loop shall be installed in the pavement as shown on the plans and according to Highway Standards 886001 and 886006. The existing traffic counter and cabinet shall be removed and returned to IDNR.

The number of components necessary to complete each installation is shown on the plans for information only. Manufacturer specification shall be used for installation.

Full manufacturer's specifications of the components to be furnished under this item shall be approved in writing by the IDNR Region 3 Engineer prior to ordering of components. Warranty information shall be provided to site personnel at the time of delivery of components.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per each for TRAFFIC COUNTER.

CONCRETE ISLAND (SPECIAL)

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing the materials and incidental equipment necessary to construct the concrete islands surrounding the water hydrants and the water towers at the dump station and provide for the placement of the signs. This work shall be done in accordance with appropriate articles of Section 606 of the Standard Specifications, the details in the plans, and this special provision.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot for CONCRETE ISLAND (SPECIAL).

CONCRETE REMOVAL (SPECIAL)

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of the removal and satisfactory disposal of a concrete slab foundation per area measurement at the dump station locations noted in the plans. This work shall be done according to Section 440 and 501 of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall remove the concrete slab and all associated structural elements, shortwalls or foundations, both above ground and below grade down to a plane a minimum of 1 ft. below the bottom of the concrete slab. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine the thickness and volume of the concrete to be removed and the extent to which it is reinforced. No additional compensation will be allowed because of variations in the amount of reinforcement. Any reinforcement encountered shall be removed and disposed of properly without any additional compensation.

The Contractor shall also remove and dispose of any existing floor drains, sewers, drainage structures or water towers associated with the concrete slab. The removal and disposal of these items shall be completed without any additional compensation. Holes or voids created in the earth due to concrete removal shall be filled with TOPSOIL FURNISH AND PLACE VARIABLE DEPTH such that the location can be site graded and seeded and present a neat and clean appearance on completion of the project. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer upon completion of each individual removal activity which will require backfill, prior to any backfill activity. The method of backfill and compaction must be approved by the Engineer.

Unless specifically called out in the plans, existing utilities which are still located in the ground, including (but not limited to) power poles, light poles, utility structures, fire hydrants, water main, and sewers, shall be removed and where needed, made ready to receive the connections of the proposed utilities. The Contractor shall note any such existing utilities which conflict with the concrete to be removed, and request direction from the Engineer prior to removal activities at these locations. Any damage to existing utilities by the Contractor shall be repaired by the Contractor at his own expense to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The existing water hydrants shall be salvaged and stockpiled at a designated location by the site superintendent within the park.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for CONCRETE REMOVAL (SPECIAL).

SANITARY SEWER

<u>Description</u> – This work shall include furnishing all labor and materials necessary to furnish and install 4" & 6" sanitary sewer in accordance with the current edition of the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois and these Special Provisions which shall include all required fittings and tees. In case of conflict, the stricter standard shall apply. Sanitary sewer pipe shall be PVC DR-35 conforming to ASTM D3034. All non-metallic pipe shall be installed with an underground marking tape capable of being located with a metal detector. The marking tape shall consist of six layers of copolymer firmly bonded together without the use of adhesives. The tape shall incorporate the following physical characteristics:

- 1. 6 mils thick.
- 2. Minimum tensile strength 80 lbs./3" wide.
- 3. Elongation shall exceed 600%.
- 4. Imprinted with continuous warning message repeated every 16"-36".

Measurement for this work will be per foot as measured along the centerline of the sewer with no deductions in length for tees, fittings, or manholes. All fittings and wyes shall be included in the cost of the pay items.

The upstream end of the proposed 6" sanitary sewer shall include a cleanout in accordance with the details shown in the plans and which shall be included in the cost of this pay item.

The proposed 6" sanitary sewer shall connect to the existing manhole utilizing the same opening in the manhole as the abandoned sewer line. Any section of the abandoned sewer line that is required to be removed to allow the proposed sewer line to be installed shall be considered incidental to this pay item.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for SANITARY SEWER of the diameter specified.

BACKFLOW PREVENTER AND ENCLOSURE

<u>Description</u> – This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 562 of the Standard Specifications and as stated in this special provision and the details in the plans.

This work shall consist of all labor, materials and equipment necessary to complete the excavation, installation of a backflow preventer, a wye strainer, Type K copper water pipe, valves, tees, related hardware, and trench backfill as shown on the plans and as described herein. This work shall be performed by a licensed plumber in accordance with all Illinois Plumbing Code and local water supply regulations and the current version of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Construction in Illinois." After the water service/distribution system test, flushing and chlorination, the Reduced Pressure Zone (RPA) assembly shall be disassembled and all debris shall be cleared from the valve. The licensed plumber shall reassemble the valve and have the valve tested by a State of Illinois Certified Backflow Specialist. Certification of testing shall be provided to the Resident Engineer in writing.

<u>Wye Strainer:</u> A wye ("Y") pattern strainer shall be installed in the water piping system upstream of the backflow preventer. The wye strainer shall be one and one-half inch (1-1/2") Febco Series LF650A, or approved equal, meeting the following requirement:

- 1. Working pressure of 200 psi @ 150 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 2. Contain grade 304 stainless steel screens.
- 3. Constructed of a bronze body and cap with threaded ends.
- 4. Gaskets shall be non-asbestos material.

<u>Backflow Preventer:</u> A Reduced Pressure Zone (RPZ) backflow preventer assembly shall be installed a minimum of twelve inches (12") above the ground surface within the enclosure. The RPZ assembly shall be a Febco Series LF825YA, or approved equal, complete with shut off valves and meeting the following requirements:

- 1. Working pressure of 175 psi.
- 2. Water temperature range of 32 degrees to 140 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 3. Constructed of a bronze main valve body and relief valve body.
- 4. Internal springs shall be stainless steel.
- 5. Nitrile sat disc elastomers.
- 6. Nitrile fabric reinforced diaphragms.
- 7. Hydrostatic test pressure of 350 psi.
- 8. Capable of maintaining a minimum of two psi (2 psi) pressure differential between the supply and discharge.
- 9. Connections shall be flanged unions.
- 10. Seat rings shall be replaceable.
- 11. Check valve and relief valve components shall be constructed so they may be serviced without removing the valve body from the line.
- 12. Interior components shall be corrosion-resistant materials.

<u>RPZ Enclosure:</u> The enclosure shall be a four foot (4') diameter manhole type A, a flat slab top for the manhole with a frame for a lid cast into it, the frame and lid (Neenah R-1645 or approved equal), capable of enclosing the RPZ assembly, wye strainer, and exposed piping. The manhole shall be set on eighteen inches (18") of clean river gravel that extends two feet (2') beyond the outsider perimeter of the manhole. The backfill around the manhole shall begin with twelve inches (12") of the same clean river gravel which shall be beneath the incoming and outgoing water service lines.

Other items to be included:

- 1. Winterizing pipe caps.
- 2. Concrete thrust blocks.
- 3. Shut off gage valves on the upstream and downstream sides of the RPZ assembly.
- 4. Sufficient lengths of K copper tubing to make connections.

Excavation and disposal of excavated material shall be in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 202 of the Standard Specifications and shall be included in the cost of this item. Excavation shall be limited to the area necessary to install the backflow prevention device and as directed by the Resident Engineer.

Trench backfill shall be placed in accordance with Articles 208.01 and 208.02 of the Standard Specifications and shall be included in the cost of this item. Material for the trench backfill shall be FA 2 gradation.

Turf areas disturbed by this work shall be restored to the original condition and reseeded and shall be included in the cost of this item.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for BACKFLOW PREVENTER AND ENCLOSURE.

WATER HYDRANT

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing freeze proof, sanitary, ADA compliant yard hydrants at the locations shown in the plans. The hydrants shall be a Hoeptner Products model 2134A or approved equal. The installation shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Construction in Illinois, and the Illinois Plumbing Code. The installation shall include a curb stop valve and valve box, the necessary fittings, tees, reducers, and hardware to connect to the water line, the underdrain line, and the French drain at the outlet of the underdrain.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for WATER HYDRANT.

WATER SERVICE LINE

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing water service lines in accordance with the details in the plans, Section 562 of the Standard Specifications, the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Construction in Illinois, and the Illinois Plumbing Code, and this special provision at the locations shown in the plans. The water service lines shall be underground pipe, 160 psi min., PVC material ASTM D-1784 and Cell Classification 12454-B, SDR 26 and conform to ASTM D-2241. Gaskets shall conform to ASTM F-477 and joints shall conform to ASTM D-3139. PVC pipe 1" and less shall be Schedule 40 and conform to ASTM D-1784, D-2241and Cell Classification 12454-B. All PVC pipe shall bear NSF No. 14 seal of approval. All fittings for PVC pipe shall be Schedule 40 solvent cement or gasket type joint except as required to connect to existing piping. Solvent cement shall conform to ASTM D-2564, and pipe manufacturer's recommendations. All non-metallic pipe shall be installed with an underground marking tape capable of being located with a metal detector. The marking tape shall consist of six layers of copolymer firmly bonded together without the use of adhesives. The tape shall incorporate the following physical characteristics:

- 1. 6 mills thick.
- 2. Minimum tensile strength 80 lbs./3" wide.
- 3. Elongation shall exceed 600%.
- 4. Imprinted with continuous warning message repeated every 16"-36".

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for WATER SERVICE LINE of the diameter specified.

WATER TOWER (FREEZE PROOF)

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of furnishing and installing freeze proof, ADA compliant water towers at the locations shown in the plans. The water towers shall be a Trumbull Recreation Supply product code FPWT-1 or approved equal. The water towers shall have a steel body on a stable base, powder coated inside and out, with backflow prevention. The installation shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Construction in Illinois, and the Illinois Plumbing Code. The installation shall include the necessary concrete (Class SI) foundation, the compacted aggregate base material around the foundation, reinforcement, and hardware for placement of the tower and the pipes, fittings, tees, reducers, and hardware to connect to the water line or the water hydrant.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for WATER TOWER (FREEZE PROOF).

SOLAR LIGHTING UNIT COMPLETE

<u>Description</u> – This work consists of furnishing and installing a solar lighting unit complete with solar panels, LED luminaire, controller, battery assembly, enclosure, pole, and all hardware, wiring and appurtenances required for a complete installation. This work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, and as specified herein.

<u>Materials</u> – Materials shall be according to the following:

Solar Panels

- Two (2) solar modules per pole integrated together on a double support power bracket.
- Solar modules shall be mechanically fastened to a vented aluminum panel pan with stainless steel fasteners.
- Shall meet AASHTO wind force ratings.
- Solar electric power assembly: 550 Watt @ 12/24 Volts DC
- o Solar electric power assembly: 550 Watt @ 12/24 Volts DC
- o Single crystal solar panels.
- Output power tolerance of +/- 5%.
- Shall have an expected 30-year lifetime.

Luminaire

 The luminaire shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 821, and as specified in the "Luminaire, LED, Horizontal Mount, of the Wattage specified" special provision.

Controller

- o Delivers a minimum of 20 Amps of charge current.
- Two (2) year minimum integrated data logger.
- Flexible load timer functions, low voltage disconnect, high voltage disconnect, and automatic low battery dimming.
- Maximizes power output from PV modules up to 30%.
- Designed to eliminate the risk of damage from corrosion, dust, water, bugs, and chemicals. The controller shall have no moving parts, switches, or buttons.
- LED status indicator lights to show supply/battery status.
- Maximum overvoltage protection of 15.5/31.0V.

- Minimum undervoltage protection of 10.5/21.0V.
- Shall have an expected 15-year lifetime.
- Dusk to dawn lighting control operation via photocell installed on top of luminaire.

Battery Assembly

- Six (6) batteries per unit.
- Capacity shall be a minimum 112 Amp hours per battery, totaling 672 Amp hours, 12/24 Volts DC.
- Sealed gel-cell, non-spillable, non-hazardous, air-shippable, and maintenance free.
- Shall have an expected 5-year lifetime.

Enclosure

- Corrosion resistant NEMA 4, minimum 14 gauge Type 304 stainless steel.
- Wing knob NEMA 4 key lock or standard traffic signal lock and two keys.
- Pre-wired to include a standard wire harness with simple plug in connections for the solar modules and controller.
- Complete with stainless steel mounting hardware.

Pole

- This work consists of furnishing and installing a wood pole complete with an arm of the size specified during the shop drawing process, in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 830 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, except as specified hereunder.
- o The total length of the pole shall be a minimum 30 ft.
- The mounting height shall be 24 ft.

<u>Installation</u> – The solar panels shall be mounted to the poles in such a way as to maximize their solar efficiency for collecting the sun's energy year round. Therefore, care shall be taken to orient the foundation, pole, and all aspects of the installation so that the pole mount bracket, when required and solar panels are properly oriented for site latitude and longitude with the appropriate solar declination.

Mounting height of the power center enclosure and other facilities on the pole shall be high enough to discourage vandalism and shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the solar unit.

Examine all luminaires delivered to the jobsite prior to installation to ensure all specification requirements and Shop Drawing comments have been incorporated by the Manufacturer. Deficient luminaires shall not be installed and the Engineer shall be notified immediately.

Luminaires shall be adjusted with the use of a level placed along the fixture housing or other means approved by the manufacturer to make sure they are installed with their optics set to deliver optimum designed light levels on the roadway. Any dirt or film on LEDs and/or the optical assembly shall be thoroughly removed using cleaning methods approved by the manufacturer.

<u>Warranty</u> – The solar panels shall be covered by a 25-year warranty. The controller shall be covered by a 5-year warranty. The battery shall be covered by a 2-year warranty. The entire luminaire and all of its component parts shall be covered by a 10-year warranty.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SOLAR LIGHTING UNIT COMPLETE.

AERIAL CABLE REMOVAL

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of removing existing overhead aerial cable.

Installation – Remove existing aerial cable feeding existing light pole per plans.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for AERIAL CABLE REMOVAL.

LUMINAIRE REPLACEMENT SPECIAL

Description – This work shall consist of replacing existing luminaires.

<u>Material</u> – Provide new luminaire as specified in the part number or engineer approved equal: Lithonia WST LED P1 27K VF MVOLT NLTAIR2 PIR DBLXD.

Luminaire CCT shall be 2700K. Luminaire output shall be 1,500 Lumens.

Provide integral photocell and motion sensor with luminaire. Luminaire shall have bi-level motion / ambient sensor for 8-15' mounting height. Ambient light sensor shall be enabled at 5fc. Bi-level dimming shall have an unoccupied dimmed level of 37% and a when occupied level of 100%. The dwell time shall be 5 minutes with a ramp up time of 3 seconds or less and a fade rate of 5 minutes.

Provide all necessary conduit, conductors, boxes, clips, wire nuts, and other items necessary for a complete and functioning installation.

Installation – Installation shall be according to details on the Plans and as follows:

Install new luminaire in existing luminaire location. Re-use existing mounting bracket and circuit to fullest extent possible.

Provide minimum 1hr training on new lighting controls.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for LUMINAIRE REPLACEMENT SPECIAL.

LIGHTING ASSEMBLY (SPECIAL)

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of a wood light pole complete with arm, pole wiring (including pole mounted conduit), all hardware and accessories required for the intended use of the lighting assembly, and luminaire.

<u>Material</u> – Wood Pole shall be according to Standard Specifications Article 1069.04. Provide 30-foot Southern Yellow Pine, Western Red Cedar or Douglass Fir pole, preservative treated according to the AWPA Standard T1 and designated per Standard M6.

Pole arm shall be fabricated of steel tube that has an O.D. of 2-3/8 inches, 0.120 inches wall thickness, welded pole attachment fittings and with a galvanized finish and meet the requirements of Standard Specification 1069.03. Provide galvanized fasteners and hardware for attaching to the wood pole.

Fasteners and hardware shall be according to Article 1067.01(j). The pole mounted junction box shall contain fuse holders (with fuses) and surge protector. The pole mounted junction box shall not be counted separately and included with this pay item. Provide the pole mounted conduit to the height of the arm mounting. Provide weatherhead on conduit end.

Luminaire shall be Lithonia Lighting DSX0 LED P1 27K 80CRI T4M MVOLT MA NLTAIR2 PIRHN DNAXD or engineers approved equal.

Provide luminaire of the make and model specified in this special provision above. Provide luminaires that comply with the material, finish and construction requirements indicated in Standard Specification Section 1067 as applicable to the scheduled luminaires. Provide integral photocell and motion sensor with luminaire. Luminaire shall have bi-level motion / ambient sensor for 8-40' mounting height. Ambient light sensor shall be enabled at 2fc. Bi-level dimming shall have an unoccupied dimmed level of 30% and a when occupied level of 100%. The dwell time shall be 7.5 minutes with a ramp up time of 3 seconds or less and a fade rate of 5 minutes. Fasteners and hardware shall be according to Article 1067.01(j).

Provide manufacturer's standard grey or satin black finish on luminaire as required to match the proposed light pole. Luminaires mounted to wood poles shall be grey finish color.

Materials for wire in the pole shall be according to Article 1066.09 and connected as shown in Highway Standard 821101-02. Pole fuse holders and fuses shall be according to Article 1065.01(a). Provide insulating boots for each fuse holder. Surge arrestor (lightning protector) shall be according to Article 1065.02. Conductors from the load side of the fuses to the luminaire shall be #10 AWG RHW/USE-2 according to Standard Specification 1066.09.

<u>Installation</u> – Installation shall be according to details on the Plans and Standard Specification 830.03 and 830.03(c).

Luminaire shall be installed according to the requirements of Standard Specification Article 821.03 and 821.04 for horizontal mount luminaires. Provide wiring within the pole according to Article 821.03.

Provide minimum 1hr training on new lighting controls.

<u>Method of Measurement</u> – Wood pole installation shall be measured each for payment including pole, arm, pole mounted conduit (from junction box to pole top) installed, and junction box.

Luminaire installation shall be included with the pay item along with the pole wiring, complete with protective devices.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for LIGHTING ASSEMBLY (SPECIAL).

EV CHARGING STATION COMPLETE

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of providing a new circuit breaker in the existing circuit breaker panelboard and providing a new electric vehicle charging station.

<u>Material</u> – Provide EV charging station and all associated hardware, conduit, wire, accessories, and other materials needed for a complete installation. Materials specified below are to be included with the pay item but are not all inclusive to what is required for the installation. There will not be any additional charges associated with this pay item for missing material.

Provide Charge Point CPF50 or equivalent charging station. Charging station shall be pedestal mounted. Cable be a minimum length of 23' with a SAE J1772 connector. Electrical output shall be 12kW. The enclosure shall be NEMA 3R per UL 50E. Station shall be UL and C-UL listed to comply with UL2594, UL2231-1, and UL2231-2 along with NEC article 625 compliant.

Provide new circuit breaker that is compatible with the existing panelboard. Circuit breaker shall be 60A, 2-pole, 240Vac. Plan sheets provide more information on existing panelboard.

Provide wire and conduit per Standard Specifications articles 810, 811 and 816 and as noted on the drawings. Conduit and wire included in this payitem is from the source panelboard to the new EV charging station location. All conduit and wire for this system is not measured separately and shall be included in this payitem. Conduit underground shall be schedule 40 pvc or equivalent. Conduit above ground shall be rigid metal. Conduit within building shall be rigid metal or EMT.

<u>Installation</u> – Provide new EV charging station at location shown on plans. Follow vendor provided installation instructions. If additional civil design is required for concrete pad consult the engineer. For the basis of design use the following: Concrete foundation shall be 2' in each direction and cannot exceed a slop of 0.25 in per ft. Verify existing sidewalk is able to accept the new EV charging station. Use epoxy anchors to secure new charging station.

Clean and inspect existing panelboard interior. Confirm panel interior, inner cover and enclosure is in good order. Report any damage found to the engineer. Install circuit breaker and connect to the new ev charging circuit. Confirm descriptions of the existing circuits and create updated circuit directory. Install on inside of enclosure cover door.

Install conduit and wire according to the Standard Specifications articles 810, 811 and 816. Connect feeder to circuit breaker and EV charging station and verify EV charging station operation.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for EV CHARGING STATION COMPLETE.

INTERIOR CONDUIT AND CONDUCTORS

<u>Description</u> – This work shall consist of providing conduit and wire for various lighting circuit extensions inside of various buildings.

Material – Provide new conduit and conductor to extend circuits as noted on the plans.

New conductors shall be sized to match circuits on the exterior of the building and be the same type as the exterior conductors.

New conduit shall be sized to match exterior conduit for the lighting circuits and RGS or equivalent.

All other components shall be according to the standard and specifications.

Installation – Installation shall be according to details on the Plans and as follows:

Provide all necessary conduit straps, waterproofing for penetrations, wire nuts, and other components necessary for a complete and functioning installation.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> – This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for INTERIOR CONDUIT AND CONDUCTORS.

BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2006 Revised: August 1, 2017

Description. Bituminous material cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or credit to the Department, for fluctuations in the cost of bituminous materials when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract.

The adjustments shall apply to permanent and temporary hot-mix asphalt (HMA) mixtures, bituminous surface treatments (cover and seal coats), and preventative maintenance type surface treatments that are part of the original proposed construction, or added as extra work and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply to bituminous prime coats, tack coats, crack filling/sealing, joint filling/sealing, or extra work paid for at a lump sum price or by force account.

Method of Adjustment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

 $CA = (BPI_P - BPI_I) \times (\%AC_V / 100) \times Q$

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$.

BPI_P = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).

BPI_L = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).

 $^{\circ}$ AC $_{\vee}$ = Percent of virgin Asphalt Cement in the Quantity being adjusted. For HMA mixtures, the $^{\circ}$ AC $_{\vee}$ will be determined from the adjusted job mix formula. For bituminous materials applied, a performance graded or cutback asphalt will be considered to be 100% AC $_{\vee}$ and undiluted emulsified asphalt will be considered to be 65% AC $_{\vee}$.

Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) (see below).

For HMA mixtures measured in square yards: Q, tons = A x D x (G_{mb} x 46.8) / 2000. For HMA mixtures measured in square meters: Q, metric tons = A x D x (G_{mb} x 1) / 1000. When computing adjustments for full-depth HMA pavement, separate calculations will be made for the binder and surface courses to account for their different G_{mb} and % AC_{V} .

For bituminous materials measured in gallons: Q, tons = $V \times 8.33$ lb/gal x SG / 2000 For bituminous materials measured in liters: Q, metric tons = $V \times 1.0$ kg/L x SG / 1000

Where: A = Area of the HMA mixture, sq yd (sq m).

D = Depth of the HMA mixture, in. (mm).

G_{mb} = Average bulk specific gravity of the mixture, from the approved mix design.

V = Volume of the bituminous material, gal (L).

SG = Specific Gravity of bituminous material as shown on the bill of lading.

Basis of Payment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the BPI_L and BPI_P in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = $\{(BPI_L - BPI_P) \div BPI_L\} \times 100$

Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable bituminous material is placed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the work placed during the month are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT WITH FOG SEAL (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2020 Revised: January 1, 2022

Replace Section 403 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"SECTION 403. BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT WITH FOG SEAL

- **403.01 Description.** This work shall consist of constructing a single or multiple course bituminous surface treatment with fog seal.
 - (a) A-1. A-1 shall consist of an emulsified asphalt and a seal coat aggregate with an emulsified asphalt fog seal.
 - (b) A-2. A-2 shall consist of an emulsified asphalt and a cover coat aggregate, and an emulsified asphalt and seal coat aggregate with an emulsified asphalt fog seal.
 - (c) A-3. A-3 shall consist of two separate applications of an emulsified asphalt and cover coat aggregate, and an emulsified asphalt and seal coat aggregate with an emulsified asphalt fog seal.

403.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Cover Coat Aggregate	
(b) Seal Coat Aggregate (Note 1)	
(c) Emulsified Asphalts (Note 2) (Note 3)	1032

Note 1. The seal coat aggregate shall be either fine or coarse aggregate.

When fine aggregate is used, it shall be stone sand, wet bottom boiler slag, slag sand, or steel slag sand. The aggregate gradation shall be FA 1 (Special), FA 4 (Special), or FA 22 as specified on the plans and shall meet the following.

FINE AGGREGATE GRADATIONS						
Grad.	Sieve Size and Percent Passing					
No.	3/8 in.	No. 4	No. 8	No. 16	No. 40	No. 200
NO.	(9.5 mm)	(4.75 mm)	(2.36 mm)	(1.18 mm)	(425 µm)	(75 µm)
FA 1 (Special)	100	90 ± 10	62.5 ± 17.5	32.5 ± 7.5	7.5 ± 7.5	1.5 ± 1
FA 4 (Special)	100	-		2 ± 2		1.5 ± 1
FA 22	100	1/	1/	8 ± 8		2 ± 2

1/ For the fine aggregate gradation FA 22, the aggregate producer shall set the midpoint percent passing, and the Department will apply a range of \pm 10 percent. The midpoint shall not be changed without Department approval.

When coarse aggregate is used, it shall be crushed gravel, crushed stone, wet bottom boiler slag, crushed slag, crushed sandstone, or crushed steel slag. The coarse aggregate material shall be selected from the table in Article 1004.03(a) based upon the friction aggregate mixture specified. The aggregate quality shall be Class B and the total chert count shall be no more than 25.0 percent by weight (mass) as determined by the ITP 203. The aggregate gradation shall be CA 14, CA 15, CA 16, or CA 20 as specified on the plans.

Note 2. The emulsified asphalt used to construct the bituminous surface treatment shall be either CRS-2P or HFRS-2P.

Note 3. The emulsified asphalt used to construct the fog seal shall be either SS-1h or CSS-1h.

403.03 Equipment. Equipment shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Self-Propelled Pneumatic-Tired Roller (Note 1)	1101.01
(b) Mechanical Sweeper (Note 2)	1101.03
(c) Aggregate Spreaders (Note 3)	1102.04
(d) General Use Pressure Distributor (Note 4)	1102.05(a)
(e) Heating Equipment	1102.07

Note 1. There shall be a minimum of two rollers, with the final number of rollers determined by the rollers' abilities to maintain proper spacing with the aggregate spreader as directed by the Engineer.

Note 2. The mechanical sweeper shall be power driven and self-propelled with the broom located between the axles. The mechanical sweeper shall not use a cantilever-mounted broom and the broom rotation shall not be operated by forward movement.

Note 3. The aggregate spreader shall be a self-propelled mechanical type with the receiving hopper in the rear and shall pull the aggregate truck. The spreader shall be fitted with an automated system which provides positive interconnected control of the aggregate flow with the forward speed of the spreader. The automated system shall provide uniform and consistent aggregate application at the rate specified.

The Engineer will check the spread roll of the aggregate spreader for straightness each day before operations begin. Should the surface of the spread roll vary off a straight line along its longitudinal dimension by more than 1/16 in. (1.5 mm), the Engineer will inspect the application of aggregate for corrugations and, should these occur, the machine shall be repaired or replaced. The forward speed of the spreader during calibration shall be the same as is to be used during construction. The equipment required for aggregate spreader calibration may consist of several sheets of canvas, each being exactly 1 sq yd (0.8 sq m), and a weight scale. By making several runs at different gate openings over the sheets of canvas, placed to cover the full width applied by the spreader, and carefully measuring the aggregate on each canvas sheet, the gate opening at the pre-established speed required to apply aggregate at the specified rate may be determined.

Note 4. The general use pressure distributor shall have a minimum capacity of 3000 gal (11,500 L). The application rate control shall be automated and shall control the application rate regardless of ground speed or spray bar width. The computer shall have the capability of recording the application rate, gallons sprayed, square yards, and feet traveled. The general use pressure distributor shall be capable of maintaining the asphalt emulsion at the specified temperature. The spray bar nozzles shall produce a uniform triple lap application fan spray, and the shutoff shall be instantaneous, with no dripping. The general use pressure distributor shall be capable of maintaining the specified application rate within $\pm\,0.015$ gal/sq yd ($\pm\,0.070$ L/sq m) for each load. The spray-bar nozzles shall be turned to make the same angle with the longitudinal axis of the spray bar as recommended by the manufacturer.

Application rates shall be determined by the procedures listed in ASTM D 2995, except the sample may be taken on three 8 x 12 in. (200 x 300 mm) metal plates. The three plates shall be positioned as directed by the Engineer.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

403.04 Weather Limitations. This work shall be done between May 1 and August 31. Emulsified asphalt shall be applied only when the temperature of the air in the shade is above 55 °F (13 °C). No work shall be started if local conditions indicate that rain is imminent.

Fog seal operations shall be performed during daylight hours and not during foggy weather. The road surface may be damp but shall be free of standing water.

This work may be done between September 1 and September 15 provided both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The temperature of the air in the shade is above 70 °F (20 °C) and the temperature of the surface to which the asphalt will be applied is 70 °F (20 °C) or above, and
- (b) The National Weather Service forecast for the area does not show any rain or any temperatures below 55 °F (13 °C) for the day the work is to be done or for the following five days.

403.05 Repair and Preparation of Base or Existing Surface. The base or existing surface shall be prepared according to Section 358.

403.06 Calibration. At least three days prior to starting the work, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a copy of the manufacturer's recommendations for the equipment to be used. The working day prior to starting construction, the general use pressure distributor and aggregate spreader shall be calibrated and adjusted according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Calibrations and adjustments shall be made in the presence of the Engineer on a level surface at a location approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall maintain proper calibration and adjustment of the equipment and the Engineer reserves the right to check application rates as the work progresses. Should the equipment fail to consistently apply the specified rates, the work shall be stopped, and the Contractor shall recalibrate and readjust the equipment.

403.07 Application Rates. Based upon the aggregate gradation to be used, the Contractor shall determine the application rates of emulsified asphalt and cover or seal coat aggregate. The application rates along with the gradations shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to the start of work. Application rates shall be according to the following table for the aggregate type shown on the plans and shall result in aggregate embedment between 50 and 70 percent behind the roller. Changes in the application rate of greater than 15 percent shall be resubmitted to the Engineer for approval.

Aggregate Type	Emulsified Asphalt Rate	Aggregate Rate
04.44	0.38 – 0.46 gal/sq yd	24 – 32 lb/sq yd
CA 14	(1.7 – 2.1 L/sq m)	(13 – 17 kg/sq m)
CA 15	0.38 – 0.46 gal/sq yd	22 – 30 lb/sq yd
OA 13	(1.7 – 2.1 L/sq m)	(12 – 16 kg/sq m)
CA 16	0.38 – 0.45 gal/sq yd	18 – 26 lb/sq yd
CA 10	(1.7 – 2.0 L/sq m)	(10 – 14 kg/sq m)
CA 20	0.36 – 0.45 gal/sq yd	18 – 26 lb/sq yd
CA 20	(1.6 – 2.0 L/sq m)	(10 – 14 kg/sq m)
EA 1 (Special)	0.26 – 0.30 gal/sq yd	16 – 20 lb/sq yd
FA 1 (Special)	(1.2 – 1.4 L/sq m)	(9 – 11 kg/sq m)
EA 4 (Special)	0.28 – 0.36 gal/sq yd	18 – 24 lb/sq yd
FA 4 (Special)	(1.3 – 1.6 L/sq m)	(10 – 13 kg/sq m)
FA 22	0.32 – 0.40 gal/sq yd	15 – 22 lb/sq yd
FA 22	(1.5 – 1.8 L/sq m)	(8 – 12 kg/sq m)

403.08 Preparation of Emulsified Asphalt. The temperature of the emulsified asphalt at the time of application shall be such that it sprays uniformly without clogging the spraying nozzles and is applied within the temperature range of $150 - 190 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($65 - 90 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$).

- **403.09 Preparation of Aggregate.** The aggregate shall be stockpiled near the jobsite according to Article 1003.01(e) or 1004.01(e). The aggregate used shall contain no free moisture but the aggregate shall be slightly damp (saturated surface-dry or drier).
- **403.10 Application of Emulsified Asphalt.** The emulsified asphalt shall be applied with a general use pressure distributor. The entire length of the spray bar shall be set at the height above the surface recommended by the manufacturer for even distribution of the emulsified asphalt. A hand spray bar shall be used at locations not covered by the distributor.

The distributor shall be operated in a manner such that missing or overlapping of transverse joints shall be avoided. To prevent overlapping of successive applications of emulsified asphalt at transverse joints, heavy paper shall be spread over the previously applied emulsified asphalt and aggregates. In order to obtain a uniform application of the emulsified asphalt, the distributor shall be traveling at the speed required for the specified rate of application when the spray bar crosses the paper.

Adjacent construction, such as concrete pavement, curb and gutter, bridge floors, raised reflective pavement markers, and bridge handrails, shall be protected by shields, covers or other means. If emulsified asphalt is applied to adjacent construction, the Contractor shall remove such material to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The emulsified asphalt shall not be applied when the wind conditions will inhibit uniform coverage from the fans of asphalt being applied.

403.11 Application of Aggregates. The cover and seal coat aggregates shall be spread evenly with an aggregate spreader over the entire surface being treated. When treating one-half of the pavement width at a time, an inside strip of uncovered emulsified asphalt 3 in. (75 mm) wide shall be left during construction of the first half to provide center joint overlap when the second half of the treatment is placed. In all cases, the aggregate shall be applied ahead of the truck or spreader wheels. Hand spreading will be permitted only when approved by the Engineer and, when so permitted, the aggregate shall be spread uniformly and at the approximate rate specified. Any ridges of aggregate left by the aggregate spreader shall be smoothed out with hand brooms immediately behind the aggregate spreader.

Equipment involved in the work shall operate as close to each other as practical. The aggregate spreader shall be within 150 ft (45 m) of the pressure distributor and the aggregate shall cover the asphalt emulsion within 30 seconds of application to ensure proper asphalt/aggregate adhesion.

Each aggregate truck shall be equipped with a suitable hitch for connection to the aggregate spreader while unloading. The trucks shall avoid contact between the truck body or bed and the aggregate spreader. The body or bed of the truck shall be modified, if necessary, to empty cleanly and completely into the receiving hopper of the aggregate spreader. No aggregate shall be allowed to spill onto the road surface when the truck is emptying into this hopper.

403.12 Cover Coat. Emulsified asphalt for the cover coat shall not be applied until the previous application is acceptable to the Engineer.

At the beginning of each day's work, no emulsified asphalt shall be applied until there is sufficient cover coat aggregate in the trucks at the work site to completely cover the first application of asphalt emulsion. The amount of surface area covered by each successive application of emulsified asphalt shall be determined by the Engineer. In no case shall this area

be greater than can be covered with cover coat aggregate and given the initial rolling while the emulsified asphalt is still in condition to hold aggregate.

The emulsified asphalt shall be applied uniformly over the surface at the rate specified in the table above. Immediately following the application of the asphalt emulsion, the cover coat aggregate shall be spread over the treated surface at the rate specified in the table above.

The aggregate shall be rolled following spreading. A maximum time of five minutes will be allowed between the spreading of aggregate and completion of the initial rolling of the aggregate. The rollers shall proceed in a longitudinal direction at a speed less than or equal to 5 mph (8 km/h). Each roller will travel over the aggregate a minimum of two times. The entire surface shall be rolled immediately with a self-propelled pneumatic-tired roller. Rolling shall proceed in a longitudinal direction beginning at the edges and progressing toward the center, overlapping on successive trips by at least 1/2 the width of the roller. The aggregate shall then be rolled with a separate pneumatic-tired roller until the aggregate is properly seated in the asphalt emulsion.

403.13 Seal Coat. When constructing A-2 or A-3, the seal coat shall not be started until the cover coat immediately preceding the seal coat is completed.

Application of the emulsified asphalt and aggregate and rolling of the seal coat shall be the same as specified above for the cover coat.

During the construction period, the Contractor shall maintain the completed work. If necessary, the Contractor shall apply additional seal coat aggregate to absorb excess bitumen appearing on the surface and shall repair any areas where pickup has occurred.

The Contractor shall use the appropriate sweeping equipment to perform an initial sweeping after a minimum of two hours curing and not less than one hour before sunset on the day the bituminous surface treatment is placed. The initial sweeping shall remove excess aggregate by lightly sweeping each pavement lane. The sweeping shall be sufficient to prevent migration of loose aggregate back onto any part of the pavement.

The Contractor shall sweep the pavement surface as needed to remove excess aggregate.

403.14 Application of Fog Seal. The emulsified asphalt for the fog seal shall not be applied to the treated surface until the seal coat has cured for at least 24 hours.

The emulsified asphalt shall be applied uniformly and at a rate that will provide a residual asphalt rate on the prepared surface of 0.03 to 0.08 lb/sq ft (0.146 to 0.391 kg/sq m). An application rate greater than 0.05 lb/sq ft (0.244 kg/sq m) shall be applied in two passes, one from each direction. The Contractor shall demonstrate the application will produce 100 percent coverage of the surface after curing. If the application demonstration does not meet the coverage requirements, the spray pattern shall be adjusted until approved by the Engineer. The emulsified asphalt shall be applied in a manner to minimize the amount of overspray.

A check shall be performed in the first 1,000 ft (300 m) to verify the application rate according to the test procedure for "Determination of Residual Asphalt in Prime and Tack Coat Materials".

403.15 Opening to Traffic. The road shall be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(c)(4).

403.16 Method of Measurement. The bituminous surface treatment (A-1, A-2, or A-3) will be measured for payment in place and the area computed in square yards (square meters). The width for measurement will be the top width of the bituminous surface treatment as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Emulsified asphalt for fog seal will be measured for payment as specified in Section 1032.

403.17 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT, of the type specified.

Emulsified asphalt for fog seal will be paid for at the contract unit price per pound (kilogram) of residual asphalt for BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (FOG SEAL).

When provided as a payment item, the preparation of the existing surface will be measured and paid for as specified in Section 358. If not provided as a payment item, preparation of existing surface will be paid for according to Article 109.04."

CEMENT, FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS, ADMIXTURES; CONCRETE, AND MORTAR (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2025

Revise the first paragraph of Article 285.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"285.05 Fabric Formed Concrete Revetment Mat. The grout shall consist of a mixture of cement, fine aggregate, and water so proportioned and mixed as to provide a pumpable slurry. Fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace (GGBF) slag, and concrete admixtures may be used at the option of the Contractor. The grout shall have an air content of not less than 6.0 percent nor more than 9.0 percent of the volume of the grout. The mix shall obtain a compressive strength of 2500 psi (17,000 kPa) at 28 days according to Article 1020.09."

Revise Article 302.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"302.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

	Item	Article/Section
(a)	Cement	1001
(b)	Water	1002
(c)	Hydrated Lime	1012.01
(d)	By-Product, Hydrated Lime	1012.02
(e)	By-Product, Non-Hydrated Lime	
(f)	Lime Slurry	1012.04
(g)	Fly Ash	1010
(h)	Soil for Soil Modification (Note 1)	1009.01
(i)	Bituminous Materials (Note 2)	

Note 1. This soil requirement only applies when modifying with lime (slurry or dry).

Note 2. The bituminous materials used for curing shall be emulsified asphalt RS-2, CRS-2, HFE 90, or HFE 150; rapid curing liquid asphalt RC-70; or medium curing liquid asphalt MC-70 or MC-250."

Revise Article 312.07(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Add Article 312.07(i) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(i) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag1010"

Revise the first paragraph of Article 312.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"312.09 Proportioning and Mix Design. At least 60 days prior to start of placing CAM II, the Contractor shall submit samples of materials to be used in the work for proportioning and testing. The mixture shall contain a minimum of 200 lb (120 kg) of cement per cubic yard (cubic meter). Cement may be replaced with fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace (GGBF) slag according to Article 1020.05(c)(1) or 1020.05(c)(2), respectively, however the minimum cement content in the mixture shall be 170 lbs/cu yd (101 kg/cu m). Blends of coarse and fine aggregates will be permitted, provided the volume of fine aggregate does not exceed the volume of coarse aggregate. The Engineer will determine the proportions of materials for the mixture according to the "Portland Cement Concrete Level III Technician Course" manual. However, the Contractor may substitute their own mix design. Article 1020.05(a) shall apply, and a Level III PCC Technician shall develop the mix design."

Revise Article 352.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"352.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Cement (Note 1)	1001
(b) Soil for Soil-Cement Base Course	1009.03
(c) Water	1002
(d) Bituminous Materials (Note 2)	

Note 1. Bulk cement may be used for the traveling mixing plant method if the equipment for handling, weighing, and spreading the cement is approved by the Engineer.

Note 2. The bituminous materials used for curing shall be emulsified asphalt RS-2, CRS-2, HFE 90, or HFE 150; rapid curing liquid asphalt RC-70; or medium curing liquid asphalt MC-70 or MC-250."

Revise Article 404.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"404.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Cement	1001
(b) Water	
(c) Fine Aggregate	
(d) Bituminous Material (Tack Coat)	
(e) Emulsified Asphalts (Note 1) (Note 2)	1032.06
(f) Fiber Modified Joint Sealer	1050.05
(g) Additives (Note 3)	

- Note 1. When used for slurry seal, the emulsified asphalt shall be CQS-1h according to Article 1032.06(b).
- Note 2. When used for micro-surfacing, the emulsified asphalt shall be CQS-1hP according to Article 1032.06(e).
- Note 3. Additives may be added to the emulsion mix or any of the component materials to provide the control of the quick-traffic properties. They shall be included as part of the mix design and be compatible with the other components of the mix.

Revise the last sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 404.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When approved by the Engineer, the sealant may be dusted with fine sand, cement, or mineral filler to prevent tracking."

Revise Note 2 of Article 516.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 2. The sand-cement grout mix shall be according to Section 1020 and shall be a 1:1 blend of sand and cement comprised of a Type I, IL, or II cement at 185 lb/cu yd (110 kg/cu m). The maximum water cement ratio shall be sufficient to provide a flowable mixture with a typical slump of 10 in. (250 mm)."

Revise Note 2 of Article 543.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 2. The grout mixture shall be 6.50 hundredweight/cu yd (385 kg/cu m) of cement plus fine aggregate and water. Fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace (GGBF) slag may replace a maximum of 5.25 hundredweight/cu yd (310 kg/cu m) of the cement. The water/cement ratio, according to Article 1020.06, shall not exceed 0.60. An airentraining admixture shall be used to produce an air content, according to Article 1020.08, of not less than 6.0 percent nor more than 9.0 percent of the volume of the grout. The Contractor shall have the option to use a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture."

Revise Article 583.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"583.01 Description. This work shall consist of placing cement mortar along precast, prestressed concrete bridge deck beams as required for fairing out any unevenness between adjacent deck beams prior to placing of waterproofing membrane and surfacing."

Revise Article 583.02(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

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Revise the first paragraph of Article 583.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"583.03 General. This work shall only be performed when the air temperature is 45 °F (7 °C) and rising. The mixture for cement mortar shall consist of three parts sand to one part cement by volume. The amount of water shall be no more than that necessary to produce a workable, plastic mortar."

Revise Note 2/ in Article 1003.01(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"2/ Applies only to sand. Sand exceeding the colorimetric test standard of 11 (Illinois Modified AASHTO T 21) will be checked for mortar making properties according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 87 and shall develop a compressive strength at the age of 14 days when using Type I, IL, or II cement of not less than 95 percent of the comparable standard.

Revise the second sentence of Article 1003.02(e)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The test will be performed with Type I, IL, or II portland cement having a total equivalent alkali content (Na₂O + 0.658K₂O) of 0.90 percent or greater."

Revise the first sentence of the second paragraph of Article 1003.02(e)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The ASTM C 1293 test shall be performed with Type I, IL, or II portland cement having a total equivalent alkali content (Na₂O + 0.658K₂O) of 0.80 percent or greater."

Revise the second sentence of Article 1004.02(g)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The test will be performed with Type I, IL, or II portland cement having a total equivalent alkali content (Na₂O + 0.658K₂O) of 0.90 percent or greater."

Revise Article 1017.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1017.01 Requirements. The mortar shall be high-strength according to ASTM C 387 and shall have a minimum 80.0 percent relative dynamic modulus of elasticity when tested by the Department according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 161 or AASHTO T 161 when tested by an independent lab. The high-strength mortar shall have a water-soluble chloride ion content of less than 0.40 lb/cu yd (0.24 kg/cu m). The test shall be performed according to ASTM C 1218, and the high-strength mortar shall have an age of 28 to 42 days at the time of test. The ASTM C 1218 test shall be performed by an independent lab a minimum of once every five years, and the test results shall be provided to the Department. Mixing of the high-strength mortar shall be according to the manufacturer's specifications. The Department will maintain a qualified product list."

Revise the fourth sentence of Article 1018.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The ASTM C 1218 test shall be performed by an independent lab a minimum of once every five years, and the test results shall be provided to the Department."

Revise Article 1019.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1019.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Cement	1001
(b) Water	
(c) Fine Aggregate for Controlled Low-Strength Material (CLSM)	
(d) Fly Ash	1010
(e) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag	

(f) Admixtures (Note 1)

Note 1. The air-entraining admixture may be in powder or liquid form. Prior to approval, a CLSM air-entraining admixture will be evaluated by the Department. The admixture shall be able to meet the air content requirements of Mix 2. The Department will maintain a qualified product list."

Revise Article 1019.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1019.05 Department Mix Design. The Department mix design shall be Mix 1, 2, or 3 and shall be proportioned to yield approximately one cubic yard (cubic meter).

Mix 1		
Cement	50 lb (30 kg)	
Fly Ash – Class C or F, and/or GGBF Slag	125 lb (74 kg)	
Fine Aggregate – Saturated Surface Dry	2900 lb (1720 kg)	
Water	50-65 gal (248-322 L)	
Air Content	No air is entrained	

Mix 2		
Cement	125 lb (74 kg)	
Fine Aggregate – Saturated Surface Dry	2500 lb (1483 kg)	
Water	35-50 gal (173-248 L)	
Air Content	15-25 %	

Mix 3		
Cement	40 lb (24 kg)	
Fly Ash – Class C or F, and/or GGBF Slag	125 lb (74 kg)	
Fine Aggregate – Saturated Surface Dry	2500 lb (1483 kg)	
Water	35-50 gal (179-248 L)	
Air Content	15-25 %"	

Revise Article 1020.04, Table 1, Note (8) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(8) In addition to the Type III portland cement, 100 lb/cu yd of ground granulated blast-furnace slag and 50 lb/cu yd of microsilica (silica fume) shall be used. For an air temperature greater than 85 °F, the Type III portland cement may be replaced with Type I, IL, or II portland cement."

Revise Article 1020.04, Table 1 (Metric), Note (8) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(8) In addition to the Type III portland cement, 60 kg/cu m of ground granulated blast-furnace slag and 30 kg/cu m of microsilica (silica fume) shall be used. For an air temperature greater than 30 °C, the Type III portland cement may be replaced with Type I, IL, or II portland cement."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1020.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For a mix design using a portland-pozzolan cement, portland blast-furnace slag cement, portland-limestone cement, or replacing portland cement with finely divided minerals per Articles 1020.05(c) and 1020.05(d), the Contractor may submit a mix design with a minimum portland cement content less than 400 lbs/cu yd (237 kg/cu m), but not less than 375 lbs/cu yd (222 kg/cu m), if the mix design is shown to have a minimum relative dynamic modulus of elasticity of 80 percent determined according to AASHTO T 161. Testing shall be performed by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for Portland Cement Concrete."

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1020.05(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Corrosion inhibitors and concrete admixtures shall be according to the qualified product lists."

Delete the fourth and fifth sentences of the second paragraph of Article 1020.05(b) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the third sentence of the second paragraph of Article 1020.05(b)(5) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The qualified product lists of concrete admixtures shall not apply."

Revise second paragraph of Article 1020.05(b)(10) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When calcium nitrite is used, it shall be added at the rate of 4 gal/cu yd (20 L/cu m) and shall be added to the mix immediately after all compatible admixtures have been introduced to the batch. Other corrosion inhibitors shall be added per the manufacturer's specifications."

Delete the third paragraph of Article 1020.05(b)(10) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 1020.15(b)(1)c. of the Standard Specifications to read:

"c. The minimum portland cement content in the mixture shall be 375 lbs/cu yd (222 kg/cu m). When the total of organic processing additions, inorganic processing additions, and limestone addition exceed 5.0 percent in the cement, the minimum portland cement content in the mixture shall be 400 lbs/cu yd (237 kg/cu m). For a drilled shaft, foundation, footing, or substructure, the minimum portland cement may be reduced to as low as 330 lbs/cu yd (196 kg/cu m) if the concrete has adequate freeze/thaw durability. The Contractor shall provide freeze/thaw test results according to AASHTO T 161, and the relative dynamic modulus of elasticity of the mix design shall be a minimum of 80 percent. Testing shall be performed by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for Portland Cement Concrete. Freeze/thaw testing will not be required for concrete that will not be exposed to freezing and thawing conditions as determined by the Engineer."

Revise Article 1021.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1021.01 General. Admixtures shall be furnished in liquid or powder form ready for use. The admixtures shall be delivered in the manufacturer's original containers, bulk tank trucks or such containers or tanks as are acceptable to the Engineer. Delivery shall be accompanied by a ticket which clearly identifies the manufacturer, the date of manufacture, and trade name of the material. Containers shall be readily identifiable as to manufacturer, the date of manufacture, and trade name of the material they contain.

Concrete admixtures shall be on one of the Department's qualified product lists. Unless otherwise noted, admixtures shall have successfully completed and remain current with the AASHTO Product Eval and Audit Concrete Admixture (CADD) testing program. For admixture submittals to the Department; the product brand name, manufacturer name, admixture type or types, an electronic link to the product's technical data sheet, and the NTPEP testing number which contains an electronic link to all test data shall be provided. In addition, a letter shall be submitted certifying that no changes have been made in the formulation of the material since the most current round of tests conducted by AASHTO Product Eval and Audit. After 28 days of testing by AASHTO Product Eval and Audit, air-entraining admixtures may be provisionally approved and used on Departmental projects. For all other admixtures, unless otherwise noted, the time period after which provisionally approved status may be earned is 6 months.

The manufacturer shall include the following in the submittal to the AASHTO Product Eval and Audit CADD testing program: the manufacturing range for specific gravity, the midpoint and manufacturing range for residue by oven drying, and manufacturing range of pH. The submittal shall also include an infrared spectrophotometer trace no more than five years old.

For air-entraining admixtures according to Article 1021.02, the specific gravity allowable manufacturing range established by the manufacturer shall be according to AASHTO M 194. For residue by oven drying and pH, the allowable manufacturing range and test methods shall be according to AASHTO M 194.

For admixtures according to Articles 1021.03, 1021.04, 1021.05, 1021.06, 1021.07, and 1021.08, the pH allowable manufacturing range established by the manufacturer shall be according to ASTM E 70. For specific gravity and residue by oven drying, the allowable manufacturing range and test methods shall be according to AASHTO M 194.

All admixtures, except chloride-based accelerators, shall contain a maximum of 0.3 percent chloride by weight (mass) as determined by an appropriate test method. To verify the test result, the Department will use Illinois Modified AASHTO T 260, Procedure A, Method 1.

Prior to final approval of an admixture, the Engineer reserves the right to request a sample for testing. The test and reference concrete mixtures tested by the Engineer will contain a cement content of 5.65 cwt/cu yd (335 kg/cu m). For freeze-thaw testing, the Department will perform the test according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 161. The flexural strength test will be performed according to AASHTO T 177. If the Engineer decides to test the admixture, the manufacturer shall submit AASHTO T 197 water content and set time test results on the standard cement used by the Department. The manufacturer may select their lab or an independent lab to perform this testing. The laboratory is not required to be accredited by AASHTO.

Random field samples may be taken by the Department to verify an admixture meets specification. A split sample will be provided to the manufacturer if requested. Admixtures that do not meet specification requirements or an allowable manufacturing range established by the manufacturer shall be replaced with new material."

Revise Article 1021.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "1021.03 Retarding and Water-Reducing Admixtures. The admixture shall be according to the following.
 - (a) Retarding admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type B (retarding) or Type D (water-reducing and retarding).
 - (b) Water-reducing admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type A.
 - (c) High range water-reducing admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type F (high range water-reducing) or Type G (high range water-reducing and retarding)."

Revise Article 1021.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1021.05 Self-Consolidating Admixtures. Self-consolidating admixture systems shall consist of either a high range water-reducing admixture only or a high range water-reducing admixture combined with a separate viscosity modifying admixture. The one or two component admixture system shall be capable of producing a concrete that can flow around reinforcement and consolidate under its own weight without additional effort and without segregation.

High range water-reducing admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type F.

Viscosity modifying admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type S (specific performance)."

Revise Article 1021.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1021.06 Rheology-Controlling Admixture. Rheology-controlling admixtures shall be capable of producing a concrete mixture with a lower yield stress that will consolidate easier for slipform applications used by the Contractor. Rheology-controlling admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type S (specific performance)."

Revise Article 1021.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "1021.07 Corrosion Inhibitor. The corrosion inhibitor shall be according to one of the following.
 - (a) Calcium Nitrite. Corrosion inhibitors shall contain a minimum 30 percent calcium nitrite by weight (mass) of solution and shall comply with either the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type C (accelerating) or the requirements of ASTM C 1582. The corrosion inhibiting performance requirements of ASTM C 1582 shall not apply.
 - (b) Other Materials. The corrosion inhibitor shall be according to ASTM C 1582.

For submittals requiring testing according to ASTM M 194, Type C (accelerating), the admixture shall meet the requirements of the AASHTO Product Eval and Audit CADD testing program according to Article 1021.01.

For submittals requiring testing according to ASTM C 1582, a report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for portland cement concrete shall be provided. The report shall show the results of physical tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal, according to applicable specifications. However, ASTM G 109 test information specified in ASTM C 1582 is not required to be from an independent accredited lab. All other information in ASTM C 1582 shall be from an independent accredited lab. Test data and other information required to be submitted to AASHTO Product Eval and Audit according to Article 1021.01, shall instead be submitted directly to the Department."

Add Article 1021.08 of the Standard Specifications as follows:

"1021.08 Other Specific Performance Admixtures. Other specific performance admixtures shall, at a minimum, be according to AASHTO M 194, Type S (specific performance). The Department also reserves the right to require other testing, as determined by the Engineer, to show evidence of specific performance characteristics.

Initial testing according to AASHTO M 194 may be conducted under the AASHTO Product Eval and Audit CADD testing program according to Article 1021.01, or by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for Portland Cement Concrete. In either case, test data and other information required to be submitted to AASHTO Product Eval and Audit according to Article 1021.01, shall also be submitted directly to the Department. The independent accredited lab report shall show the results of physical tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal, according to applicable specifications."

Revise Article 1024.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1024.01 Requirements for Grout. The grout shall be proportioned by dry volume, thoroughly mixed, and shall have a minimum temperature of 50 °F (10 °C). Water shall not exceed the minimum needed for placement and finishing.

Materials for the grout shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Cement	1001
(b) Water	
(c) Fine Aggregate	1003.02
(d) Fly Ash	1010
(e) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag	
(f) Concrete Admixtures	

Revise Note 1 of Article 1024.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

[&]quot;Note 1. Nonshrink grout shall be according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 1107.

The nonshrink grout shall have a water-soluble chloride ion content of less than 0.40 lb/cu yd (0.24 kg/cu m). The test shall be performed according to ASTM C 1218, and the grout shall have an age of 28 to 42 days at the time of test. The ASTM C 1218 test shall be performed by an independent lab a minimum of once every five years, and the test results shall be provided to the Department. Mixing of the nonshrink grout shall be according to the manufacturer's specifications. The Department will maintain a qualified product list."

Revise Article 1029.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" 1029.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Cement	1001
(b) Fly Ash	1010
(c) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag	
(d) Water	
(e) Fine Aggregate	
(f) Concrete Admixtures	
(g) Foaming Agent (Note 1)	

Note 1. The manufacturer shall submit infrared spectrophotometer trace and test results indicating the foaming agent meets the requirements of ASTM C 869 in order to be on the Department's qualified product list. Submitted data/results shall not be more than five years old."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1103.03(a)(4) the Standard Specifications to read:

"The dispenser system shall provide a visual indication that the liquid admixture is actually entering the batch, such as via a transparent or translucent section of tubing or by independent check with an integrated secondary metering device. If approved by the Engineer, an alternate indicator may be used for admixtures dosed at rates of 25 oz/cwt (1630 mL/100 kg) or greater, such as accelerating admixtures, corrosion inhibitors, and viscosity modifying admixtures."

Revise the first two sections of Check Sheet #11 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of filling voids beneath rigid and composite pavements with cement grout.

<u>Materials</u>. Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Division 1000 - Materials of the Standard Specifications:

Item	Article/Section
(a) Cement	1001
(b) Water	1002
(c) Fly Ash	
(d) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag	1010
(e) Admixtures	
(f) Packaged Rapid Hardening Mortar or Concrete	1018"

Revise the third paragraph of Materials Note 2 of Check Sheet #28 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"The Department will maintain a qualified product list of synthetic fibers, which will include the minimum required dosage rate. For the minimum required fiber dosage rate based on the Illinois Modified ASTM C 1609 test, a report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for Portland Cement Concrete shall be provided. The report shall show results of tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal."

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

(2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
 - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel		
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent		
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk		
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and One Clerk		
Over \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk		

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: January 2, 2025

- 1. OVERVIEW AND GENERAL OBLIGATION. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory. Award of the contract is conditioned on meeting the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26, and failure by the Contractor to carry out the requirements of Part 26 is a material breach of the contract and may result in the termination of the contract or such other remedies as the Department deems appropriate.
- 2. <u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. All assurances set forth in FHWA 1273 are hereby incorporated by reference and will be physically attached to the final contract and all subcontracts.
- 3. CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. The Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies and that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 4.00% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR 26.53 and SBE Memorandum No. 24-02.
- 4. <u>IDENTIFICATION OF CERTIFIED DBE</u>. Information about certified DBE Contractors can be found in the Illinois UCP Directory. Bidders can obtain additional information and assistance with identifying DBE-certified companies at the Department's website or by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at (217) 785-4611.

- 5. <u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision and SBE Policy Memorandum 24-02 is a material bidding requirement. The following shall be included with the bid.
 - (a) DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026) documenting enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal, or a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal even though the efforts did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.
 - (b) Applicable DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2023, 2024, and/or 2025) for each DBE firm the bidder has committed to perform the work to achieve the contract goal.

The required forms and documentation shall be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a bid if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared non-responsive. A bidder declared non-responsive for failure to meet the bidding procedures will not give rise to an administrative reconsideration. In the event the bid is declared non-responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

6. <u>UTILZATION PLAN EVALUATION</u>. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate, and adequately document the bidder has committed to DBE participation sufficient to meet the goal, or that the bidder has made good faith efforts to do so, in the event the bidder cannot meet the goal, in order for the Department to commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder.

The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the Department determines, based upon the documentation submitted, that the bidder has made a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A and the requirements of SBE 2026.

If the Department determines that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan of that determination in accordance with SBE Policy Memorandum 24-02.

7. CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work the bidder commits to have performed by the specified DBEs and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE firms. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific guidelines for counting goal credit are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55. In evaluating Utilization Plans for award the Department will count goal credit as set forth in Part 26 and in accordance with SBE Policy Memorandum 24-02.

- 8. CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. The Contractor must utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each DBE is listed in the Contractor's approved Utilization Plan, unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent to terminate the DBE or any portion of its work. The DBE Utilization Plan approved by SBE is a condition-of-award, and any deviation to that Utilization Plan, the work set forth therein to be performed by DBE firms, or the DBE firms specified to perform that work, must be approved, in writing, by the Department in accordance with federal regulatory requirements. Deviation from the DBE Utilization Plan condition-of-award without such written approval is a violation of the contract and may result in termination of the contract or such other remedy the Department deems appropriate. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan.
 - (a) NOTICE OF DBE PERFORMANCE. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with at least three days advance notice of when all DBE firms are expected to perform the work committed under the Contractor's Utilization Plan.
 - (b) SUBCONTRACT. If awarded the contract, the Contractor is required to enter into written subcontracts with all DBE firms indicated in the approved Utilization Plan and must provide copies of fully executed DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
 - (c) PAYMENT TO DBE FIRMS. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goal has been paid to the DBE. The Contractor shall document and report all payments for work performed by DBE certified firms in accordance with Article 109.11 of the Standard Specifications. All records of payment for work performed by DBE certified firms shall be made available to the Department upon request.
 - (d) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or trucking, or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement (form SBE 2115) to the Engineer. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages.
 - (g) ENFORCEMENT. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2009 Revised: August 1, 2017

<u>Description</u>. Fuel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in fuel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any category of work will make that category of work exempt from fuel cost adjustment.

<u>General</u>. The fuel cost adjustment shall apply to contract pay items as grouped by category. The adjustment shall only apply to those categories of work checked "Yes", and only when the cumulative plan quantities for a category exceed the required threshold. Adjustments to work items in a category, either up or down, and extra work paid for by agreed unit price will be subject to fuel cost adjustment only when the category representing the added work was subject to the fuel cost adjustment. Extra work paid for at a lump sum price or by force account will not be subject to fuel cost adjustment. Category descriptions and thresholds for application and the fuel usage factors which are applicable to each are as follows:

- (a) Categories of Work.
 - (1) Category A: Earthwork. Contract pay items performed under Sections 202, 204, and 206 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered earthwork. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 25,000 cu yd (20,000 cu m). Included in the fuel usage factor is a weighted average 0.10 gal/cu yd (0.50 liters/cu m) factor for trucking.
 - (2) Category B: Subbases and Aggregate Base Courses. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 311, 312 and 351 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered construction of a subbase or aggregate, stabilized or modified base course. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). Included in the fuel usage factor is a 0.60 gal/ton (2.50 liters/metric ton) factor for trucking.
 - (3) Category C: Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Bases, Pavements and Shoulders. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 355, 406, 407 and 482 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered HMA bases, pavements and shoulders. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). Included in the fuel usage factor is 0.60 gal/ton (2.50 liters/metric ton) factor for trucking.
 - (4) Category D: Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) Bases, Pavements and Shoulders. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 353, 420, 421 and 483 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered PCC base, pavement or shoulder. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 7500 sq yd (6000 sq m). Included in the fuel usage factor is 1.20 gal/cu yd (5.94 liters/cu m) factor for trucking.
 - (5) Category E: Structures. Structure items having a cumulative bid price that exceeds \$250,000 for pay items constructed under Sections 502, 503, 504, 505, 512, 516 and 540 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the

work to be performed is considered structure work when similar to that performed under these sections and not included in categories A through D.

(b) Fuel Usage Factors.

English Units		
Category	Factor	Units
A - Earthwork	0.34	gal / cu yd
B – Subbase and Aggregate Base courses	0.62	gal / ton
C – HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders	1.05	gal / ton
D – PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders	2.53	gal / cu yd
E – Structures	8.00	gal / \$1000
Metric Units		
Category	Factor	Units
A - Earthwork	1.68	liters / cu m
B – Subbase and Aggregate Base courses	2.58	liters / metric ton
C – HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders	4.37	liters / metric ton
D – PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders	12.52	liters / cu m
E – Structures	30.28	liters / \$1000

(c) Quantity Conversion Factors.

Category	Conversion	Factor
В	sq yd to ton sq m to metric ton	0.057 ton / sq yd / in depth 0.00243 metric ton / sq m / mm depth
С	sq yd to ton sq m to metric ton	0.056 ton / sq yd / in depth 0.00239 m ton / sq m / mm depth
D	sq yd to cu yd sq m to cu m	0.028 cu yd / sq yd / in depth 0.001 cu m / sq m / mm depth

Method of Adjustment. Fuel cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

 $CA = (FPI_P - FPI_L) \times FUF \times Q$

FUF

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$

FPI_P = Fuel Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is

performed, \$/gal (\$/liter)

FPI_L = Fuel Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit

price, \$/gal (\$/liter)
= Fuel Usage Factor in the pay item(s) being adjusted

Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) or cu yd (cu m)

The entire FUF indicated in paragraph (b) will be used regardless of use of trucking to perform the work.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. Fuel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the FPI_L and FPI_P in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = $\{(FPI_L - FPI_P) \div FPI_L\} \times 100$

Fuel cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable work is performed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

GRADING AND SHAPING DITCHES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2023

Delete the second paragraph of Article 214.03 of the Standard Specifications.

Delete the second paragraph of Article 214.04 of the Standard Specifications.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024 Revised: January 1, 2025

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Articles 1030.06(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) Personnel. The Contractor shall provide a QC Manager who shall have overall responsibility and authority for quality control. This individual shall maintain active certification as a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level II technician.

In addition to the QC Manager, the Contractor shall provide sufficient personnel to perform the required visual inspections, sampling, testing, and documentation in a timely manner. Mix designs shall be developed by personnel with an active certification as a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level III technician. Technicians performing mix design testing and plant sampling/testing shall maintain active certification as a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level I technician. The Contractor may provide a technician trainee who has successfully completed the Department's "Hot-Mix Asphalt Trainee Course" to assist in the activities completed by a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level I technician for a period of one year after the course completion date. The Contractor may also provide a Gradation Technician who has successfully completed the Department's "Gradation Technician Course" to run gradation tests only under the supervision of a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level II Technician. The Contractor shall provide a Hot-Mix Asphalt Density Tester who has successfully completed the Department's "Nuclear Density Testing" course to run all nuclear density tests on the job site."

Revise the second paragraph of Articles 1030.07(a)(11) and 1030.08(a)(9) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When establishing the target density, the HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be based on the running average of four available Department test results for that project. If less than four G_{mm} test results are available, an average of all

available Department test results for that project will be used. The initial G_{mm} will be the last available Department test result from a QMP project. If there is no available Department test result from a QMP project, the Department mix design verification test result will be used as the initial G_{mm} ."

Revise Article 1030.09(g)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) The Contractor shall complete split verification sample tests listed in the Limits of Precision table in Article 1030.09(h)(1)."

In the Supplemental Specifications, replace the revision for the end of the third paragraph of Article 1030.09(h)(2) with the following:

"When establishing the target density, the HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be the Department mix design verification test result."

Revise the tenth paragraph of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Production is not required to stop after a test strip has been constructed."

ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE - STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2021 Revised: April 2, 2024

<u>Illinois Works Jobs Program Act (30 ILCS 559/20-1 et seq.)</u>. For contracts having an awarded contract value of \$500,000 or more, the Contractor shall comply with the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative (30 ILCS 559/20-20 to 20-25) and all applicable administrative rules. The goal of the Illinois Apprenticeship Works Initiative is that apprentices will perform either 10% of the total labor hours actually worked in each prevailing wage classification or 10% of the estimated labor hours in each prevailing wage classification, whichever is less. Of this goal, at least 50% of the labor hours of each prevailing wage classification performed by apprentices shall be performed by graduates of the Illinois Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, the Illinois Climate Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, or the Highway Construction Careers Training Program.

The Contractor may seek from the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) a waiver or reduction of this goal in certain circumstances pursuant to 30 ILCS 559/20-20(b). The Contractor shall ensure compliance during the term of the contract and will be required to report on and certify its compliance. An apprentice use plan, apprentice hours, and a compliance certification shall be submitted to the Engineer on forms provided by the Department and/or DCEO.

PAVEMENT MARKING INSPECTION (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2025

Revise the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 780.13 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"In addition, thermoplastic, preformed plastic, epoxy, preformed thermoplastic, polyurea, and modified urethane pavement markings will be inspected following a winter performance period that extends from November 15 to April 1 of the next year."

PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDER (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2023

Revise Article 1032.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1032.05 Performance Graded Asphalt Binder. These materials will be accepted according to the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure." The Department will maintain a qualified producer list. These materials shall be free from water and shall not foam when heated to any temperature below the actual flash point. Air blown asphalt, recycle engine oil bottoms (ReOB), and polyphosphoric acid (PPA) modification shall not be used.

When requested, producers shall provide the Engineer with viscosity/temperature relationships for the performance graded asphalt binders delivered and incorporated in the work.

(a) Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans and the following.

Test	Parameter
Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113) BBR, ΔTc,	-5 °C min.
40 hrs PAV (40 hrs continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)	-5 C IIIII.

(b) Modified Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans.

Asphalt binder modification shall be performed at the source, as defined in the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure."

Modified asphalt binder shall be safe to handle at asphalt binder production and storage temperatures or HMA construction temperatures. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) shall be provided for all asphalt modifiers.

(1) Polymer Modification (SB/SBS or SBR). Elastomers shall be added to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade and shall be either a styrene-butadiene diblock, triblock copolymer without oil extension, or a styrenebutadiene rubber. The polymer modified asphalt binder shall be smooth, homogeneous, and be according to the requirements shown in Table 1 or 2 for the grade shown on the plans.

Table 1 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer (SB/SBS) Modified Asphalt Binders			
Test	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-28 SB/SBS PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SB/SBS PG 76-22 SB/SBS PG 76-28	
Separation of Polymer ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder" Difference in °F (°C) of the softening point between top and bottom portions	4 (2) max.	4 (2) max.	
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)			
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, % 60 min. 70 min.			

Table 2 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Rubber (SBR) Modified Asphalt Binders		
Test	Asphalt Grade SBR PG 64-28 SBR PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SBR PG 76-22 SBR PG 76-28
Separation of Polymer		
ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder"		
Difference in °F (°C) of the softening point		
between top and bottom portions	4 (2) max.	4 (2) max.
Toughness ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C),		
20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m)	110 (12.5) min.	110 (12.5) min.
Tenacity ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C),		
20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m)	75 (8.5) min.	75 (8.5) min.
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)		
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A,		
77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, %	40 min.	50 min.

(2) Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modification. GTR modification is the addition of recycled ground tire rubber to liquid asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. GTR shall be produced from processing automobile and/or truck tires by the ambient grinding method or micronizing through a cryogenic process. GTR shall not exceed 1/16 in. (2 mm) in any dimension and shall not contain free metal particles, moisture that would cause foaming of the asphalt, or other foreign materials. A mineral powder (such as talc) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 17 may be added, up to a maximum of four percent by weight of GTR to reduce sticking and caking of the GTR

particles. When tested in accordance with Illinois Modified AASHTO T 27 "Standard Method of Test for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates" or AASHTO PP 74 "Standard Practice for Determination of Size and Shape of Glass Beads Used in Traffic Markings by Means of Computerized Optical Method", a 50 g sample of the GTR shall conform to the following gradation requirements.

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
No. 16 (1.18 mm)	100
No. 30 (600 µm)	95 ± 5
No. 50 (300 µm)	> 20

GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for rotational viscosity according to AASHTO T 316 using spindle S27. GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for original dynamic shear and RTFO dynamic shear according to AASHTO T 315 using a gap of 2 mm.

The GTR modified asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of Table 3.

Table 3 - Requirements for Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modified Asphalt Binders			
Test	Asphalt Grade GTR PG 64-28 GTR PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade GTR PG 76-22 GTR PG 76-28 GTR PG 70-28	
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)			
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, % 60 min. 70 min.			

(3) Softener Modification (SM). Softener modification is the addition of organic compounds, such as engineered flux, bio-oil blends, modified vegetable oils, glycol amines, and fatty acid derivatives, to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. Softeners shall be dissolved, dispersed, or reacted in the asphalt binder to enhance its performance and shall remain compatible with the asphalt binder with no separation. Softeners shall not be added to modified PG asphalt binder as defined in Articles 1032.05(b)(1) or 1032.05(b)(2).

An Attenuated Total Reflectance-Fourier Transform Infrared spectrum (ATR-FTIR) shall be collected for both the softening compound as well as the softener modified asphalt binder at the dose intended for qualification. The ATR-FTIR spectra shall be collected on unaged softener modified binder, 20-hour Pressurized Aging Vessel (PAV) aged softener modified binder, and 40-hour PAV aged softener modified binder. The ATR-FTIR shall be collected in accordance with Illinois Test Procedure 601. The electronic files spectral files (in one of the following extensions or equivalent: *.SPA, *.SPG, *.IRD, *.IFG, *.CSV, *.SP, *.IRS, *.GAML, *.[0-9], *.IGM, *.ABS, *.DRT, *.SBM, *.RAS) shall be submitted to the Central Bureau of Materials.

Softener modified asphalt binders shall meet the requirements in Table 4.

Table 4 - Requirements for Softener Modified Asphalt Binders		
	Asphalt Grade	
	SM PG 46-28 SM PG 46-34	
Test	SM PG 52-28 SM PG 52-34	
	SM PG 58-22 SM PG 58-28	
	SM PG 64-22	
Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113)		
BBR, ΔTc, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs continuous	-5°C min.	
or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)		
Large Strain Parameter (Illinois Modified		
AASHTO T 391) DSR/LAS Fatigue	> E4 0/	
Property, Δ G* peak τ, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs	≥ 54 %	
continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)		

The following grades may be specified as tack coats.

Asphalt Grade	Use
PG 58-22, PG 58-28, PG 64-22	Tack Coat"

Revise Article 1031.06(c)(1) and 1031.06(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(1) RAP/RAS. When RAP is used alone or RAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin ABR shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

HMA Mixtures - RAP/RAS Maximum ABR % 1/ 2/			
Ndesign Binder Surface Polymer Modified Binder or Surface 3/			
30	30	30	10
50	25	15	10
70	15	10	10
90	10	10	10

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the RAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for ground tire rubber (GTR) modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes.

(2) FRAP/RAS. When FRAP is used alone or FRAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

HMA Mixtures - FRAP/RAS Maximum ABR % 1/2/			
Ndesign	Binder	Surface	Polymer Modified Binder or Surface ^{3/}
30	55	45	15
50	45	40	15
70	45	35	15
90	45	35	15
SMA			25
IL-4.75			35

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent for all mixes, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for GTR modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes."

Add the following to the end of Note 2 of Article 1030.03 of the Standard Specifications.

"A dedicated storage tank for the ground tire rubber (GTR) modified asphalt binder shall be provided. This tank shall be capable of providing continuous mechanical mixing throughout and/or recirculation of the asphalt binder to provide a uniform mixture. The tank shall be heated and capable of maintaining the temperature of the asphalt binder at 300 °F to 350 °F (149 °C to 177 °C). The asphalt binder metering systems of dryer drum plants shall be calibrated with the actual GTR modified asphalt binder material with an accuracy of ± 0.40 percent."

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024 Revised: April 1, 2024

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities. The excavated soil and groundwater within the work areas shall be managed as either uncontaminated soil, hazardous waste, special waste, or non-special waste.

As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 "Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)"."

Revise the first two sentences of the nineteenth paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility and provide the specific analytical testing requirements of that facility. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection, transportation, and analysis of landfill acceptance testing."

Revise the last paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall select a permitted landfill facility or CCDD/USFO facility meeting the requirements of 35 III. Admin. Code Parts 810-814 or Part 1100, respectively. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor based upon information provided in BDE 2730. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected facility shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.07 Temporary Staging. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. All other soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Topsoil for re-use as final cover which has been field screened and found not to exhibit PID readings over daily background readings as documented on the BDE 2732, visual staining or odors, and is classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option."

Add the following paragraph after the sixth paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications.

"The sampling and testing of effluent water derived from dewatering discharges for priority pollutants volatile organic compounds (VOCs), priority pollutants semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), or priority pollutants metals, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for VOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8260B, SVOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 8270C, or RCRA METALS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 6010B and 7471A. This price shall include transporting the sample from the job site to the laboratory."

Revise the first sentence of the eight paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) to be managed and disposed of, if required and approved by the Engineer, will be paid according to Article 109.04."

SEEDING (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2022

Revise Article 250.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"250.07 Seeding Mixtures. The classes of seeding mixtures and combinations of mixtures will be designated in the plans.

When an area is to be seeded with two or more seeding classes, those mixtures shall be applied separately on the designated area within a seven day period. Seeding shall occur prior to placement of mulch cover. A Class 7 mixture can be applied at any time prior to applying any seeding class or added to them and applied at the same time.

		TABLE 1 - SEEDING MIXTURES	
Class -	- Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
1	Lawn Mixture 1/	Kentucky Bluegrass	100 (110)
		Perennial Ryegrass	60 (70)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	40 (50)
1A	Salt Tolerant	Kentucky Bluegrass	60 (70)
	Lawn Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	20 (20)
		Festuca brevipilla (Hard Fescue)	20 (20)
		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	60 (70)
1B	Low Maintenance	Turf-Type Fine Fescue 3/	150 (170)
	Lawn Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Red Top	10 (10)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	20 (20)
2	Roadside Mixture 1/	Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue)	100 (110)
		Perennial Ryegrass	50 (55)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	40 (50)
		Red Top	10 (10)
2A	Salt Tolerant	Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue)	60 (70)
	Roadside Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	30 (20)
		Festuca brevipila (Hard Fescue)	30 (20)
_		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	60 (70)
3	Northern Illinois	Elymus canadensis	5 (5)
	Slope Mixture 1/	(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	20 (20)
		Perennial Ryegrass Alsike Clover 4/	20 (20)
		Desmanthus illinoensis	5 (5) 2 (2)
		(Illinois Bundleflower) 4/ 5/	2 (2)
		Schizachyrium scoparium	12 (12)
		(Little Bluestem) 5/	(/
		Boùteloua curtipendula	10 (10)
		(Side-Oats Grama) 5/	` ,
		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	30 (35)
		Oats, Spring	50 (55)
		Slender Wheat Grass 5/	15 (15)
		Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/	5 (5)
3A	Southern Illinois	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
	Slope Mixture 1/	Elymus canadensis	20 (20)
		(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	40 (40)
		Panicum virgatum (Switchgrass) 5/	10 (10)
		Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	12 (12)
		Bouteloua curtipendula	10 (10)
		(Side-Oats Grama) 5/	10 (10)
		Dalea candida	5 (5)
		(White Prairie Clover) 4/ 5/	0 (0)
		Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) 5/	5 (5)
		Oats, Spring	50 (5 5)

Class	– Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
4	Native Grass 2/ 6/	Andropogon gerardi (Big Blue Stem) 5/	4 (4)
		Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	5 (5)
		Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/	5 (5)
		Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/	1 (1)
		Panicum virgatum (Switch Grass) 5/	1 (1)
		Sorghastrum nutans (Indian Grass) 5/	2 (2)
		Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
		Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Perennial Ryegrass	15 (15)
4A	Low Profile Native Grass 2/ 6/	Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	5 (5)
		Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/	5 (5)
		Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/	1 (1)
		Sporobolus heterolepis (Prairie Dropseed) 5/	0.5 (0.5)
		Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
		Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Perennial Ryegrass	15 (15)
4B	Wetland Grass and	Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
	Sedge Mixture 2/ 6/	Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Wetland Grasses (species below) 5/	6 (6)
	Species:		% By Weight
	_	densis (Blue Joint Grass)	12
	Carex lacustris (Lak		6
	Carex slipata (Awl-F		6
	Carex stricta (Tusso		6
	Carex vulpinoidea (F		6
		s (Needle Spike Rush)	3
	Eleocharis obtusa (E Glyceria striata (Fow		3 14
	Juncus effusus (Cor		6
	Juncus tenuis (Slend		6
	Juncus torreyi (Torre		6
	Leersia oryzoides (F		10
		d-Stemmed Bulrush)	3
	Scirpus atrovirens (I		3
		iatilis (River Bulrush)	3
		ernaemontani (Softstem Bulrush)	3
	Spartina pectinata (4

Class	s – Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
5	Forb with	Annuals Mixture (Below)	1 (1)
	Annuals Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/	Forb Mixture (Below)	10 (10)
		not exceeding 25 % by weight of species, of the following:	
	Coreopsis lanceolata (S Leucanthemum maximu		
	Gaillardia pulchella (Bla		
	Ratibida columnifera (P		
	Rudbeckia hirta (Black-l		
		exceeding 5 % by weight PLS of	
	any one spe	cies, of the following:	
	Amorpha canescens (Le		
	Anemone cylindrica (Th		
	Asclepias tuberosa (But		
	Aster azureus (Sky Blue		
	Symphyotrichum leave		
	Aster novae-angliae (Ne		
	Baptisia leucantha (Whi		
	Coreopsis palmata (Prairie Coreopsis) Echinacea pallida (Pale Purple Coneflower) Eryngium yuccifolium (Rattlesnake Master)		
	Helianthus mollis (Downy Sunflower) Heliopsis helianthoides (Ox-Eye)		
	Liatris aspera (Rough B		
	Liatris pycnostachya (Pi		
	Monarda fistulosa (Prair		
	Parthenium integrifoliun		
	Dalea candida (White P		
	Dalea purpurea (Purple		
	Physostegia virginiana (
	Potentilla arguta (Prairie		
	Ratibida pinnata (Yellov		
		sa (Fragrant Coneflower)	
	Silphium laciniatum (Co	mpass Plant)	
	Silphium terebinthinace	um (Prairie Dock)	
	Oligoneuron rigidum (Ri	gid Goldenrod)	
	Tradescantia ohiensis (
<u></u>	Veronicastrum virginicu	m (Culver's Root)	

Class -	- Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)	
5A	Large Flower Native Forb Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/	Forb Mixture (see below)	5 (5)	
	Species: Aster novae-angliae (New England Aster) Echinacea pallida (Pale Purple Coneflower)		<u>% By Weight</u> 5 10	
	Helianthus mollis (Down Heliopsis helianthoides	10 10 10		
	Liatris pycnostachya (Pr Ratibida pinnata (Yellow	10 5 10		
	Silphium laciniatum (Col	hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) ciniatum (Compass Plant) rebinthinaceum (Prairie Dock)		
5B	Wetland Forb 2/ 5/ 6/	Forb Mixture (see below)	2 (2)	
	Species: Acorus calamus (Sweet		% By Weight 3	
	Angelica atropurpurea (Asclepias incarnata (Sw Aster puniceus (Purple S	amp Milkweed)	6 2 10	
	Bidens cernua (Beggarti	cks) (Spotted Joe Pye Weed)	7 7 7	
	Helenium autumnale (Au Iris virginica shrevei (Blu	2 2		
	Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower) Lobelia siphilitica (Great Blue Lobelia) Lythrum alatum (Winged Loosestrife)		5 5 2	
	Physostegia virginiana (False Dragonhead) Persicaria pensylvanica (Pennsylvania Smartweed) Persicaria lapathifolia (Curlytop Knotweed) Pychanthemum virginianum (Mountain Mint) Rudbeckia laciniata (Cut-leaf Coneflower) Oligoneuron riddellii (Riddell Goldenrod)		5 10 10	
			5 5 2	
6	Sparganium eurycarpun Conservation	Schizachyrium scoparium	5 5 (5)	
	Mixture 2/ 6/	(Little Blue Stem) 5/ Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/	2 (2)	
		Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ Vernal Alfalfa 4/ Oats, Spring	5 (5) 15 (15) 48 (55)	
6A	Salt Tolerant Conservation Mixture 2/ 6/	Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/ Elymus canadensis	5 (5) 2 (2)	
		(Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ Vernal Alfalfa 4/ Oats, Spring	5 (5) 15 (15) 48 (55)	
7	Temporary Turf Cover Mixture	Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) Perennial Ryegrass Oats, Spring	20 (20) 50 (55) 64 (70)	

Notes:

- 1/ Seeding shall be performed when the ambient temperature has been between 45 °F (7 °C) and 80 °F (27 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and is forecasted to be the same for the next five (5) days according to the National Weather Service.
- 2/ Seeding shall be performed in late fall through spring beginning when the ambient temperature has been below 45 °F (7 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and ending when the ambient temperature exceeds 80 °F (27 °C) according to the National Weather Service.
- 3/ Specific variety as shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.
- 4/ Inoculation required.
- 5/ Pure Live Seed (PLS) shall be used.
- 6/ Fertilizer shall not be used.
- 7/ Seed shall be primed with KNO₃ to break dormancy and dyed to indicate such.

Seeding will be inspected after a period of establishment. The period of establishment shall be six (6) months minimum, but not to exceed nine (9) months. After the period of establishment, areas not exhibiting 75 percent uniform growth shall be interseeded or reseeded, as determined by the Engineer, at no additional cost to the Department."

SHORT TERM AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2024 Revised April 2, 2024

Revise Article 701.02(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(d) Pavement Marking Tapes (Note 3)1095.06"

Add the following Note to the end of Article 701.02 of the Standard Specifications:

"Note 3. White or yellow pavement marking tape that is to remain in place longer than 14 days shall be Type IV tape."

Revise Article 703.02(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) Pavement Marking Tapes (Note 1)1095.06"

Add the following Note to the end of Article 703.02 of the Standard Specifications:

"Note 1. White or yellow pavement marking tape that is to remain in place longer than 14 days shall be Type IV tape."

Revise Article 1095.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1095.06 Pavement Marking Tapes. Type I white or yellow marking tape shall consist of glass spheres embedded into a binder on a foil backing that is precoated with a pressure sensitive adhesive. The spheres shall be of uniform gradation and distributed evenly over the surface of the tape.

Type IV tape shall consist of white or yellow tape with wet reflective media incorporated to provide immediate and continuing retroreflection in wet and dry conditions. The wet retroreflective media shall be bonded to a durable polyurethane surface. The patterned surface shall have approximately 40 ± 10 percent of the surface area raised and presenting a near vertical face to traffic from any direction. The channels between the raised areas shall be substantially free of exposed reflective elements or particles.

Blackout tape shall consist of a matte black, non-reflective, patterned surface that is precoated with a pressure sensitive adhesive.

(a) Color. The white and yellow markings shall meet the following requirements for daylight reflectance and color, when tested, using a color spectrophotometer with 45 degrees circumferential/zero degree geometry, illuminant D65, and two degree observer angle. The color instrument shall measure the visible spectrum from 380 to 720 nm with a wavelength measurement interval and spectral bandpass of 10 nm.

Color	Daylight Reflectance %Y		
White	65 min.		
Yellow *	36 - 59		

^{*}Shall match Aerospace Material Specification Standard 595 33538 (Orange Yellow) and the chromaticity limits as follows.

Х	0.490	0.475	0.485	0.530
У	0.470	0.438	0.425	0.456

(b) Retroreflectivity. The white and yellow markings shall be retroreflective. Reflective values measured in accordance with the photometric testing procedure of ASTM D 4061 shall not be less than those listed in the table below. The coefficient of retroreflected luminance, R_L, shall be expressed as average millicandelas/footcandle/sq ft (millicandelas/lux/sq m), measured on a 3.0 x 0.5 ft (900 mm x 150 mm) panel at 86 degree entrance angle.

Coefficient of Retroreflected Luminance, R _L , Dry					
Type I			Type IV		
Observation Angle	White	Yellow	Observation Angle	White	Yellow
0.2°	2700	2400	0.2°	1300	1200
0.5°	2250	2000	0.5°	1100	1000

Wet retroreflectance shall be measured for Type IV under wet conditions according to ASTM E 2177 and meet the following.

Wet Retroreflectance, Initial R∟		
Color	R _L 1.05/88.76	
White	300	
Yellow	200	

- (c) Skid Resistance. The surface of Type IV and blackout markings shall provide a minimum skid resistance of 45 BPN when tested according to ASTM E 303.
- (d) Application. The pavement marking tape shall have a precoated pressure sensitive adhesive and shall require no activation procedures. Test pieces of the tape shall be applied according to the manufacturer's instructions and tested according to ASTM D 1000, Method A, except that a stiff, short bristle roller brush and heavy hand pressure will be substituted for the weighted rubber roller in applying the test pieces to the metal test panel. Material tested as directed above shall show a minimum adhesion value of 750 g/in. (30 g/mm) width at the temperatures specified in ASTM D 1000. The adhesive shall be resistant to oils, acids, solvents, and water, and shall not leave objectionable stains or residue after removal. The material shall be flexible and conformable to the texture of the pavement.
- (e) Durability. Type IV and blackout tape shall be capable of performing for the duration of a normal construction season and shall then be capable of being removed intact or in large sections at pavement temperatures above 40 °F (4 °C) either manually or with a roll-up device without the use of sandblasting, solvents, or grinding. The Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's certification that the material meets the requirements for being removed after the following minimum traffic exposure based on transverse test decks with rolling traffic.
 - (1) Time in place 400 days
 - (2) ADT per lane 9,000 (28 percent trucks)
 - (3) Axle hits 10,000,000 minimum

Samples of the material applied to standard specimen plates will be measured for thickness and tested for durability in accordance with ASTM D 4060, using a CS-17 wheel and 1000-gram load, and shall meet the following criteria showing no significant change in color after being tested for the number of cycles indicated.

Test	Type I	Type IV	Blackout
Minimum Initial Thickness, mils (mm)	20 (0.51)	65 (1.65) ^{1/} 20 (0.51) ^{2/}	65 (1.65) ^{1/} 20 (0.51) ^{2/}
Durability (cycles)	5,000	1,500	1,500

- 1/ Measured at the thickest point of the patterned surface.
- 2/ Measured at the thinnest point of the patterned surface.

The pavement marking tape, when applied according to the manufacturer's recommended procedures, shall be weather resistant and shall show no appreciable fading, lifting, or shrinkage during the useful life of the marking. The tape, as applied, shall be of good appearance, free of cracks, and edges shall be true, straight, and unbroken.

- (f) Sampling and Inspection.
 - (1) Sample. Prior to approval and use of Type IV pavement marking tape, the manufacturer shall submit a notarized certification from an independent laboratory, together with the results of all tests, stating that the material meets the requirements as set forth herein. The independent laboratory test report shall state the lot tested, the manufacturer's name, and the date of manufacture.
 - After initial approval by the Department, samples and certification by the manufacturer shall be submitted for each subsequent batch of Type IV tape used. The manufacturer shall submit a certification stating that the material meets the requirements as set forth herein and is essentially identical to the material sent for qualification. The certification shall state the lot tested, the manufacturer's name, and the date of manufacture.
 - (2) Inspection. The Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's certification to the Engineer stating the material meets all requirements of this specification. All material samples for acceptance tests shall be taken or witnessed by a representative of the Bureau of Materials and shall be submitted to the Engineer of Materials, 126 East Ash Street, Springfield, Illinois 62704-4766 at least 30 days in advance of the pavement marking operations."

SIGN PANELS AND APPURTENANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2025 Revised: April 1, 2025

Add Article 720.02(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Revise the second and third paragraphs of Article 720.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The sign mounting support channel shall be manufactured from steel or aluminum and shall be according to Standard 720001.

Steel support channels shall be according to ASTM A 1011 (A 1011M), ASTM A 635 (A 635M), ASTM A 568 (A 568M), or ASTM A 684 (A 684M), and shall be galvanized. Galvanizing shall be according to ASTM A 653 (A 653M) when galvanized before fabrication, and AASHTO M 111 (M 111M) when galvanized after fabrication. Field or post fabricated drilled holes shall be spot painted with one coat of aluminum epoxy mastic paint prior to installation."

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 720.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The stainless steel banding for mounting signs or sign support channels to light or signal standards shall be according to ASTM A 240 (A 240M) Type 302 stainless steel."

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting. The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage	
Less than \$10,000	25%	
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%	
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%	
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%	
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%	
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%	
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%	
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%	
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%	
Over \$750,000	7%"	

SUBMISSION OF BIDDERS LIST INFORMATION (BDE)

Effective: January 2, 2025 Revised: March 2, 2025

In accordance with 49 CFR 26.11(c) all DBE and non-DBEs who bid as prime contractors and subcontractors shall provide bidders list information, including all DBE and non-DBE firms from whom the bidder has received a quote or bid to work as a subcontractor, whether or not the bidder has relied upon that bid in placing its bid as the prime contractor.

The bidders list information shall be submitted with the bid using the link provided within the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application of the Department's "EBids System".

SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021 Revised: November 2, 2023

<u>FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS</u>. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include the worker's name, social security number, last known address, telephone number, email address, classification(s) of work actually performed, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof), daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit certified payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers, last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls need only include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

<u>STATE CONTRACTS</u>. Revise Item 3 of Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, no later than the 15th day of each calendar month, file a certified payroll for the immediately preceding month to the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) through the Illinois Prevailing Wage Portal in compliance with the State Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130). The portal can be found on the IDOL website at https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Prevailing-Wage-Portal.aspx. Payrolls shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the IDOL.

In addition to filing certified payroll(s) with the IDOL, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

SURVEYING SERVICES (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2025

Delete the fourth paragraph of Article 667.04 of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Section 668 of the Standard Specifications.

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021 Revised: November 1, 2022

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

"The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. In accordance with 625 ILCS 5/12-215, the lights may only be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations."

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: January 2, 2025

The following applies to all Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks on the project, whether they are utilized for DBE goal credit or not.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least three days prior to DBE trucking activity.

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of DBE trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020 Revised: January 1, 2025

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(g) Temporary Sign Supports1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" 701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the setup and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" 1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices shall be MASH compliant.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices shall be MASH compliant.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as sign supports, speed feedback displays, arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

- "(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.
- (k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.
 - Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.
- (I) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within **80** working days.

REVISIONS TO THE ILLINOIS PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/ or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.